Product Specifications							
Part Number[7]	OCL[1] ± 10% (nH)	FLL[2] Min. (nH)	I_{rms}[3] (Amps)	$I_{sat}1$[4] @ 25°C (Amps)	$I_{sat}2$[5] @ 125°C (Amps)	DCR (mΩ) @ 20°C	K-factor[6]
R1 Version							
FP1107R1-R07-R	70	50	55	140	123	0.29 ± 8%	361.1
FP1107R1-R12-R	120	86		90	72		361.1
FP1107R1-R15-R	150	108		70	56		361.1
FP1107R1-R23-R	230	166		45	36		361.1
FP1107R1-R30-R	300	217		35	28		361.1
FP1107R1-R40-R	400	288		25	20		361.1
FP1107R1-R51-R	510	364		18	14.5		361.1
R2 Version							
FP1107R2-R07-R	70	50	42	140	123	0.47 ± 6.4%	363.3
FP1107R2-R12-R	120	86		90	72		363.3
FP1107R2-R15-R	150	108		70	56		363.3
FP1107R2-R23-R	230	166		45	36		363.3
FP1107R2-R30-R	300	217		35	28		363.3
FP1107R2-R40-R	400	288		25	20		363.3
FP1107R2-R51-R	510	364		18	14.5		363.3

1 Open Circuit Inductance (OCL) Test Parameters: 100kHz, 0.10V_{rms}, 0.0Adc

2 Full Load Inductance (FLL) Test Parameters: 100kHz, 0.1V_{rms}, $I_{sat}1$

3 I_{rms}: DC current for an approximate temperature rise of 40°C without core loss. Derating is necessary for AC currents. PCB pad layout, trace thickness and width, air-flow and proximity of other heat generating components will affect the temperature rise. It is recommended the part temperature not exceed 125°C under worst case operating conditions verified in the end application.

4 $I_{sat}1$: Peak current for approximately 20% rolloff at +25°C. 5 $I_{sat}2$:

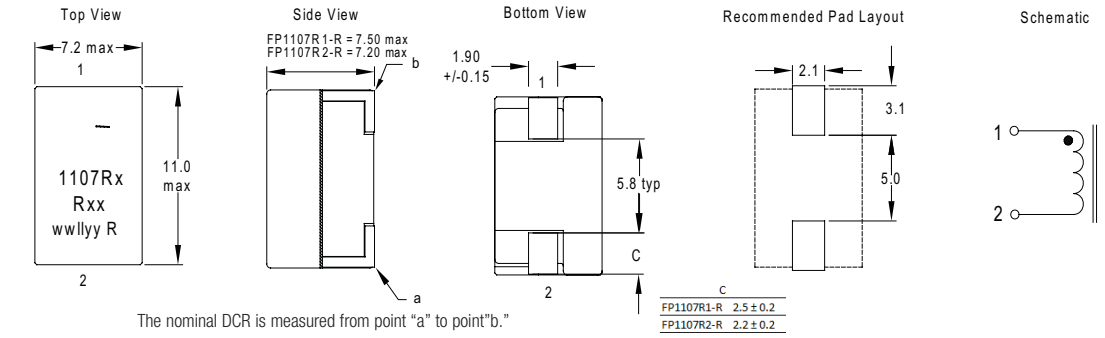
5 Peak current for approximately 20% rolloff at +125°C.

6 K-factor: Used to determine B_{p-p} for core loss (see graph). $B_{p-p} = K * L * \Delta I * 10^{-3}$, B_{p-p} : (Gauss), K: (K-factor from table), L: (inductance in nH), ΔI (peak-to-peak ripple current in amps).

7 Part Number Definition: FP1107Rx-Rxx-R

- FP1107 = Product code and size
- Rxx= Inductance value in µH, R = decimal point
- Rx is the DCR indicator
- "-R" suffix = RoHS compliant

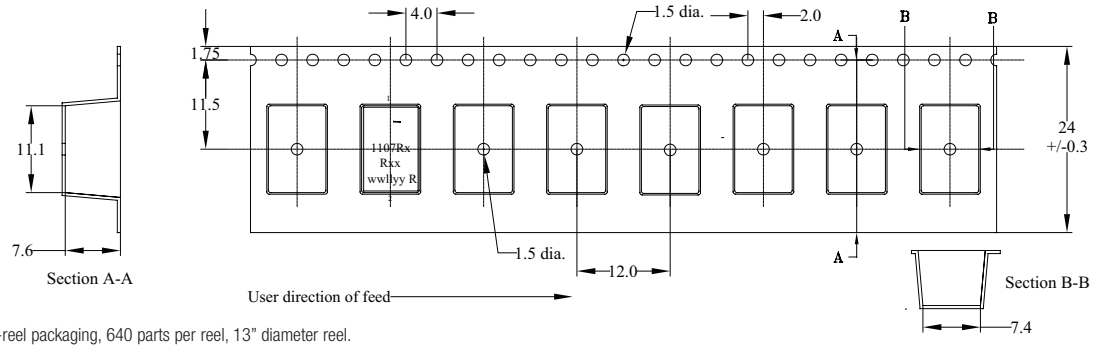
Dimensions- mm



The nominal DCR is measured from point "a" to point"b."

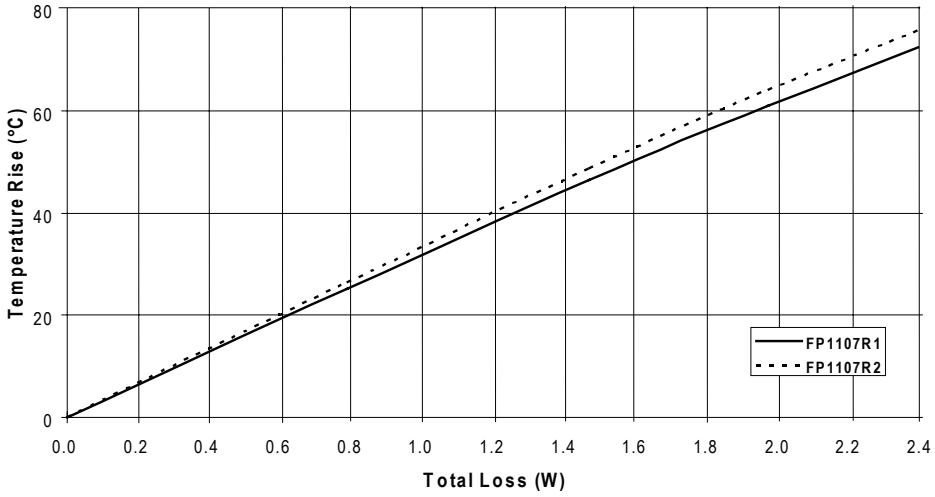
Part Marking: 1107Rx (Rx = DCR Indicator) Rxx = Inductance value in µH. (R = Decimal point) wwllyy = Date code R = Revision level

Packaging information - mm

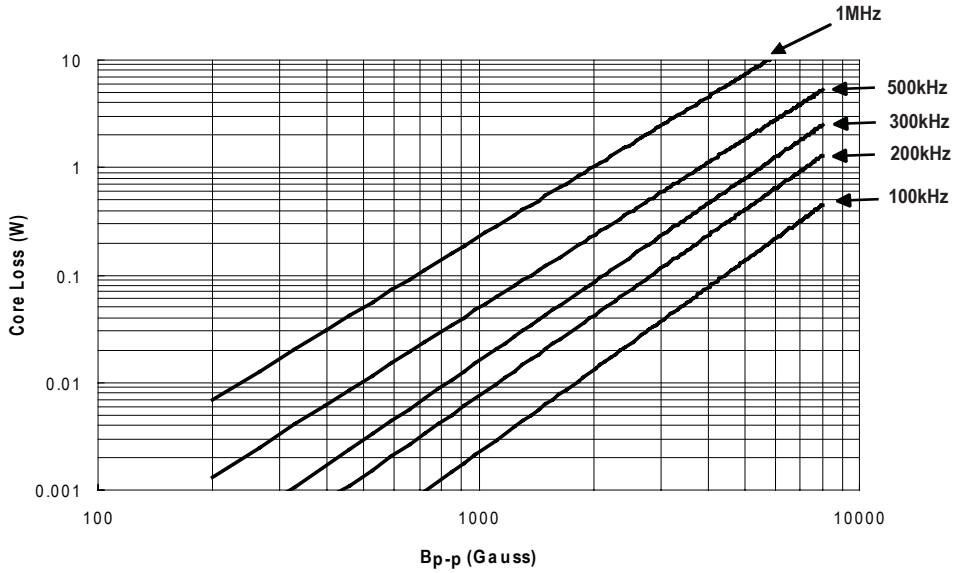


Supplied in tape-and-reel packaging, 640 parts per reel, 13" diameter reel.

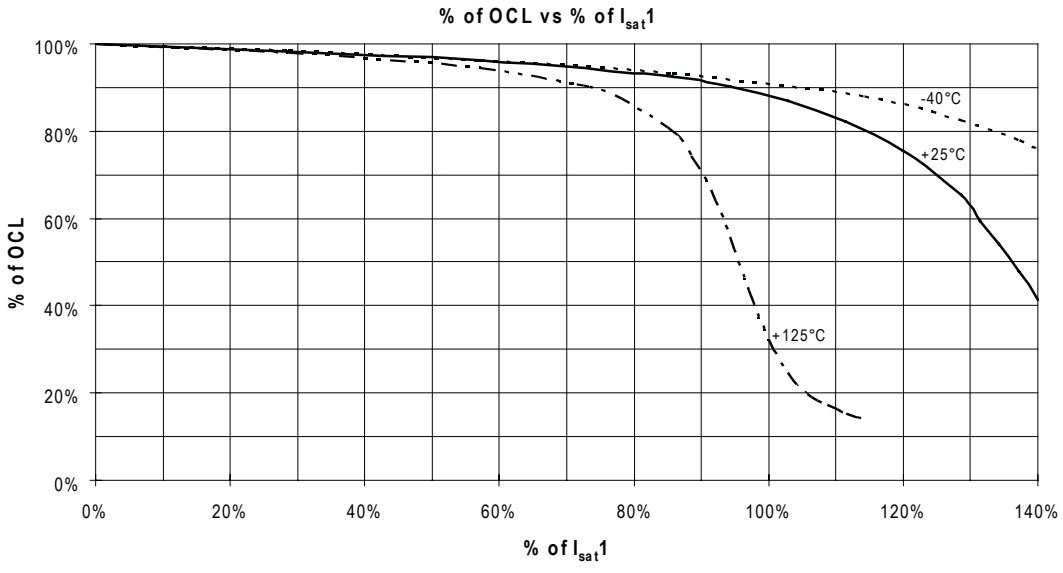
Temperature rise vs total loss



Core loss vs Bp-p



Inductance characteristics



Solder Reflow Profile

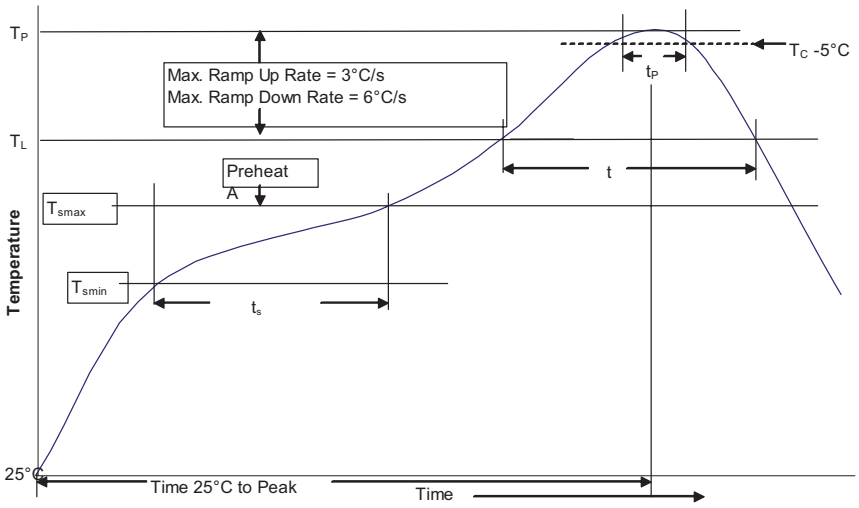


Table 1 - Standard SnPb Solder (T_C)

Package Thickness	Volume mm³ <350	Volume mm³ ≥350
<2.5mm	235°C	220°C
≥2.5mm	220°C	220°C

Table 2 - Lead (Pb) Free Solder (T_C)

Package Thickness	Volume mm³ <350	Volume mm³ 350 - 2000	Volume mm³ >2000
<1.6mm	260°C	260°C	260°C
1.6 – 2.5mm	260°C	250°C	245°C
>2.5mm	250°C	245°C	245°C

Reference JDEC J-STD-020

Profile Feature		Standard SnPb Solder	Lead (Pb) Free Solder
Preheat and Soak	• Temperature min. (T_{smin})	100°C	150°C
	• Temperature max. (T_{smax})	150°C	200°C
	• Time (T_{smin} to T_{smax}) (t_s)	60-120 Seconds	60-120 Seconds
Average ramp up rate T_{smax} to T_p		3°C/ Second Max.	3°C/ Second Max.
Liquidous temperature (T_L) Time at liquidous (t_L)		183°C 60-150 Seconds	217°C 60-150 Seconds
Peak package body temperature (T_P)*		Table 1	Table 2
Time (t_p)** within 5 °C of the specified classification temperature (T_C)		20 Seconds**	30 Seconds**
Average ramp-down rate (T_p to T_{smax})		6°C/ Second Max.	6°C/ Second Max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature		6 Minutes Max.	8 Minutes Max.

* Tolerance for peak profile temperature (T_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

** Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (t_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

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