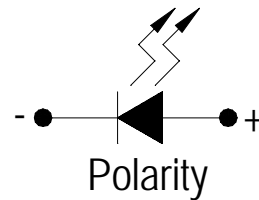
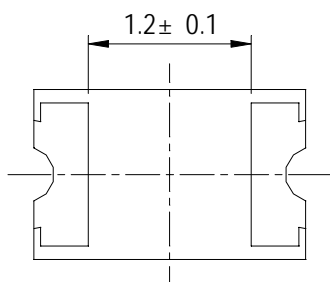
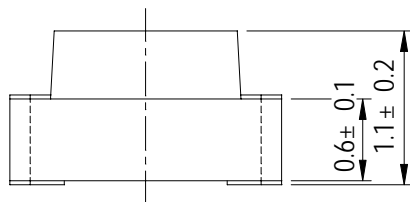
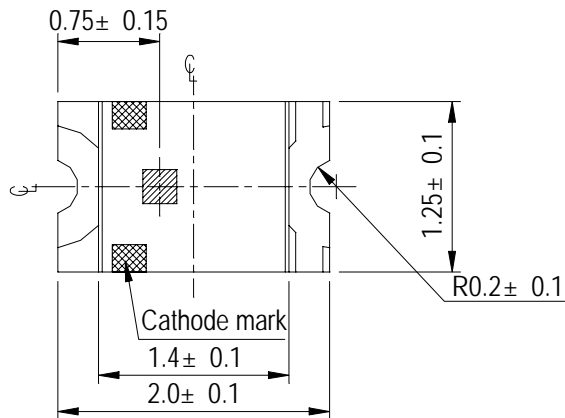
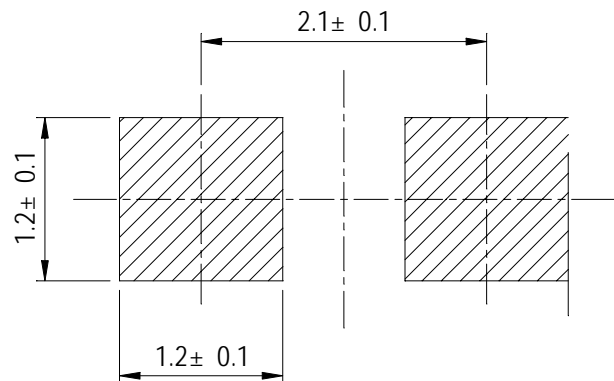


Package Outline Dimensions



For reflow soldering (propose)



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, Unit = mm

17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T
Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
Forward Current	I _F	25	mA
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40~ +90	°C
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	260 (for 5 second)	°C
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	150	V
Power Dissipation	P _d	110	mW
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz)	I _{FP}	100	mA

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	I _v	112	-----	285	mcd	I _F =20 mA
Viewing Angle	2 θ 1/2	-----	140	-----	deg	
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	-----	518	-----	nm	
Dominant Wavelength	λ _d	520	----	535	nm	
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	△ λ	-----	20	-----	nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	-----	3.5	4.0	V	
Reverse Current	I _R	-----	-----	50	μ A	V _R =5V

Notes:

- 1.Tolerance of Luminous Intensity ±10%
- 2.Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength ±1nm

17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T
Bin Rang Of Dom. Wavelength

Groups	Bin	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
Y	X	520	525	nm	IF=20mA
	Y	525	530		
	Z	530	535		

Bin Rang Of Luminous Intensity

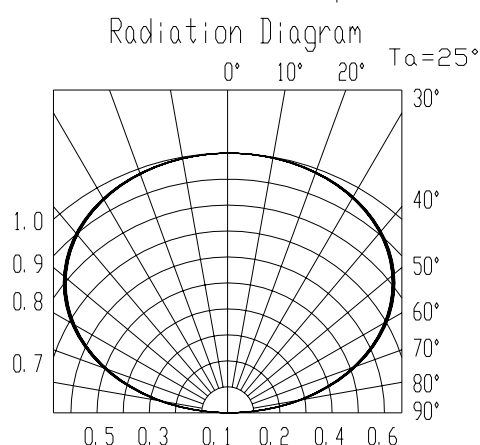
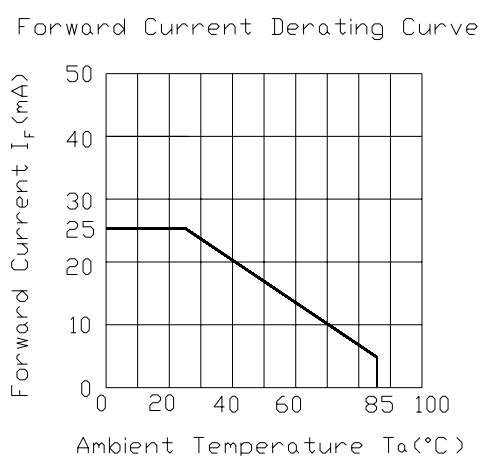
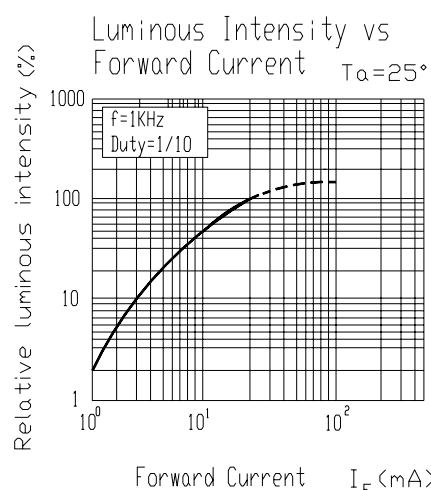
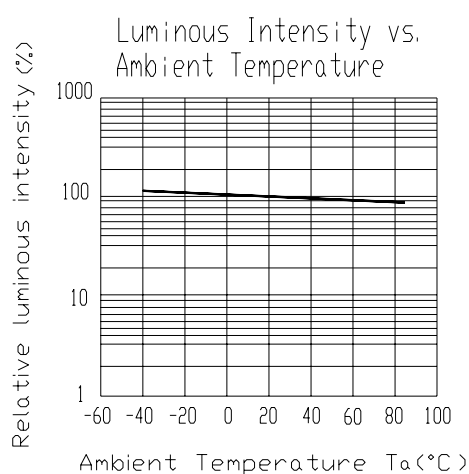
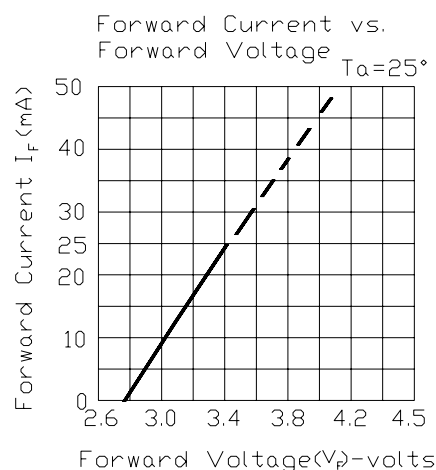
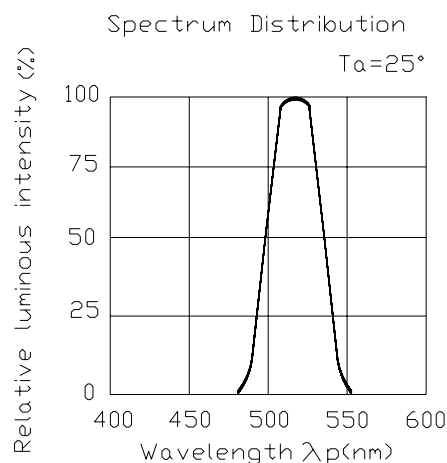
Bin	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
R1	112	140	mcd	IF=20mA
R2	140	180		
S1	180	225		
S2	225	285		

Notes:

- 1.Tolerance of Luminous Intensity $\pm 10\%$
- 2.Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength $\pm 1\text{nm}$

17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves



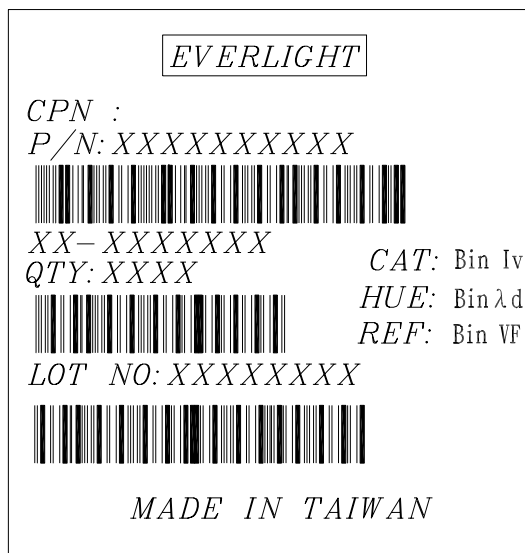
17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T

Label explanation

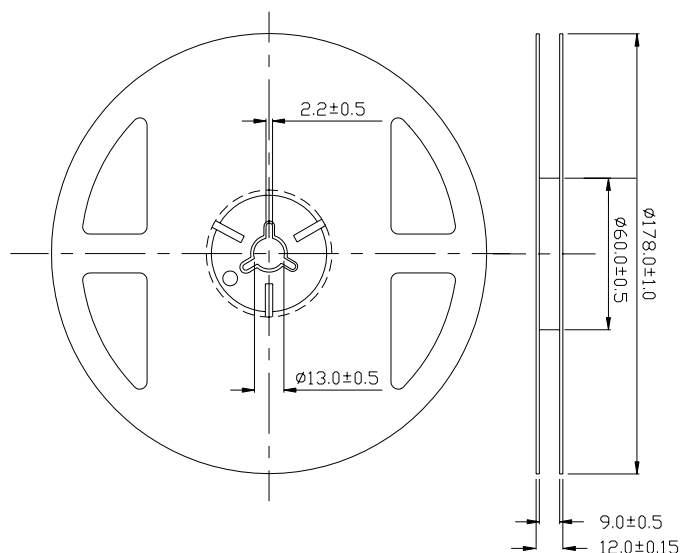
CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank

HUE: Dom. Wavelength Rank

REF: Forward Voltage Rank



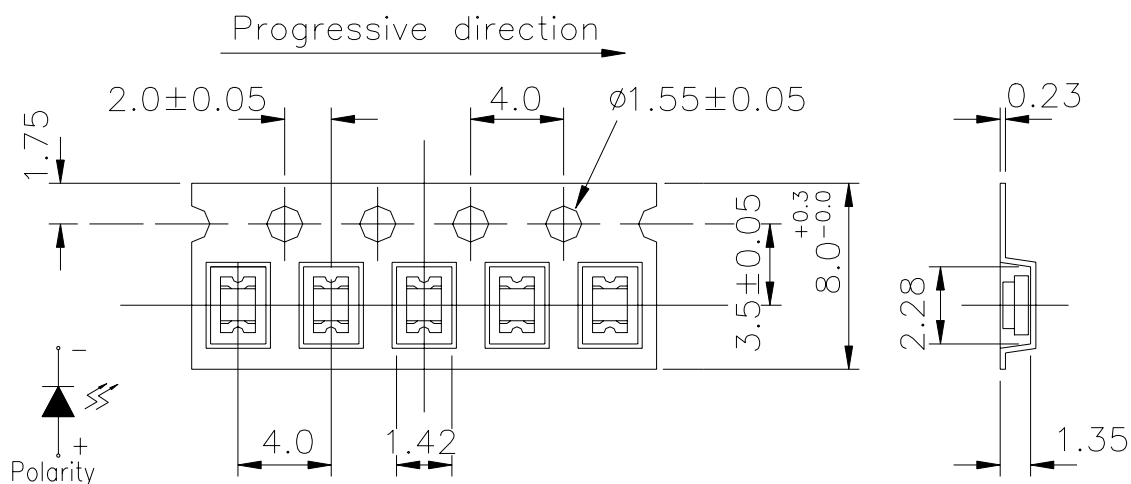
Reel Dimensions



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, Unit = mm

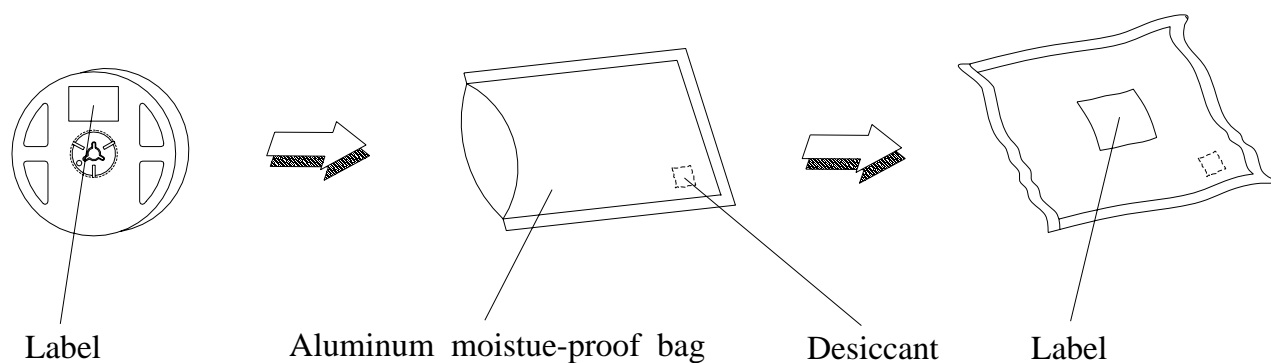
17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T

Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded quantity 3000 PCS per reel



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, Unit = mm

Moisture Resistant Packaging



17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T
Reliability Test Items And Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level : 90%

LTPD : 10%

No.	Items	Test Condition	Test Hours/Cycles	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Reflow Soldering	Temp. : 260°C±5°C Min. 5sec.	6 Min.	22 PCS.	0/1
2	Temperature Cycle	H : +100°C 15min ∫ 5 min L : -40°C 15min	300 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
3	Thermal Shock	H : +100°C 5min ∫ 10 sec L : -10°C 5min	300 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
4	High Temperature Storage	Temp. : 100°C	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
5	Low Temperature Storage	Temp. : -40°C	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
6	DC Operating Life	I _F = 20 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
7	High Temperature / High Humidity	85°C / 85%RH	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1

Precautions For Use**1. Over-current-proof**

Customer must apply resistors for protection , otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less.

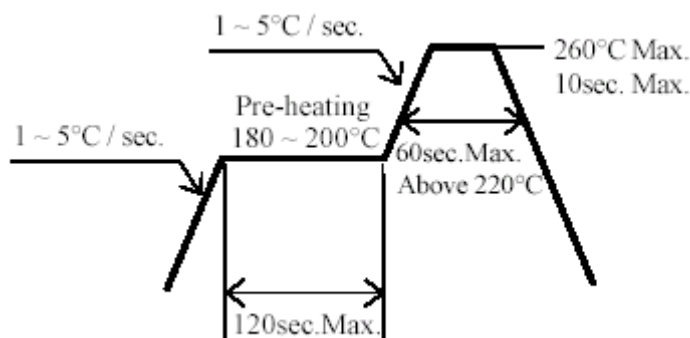
2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.

2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less.

2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

2.6 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.

Baking treatment : 60±5°C for 24 hours.

3. Soldering Condition**3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile**

3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

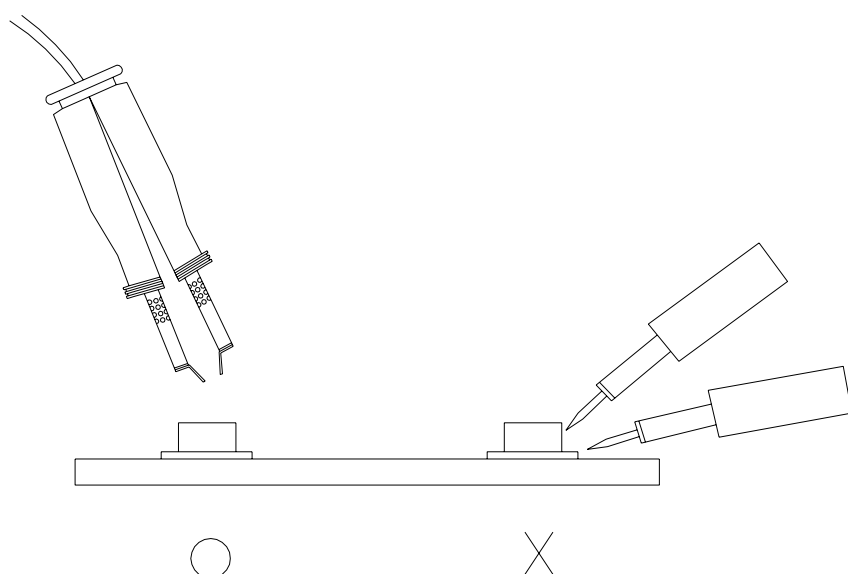
3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

17-21/GHC-YR1S2/3T**4.Soldering Iron**

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 280°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5.Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

**EVERLIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.**

Office: No 25, Lane 76, Sec 3, Chung Yang Rd,
Tucheng, Taipei 236, Taiwan, R.O.C

Tel: 886-2-2267-2000, 2267-9936

Fax: 886-2267-6244, 2267-6189, 2267-6306

<http://www.everlight.com>