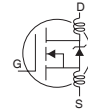


Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.056	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	30	37	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 15A$ ④
		—	35	43		$V_{GS} = 5.0V, I_D = 13A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.0	—	3.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	15	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 15A$ ④
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{DS} = 55V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 44V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{GS} = 16V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{GS} = -16V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	20	nC	$I_D = 15A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.6		$V_{DS} = 44V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	9.0		$V_{GS} = 5.0V$, See Fig. 6 and 13
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	8.0	—		$V_{DD} = 28V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	57	—		$I_D = 15A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	25	—		$R_G = 24\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	37	—		$V_{GS} = 5.0V$, See Fig. 10 ④
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance ②	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	710	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	150	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	28	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	890	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	110	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 44V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance ③	—	210	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 44V$



Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	25	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	100		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 15A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	52	78	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 15A, V_{DD} = 28V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	82	120	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

* When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material) .
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994
Notes ① through ④ are on page 11

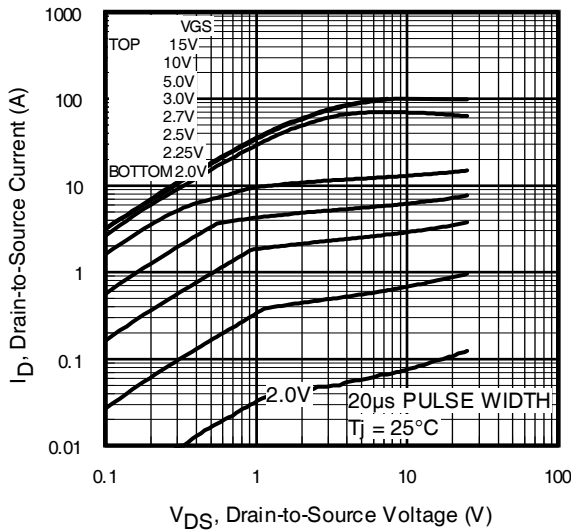


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

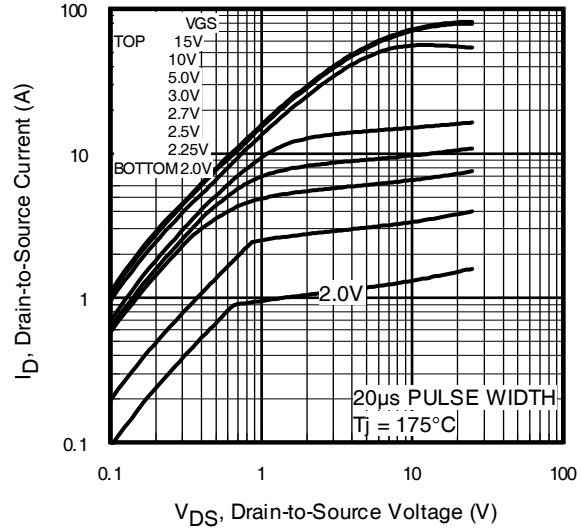


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

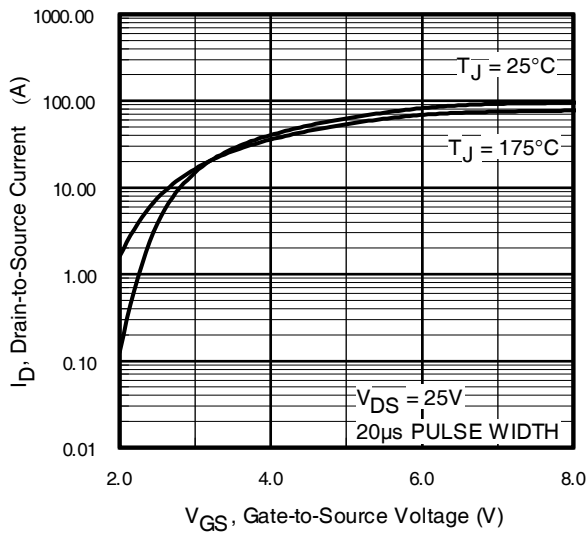


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

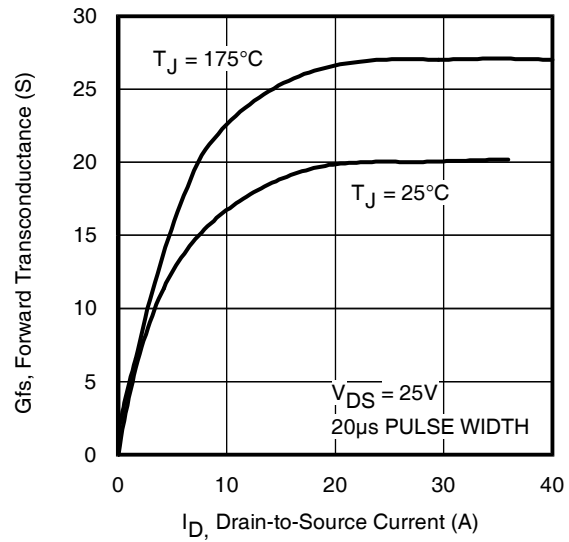


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

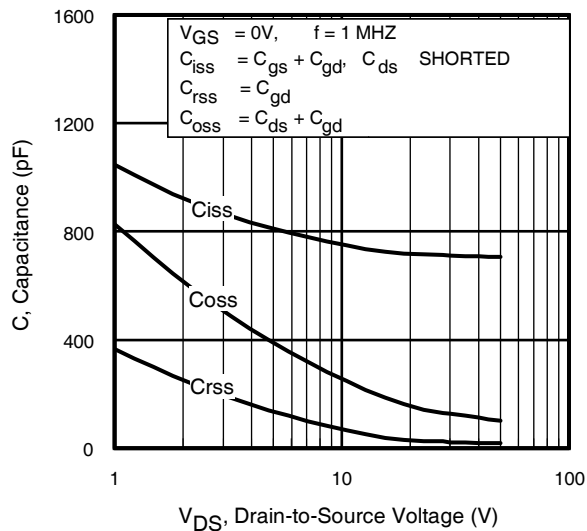


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

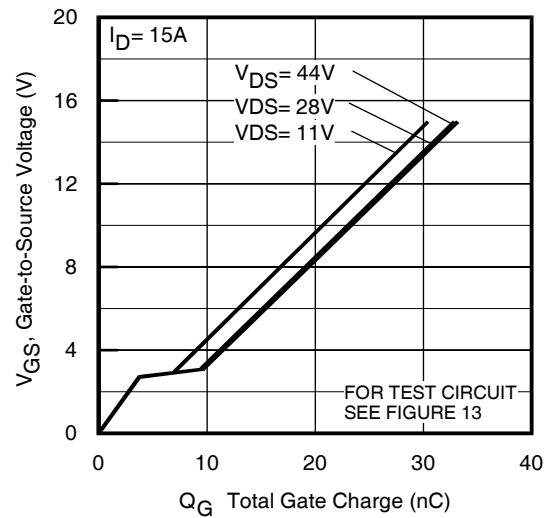


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

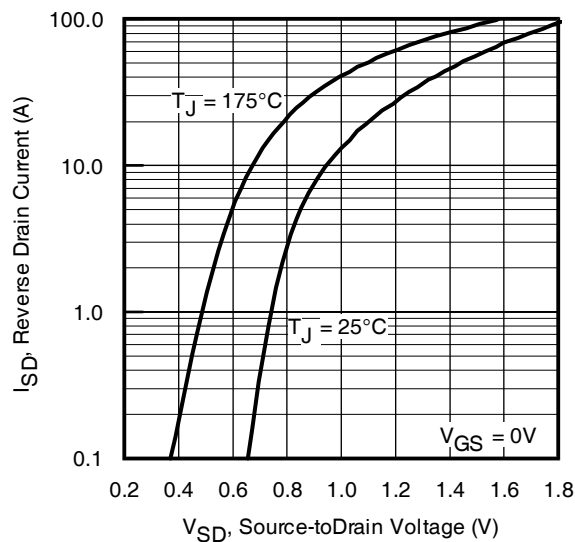


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

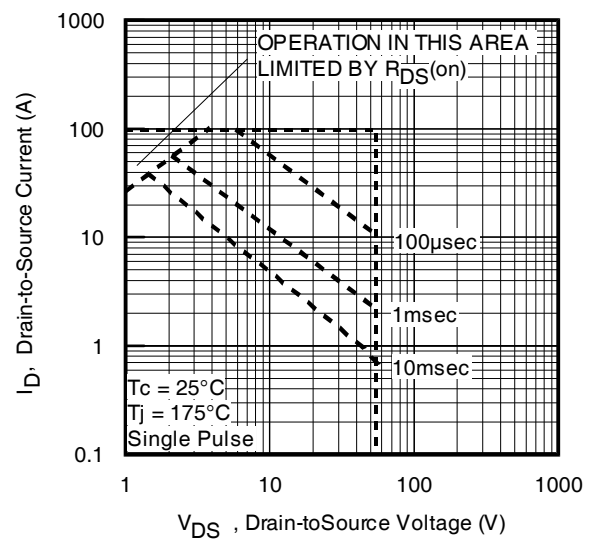


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

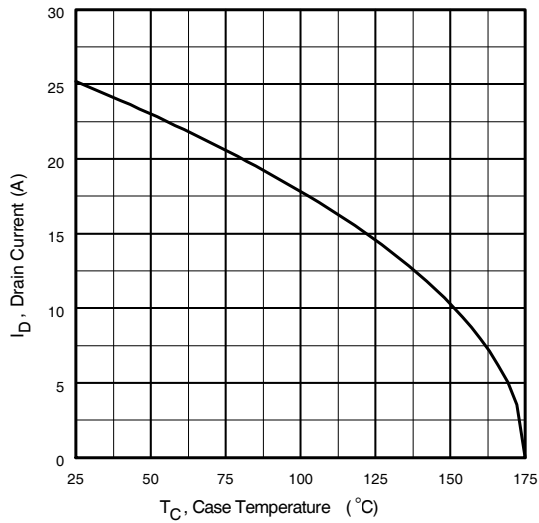


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

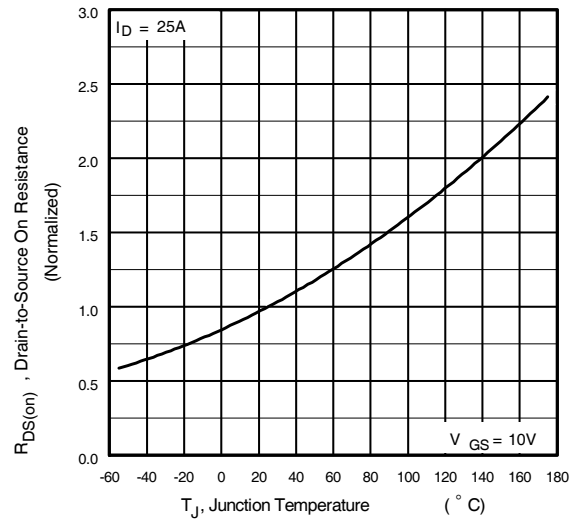


Fig 10. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

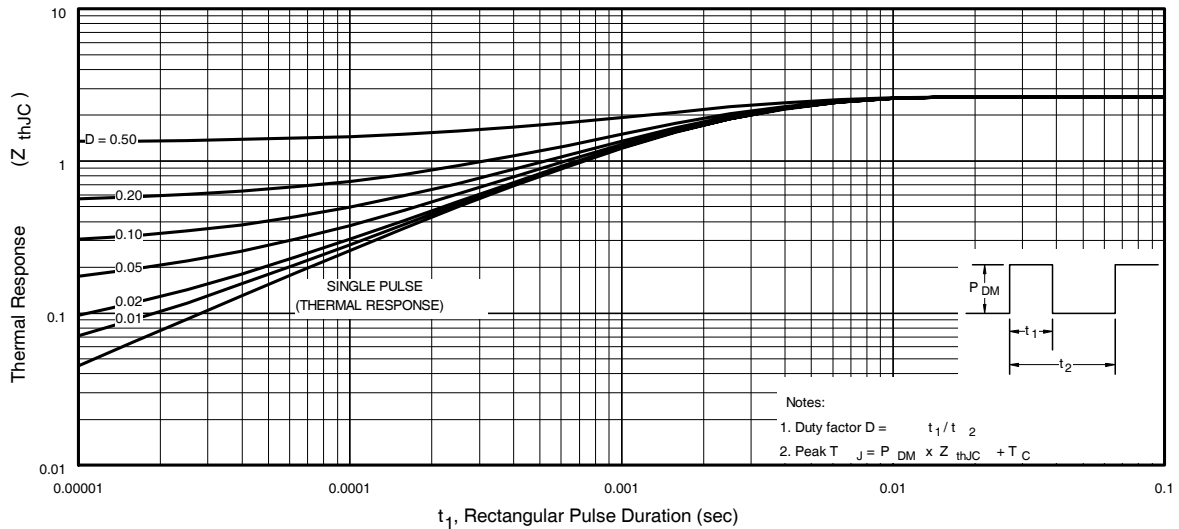


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

IRLR/U3105PbF

International
IR Rectifier

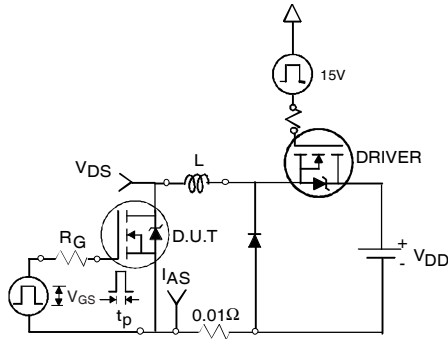


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

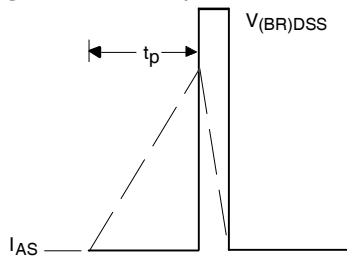


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

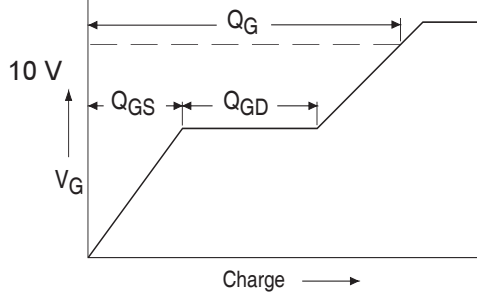


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

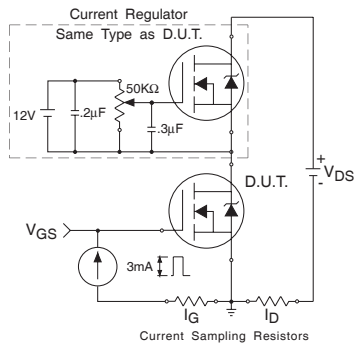


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

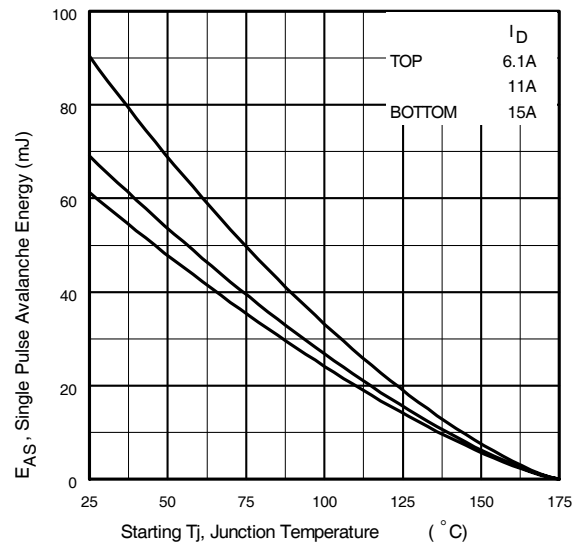


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

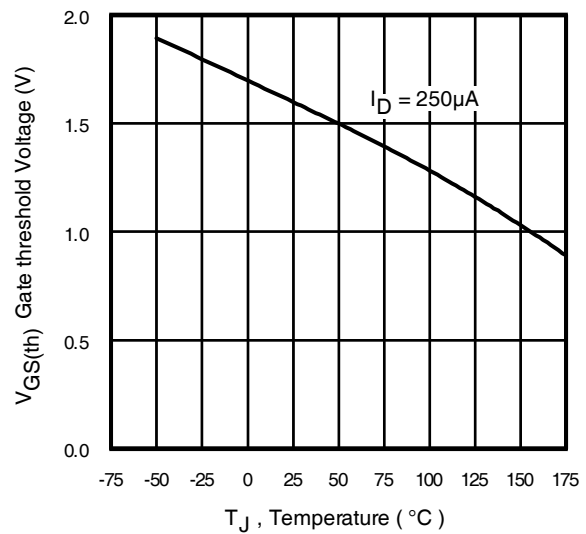


Fig 14. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

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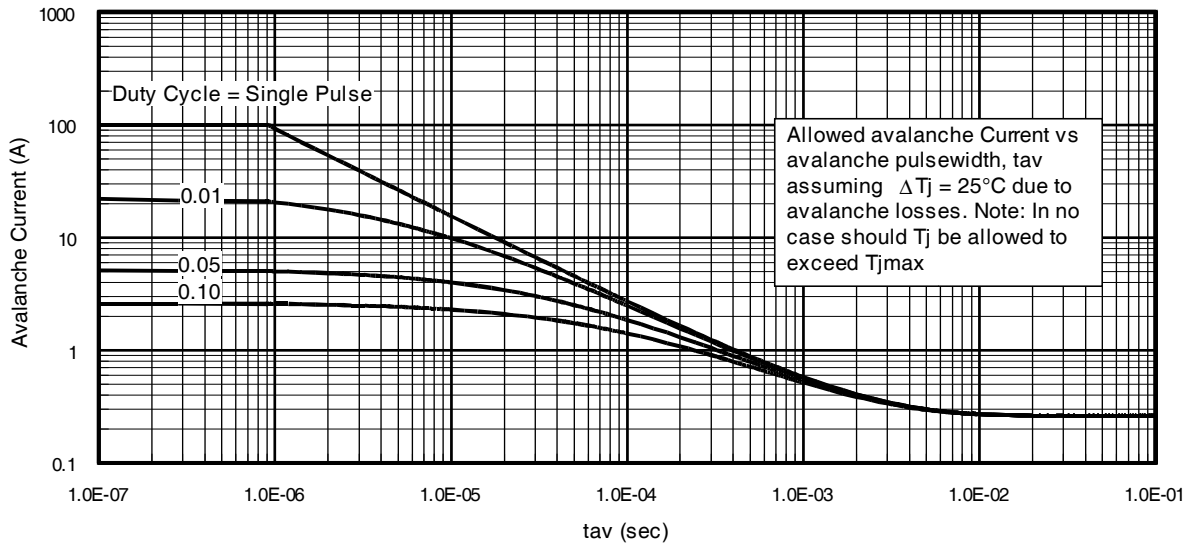


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

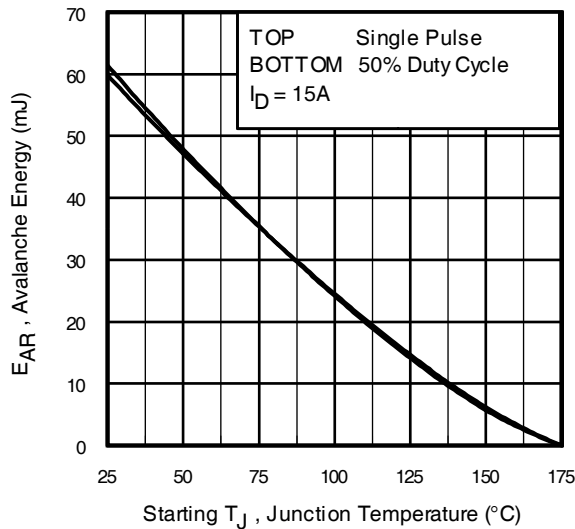


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

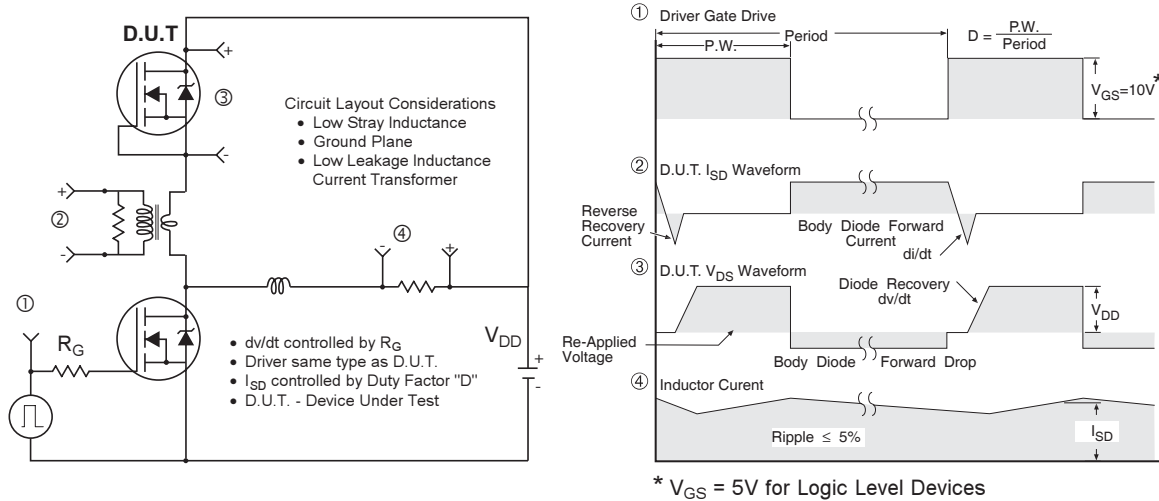


Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

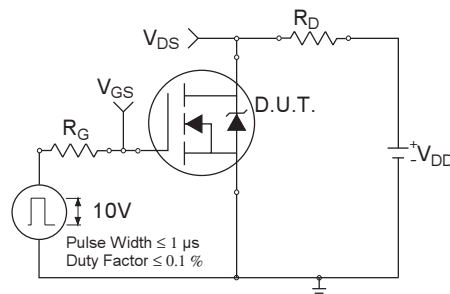


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

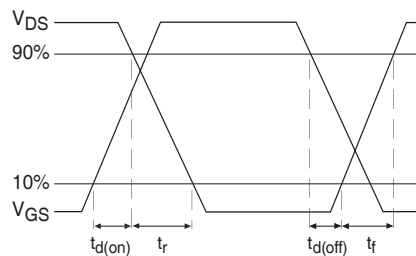
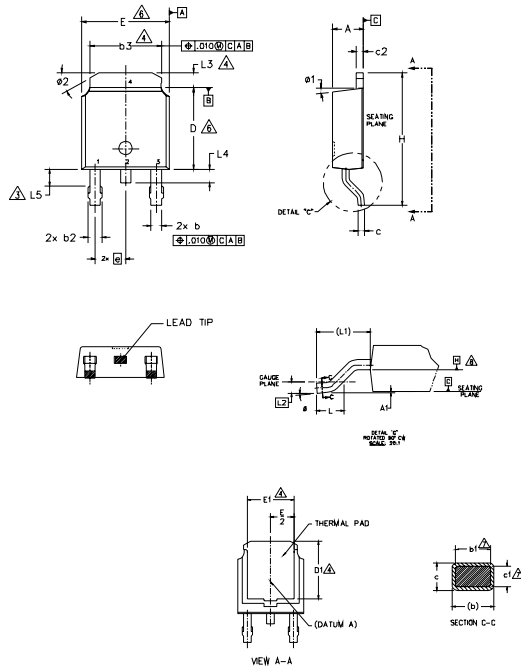


Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
3. LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L5.
4. DIMENSION D1, E1, L3 & b3 ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR THERMAL PAD.
5. SECTION C-C DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .005 AND 0.10 [0.13 AND 0.25] FROM THE LEAD TIP.
6. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
7. DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLIED TO BASE METAL ONLY.
8. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
9. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	—	0.13	—	.005	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	7
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b3	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	4
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	7
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	6
D1	5.21	—	.205	—	4
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	6
E1	4.32	—	.170	—	4
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
H	9.40	10.41	.370	.410	
L	1.40	1.78	.055	.070	
L1	2.74 BSC		.108 REF.		
L2	0.51 BSC		.020 BSC		
L3	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L4	—	1.02	—	.040	
L5	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	3
ø	0" 10"	0" 10"	0" 10"	0" 10"	
ø1	0" 15"	0" 15"	0" 15"	0" 15"	
ø2	25° 35'	25° 35'	25° 35'	25° 35'	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBT & CoPAK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 1234
ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 2001
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

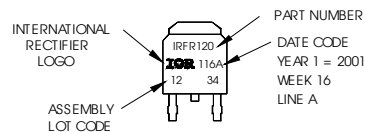
Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"

"P" in assembly line position indicates
"Lead-Free" qualification to the consumer-level

OR

INTERNATIONAL
RECTIFIER
LOGO

ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE



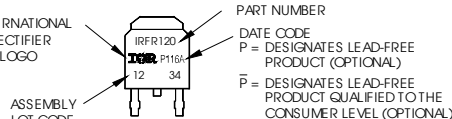
PART NUMBER

DATE CODE

YEAR 1 = 2001

WEEK 16

LINE A



PART NUMBER

DATE CODE _____

P = DESIGNATES LEAD-FREE
PRODUCT (OPTIONAL)

P = DESIGNATES LEAD-FREE

PRODUCT QUALIFIED TO
CONSUMER LEVEL (ORTI)

YEAR 1 = 2001

WEEK 16

A= ASSEMBLY SITE CODE

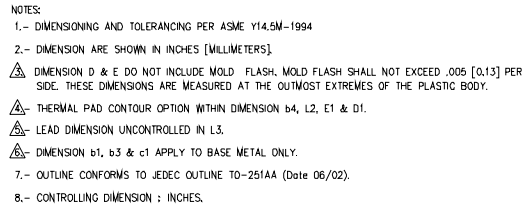
Notes:

1. For an Automotive Qualified version of this part please see <http://www.irf.com/product-info/auto/>
2. For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

www.irf.com

International
IOR Rectifier

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	0.89	1.14	.035	.045	
b1	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b2	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	6
b3	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b4	0.76	1.04	.030	.041	6
c	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	
c1	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c2	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	6
D	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D1	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	
E	5.21	-	.205	-	3
E1	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	
E	4.32	-	.170	-	3
e	.279 BSC		.090 BSC		
L	8.89	9.65	.350	.380	
L1	1.91	2.29	.045	.090	
L2	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L3	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	
Ø1	Ø	15°	Ø	15°	
Ø2	25°	35°	25°	35°	

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

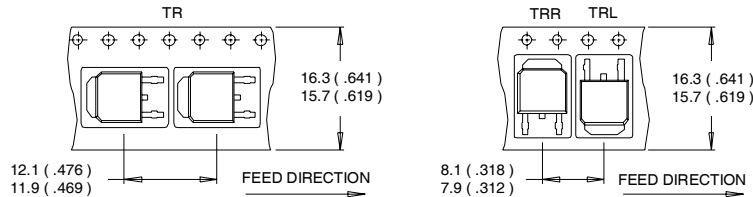
Diagram illustrating the marking locations and codes on a 100W TO-18 package:

- INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER LOGO**: Located on the top left of the package.
- PART NUMBER**: Located on the top right of the package.
- DATE CODE**: Located on the right side of the package.
- ASSEMBLY LOT CODE**: Located on the left side of the package.
- Markings on the package**:
 - IRFU120
 - 100W P13A
 - 56 78
- Year 1 = 2001**
- Week 19**
- A = ASSEMBLY SITE CODE**

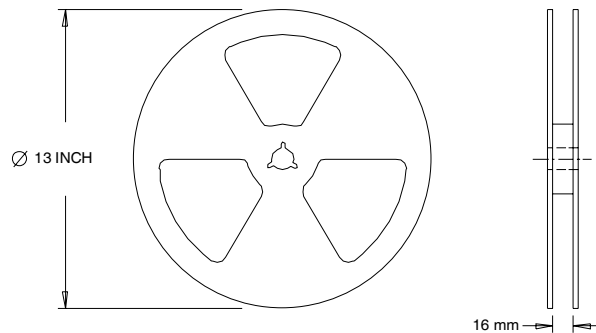
Downloaded from Arrow.com.

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES :
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
 3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES :
1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Limited by T_{Jmax} , starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.55\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 15\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 25\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 290\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑤ C_{oss} eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑥ Limited by T_{Jmax} ; see Fig 12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑦ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.