HGTP12N60C3, HGT1S12N60C3S

Data Sheet December 2001

24A, 600V, UFS Series N-Channel IGBTs

The HGTP12N60C3 and HGT1S12N60C3S are MOS gated high voltage switching devices combining the best features of MOSFETs and bipolar transistors. These devices have the high input impedance of a MOSFET and the low on-state conduction loss of a bipolar transistor. The much lower on-state voltage drop varies only moderately between 25°C and 150°C.

The IGBT is ideal for many high voltage switching applications operating at moderate frequencies where low conduction losses are essential, such as: AC and DC motor controls, power supplies and drivers for solenoids, relays and contactors.

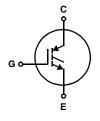
Formerly Developmental Type TA49123.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HGTP12N60C3	TO-220AB	P12N60C3
HGT1S12N60C3S	TO-263AB	S12N60C3

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix 9A to obtain the TO-263AB variant in Tape and Reel, i.e., HGT1S12N60C3S9A.

Symbol

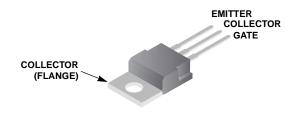


Features

- 24A, 600V at T_C = 25°C
- 600V Switching SOA Capability
- · Short Circuit Rating
- Low Conduction Loss

Packaging

JEDEC TO-220AB



JEDEC TO-263AB



FAIRCHILD CORPORATION IGBT PRODUCT IS COVERED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING U.S. PATENTS							
4,364,073	4,417,385	4,430,792	4,443,931	4,466,176	4,516,143	4,532,534	4,587,713
4,598,461	4,605,948	4,620,211	4,631,564	4,639,754	4,639,762	4,641,162	4,644,637
4,682,195	4,684,413	4,694,313	4,717,679	4,743,952	4,783,690	4,794,432	4,801,986
4,803,533	4,809,045	4,809,047	4,810,665	4,823,176	4,837,606	4,860,080	4,883,767
4,888,627	4,890,143	4,901,127	4,904,609	4,933,740	4,963,951	4,969,027	

HGTP12N60C3, HGT1S12N60C3S

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

HGTP12N60C3, HGT1S12N60C3S	UNITS
600	V
24	Α
12	Α
96	Α
±20	V
±30	V
24A at 600V	
104	W
0.83	W/oC
100	mJ
-40 to 150	оС
260	оС
4	μs
13	μs
	24 12 96 ±20 ±30 24A at 600V 104 0.83 100 -40 to 150 260

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

- 1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- 2. $V_{CE(PK)} = 360V$, $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$, $R_G = 25\Omega$.

Electrical Specifications $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV _{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A, V_{GE} = 0V$		600	-	-	V
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	BV _{ECS}	I _C = 10mA, V _{GE} = 0V		24	30	-	V
Collector to Emitter Leakage Current	I _{CES}	V _{CE} = BV _{CES}	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$	-	-	250	μΑ
		V _{CE} = BV _{CES}	$T_{C} = 150^{\circ}C$	1	-	1.0	mA
Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(SAT)}	$I_C = I_{C110}$	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$	1	1.65	2.0	V
		$V_{GE} = 15V$	$T_{C} = 150^{\circ}C$	-	1.85	2.2	V
Gate to Emitter Threshold Voltage	V _{GE(TH)}	$I_C = 250\mu A,$ $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$	3.0	5.0	6.0	V
Gate to Emitter Leakage Current	I _{GES}	V _{GE} = ±20V	V _{GE} = ±20V		-	±100	nA
Switching SOA	SSOA $T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	V _{CE(PK)} = 480V	80	-	-	Α	
		$R_G = 25\Omega$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $L = 100\mu H$	V _{CE(PK)} = 600V	24	-	-	А
Gate to Emitter Plateau Voltage	V _{GEP}	I _C = I _{C110} , V _{CE} = 0.5 BV _{CES}		-	7.6	-	V
On-State Gate Charge	Q _{G(ON)}	I _C = I _{C110} ,	V _{GE} = 15V	-	48	55	nC
		$V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ BV}_{CES}$	V _{GE} = 20V	-	62	71	nC
Current Turn-On Delay Time	t _d (ON)I	$T_{J} = 150^{\circ}C,$	$T_{J} = 150^{\circ}C,$		14	-	ns
Current Rise Time	t _{rl}	$I_{CE} = I_{C110},$ $V_{CE(PK)} = 0.8 \text{ BV}_{CES},$ $V_{GE} = 15V,$ $R_G = 25Ω,$ $L = 100μH$		-	16	-	ns
Current Turn-Off Delay Time	t _d (OFF)I			-	270	400	ns
Current Fall Time	t _{fl}			-	210	275	ns
Turn-On Energy	E _{ON}			-	380	-	μJ
Turn-Off Energy (Note 3)	E _{OFF}			-	900	-	μJ
Thermal Resistance	$R_{ heta JC}$			-	-	1.2	oC/W

NOTE:

3. Turn-Off Energy Loss (E_{OFF}) is defined as the integral of the instantaneous power loss starting at the trailing edge of the input pulse and ending at the point where the collector current equals zero (I_{CE} = 0A). The HGTP12N60C3 and HGT1S12N60C3S were tested per JEDEC standard No. 24-1 Method for Measurement of Power Device Turn-Off Switching Loss. This test method produces the true total Turn-Off Energy Loss. Turn-On losses include diode losses.

Typical Performance Curves

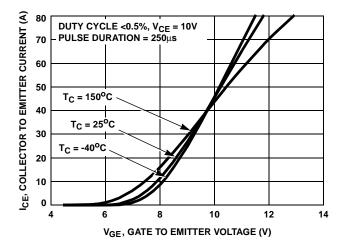


FIGURE 1. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

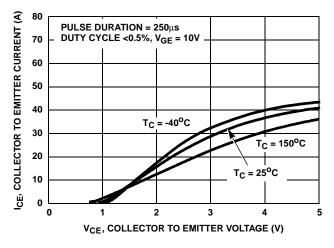


FIGURE 3. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE

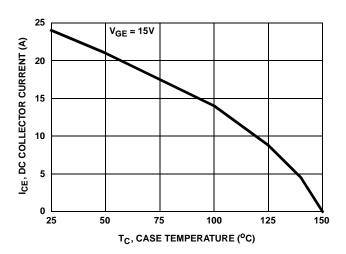


FIGURE 5. DC COLLECTOR CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

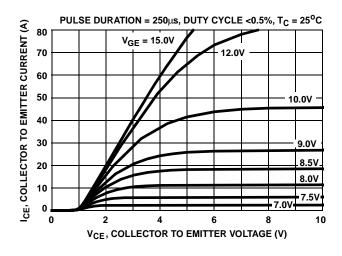


FIGURE 2. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

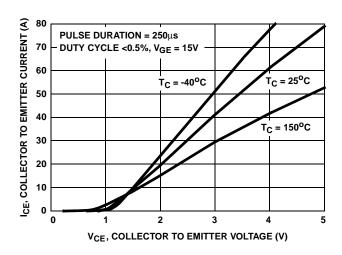


FIGURE 4. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE

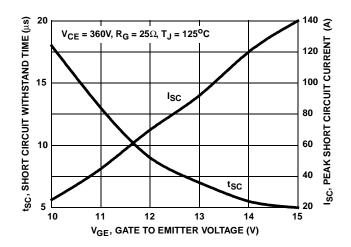


FIGURE 6. SHORT CIRCUIT WITHSTAND TIME

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

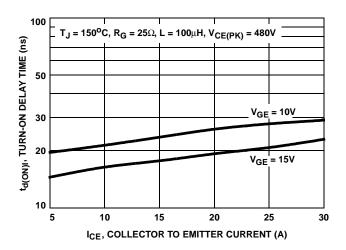


FIGURE 7. TURN-ON DELAY TIME vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

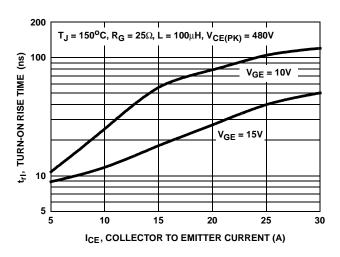


FIGURE 9. TURN-ON RISE TIME vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

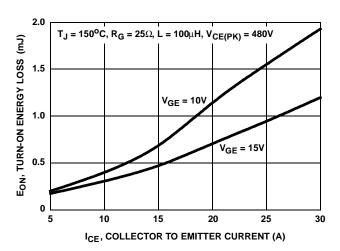


FIGURE 11. TURN-ON ENERGY LOSS vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

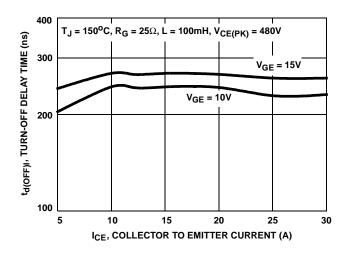


FIGURE 8. TURN-OFF DELAY TIME vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

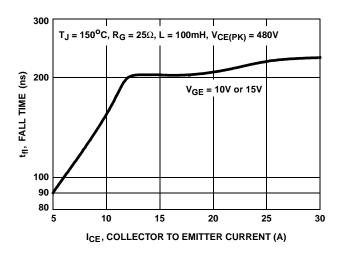


FIGURE 10. TURN-OFF FALL TIME vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

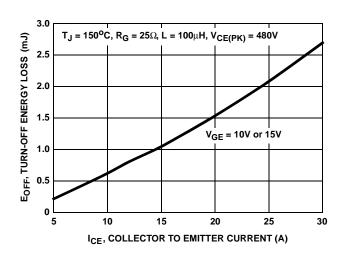


FIGURE 12. TURN-OFF ENERGY LOSS vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

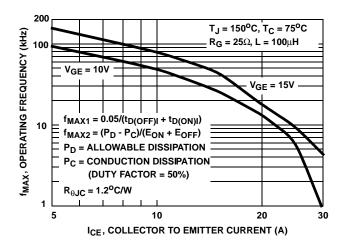


FIGURE 13. OPERATING FREQUENCY vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

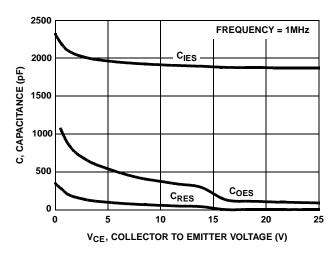


FIGURE 15. CAPACITANCE vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE

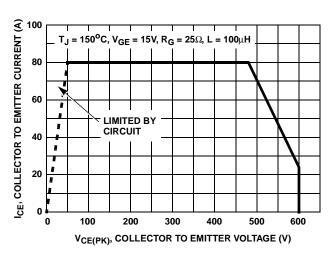


FIGURE 14. SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

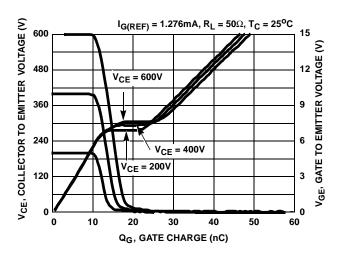


FIGURE 16. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

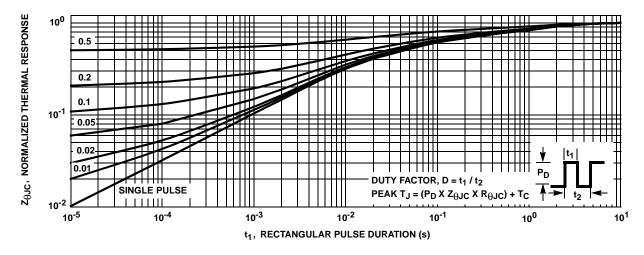


FIGURE 17. IGBT NORMALIZED TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION TO CASE

Test Circuit and Waveform

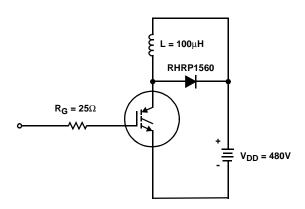


FIGURE 18. INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

Handling Precautions for IGBTs

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors are susceptible to gate-insulation damage by the electrostatic discharge of energy through the devices. When handling these devices, care should be exercised to assure that the static charge built in the handler's body capacitance is not discharged through the device. With proper handling and application procedures, however, IGBTs are currently being extensively used in production by numerous equipment manufacturers in military, industrial and consumer applications, with virtually no damage problems due to electrostatic discharge. IGBTs can be handled safely if the following basic precautions are taken:

- Prior to assembly into a circuit, all leads should be kept shorted together either by the use of metal shorting springs or by the insertion into conductive material such as "ECCOSORBD™ LD26" or equivalent.
- When devices are removed by hand from their carriers, the hand being used should be grounded by any suitable means - for example, with a metallic wristband.
- 3. Tips of soldering irons should be grounded.
- 4. Devices should never be inserted into or removed from circuits with power on.
- Gate Voltage Rating Never exceed the gate-voltage rating of V_{GEM}. Exceeding the rated V_{GE} can result in permanent damage to the oxide layer in the gate region.
- 6. Gate Termination The gates of these devices are essentially capacitors. Circuits that leave the gate opencircuited or floating should be avoided. These conditions can result in turn-on of the device due to voltage buildup on the input capacitor due to leakage currents or pickup.
- Gate Protection These devices do not have an internal monolithic zener diode from gate to emitter. If gate protection is required an external zener is recommended.

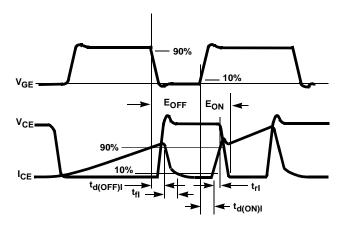


FIGURE 19. SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS

Operating Frequency Information

Operating frequency information for a typical device Figure 13) is presented as a guide for estimating device performance for a specific application. Other typical frequency vs collector current (I_{CE}) plots are possible using the information shown for a typical unit in Figures 4, 7, 8, 11 and 12. The operating frequency plot (Figure 13) of a typical device shows f_{MAX1} or f_{MAX2} whichever is smaller at each point. The information is based on measurements of a typical device and is bounded by the maximum rated junction temperature.

 f_{MAX1} is defined by $f_{MAX1}=0.05/(t_{D(OFF)I}+t_{D(ON)I}).$ Deadtime (the denominator) has been arbitrarily held to 10% of the on- state time for a 50% duty factor. Other definitions are possible. $t_{D(OFF)I}$ and $t_{D(ON)I}$ are defined in Figure 19. Device turn-off delay can establish an additional frequency limiting condition for an application other than $T_{JM}\cdot t_{D(OFF)I}$ is important when controlling output ripple under a lightly loaded condition.

 f_{MAX2} is defined by $f_{MAX2} = (P_D - P_C)/(E_{OFF} + E_{ON}).$ The allowable dissipation (P_D) is defined by $P_D = (T_{JM} - T_C)/R_{\theta JC}.$ The sum of device switching and conduction losses must not exceed $P_D.$ A 50% duty factor was used (Figure 13) and the conduction losses (P_C) are approximated by $P_C = (V_{CE} \times I_{CE})/2.$

 E_{ON} and E_{OFF} are defined in the switching waveforms shown in Figure 19. E_{ON} is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ($I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$) during turn-on and E_{OFF} is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ($I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$) during turn-off. All tail losses are included in the calculation for E_{OFF} ; i.e. the collector current equals zero ($I_{CE} = 0$).

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