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### **REVISION HISTORY**

6/14—Revision 0: Initial Version

Power-Up Sequence	
Power-Down Sequence	
Theory of Operation	
Combined HDMI/MHL Receiver	
MHL Receiver	
HDMI Receiver	
Component Processor	
8-Bit Digital Input/Output Port	
Audio Processing	
MIPI CSI-2 Transmitter	
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# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ADV7480 is a combined HDMI\*/MHL\* receiver targeted at connectivity enabled head units requiring a wired, uncompressed digital audio/video link from smartphones and other consumer electronics devices to support streaming and integration of cloud-based multimedia content and applications into an automotive infotainment system.

The ADV7480 MHL 2.1 capable receiver supports a maximum pixel clock frequency of 75 MHz, allowing resolutions up to 720p/1080i at 60 Hz in 24-bit mode. The ADV7480 features a link control bus (CBUS) that handles the link layer, translation layer, CBUS electrical discovery, and display data channel (DDC) commands. The implementation of the MHL sideband channel (MSC) commands by the system processor can be handled either by the I<sup>2</sup>C bus, or via a dedicated serial peripheral interface (SPI) bus. A dedicated interrupt pin (INTRQ3) is available to indicate that events related to CBUS have occurred.

The ADV7480 also features an enable pin (VBUS\_EN) to dynamically enable or disable the output of a voltage regulator, which provides a 5 V voltage bus (VBUS) signal to the MHL source.

The ADV7480 HDMI capable receiver supports a maximum pixel clock frequency of 162 MHz, allowing HDTV formats up to 1080p, and display resolutions up to UXGA (1600 × 1200 at 60 Hz). The device integrates a consumer electronics control (CEC) controller that supports the capability discovery and control (CDC) feature. The HDMI input port has dedicated 5 V detect and Hot Plug<sup>™</sup> assert pins.

The HDMI/MHL receiver includes an adaptive transition minimized differential signaling (TMDS) equalizer that ensures robust operation of the interface with long cables.

The ADV7480 single receiver port is capable of accepting both HDMI and MHL electrical signals. Automatic detection between HDMI and MHL is achieved by using cable impedance detection through the CD\_SENSE pin. The ADV7480 contains a component processor (CP) that processes the video signals from the HDMI/MHL receiver. It provides features such as contrast, brightness, and saturation adjustments, as well as free run and timing adjustment controls for HS/VS/DE timing.

The ADV7480 features an 8-bit digital input/output port, supporting input and output video resolutions up to 720p/1080i in both the 8-bit interleaved 4:2:2 SDR and DDR modes.

To enable glueless interfacing of these video input sources to the latest generation of infotainment system on chips (SoCs), the ADV7480 features a MIPI<sup>\*</sup> CSI-2 transmitter. The four-lane transmitter provides four data lanes, two data lanes, and one data lane muxing options, and can be used to output video from the HDMI receiver, the MHL receiver, and the digital input port.

The ADV7480 offers a flexible audio output port for audio data extracted from the MHL or HDMI streams. The HDMI/MHL receiver has advanced audio functionality, such as a mute controller that prevents audible extraneous noise in the audio output. Additionally, the ADV7480 can be set to output time division multiplexing (TDM) serial audio, which allows the transmission of eight multiplexed serial audio channels on a single audio output interface port.

The ADV7480 is programmed via a 2-wire, serial, bidirectional port (I<sup>2</sup>C compatible).

Fabricated in an advanced CMOS process, the ADV7480 is available in a 9 mm  $\times$  9 mm, RoHS-compliant, 100-ball CSP\_BGA package and is specified over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

The ADV7480 is offered in automotive and industrial versions.

### **DETAILED FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Figure 2.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

AVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, DVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, PVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, MVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, CVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V, and TVDD = 3.14 V to 3.46 V, specified at operating temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DIGITAL INPUTS <sup>1</sup>		SCLK, SDATA, RESET, ALSB, SPI_CS, SPI_SCLK, SPI_MOSI, LLC, and P0 to P7				
Input High Voltage	VIH	DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V	2			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V			0.8	V
Input Leakage Current	l <sub>IN</sub>		-10		+10	μA
Input Capacitance <sup>2</sup>	CIN				10	pF
CRYSTAL INPUT						
Input High Voltage	VIH	XTALP	1.2			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	XTALP			0.4	V
DIGITAL OUTPUTS <sup>1</sup>		LLC, P0 to P7, I2S_MCLK, I2S_SCLK, I2S_LRCLK, I2S_SDATA, SPI_MISO, SDATA, INTRQ1 to INTRQ3 (when configured to drive when active), and VBUS_EN				
Output High Voltage	VOH	DVDDIO = $3.14$ V to $3.46$ V and $I_{SOURCE} = 0.4$ mA	2.4			V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V and $I_{SINK}$ = 3.2 mA			0.4	V
High Impedance Leakage Current	ILEAK			10		μΑ
Output Capacitance <sup>2</sup>	COUT		1		20	рF
POWER REQUIREMENTS						
Digital Power Supply	Dvdd		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
HDMI/MHL Terminator Supply	T <sub>VDD</sub>		3.14	3.3	3.46	V
HDMI/MHL Comparator Supply	CVDD		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
PLL Power Supply	P <sub>VDD</sub>		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
MIPI Transmitter Power Supply	MVDD		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Digital Input/Output Power Supply <sup>1</sup>	DVDDIO	3.3 V operation	3.14	3.3	3.46	V
Analog Power Supply	Avdd		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
CURRENT CONSUMPTION <sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>						
Digital Supply Current	DVDD				204	mA
HDMI Input				68.1		mA
MHL Input				93.5		mA
8-Bit Digital Input				32.5		mA
HDMI/MHL Terminator Supply Current	TVDD			25	40	mA
HDMI Input				35		mA
MHL Input				24.4		mA
8-Bit Digital Input				0.7		mA
HDMI/MHL Comparator Supply Current	CVDD				92	mA
HDMI Input				63.9		mA
MHL Input			1	55.9		mA
8-Bit Digital Input	1.		1	0.1	26	mA
PLL Supply Current	PVDD			20.2	39	mA
HDMI Input				29.2		mA
MHL Input			1	29.3		mA
8-Bit Digital Input	1.			27.9	62	mA
MIPI Transmitters Supply Current	MVDD				62	mA
HDMI Input			1	45.7		mA
MHL Input				38.5		mA
8-Bit Digital Input			1	38.1		mA

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Digital Input/Output Supply Current	IDVDDIO				78	mA
HDMI Input				3.6		mA
MHL Input				0.6		mA
8-Bit Digital Input				0.2		mA
Analog Supply Current	IAVDD				1	mA
HDMI Input				0.1		mA
MHL Input				0.1		mA
8-Bit Digital Input				0.1		mA
POWER-DOWN CURRENTS <sup>2, 5</sup>						
Digital Supply	IDVDD_PD			0.2		mA
HDMI/MHL Terminator Supply	ITVDD_PD			0.4		mA
HDMI/MHL Comparator Supply	ICVDD_PD			0.1		mA
PLL Supply	IPVDD_PD			0.1		mA
MIPI Transmitter Supply	IMVDD_PD			0.1		mA
Digital Input/Output Supply	IDVDDIO_PD			0.2		mA
Analog Supply	IAVDD_PD			0.1		mA
Total Power Dissipation in Power-Down Mode				4		mW

 <sup>1</sup> The 8-bit digital input/output port is only available when the DVDDIO supply is between 3.14 V and 3.46 V
<sup>2</sup> Guaranteed by lab characterization.
<sup>3</sup> Typical current consumption values are recorded with nominal voltage supply levels (including DVDDIO = 3.3 V), Philips test pattern, and at room temperature.
<sup>4</sup> Maximum current consumption values are recorded with maximum rated voltage supply levels (including DVDDIO = 3.4 V), pseudorandom test pattern for digital inputs, and at worst-case temperature.

<sup>5</sup> Typical power-down current consumption values are recorded with nominal voltage supply levels (including DVDDIO = 3.3 V) at room temperature.

### **MIPI VIDEO OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

AVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, DVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, PVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, MVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, CVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V, and TVDD = 3.14 V to 3.46 V, specified at operating temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

The ADV7480 MIPI CSI-2 transmitter conforms to the MIPI D-PHY Version 1.00.00 specification by characterization. The clock lane of the ADV7480 remains in high speed (HS) mode even when the data lane enters low power (LP) mode. For this reason, some measurements on the clock lane that pertain to low power mode are not applicable. Unless otherwise stated, all high speed measurements were performed with the ADV7480 operating with a nominal 1 Gbps output data rate.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
UNIT INTERVAL <sup>1</sup>	UI	1		12.5	ns
DATA LANE LP Tx DC SPECIFICATIONS <sup>2</sup>					
Thevenin Output					
High Level	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Low Level	Vol	-50	0	+50	mV
CLOCK LANE LP Tx DC SPECIFICATIONS <sup>2</sup>					
Thevenin Output					
High Level	Vон	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Low Level	Vol	-50	0	+50	mV
DATA LANE HS Tx SIGNALING REQUIREMENTS					
High Speed Differential Voltage Swing	<b> V</b> 1	140	200	270	mV p-p
Differential Voltage Mismatch				10	mV
Single-Ended Output High Voltages				360	mV
Static Common-Mode Voltage Level		150	200	250	mV
CLOCK LANE HS Tx SIGNALING REQUIREMENTS					
High Speed Differential Voltage Swing	<b>V</b> <sub>2</sub>	140	200	270	mV p-p
Differential Voltage Mismatch				10	mV
Single-Ended Output High Voltages				360	mV
Static Common-Mode Voltage Level		150	200	250	mV
HS Tx CLOCK TO DATA LANE TIMING REQUIREMENTS					
Data to Clock Skew		0.35 × UI		0.65  imes UI	ns

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design.

<sup>2</sup> These measurements were performed with  $C_{LOAD} = 50 \text{ pF}$ .

### TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

AVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, DVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, PVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, MVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, CVDD = 1.71 V to 1.89 V, DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V, and TVDD = 3.14 V to 3.46 V, specified at operating temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
CLOCK AND CRYSTAL						
Nominal Frequency <sup>1</sup>				28.63636		MHz
Frequency Stability <sup>1</sup>					±50	ppm
Input LLC Clock Frequency Range <sup>2,3</sup>		DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V	13.5		148.5	MHz
Output LLC Clock Frequency Range <sup>2,3</sup>		DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V	13.5		148.5	MHz
SPI_SCLK Frequency <sup>3</sup>					10	MHz
I2S_SCLK Frequency <sup>3</sup>					12.288	MHz
12S_MCLK Frequency <sup>3</sup>					24.576	MHz
I <sup>2</sup> C PORT						
SCLK Frequency					400	kHz
SCLK Minimum Pulse Width High	t1		0.6			μs
SCLK Minimum Pulse Width Low	t <sub>2</sub>		1.3			μs
Hold Time (Start Condition)	t <sub>3</sub>		0.6			μs
Setup Time (Start Condition)	t <sub>4</sub>		0.6			μs
SDATA Setup Time	t <sub>5</sub>		100			ns
SCLK and SDATA Rise Times	t <sub>6</sub>				300	ns
SCLK and SDATA Fall Times	t <sub>7</sub>				300	ns
Setup Time (Stop Condition)	t <sub>8</sub>			0.6		μs
SPI PORT						P
Slave Mode						
SPI_CS Falling Edge to SPI_SCLK	t9	SPI_SCLK active edge (rising or falling	35			ns
Active Edge		edge) depends on the values of CPHA and CPOL				
SPI_SCLK Active Edge to SPI_CS Rising Edge	t <sub>10</sub>	SPI_SCLK active edge (rising or falling edge) depends on the values of CPHA and CPOL	35			ns
SPI_CS Pulse Width	t <sub>11</sub>		50			ns
	t <sub>12</sub>		45		55	% duty
						cycle
SPI_SCLK Low Time <sup>3</sup>	t <sub>12</sub>		45		55	% duty cycle
SPI_MOSI Setup Time	t13	SPI Mode 0, SPI Mode 3	0			ns
SPI_MOSI Hold Time	t <sub>14</sub>	SPI Mode 0, SPI Mode 3	35			ns
SPI_SCLK Falling Edge to SPI_MISO Start of Data Invalid <sup>3</sup>	<b>t</b> 15	SPI Mode 0, SPI Mode 3			50	ns
SPI_SCLK Falling Edge to SPI_MISO End of Data Invalid <sup>3</sup>	t <sub>16</sub>	SPI Mode 0, SPI Mode 3			50	ns
SPI_MOSI Setup Time	t17	SPI Mode 1, SPI Mode 2	0			ns
 SPI_MOSI Hold Time	t <sub>18</sub>	SPI Mode 1, SPI Mode 2	35			ns
SPI_SCLK Rising Edge to SPI_MISO Start of Data Invalid	t19	SPI Mode 1, SPI Mode 2			35	ns
SPI_SCLK Rising Edge to SPI_MISO End of Data Invalid	t <sub>20</sub>	SPI Mode 1, SPI Mode 2			35	ns
RESET FEATURE						
RESET Pulse Width <sup>1</sup>			5			ms

# **Data Sheet**

# ADV7480

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
8-BIT DIGITAL INPUT PORT <sup>2</sup>		DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V				
LLC High Time <sup>3</sup>	<b>t</b> <sub>21</sub>		45		55	% duty
						cycle
LLC Low Time <sup>3</sup>			45		55	% duty
		Dete latek ad an vision a adam	1			cycle
SDR and DDR Modes Setup Time	t <sub>22</sub>	Data latched on rising edge	1			ns
SDR and DDR Modes Hold Time	t <sub>23</sub>	Data latched on rising edge Data latched on falling edge	1			ns
DDR Mode Setup Time	t <sub>24</sub>	0 0				ns
DDR Mode Hold Time	t <sub>25</sub>	Data latched on falling edge	1			ns
8-BIT DIGITAL OUTPUT PORT <sup>2</sup>		DVDDIO = 3.14 V to 3.46 V	10		<u> </u>	0/ 1 /
LLC High Time	t <sub>26</sub>		40		60	% duty cycle
LLC Low Time			40		60	% duty
LLC LOW HITE			40		00	cycle
SDR Modes Setup Time <sup>4, 5</sup>	t <sub>36</sub>	At P0 to P7 output pin, data latched	1.98			ns
		on rising edge				
SDR Modes Hold Time <sup>4, 5</sup>	t <sub>37</sub>	At P0 to P7 output pin, data latched	2.50			ns
		on rising edge				
DDR Modes Setup Time <sup>4, 5</sup>	t <sub>27</sub>	At P0 to P7 output pin, data latched	1.66			ns
		on rising edge				
DDR Modes Hold Time <sup>4, 5</sup>	t <sub>28</sub>	At P0 to P7 output pin, data latched on rising edge	3.52			ns
DDR Mode Setup Time <sup>4, 5</sup>	t <sub>29</sub>	At P0 to P7 output pin, data latched	1.71			ns
DDR mode Setup Time	<b>L</b> 29	on falling edge	1.71			115
DDR Modes Hold Time <sup>4, 5</sup>	<b>t</b> 30	At P0 to P7 output pin, data latched	3.17			ns
		on falling edge				
I <sup>2</sup> S PORT, MASTER MODE						
I2S_SCLK High Time	<b>t</b> <sub>31</sub>		45		55	% duty
						cycle
I2S_SCLK Low Time			45		55	% duty
						cycle
I2S_LRCLK Data Transition Time	t <sub>32</sub>	End of valid data to I2S_SCLK falling			10	ns
	1.	edge			10	20
	t <sub>33</sub>	I2S_SCLK falling edge to start of valid data			10	ns
I2S_SDATA Data Transition Time	t <sub>34</sub>	End of valid data to I2S_SCLK falling			5	ns
	<b>C</b> 34	edge			5	115
	t35	I2S_SCLK falling edge to start of valid			5	ns
		data				

<sup>1</sup> Required by design.
<sup>2</sup> The 8-bit digital input/output port is only available when the DVDDIO supply is between 3.14 V and 3.46 V.
<sup>3</sup> Guaranteed by design.
<sup>4</sup> These specifications only apply when the LLC\_DLL\_PHASE[4:0] (IO Map, Register 0x0C[4:0]) is set to 00000
<sup>5</sup> Guaranteed by lab characterization.

#### **Timing Diagrams**





Figure 6. SPI Slave Mode Timing (SPI Mode 1 and SPI Mode 2)



Figure 11. I2S Timing

### **Data Sheet**

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

#### Table 4.

Tuble I.	
Parameter	Rating
TVDD, DVDDIO to GND	4 V
AVDD, PVDD, MVDD, DVDD, CVDD	2.2 V
to GND	
CVDD to DVDD	–0.3 V to +0.3 V
MVDD to DVDD	–0.3 V to +0.3 V
PVDD to DVDD	–0.3 V to +0.3 V
AVDD to DVDD	–0.3 V to +0.3 V
Digital Inputs Voltage to GND	GND - 0.3 V to DVDDIO +
	0.3 V
Digital Outputs Voltage to GND	GND - 0.3 V to DVDDIO +
	0.3 V
Analog Inputs to GND	–0.3 V to AVDD + 0.3 V
XTALN and XTALP to GND	–0.3 V to PVDD + 0.3 V
HDMI/MHL Digital Inputs Voltage	–0.3 V to CVDD + 0.3 V
to GND	
5 V Tolerant Inputs Voltage to	–0.3 V to +5.5 V
GND <sup>1</sup>	
Maximum Junction Temperature	125°C
(TJ max)	
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +150°C
Infrared Reflow Soldering	260°C
(20 sec)	

<sup>1</sup> The following inputs are 3.3 V inputs but are 5 V tolerant:

DDC\_SCL/CD\_PULLUP, DDC\_SDA, HPD/CBUS, RX\_5V/VBUS, CD\_SENSE, and CEC.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

To reduce power consumption when using the ADV7480, turn off unused sections of the device.

Due to printed circuit board (PCB) metal variation, and, therefore, variation in PCB heat conductivity, the value of  $\theta_{JA}$  may differ for various PCBs.

The most efficient measurement solution is achieved using the package surface temperature to estimate the die temperature. This eliminates the variance associated with the  $\theta_{JA}$  value.

Do not exceed the maximum junction temperature  $(T_J max)$  of 125°C. The following equation calculates the junction temperature  $(T_J)$  using the measured package surface temperature and applies only when no heat sink is used on the device under test (DUT):

 $T_J = T_S + (\Psi_{JT} \times W_{TOTAL})$ 

where:

 $T_s$  is the package surface temperature (°C).

 $\Psi_{\rm JT}$  = 0.81°C/W for the 100-ball CSP\_BGA (based on 2s2p test board defined by JEDEC standards.

 $W_{TOTAL} = (PVDD \times I_{PVDD}) + (TVDD \times I_{TVDD}) - P_{UpStream} + (CVDD \times I_{CVDD}) + (AVDD \times I_{AVDD}) + (DVDD \times I_{DVDD}) + (DVDDIO \times I_{DVDDO}) + (MVDD \times I_{MVDD})$ 

where  $P_{UpStream}$  is the quantity of TVDD power consumed on the upstream HDMI or MHL transmitter.  $P_{UpStream}$  can be estimated to be around 110 mW for a nominal HDMI transmitter.  $P_{UpStream}$  can be estimated to be around 42.82 mW for a nominal MHL transmitter.

#### **ESD CAUTION**



**ESD** (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

# **PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
A	GND	I2S_ SDATA	GND	RX2P	RX1P	RX0P	RXCP	DDC_SCL/ CD_ PULLUP	VBUS_EN	GND	A
в	MVDD	I2S_ SCLK	CVDD	RX2N	RX1N	RXON	RXCN	DDC_SDA	HPD/ CBUS	GND	в
с	CLKAN	CLKAP	I2S_ LRCLK	I2S_ MCLK		TVDD	CEC	RX_5V/ VBUS	DNC	DNC	с
D	DAON	DA0P	INTRQ3	DVDD	GND	GND	GND	DNC	DNC	DNC	D
E	DA1N	DA1P	INTRQ2	GND	GND	GND	AVDD	DNC	DNC	DNC	Е
F	DA2N	DA2P	INTRQ1	GND	GND	GND	GND	DNC	DNC	DNC	F
G	DA3N	DA3P	TEST	DVDD	GND	GND	GND	DNC	DNC	DNC	G
н	DNC	DNC	DVDDIO	P1	P4	SPI_MOSI	SPI_CS	RESET	PVDD	GND	н
J	DNC	DNC	MVDD	P2	P5	P7	SPI_MISO	SCLK	XTALN	XTALP	J
к	GND	MVDD	P0	P3	P6	LLC	SPI_SCLK	SDATA	ALSB	GND	к
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12045-012
DN	DNC = DO NOT CONNECT. LEAVE THIS PIN UNCONNECTED.										120

Figure 12. Pin Configuration

#### Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Туре	Description
A1	GND	Ground	Ground.
A2	I2S_SDATA	Output	I <sup>2</sup> S Audio Output.
A3	GND	Ground	Ground.
A4	RX2P	HDMI	HDMI Digital Input Channel 2.
A5	RX1P	HDMI	HDMI Digital Input Channel 1.
A6	RXOP	HDMI/MHL	HDMI Digital Input Channel 0 or MHL TMDS+.
A7	RXCP	HDMI	HDMI Input Clock.
A8	DDC_SCL/CD_PULLUP	HDMI/MHL	HDCP Slave Serial Clock or MHL Cable Detect Pull-Up.
A9	VBUS_EN	MHL	Enable Control Signal for Voltage Regulator Providing a 5 V VBUS Supply.
A10	GND	Ground	Ground.
B1	MVDD	Power	MIPI Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
B2	I2S_SCLK	Output	Audio Serial Clock.
B3	CVDD	Power	HDMI/MHL Comparator Supply Voltage (1.8 V). This is the supply for the HDMI/MHL sensitive analog circuitry. Blocks on this supply include the TMDS PLL and the equalizers.
B4	RX2N	HDMI	HDMI Digital Input Channel 2 Complement.
B5	RX1N	HDMI	HDMI Digital Input Channel 1 Complement.
B6	RXON	HDMI/MHL	HDMI Digital Input Channel 0 Complement or MHL TMDS
B7	RXCN	HDMI	HDMI Input Clock Complement.
B8	DDC_SDA	HDMI	HDCP Slave Serial Data.
B9	HPD/CBUS	HDMI/MHL	HDMI Hot Plug Assert or MHL CBUS.
B10	GND	Ground	Ground.

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Туре	Description
C1	CLKAN	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Negative Output Clock.
C2	CLKAP	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Positive Output Clock.
C3	I2S_LRCLK	Output	Audio Left/Right Clock.
C4	I2S_MCLK	Output	Audio Master Clock Output.
C5	CD_SENSE	MHL	MHL Cable Detection Sense Input.
C6	TVDD	Power	HDMI/MHL Terminator Supply Voltage (3.3 V).
C7	CEC	HDMI	CEC Channel.
C8	RX_5V/VBUS	HDMI/MHL	HDMI 5 V Detect or MHL VBUS. A large pull-down resistor (100 k $\Omega$ , typical) to ground must be connected to this pin.
C9	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
C10	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
D1	DAON	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Negative Data Output.
D2	DAOP	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Positive Data Output.
D3	INTRQ3	Output	Interrupt Request Output.
D3 D4	DVDD	Power	Digital Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
D4 D5	GND	Ground	Ground.
D5 D6	GND	Ground	Ground.
D7	GND	Ground	Ground.
D7 D8	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
D0 D9	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
D9 D10	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
E1	DA1N	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Negative Data Output.
E2	DA1P	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Positive Data Output.
E3	INTRQ2	Output	Interrupt Request Output.
E4	GND	Ground	Ground.
E5	GND	Ground	Ground.
E6	GND	Ground	Ground.
E7	AVDD	Power	Analog Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
E8	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
E9	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
E10	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
F1	DA2N	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Negative Data Output.
F2	DA2P	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Positive Data Output.
F3	INTRQ1	Output	Interrupt Request Output.
F4	GND	Ground	Ground.
F5	GND	Ground	Ground.
F6	GND	Ground	Ground.
F7	GND	Ground	Ground.
F8	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
F9	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
F10	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
G1	DA3N	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Negative Data Output.
G2	DA3P	Output	MIPI Transmitter A Positive Data Output.
G3	TEST	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
G4	DVDD	Power	Digital Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
G5	GND	Ground	Ground.
G6	GND	Ground	Ground.
G7	GND	Ground	Ground.
G8	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
G9	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
G10	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.

# **Data Sheet**

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Туре	Description
H1	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
H2	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
H3	DVDDIO	Power	Digital Input/Output Supply Voltage (3.3 V).
H4	P1	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
H5	P4	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
H6	SPI_MOSI	Input	SPI Slave Data Input.
H7	SPI_CS	Input	SPI Slave Chip Select Input.
H8	RESET	Input	System Reset Input, Active Low. A minimum low reset pulse of 5 ms is required to reset the chip.
H9	PVDD	Power	PLL Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
H10	GND	Ground	Ground.
J1	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
J2	DNC	Miscellaneous	Do Not Connect. Leave this pin unconnected.
J3	MVDD	Power	MIPI Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
J4	P2	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
J5	P5	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
JG	P7	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
J7	SPI_MISO	Output	SPI Slave Data Output.
J8	SCLK	Input	I <sup>2</sup> C Port Serial Clock Input.
9	XTALN	Output	Crystal Output. This pin must be connected to the 28.63636 MHz crystal or not connected if an external 1.8 V, 28.63636 MHz clock oscillator is used. In crystal mode, the crystal must be a fundamental crystal.
J10	XTALP	Input	Crystal Input or External Clock Input. This pin must be connected to the 28.63636 MHz crystal or connected to an external 1.8 V, 28.63636 MHz clock oscillator if a clock oscillator is used. In crystal mode, the crystal must be a fundamental crystal.
K1	GND	Ground	Ground.
K2	MVDD	Power	MIPI Supply Voltage (1.8 V).
K3	P0	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
K4	P3	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
K5	P6	Input/Output	Video Pixel Input/Output Port.
K6	LLC	Input/Output	Line Locked Clock. Input/output clock for the pixel data.
K7	SPI_SCLK	Input	SPI Slave Clock Input.
K8	SDATA	Input/Output	l <sup>2</sup> C Port Serial Data Input/Output.
К9	ALSB	Input	Main I <sup>2</sup> C Address Selection Pin. This pin selects the main I <sup>2</sup> C address (IO Map I <sup>2</sup> C address) for the device. When ALSB is set to Logic 0, the IO Map I <sup>2</sup> C write address is 0xE0; when ALSB is set to Logic 1, the IO Map I <sup>2</sup> C write address is 0xE2.
K10	GND	Ground	Ground.

# POWER SUPPLY RECOMMENDATION POWER-UP SEQUENCE

Adhere to the absolute maximum ratings at all times during power-up (see Table 4). The power-up sequence for the ADV7480 is as follows:

- 1. Assert RESET (pull the pin low).
- 2. Power up the 3.3 V supplies (D<sub>VDDIO</sub> and T<sub>VDD</sub>). These supplies must be powered up simultaneously.
- 3. Power up the 1.8 V supplies (D<sub>VDD</sub>, C<sub>VDD</sub>, P<sub>VDD</sub>, M<sub>VDD</sub>, and A<sub>VDD</sub>). These supplies must be powered up simultaneously.
- 4. RESET can be deasserted (pulled high) 5 ms after all supplies are fully powered up.
- After all power supplies and the RESET pin are powered up and stable, wait an additional 5 ms before initiating I<sup>2</sup>C communication with the ADV7480.

### **POWER-DOWN SEQUENCE**

The ADV7480 power supplies can be deasserted simultaneously as long as a higher rated supply (for example,  $D_{VDDIO}$ ) does not fall to a voltage level less than a lower rated supply (for example,  $D_{VDD}$ ), and the absolute maximum ratings specifications are followed.



Figure 13. Supply Power-Up Sequence

### THEORY OF OPERATION COMBINED HDMI/MHL RECEIVER

The ADV7480 features a combined HDMI/MHL receiver. This single receiver port is capable of accepting both HDMI and MHL electrical signals. Automatic detection between HDMI and MHL is achieved by using cable impedance detection through the CD\_SENSE pin.

Both MHL and HDMI interfaces of the ADV7480 allow authentication of a video receiver, decryption of encoded data at the receiver, and renewability of that authentication during transmission, as specified by the HDCP 1.4 protocol.

Dual extended display identification data (EDID) support is provided via an on-chip 512-byte EDID RAM. The EDID RAM must be programmed at power-up. It can be configured as two 256-byte EDIDs for dual mode operation (one 256-byte EDID for the HDMI receiver, and one 256-byte EDID for the MHL receiver), or as a single 512-byte EDID for single mode operation.

The ADV7480 has a synchronization regeneration block used to regenerate the data enable (DE) signal based on the measurement of the video format being displayed and to filter the horizontal and vertical synchronization signals to prevent glitches.

The combined HDMI/MHL receiver also supports TMDS error reduction coding, 4-bit (TERC4) error detection, used for the detection of corrupted HDMI or MHL packets.

### **MHL RECEIVER**

The MHL receiver supports video formats ranging from 480i to 720p/1080i, and display resolutions from VGA ( $640 \times 480$  at 60 Hz) to XGA ( $1024 \times 768$  at 60 Hz).

The MHL receiver allows programmable equalization of the MHL data signals. This equalization compensates for the high frequency losses inherent in MHL cabling, especially at longer lengths and higher frequencies. The receiver is capable of equalizing for cable lengths of up to 2 meters to achieve robust receiver performance.

The MHL receiver includes the following pins:

- RX0N and RX0P. In MHL mode, this differential pair receives the data transmitted as a differential signal, and the clock transmitted on the common mode.
- HPD/CBUS. In MHL mode, this pin is used for CBUS communication.
- VBUS\_EN. This pin provides an enable signal for an external source providing 5 V of power to the MHL source on VBUS.
- RX\_5V/VBUS. In MHL mode, this pin is an input monitoring the VBUS signal provided by an external source enabled by VBUS\_EN.
- CD\_SENSE. This pin detects whether the signals provided to the HDMI/MHL receiver are HDMI signals or MHL signals. A high level indicates MHL, and a low level indicates HDMI.

The implementation of the MSC commands by the system processor can be handled either through the I<sup>2</sup>C bus, or via a dedicated SPI bus. A dedicated interrupt pin (INTRQ3) is available to indicate that events related to the CBUS have occurred.

The main MHL receiver features include

- Support for a pixel clock up to 75 MHz in 24-bit mode, allowing support for video formats up to 720p/1080i and display resolutions up to XGA in either RGB, YCbCr 4:4:4, or YCbCr 4:2:2 formats.
- Integrated fully adaptive equalizer for cable lengths up to 2 meters.
- HDCP 1.4 support.
- Internal HDCP keys.
- HDCP repeater support, up to 25 key selection vectors (KSVs) supported.
- Pulse code modulation (PCM) audio packet support.
- Support for 8-channel TDM output data up to 48 kHz.
- Repeater support.
- Internal EDID RAM (512-byte for single mode, and 256-byte for dual mode operation).
- Scratchpad register support with a size of 64 bytes.

### **HDMI RECEIVER**

The HDMI receiver supports video formats ranging from 480i to 1080p, and display resolutions from VGA ( $640 \times 480$  at 60 Hz) to UXGA ( $1600 \times 1200$  at 60 Hz).

The HDMI receiver allows programmable equalization of the HDMI data signals. This equalization compensates for the high frequency losses inherent in HDMI and DVI cabling, especially at longer lengths and higher frequencies. The receiver is capable of equalizing for cable lengths up to 30 meters to achieve robust receiver performance.

The main HDMI receiver features include

- 162.0 MHz (UXGA at 24 BPP) maximum TMDS clock frequency.
- Integrated fully adaptive equalizer for cable lengths up to 30 meters.
- HDCP 1.4 support.
- Internal HDCP keys.
- HDCP repeater support, up to 25 key selection vectors (KSVs) supported.
- PCM audio packet support.
- Support for 8-channel TDM output data up to 48 kHz.
- Repeater support.
- Internal EDID RAM (512-byte for single mode, and 256-byte for dual mode operation).
- Hot Plug assert output pin (HPD/CBUS).
- CEC controller.

### **COMPONENT PROCESSOR**

The ADV7480 has one any-to-any  $3 \times 3$  CSC matrix. The CSC block is located in the processing path before the CP section. CSC enables YCbCr-to-RGB and RGB-to-YCbCr conversions. Many other standards of color space can be implemented using the color space converter.

CP features include

- Support for all video modes supported by the HDMI/MHL receiver. These include 525i, 625i, 525p, 625p, 1080i, 1080p, and display resolutions from VGA (640 × 480 at 60 Hz) to UXGA (1600 × 1200 at 60 Hz).
- Manual adjustments including gain (contrast), offset (brightness), hue, and saturation.
- Free run output mode that provides stable timing when no video input is present.
- Timing adjustments controls for HS/VS/DE timing.

### **8-BIT DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT PORT**

The ADV7480 features an 8-bit digital bidirectional port. The following formats are supported both as input and output ports:

- 8-bit interleaved 4:2:2 SDR input/output with embedded timing codes
- 8-bit interleaved 4:2:2 DDR input/output with embedded timing codes

The maximum input and output video resolution supported is 720p/1080i in both SDR and DDR modes.

Video received on the 8-bit digital input port can be routed to the four-lane MIPI CSI-2 transmitter. Video sent on the 8-bit digital output port can be routed from the CP core.

### **AUDIO PROCESSING**

The ADV7480 features an audio processor that handles the audio extracted from the MHL or HDMI stream by the HDMI/MHL receiver. It contains an audio mute controller that can detect a variety of conditions that may result in audible extraneous noise in the audio output. On detection of these conditions, a 2-channel linear PCM audio signal can be ramped down to a mute state to prevent audio clicks or pops. The audio is output on a single flexible serial digital audio output port supporting I2S-compatible, left justified and right justified audio output modes in master mode only. TDM is also supported, allowing up to eight audio channels with a sample rate up to 48 kHz to be transmitted over the single serial digital audio interface.

### **MIPI CSI-2 TRANSMITTER**

The ADV7480 features one MIPI CSI-2 transmitter (Transmitter A).

The four-lane transmitter consists of four differential data lanes (DA0N, DA0P, DA1N, DA1P, DA2N, DA2P, DA3N and DA3P), and a differential clock lane (CLKAN and CLKAP). It supports four data lanes, two data lanes and one data lane muxing options, and can be used to transmit video received on either the HDMI/MHL receiver (processed through the CP) or the 8-bit digital input port.

The main features of the 4-lane MIPI transmitter (Transmitter A) include

- Support for 8-bit and 10-bit YCbCr 4:2:2 video modes.
- Support for 24-bit RGB 4:4:4 (RGB888), 18-bit RGB 4:4:4 (RGB666), and 16-bit RGB 4:4:4 (RGB565) video modes.
- Support for video formats ranging from 480i to 1080p, and display resolutions from VGA to UXGA (certain restrictions apply to the muxing option, video mode, and video format that can be selected).
- Data lanes and clock lane remapping to ease PCB layout.

#### **INTERRUPTS**

The ADV7480 features three interrupt request pins. INTRQ1 and INTRQ2 can be programmed to trigger interrupts based on various selectable events related to the HDMI/MHL receiver (video and audio related) and the CP. INTRQ3 is dedicated to events related to the MHL CBUS.

# **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



(BC-100-4) Dimensions shown in millimeters

#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

Model <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
ADV7480WBBCZ	-40°C to +85°C	100-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA]	BC-100-4
ADV7480WBBCZ-RL	-40°C to +85°C	100-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA]	BC-100-4

<sup>1</sup> Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

 $^{2}$  W = Qualified for Automotive Applications.

<sup>3</sup> This device is programmed with internal HDCP keys. Customer must have HDCP adopter status (consult Digital Protection, LLC, for licensing requirements) to purchase any components with internal HDCP keys.

### **AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS**

The ADV7480W models are available with controlled manufacturing to support the quality and reliability requirements of automotive applications. Note that these automotive models may have specifications that differ from the commercial models; therefore, designers should review the Specifications section of this data sheet carefully. Only the automotive grade products shown are available for use in automotive applications. Contact your local Analog Devices account representative for specific product ordering information and to obtain the specific Automotive Reliability reports for these models.

I<sup>2</sup>C refers to a communications protocol originally developed by Philips Semiconductors (now NXP Semiconductors).

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