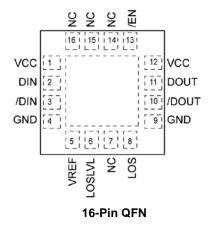
## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY88289HLMG	QFN-16	Industrial	289H with Pb-Free bar line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free
SY88289HLMGTR <sup>(1)</sup>	QFN-16	Industrial	289H with Pb-Free bar line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free

Note:

1. Tape and Reel.

## **Pin Configuration**



## **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Туре	Pin Function
1, 12	VCC	Power Supply	Positive power supply.
2	DIN	Data Input	True data input.
3	/DIN	Data Input	Complementary data input.
4, 9	GND	Ground	Device ground.
5	VREF		Reference voltage: Placing a capacitor here to VCC helps stabilize $\text{LOS}_{\text{LVL}}$ .
6	LOSLVL	Input	Loss-of-signal Level Set: a resistor from this pin to $V_{CC}$ sets the threshold for the data input amplitude at which LOS will be asserted.
7, 14, 15, 16	N/C		No connect.
8	LOS	Open-collector TTL output w/ internal 4.75kΩ pull-up resistor	Loss-of-signal: asserts high when the data input amplitude falls below the threshold sets by $\mbox{LOS}_{\mbox{LVL}}.$
10	/DOUT	CML Output	Complementary data output.
11	DOUT	CML Output	True data output.
13	/EN	TTL Input: Default is HIGH.	/Enable: This input enables the outputs when it is LOW. Note that this input is internally connected to a $25k\Omega$ pull-up resistor and will default to a logic HIGH state if left open.

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	0V to +4.0V
Input Voltage (DIN, /DIN)	0 to V <sub>CC</sub>
Output Current (I <sub>OUT</sub> )	
Continuous	±25mA
/EN Voltage	0 to V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>REF</sub> Current	800µA to +500µA
LOS <sub>LVL</sub> Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>
Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature (T <sub>s</sub> )	65°C to +150°C

## **Operating Ratings**<sup>(2)</sup>

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) Ambient Temperature ( $T_A$ ) Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ) Junction Thermal Resistance <sup>(3)</sup>	40°C to +85°C
QFN ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) Still-air QFN ( $\Psi_{JB}$ ) Junction-to-board	

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V;  $R_L$  = 50 $\Omega$  to  $V_{CC}$ ;  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Icc	Power Supply Current	No output load		42	62	mA
LOS <sub>LVL</sub>	LOS <sub>LVL</sub> Voltage		V <sub>REF</sub>		Vcc	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	CML Output HIGH Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> -0.020	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.005	V <sub>cc</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	CML Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$	V <sub>cc</sub> -0.475	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.400	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.350	V
V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	Differential Output Offset				±80	mV
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage			V <sub>CC</sub> -1.28		V
VIHCMR	Input Common Mode Range		GND+2.0		Vcc	V

### **TTL DC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V;  $R_L$  = 50 $\Omega$  to  $V_{CC}$ ;  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
VIH	/EN Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			
V <sub>IL</sub>	/EN Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	/EN Input HIGH Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V			20	μA
		$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$			100	μA
I⊫	/EN Input LOW Current	$V_{IN} = 0.5V$	-300			μA
V <sub>OH</sub>	LOS Output High Level	V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 3.3V, I <sub>OH (MAX)</sub> < 160µA	2.4			V
		$V_{OUT} < 3.3V, I_{OH (MAX)} < 160 \mu A$	2.0			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOS Output LOW Level	Sinking 2mA			0.5	V

Notes:

1. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.

3. Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential (GND) on the PCB.  $\Psi_{JB}$  uses 4-layer ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) in still-air-number, unless otherwise stated.

#### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V;  $R_L$  = 50 $\Omega$  to  $V_{CC};$   $T_A$  = –40°C to +85°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)	Note 4		60	120	ps
t <sub>JITTER</sub>	Deterministic	Note 5		15		ps <sub>PP</sub>
	Random	Note 6		5		ps <sub>RMS</sub>
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential Input Voltage Swing	Figure 1	4		1800	$mV_{PP}$
V <sub>OD</sub>	Differential Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>ID</sub> <u>&gt;</u> 6mV <sub>PP</sub> , Figure 1	700	800	950	mV <sub>PP</sub>
T <sub>OFF</sub>	LOS Release Time			2	10	μs
T <sub>ON</sub>	LOS Assert Time			2	10	μs
LOS <sub>AL</sub>	Low LOS Assert Level	$R_{LOSLVL} = 15k\Omega$ , Note 8		3		mV <sub>PP</sub>
LOS <sub>DL</sub>	Low LOS De-assert Level	$R_{LOSLVL} = 15k\Omega$ , Note 8		4.5		$mV_{PP}$
HYS∟	Low LOS Hysteresis	$R_{LOSLVL} = 15k\Omega$ , Note 7		3.5		dB
LOSAM	Medium LOS Assert Level	$R_{LOSLVL} = 5k\Omega$ , Note 8	2	5		$mV_{PP}$
LOS <sub>DM</sub>	Medium LOS De-assert Level	$R_{LOSLVL} = 5k\Omega$ , Note 8		7.5	11	$mV_{PP}$
HYS <sub>M</sub>	Medium LOS Hysteresis	$R_{LOSLVL} = 5k\Omega$ , Note 7	2	3.5	4.5	dB
LOS <sub>AH</sub>	High LOS Assert Level	$R_{LOSLVL} = 100\Omega$ , Note 8	8	12		$mV_{PP}$
LOSDH	High LOS De-assert Level	$R_{LOSLVL} = 100\Omega$ , Note 8		18	23	$mV_{PP}$
HYS <sub>H</sub>	High LOS Hysteresis	$R_{LOSLVL} = 100\Omega$ , Note 7	2	3.5	4.5	dB
B-3dB	3dB Bandwidth			2		GHz
A <sub>V(Diff)</sub>	Differential Voltage Gain		40	46		dB
<b>S</b> <sub>21</sub>	Single-ended Small-Signal Gain		34	40		dB

Notes:

4. Amplifier in limiting mode. Input is a 200MHz square wave.

5. Deterministic jitter measured using 3.2Gbps K28.5 pattern,  $V_{ID}$  = 10m $V_{PP}$ .

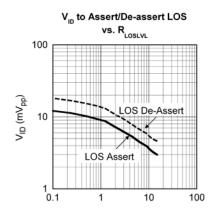
6. Random jitter measured using 3.2Gbps K28.7 pattern,  $V_{ID} = 10mV_{PP}$ .

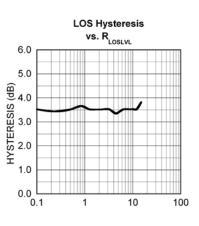
7. This specification defines electrical hysteresis as 20log (LOS De-assert/LOS Assert). The ratio between optical hysteresis and electrical hysteresis is found to vary between 1.5 and 2, depending upon the level of received optical power and ROSA characteristics. Based upon that ratio, the optical hysteresis corresponding to the electrical hysteresis range 2dB-4.5dB, as shown in the AC characteristics table, will be 1dB-3dB.

8. See "Typical Operating Characteristics" for a graph showing how to choose a particular R<sub>LOSLVL</sub> for a particular LOS assert and its associated de-assert amplitude.

Downloaded from Arrow.com.

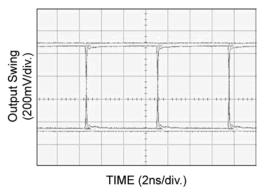
## **Typical Operating Characteristics**



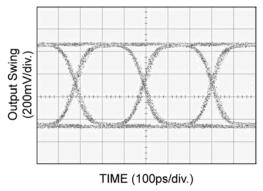


### **Functional Characteristics**

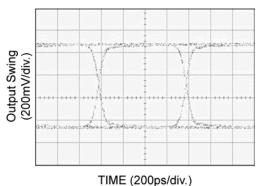
10mV<sub>PP</sub> Input at 155Mbps, PRBS 27-1



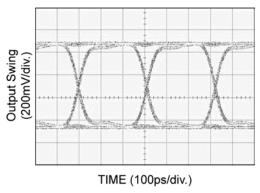
 $10mV_{\text{PP}}$  Input at 3.2Gbps, PRBS 27-1



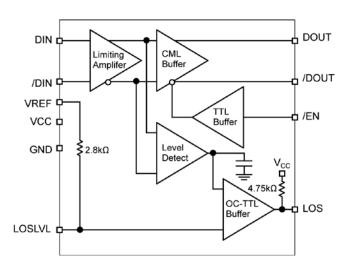
10mV<sub>PP</sub> Input at 1.25Gbps, PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1



500mV\_{PP} Input at 3.2Gbps, PRBS 27-1



### Functional Block Diagram



### **Detailed Description**

The SY88289HL high-sensitivity limiting post amplifier operates from a single +3.3V power supply, over temperatures from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C. Signals with data rates up to 3.2Gbps and as small as  $4mV_{PP}$  can be amplified. Figure 1 shows the allowed input voltage swing. The SY88289HL generates a LOS output.  $LOS_{LVL}$  sets the sensitivity of the input amplitude detection.

#### Input Amplifier/Buffer

Figure 2 shows a simplified schematic of the SY88289HL's input stage. The high-sensitivity of the input amplifier allows signals as small as  $4mV_{PP}$  to be detected and amplified. The input amplifier also allows input signals as large as  $1800mV_{PP}$ . Input signals below 6mVpp are linearly amplified with a typical 46dB differential voltage gain. Since it is a limiting amplifier, the SY88289HL outputs typically  $800mV_{PP}$  voltage-limited waveforms for input signals that are greater than  $6mV_{PP}$ . Applications requiring the SY88289HL to operate with high-gain should have the upstream TIA placed as close as possible to the SY88289HL's input pins to ensure the best performance of the device.

#### **Output Buffer**

The SY88289HL's CML output buffer is designed to drive  $50\Omega$  lines. The output buffer requires appropriate termination for proper operation. An extern  $\mathfrak{A}$  50 resistor to V<sub>CC</sub> for each output pin provides this. Figure 3 shows a simplified schematic of the output stage.

#### Loss-of-Signal

The SY88289HL generates a chatter-free LOS opencollector TTL output with an internal 4.73 kpull -up resistor, as shown in Figure 4. LOS is used to determine that the input amplitude is large enough to be considered a valid input. LOS asserts high if the input amplitude falls below the threshold sets by  $LOS_{LVL}$  and de-asserts low otherwise. LOS can be fed back to the enable bar (/EN) input to maintain output stability under a loss of signal condition. /EN deasserts the true output signal without removing the input signals. Typically, 3.5dB LOS hysteresis is provided to prevent chattering.

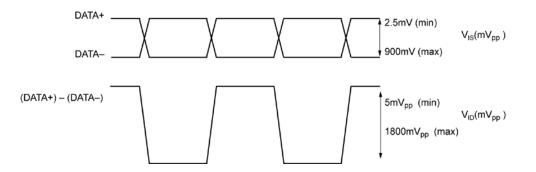
#### Loss-of-Signal Level Set

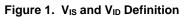
A programmable LOS level-set pin (LOS<sub>LVL</sub>) sets the threshold of the input amplitude detection. Connecting an external resistor between  $V_{CC}$  and  $LOS_{LVL}$  sets the voltage at  $LOS_{LVL}$ . This voltage ranges from  $V_{CC}$  to  $V_{REF}$ . The external resistor creates a voltage divider between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{REF}$ , as shown in Figure 5.

#### Hysteresis

The SY88289HL typically provides 3.5dB LOS electrical hysteresis. By definition, a power ratio measured in dB is 10log (power ratio). Power is calculated as  $V_{IN}^2$ /R for an electrical signal. Hence, the same ratio can be stated as 20log (voltage ratio). While in linear mode, the electrical voltage input changes linearly with the optical power and therefore, the ratios change linearly. Thus, the optical hysteresis in dB is half the electrical hysteresis in dB given in the data sheet. Since the SY88289HL is an electrical device, this data sheet refers to hysteresis in electrical terms. With 3.5dB LOS hysteresis, a voltage factor of 1.5 is required to assert or de-assert LOS.

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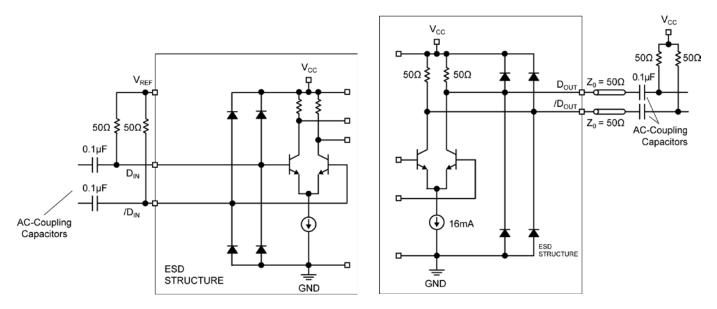


Figure 2. Input Structure

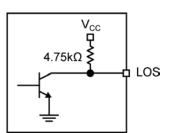


Figure 4. Input Structure

Figure 3. Output Structure

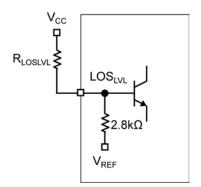
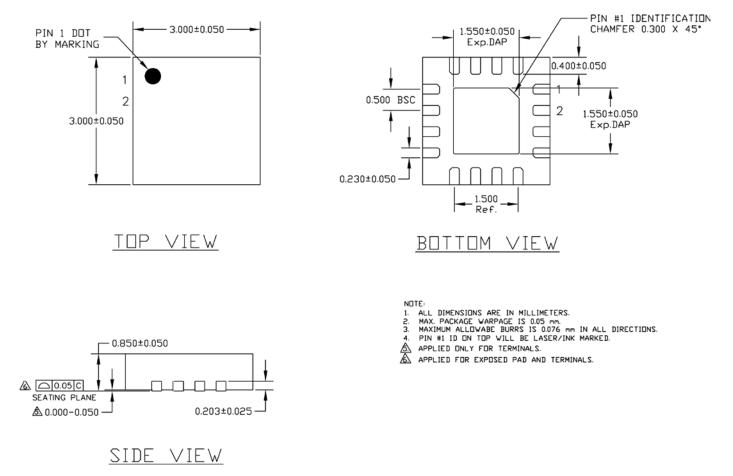
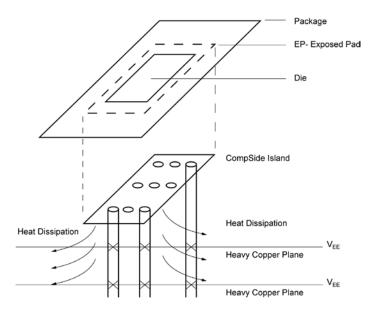


Figure 5. LOS<sub>LVL</sub> Setting Circuit

#### **Package Information**



16-Pin (3mm x 3mm) QFN



PCB Thermal Consideration for 16-Pin QFN Package

#### Package Notes:

- 1. Package meets Level 2 qualification.
- 2. All parts are dry-packaged before shipment.
- 3. Exposed pad must be soldered to a ground for proper thermal management.

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