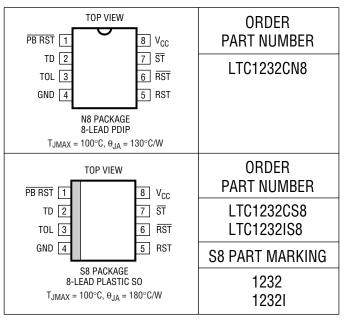
# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Note 1, 2 and 3)

| Terminal Voltage  |
|---|
| V <sub>CC</sub> 0.3V to 7.0                             |
| ST and RST0.3V to 7.0                                   |
| All Other Inputs and Outputs $-0.3V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ |
| Power Dissipation 500mV                                 |
| Operating Temperature Range                             |
| LTC1232C 0°C to 70°                                     |
| LTC1232I40°C to 85°                                     |
| Storage Temperature Range65°C to 150°C                  |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)300°                |
|   |

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

# **PRODUCT SELECTION GUIDE**

|         | PINS | RESET | WATCHDOG<br>Timer | BATTERY<br>BACKUP | POWER<br>Fail<br>Warning | RAM<br>Write<br>Protect | PUSH-BUTTON<br>Reset | CONDITIONAL<br>BATTERY<br>BACKUP |
|---------|------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| LTC1232 | 8    | Х     | Х                 |                   |                          |                         | Х                    |                                  |
| LTC690  | 8    | Х     | Х                 | Х                 | Х                        |                         |                      |                                  |
| LTC691  | 16   | Х     | Х                 | Х                 | Х                        | Х                       |                      |                                  |
| LTC694  | 8    | Х     | Х                 | Х                 | Х                        |                         |                      |                                  |
| LTC695  | 16   | Х     | Х                 | Х                 | Х                        | Х                       |                      |                                  |
| LTC699  | 8    | Х     | Х                 |                   |                          |                         |                      |                                  |
| LTC1235 | 16   | Х     | Х                 | Х                 | Х                        | Х                       | Х                    | Х                                |

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

The • denotes the specifications which apply

over the full operating temperature.  $V_{CC}$  = full operating range.

| SYMBOL              | PARAMETER                      | CONDITIONS |   | MIN  | TYP | MAX                  | UNITS |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------|---|------|-----|----------------------|-------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>     | Supply Voltage                 |            | • | 4.5  | 5   | 5.5                  | V     |
| $\overline{V_{IH}}$ | ST and PB RST Input High Level |            | • | 2    |     | V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V     |
| $V_{IL}$            | ST and PB RST Input Low Level  |            | • | -0.3 |     | 0.8                  | V     |

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating

40

4

200

| PARAMETER                  | CONDITIONS  |   | MIN   | TYP   | MAX  | UNITS   |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Input Leakage              | (Note 3)  | •   | -1  |   | 1  | μΑ  |
| Output Current at 2.4V     | (Note 5)  | •   | -1  | -13   |  | mA  |
| Output Current at 0.4V     | (Note 5)  | •   | 2   | 6   |  | mA  |
| Supply Current             | (Note 4)  | •   |   | 0.5   | 2  | mA  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point | TOL = GND   | •   | 4.5   | 4.62  | 4.74   | V   |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point | TOL = V <sub>CC</sub>   | •   | 4.25  | 4.37  | 4.49   | V   |
|                            | Input Leakage Output Current at 2.4V Output Current at 0.4V Supply Current VCC Trip Point | Input Leakage (Note 3)  Output Current at 2.4V (Note 5)  Output Current at 0.4V (Note 5)  Supply Current (Note 4)  V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point TOL = GND | Input Leakage (Note 3)  Output Current at 2.4V (Note 5)  Output Current at 0.4V (Note 5)  Supply Current (Note 4)  V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point TOL = GND | Input Leakage         (Note 3)         -1           Output Current at 2.4V         (Note 5)         -1           Output Current at 0.4V         (Note 5)         2           Supply Current         (Note 4)         •           V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point         TOL = GND         4.5 | Input Leakage         (Note 3)         ■ −1           Output Current at 2.4V         (Note 5)         ■ −1 −13           Output Current at 0.4V         (Note 5)         ■ 2 6           Supply Current         (Note 4)         ■ 0.5           V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point         TOL = GND         ■ 4.5 4.62 | Input Leakage       (Note 3)       ■ −1       1         Output Current at 2.4V       (Note 5)       ■ −1       −13         Output Current at 0.4V       (Note 5)       ■ 2       6         Supply Current       (Note 4)       ■ 0.5       2         V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point       TOL = GND       ■ 4.5       4.62       4.74 |

 $I_{SINK} = 10 \mu A$ 

## **AC CHARACTERISTICS**

V<sub>CC</sub> Trip Point Hysteresis

RST Output Voltage at V<sub>CC</sub> = 1V

temperature.  $V_{CC}$  = full operating range.

The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature.

 $V_{CC}$  = full operating range.

 $V_{HYS}$ 

 $V_{RST}$ 

| SYMBOL           | PARAMETER  | CONDITIONS  |   | MIN              | TYP                | MAX                 | UNITS          |
|------------------|--|---|---|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| t <sub>PB</sub>  | PB RST = V <sub>IL</sub>                                   |   | • | 40               |                    |                     | ms             |
| t <sub>RST</sub> | RESET Active Time  |   | • | 250              | 610                | 1000                | ms             |
| t <sub>ST</sub>  | ST Pulse Width   |   | • | 20               |                    |                     | ns             |
| t <sub>RPD</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Detect to RST and RST                      |   | • |                  |                    | 100                 | ns             |
| t <sub>f</sub>   | V <sub>CC</sub> Slew Rate 4.75V-4.25V                      |   | • | 300              |                    |                     | μS             |
| t <sub>RPU</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Detect to RST and RST (Reset Active Time)  | t <sub>R</sub> = 5μs                              | • | 250              | 610                | 1000                | ms             |
| $\overline{t_R}$ | V <sub>CC</sub> Slew Rate 4.25V-4.75V                      |   | • | 0                |                    |                     | ns             |
| t <sub>TD</sub>  | ST Pin Detect to RST and RST<br>(Watchdog Time-Out Period) | TD = GND<br>TD = Floating<br>TD = V <sub>CC</sub> | • | 60<br>250<br>500 | 150<br>610<br>1200 | 250<br>1000<br>2000 | ms<br>ms<br>ms |
| C <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Capacitance  |   |   |                  | 5                  |                     | pF             |
| C <sub>OUT</sub> | Output Capacitance   |   |   |                  | 5                  |                     | pF             |

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: All voltage values are with respect to GND.

**Note 3:** The  $\overline{\mathsf{PB}}\ \mathsf{RST}$  pin is internally pulled up to  $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CC}}$  with an internal impedance of 10k typical. The TD pin has internal bias current.

Note 4: Measured with outputs open.

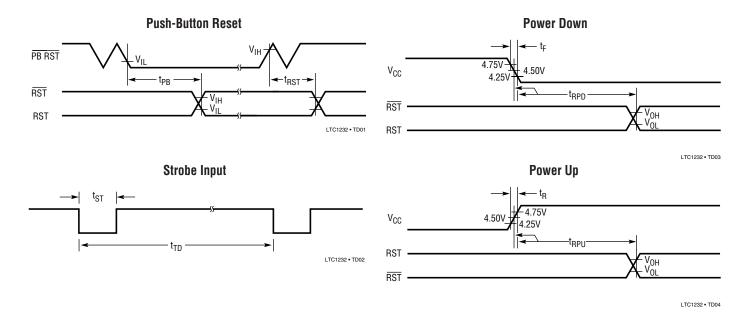
Note 5: The RST pin is an open drain output.



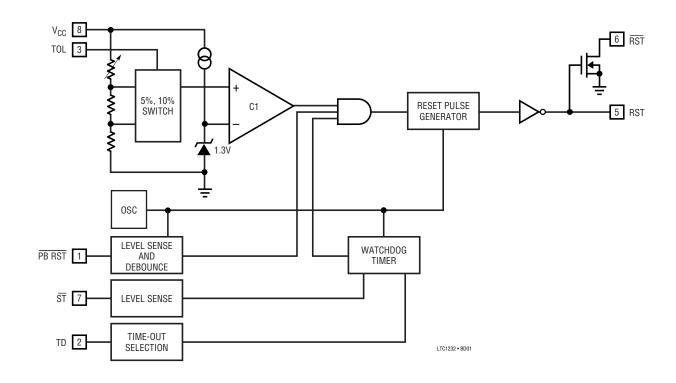
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# **TIMING DIAGRAMS**

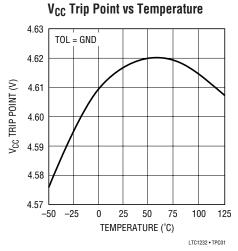


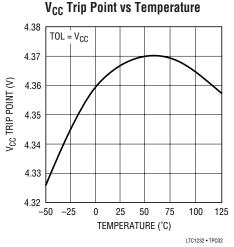
# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

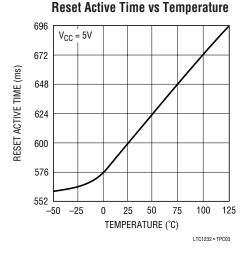


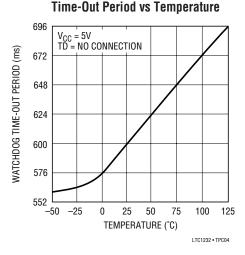
LINEAR

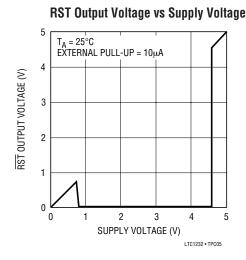
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS











## PIN FUNCTIONS

 $V_{CC}$ : 5V Supply Input. The  $V_{CC}$  pin should be bypassed with a  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor.

GND: Ground Pin.

PB RST: Logic Input to be Directly Connected to a Push-Button. The PB RST input requires an active low signal which is debounced and timed for a minimum of 40ms. When this condition is satisfied, the reset pulse generator forces the reset outputs to active states. The reset outputs remain in active states for a minimum of 250ms after PB RST is released from logic low level.

**TOL:** Input to Select 5% or 10% Variation on  $V_{CC}$ . When TOL is connected to GND, the reset pulse generator forces the reset outputs to active states as  $V_{CC}$  falls below 4.75V (4.62V typical). When TOL is connected to  $V_{CC}$ , the reset pulse generator forces the reset outputs to active states as  $V_{CC}$  falls below 4.5V (4.37V typical).

**TD:** Time-Out Delay. TD is a three-level input to select three different time-out periods. The time-out period is set by the TD input to be 150ms with TD connected to GND, 600ms with TD left floating, and 1.2 seconds with TD connected to  $V_{CC}$ .

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#### PIN FUNCTIONS

**RST**: Open Drain Logic Output for μP Reset Control. The LTC1232 provides three ways to generate μP reset. First, when  $V_{CC}$  falls below  $V_{CC}$  trip point (4.75V with TOL = GND and 4.5V with TOL =  $V_{CC}$ ), RST goes active low. After  $V_{CC}$  returns to 5V, the reset pulse generator forces RST to remain active low for a minimum of 250ms. Second, when the watchdog timer is not serviced prior to a selected time-out period, the reset pulse generator also forces RST to active low for a minimum of 250ms and repeats for every time-out period. Third and the last, when the PB RST pin stays active low for a minimum of 40ms, RST becomes active low. The RST output will remain

active low for a minimum of 250ms from the moment the push-button reset input is released from logic low level.

**RST:** RST is an Active High Logic Output. It is the inverse of  $\overline{\text{RST}}$ .

**ST**: Logic Input to Reset the Watchdog Timer. Driving ST either high or low longer than the time-out period set by the TD input, forces the reset outputs to active states for a minimum of 250ms. The timer resets itself and begins to time-out again with each high to low transition on the ST input (see Figure 2).

### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **Power Monitoring**

The LTC1232 uses a bandgap voltage reference and a precision voltage comparator, C1, to monitor the 5V supply input on  $V_{CC}$  (see Block Diagram). When  $V_{CC}$  falls below the  $V_{CC}$  trip point (4.62V typical with TOL = GND and 4.37V typical with TOL  $V_{CC}$ ), the reset outputs are forced to active states. The  $V_{CC}$  trip point accounts for a 5% or 10% variation on  $V_{CC}$ , so the reset outputs become active when  $V_{CC}$  falls below the  $V_{CC}$  trip point. On power-up, the reset signals are held in active states for a minimum of 250ms after the  $V_{CC}$  trip point is reached to allow the power supply and microprocessor to stabilize. On power-down, the  $\overline{RST}$  signal remains active low even with  $V_{CC}$  as low as 1V. This capability helps hold the microprocessor in stable shutdown condition. Figure 1 shows the timing diagram of the  $\overline{RST}$  signal.

The precision voltage comparator, C1, typically has 40mV of hysteresis which ensures that glitches at  $V_{CC}$  pin do not activate the reset outputs. Response time is typically 10µs. To help prevent mitriggering due to transient loads,  $V_{CC}$  pin should be bypassed with a 0.1µF capacitor with the leads trimmed as short as possible.

#### **Push-Button Reset**

The LTC1232 provides a logic input pin, PB RST, for direct connection to a push-button. This push-button reset input requires an active low signal. Internally, this input signal is debounced and timed for a minimum of 40ms. When this

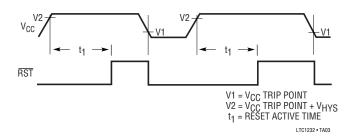


Figure 1. Reset Active Time

TIMEAD

### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

condition is satisfied, the reset pulse generator forces the reset outputs to active states. The reset signals will remain active for a minimum of 250ms from the moment the push-button reset input is released from logic low level (see Timing Diagram).

#### **Watchdog Timer**

The LTC1232 provides a watchdog timer function to monitor the activity of the microprocessor. If the microprocessor does not stimulate the strobe input. ST. within a selected time-out period, the reset outputs are forced to active states for a minimum of 250ms. The time-out period is selected by the Time-Out Delay input, TD, to be 150ms with TD connected to GND, 600ms with TD left floating, and 1.2 seconds with TD connected to  $V_{CC}$ . The 1.2 second time-out period is adequate for many systems to serve the watchdog timer immediately after a reset. Figure 2 shows the timing diagram of watchdog time-out period and reset active time. The watchdog time-out period is restarted as

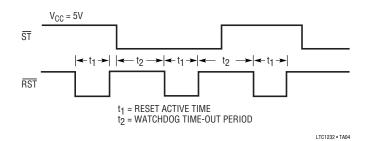


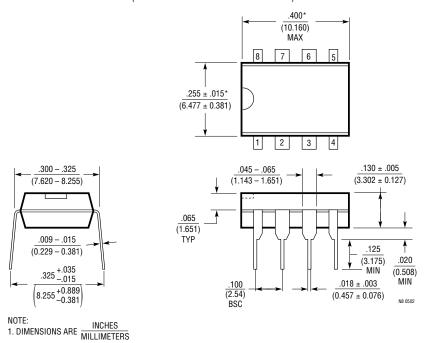
Figure 2. Watchdog Time-Out Period and Reset Active Time

soon as the reset outputs are inactive. When a high-to-low transition occurs at the ST pin prior to time-out, the watchdog time is reset and begins to time-out again. To ensure the watchdog time does not time-out, a high-to low transition on the ST pin must occur at or less than the minimum time-out period. If the input to the ST pin remains either high or low, reset pulses will be issued for every time-out period selected by the TD pin. The watchdog timer is disabled when V<sub>CC</sub> falls below the V<sub>CC</sub> trip point.

### PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

#### **N8 Package** 8-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)



\*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.

MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH (0.254mm)

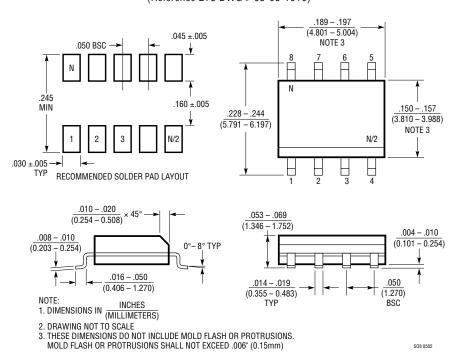
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### PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

#### S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



# **RELATED PARTS**

| PART NUMBER            | DESCRIPTION   | COMMENTS  |
|------------------------|---|---|
| LTC690                 | 5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup              | 4.65V Threshold                                   |
| LTC694-3.3             | 3.3V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup            | 2.9V Threshold                                    |
| LTC699                 | 5V Supply Monitor and Watchdog Timer                              | 4.65V Threshold                                   |
| LTC1326                | Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ   | 4.725V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)            |
| LTC1326-2.5            | Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ | 2.363V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)            |
| LTC1536                | Precision Triple Supply Monitor for PCI Applications              | Meets PCI t <sub>FAIL</sub> Timing Specifications |
| LTC1726-2.5            | Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ           | Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time-Outs           |
| LTC1726-5              | Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ             | Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time-Outs           |
| LTC1727-2.5/LTC1727-5  | Micropower Triple Supply Monitor with Open-Drain Reset            | Individual Monitor Outputs in MSOP                |
| LTC1728-1.8/TC1728-3.3 | Micropower Triple Supply Monitor with Open-Drain Reset            | 5-Lead SOT-23 Package                             |
| LTC1728-2.5/LTC1728-5  | Micropower Triple Supply Monitor with Open-Drain Reset            | 5-Lead SOT-23 Package                             |
| LTC1985-1.8            | Micropower Triple Supply Monitor with Push-Pull Reset Output      | 5-Lead SOT-23 Package                             |

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