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# 1 Introduction

This datasheet contains the description of the device features, pinout, electrical characteristics, mechanical data and ordering information.

- For complete information on the STM8S microcontroller memory, registers and peripherals, please refer to the STM8S microcontroller family reference manual (RM0016).
- For information on programming, erasing and protection of the internal Flash memory please refer to the STM8S Flash programming manual (PM0051).
- For information on the debug and SWIM (single wire interface module) refer to the STM8 SWIM communication protocol and debug module user manual (UM0470).
- For information on the STM8 core, please refer to the STM8 CPU programming manual (PM0044).

## 2 Description

The STM8S103F2/x3 access line 8-bit microcontrollers offer 8 Kbyte Flash program memory, plus integrated true data EEPROM. The STM8S microcontroller family reference manual (RM0016) refers to devices in this family as low-density. They provide the following benefits: performance, robustness, and reduced system cost.

Device performance and robustness are ensured by advanced core and peripherals made in a state-of-the art technology, a 16 MHz clock frequency, robust I/Os, independent watchdogs with separate clock source, and a clock security system.

The system cost is reduced thanks to an integrated true data EEPROM for up to 300 k write/erase cycles and a high system integration level with internal clock oscillators, watchdog and brown-out reset.

Full documentation is offered as well as a wide choice of development tools.

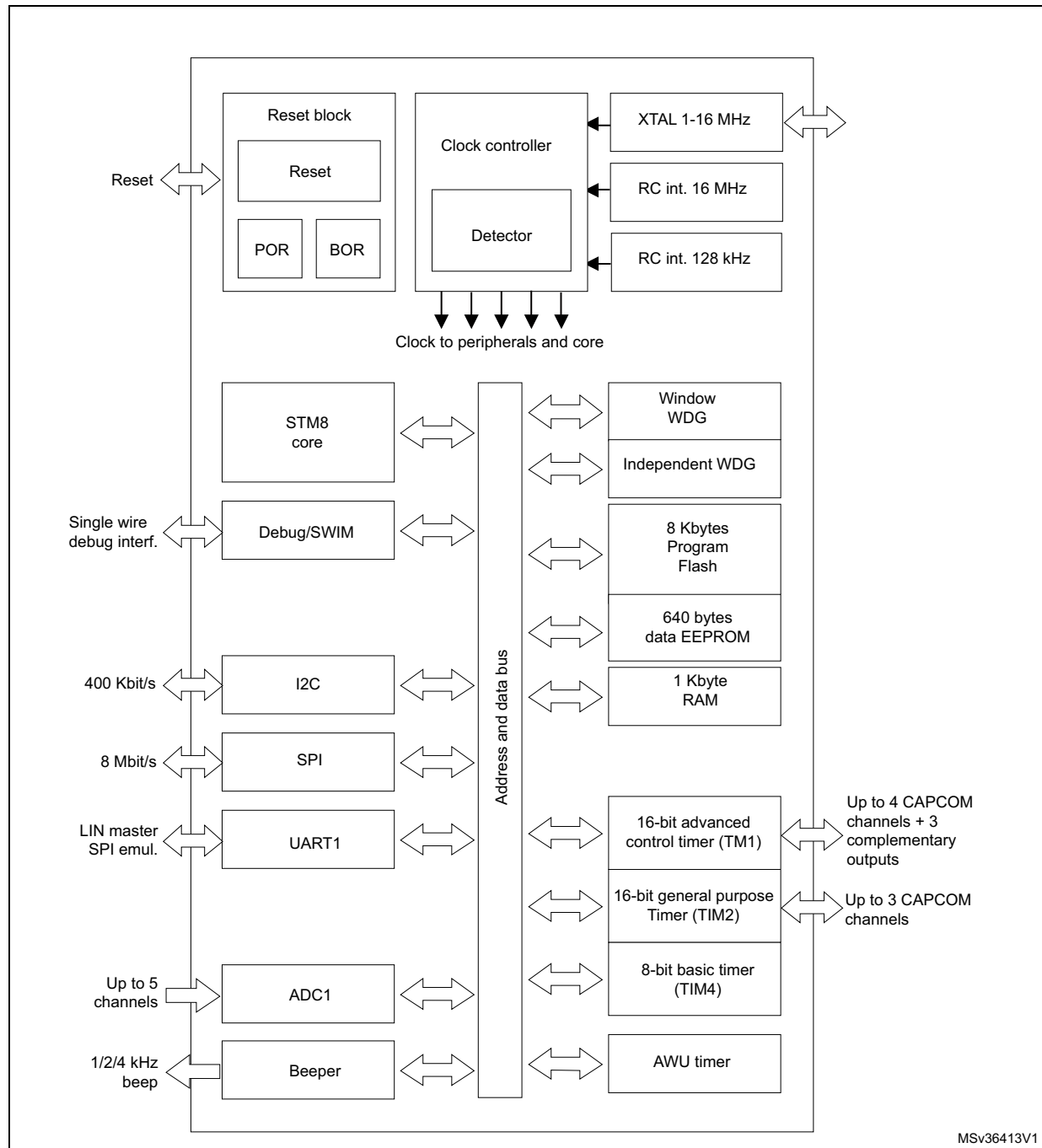
**Table 1. STM8S103F2/x3 access line features**

| Device                                   | STM8S103K3                                                                                                       | STM8S103F3         | STM8S103F2         |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Pin count                                | 32                                                                                                               | 20                 | 20                 |
| Maximum number of GPIOs (I/Os)           | 28                                                                                                               | 16                 | 16                 |
| Ext. interrupt pins                      | 27                                                                                                               | 16                 | 16                 |
| Timer CAPCOM channels                    | 7                                                                                                                | 7                  | 7                  |
| Timer complementary outputs              | 3                                                                                                                | 2                  | 2                  |
| A/D converter channels                   | 4                                                                                                                | 5                  | 5                  |
| High sink I/Os                           | 21                                                                                                               | 12                 | 12                 |
| Low density Flash program memory (bytes) | 8K                                                                                                               | 8K                 | 4K                 |
| Data EEPROM (bytes)                      | 640 <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                               | 640 <sup>(1)</sup> | 640 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| RAM (bytes)                              | 1K                                                                                                               | 1K                 | 1K                 |
| Peripheral set                           | Multipurpose timer (TIM1), SPI, I2C, UART window WDG, independent WDG, ADC, PWM timer (TIM2), 8-bit timer (TIM4) |                    |                    |

1. No read-while-write (RWW) capability.

### 3 Block diagram

Figure 1. STM8S103F2/x3 block diagram



## 4 Product overview

The following section provides an overview of the basic features of the device functional modules and peripherals.

For more detailed information please refer to the corresponding family reference manual (RM0016).

### 4.1 Central processing unit STM8

The 8-bit STM8 core is designed for code efficiency and performance.

It contains 6 internal registers which are directly addressable in each execution context, 20 addressing modes including indexed indirect and relative addressing and 80 instructions.

#### Architecture and registers

- Harvard architecture,
- 3-stage pipeline,
- 32-bit wide program memory bus - single cycle fetching for most instructions,
- X and Y 16-bit index registers - enabling indexed addressing modes with or without offset and read-modify-write type data manipulations,
- 8-bit accumulator,
- 24-bit program counter - 16-Mbyte linear memory space,
- 16-bit stack pointer - access to a 64 K-level stack,
- 8-bit condition code register - 7 condition flags for the result of the last instruction.

#### Addressing

- 20 addressing modes,
- Indexed indirect addressing mode for look-up tables located anywhere in the address space,
- Stack pointer relative addressing mode for local variables and parameter passing.

#### Instruction set

- 80 instructions with 2-byte average instruction size,
- Standard data movement and logic/arithmetic functions,
- 8-bit by 8-bit multiplication,
- 16-bit by 8-bit and 16-bit by 16-bit division,
- Bit manipulation,
- Data transfer between stack and accumulator (push/pop) with direct stack access,
- Data transfer using the X and Y registers or direct memory-to-memory transfers.

## 4.2 Single wire interface module (SWIM) and debug module (DM)

The single wire interface module and debug module permits non-intrusive, real-time in-circuit debugging and fast memory programming.

### SWIM

Single wire interface module for direct access to the debug module and memory programming. The interface can be activated in all device operation modes. The maximum data transmission speed is 145 bytes/ms.

### Debug module

The non-intrusive debugging module features a performance close to a full-featured emulator. Beside memory and peripherals, also CPU operation can be monitored in real-time by means of shadow registers.

- R/W to RAM and peripheral registers in real-time
- R/W access to all resources by stalling the CPU
- Breakpoints on all program-memory instructions (software breakpoints)
- Two advanced breakpoints, 23 predefined configurations

## 4.3 Interrupt controller

- Nested interrupts with three software priority levels,
- 32 interrupt vectors with hardware priority,
- Up to 27 external interrupts on 6 vectors including TLI,
- Trap and reset interrupts

## 4.4 Flash program and data EEPROM memory

- 8 Kbyte of Flash program single voltage Flash memory,
- 640 byte true data EEPROM,
- User option byte area.

### Write protection (WP)

Write protection of Flash program memory and data EEPROM is provided to avoid unintentional overwriting of memory that could result from a user software malfunction.

There are two levels of write protection. The first level is known as MASS (memory access security system). MASS is always enabled and protects the main Flash program memory, data EEPROM and option bytes.

To perform in-application programming (IAP), this write protection can be removed by writing a MASS key sequence in a control register. This allows the application to write to data EEPROM, modify the contents of main program memory or the device option bytes.

A second level of write protection, can be enabled to further protect a specific area of memory known as UBC (user boot code). Refer to the figure below.

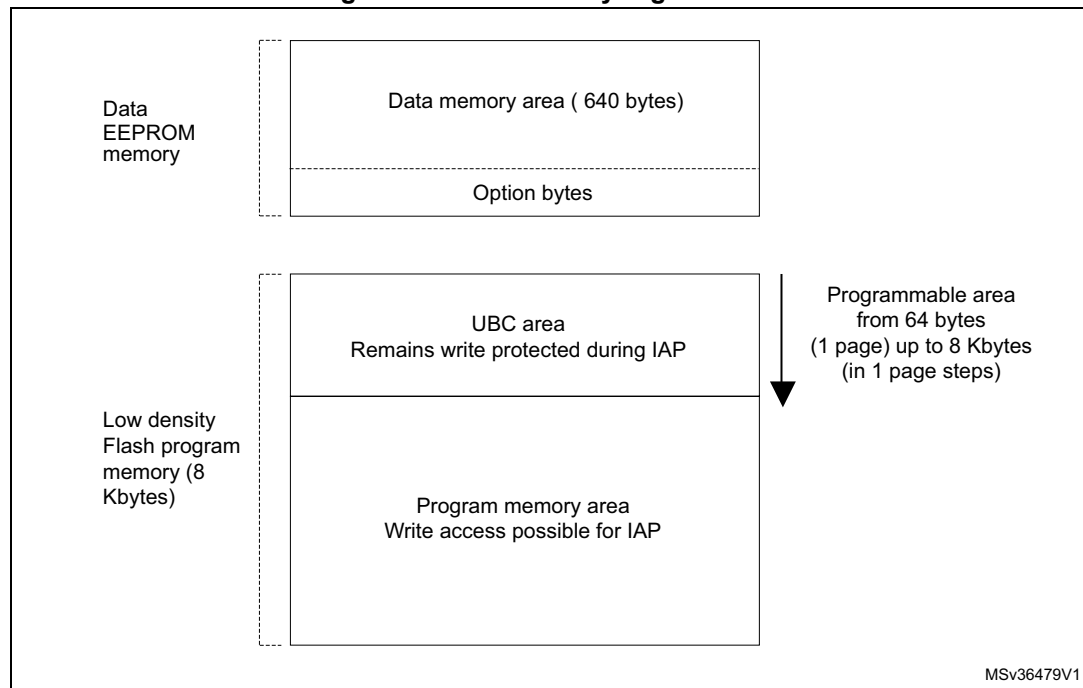
The size of the UBC is programmable through the UBC option byte, in increments of 1 page (64-byte block) by programming the UBC option byte in ICP mode.

This divides the program memory into two areas:

- Main program memory: up to 8 Kbyte minus UBC
- User-specific boot code (UBC): Configurable up to 8 Kbyte

The UBC area remains write-protected during in-application programming. This means that the MASS keys do not unlock the UBC area. It protects the memory used to store the boot program, specific code libraries, reset and interrupt vectors, the reset routine and usually the IAP and communication routines.

**Figure 2. Flash memory organization**



### Read-out protection (ROP)

The read-out protection blocks reading and writing the Flash program memory and data EEPROM memory in ICP mode (and debug mode). Once the read-out protection is activated, any attempt to toggle its status triggers a global erase of the program and data memory. Even if no protection can be considered as totally unbreakable, the feature provides a very high level of protection for a general purpose microcontroller.

## 4.5 Clock controller

The clock controller distributes the system clock (fMASTER) coming from different oscillators to the core and the peripherals. It also manages clock gating for low power modes and ensures clock robustness.

### Features

- **Clock prescaler:** to get the best compromise between speed and current consumption the clock frequency to the CPU and peripherals can be adjusted by a programmable prescaler.
- **Safe clock switching:** clock sources can be changed safely on the fly in run mode through a configuration register. The clock signal is not switched until the new clock source is ready. The design guarantees glitch-free switching.
- **Clock management:** to reduce power consumption, the clock controller can stop the clock to the core, individual peripherals or memory.
- **Master clock sources:** four different clock sources can be used to drive the master clock:
  - 1-16 MHz high-speed external crystal (HSE)
  - Up to 16 MHz high-speed user-external clock (HSE user-ext)
  - 16 MHz high-speed internal RC oscillator (HSI)
  - 128 kHz low-speed internal RC (LSI)
- **Startup clock:** After reset, the microcontroller restarts by default with an internal 2 MHz clock (HSI/8). The prescaler ratio and clock source can be changed by the application program as soon as the code execution starts.
- **Clock security system (CSS):** This feature can be enabled by software. If an HSE clock failure occurs, the internal RC (16 MHz/8) is automatically selected by the CSS and an interrupt can optionally be generated.
- **Configurable main clock output (CCO):** This outputs an external clock for use by the application.

**Table 2. Peripheral clock gating bit assignments in CLK\_PCKENR1/2 registers**

| Bit     | Peripheral clock | Bit     | Peripheral clock | Bit     | Peripheral clock | Bit     | Peripheral clock |
|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| PCKEN17 | TIM1             | PCKEN13 | UART1            | PCKEN27 | Reserved         | PCKEN23 | ADC              |
| PCKEN16 | Reserved         | PCKEN12 | Reserved         | PCKEN26 | Reserved         | PCKEN22 | AWU              |
| PCKEN15 | TIM2             | PCKEN11 | SPI              | PCKEN25 | Reserved         | PCKEN21 | Reserved         |
| PCKEN14 | TIM4             | PCKEN10 | I2C              | PCKEN24 | Reserved         | PCKEN20 | Reserved         |

## 4.6 Power management

For efficient power management, the application can be put in one of four different low-power modes. You can configure each mode to obtain the best compromise between lowest power consumption, fastest start-up time and available wakeup sources.

- **Wait mode:** In this mode, the CPU is stopped, but peripherals are kept running. The wakeup is performed by an internal or external interrupt or reset.
- **Active halt mode with regulator on:** In this mode, the CPU and peripheral clocks are stopped. An internal wakeup is generated at programmable intervals by the auto wake up unit (AWU). The main voltage regulator is kept powered on, so current consumption is higher than in active halt mode with regulator off, but the wakeup time is faster. Wakeup is triggered by the internal AWU interrupt, external interrupt or reset.
- **Active halt mode with regulator off:** This mode is the same as active halt with regulator on, except that the main voltage regulator is powered off, so the wake up time is slower.
- **Halt mode:** In this mode the microcontroller uses the least power. The CPU and peripheral clocks are stopped, the main voltage regulator is powered off. Wakeup is triggered by external event or reset.

## 4.7 Watchdog timers

The watchdog system is based on two independent timers providing maximum security to the applications.

Activation of the watchdog timers is controlled by option bytes or by software. Once activated, the watchdogs cannot be disabled by the user program without performing a reset.

### Window watchdog timer

The window watchdog is used to detect the occurrence of a software fault, usually generated by external interferences or by unexpected logical conditions, which cause the application program to abandon its normal sequence.

The window function can be used to trim the watchdog behavior to match the application perfectly.

The application software must refresh the counter before time-out and during a limited time window.

A reset is generated in two situations:

1. **Timeout:** At 16 MHz CPU clock the time-out period can be adjusted between 75  $\mu$ s up to 64 ms.
2. **Refresh out of window:** The downcounter is refreshed before its value is lower than the one stored in the window register.

### Independent watchdog timer

The independent watchdog peripheral can be used to resolve processor malfunctions due to hardware or software failures.

It is clocked by the 128 kHz LSI internal RC clock source, and thus stays active even in case of a CPU clock failure

The IWDG time base spans from 60  $\mu$ s to 1 s.

## 4.8 Auto wakeup counter

- Used for auto wakeup from active halt mode,
- Clock source: Internal 128 kHz internal low frequency RC oscillator or external clock,
- LSI clock can be internally connected to TIM1 input capture channel 1 for calibration.

## 4.9 Beeper

The beeper function outputs a signal on the BEEP pin for sound generation. The signal is in the range of 1, 2 or 4 kHz.

The beeper output port is only available through the alternate function remap option bit AFR7.

## 4.10 TIM1 - 16-bit advanced control timer

This is a high-end timer designed for a wide range of control applications. With its complementary outputs, dead-time control and center-aligned PWM capability, the field of applications is extended to motor control, lighting and half-bridge driver

- 16-bit up, down and up/down autoreload counter with 16-bit prescaler
- Four independent capture/compare channels (CAPCOM) configurable as input capture, output compare, PWM generation (edge and center aligned mode) and single pulse mode output
- Synchronization module to control the timer with external signals
- Break input to force the timer outputs into a defined state
- Three complementary outputs with adjustable dead time
- Encoder mode
- Interrupt sources: 3 x input capture/output compare, 1 x overflow/update, 1 x break

## 4.11 TIM2 - 16-bit general purpose timer

- 16-bit auto reload (AR) up-counter
- 15-bit prescaler adjustable to fixed power of 2 ratios 1...32768
- 3 individually configurable capture/compare channels
- PWM mode
- Interrupt sources: 3 x input capture/output compare, 1 x overflow/update

## 4.12 TIM4 - 8-bit basic timer

- 8-bit auto reload, adjustable prescaler ratio to any power of 2 from 1 to 128
- Clock source: CPU clock
- Interrupt source: 1 x overflow/update

Table 3. TIM timer features

| Timer | Counter size (bits) | Prescaler                      | Counting mode | CAPCOM channels | Complementary outputs | Ext. trigger | Timer synchronization/ chaining |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| TIM1  | 16                  | Any integer from 1 to 65536    | Up/down       | 4               | 3                     | Yes          | No                              |
| TIM2  | 16                  | Any power of 2 from 1 to 32768 | Up            | 3               | 0                     | No           |                                 |
| TIM4  | 8                   | Any power of 2 from 1 to 128   | Up            | 0               | 0                     | No           |                                 |

## 4.13 Analog-to-digital converter (ADC1)

The STM8S103F2/x3 family products contain a 10-bit successive approximation A/D converter (ADC1) with up to 5 external multiplexed input channels and the following main features:

- Input voltage range: 0 to VDD
- Conversion time: 14 clock cycles
- Single and continuous and buffered continuous conversion modes
- Buffer size (n x 10 bits) where n = number of input channels
- Scan mode for single and continuous conversion of a sequence of channels
- Analog watchdog capability with programmable upper and lower thresholds
- Analog watchdog interrupt
- External trigger input
- Trigger from TIM1 TRGO
- End of conversion (EOC) interrupt

## 4.14 Communication interfaces

The following communication interfaces are implemented:

- UART1: Full feature UART, synchronous mode, SPI master mode, Smartcard mode, IrDA mode, single wire mode, LIN2.1 master capability
- SPI: Full and half-duplex, 8 Mbit/s
- I<sup>2</sup>C: Up to 400 kbit/s

#### 4.14.1 UART1

##### Main features

- 1 Mbit/s full duplex SCI
- SPI emulation
- High precision baud rate generator
- Smartcard emulation
- IrDA SIR encoder decoder
- LIN master mode
- Single wire half duplex mode

##### Asynchronous communication (UART mode)

- Full duplex communication - NRZ standard format (mark/space)
- Programmable transmit and receive baud rates up to 1 Mbit/s ( $f_{CPU}/16$ ) and capable of following any standard baud rate regardless of the input frequency
- Separate enable bits for transmitter and receiver
- Two receiver wakeup modes:
  - Address bit (MSB)
  - Idle line (interrupt)
- Transmission error detection with interrupt generation
- Parity control

##### Synchronous communication

- Full duplex synchronous transfers
- SPI master operation
- 8-bit data communication
- Maximum speed: 1 Mbit/s at 16 MHz ( $f_{CPU}/16$ )

##### LIN master mode

- Emission: Generates 13-bit synch. break frame
- Reception: Detects 11-bit break frame

#### 4.14.2 SPI

- Maximum speed: 8 Mbit/s ( $f_{MASTER}/2$ ) both for master and slave
- Full duplex synchronous transfers
- Simplex synchronous transfers on two lines with a possible bidirectional data line
- Master or slave operation - selectable by hardware or software
- CRC calculation
- 1 byte Tx and Rx buffer
- Slave/master selection input pin

#### 4.14.3 I<sup>2</sup>C

- I<sup>2</sup>C master features:
  - Clock generation
  - Start and stop generation
- I<sup>2</sup>C slave features:
  - Programmable I2C address detection
  - Stop bit detection
- Generation and detection of 7-bit/10-bit addressing and general call
- Supports different communication speeds:
  - Standard speed (up to 100 kHz)
  - Fast speed (up to 400 kHz)

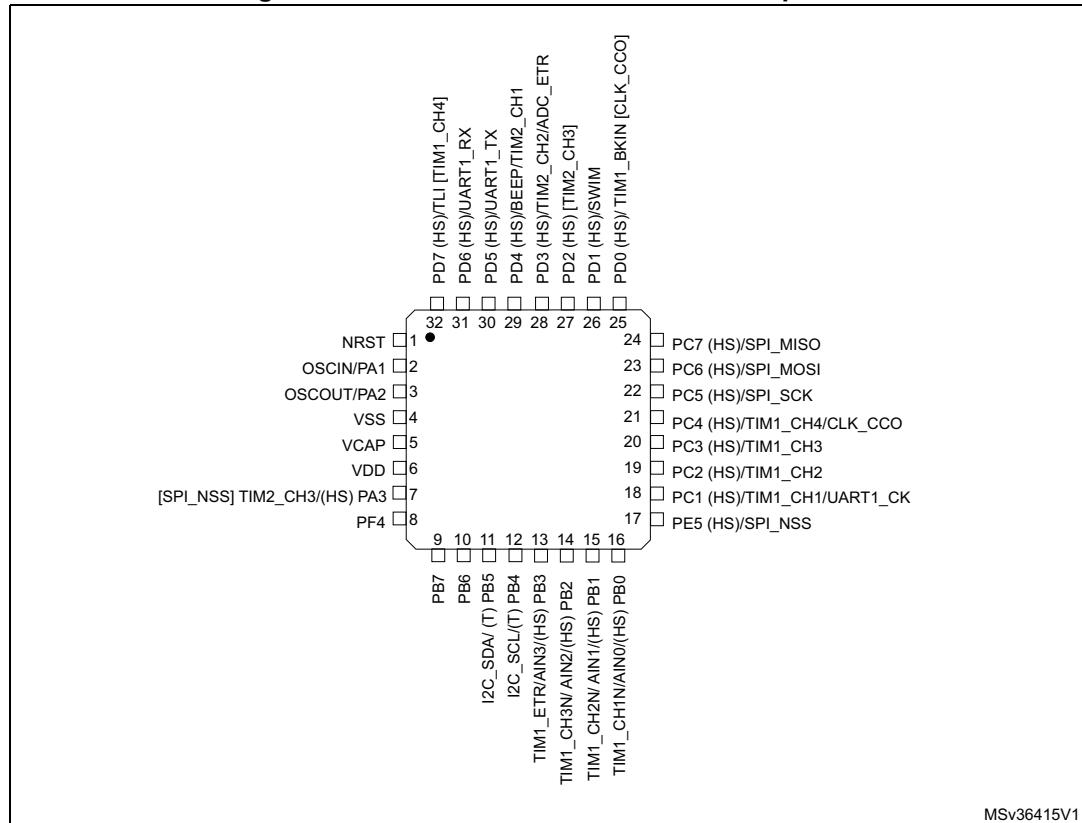
## 5 Pinout and pin description

**Table 4. Legend/abbreviations for pin description tables**

|                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                            |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Type</b>                           | I= Input, O = Output, S = Power supply                                                                                                                                                                |                                                            |
| <b>Level</b>                          | Input                                                                                                                                                                                                 | CM = CMOS                                                  |
|                                       | Output                                                                                                                                                                                                | HS = High sink                                             |
| <b>Output speed</b>                   | O1 = Slow (up to 2 MHz)<br>O2 = Fast (up to 10 MHz)<br>O3 = Fast/slow programmability with slow as default state after reset<br>O4 = Fast/slow programmability with fast as default state after reset |                                                            |
| <b>Port and control configuration</b> | Input                                                                                                                                                                                                 | float = floating,<br>wpu = weak pull-up                    |
|                                       | Output                                                                                                                                                                                                | T = True open drain,<br>OD = Open drain,<br>PP = Push pull |
| <b>Reset state</b>                    | Bold <b>X</b> (pin state after internal reset release).<br>Unless otherwise specified, the pin state is the same during the reset phase and after the internal reset release.                         |                                                            |

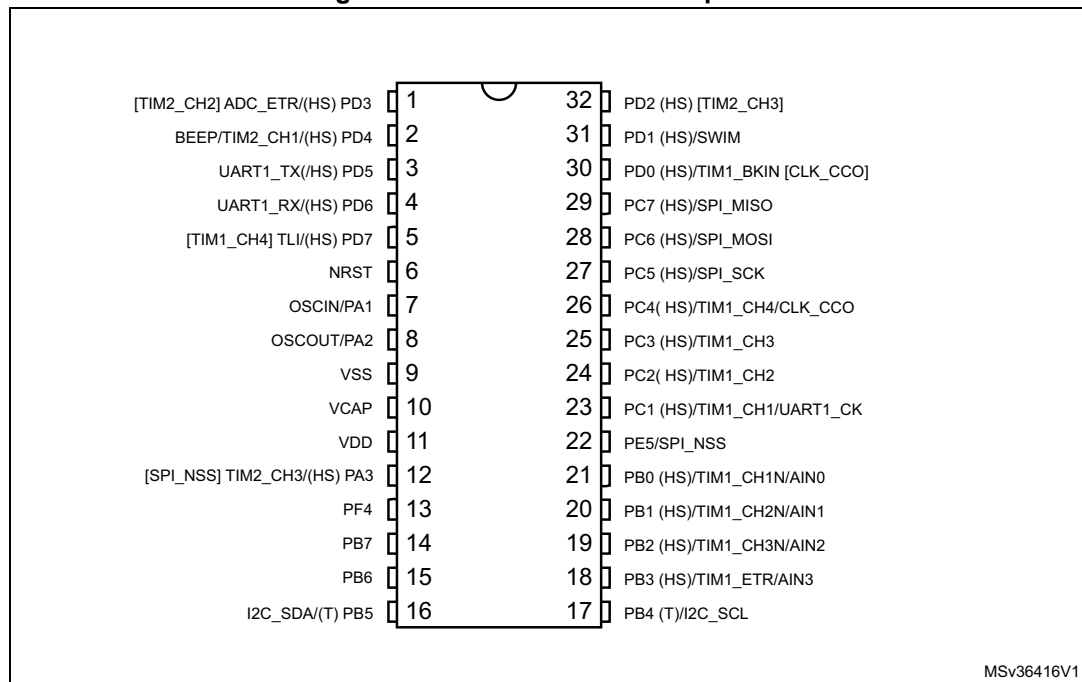
## 5.1 STM8S103K3 UFQFPN32/LQFP32/SDIP32 pinout and pin description

Figure 3. STM8S103K3 UFQFPN32/LQFP32 pinout



1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to  $V_{DD}$  not implemented).
3. [ ] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

Figure 4. STM8S103K3 SDIP32 pinout



1. (HS) high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to  $V_{DD}$  not implemented).
3. [ ] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

Table 5. STM8S103K3 pin descriptions

| SDIP32 | LQFP/ UFQFP32 | Pin name                      | Type | Input    |     |                | Output                   |       |    |    | Main function<br>(after reset) | Default alternate<br>function | Alternate function<br>after remap<br>[option bit] |
|--------|---------------|-------------------------------|------|----------|-----|----------------|--------------------------|-------|----|----|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|        |               |                               |      | floating | wpu | Ext. interrupt | High sink <sup>(1)</sup> | Speed | OD | PP |                                |                               |                                                   |
| 6      | 1             | NRST                          | I/O  | -        | X   | -              | -                        | -     | -  | -  | Reset                          |                               | -                                                 |
| 7      | 2             | PA1/<br>OSCIN <sup>(2)</sup>  | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | -                        | O1    | X  | X  | Port A1                        | Resonator/<br>crystal in      | -                                                 |
| 8      | 3             | PA2/<br>OSCOUT                | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | -                        | O1    | X  | X  | Port A2                        | Resonator/<br>crystal out     | -                                                 |
| 9      | 4             | VSS                           | S    | -        | -   | -              | -                        | -     | -  | -  | Digital ground                 |                               | -                                                 |
| 10     | 5             | VCAP                          | S    | -        | -   | -              | -                        | -     | -  | -  | 1.8 V regulator capacitor      |                               | -                                                 |
| 11     | 6             | VDD                           | S    | -        | -   | -              | -                        | -     | -  | -  | Digital power supply           |                               | -                                                 |
| 12     | 7             | PA3/<br>TIM2_CH3<br>[SPL_NSS] | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port A3                        | Timer 2<br>channel 3          | SPI master/<br>slave select<br>[AFR1]             |
| 13     | 8             | PF4                           | I/O  | X        | X   | -              | -                        | O1    | X  | X  | Port F4                        | -                             | -                                                 |
| 14     | 9             | PB7                           | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | -                        | O1    | X  | X  | Port B7                        | -                             | -                                                 |

Table 5. STM8S103K3 pin descriptions (continued)

| SDIP32 | LQFP/UFQFP32 | Pin name                      | Type | Input    |     |                | Output                   |       |                  |    | Main function<br>(after reset) | Default alternate<br>function                           | Alternate function<br>after remap<br>[option bit] |
|--------|--------------|-------------------------------|------|----------|-----|----------------|--------------------------|-------|------------------|----|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|        |              |                               |      | floating | wpu | Ext. interrupt | High sink <sup>(1)</sup> | Speed | OD               | PP |                                |                                                         |                                                   |
| 15     | 10           | PB6                           | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | -                        | O1    | X                | X  | Port B6                        | -                                                       | -                                                 |
| 16     | 11           | PB5/<br>I2C_SDA               | I/O  | X        | -   | X              | -                        | O1    | T <sup>(3)</sup> | -  | Port B5                        | I2C data                                                | -                                                 |
| 17     | 12           | PB4/<br>I2C_SCL               | I/O  | X        | -   | X              | -                        | O1    | T                | -  | Port B4                        | I2C clock                                               | -                                                 |
| 18     | 13           | PB3/AIN3/<br>TIM1_ETR         | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port B3                        | Analog input<br>3/ Timer 1<br>external<br>trigger       | -                                                 |
| 19     | 14           | PB2/AIN2/<br>TIM1_CH3N        | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port B2                        | Analog input<br>2/ Timer 1 -<br>inverted<br>channel 3   | -                                                 |
| 20     | 15           | PB1/AIN1/<br>TIM1_CH2N        | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port B1                        | Analog input<br>1/ Timer 1 -<br>inverted<br>channel 2   | -                                                 |
| 21     | 16           | PB0/AIN0/<br>TIM1_CH1N        | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port B0                        | Analog input<br>0/ Timer 1 -<br>inverted<br>channel 1   | -                                                 |
| 22     | 17           | PE5/SPI_N<br>SS               | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port E5                        | SPI<br>master/slave<br>select                           | -                                                 |
| 23     | 18           | PC1/<br>TIM1_CH1/<br>UART1_CK | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C1                        | Timer 1 -<br>channel 1<br>UART1 clock                   | -                                                 |
| 24     | 19           | PC2/<br>TIM1_CH2              | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C2                        | Timer 1 -<br>channel 2                                  | -                                                 |
| 25     | 20           | PC3/<br>TIM1_CH3              | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C3                        | Timer 1 -<br>channel 3                                  | -                                                 |
| 26     | 21           | PC4/<br>TIM1_CH4/<br>CLK_CCO  | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C4                        | Timer 1 -<br>channel 4<br>/configurable<br>clock output | -                                                 |
| 27     | 22           | PC5/<br>SPI_SCK               | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C5                        | SPI clock                                               | -                                                 |
| 28     | 23           | PC6/<br>SPI_MOSI              | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C6                        | SPI master<br>out/slave in                              | -                                                 |

Table 5. STM8S103K3 pin descriptions (continued)

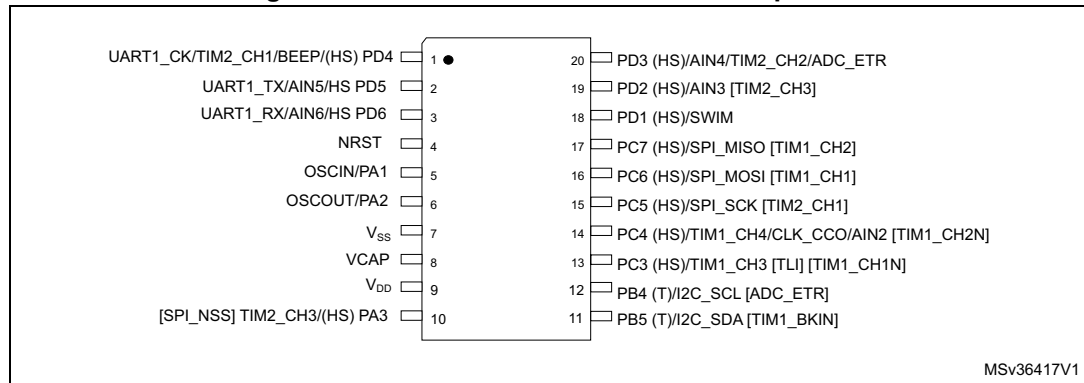
| SDIP32 | LQFP/UFQFP32 | Pin name                       | Type | Input    |     |                | Output                   |       |    |    | Main function<br>(after reset) | Default alternate<br>function                        | Alternate function<br>after remap<br>[option bit] |
|--------|--------------|--------------------------------|------|----------|-----|----------------|--------------------------|-------|----|----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|        |              |                                |      | floating | wpu | Ext. interrupt | High sink <sup>(1)</sup> | Speed | OD | PP |                                |                                                      |                                                   |
| 29     | 24           | PC7/<br>SPI_MISO               | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port C7                        | SPI master in/<br>slave out                          | -                                                 |
| 30     | 25           | PD0/<br>TIM1_BKIN<br>[CLK_CCO] | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D0                        | Timer 1 -<br>break input                             | Configurable<br>clock<br>output<br>[AFR5]         |
| 31     | 26           | PD1/<br>SWIM <sup>(4)</sup>    | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O4    | X  | X  | Port D1                        | SWIM data<br>interface                               | -                                                 |
| 32     | 27           | PD2<br>[TIM2_CH3]              | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D2                        | -                                                    | Timer 2 -<br>channel<br>3[AFR1]                   |
| 1      | 28           | PD3/<br>TIM2_CH2/<br>ADC_ETR   | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D3                        | Timer 2 -<br>channel<br>2/ADC<br>external<br>trigger | -                                                 |
| 2      | 29           | PD4/BEEP/<br>TIM2_CH1          | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D4                        | Timer 2 -<br>channel<br>1/BEEP<br>output             | -                                                 |
| 3      | 30           | PD5/<br>UART1_TX               | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D5                        | UART1 data<br>transmit                               | -                                                 |
| 4      | 31           | PD6/<br>UART1_RX               | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D6                        | UART1 data<br>receive                                | -                                                 |
| 5      | 32           | PD7/ TLI<br>[TIM1_CH4]         | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D7                        | Top level<br>interrupt                               | Timer 1 -<br>channel 4<br>[AFR6]                  |

1. I/O pins used simultaneously for high current source/sink must be uniformly spaced around the package. In addition, the total driven current must respect the absolute maximum ratings (see [Section 10: Electrical characteristics](#)).
2. When the MCU is in Halt/Active-halt mode, PA1 is automatically configured in input weak pull-up and cannot be used for waking up the device. In this mode, the output state of PA1 is not driven. It is recommended to use PA1 only in input mode if Halt/Active-halt is used in the application.
3. In the open-drain output column, "T" defines a true open-drain I/O (P-buffer, weak pull-up, and protection diode to V<sub>DD</sub> are not implemented).
4. The PD1 pin is in input pull-up during the reset phase and after internal reset release.

## 5.2 STM8S103F2/F3 TSSOP20/SO20/UFQFPN20 pinout and pin description

### 5.2.1 STM8S103F2/F3 TSSOP20/SO20 pinout

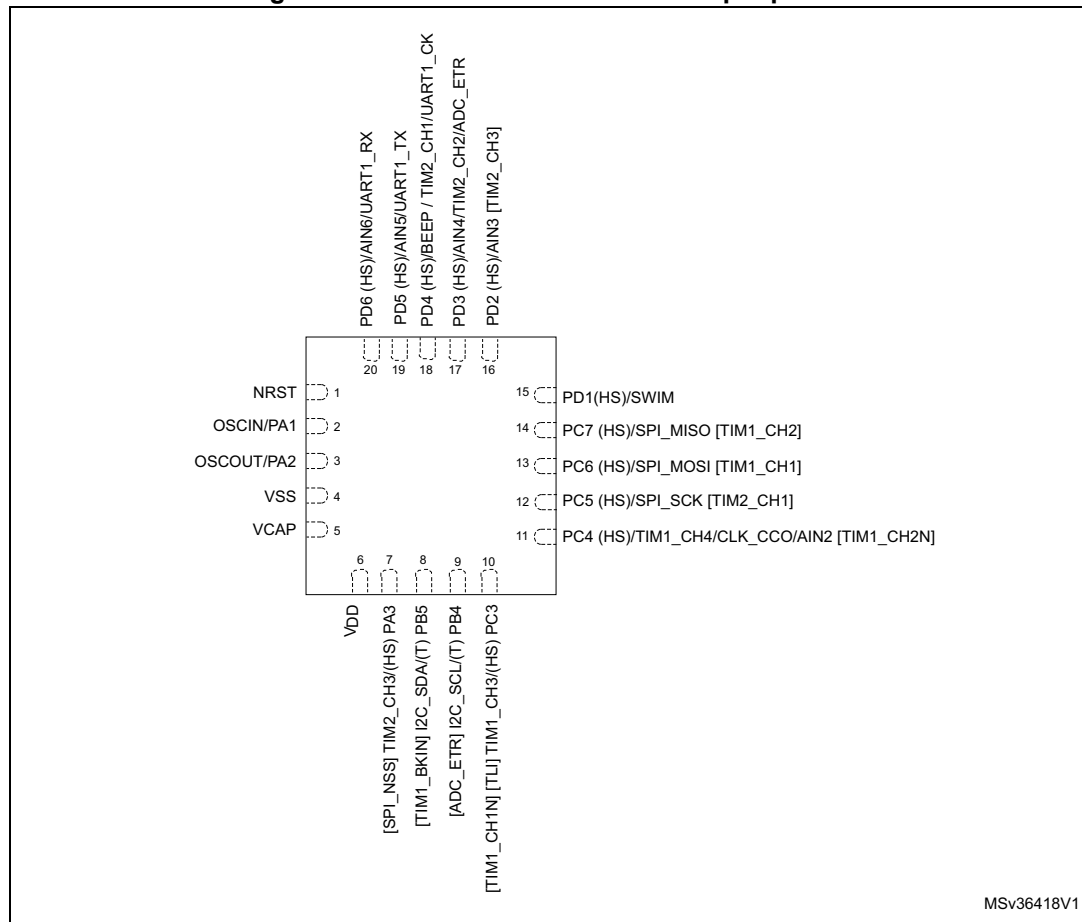
Figure 5. STM8S103F2/F3 TSSOP20/SO20 pinout



1. HS high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to VDD not implemented).
3. [ ] alternate function remapping option (If the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function)

## 5.2.2 STM8S103F2/F3 UFQFPN20 pinout

Figure 6. STM8S103F2/F3 UFQFPN20-pin pinout



1. HS high sink capability.
2. (T) True open drain (P-buffer and protection diode to VDD not implemented).
3. [ ] alternate function remapping option (if the same alternate function is shown twice, it indicates an exclusive choice not a duplication of the function).

Table 6. STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions

| TSSOP/SO20 | UFQFPN20 | Pin name                                  | Type | Input    |     |                | Output                   |       |                  |    | Main function<br>(after reset) | Default alternate<br>function                         | Alternate function<br>after remap<br>[option bit]                                |
|------------|----------|-------------------------------------------|------|----------|-----|----------------|--------------------------|-------|------------------|----|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            |          |                                           |      | floating | wpu | Ext. interrupt | High sink <sup>(1)</sup> | Speed | OD               | PP |                                |                                                       |                                                                                  |
| 1          | 18       | PD4/ BEEP/<br>TIM2_CH1/<br>UART1_CK       | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port D4                        | Timer 2 -<br>channel<br>1/BEEP output/<br>UART1 clock | -                                                                                |
| 2          | 19       | PD5/ AIN5/<br>UART1_TX                    | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port D5                        | Analog input 5/<br>UART1 data<br>transmit             | -                                                                                |
| 3          | 20       | PD6/ AIN6/<br>UART1_RX                    | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port D6                        | Analog input 6/<br>UART1 data<br>receive              | -                                                                                |
| 4          | 1        | NRST                                      | I/O  | -        | X   | -              | -                        | -     | -                | -  | Reset                          |                                                       | -                                                                                |
| 5          | 2        | PA1/<br>OSCIN <sup>(2)</sup>              | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | -                        | O1    | X                | X  | Port A1                        | Resonator/<br>crystal in                              | -                                                                                |
| 6          | 3        | PA2/<br>OSCON                             | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | -                        | O1    | X                | X  | Port A2                        | Resonator/<br>crystal out                             | -                                                                                |
| 7          | 4        | VSS                                       | S    | -        | -   | -              | -                        | -     | -                | -  | Digital ground                 |                                                       | -                                                                                |
| 8          | 5        | VCAP                                      | S    | -        | -   | -              | -                        | -     | -                | -  | 1.8 V regulator capacitor      |                                                       | -                                                                                |
| 9          | 6        | VDD                                       | S    | -        | -   | -              | -                        | -     | -                | -  | Digital power supply           |                                                       | -                                                                                |
| 10         | 7        | PA3/ TIM2_<br>CH3 [SPI_<br>NSS]           | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port A3                        | Timer 2<br>channel 3                                  | SPI master/<br>slave select<br>[AFR1]                                            |
| 11         | 8        | PB5/ I2C_<br>SDA [TIM1_<br>BKIN]          | I/O  | X        | -   | -              | X                        | O1    | T <sup>(3)</sup> | -  | Port B5                        | I2C data                                              | Timer 1 -<br>break input<br>[AFR4]                                               |
| 12         | 9        | PB4/ I2C_<br>SCL                          | I/O  | X        | -   | -              | X                        | O1    | T <sup>(3)</sup> | -  | Port B4                        | I2C clock                                             | ADC<br>external<br>trigger<br>[AFR4]                                             |
| 13         | 10       | PC3/<br>TIM1_CH3<br>[TLI] [TIM1_<br>CH1N] | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X                | X  | Port C3                        | Timer 1 -<br>channel 3                                | Top level<br>interrupt<br>[AFR3]<br>Timer 1 -<br>inverted<br>channel 1<br>[AFR7] |

Table 6. STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions (continued)

| TSSOP/SO20 | UFQFPN20 | Pin name                                                  | Type | Input    |     |                | Output                   |       |    |    | Main function<br>(after reset) | Default alternate<br>function                                               | Alternate function<br>after remap<br>[option bit] |
|------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------|----------|-----|----------------|--------------------------|-------|----|----|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|            |          |                                                           |      | floating | wpu | Ext. interrupt | High sink <sup>(1)</sup> | Speed | OD | PP |                                |                                                                             |                                                   |
| 14         | 11       | PC4/<br>CLK_CCO/<br>TIM1_<br>CH4/AIN2/[<br>TIM1_<br>CH2N] | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port C4                        | Configurable<br>clock<br>output/Timer 1<br>- channel<br>4/Analog input<br>2 | Timer 1 -<br>inverted<br>channel 2<br>[AFR7]      |
| 15         | 12       | PC5/<br>SPI_SCK<br>[TIM2_ CH1]                            | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port C5                        | SPI clock                                                                   | Timer 2 -<br>channel 1<br>[AFR0]                  |
| 16         | 13       | PC6/<br>SPI_MOSI<br>[TIM1_ CH1]                           | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port C6                        | SPI master<br>out/slave in                                                  | Timer 1 -<br>channel 1<br>[AFR0]                  |
| 17         | 14       | PC7/<br>SPI_MISO<br>[TIM1_ CH2]                           | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port C7                        | SPI master in/<br>slave out                                                 | Timer 1 -<br>channel 2<br>[AFR0]                  |
| 18         | 15       | PD1/ SWIM                                                 | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O4    | X  | X  | Port D1                        | SWIM data<br>interface                                                      | -                                                 |
| 19         | 16       | PD2/AIN3/[T<br>IM2_ CH3]                                  | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D2                        | Analog input 3                                                              | Timer 2 -<br>channel 3<br>[AFR1]                  |
| 20         | 17       | PD3/ AIN4/<br>TIM2_ CH2/<br>ADC_ ETR                      | I/O  | X        | X   | X              | HS                       | O3    | X  | X  | Port D3                        | Analog input 4/<br>Timer 2 -<br>channel 2/ADC<br>external trigger           | -                                                 |

1. I/O pins used simultaneously for high current source/sink must be uniformly spaced around the package. In addition, the total driven current must respect the absolute maximum ratings.
2. When the MCU is in halt/active-halt mode, PA1 is automatically configured in input weak pull-up and cannot be used for waking up the device. In this mode, the output state of PA1 is not driven. It is recommended to use PA1 only in input mode if halt/active-halt is used in the application.
3. In the open-drain output column, "T" defines a true open-drain I/O (P-buffer, weak pull-up, and protection diode to VDD are not implemented).<sup>1</sup>

### 5.3 Alternate function remapping

As shown in the rightmost column of the pin description table, some alternate functions can be remapped at different I/O ports by programming one of eight AFR (alternate function remap) option bits. When the remapping option is active, the default alternate function is no longer available.

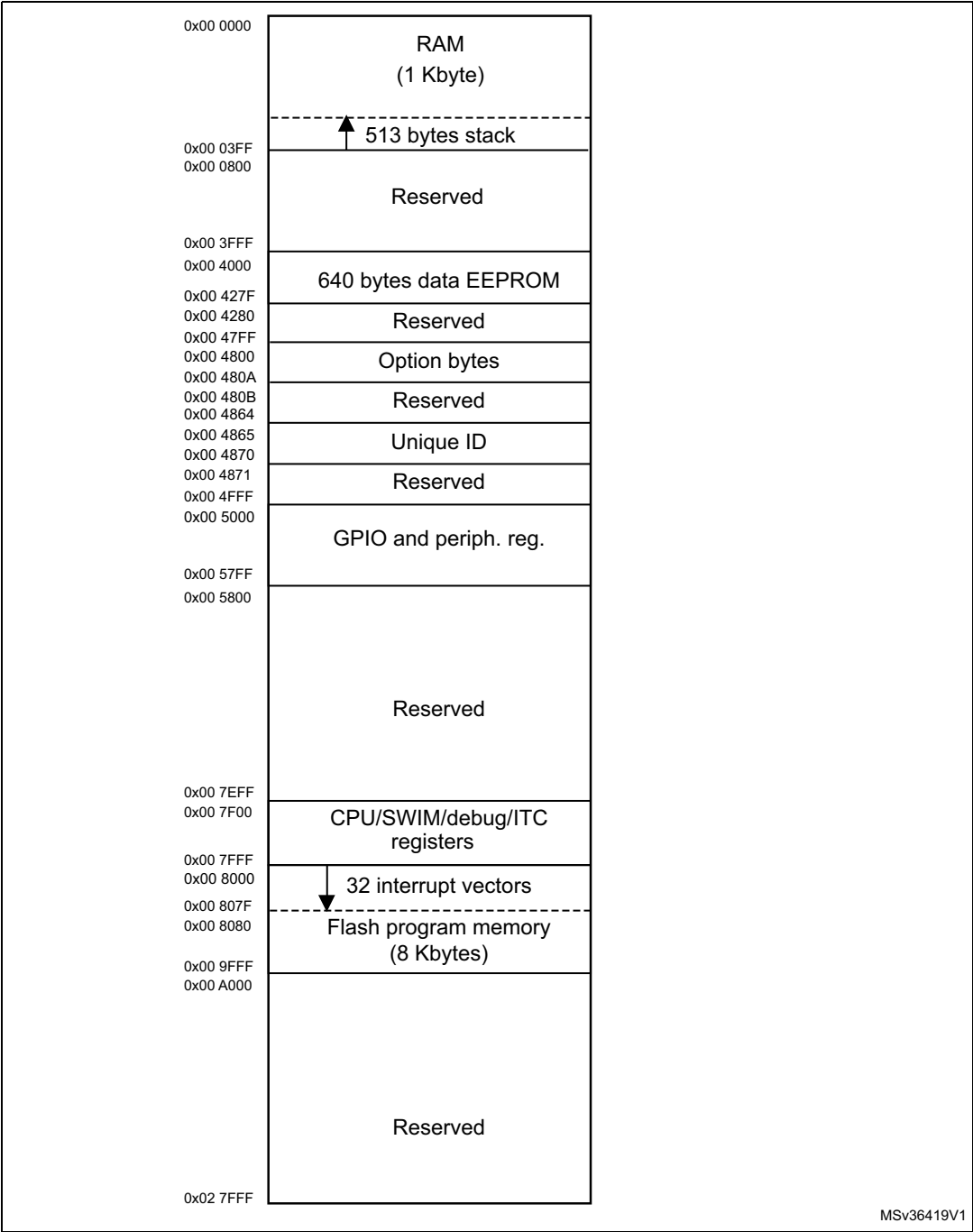
To use an alternate function, the corresponding peripheral must be enabled in the peripheral registers.

Alternate function remapping does not effect GPIO capabilities of the I/O ports (see the GPIO section of the family reference manual, RM0016).

6 Memory and register map

6.1 Memory map

Figure 7. Memory map



## 6.2 Register map

### 6.2.1 I/O port hardware register map

Table 7. I/O port hardware register map

| Address   | Block  | Register label | Register name                     | Reset status        |
|-----------|--------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 0x00 5000 | Port A | PA_ODR         | Port A data output latch register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5001 |        | PA_IDR         | Port A input pin value register   | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 5002 |        | PA_DDR         | Port A data direction register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5003 |        | PA_CR1         | Port A control register 1         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5004 |        | PA_CR2         | Port A control register 2         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5005 | Port B | PB_ODR         | Port B data output latch register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5006 |        | PB_IDR         | Port B input pin value register   | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 5007 |        | PB_DDR         | Port B data direction register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5008 |        | PB_CR1         | Port B control register 1         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5009 |        | PB_CR2         | Port B control register 2         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 500A | Port C | PC_ODR         | Port C data output latch register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 500B |        | PC_IDR         | Port C input pin value register   | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 500C |        | PC_DDR         | Port C data direction register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 500D |        | PC_CR1         | Port C control register 1         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 500E |        | PC_CR2         | Port C control register 2         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 500F | Port D | PD_ODR         | Port D data output latch register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5010 |        | PD_IDR         | Port D input pin value register   | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 5011 |        | PD_DDR         | Port D data direction register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5012 |        | PD_CR1         | Port D control register 1         | 0x02                |
| 0x00 5013 |        | PD_CR2         | Port D control register 2         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5014 | Port E | PE_ODR         | Port E data output latch register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5015 |        | PE_IDR         | Port E input pin value register   | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 5016 |        | PE_DDR         | Port E data direction register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5017 |        | PE_CR1         | Port E control register 1         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5018 |        | PE_CR2         | Port E control register 2         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5019 | Port F | PF_ODR         | Port F data output latch register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 501A |        | PF_IDR         | Port F input pin value register   | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 501B |        | PF_DDR         | Port F data direction register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 501C |        | PF_CR1         | Port F control register 1         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 501D |        | PF_CR2         | Port F control register 2         | 0x00                |

1. Depends on the external circuitry.

## 6.2.2 General hardware register map

Table 8. General hardware register map

| Address                | Block                   | Register label | Register name                                    | Reset status        |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 0x00 501E to 0x00 5059 | Reserved area (60 byte) |                |                                                  |                     |
| 0x00 505A              | Flash                   | FLASH_CR1      | Flash control register 1                         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 505B              |                         | FLASH_CR2      | Flash control register 2                         | 0x00                |
| 0x00 505C              |                         | FLASH_NCR2     | Flash complementary control register 2           | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 505D              |                         | FLASH_FPR      | Flash protection register                        | 0x00                |
| 0x00 505E              |                         | FLASH_NFPR     | Flash complementary protection register          | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 505F              |                         | FLASH_IAPSR    | Flash in-application programming status register | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5060 to 0x00 5061 | Reserved area (2 byte)  |                |                                                  |                     |
| 0x00 5062              | Flash                   | FLASH_PUKR     | Flash program memory unprotection register       | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5063              | Reserved area (1 byte)  |                |                                                  |                     |
| 0x00 5064              | Flash                   | FLASH_DUKR     | Data EEPROM unprotection register                | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5065 to 0x00 509F | Reserved area (59 byte) |                |                                                  |                     |
| 0x00 50A0              | ITC                     | EXTI_CR1       | External interrupt control register 1            | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50A1              |                         | EXTI_CR2       | External interrupt control register 2            | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50A2 to 0x00 50B2 | Reserved area (17 byte) |                |                                                  |                     |
| 0x00 50B3              | RST                     | RST_SR         | Reset status register                            | 0xFF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 0x00 50B4 to 0x00 50BF | Reserved area (12 byte) |                |                                                  |                     |
| 0x00 50C0              | CLK                     | CLK_IICKR      | Internal clock control register                  | 0x01                |
| 0x00 50C1              |                         | CLK_EICKR      | External clock control register                  | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50C2              | Reserved area (1 byte)  |                |                                                  |                     |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address                | Block                   | Register label | Register name                              | Reset status        |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 0x00 50C3              | CLK                     | CLK_CMSR       | Clock master status register               | 0xE1                |
| 0x00 50C4              |                         | CLK_SWR        | Clock master switch register               | 0xE1                |
| 0x00 50C5              |                         | CLK_SWCR       | Clock switch control register              | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 50C6              |                         | CLK_CKDIVR     | Clock divider register                     | 0x18                |
| 0x00 50C7              |                         | CLK_PCKENR1    | Peripheral clock gating register 1         | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 50C8              |                         | CLK_CSSR       | Clock security system register             | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50C9              |                         | CLK_CCOR       | Configurable clock control register        | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50CA              |                         | CLK_PCKENR2    | Peripheral clock gating register 2         | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 50CC              |                         | CLK_HSITRIMR   | HSI clock calibration trimming register    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50CD              |                         | CLK_SWIMCCR    | SWIM clock control register                | 0bXXXX XXX0         |
| 0x00 50CE to 0x00 50D0 | Reserved area (3 byte)  |                |                                            |                     |
| 0x00 50D1              | WWDG                    | WWDG_CR        | WWDG control register                      | 0x7F                |
| 0x00 50D2              |                         | WWDG_WR        | WWDG window register                       | 0x7F                |
| 0x00 50D3 to 00 50DF   | Reserved area (13 byte) |                |                                            |                     |
| 0x00 50E0              | IWDG                    | IWDG_KR        | IWDG key register                          | 0xFF <sup>(2)</sup> |
| 0x00 50E1              |                         | IWDG_PR        | IWDG prescaler register                    | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50E2              |                         | IWDG_RLR       | IWDG reload register                       | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 50E3 to 0x00 50EF | Reserved area (13 byte) |                |                                            |                     |
| 0x00 50F0              | AWU                     | AWU_CSR1       | AWU control/status register 1              | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50F1              |                         | AWU_APR        | AWU asynchronous prescaler buffer register | 0x3F                |
| 0x00 50F2              |                         | AWU_TBR        | AWU timebase selection register            | 0x00                |
| 0x00 50F3              | BEEP                    | BEEP_CSR       | BEEP control/status register               | 0x1F                |
| 0x00 50F4 to 0x00 50FF | Reserved area (12 byte) |                |                                            |                     |
| 0x00 5200              | SPI                     | SPI_CR1        | SPI control register 1                     | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5201              |                         | SPI_CR2        | SPI control register 2                     | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5202              |                         | SPI_ICR        | SPI interrupt control register             | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5203              |                         | SPI_SR         | SPI status register                        | 0x02                |
| 0x00 5204              |                         | SPI_DR         | SPI data register                          | 0x00                |
| 0x00 5205              |                         | SPI_CRCPR      | SPI CRC polynomial register                | 0x07                |
| 0x00 5206              |                         | SPI_RXCRCR     | SPI Rx CRC register                        | 0xFF                |
| 0x00 5207              |                         | SPI_TXCRCR     | SPI Tx CRC register                        | 0xFF                |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address                | Block                   | Register label | Register name                      | Reset status |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 5208 to 0x00 520F | Reserved area (8 byte)  |                |                                    |              |
| 0x00 5210              | I2C                     | I2C_CR1        | I2C control register 1             | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5211              |                         | I2C_CR2        | I2C control register 2             | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5212              |                         | I2C_FREQR      | I2C frequency register             | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5213              |                         | I2C_OARL       | I2C Own address register low       | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5214              |                         | I2C_OARH       | I2C Own address register high      | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5215              |                         | Reserved       |                                    |              |
| 0x00 5216              |                         | I2C_DR         | I2C data register                  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5217              |                         | I2C_SR1        | I2C status register 1              | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5218              |                         | I2C_SR2        | I2C status register 2              | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5219              |                         | I2C_SR3        | I2C status register 3              | 0x0X         |
| 0x00 521A              |                         | I2C_ITR        | I2C interrupt control register     | 0x00         |
| 0x00 521B              |                         | I2C_CCRL       | I2C Clock control register low     | 0x00         |
| 0x00 521C              |                         | I2C_CCRH       | I2C Clock control register high    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 521D              |                         | I2C_TRISER     | I2C TRISE register                 | 0x02         |
| 0x00 521E              |                         | I2C_PECR       | I2C packet error checking register | 0x00         |
| 0x00 521F to 0x00 522F | Reserved area (17 byte) |                |                                    |              |
| 0x00 5230              | UART1                   | UART1_SR       | UART1 status register              | 0xC0         |
| 0x00 5231              |                         | UART1_DR       | UART1 data register                | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5232              |                         | UART1_BRR1     | UART1 baud rate register 1         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5233              |                         | UART1_BRR2     | UART1 baud rate register 2         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5234              |                         | UART1_CR1      | UART1 control register 1           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5235              |                         | UART1_CR2      | UART1 control register 2           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5236              |                         | UART1_CR3      | UART1 control register 3           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5237              |                         | UART1_CR4      | UART1 control register 4           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5238              |                         | UART1_CR5      | UART1 control register 5           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5239              |                         | UART1_GTR      | UART1 guard time register          | 0x00         |
| 0x00 523A              |                         | UART1_PSCR     | UART1 prescaler register           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 523B to 0x00 523F | Reserved area (21 byte) |                |                                    |              |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address   | Block | Register label | Register name                          | Reset status |
|-----------|-------|----------------|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 5250 | TIM1  | TIM1_CR1       | TIM1 control register 1                | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5251 |       | TIM1_CR2       | TIM1 control register 2                | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5252 |       | TIM1_SMCR      | TIM1 slave mode control register       | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5253 |       | TIM1_ETR       | TIM1 external trigger register         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5254 |       | TIM1_IER       | TIM1 interrupt enable register         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5255 |       | TIM1_SR1       | TIM1 status register 1                 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5256 |       | TIM1_SR2       | TIM1 status register 2                 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5257 |       | TIM1_EGR       | TIM1 event generation register         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5258 |       | TIM1_CCMR1     | TIM1 capture/compare mode register 1   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5259 |       | TIM1_CCMR2     | TIM1 capture/compare mode register 2   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 525A |       | TIM1_CCMR3     | TIM1 capture/compare mode register 3   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 525B |       | TIM1_CCMR4     | TIM1 capture/compare mode register 4   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 525C |       | TIM1_CCER1     | TIM1 capture/compare enable register 1 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 525D |       | TIM1_CCER2     | TIM1 capture/compare enable register 2 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 525E |       | TIM1_CNTRH     | TIM1 counter high                      | 0x00         |
| 0x00 525F |       | TIM1_CNTRL     | TIM1 counter low                       | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5260 |       | TIM1_PSCRH     | TIM1 prescaler register high           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5261 |       | TIM1_PSCRL     | TIM1 prescaler register low            | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5262 |       | TIM1_ARRH      | TIM1 auto-reload register high         | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5263 |       | TIM1_ARRL      | TIM1 auto-reload register low          | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5264 |       | TIM1_RCR       | TIM1 repetition counter register       | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5265 |       | TIM1_CCR1H     | TIM1 capture/compare register 1 high   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5266 |       | TIM1_CCR1L     | TIM1 capture/compare register 1 low    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5267 |       | TIM1_CCR2H     | TIM1 capture/compare register 2 high   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5268 |       | TIM1_CCR2L     | TIM1 capture/compare register 2 low    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5269 |       | TIM1_CCR3H     | TIM1 capture/compare register 3 high   | 0x00         |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address                | Block                    | Register label | Register name                        | Reset status |
|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 526A              | TIM1                     | TIM1_CCR3L     | TIM1 capture/compare register 3 low  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 526B              |                          | TIM1_CCR4H     | TIM1 capture/compare register 4 high | 0x00         |
| 0x00 526C              |                          | TIM1_CCR4L     | TIM1 capture/compare register 4 low  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 526D              |                          | TIM1_BKR       | TIM1 break register                  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 526E              |                          | TIM1_DTR       | TIM1 dead-time register              | 0x00         |
| 0x00 526F              |                          | TIM1_OISR      | TIM1 output idle state register      | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5270 to 0x00 52FF | Reserved area (147 byte) |                |                                      |              |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address                | Block                   | Register label | Register name                          | Reset status |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 5300              | TIM2                    | TIM2_CR1       | TIM2 control register 1                | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5301              |                         | Reserved       |                                        |              |
| 0x00 5302              |                         | Reserved       |                                        |              |
| 0x00 5303              |                         | TIM2_IER       | TIM2 Interrupt enable register         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5304              |                         | TIM2_SR1       | TIM2 status register 1                 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5305              |                         | TIM2_SR2       | TIM2 status register 2                 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5306              |                         | TIM2_EGR       | TIM2 event generation register         | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5307              |                         | TIM2_CCMR1     | TIM2 capture/compare mode register 1   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5308              |                         | TIM2_CCMR2     | TIM2 capture/compare mode register 2   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5309              |                         | TIM2_CCMR3     | TIM2 capture/compare mode register 3   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 530A              |                         | TIM2_CCER1     | TIM2 capture/compare enable register 1 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 530B              |                         | TIM2_CCER2     | TIM2 capture/compare enable register 2 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 530C              |                         | TIM2_CNTRH     | TIM2 counter high                      | 0x00         |
| 0x00 530D              |                         | TIM2_CNTRL     | TIM2 counter low                       | 0x00         |
| 0x00 530E              |                         | TIM2_PSCR      | TIM2 prescaler register                | 0x00         |
| 0x00 530F              |                         | TIM2_ARRH      | TIM2 auto-reload register high         | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5310              |                         | TIM2_ARRL      | TIM2 auto-reload register low          | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5311              |                         | TIM2_CCR1H     | TIM2 capture/compare register 1 high   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5312              |                         | TIM2_CCR1L     | TIM2 capture/compare register 1 low    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5313              |                         | TIM2_CCR2H     | TIM2 capture/compare reg. 2 high       | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5314              |                         | TIM2_CCR2L     | TIM2 capture/compare register 2 low    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5315              |                         | TIM2_CCR3H     | TIM2 capture/compare register 3 high   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5316              |                         | TIM2_CCR3L     | TIM2 capture/compare register 3 low    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5317 to 0x00 533F | Reserved area (43 byte) |                |                                        |              |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address                | Block                   | Register label           | Register name                  | Reset status |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 5340              | TIM4                    | TIM4_CR1                 | TIM4 control register 1        | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5341              |                         | Reserved                 |                                |              |
| 0x00 5342              |                         | Reserved                 |                                |              |
| 0x00 5343              |                         | TIM4_IER                 | TIM4 interrupt enable register | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5344              |                         | TIM4_SR                  | TIM4 status register           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5345              |                         | TIM4_EGR                 | TIM4 event generation register | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5346              |                         | TIM4_CNTR                | TIM4 counter                   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5347              |                         | TIM4_PSCR                | TIM4 prescaler register        | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5348              |                         | TIM4_ARR                 | TIM4 auto-reload register      | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5349 to 0x00 53DF |                         | Reserved area (153 byte) |                                |              |
| 0x00 53E0 to 0x00 53F3 | ADC1                    | ADC_DBxR                 | ADC data buffer registers      | 0x00         |
| 0x00 53F4 to 0x00 53FF | Reserved area (12 byte) |                          |                                |              |

Table 8. General hardware register map (continued)

| Address                | Block                     | Register label | Register name                             | Reset status |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 5400              | ADC1<br>cont'd            | ADC_CSR        | ADC control/status register               | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5401              |                           | ADC_CR1        | ADC configuration register 1              | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5402              |                           | ADC_CR2        | ADC configuration register 2              | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5403              |                           | ADC_CR3        | ADC configuration register 3              | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5404              |                           | ADC_DRH        | ADC data register high                    | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5405              |                           | ADC_DRL        | ADC data register low                     | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 5406              |                           | ADC_TDRH       | ADC Schmitt trigger disable register high | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5407              |                           | ADC_TDRL       | ADC Schmitt trigger disable register low  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5408              |                           | ADC_HTRH       | ADC high threshold register high          | 0x03         |
| 0x00 5409              |                           | ADC_HTRL       | ADC high threshold register low           | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 540A              |                           | ADC_LTRH       | ADC low threshold register high           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 540B              |                           | ADC_LTRL       | ADC low threshold register low            | 0x00         |
| 0x00 540C              |                           | ADC_AWSRH      | ADC analog watchdog status register high  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 540D              |                           | ADC_AWSRL      | ADC analog watchdog status register low   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 540E              |                           | ADC_AWCRH      | ADC analog watchdog control register high | 0x00         |
| 0x00 540F              |                           | ADC_AWCRL      | ADC analog watchdog control register low  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 5410 to 0x00 57FF | Reserved area (1008 byte) |                |                                           |              |

1. Depends on the previous reset source.
2. Write-only register.

## 6.2.3 CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers

Table 9. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers

| Address                | Block                   | Register label | Register name                          | Reset status |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 7F00              | CPU <sup>(1)</sup>      | A              | Accumulator                            | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F01              |                         | PCE            | Program counter extended               | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F02              |                         | PCH            | Program counter high                   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F03              |                         | PCL            | Program counter low                    | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F04              |                         | XH             | X index register high                  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F05              |                         | XL             | X index register low                   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F06              |                         | YH             | Y index register high                  | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F07              |                         | YL             | Y index register low                   | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F08              |                         | SPH            | Stack pointer high                     | 0x03         |
| 0x00 7F09              |                         | SPL            | Stack pointer low                      | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F0A              |                         | CCR            | Condition code register                | 0x28         |
| 0x00 7F0B to 0x00 7F5F | Reserved area (85 byte) |                |                                        |              |
| 0x00 7F60              | CPU                     | CFG_GCR        | Global configuration register          | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F70              | ITC                     | ITC_SPR1       | Interrupt software priority register 1 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F71              |                         | ITC_SPR2       | Interrupt software priority register 2 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F72              |                         | ITC_SPR3       | Interrupt software priority register 3 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F73              |                         | ITC_SPR4       | Interrupt software priority register 4 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F74              |                         | ITC_SPR5       | Interrupt software priority register 5 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F75              |                         | ITC_SPR6       | Interrupt software priority register 6 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F76              |                         | ITC_SPR7       | Interrupt software priority register 7 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F77              |                         | ITC_SPR8       | Interrupt software priority register 8 | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F78 to 0x00 7F79 | Reserved area (2 byte)  |                |                                        |              |
| 0x00 7F80              | SWIM                    | SWIM_CSR       | SWIM control status register           | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F81 to 0x00 7F8F | Reserved area (15 byte) |                |                                        |              |

Table 9. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers (continued)

| Address                | Block                  | Register label | Register name                             | Reset status |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 7F90              | DM                     | DM_BK1RE       | DM breakpoint 1 register extended byte    | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F91              |                        | DM_BK1RH       | DM breakpoint 1 register high byte        | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F92              |                        | DM_BK1RL       | DM breakpoint 1 register low byte         | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F93              |                        | DM_BK2RE       | DM breakpoint 2 register extended byte    | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F94              |                        | DM_BK2RH       | DM breakpoint 2 register high byte        | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F95              |                        | DM_BK2RL       | DM breakpoint 2 register low byte         | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F96              |                        | DM_CR1         | DM debug module control register 1        | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F97              |                        | DM_CR2         | DM debug module control register 2        | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F98              |                        | DM_CSR1        | DM debug module control/status register 1 | 0x10         |
| 0x00 7F99              |                        | DM_CSR2        | DM debug module control/status register 2 | 0x00         |
| 0x00 7F9A              |                        | DM_ENFCTR      | DM enable function register               | 0xFF         |
| 0x00 7F9B to 0x00 7F9F | Reserved area (5 byte) |                |                                           |              |

1. Accessible by debug module only.

## 7 Interrupt vector mapping

Table 10. Interrupt mapping

| IRQ no. | Source block | Description                                               | Wakeup from halt mode | Wakeup from active-halt mode | Vector address |
|---------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| -       | RESET        | Reset                                                     | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 8000      |
| -       | TRAP         | Software interrupt                                        | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8004      |
| 0       | TLI          | External top level interrupt                              | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8008      |
| 1       | AWU          | Auto wake up from halt                                    | -                     | Yes                          | 0x00 800C      |
| 2       | CLK          | Clock controller                                          | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8010      |
| 3       | EXTI0        | Port A external interrupts                                | Yes <sup>(1)</sup>    | Yes <sup>(1)</sup>           | 0x00 8014      |
| 4       | EXTI1        | Port B external interrupts                                | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 8018      |
| 5       | EXTI2        | Port C external interrupts                                | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 801C      |
| 6       | EXTI3        | Port D external interrupts                                | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 8020      |
| 7       | EXTI4        | Port E external interrupts                                | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 8024      |
| 8       | Reserved     | -                                                         | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8028      |
| 9       | Reserved     | -                                                         | -                     | -                            | 0x00 802C      |
| 10      | SPI          | End of transfer                                           | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 8030      |
| 11      | TIM1         | TIM1 update/<br>overflow/<br>underflow/ trigger/<br>break | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8034      |
| 12      | TIM1         | TIM1 capture/<br>compare                                  | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8038      |
| 13      | TIM2         | TIM2 update/<br>overflow                                  | -                     | -                            | 0x00 803C      |
| 14      | TIM2         | TIM2 capture/<br>compare                                  | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8040      |
| 15      | Reserved     | -                                                         | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8044      |
| 16      | Reserved     | -                                                         | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8048      |
| 17      | UART1        | Tx complete                                               | -                     | -                            | 0x00 804C      |
| 18      | UART1        | Receive register<br>DATA FULL                             | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8050      |
| 19      | I2C          | I2C interrupt                                             | Yes                   | Yes                          | 0x00 8054      |
| 20      | Reserved     | -                                                         | -                     | -                            | 0x00 8058      |

Table 10. Interrupt mapping (continued)

| IRQ no.  | Source block | Description                                             | Wakeup from<br>halt mode | Wakeup from<br>active-halt mode | Vector address            |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 21       | Reserved     | -                                                       | -                        | -                               | 0x00 805C                 |
| 22       | ADC1         | ADC1 end of<br>conversion/ analog<br>watchdog interrupt | -                        | -                               | 0x00 8060                 |
| 23       | TIM4         | TIM4 update/<br>overflow                                | -                        | -                               | 0x00 8064                 |
| 24       | Flash        | EOP/WR_PG_DIS                                           | -                        | -                               | 0x00 8068                 |
| Reserved |              |                                                         |                          |                                 | 0x00 806C to<br>0x00 807C |

1. Except PA1.

## 8 Option byte

Option byte contain configurations for device hardware features as well as the memory protection of the device. They are stored in a dedicated block of the memory. Except for the ROP (read-out protection) byte, each option byte has to be stored twice, in a regular form (OPTx) and a complemented one (NOPTx) for redundancy.

Option byte can be modified in ICP mode (via SWIM) by accessing the EEPROM address shown in the table below.

Option byte can also be modified 'on the fly' by the application in IAP mode, except the ROP option that can only be modified in ICP mode (via SWIM).

Refer to the STM8S Flash programming manual (PM0051) and STM8 SWIM communication protocol and debug module user manual (UM0470) for information on SWIM programming procedures.

**Table 11. Option byte**

| Addr.   | Option name                        | Option byte no. | Option bits   |       |       |           |           |            |           |            | Factory default setting |
|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-------------------------|
|         |                                    |                 | 7             | 6     | 5     | 4         | 3         | 2          | 1         | 0          |                         |
| 0x4800  | Read-out protection (ROP)          | OPT0            | ROP [7:0]     |       |       |           |           |            |           |            | 0x00                    |
| 0x4801  | User boot code (UBC)               | OPT1            | UBC [7:0]     |       |       |           |           |            |           |            | 0x00                    |
| 0x4802  |                                    | NOPT1           | NUBC [7:0]    |       |       |           |           |            |           |            | 0xFF                    |
| 0x4803  | Alternate function remapping (AFR) | OPT2            | AFR7          | AFR6  | AFR5  | AFR4      | AFR3      | AFR2       | AFR1      | AFR0       | 0x00                    |
| 0x4804  |                                    | NOPT2           | NAFR7         | NAFR6 | NAFR5 | NAFR4     | NAFR3     | NAFR2      | NAFR1     | NAFR0      | 0xFF                    |
| 0x4805h | Misc. option                       | OPT3            | Reserved      |       |       | HSI TRIM  | LSI _ EN  | IWDG _HW   | WWDG _HW  | WWDG _HALT | 0x00                    |
| 0x4806  |                                    | NOPT3           | Reserved      |       |       | NHSI TRIM | NLSI _ EN | NIWDG _HW  | NWWDG _HW | NWWG _HALT | 0xFF                    |
| 0x4807  | Clock option                       | OPT4            | Reserved      |       |       |           | EXT CLK   | CKAWU SEL  | PRS C1    | PRS C0     | 0x00                    |
| 0x4808  |                                    | NOPT4           | Reserved      |       |       |           | NEXT CLK  | NCKA WUSEL | NPRSC1    | NPR SC0    | 0xFF                    |
| 0x4809  | HSE clock startup                  | OPT5            | HSECNT [7:0]  |       |       |           |           |            |           |            | 0x00                    |
| 0x480A  |                                    | NOPT5           | NHSECNT [7:0] |       |       |           |           |            |           |            | 0xFF                    |

Table 12. Option byte description

| Option byte no. | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OPT0            | <b>ROP[7:0]</b> Memory readout protection (ROP)<br>0xAA: Enable readout protection (write access via SWIM protocol)<br><i>Note: Refer to the family reference manual (RM0016) section on Flash/EEPROM memory readout protection for details.</i>                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| OPT1            | <b>UBC[7:0]</b> User boot code area<br>0x00: no UBC, no write-protection<br>0x01: Page 0 defined as UBC, memory write-protected<br>Page 0 and 1 contain the interrupt vectors.<br>...<br>0x7F: Pages 0 to 126 defined as UBC, memory write-protected<br>Other values: Pages 0 to 127 defined as UBC, memory write-protected<br><i>Note: Refer to the family reference manual (RM0016) section on Flash write protection for more details.</i> |
| OPT2            | <b>AFR[7:0]</b><br>Refer to the following section for alternate function remapping descriptions of bits [7:2] and [1:0] respectively.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| OPT3            | <b>HSITRIM:</b> High speed internal clock trimming register size<br>0: 3-bit trimming supported in CLK_HSITRIMR register<br>1: 4-bit trimming supported in CLK_HSITRIMR register                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                 | <b>LSI_EN:</b> Low speed internal clock enable<br>0: LSI clock is not available as CPU clock source<br>1: LSI clock is available as CPU clock source                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                 | <b>IWDG_HW:</b> Independent watchdog<br>0: IWDG Independent watchdog activated by software<br>1: IWDG Independent watchdog activated by hardware                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                 | <b>WWDG_HW:</b> Window watchdog activation<br>0: WWDG window watchdog activated by software<br>1: WWDG window watchdog activated by hardware                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                 | <b>WWDG_HALT:</b> Window watchdog reset on halt<br>0: No reset generated on halt if WWDG active<br>1: Reset generated on halt if WWDG active                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Table 12. Option byte description (continued)

| Option byte no. | Description                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OPT4            | <b>EXTCLK:</b> External clock selection<br>0: External crystal connected to OSCIN/OSCOU<br>1: External clock signal on OSCIN                                 |
|                 | <b>CKAWUSEL:</b> Auto wake-up unit/clock<br>0: LSI clock source selected for AWU<br>1: HSE clock with prescaler selected as clock source for AWU             |
|                 | <b>PRSC[1:0]</b> AWU clock prescaler<br>0x: 16 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler<br>10: 8 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler<br>11: 4 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler                  |
| OPT5            | <b>HSECNT[7:0]:</b> HSE crystal oscillator stabilization time<br>0x00: 2048 HSE cycles<br>0xB4: 128 HSE cycles<br>0xD2: 8 HSE cycles<br>0xE1: 0.5 HSE cycles |

## 8.1 Alternate function remapping bits

Table 13. STM8S103K3 alternate function remapping bits for 32-pin devices

| Option byte no. | Description <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OPT2            | <b>AFR7</b> Alternate function remapping option 7<br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                         |
|                 | <b>AFR6</b> Alternate function remapping option 6<br>0: AFR6 remapping option inactive: Default alternate function. <sup>(2)</sup><br>1: Port D7 alternate function = TIM1_CH4.                                        |
|                 | <b>AFR5</b> Alternate function remapping option 5<br>0: AFR5 remapping option inactive: Default alternate function. <sup>(2)</sup><br>1: Port D0 alternate function = CLK_CCO.                                         |
|                 | <b>AFR[4:2]</b> Alternate function remapping options 4:2<br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                  |
|                 | <b>AFR1</b> Alternate function remapping option 1<br>0: AFR1 remapping option inactive: Default alternate functions. <sup>(2)</sup><br>1: Port A3 alternate function = SPI_NSS; port D2 alternate function = TIM2_CH3. |
|                 | <b>AFR0</b> Alternate function remapping option 0<br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                         |

1. Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.

2. Refer to pinout description.

Table 14. STM8S103Fx alternate function remapping bits for 20-pin devices

| Option byte no. | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OPT2            | <b>AFR7</b> Alternate function remapping option 7<br>0: AFR7 remapping option inactive: Default alternate functions. <sup>(1)</sup><br>1: Port C3 alternate function = TIM1_CH1N; port C4 alternate function = TIM1_CH2N.                                      |
|                 | <b>AFR6</b> Alternate function remapping option 6<br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                 | <b>AFR5</b> Alternate function remapping option 5<br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                 | <b>AFR4</b> Alternate function remapping options 4:2<br>0: AFR4 remapping option inactive: Default alternate functions. <sup>(1)</sup><br>1: Port B4 alternate function = ADC_ETR; port B5 alternate function = TIM1_BKIN.                                     |
|                 | <b>AFR3</b> Alternate function remapping option 3<br>0: AFR3 remapping option inactive: Default alternate function. <sup>(1)</sup><br>1: Port C3 alternate function = TLI.                                                                                     |
|                 | <b>AFR2</b> Alternate function remapping option 2<br>Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                 | <b>AFR1</b> Alternate function remapping option 1 <sup>(2)</sup><br>0: AFR1 remapping option inactive: Default alternate functions. <sup>(1)</sup><br>1: Port A3 alternate function = SPI_NSS; port D2 alternate function = TIM2_CH3.                          |
|                 | <b>AFR0</b> Alternate function remapping option 0<br>0: AFR0 remapping option inactive: Default alternate functions. <sup>(1)</sup><br>1: Port C5 alternate function = TIM2_CH1; port C6 alternate function = TIM1_CH1; port C7 alternate function = TIM1_CH2. |

1. Refer to pinout description.

2. Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.

## 9 Unique ID

The devices feature a 96-bit unique device identifier which provides a reference number that is unique for any device and in any context. The 96 bits of the identifier can never be altered by the user.

The unique device identifier can be read in single byte and may then be concatenated using a custom algorithm.

The unique device identifier is ideally suited:

- For use as serial numbers
- For use as security keys to increase the code security in the program memory while using and combining this unique ID with software cryptographic primitives and protocols before programming the internal memory.
- To activate secure boot processes

**Table 15. Unique ID registers (96 bits)**

| Address | Content description        | Unique ID bits |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---------|----------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|         |                            | 7              | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x4865  | X co-ordinate on the wafer | U_ID[7:0]      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x4866  |                            | U_ID[15:8]     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x4867  | Y co-ordinate on the wafer | U_ID[23:16]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x4868  |                            | U_ID[31:24]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x4869  | Wafer number               | U_ID[39:32]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x486A  | Lot number                 | U_ID[47:40]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x486B  |                            | U_ID[55:48]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x486C  |                            | U_ID[63:56]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x486D  |                            | U_ID[71:64]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x486E  |                            | U_ID[79:72]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x486F  |                            | U_ID[87:80]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0x4870  |                            | U_ID[95:88]    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

## 10 Electrical characteristics

### 10.1 Parameter conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all voltages are referred to  $V_{SS}$ .

#### 10.1.1 Minimum and maximum values

Unless otherwise specified the minimum and maximum values are guaranteed in the worst conditions of ambient temperature, supply voltage and frequencies by tests in production on 100% of the devices with an ambient temperature at  $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and  $T_A = T_{Amax}$  (given by the selected temperature range).

Data based on characterization results, design simulation and/or technology characteristics are indicated in the table footnotes and are not tested in production. Based on characterization, the minimum and maximum values refer to sample tests and represent the mean value plus or minus three times the standard deviation (mean  $\pm 3\sigma$ ).

#### 10.1.2 Typical values

Unless otherwise specified, typical data are based on  $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$ . They are given only as design guidelines and are not tested.

Typical ADC accuracy values are determined by characterization of a batch of samples from a standard diffusion lot over the full temperature range, where 95% of the devices have an error less than or equal to the value indicated (mean  $\pm 2\sigma$ ).

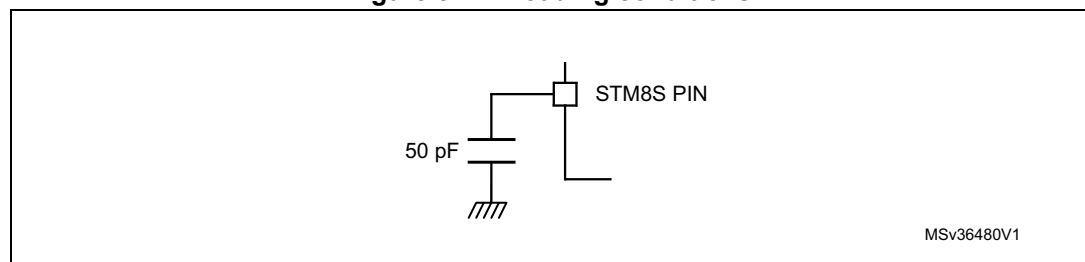
#### 10.1.3 Typical curves

Unless otherwise specified, all typical curves are given only as design guidelines and are not tested.

#### 10.1.4 Loading capacitor

The loading conditions used for pin parameter measurement are shown in [Figure 8](#).

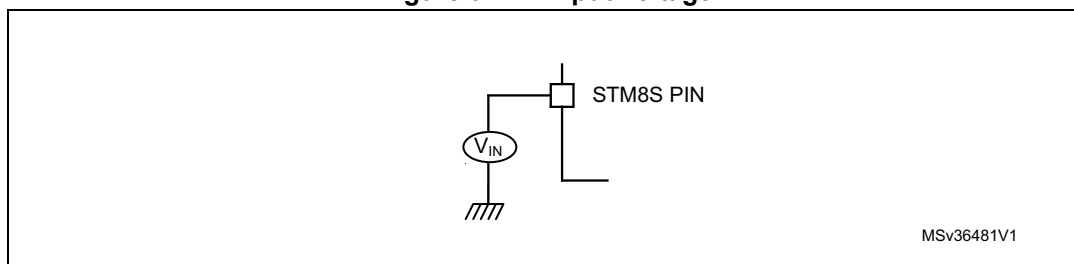
Figure 8. Pin loading conditions



#### 10.1.5 Pin input voltage

The input voltage measurement on a pin of the device is described in [Figure 9](#).

Figure 9. Pin input voltage



## 10.2 Absolute maximum ratings

Stresses above the absolute maximum ratings listed in [Table 16: Voltage characteristics](#), [Table 17: Current characteristics](#) and [Table 18: Thermal characteristics](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and a functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device's reliability.

The device's mission profile (application conditions) is compliant with the JEDEC JESD47 Qualification Standard, the extended mission profiles are available on demand.

Table 16. Voltage characteristics

| Symbol                             | Ratings                                              | Min                                                                     | Max                   | Unit |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| V <sub>DDx</sub> - V <sub>SS</sub> | Supply voltage <sup>(1)</sup>                        | -0.3                                                                    | 6.5                   | V    |
| V <sub>IN</sub>                    | Input voltage on true open drain pins <sup>(2)</sup> | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3                                                   | 6.5                   | V    |
|                                    | Input voltage on any other pin <sup>(2)</sup>        | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3                                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 |      |
| V <sub>DDx</sub> - V <sub>DD</sub> | Variations between different power pins              | -                                                                       | 50                    | mV   |
| V <sub>SSx</sub> - V <sub>SS</sub> | Variations between all the different ground pins     | -                                                                       | 50                    |      |
| V <sub>ESD</sub>                   | Electrostatic discharge voltage                      | see <i>Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity) on page 87</i> |                       |      |

1. All power ( $V_{DD}$ ) and ground ( $V_{SS}$ ) pins must always be connected to the external power supply
2. This pin must never be exceeded. This is implicitly insured if  $V_{IN}$  maximum is respected. If  $V_{IN}$  maximum cannot be respected, the injection current must be limited externally to the  $I_{INJ(PIN)}$  value. A positive injection is induced by  $V_{IN} > V_{DD}$  while a negative injection is induced by  $V_{IN} < V_{SS}$ . For true open-drain pads, there is no positive injection current, and the corresponding  $V_{IN}$  maximum must always be respected

Table 17. Current characteristics

| Symbol    | Ratings                                                          | Max. <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------|
| $I_{VDD}$ | Total current into $V_{DD}$ power lines (source) <sup>(2)</sup>  | 100                 | mA   |
| $I_{VSS}$ | Total current out of $V_{SS}$ ground lines (sink) <sup>(1)</sup> | 80                  |      |
| $I_{IO}$  | Output current sunk by any I/O and control pin                   | 20                  |      |
|           | Output current source by any I/Os and control pin                | -20                 |      |

Table 17. Current characteristics (continued)

| Symbol                            | Ratings                                                                 | Max. <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------|
| $I_{INJ(PIN)}$ <sup>(3) (4)</sup> | Injected current on NRST pin                                            | ±4                  | mA   |
|                                   | Injected current on OSCIN pin                                           | ±4                  |      |
|                                   | Injected current on any other pin <sup>(5)</sup>                        | ±4                  |      |
| $\Sigma I_{INJ}^{(3)}$            | Total injected current (sum of all I/O and control pins) <sup>(5)</sup> | ±20                 |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. All power ( $V_{DD}$ ) and ground ( $V_{SS}$ ) pins must always be connected to the external supply.
3.  $I_{INJ}$  must never be exceeded. This condition is implicitly insured if  $V_{IN}$  maximum is respected. If  $V_{IN}$  maximum cannot be respected, the injection current must be limited externally to the  $I_{INJ(PIN)}$  value. A positive injection is induced by  $V_{IN} > V_{DD}$  while a negative injection is induced by  $V_{IN} < V_{SS}$ . For true open-drain pads, there is no positive injection current allowed and the corresponding  $V_{IN}$  maximum must always be respected.
4. ADC accuracy vs. negative injection current: Injecting negative current on any of the analog input pins should be avoided as this significantly reduces the accuracy of the conversion being performed on another analog input. It is recommended to add a Schottky diode (pin to ground) to standard analog pins which may potentially inject negative current. Any positive injection current within the limits specified for  $I_{INJ(PIN)}$  and  $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$  in the I/O port pin characteristics section does not affect the ADC accuracy.
5. When several inputs are submitted to a current injection, the maximum  $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$  is the absolute sum of the positive and negative injected currents (instantaneous values). These results are based on characterization with  $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$  maximum current injection on four I/O port pins of the device.

Table 18. Thermal characteristics

| Symbol    | Ratings                      | Value      | Unit |
|-----------|------------------------------|------------|------|
| $T_{STG}$ | Storage temperature range    | -65 to 150 | °C   |
| $T_J$     | Maximum junction temperature | 150        |      |

## 10.3 Operating conditions

Table 19. General operating conditions

| Symbol          | Parameter                                                  | Conditions              | Min  | Max  | Unit |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| $f_{CPU}$       | Internal CPU clock frequency                               | -                       | 0    | 16   | MHz  |
| $V_{DD}$        | Standard operating voltage                                 | -                       | 2.95 | 5.5  | V    |
| $V_{CAP}^{(1)}$ | $C_{EXT}$ : capacitance of external capacitor              | -                       | 470  | 3300 | nF   |
|                 | ESR of external capacitor                                  | at 1 MHz <sup>(2)</sup> | -    | 0.3  | Ω    |
|                 | ESL of external capacitor                                  |                         | -    | 15   | nH   |
| $P_D^{(3)}$     | Power dissipation at $T_A = 75^\circ\text{C}$ for suffix 6 | TSSOP20                 | -    | 238  | mW   |
|                 |                                                            | SO20W                   | -    | 220  |      |
|                 |                                                            | UFQFPN20                | -    | 220  |      |
|                 |                                                            | LQFP32                  | -    | 330  |      |
|                 |                                                            | UFQFPN32                | -    | 526  |      |
|                 |                                                            | SDIP32                  | -    | 330  |      |

Table 19. General operating conditions (continued)

| Symbol      | Parameter                                                  | Conditions                | Min | Max | Unit |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| $P_D^{(3)}$ | Power dissipation<br>at $T_A = 125\text{ °C}$ for suffix 3 | TSSOP20                   | -   | 59  | mW   |
|             |                                                            | SO20W                     | -   | 55  |      |
|             |                                                            | UFQFPN20                  | -   | 55  |      |
|             |                                                            | LQFP32                    | -   | 83  |      |
|             |                                                            | UFQFPN32                  | -   | 132 |      |
|             |                                                            | SDIP32                    | -   | 83  |      |
| $T_A$       | Ambient temperature for suffix 6 version                   | Maximum power dissipation | -40 | 85  | °C   |
| $T_A$       | Ambient temperature for suffix 3 version                   | Maximum power dissipation | -40 | 125 |      |
| $T_J$       | Junction temperature range                                 | Suffix 6 version          | -40 | 105 |      |
|             |                                                            | Suffix 3 version          | -40 | 130 |      |

- Care should be taken when selecting the capacitor, due to its tolerance, as well as the parameter dependency on temperature, DC bias and frequency in addition to other factors. The parameter maximum value must be respected for the full application range.
- This frequency of 1 MHz as a condition for  $V_{CAP}$  parameters is given by design of internal regulator.
- To calculate  $P_{Dmax}(T_A)$ , use the formula  $P_{Dmax} = (T_{Jmax} - T_A) / \Theta_{JA}$  (see [Section 12: Thermal characteristics](#)) with the value for  $T_{Jmax}$  given in the previous table and the value for  $\Theta_{JA}$  given in [Section 12: Thermal characteristics](#)

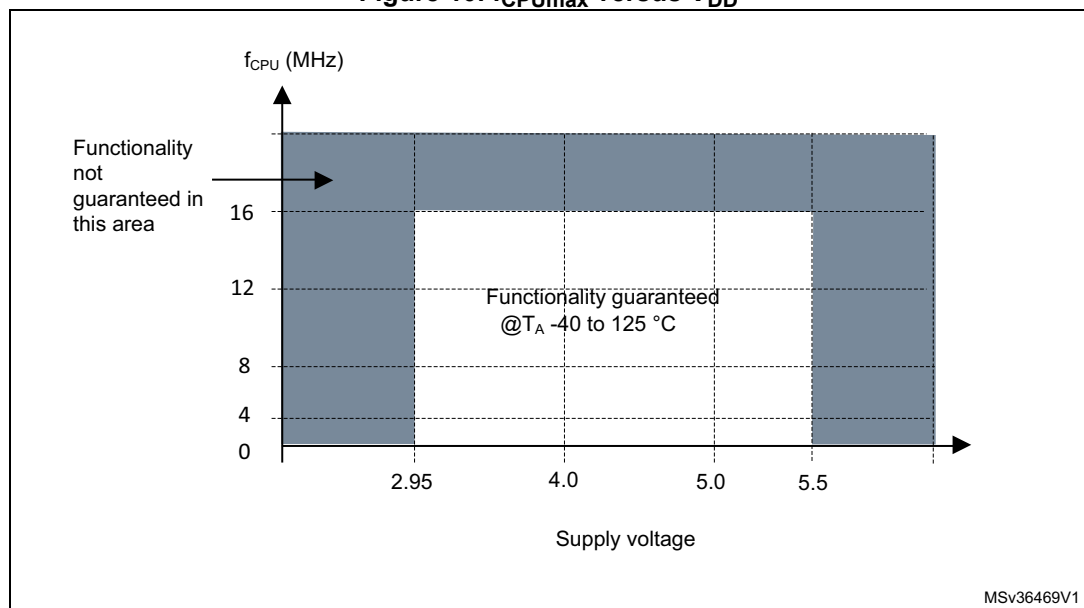
Figure 10.  $f_{CPUmax}$  versus  $V_{DD}$ 

Table 20. Operating conditions at power-up/power-down

| Symbol    | Parameter                              | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max      | Unit            |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|----------|-----------------|
| $t_{VDD}$ | $V_{DD}$ rise time rate                | -          | 2   | -   | $\infty$ | $\mu\text{s/V}$ |
|           | $V_{DD}$ fall time rate <sup>(1)</sup> | -          | 2   | -   | $\infty$ |                 |

Table 20. Operating conditions at power-up/power-down (continued)

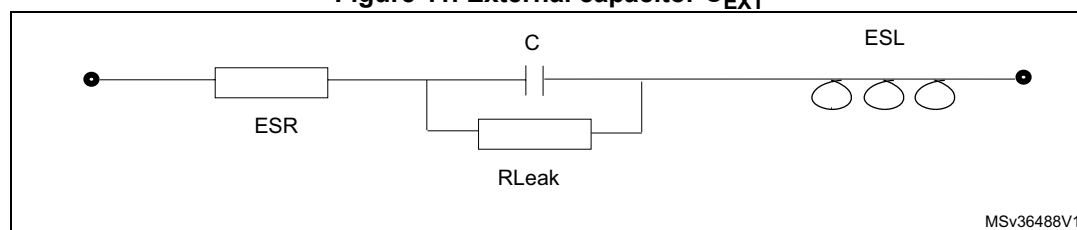
| Symbol         | Parameter                  | Conditions      | Min | Typ  | Max  | Unit |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----|------|------|------|
| $t_{TEMP}$     | Reset release delay        | $V_{DD}$ rising | -   | -    | 1.7  | ms   |
| $V_{IT+}$      | Power-on reset threshold   | -               | 2.6 | 2.7  | 2.85 | V    |
| $V_{IT-}$      | Brown-out reset threshold  | -               | 2.5 | 2.65 | 2.8  |      |
| $V_{HYS(BOR)}$ | Brown-out reset hysteresis | -               | -   | 70   | -    | mV   |

- Reset is always generated after a  $t_{TEMP}$  delay. The application must ensure that  $V_{DD}$  is still above the minimum operating voltage ( $V_{DD\ min}$ ) when the  $t_{TEMP}$  delay has elapsed.

### 10.3.1 VCAP external capacitor

The stabilization for the main regulator is achieved by connecting an external capacitor  $C_{EXT}$  to the  $V_{CAP}$  pin.  $C_{EXT}$  is specified in [Table 19](#). Care should be taken to limit the series inductance to less than 15 nH.

Figure 11. External capacitor  $C_{EXT}$



1. ESR is the equivalent series resistance and ESL is the equivalent inductance.

### 10.3.2 Supply current characteristics

The current consumption is measured as illustrated in [Figure 9: Pin input voltage](#).

#### Total supply current consumption in run mode

The MCU is placed under the following conditions:

- All I/O pins in input mode with a static value at  $V_{DD}$  or  $V_{SS}$  (no load)
- All peripherals are disabled (clock stopped by peripheral clock gating registers) except if explicitly mentioned.

Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$  and  $T_A$ .

Table 21. Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

| Symbol        | Parameter                                          | Conditions                                       |                              | Typ  | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| $I_{DD(RUN)}$ | Supply current in Run mode, code executed from RAM | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$           | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)    | 2.3  | -                  | mA   |
|               |                                                    |                                                  | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz) | 2    | 2.35               |      |
|               |                                                    |                                                  | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)         | 1.7  | 2                  |      |
|               |                                                    | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$    | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz) | 0.86 | -                  |      |
|               |                                                    |                                                  | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)         | 0.7  | 0.87               |      |
|               |                                                    | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$ | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)       | 0.46 | 0.58               |      |
|               |                                                    | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$          | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)        | 0.41 | 0.55               |      |

**Table 21. Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (continued)**

| Symbol        | Parameter                                            | Conditions                                       |                                       | Typ  | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| $I_{DD(RUN)}$ | Supply current in Run mode, code executed from Flash | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$           | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)             | 4.5  | -                  | mA   |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)          | 4.3  | 4.75               |      |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 3.7  | 4.5                |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 2\text{ MHz}$            | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) <sup>(2)</sup> | 0.84 | 1.05               |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$    | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.72 | 0.9                |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$ | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)                | 0.46 | 0.58               |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$          | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)                 | 0.42 | 0.57               |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. Default clock configuration measured with all peripherals off.

**Table 22. Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$** 

| Symbol        | Parameter                                            | Conditions                                       |                                       | Typ  | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| $I_{DD(RUN)}$ | Supply current in Run mode, code executed from RAM   | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$           | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)             | 1.8  | -                  | mA   |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)          | 2    | 2.35               |      |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 1.5  | 2                  |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$    | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)          | 0.81 | -                  |      |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.7  | 0.87               |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$ | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)                | 0.46 | 0.58               |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$          | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)                 | 0.41 | 0.55               |      |
| $I_{DD(RUN)}$ | Supply current in Run mode, code executed from Flash | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$           | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)             | 4    | -                  | mA   |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)          | 4.3  | 4.75               |      |
|               |                                                      |                                                  | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 3.9  | 4.7                |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 2\text{ MHz}$            | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) <sup>(2)</sup> | 0.84 | 1.05               |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$    | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.72 | 0.9                |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$ | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8)                | 0.46 | 0.58               |      |
|               |                                                      | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$          | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)                 | 0.42 | 0.57               |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. Default clock configuration measured with all peripherals off.

## Total current consumption in wait mode

Table 23. Total current consumption in wait mode at  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ 

| Symbol        | Parameter                   | Conditions                                        |                                       | Typ  | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| $I_{DD(WFI)}$ | Supply current in wait mode | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$            | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)             | 1.6  | -                  | mA   |
|               |                             |                                                   | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)          | 1.1  | 1.3                |      |
|               |                             |                                                   | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.89 | 1.1                |      |
|               |                             | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$     | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.7  | 0.88               |      |
|               |                             | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 8128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$ | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) <sup>(2)</sup> | 0.45 | 0.57               |      |
|               |                             | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$           | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)                 | 0.4  | 0.54               |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. Default clock configuration measured with all peripherals off.

Table 24. Total current consumption in wait mode at  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ 

| Symbol        | Parameter                   | Conditions                                        |                                       | Typ  | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| $I_{DD(WFI)}$ | Supply current in wait mode | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$            | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)             | 1.1  | -                  | mA   |
|               |                             |                                                   | HSE user ext. clock (16 MHz)          | 1.1  | 1.3                |      |
|               |                             |                                                   | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.89 | 1.1                |      |
|               |                             | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 128 = 125\text{ kHz}$     | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz)                  | 0.7  | 0.88               |      |
|               |                             | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} / 8128 = 15.625\text{ kHz}$ | HSI RC osc. (16 MHz/8) <sup>(2)</sup> | 0.45 | 0.57               |      |
|               |                             | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 128\text{ kHz}$           | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)                 | 0.4  | 0.54               |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. Default clock configuration measured with all peripherals off.

## Total current consumption in active halt mode

Table 25. Total current consumption in active halt mode at  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ 

| Symbol       | Parameter                          | Conditions                                  |                           |                           | Typ  | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit          |
|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
|              |                                    | Main voltage regulator (MVR) <sup>(2)</sup> | Flash mode <sup>(3)</sup> | Clock source              |      |                             |                             |               |
| $I_{DD(AH)}$ | Supply current in active halt mode | On                                          | Operating mode            | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz) | 1030 | -                           | -                           | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|              |                                    |                                             | Operating mode            | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 200  | 260                         | 300                         |               |
|              |                                    |                                             | Power down mode           | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz) | 970  | -                           | -                           |               |
|              |                                    |                                             | Power down mode           | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 150  | 200                         | 230                         |               |
|              |                                    | Off                                         | Operating mode            | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 66   | 85                          | 110                         |               |
|              |                                    |                                             | Power down mode           | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 10   | 20                          | 40                          |               |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK\_ICKR register.

3. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH\_CR1 register.

Table 26. Total current consumption in active halt mode at  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ 

| Symbol       | Parameter                          | Conditions                                  |                           |                           | Typ | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit          |
|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
|              |                                    | Main voltage regulator (MVR) <sup>(2)</sup> | Flash mode <sup>(3)</sup> | Clock source              |     |                             |                             |               |
| $I_{DD(AH)}$ | Supply current in active halt mode | On                                          | Operating mode            | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz) | 550 | -                           | -                           | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|              |                                    |                                             | Operating mode            | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 200 | 260                         | 290                         |               |
|              |                                    |                                             | Power down mode           | HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz) | 970 | -                           | -                           |               |
|              |                                    |                                             | Power down mode           | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 150 | 200                         | 230                         |               |
|              |                                    | Off                                         | Operating mode            | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 66  | 80                          | 105                         |               |
|              |                                    |                                             | Power down mode           | LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)     | 10  | 18                          | 35                          |               |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK\_ICKR register.

3. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH\_CR1 register.

**Total current consumption in halt mode****Table 27. Total current consumption in halt mode at  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$** 

| Symbol      | Parameter                   | Conditions                                       | Typ | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit          |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| $I_{DD(H)}$ | Supply current in halt mode | Flash in operating mode, HSI clock after wakeup  | 63  | 75                          | 105                         | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|             |                             | Flash in power-down mode, HSI clock after wakeup | 6.0 | 20                          | 55                          |               |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

**Table 28. Total current consumption in halt mode at  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$** 

| Symbol      | Parameter                   | Conditions                                       | Typ | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Max at 85 °C <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit          |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| $I_{DD(H)}$ | Supply current in halt mode | Flash in operating mode, HSI clock after wakeup  | 60  | 75                          | 100                         | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|             |                             | Flash in power-down mode, HSI clock after wakeup | 4.5 | 17                          | 30                          |               |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

**Low power mode wakeup times****Table 29. Wakeup times**

| Symbol        | Parameter                                               | Conditions                               |                                         |                    | Typ               | Max <sup>(1)</sup>      | Unit          |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| $t_{WU(WFI)}$ | Wakeup time from wait mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup>   | 0 to 16 MHz                              |                                         |                    | -                 | See note <sup>(3)</sup> | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{WU(WFI)}$ | Wakeup time from run mode <sup>(2)</sup>                | $f_{CPU} = f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$   |                                         |                    | 0.56              | -                       |               |
| $t_{WU(AH)}$  | Wakeup time active halt mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup> | MVR voltage regulator on <sup>(4)</sup>  | Flash in operating mode <sup>(5)</sup>  | HSI (after wakeup) | 1 <sup>(6)</sup>  | 2 <sup>(6)</sup>        |               |
| $t_{WU(AH)}$  | Wakeup time active halt mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup> | MVR voltage regulator off <sup>(4)</sup> | Flash in operating mode <sup>(5)</sup>  | HSI (after wakeup) | 3 <sup>(6)</sup>  | -                       |               |
| $t_{WU(AH)}$  | Wakeup time active halt mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup> | MVR voltage regulator off <sup>(4)</sup> | Flash in operating mode <sup>(5)</sup>  | HSI (after wakeup) | 48 <sup>(6)</sup> | -                       |               |
| $t_{WU(AH)}$  | Wakeup time active halt mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup> | MVR voltage regulator off <sup>(4)</sup> | Flash in power-down mode <sup>(5)</sup> | HSI (after wakeup) | 50 <sup>(6)</sup> | -                       |               |
| $t_{WU(H)}$   | Wakeup time from halt mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup>   | Flash in operating mode <sup>(5)</sup>   |                                         |                    | 52                | -                       |               |
| $t_{WU(H)}$   | Wakeup time from halt mode to run mode <sup>(2)</sup>   | Flash in power-down mode <sup>(5)</sup>  |                                         |                    | 54                | -                       |               |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. Measured from interrupt event to interrupt vector fetch
3.  $t_{WU(WFI)} = 2 \times 1/f_{master} + 67 \times 1/f_{CPU}$
4. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK\_ICR register.
5. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH\_CR1 register.
6. Plus 1 LSI clock depending on synchronization.

### Total current consumption and timing in forced reset state

**Table 30. Total current consumption and timing in forced reset state**

| Symbol               | Parameter                                    | Conditions              | Typ | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|--------------------|------|
| I <sub>DD(R)</sub>   | Supply current in reset state <sup>(2)</sup> | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V   | 400 | -                  | μA   |
|                      |                                              | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V | 300 | -                  |      |
| t <sub>RESETBL</sub> | Reset pin release to vector fetch            | -                       | -   | 150                | μs   |

1. Guaranteed by design.

2. Characterized with all I/Os tied to V<sub>SS</sub>.

### Current consumption of on-chip peripherals

Subject to general operating conditions for V<sub>DD</sub> and T<sub>A</sub>.

HSI internal RC/f<sub>CPU</sub> = f<sub>MASTER</sub> = 16 MHz, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5 V

**Table 31. Peripheral current consumption**

| Symbol                 | Parameter                                          | Typ  | Unit |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------|------|
| I <sub>DD(TIM1)</sub>  | TIM1 supply current <sup>(1)</sup>                 | 210  | μA   |
| I <sub>DD(TIM2)</sub>  | TIM2 supply current <sup>(1)</sup>                 | 130  |      |
| I <sub>DD(TIM4)</sub>  | TIM4 supply current <sup>(1)</sup>                 | 50   |      |
| I <sub>DD(UART1)</sub> | UART1 supply current <sup>(2)</sup>                | 120  |      |
| I <sub>DD(SPI)</sub>   | SPI supply current <sup>(2)</sup>                  | 45   |      |
| I <sub>DD(I2C)</sub>   | I2C supply current <sup>(2)</sup>                  | 65   |      |
| I <sub>DD(ADC1)</sub>  | ADC1 supply current when converting <sup>(3)</sup> | 1000 |      |

1. Data based on a differential I<sub>DD</sub> measurement between reset configuration and timer counter running at 16 MHz. No IC/OC programmed (no I/O pads toggling). Not tested in production.

2. Data based on a differential I<sub>DD</sub> measurement between the on-chip peripheral when kept under reset and not clocked and the on-chip peripheral when clocked and not kept under reset. No I/O pads toggling. Not tested in production.

3. Data based on a differential I<sub>DD</sub> measurement between reset configuration and continuous A/D conversions. Not tested in production.

### Current consumption curves

The following figures show typical current consumption measured with code executing in RAM.

Figure 12. Typ  $I_{DD(RUN)}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  HSE user external clock,  $f_{CPU} = 16\text{ MHz}$

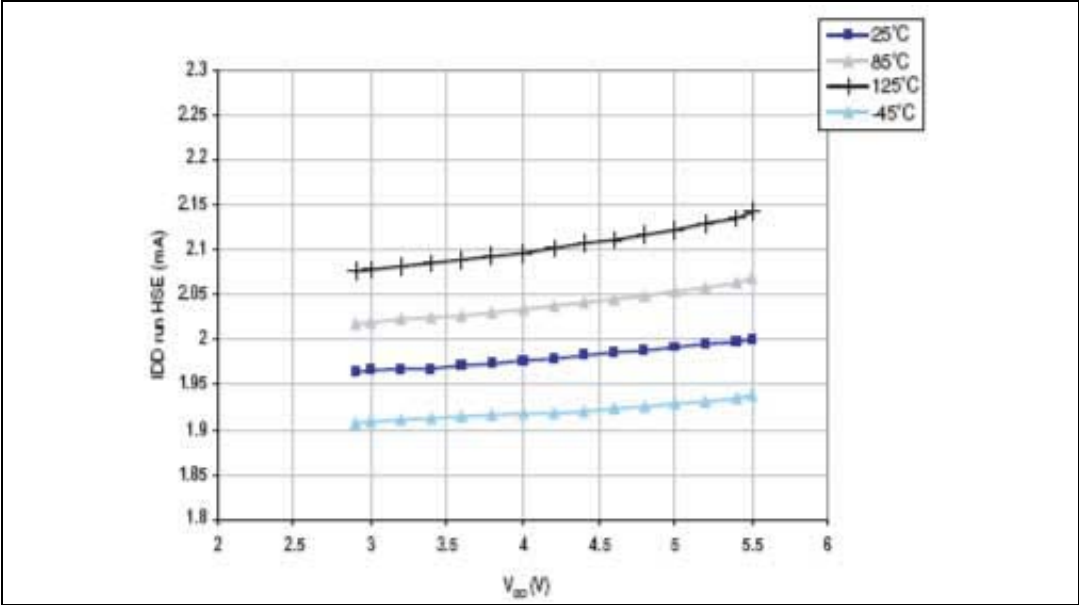


Figure 13. Typ  $I_{DD(RUN)}$  vs.  $f_{CPU}$  HSE user external clock,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

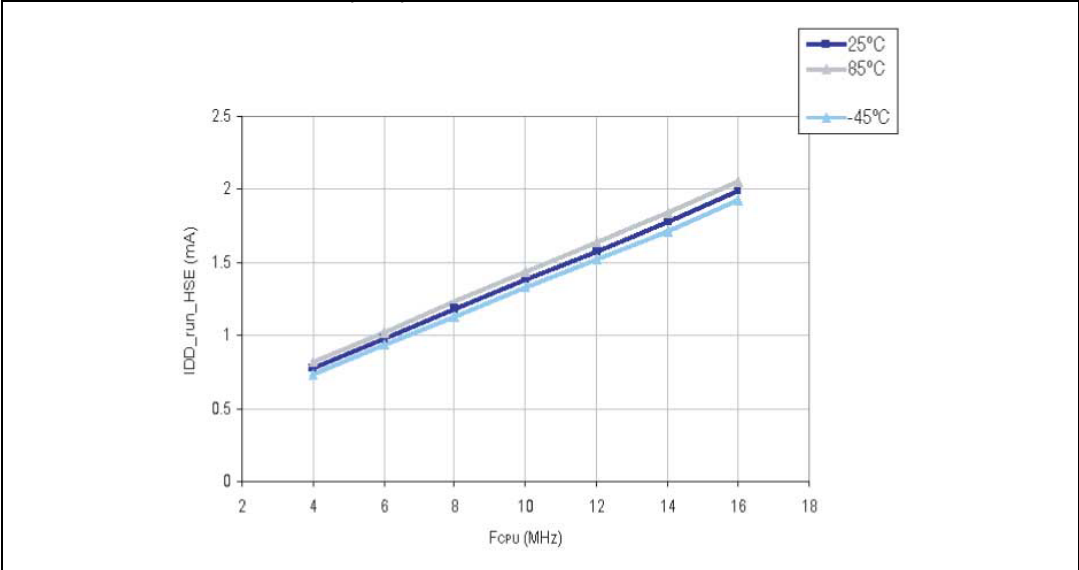


Figure 14. Typ  $I_{DD(RUN)}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  HSI RC osc,  $f_{CPU} = 16\text{ MHz}$

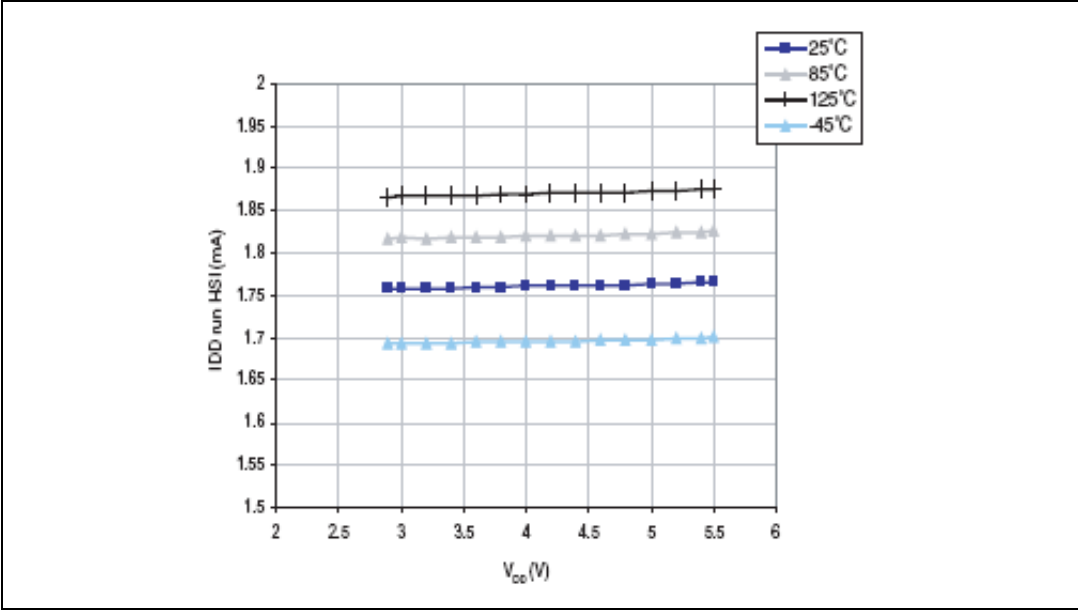


Figure 15. Typ  $I_{DD(WFI)}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  HSE external clock,  $f_{CPU} = 16\text{ MHz}$

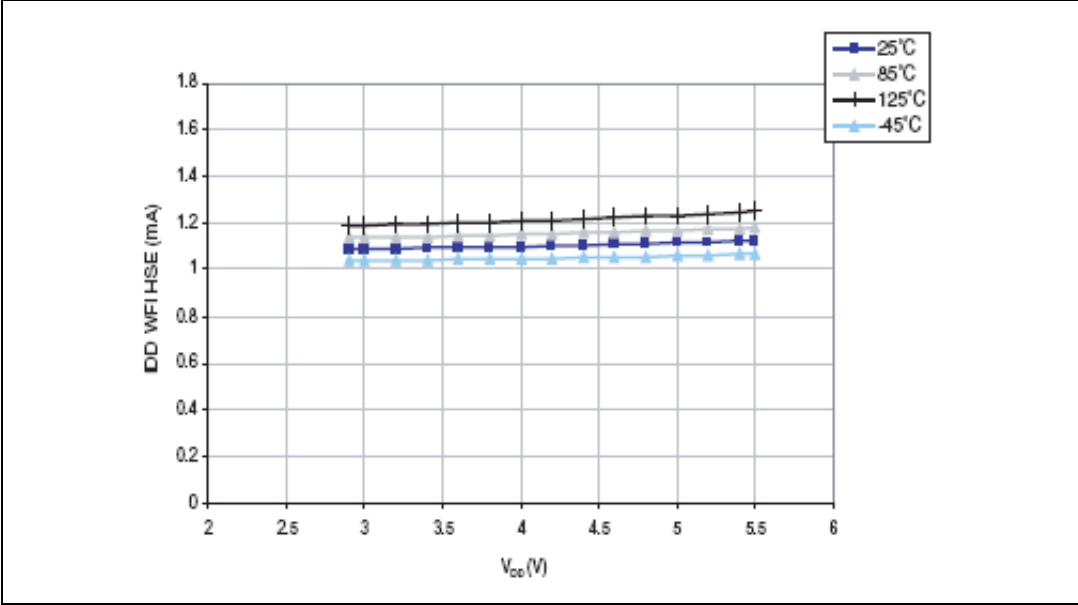
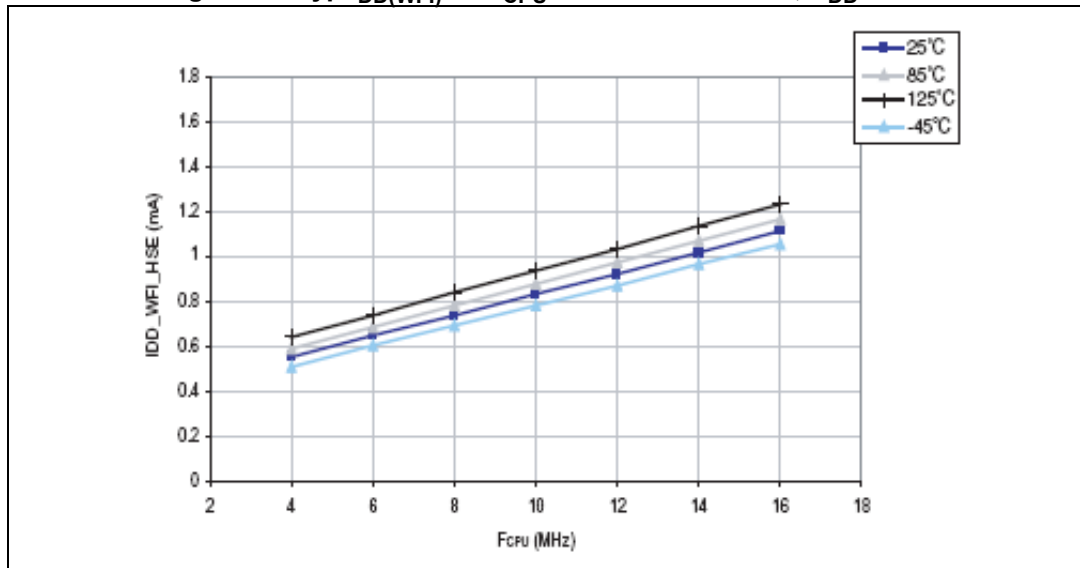
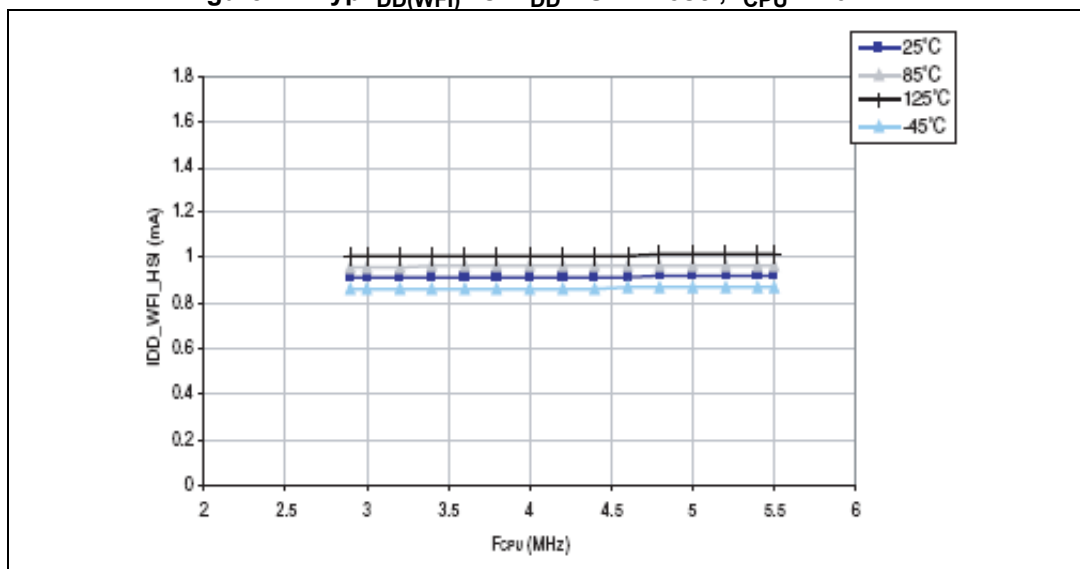


Figure 16. Typ  $I_{DD(WFI)}$  vs.  $f_{CPU}$  HSE external clock,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ Figure 17. Typ  $I_{DD(WFI)}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  HSI RC osc.,  $f_{CPU} = 16\text{ MHz}$ 

### 10.3.3 External clock sources and timing characteristics

#### HSE user external clock

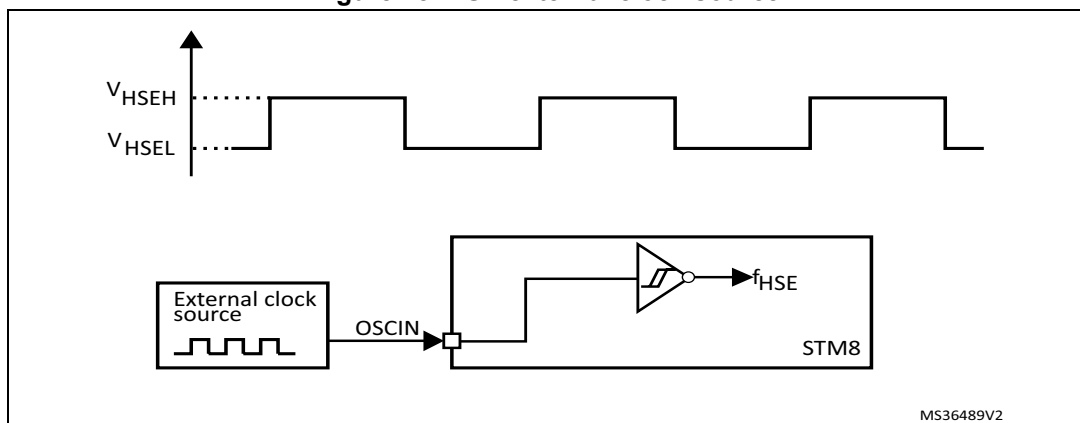
Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$  and  $T_A$ .

**Table 32. HSE user external clock characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                            | Conditions                 | Min                 | Max                 | Unit    |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|
| $f_{HSE\_ext}$   | User external clock source frequency | -                          | 0                   | 16                  | MHz     |
| $V_{HSEH}^{(1)}$ | OSCIN input pin high level voltage   | -                          | $0.7 \times V_{DD}$ | $V_{DD} + 0.3 V$    | V       |
| $V_{HSEL}^{(1)}$ | OSCIN input pin low level voltage    | -                          | $V_{SS}$            | $0.3 \times V_{DD}$ |         |
| $I_{LEAK\_HSE}$  | OSCIN input leakage current          | $V_{SS} < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$ | -1                  | +1                  | $\mu A$ |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

**Figure 18. HSE external clock source**



**HSE crystal/ceramic resonator oscillator**

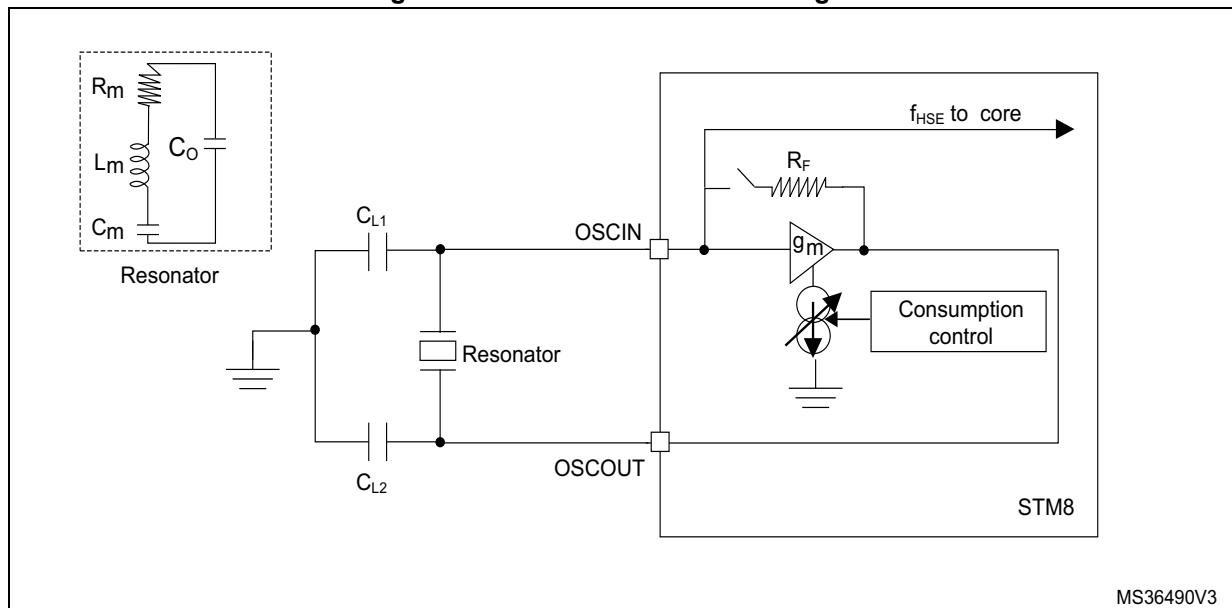
The HSE clock can be supplied with a 1 to 16 MHz crystal/ceramic resonator oscillator. All the information given in this paragraph is based on characterization results with specified typical external components. In the application, the resonator and the load capacitors have to be placed as close as possible to the oscillator pins in order to minimize output distortion and startup stabilization time. Refer to the crystal resonator manufacturer for more details (frequency, package, accuracy...).

**Table 33. HSE oscillator characteristics**

| Symbol              | Parameter                                   | Conditions                      | Min | Typ | Max                                             | Unit       |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------------------------------|------------|
| $f_{HSE}$           | External high speed oscillator frequency    | -                               | 1   | -   | 16                                              | MHz        |
| $R_F$               | Feedback resistor                           | -                               | -   | 220 | -                                               | k $\Omega$ |
| $C^{(1)}$           | Recommended load capacitance <sup>(2)</sup> | -                               | -   | -   | 20                                              | pF         |
| $I_{DD(HSE)}$       | HSE oscillator power consumption            | C = 20 pF<br>$f_{OSC} = 16$ MHz | -   | -   | 6 (start up)<br>1.6 (stabilized) <sup>(3)</sup> | mA         |
|                     |                                             | C = 10 pF<br>$f_{OSC} = 16$ MHz | -   | -   | 6 (start up)<br>1.2 (stabilized) <sup>(3)</sup> |            |
| $g_m$               | Oscillator transconductance                 | -                               | 5   | -   | -                                               | mA/V       |
| $t_{SU(HSE)}^{(4)}$ | Startup time                                | $V_{DD}$ is stabilized          | -   | 1   | -                                               | ms         |

1. C is approximately equivalent to 2 x crystal Cload.
2. The oscillator selection can be optimized in terms of supply current using a high quality resonator with small Rm value. Refer to crystal manufacturer for more details
3. Guaranteed by characterization results.
4.  $t_{SU(HSE)}$  is the start-up time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to a stabilized 16 MHz oscillation is reached. This value is measured for a standard crystal resonator and it can vary significantly with the crystal manufacturer.

Figure 19. HSE oscillator circuit diagram

**HSE oscillator critical  $g_m$  equation**

$$g_{m\text{crit}} = (2 \times \Pi \times f_{\text{HSE}})^2 \times R_m (2C_o + C)^2$$

$R_m$ : Notional resistance (see crystal specification)

$L_m$ : Notional inductance (see crystal specification)

$C_m$ : Notional capacitance (see crystal specification)

$C_o$ : Shunt capacitance (see crystal specification)

$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = C$ : Grounded external capacitance

$g_m \gg g_{m\text{crit}}$

### 10.3.4 Internal clock sources and timing characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$  and  $T_A$ .

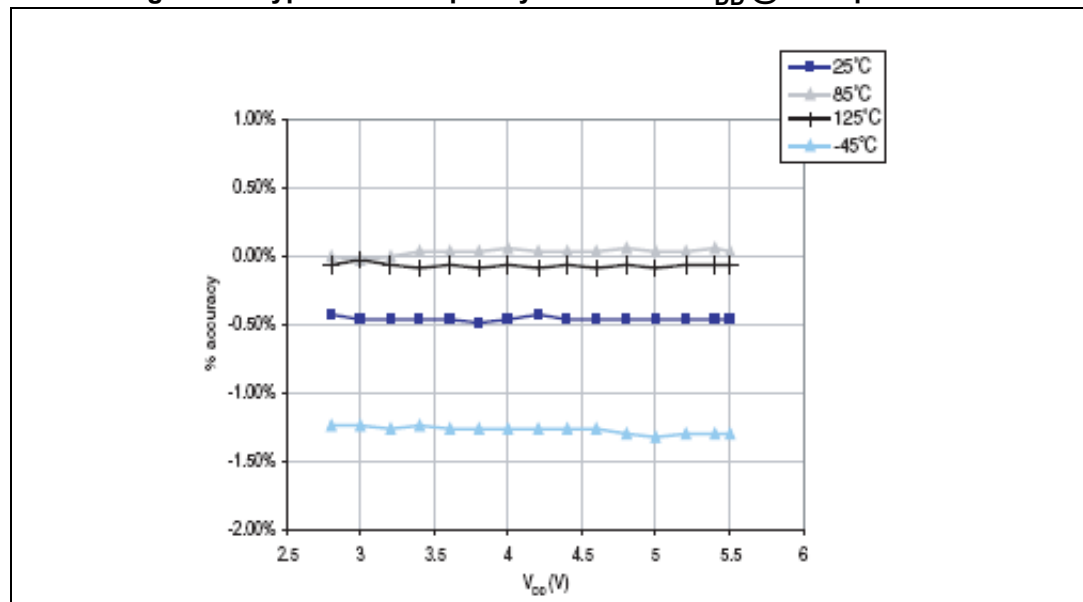
#### High speed internal RC oscillator (HSI)

Table 34. HSI oscillator characteristics

| Symbol        | Parameter                                        | Conditions                                                                                     | Min                 | Typ | Max                | Unit          |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|--------------------|---------------|
| $f_{HSI}$     | Frequency                                        | -                                                                                              | -                   | 16  | -                  | MHz           |
| $ACC_{HS}$    | Accuracy of HSI oscillator                       | User-trimmed with CLK_HSITRIMR register for given $V_{DD}$ and $T_A$ conditions <sup>(1)</sup> | -                   | -   | 1 <sup>(2)</sup>   | %             |
|               | HSI oscillator accuracy (factory calibrated)     | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ <sup>(3)</sup>                                 | -1.0                | -   | 1.0                |               |
|               |                                                  | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-25\text{ °C} \leq T_A \leq 85\text{ °C}$                          | -2.0                | -   | 2.0                |               |
|               |                                                  | $2.95\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$-40\text{ °C} \leq T_A \leq 125\text{ °C}$ | -3.0 <sup>(3)</sup> | -   | 3.0 <sup>(3)</sup> |               |
| $t_{su(HSI)}$ | HSI oscillator wakeup time including calibration | -                                                                                              | -                   | -   | 1.0 <sup>(2)</sup> | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $I_{DD(HSI)}$ | HSI oscillator power consumption                 | -                                                                                              | -                   | 170 | 250 <sup>(3)</sup> | $\mu\text{A}$ |

1. Refer to application note.
2. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
3. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Figure 20. Typical HSI frequency variation vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperatures



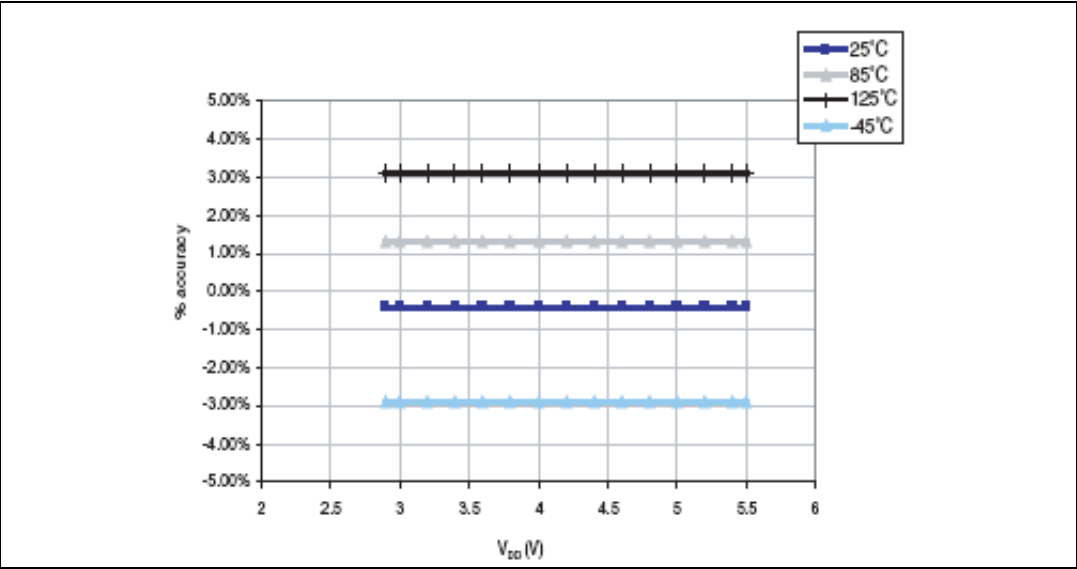
Low speed internal RC oscillator (LSI)

Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$  and  $T_A$ .

Table 35. LSI oscillator characteristics

| Symbol        | Parameter                        | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit    |
|---------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| $f_{LSI}$     | Frequency                        | -          | 110 | 128 | 150 | kHz     |
| $t_{su(LSI)}$ | LSI oscillator wakeup time       | -          | -   | -   | 7   | $\mu s$ |
| $I_{DD(LSI)}$ | LSI oscillator power consumption | -          | -   | 5   | -   | $\mu A$ |

Figure 21. Typical LSI frequency variation vs  $V_{DD}$ @ 4 temperatures



### 10.3.5 Memory characteristics

#### RAM and hardware registers

**Table 36. RAM and hardware registers**

| Symbol   | Parameter                          | Conditions           | Min                         | Unit |
|----------|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| $V_{RM}$ | Data retention mode <sup>(1)</sup> | Halt mode (or reset) | $V_{IT-max}$ <sup>(2)</sup> | V    |

1. Minimum supply voltage without losing data stored in RAM (in halt mode or under reset) or in hardware registers (only in halt mode). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

2. Refer to [Section 10.3: Operating conditions](#) for the value of  $V_{IT-max}$ .

#### Flash program memory/data EEPROM memory

**Table 37. Flash program memory/data EEPROM memory**

| Symbol      | Parameter                                                                                  | Conditions            | Min <sup>(1)</sup> | Typ | Max  | Unit  |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----|------|-------|
| $V_{DD}$    | Operating voltage<br>(all modes, execution/write/erase)                                    | $f_{CPU} \leq 16$ MHz | 2.95               | -   | 5.5  | V     |
| $t_{prog}$  | Standard programming time (including erase) for byte/word/block<br>(1 byte/4 byte/64 byte) | -                     | -                  | 6   | 6.6  | ms    |
|             | Fast programming time for 1 block<br>(64 byte)                                             | -                     | -                  | 3   | 3.33 |       |
| $t_{erase}$ | Erase time for 1 block (64 byte)                                                           | -                     | -                  | 3   | 3.33 |       |
| $N_{RW}$    | Erase/write cycles<br>(program memory) <sup>(2)</sup>                                      | $T_A = +85$ °C        | 100k               | -   | -    | cycle |
|             | Erase/write cycles (data memory) <sup>(2)</sup>                                            | $T_A = +125$ °C       | 300k               | 1M  | -    |       |
| $t_{RET}$   | Data retention (program and data memory) after 10k erase/write cycles at $T_A = +55$ °C    | $T_{RET} = 55$ °C     | 20                 | -   | -    | year  |
|             | Data retention (data memory) after 300k erase/write cycles at $T_A = +125$ °C              | $T_{RET} = 85$ °C     | 1                  | -   | -    |       |
| $I_{DD}$    | Supply current (Flash programming or erasing for 1 to 128 byte)                            | -                     | -                  | 2   | -    | mA    |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

2. The physical granularity of the memory is 4 byte, so cycling is performed on 4 byte even when a write/erase operation addresses a single byte.

### 10.3.6 I/O port pin characteristics

#### General characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$  and  $T_A$  unless otherwise specified. All unused pins must be kept at a fixed voltage, using the output mode of the I/O for example or an external pull-up or pull-down resistor.

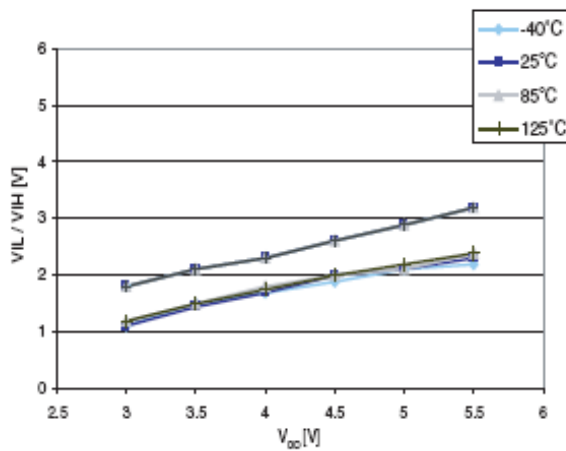
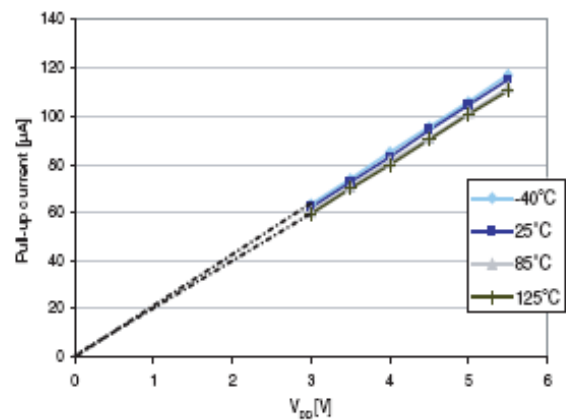
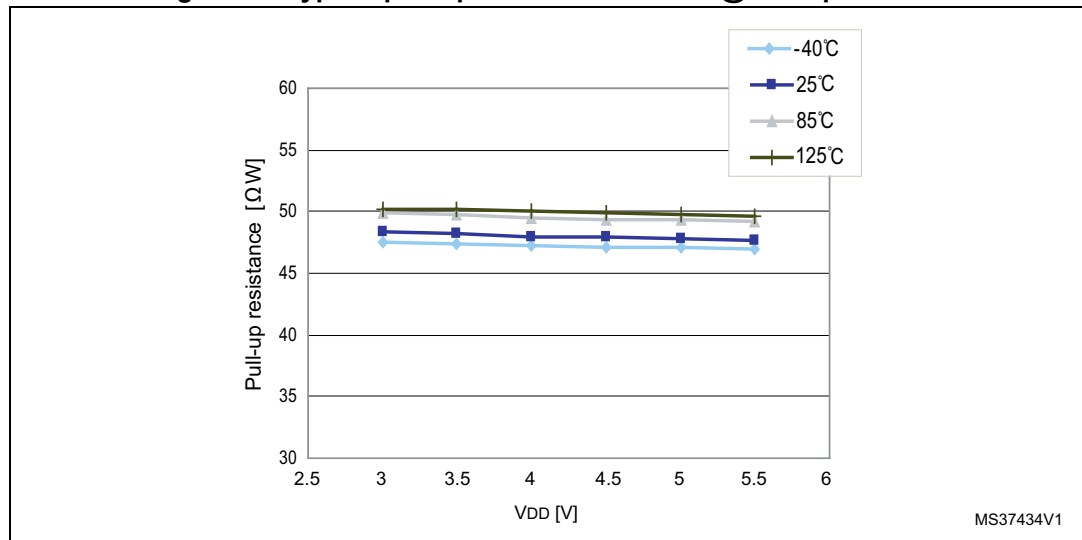
**Table 38. I/O static characteristics**

| Symbol               | Parameter                       | Conditions                                  | Min                 | Typ | Max                     | Unit          |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-------------------------|---------------|
| $V_{IL}$             | Input low level voltage         | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$                       | -0.3 V              | -   | $0.3 \times V_{DD}$     | V             |
| $V_{IH}$             | Input high level voltage        |                                             | $0.7 \times V_{DD}$ | -   | $V_{DD} + 0.3\text{ V}$ |               |
| $V_{hys}$            | Hysteresis <sup>(1)</sup>       |                                             | -                   | 700 | -                       | mV            |
| $R_{pu}$             | Pull-up resistor                | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}, V_{IN} = V_{SS}$      | 30                  | 55  | 80                      | k $\Omega$    |
| $t_R, t_F$           | Rise and fall time (10% - 90%)  | Fast I/Os<br>Load = 50 pF                   | -                   | -   | $35^{(2)}$              | ns            |
|                      |                                 | Standard and high sink I/Os<br>Load = 50 pF | -                   | -   | $125^{(2)}$             |               |
| $t_R, t_F$           | Rise and fall time (10% - 90%)  | Fast I/Os<br>Load = 20 pF                   | -                   | -   | $20^{(2)}$              | ns            |
|                      |                                 | Standard and high sink I/Os<br>Load = 20 pF | -                   | -   | $50^{(2)}$              |               |
| $I_{lkg}$            | Digital input leakage current   | $V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$            | -                   | -   | $\pm 1^{(3)}$           | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{lkg\text{ ana}}$ | Analog input leakage current    | $V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$            | -                   | -   | $\pm 250^{(3)}$         | nA            |
| $I_{lkg(inj)}$       | Leakage current in adjacent I/O | Injection current $\pm 4\text{ mA}$         | -                   | -   | $\pm 1^{(3)}$           | $\mu\text{A}$ |

1. Hysteresis voltage between Schmitt trigger switching levels. Based on characterization results, not tested in production.

2. Data guaranteed by design.

3. Guaranteed by characterization results

Figure 22. Typical  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$  vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperaturesFigure 23. Typical pull-up current vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperaturesFigure 24. Typical pull-up resistance vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperatures

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Table 39. Output driving current (standard ports)

| Symbol   | Parameter                             | Conditions                                            | Min                | Max                | Unit |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| $V_{OL}$ | Output low level with 8 pins sunk     | $I_{IO} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$  | -                  | 2.0                | V    |
|          | Output low level with 4 pins sunk     | $I_{IO} = 4 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | -                  | 1.0 <sup>(1)</sup> |      |
| $V_{OH}$ | Output high level with 8 pins sourced | $I_{IO} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$  | 2.8                | -                  |      |
|          | Output high level with 4 pins sourced | $I_{IO} = 4 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | 2.1 <sup>(1)</sup> | -                  |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results

Table 40. Output driving current (true open drain ports)

| Symbol   | Parameter                             | Conditions                                           | Min | Max                | Unit |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|------|
| $V_{OL}$ | Output low level with 2 pins sunk     | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$   | -   | 1.0                | V    |
|          | Output low level with 2 pins sunk     | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | -   | 1.5 <sup>(1)</sup> |      |
| $V_{OH}$ | Output high level with 2 pins sourced | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$   | -   | 2.0 <sup>(1)</sup> |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results

Table 41. Output driving current (high sink ports)

| Symbol   | Parameter                             | Conditions                                           | Min                | Max                | Unit |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| $V_{OL}$ | Output low level with 8 pins sunk     | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$   | -                  | 0.8                | V    |
|          | Output low level with 4 pins sunk     | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | -                  | 1.0 <sup>(1)</sup> |      |
|          |                                       | $I_{IO} = 20\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$   | -                  | 1.5 <sup>(1)</sup> |      |
| $V_{OH}$ | Output high level with 8 pins sourced | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$   | 4.0                | -                  |      |
|          | Output high level with 4 pins sourced | $I_{IO} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | 2.1 <sup>(1)</sup> | -                  |      |
|          |                                       | $I_{IO} = 20\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$   | 3.3 <sup>(1)</sup> | -                  |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

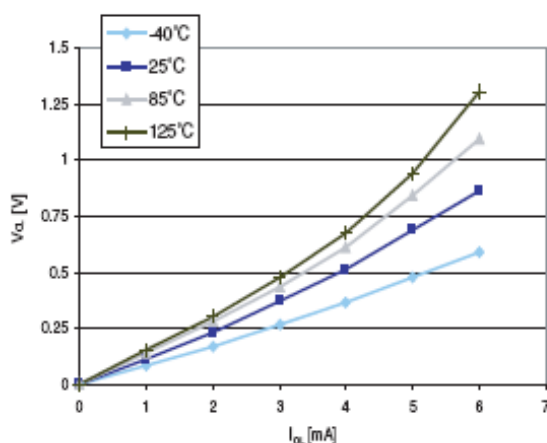
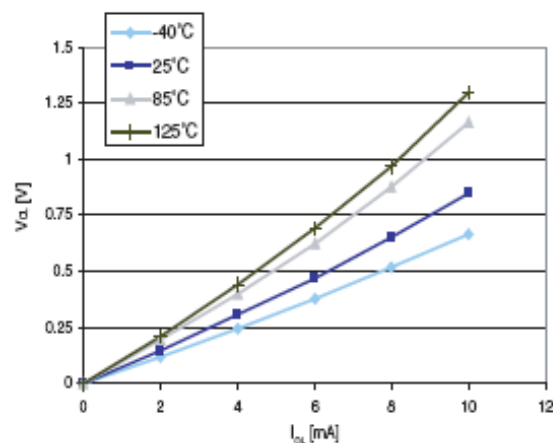
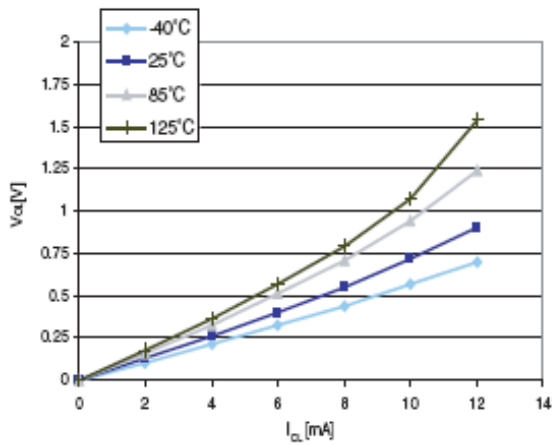
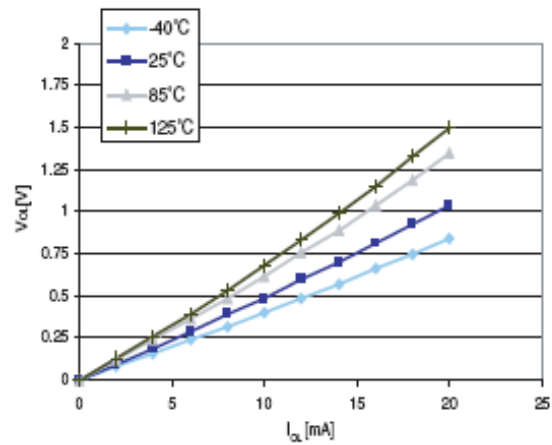
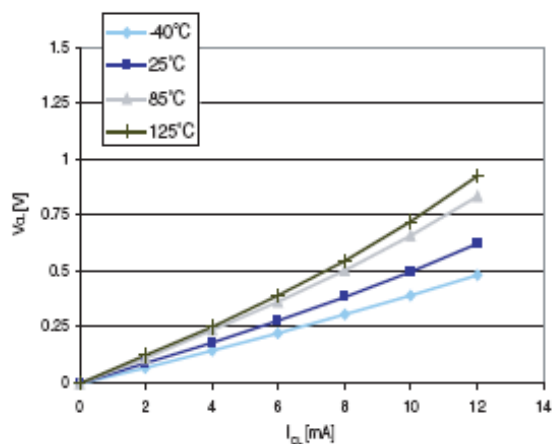
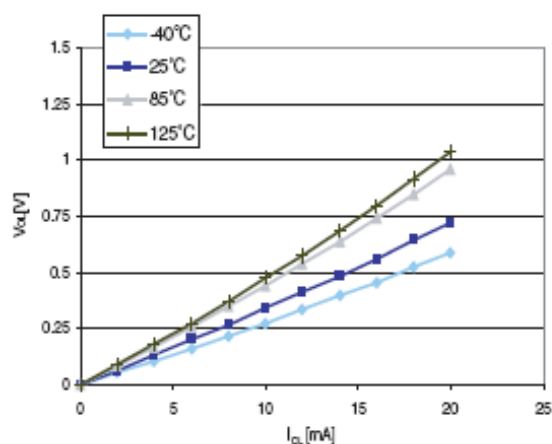
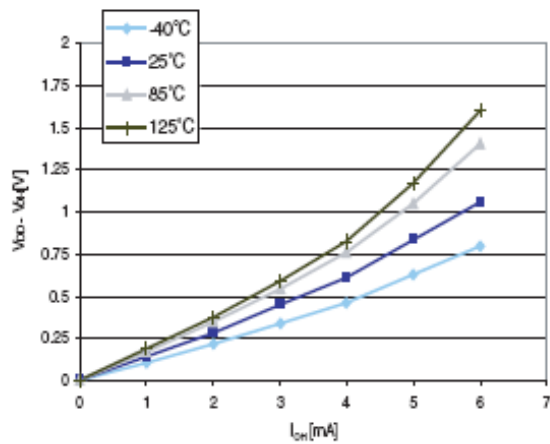
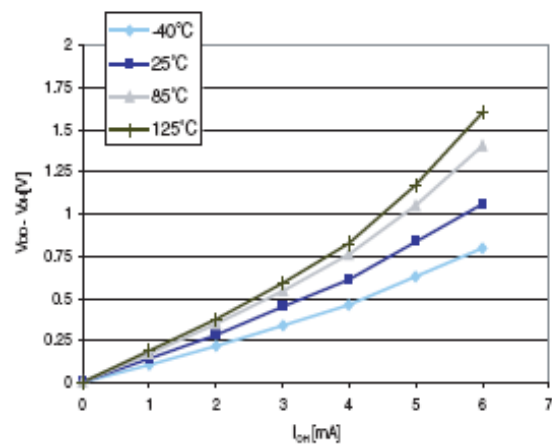
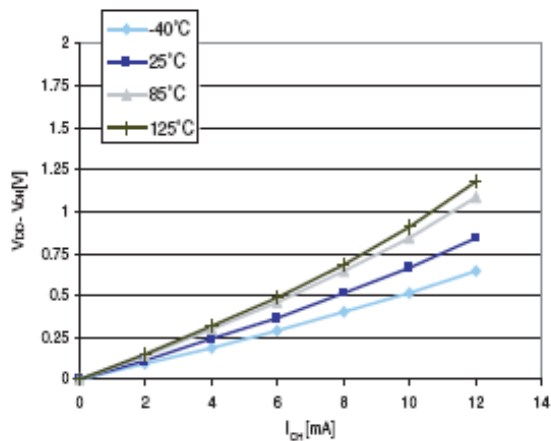
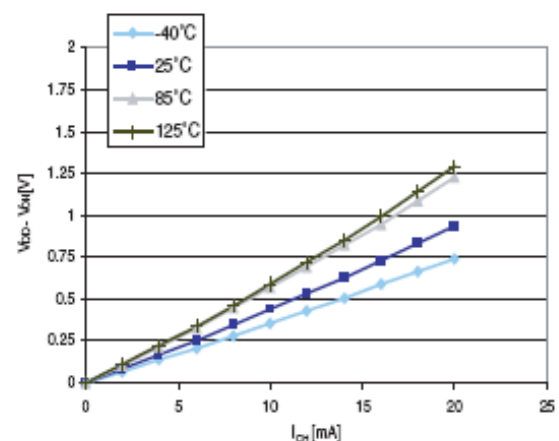
Figure 25. Typ.  $V_{OL}$  @  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$  (standard ports)Figure 26. Typ.  $V_{OL}$  @  $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$  (standard ports)

Figure 27. Typ.  $V_{OL}$  @  $V_{DD} = 3.3$  V (true open drain ports)Figure 28. Typ.  $V_{OL}$  @  $V_{DD} = 5.0$  V (true open drain ports)Figure 29. Typ.  $V_{OL}$  @  $V_{DD} = 3.3$  V (high sink ports)Figure 30. Typ.  $V_{OL}$  @  $V_{DD} = 5.0$  V (high sink ports)

**Figure 31. Typ.  $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$  @  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$  (standard ports)****Figure 32. Typ.  $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$  @  $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$  (standard ports)****Figure 33. Typ.  $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$  @  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$  (high sink ports)****Figure 34. Typ.  $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$  @  $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$  (high sink ports)**

### 10.3.7 Reset pin characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$  and  $T_A$  unless otherwise specified.

**Table 42. NRST pin characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                                    | Conditions              | Min                 | Typ | Max                 | Unit          |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----|---------------------|---------------|
| $V_{IL(NRST)}$   | NRST input low level voltage <sup>(1)</sup>  | -                       | -0.3                | -   | $0.3 \times V_{DD}$ | V             |
| $V_{IH(NRST)}$   | NRST input high level voltage <sup>(1)</sup> | $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$ | $0.7 \times V_{DD}$ | -   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$      |               |
| $V_{OL(NRST)}$   | NRST output low level voltage <sup>(1)</sup> | $I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$ | -                   | -   | 0.5                 |               |
| $R_{PU(NRST)}$   | NRST pull-up resistor <sup>(2)</sup>         | -                       | 30                  | 55  | 80                  | k $\Omega$    |
| $t_{IFP(NRST)}$  | NRST input filtered pulse <sup>(3)</sup>     | -                       | -                   | -   | 75                  | ns            |
| $t_{INFP(NRST)}$ | NRST Input not filtered pulse <sup>(3)</sup> | -                       | 500                 | -   | -                   |               |
| $t_{OP(NRST)}$   | NRST output pulse <sup>(3)</sup>             | -                       | 20                  | -   | -                   | $\mu\text{s}$ |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. The  $R_{PU}$  pull-up equivalent resistor is based on a resistive transistor.
3. Guaranteed by design.

**Figure 35. Typical NRST  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$  vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperatures**

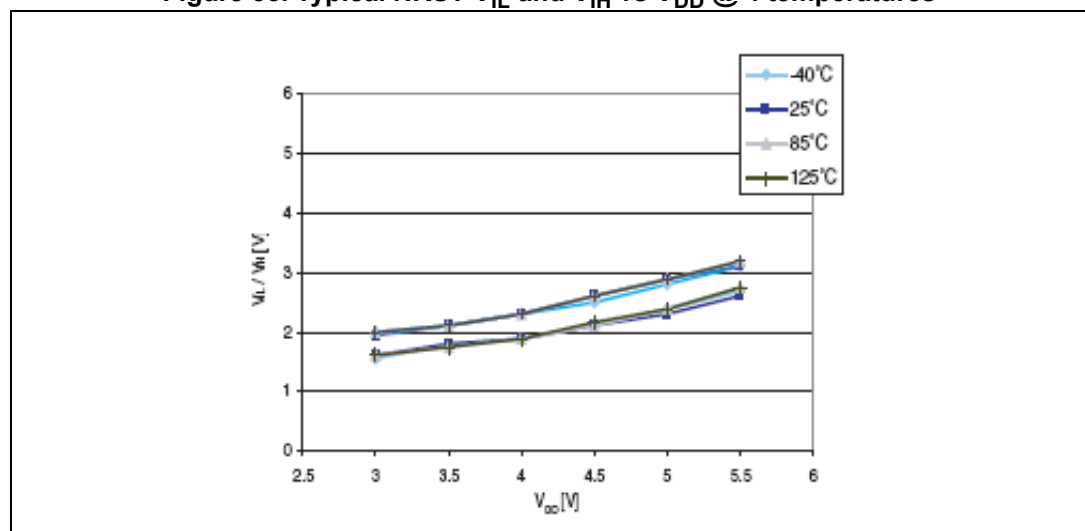
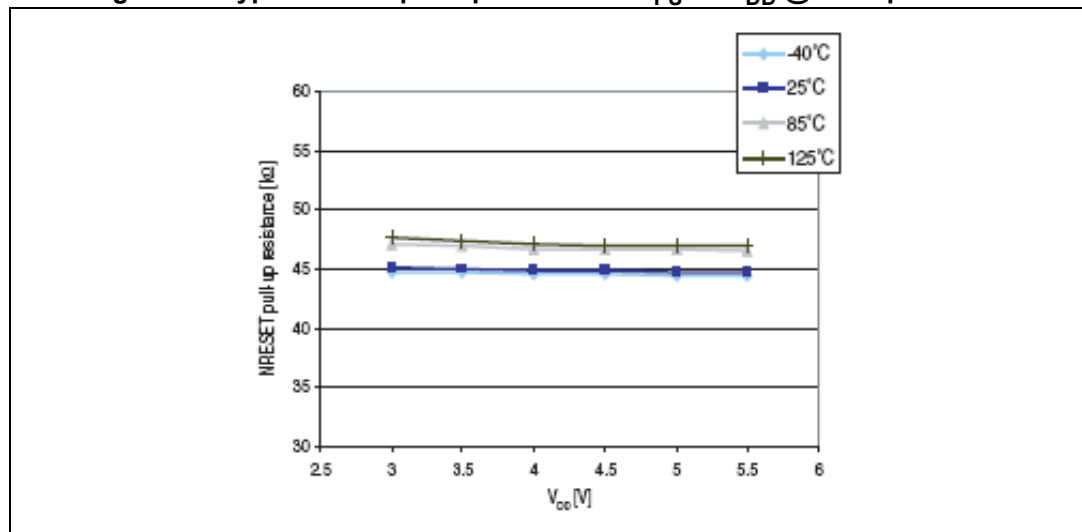
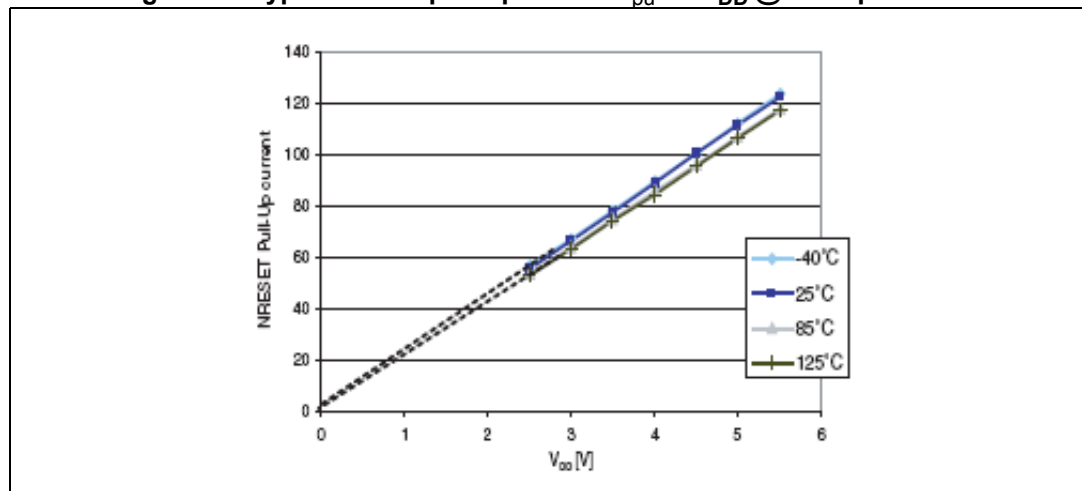
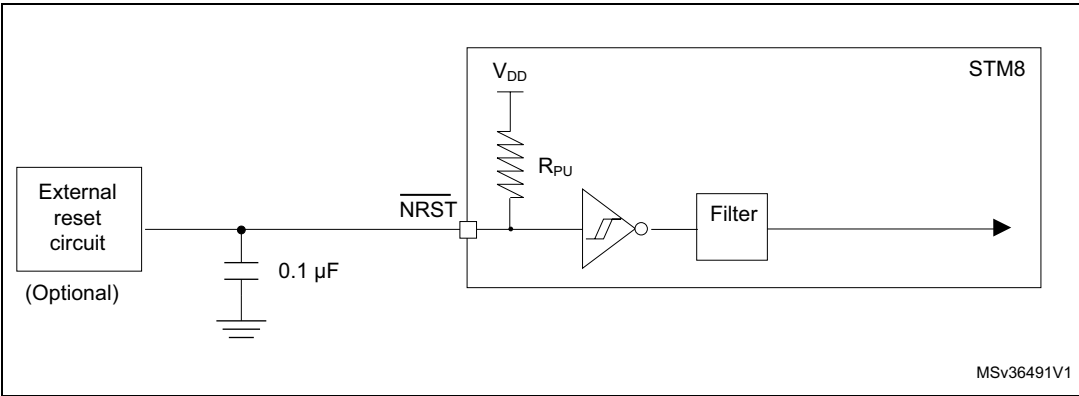


Figure 36. Typical NRST pull-up resistance  $R_{PU}$  vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperaturesFigure 37. Typical NRST pull-up current  $I_{PU}$  vs  $V_{DD}$  @ 4 temperatures

The reset network shown in [Figure 38](#) protects the device against parasitic resets. The user must ensure that the level on the NRST pin can go below  $V_{IL(NRST)}$  max (see [Table 42: NRST pin characteristics](#)), otherwise the reset is not taken into account internally.

For power consumption sensitive applications, the external reset capacitor value can be reduced to limit the charge/discharge current. If NRST signal is used to reset external circuitry, attention must be taken to the charge/discharge time of the external capacitor to fulfill the external devices reset timing conditions. Minimum recommended capacity is 100 nF.

Figure 38. Recommended reset pin protection



10.3.8 SPI serial peripheral interface

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 43](#) are derived from tests performed under ambient temperature,  $f_{\text{MASTER}}$  frequency and  $V_{\text{DD}}$  supply voltage conditions.  $t_{\text{MASTER}} = 1/f_{\text{MASTER}}$ .

Refer to I/O port characteristics for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics (NSS, SCK, MOSI, MISO).

Table 43. SPI characteristics

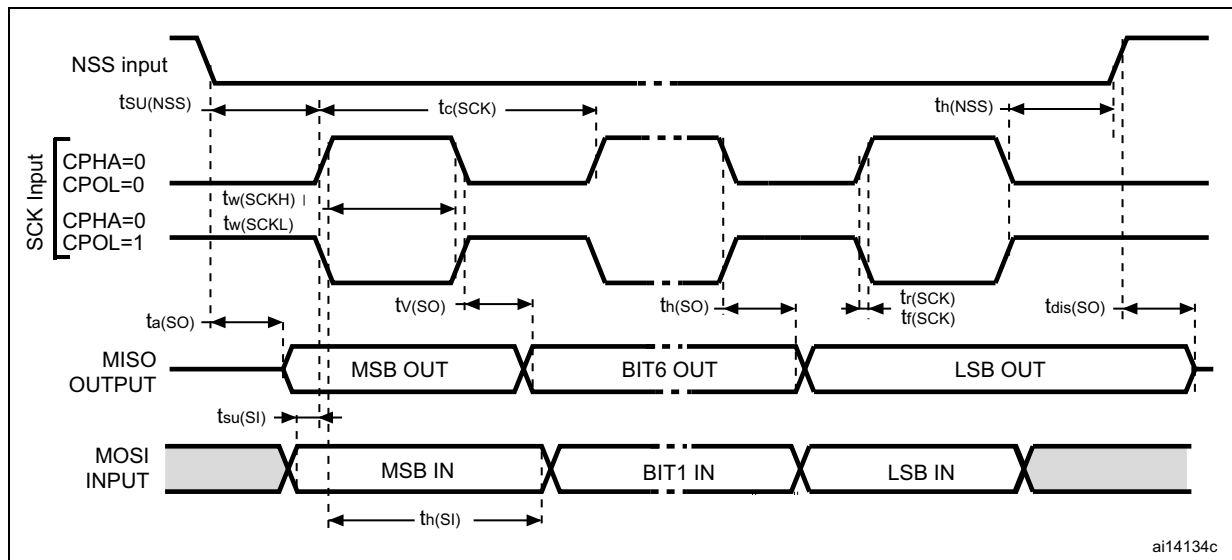
| Symbol                                    | Parameter           | Conditions <sup>(1)</sup> | Min | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| $f_{\text{SCK}}$<br>$1/t_{\text{c(SCK)}}$ | SPI clock frequency | Master mode               | 0   | 8   | MHz  |
|                                           |                     | Slave mode                | 0   | 7   |      |

Table 43. SPI characteristics (continued)

| Symbol                                     | Parameter                    | Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>          | Min              | Max              | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| $t_{r(SCK)}$<br>$t_{f(SCK)}$               | SPI clock rise and fall time | Capacitive load:<br>C = 30 pF      | -                | 25               | ns   |
| $t_{su(NSS)}^{(2)}$                        | NSS setup time               | Slave mode                         | $4 * t_{MASTER}$ | -                |      |
| $t_{h(NSS)}^{(2)}$                         | NSS hold time                | Slave mode                         | 70               | -                |      |
| $t_{w(SCKH)}^{(2)}$<br>$t_{w(SCKL)}^{(2)}$ | SCK high and low time        | Master mode                        | $t_{SCK}/2 - 15$ | $t_{SCK}/2 + 15$ |      |
| $t_{su(MI)}^{(2)}$<br>$t_{su(SI)}^{(2)}$   | Data input setup time        | Master mode                        | 5                | -                |      |
|                                            |                              | Slave mode                         | 5                | -                |      |
| $t_{h(MI)}^{(2)}$<br>$t_{h(SI)}^{(2)}$     | Data input hold time         | Master mode                        | 7                | -                |      |
|                                            |                              | Slave mode                         | 10               | -                |      |
| $t_{a(SO)}^{(2)(3)}$                       | Data output access time      | Slave mode                         | -                | $3 * t_{MASTER}$ |      |
| $t_{dis(SO)}^{(2)(4)}$                     | Data output disable time     | Slave mode                         | 25               | -                |      |
| $t_{v(SO)}^{(2)}$                          | Data output valid time       | Slave mode<br>(after enable edge)  | -                | 65               |      |
| $t_{v(MO)}^{(2)}$                          | Data output valid time       | Master mode (after<br>enable edge) | -                | 30               |      |
| $t_{h(SO)}^{(2)}$                          | Data output hold time        | Slave mode (after<br>enable edge)  | 27               | -                |      |
| $t_{h(MO)}^{(2)}$                          |                              | Master mode (after<br>enable edge) | 11               | -                |      |

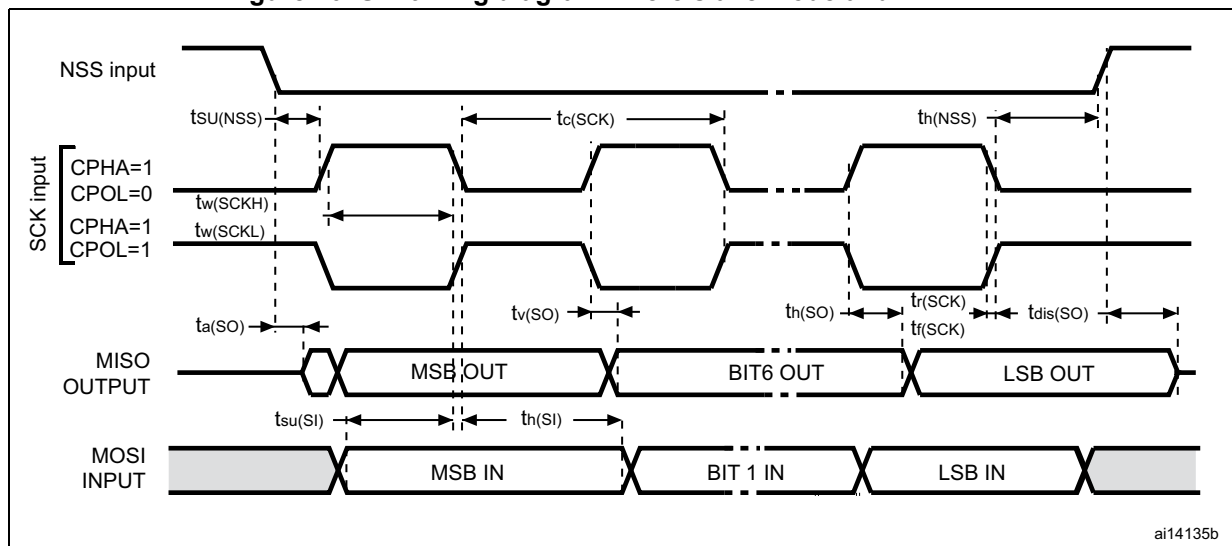
- Parameters are given by selecting 10 MHz I/O output frequency.
- Values based on design simulation and/or characterization results, and not tested in production.
- Min time is for the minimum time to drive the output and the max time is for the maximum time to validate the data.
- Min time is for the minimum time to invalidate the output and the max time is for the maximum time to put the data in Hi-Z.

Figure 39. SPI timing diagram where slave mode and CPHA = 0



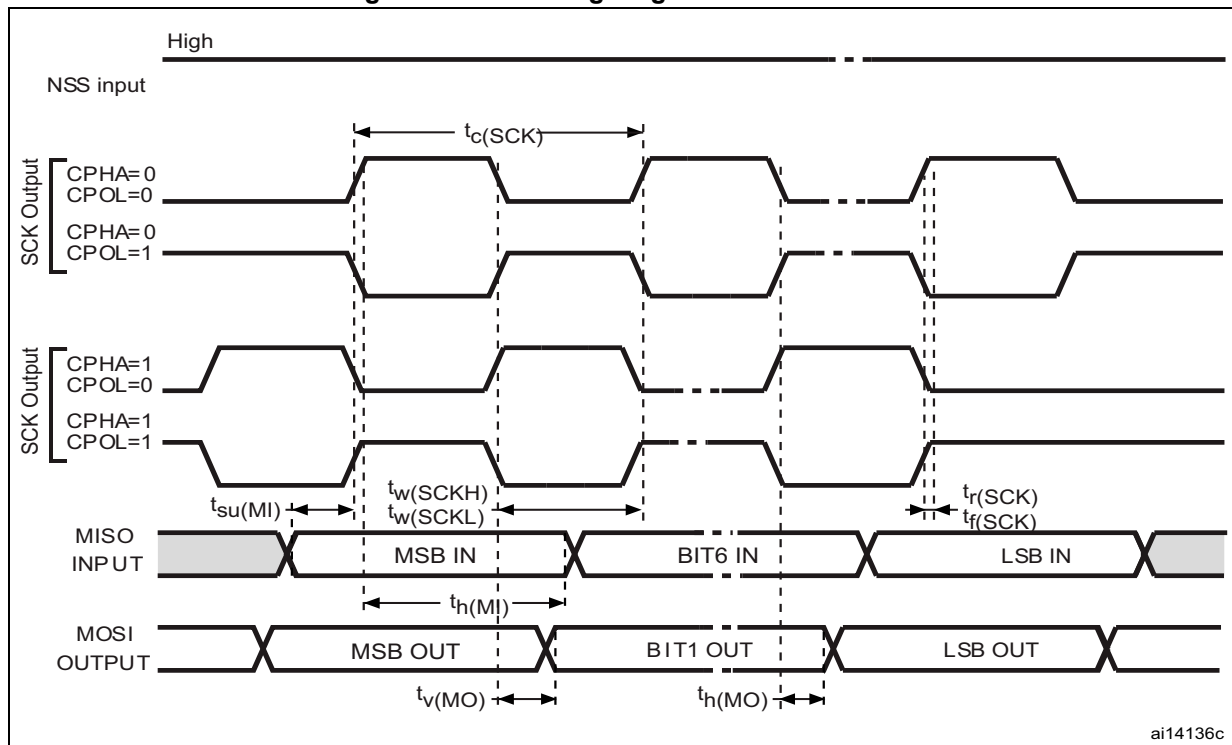
1. Measurement points are at CMOS levels:  $0.3 V_{DD}$  and  $0.7 V_{DD}$ .

Figure 40. SPI timing diagram where slave mode and CPHA = 1



1. Measurement points are at CMOS levels:  $0.3 V_{DD}$  and  $0.7 V_{DD}$ .

Figure 41. SPI timing diagram - master mode

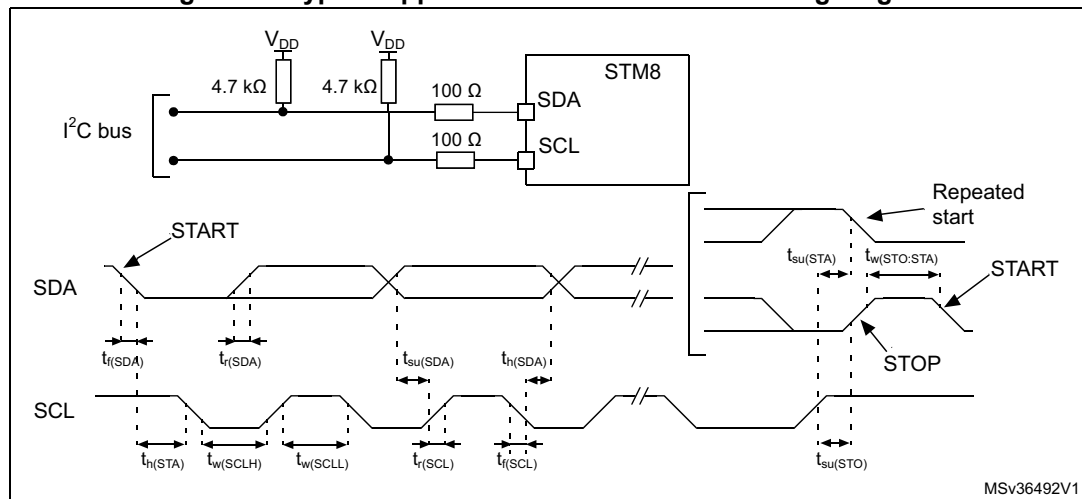


1. Measurement points are at CMOS levels:  $0.3 V_{DD}$  and  $0.7 V_{DD}$ .

10.3.9 I<sup>2</sup>C interface characteristicsTable 44. I<sup>2</sup>C characteristics

| Symbol                   | Parameter                                         | Standard mode I <sup>2</sup> C |                    | Fast mode I <sup>2</sup> C <sup>(1)</sup> |                    | Unit    |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|
|                          |                                                   | Min <sup>(2)</sup>             | Max <sup>(2)</sup> | Min <sup>(2)</sup>                        | Max <sup>(2)</sup> |         |
| $t_{w(SCLL)}$            | SCL clock low time                                | 4.7                            | -                  | 1.3                                       | -                  | $\mu s$ |
| $t_{w(SCLH)}$            | SCL clock high time                               | 4.0                            | -                  | 0.6                                       | -                  |         |
| $t_{su(SDA)}$            | SDA setup time                                    | 250                            | -                  | 100                                       | -                  | ns      |
| $t_h(SDA)$               | SDA data hold time                                | 0 <sup>(3)</sup>               | -                  | 0 <sup>(4)</sup>                          | 900 <sup>(3)</sup> |         |
| $t_r(SDA)$<br>$t_r(SCL)$ | SDA and SCL rise time<br>( $V_{DD} = 3$ to 5.5 V) | -                              | 1000               | -                                         | 300                |         |
| $t_f(SDA)$<br>$t_f(SCL)$ | SDA and SCL fall time<br>( $V_{DD} = 3$ to 5.5 V) | -                              | 300                | -                                         | 300                |         |
| $t_h(STA)$               | START condition hold time                         | 4.0                            | -                  | 0.6                                       | -                  | $\mu s$ |
| $t_{su(STA)}$            | Repeated START condition setup time               | 4.7                            | -                  | 0.6                                       | -                  |         |
| $t_{su(STO)}$            | STOP condition setup time                         | 4.0                            | -                  | 0.6                                       | -                  |         |
| $t_{w(STO:STA)}$         | STOP to START condition time<br>(bus free)        | 4.7                            | -                  | 1.3                                       | -                  |         |
| $C_b$                    | Capacitive load for each bus line                 | -                              | 400                | -                                         | 400                | pF      |

1.  $f_{MASTER}$  must be at least 8 MHz to achieve max fast I<sup>2</sup>C speed (400 kHz)
2. Data based on standard I<sup>2</sup>C protocol requirement, not tested in production
3. The maximum hold time of the start condition has only to be met if the interface does not stretch the low time
4. The device must internally provide a hold time of at least 300 ns for the SDA signal in order to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL

Figure 42. Typical application with I<sup>2</sup>C bus and timing diagram

MSv36492V1

### 10.3.10 10-bit ADC characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for  $V_{DD}$ ,  $f_{MASTER}$ , and  $T_A$  unless otherwise specified.

**Table 45. ADC characteristics**

| Symbol      | Parameter                                                                  | Conditions                 | Min      | Typ  | Max      | Unit        |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------|----------|-------------|
| $f_{ADC}$   | ADC clock frequency                                                        | $V_{DD} = 2.95$ to $5.5$ V | 1        | -    | 4        | MHz         |
|             |                                                                            | $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to $5.5$ V  | 1        | -    | 6        |             |
| $V_{AIN}$   | Conversion voltage range <sup>(1)</sup>                                    | -                          | $V_{SS}$ | -    | $V_{DD}$ | V           |
| $C_{ADC}$   | Internal sample and hold capacitor                                         | -                          | -        | 3    | -        | pF          |
| $t_S^{(1)}$ | Minimum sampling time                                                      | $f_{ADC} = 4$ MHz          | -        | 0.75 | -        | $\mu s$     |
|             |                                                                            | $f_{ADC} = 6$ MHz          | -        | 0.5  | -        |             |
| $t_{STAB}$  | Wakeup time from standby                                                   | -                          | -        | 7.0  | -        | $\mu s$     |
| $t_{CONV}$  | Minimum total conversion time (including sampling time, 10-bit resolution) | $f_{ADC} = 4$ MHz          | 3.5      |      |          | $\mu s$     |
|             |                                                                            | $f_{ADC} = 6$ MHz          | 2.33     |      |          | $\mu s$     |
|             |                                                                            | -                          | 14       |      |          | $1/f_{ADC}$ |

1. During the sample time, the sampling capacitance,  $C_{AIN}$  (3 pF max), can be charged/discharged by the external source. The internal resistance of the analog source must allow the capacitance to reach its final voltage level within  $t_S$ . After the end of the sample time  $t_S$ , changes of the analog input voltage have no effect on the conversion result. Values for the sample clock  $t_S$  depend on programming.

Table 46. ADC accuracy with  $R_{AIN} < 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ 

| Symbol         | Parameter                                   | Conditions               | Typ | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------------|------|
| E <sub>T</sub> | Total unadjusted error <sup>(2)</sup>       | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 1.6 | 3.5                | LSB  |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 2.2 | 4                  |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 6 MHz | 2.4 | 4.5                |      |
| E <sub>O</sub> | Offset error <sup>(2)</sup>                 | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 1.1 | 2.5                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 1.5 | 3                  |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 6 MHz | 1.8 | 3                  |      |
| E <sub>G</sub> | Gain error <sup>(2)</sup>                   | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 1.5 | 3                  |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 2.1 | 3                  |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 6 MHz | 2.2 | 4                  |      |
| E <sub>D</sub> | Differential linearity error <sup>(2)</sup> | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 0.7 | 1.5                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 0.7 | 1.5                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 6 MHz | 0.7 | 1.5                |      |
| E <sub>L</sub> | Integral linearity error <sup>(2)</sup>     | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 0.6 | 1.5                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 0.8 | 2                  |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 6 MHz | 0.8 | 2                  |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

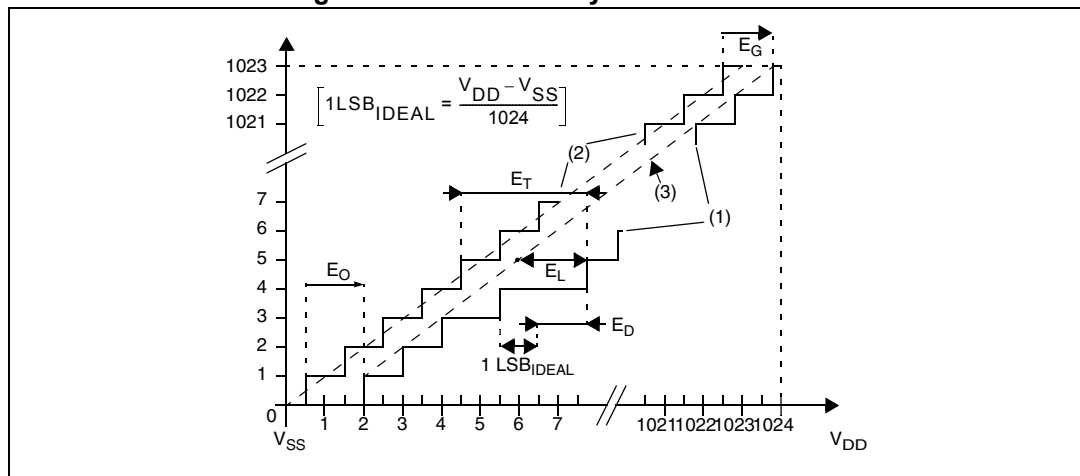
2. ADC accuracy vs. negative injection current: Injecting negative current on any of the analog input pins should be avoided as this significantly reduces the accuracy of the conversion being performed on another analog input. It is recommended to add a Schottky diode (pin to ground) to standard analog pins which may potentially inject negative current. Any positive injection current within the limits specified for  $I_{INJ(PIN)}$  and  $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$  in [Section 10.3.6](#) does not affect the ADC accuracy.

Table 47. ADC accuracy with  $R_{AIN} < 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ 

| Symbol         | Parameter                                   | Conditions               | Typ | Max <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------------|------|
| E <sub>T</sub> | Total unadjusted error <sup>(2)</sup>       | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 1.6 | 3.5                | LSB  |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 1.9 | 4                  |      |
| E <sub>O</sub> | Offset error <sup>(2)</sup>                 | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 1   | 2.5                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 1.5 | 2.5                |      |
| E <sub>G</sub> | Gain error <sup>(2)</sup>                   | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 1.3 | 3                  |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 2   | 3                  |      |
| E <sub>D</sub> | Differential linearity error <sup>(2)</sup> | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 0.7 | 1.0                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 0.7 | 1.5                |      |
| E <sub>L</sub> | Integral linearity error <sup>(2)</sup>     | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 2 MHz | 0.6 | 1.5                |      |
|                |                                             | f <sub>ADC</sub> = 4 MHz | 0.8 | 2                  |      |

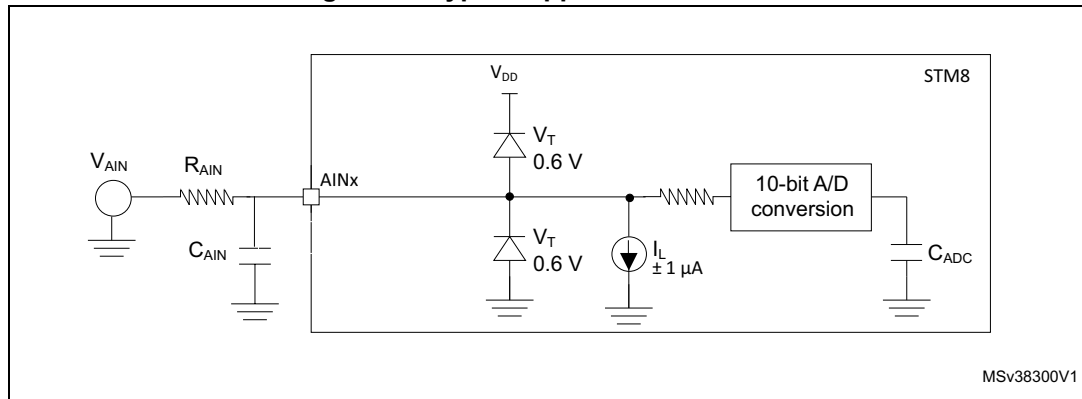
1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. ADC accuracy vs. negative injection current: Injecting negative current on any of the analog input pins should be avoided as this significantly reduces the accuracy of the conversion being performed on another analog input. It is recommended to add a Schottky diode (pin to ground) to standard analog pins which may potentially inject negative current. Any positive injection current within the limits specified for  $I_{INJ(PIN)}$  and  $\Sigma I_{INJ(PIN)}$  in [Section 10.3.6](#) does not affect the ADC accuracy.

Figure 43. ADC accuracy characteristics



1. Example of an actual transfer curve
  2. The ideal transfer curve
  3. End point correlation line
- $E_T$  = Total unadjusted error: maximum deviation between the actual and the ideal transfer curves.  
 $E_o$  = Offset error: deviation between the first actual transition and the first ideal one.  
 $E_G$  = Gain error: deviation between the last ideal transition and the last actual one.  
 $E_D$  = Differential linearity error: maximum deviation between actual steps and the ideal one.  
 $E_L$  = Integral linearity error: maximum deviation between any actual transition and the end point correlation line.

Figure 44. Typical application with ADC



1. Legend:  $R_{AIN}$  = external resistance,  $C_{AIN}$  = capacitors,  $C_{smp}$  = internal sample and hold capacitor.

### 10.3.11 EMC characteristics

Susceptibility tests are performed on a sample basis during product characterization.

#### Functional EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility)

While executing a simple application (toggling 2 LEDs through I/O ports), the product is stressed by two electromagnetic events until a failure occurs (indicated by the LEDs).

- **ESD:** Electrostatic discharge (positive and negative) is applied on all pins of the device until a functional disturbance occurs. This test conforms with the IEC 61000-4-2 standard.
- **FTB:** A burst of fast transient voltage (positive and negative) is applied to  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  through a 100 pF capacitor, until a functional disturbance occurs. This test conforms with the IEC 61000-4-4 standard.

A device reset allows normal operations to be resumed. The test results are given in the table below based on the EMS levels and classes defined in application note AN1709 (EMC design guide for STM microcontrollers).

#### Designing hardened software to avoid noise problems

EMC characterization and optimization are performed at component level with a typical application environment and simplified MCU software. It should be noted that good EMC performance is highly dependent on the user application and the software in particular.

Therefore it is recommended that the user applies EMC software optimization and prequalification tests in relation with the EMC level requested for his application.

#### Prequalification trials

Most of the common failures (unexpected reset and program counter corruption) can be recovered by applying a low state on the NRST pin or the oscillator pins for 1 second.

To complete these trials, ESD stress can be applied directly on the device, over the range of specification values. When unexpected behavior is detected, the software can be hardened to prevent unrecoverable errors occurring. See application note AN1015 (Software techniques for improving microcontroller EMC performance).

Table 48. EMS data

| Symbol     | Parameter                                                                                                                         | Conditions                                                                                                                               | Level/class        |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| $V_{FESD}$ | Voltage limits to be applied on any I/O pin to induce a functional disturbance                                                    | $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$ (HSI clock),<br>Conforms to IEC 61000-4-2 | 2/B <sup>(1)</sup> |
| $V_{EFTB}$ | Fast transient voltage burst limits to be applied through 100 pF on $V_{DD}$ and $V_{SS}$ pins to induce a functional disturbance | $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$f_{MASTER} = 16\text{ MHz}$ (HSI clock),<br>Conforms to IEC 61000-4-4 | 4/A <sup>(1)</sup> |

1. Data obtained with HSI clock configuration, after applying the hardware recommendations described in AN2860 (EMC guidelines for STM8S microcontrollers).

### Electromagnetic interference (EMI)

Based on a simple application running on the product (toggling 2 LEDs through the I/O ports), the product is monitored in terms of emission. This emission test is in line with the norm IEC 61967-2 which specifies the board and the loading of each pin.

**Table 49. EMI data**

| Symbol           | Parameter  | Conditions                                                                                           |                          |                                     |                | Unit |
|------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|------|
|                  |            | General conditions                                                                                   | Monitored frequency band | Max f <sub>CPU</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> |                |      |
|                  |            |                                                                                                      |                          | 16 MHz/ 8 MHz                       | 16 MHz/ 16 MHz |      |
| S <sub>EMI</sub> | Peak level | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C,<br>LQFP32 package.<br>Conforming to<br>IEC 61967-2 | 0.1 MHz to 30 MHz        | 5                                   | 5              | dBμV |
|                  |            |                                                                                                      | 30 MHz to 130 MHz        | 4                                   | 5              |      |
|                  |            |                                                                                                      | 130 MHz to 1 GHz         | 5                                   | 5              |      |
|                  | EMI level  |                                                                                                      | EMI level                | 2.5                                 | 2.5            | -    |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

### Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity)

Based on two different tests (ESD, DLU and LU) using specific measurement methods, the product is stressed to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

### Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Electrostatic discharges (a positive then a negative pulse separated by 1 second) are applied to the pins of each sample according to each pin combination. The sample size depends on the number of supply pins in the device (3 parts x (n+1) supply pin). One model can be simulated: Human body model. This test conforms to the JESD22-A114A/A115A standard. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

**Table 50. ESD absolute maximum ratings**

| Symbol         | Ratings                                               | Conditions                                                                     | Class | Maximum value <sup>(1)</sup> | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|------|
| $V_{ESD(HBM)}$ | Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human body model)    | $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , conforming to JESD22-A114                 | A     | 4000                         | V    |
| $V_{ESD(CDM)}$ | Electrostatic discharge voltage (Charge device model) | $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , conforming to SD22-C101<br>LQFP32 package | IV    | 1000                         |      |

1. Guaranteed by characterization results

### Static latch-up

Two complementary static tests are required on 10 parts to assess the latch-up performance.

- A supply overvoltage (applied to each power supply pin), and
- A current injection (applied to each input, output and configurable I/O pin) are performed on each sample.

This test conforms to the EIA/JESD 78 IC latch-up standard. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

**Table 51. Electrical sensitivities**

| Symbol | Parameter             | Conditions            | Class <sup>(1)</sup> |
|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| LU     | Static latch-up class | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$  | A                    |
|        |                       | $T_A = 85\text{ °C}$  |                      |
|        |                       | $T_A = 125\text{ °C}$ |                      |

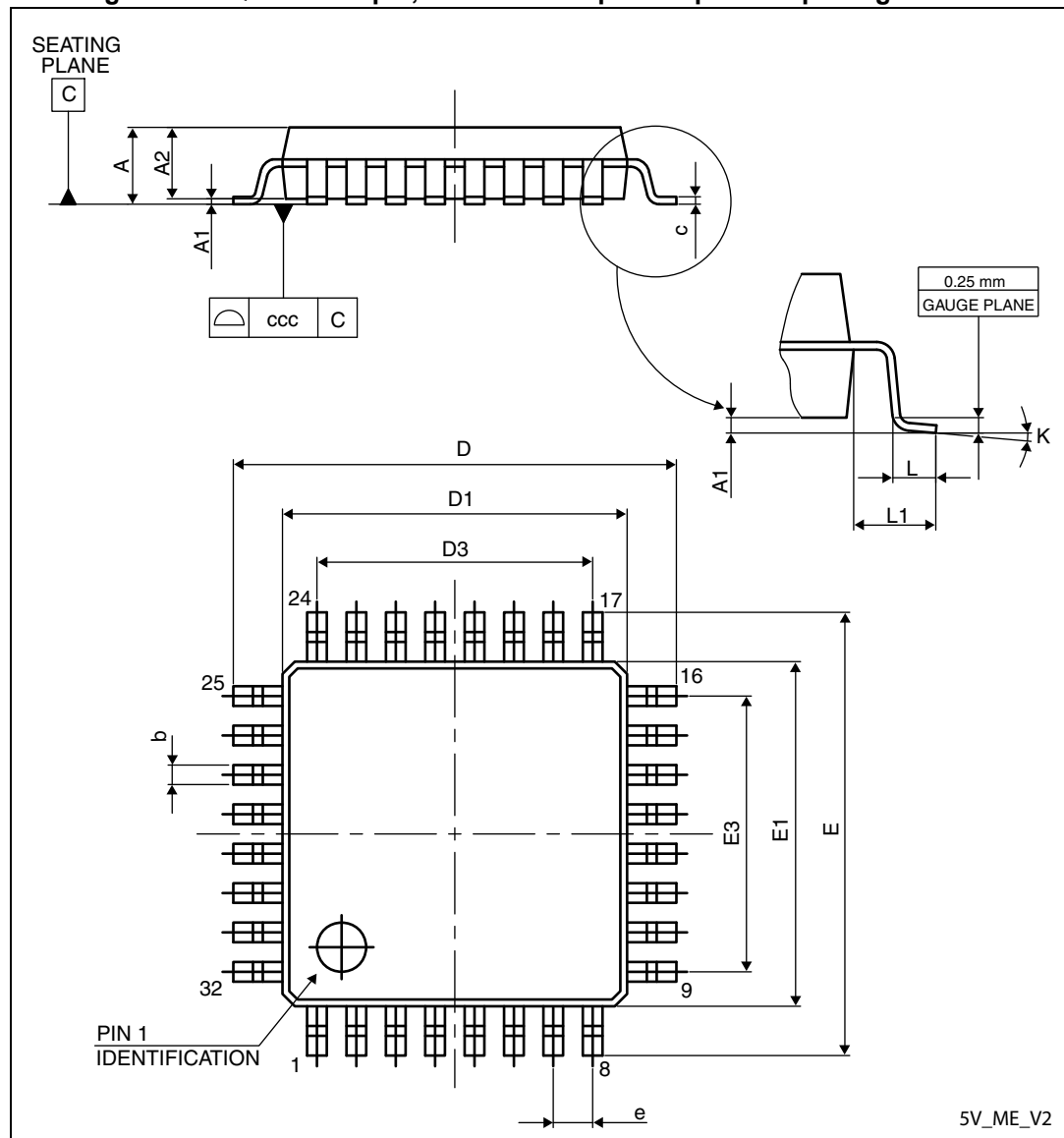
1. Class description: A Class is an STMicroelectronics internal specification. All its limits are higher than the JEDEC specifications, that means when a device belongs to class A it exceeds the JEDEC standard. B class strictly covers all the JEDEC criteria (international standard).

## 11 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: [www.st.com](http://www.st.com). ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

### 11.1 LQFP32 package information

Figure 45. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



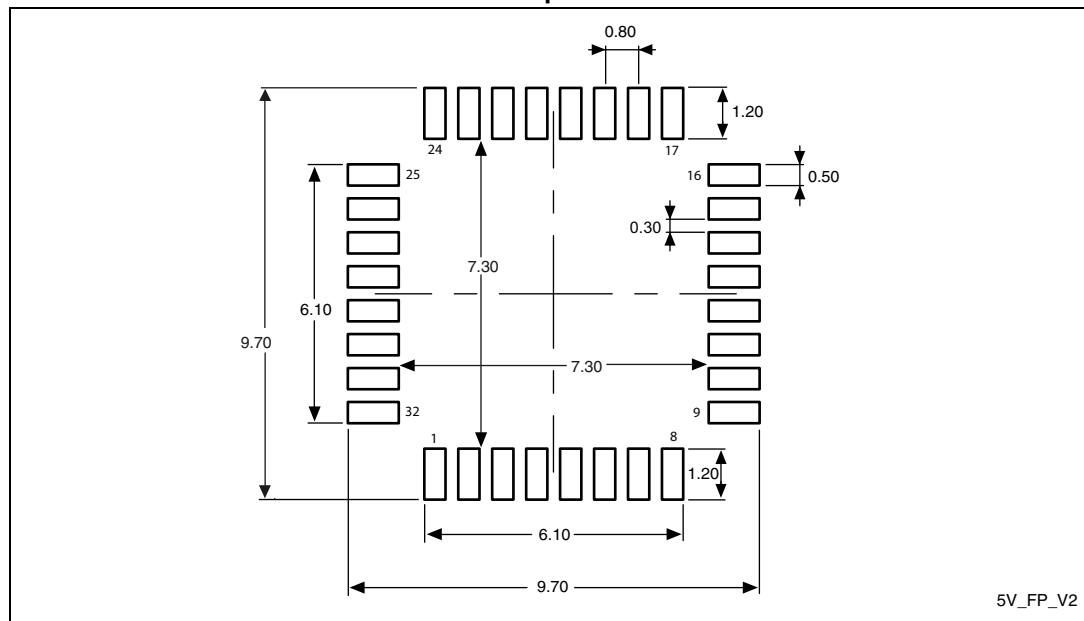
1. Drawing is not to scale.

**Table 52. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data**

| Symbol | millimeters |       |       | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|--------|-------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|        | Min         | Typ   | Max   | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| A      | -           | -     | 1.600 | -                     | -      | 0.0630 |
| A1     | 0.050       | -     | 0.150 | 0.0020                | -      | 0.0059 |
| A2     | 1.350       | 1.400 | 1.450 | 0.0531                | 0.0551 | 0.0571 |
| b      | 0.300       | 0.370 | 0.450 | 0.0118                | 0.0146 | 0.0177 |
| c      | 0.090       | -     | 0.200 | 0.0035                | -      | 0.0079 |
| D      | 8.800       | 9.000 | 9.200 | 0.3465                | 0.3543 | 0.3622 |
| D1     | 6.800       | 7.000 | 7.200 | 0.2677                | 0.2756 | 0.2835 |
| D3     | -           | 5.600 | -     | -                     | 0.2205 | -      |
| E      | 8.800       | 9.000 | 9.200 | 0.3465                | 0.3543 | 0.3622 |
| E1     | 6.800       | 7.000 | 7.200 | 0.2677                | 0.2756 | 0.2835 |
| E3     | -           | 5.600 | -     | -                     | 0.2205 | -      |
| e      | -           | 0.800 | -     | -                     | 0.0315 | -      |
| L      | 0.450       | 0.600 | 0.750 | 0.0177                | 0.0236 | 0.0295 |
| L1     | -           | 1.000 | -     | -                     | 0.0394 | -      |
| k      | 0°          | 3.5°  | 7°    | 0°                    | 3.5°   | 7°     |
| ccc    | -           | -     | 0.100 | -                     | -      | 0.0039 |

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

**Figure 46. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package recommended footprint**



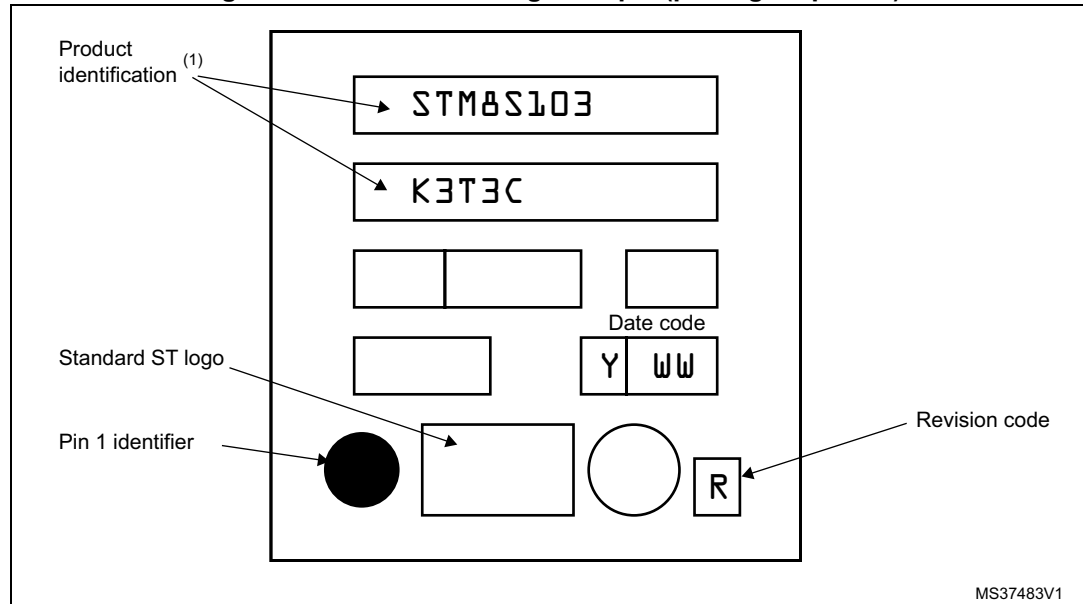
1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

## Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

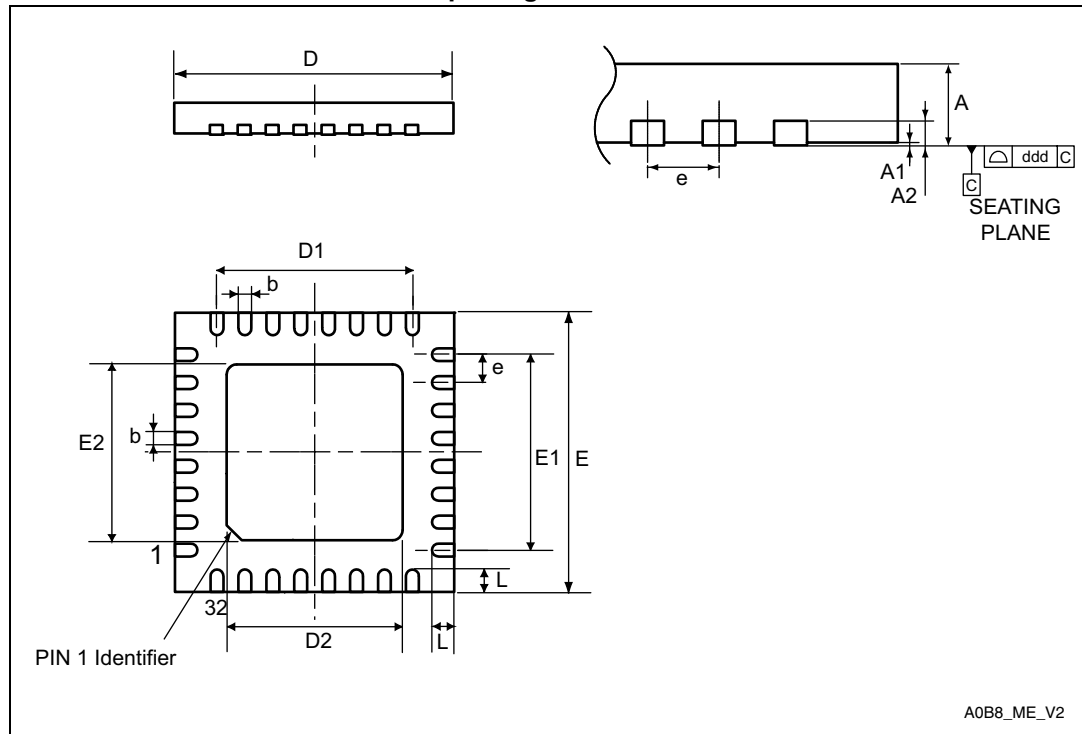
**Figure 47. LQFP32 marking example (package top view)**



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

## 11.2 UFQFPN32 package information

Figure 48. UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package outline

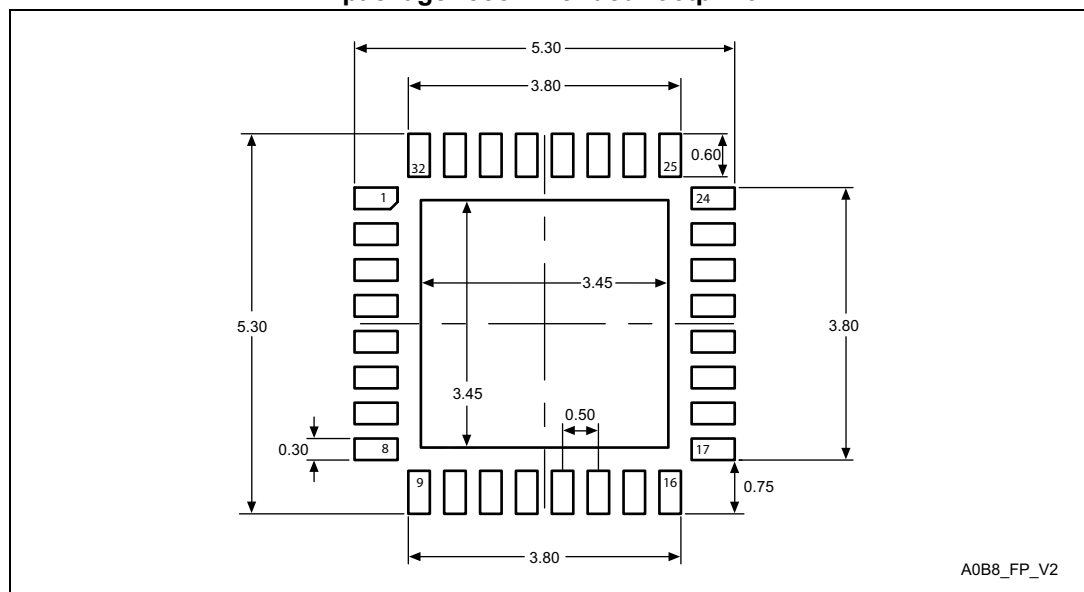


1. Drawing is not to scale.
2. All leads/pads should be soldered to the PCB to improve the lead/pad solder joint life.
3. There is an exposed die pad on the underside of the UFQFPN package. It is recommended to connect and solder this backside pad to PCB ground.
4. Dimensions are in millimeters.

**Table 53. UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package mechanical data**

| Symbol | millimeters |       |       | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|--------|-------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|        | Min         | Typ   | Max   | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| A      | 0.500       | 0.550 | 0.600 | 0.0197                | 0.0217 | 0.0236 |
| A1     | 0.000       | 0.020 | 0.050 | 0.0000                | 0.0008 | 0.0020 |
| A3     | -           | 0.152 | -     | -                     | 0.0060 | -      |
| b      | 0.180       | 0.230 | 0.280 | 0.0071                | 0.0091 | 0.0110 |
| D      | 4.900       | 5.000 | 5.100 | 0.1929                | 0.1969 | 0.2008 |
| D1     | 3.400       | 3.500 | 3.600 | 0.1339                | 0.1378 | 0.1417 |
| D2     | 3.400       | 3.500 | 3.600 | 0.1339                | 0.1378 | 0.1417 |
| E      | 4.900       | 5.000 | 5.100 | 0.1929                | 0.1969 | 0.2008 |
| E1     | 3.400       | 3.500 | 3.600 | 0.1339                | 0.1378 | 0.1417 |
| E2     | 3.400       | 3.500 | 3.600 | 0.1339                | 0.1378 | 0.1417 |
| e      | -           | 0.500 | -     | -                     | 0.0197 | -      |
| L      | 0.300       | 0.400 | 0.500 | 0.0118                | 0.0157 | 0.0197 |
| ddd    | -           | -     | 0.080 | -                     | -      | 0.0031 |

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

**Figure 49. UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5 x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package recommended footprint**

1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

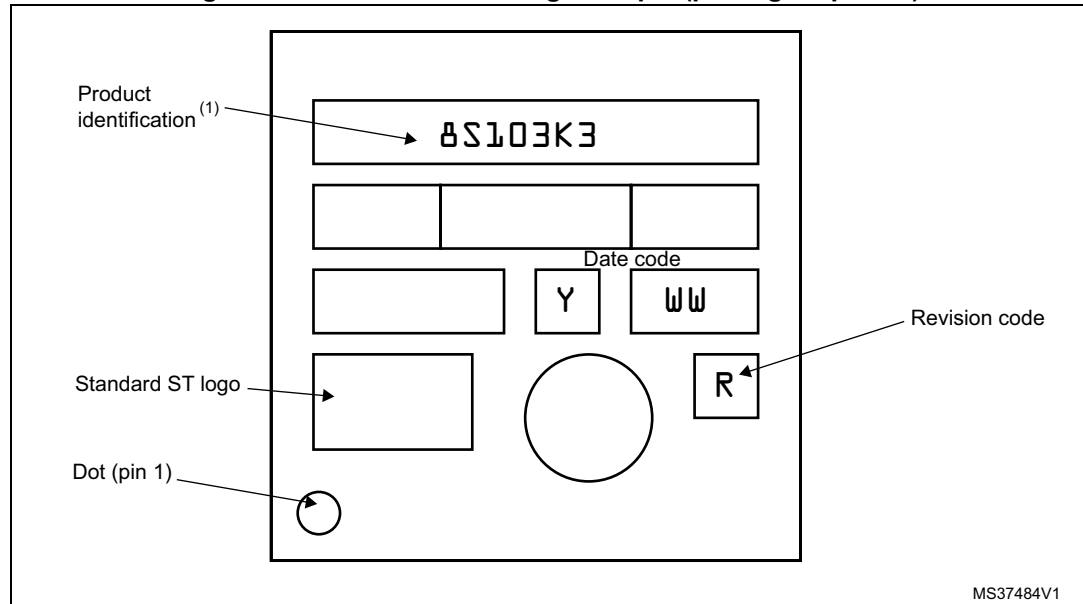
[Section 11.7: UFQFPN recommended footprint](#) shows the recommended footprints for UFQFPN with and without on-board emulation.

### Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

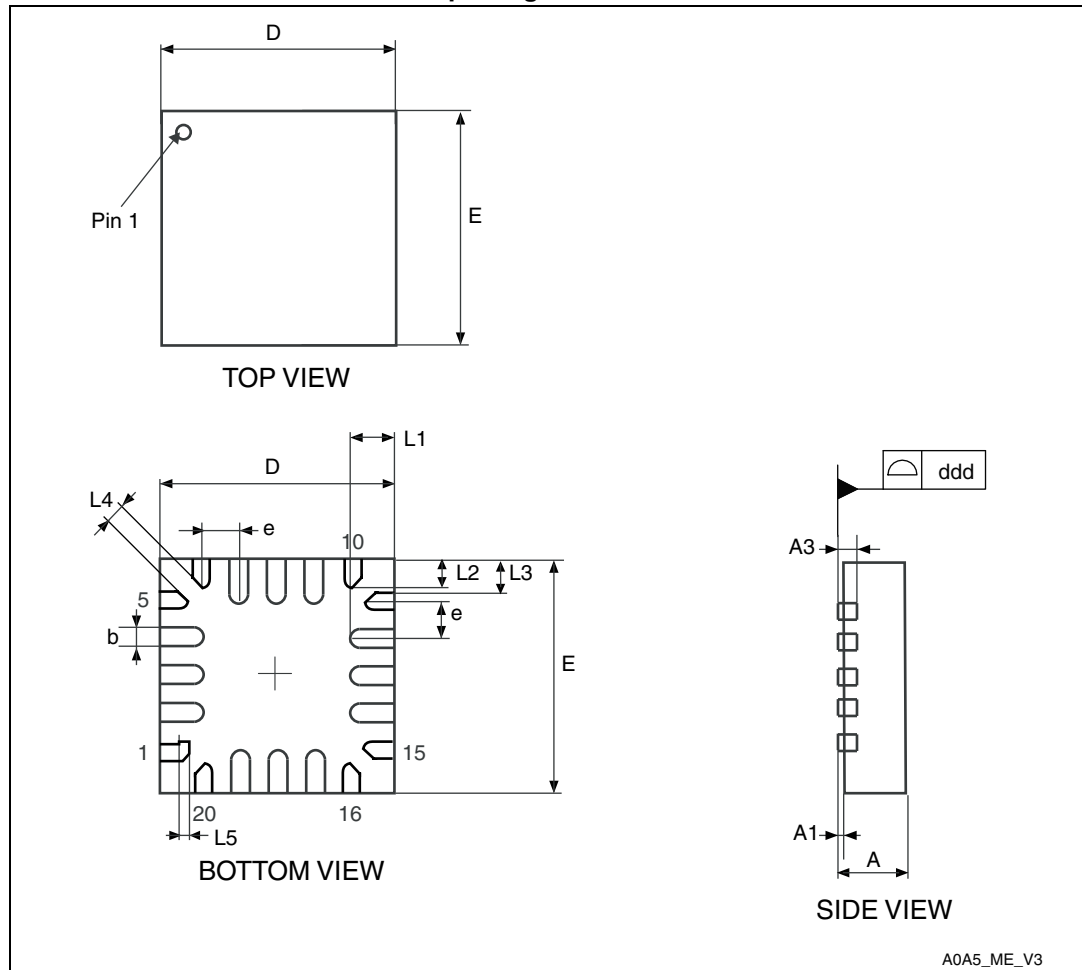
**Figure 50. UFQFPN32 marking example (package top view)**



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

## 11.3 UFQFPN20 package information

Figure 51. UFQFPN20 - 20-lead, 3x3 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 54. UFQFPN20 - 20-lead, 3x3 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package mechanical data

| Dim. | mm    |       |       | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|      | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| A    | 0.500 | 0.550 | 0.600 | 0.0197                | 0.0217 | 0.0236 |
| A1   | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.050 | 0.0000                | 0.0008 | 0.0020 |
| A3   | -     | 0.152 | -     | -                     | 0.060  | -      |
| D    | 2.900 | 3.000 | 3.100 | 0.1142                | 0.1181 | 0.1220 |
| E    | 2.900 | 3.000 | 3.100 | 0.1142                | 0.1181 | 0.1220 |
| L1   | 0.500 | 0.550 | 0.600 | 0.0197                | 0.0217 | 0.0236 |
| L2   | 0.300 | 0.350 | 0.400 | 0.0118                | 0.0138 | 0.0157 |

| Dim. | mm    |       |       | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|      | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| L3   | -     | 0.375 | -     | -                     | 0.0148 | -      |
| L4   | -     | 0.200 | -     | -                     | 0.0079 | -      |
| L5   | -     | 0.150 | -     | -                     | 0.0059 | -      |
| b    | 0.180 | 0.250 | 0.300 | 0.0071                | 0.0098 | 0.0118 |
| e    | -     | 0.500 | -     | -                     | 0.0197 | -      |
| ddd  | -     | -     | 0.050 | -                     | -      | 0.0020 |

**Section 11.7: UFQFPN recommended footprint** shows the recommended footprints for UFQFPN with and without on-board emulation.

Technical drawing of a rectangular building footprint. The overall dimensions are 3.30m by 2.30m. The drawing shows a central corridor (1.90m wide) and several rooms. The rooms are numbered 1 through 16. The drawing includes dimensions for the rooms and the corridor. The drawing is a top-down view of the building footprint.

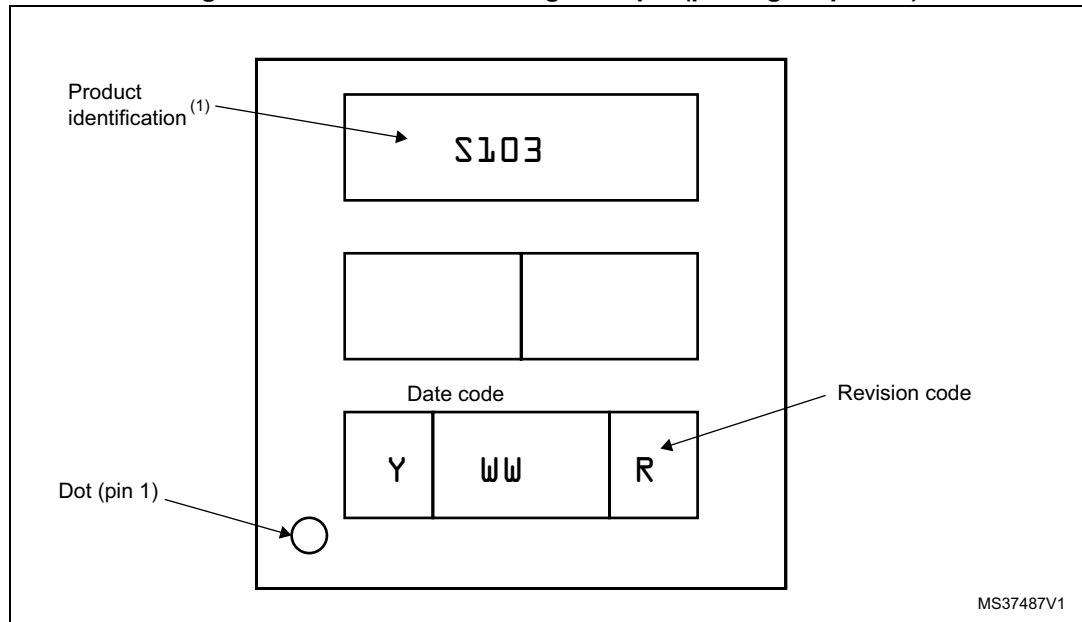
Dimensions:

- Overall width: 3.30m
- Overall height: 2.30m
- Central corridor width: 1.90m
- Room 1 width: 0.70m
- Room 16 width: 0.50m
- Room 15 width: 0.50m
- Room 11 width: 0.50m
- Room 10 width: 0.50m
- Room 6 width: 0.50m
- Room 5 width: 0.30m

## Device marking

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

Figure 53. UFQFPN20 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

# 11.4 SDIP32 package information

Figure 54. SDIP32 package outline

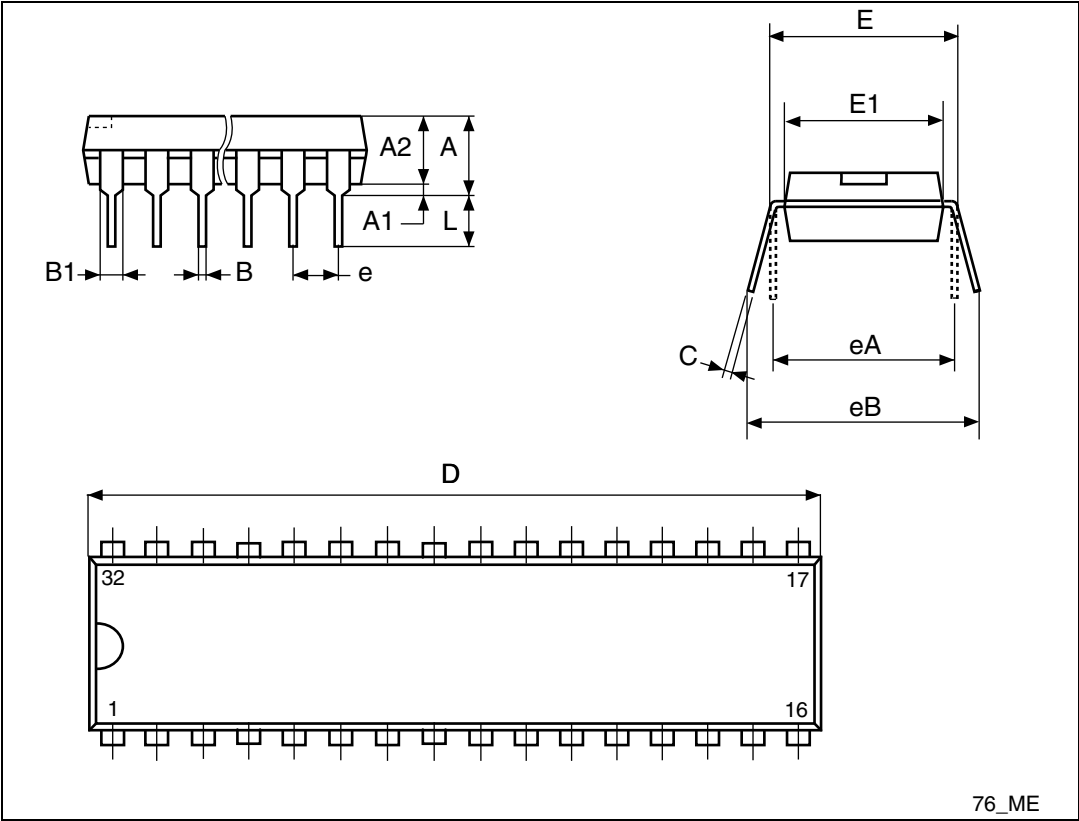


Table 55. SDIP32 package mechanical data

| Dim. | mm     |        |        | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|      | Min    | Typ    | Max    | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| A    | 3.556  | 3.759  | 5.080  | 0.1400                | 0.1480 | 0.2000 |
| A1   | 0.508  | -      | -      | 0.0200                | -      | -      |
| A2   | 3.048  | 3.556  | 4.572  | 0.1200                | 0.1400 | 0.1800 |
| B    | 0.356  | 0.457  | 0.584  | 0.0140                | 0.0180 | 0.0230 |
| B1   | 0.762  | 1.016  | 1.397  | 0.0300                | 0.0400 | 0.0550 |
| C    | 0.203  | 0.254  | 0.356  | 0.0079                | 0.0100 | 0.0140 |
| D    | 27.430 | 27.940 | 28.450 | 1.0799                | 1.1000 | 1.1201 |
| E    | 9.906  | 10.410 | 11.050 | 0.3900                | 0.4098 | 0.4350 |
| E1   | 7.620  | 8.890  | 9.398  | 0.3000                | 0.3500 | 0.3700 |
| e    | -      | 1.778  | -      | -                     | 0.0700 | -      |
| eA   | -      | 10.160 | -      | -                     | 0.4000 | -      |

Table 55. SDIP32 package mechanical data (continued)

| Dim. | mm    |       |        | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|      | Min   | Typ   | Max    | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| eB   | -     | -     | 12.700 | -                     | -      | 0.5000 |
| L    | 2.540 | 3.048 | 3.810  | 0.1000                | 0.1200 | 0.1500 |

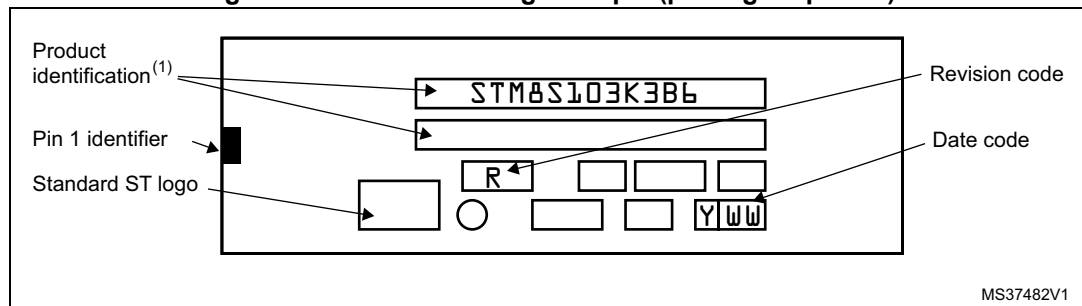
1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits

### Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

Figure 55. SDIP32 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

## 11.5 TSSOP20 package information

Figure 56. TSSOP20 package outline

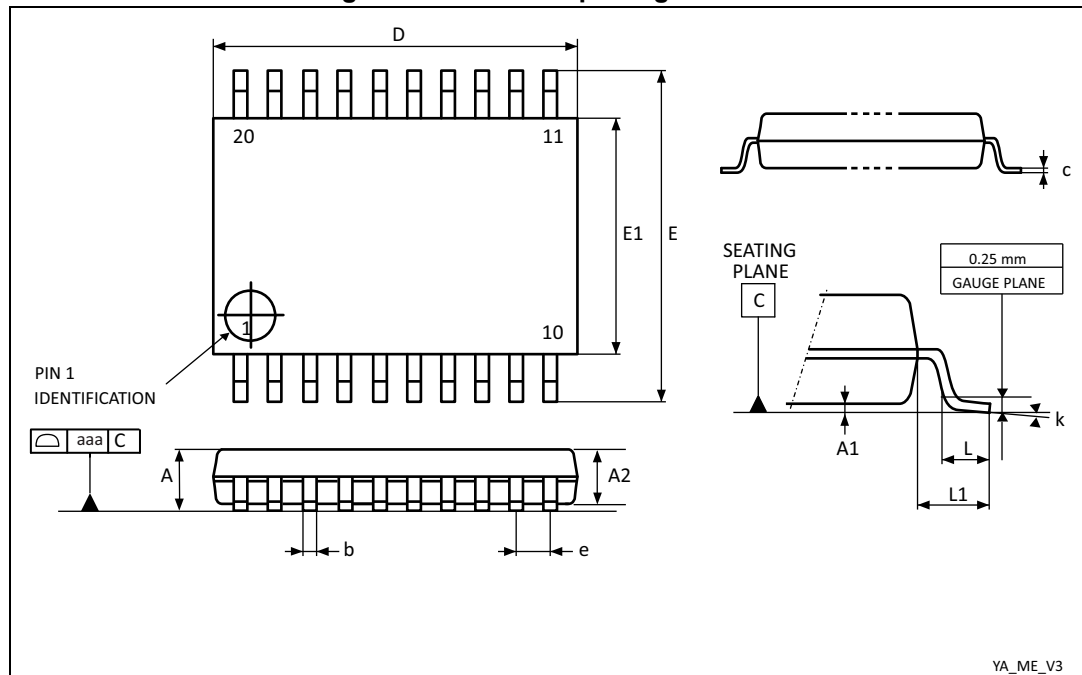


Table 56. TSSOP20 package mechanical data

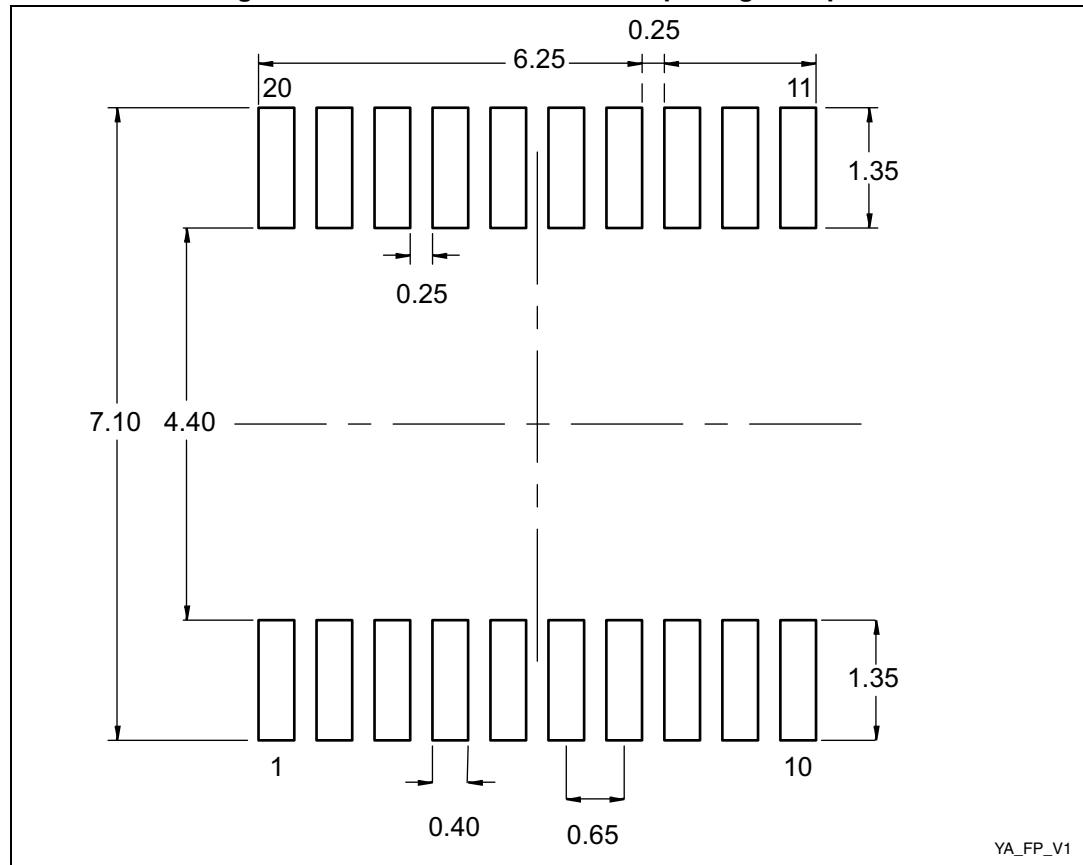
| Dim.              | mm    |       |       | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|                   | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| A                 | -     | -     | 1.200 | -                     | -      | 0.0472 |
| A1                | 0.050 | -     | 0.150 | 0.0020                | -      | 0.0059 |
| A2                | 0.800 | 1.000 | 1.050 | 0.0315                | 0.0394 | 0.0413 |
| b                 | 0.190 | -     | 0.300 | 0.0075                | -      | 0.0118 |
| c                 | 0.090 | -     | 0.200 | 0.0035                | -      | 0.0079 |
| D <sup>(2)</sup>  | 6.400 | 6.500 | 6.600 | 0.2520                | 0.2559 | 0.2598 |
| E                 | 6.200 | 6.400 | 6.600 | 0.2441                | 0.2520 | 0.2598 |
| E1 <sup>(3)</sup> | 4.300 | 4.400 | 4.500 | 0.1693                | 0.1732 | 0.1772 |
| e                 | -     | 0.650 | -     | -                     | 0.0256 | -      |
| L                 | 0.450 | 0.600 | 0.750 | 0.0177                | 0.0236 | 0.0295 |
| L1                | -     | 1.000 | -     | -                     | 0.0394 | -      |
| k                 | 0.0°  | -     | 8.0°  | 0.0°                  | -      | 8.0°   |
| aaa               | -     | -     | 0.100 | -                     | -      | 0.0039 |

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

2. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.

3. Dimension "E1" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.

**Figure 57. TSSOP20 recommended package footprint**



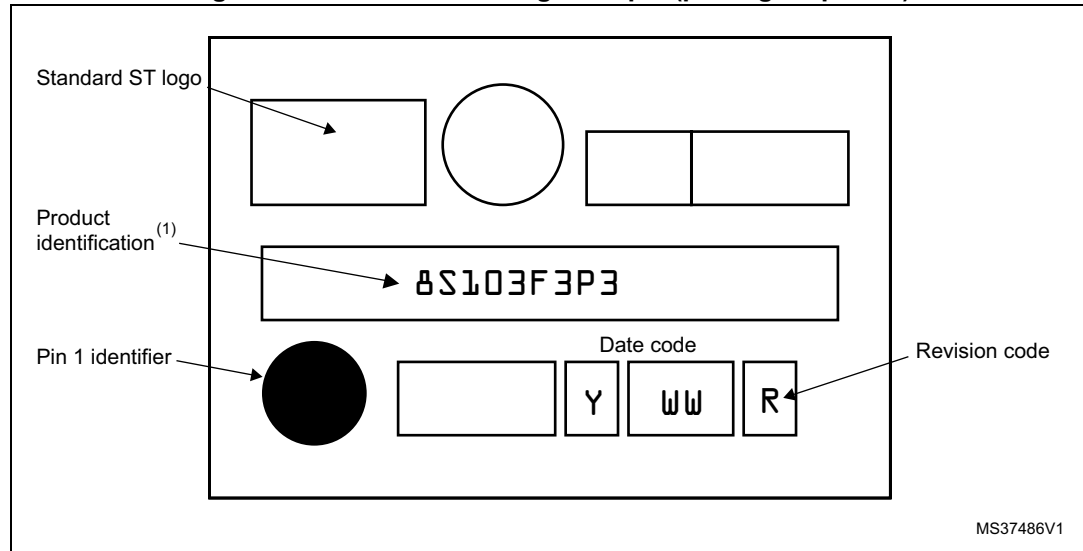
1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

## Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

**Figure 58. TSSOP20 marking example (package top view)**



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

## 11.6 SO20 package information

Figure 59. SO20 package outline

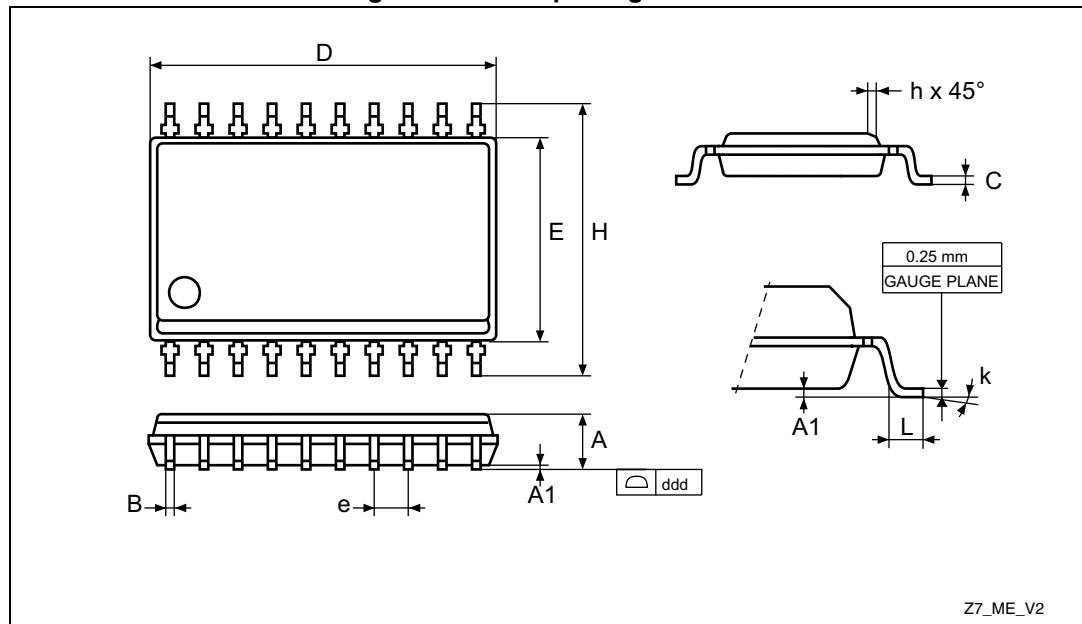


Table 57. SO20 mechanical data

| Dim. | mm     |       |        | inches <sup>(1)</sup> |        |        |
|------|--------|-------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|      | Min    | Typ   | Max    | Min                   | Typ    | Max    |
| A    | 2.350  | -     | 2.650  | 0.0925                | -      | 0.1043 |
| A1   | 0.100  | -     | 0.300  | 0.0039                | -      | 0.0118 |
| B    | 0.330  | -     | 0.510  | 0.013                 | -      | 0.0201 |
| C    | 0.230  | -     | 0.320  | 0.0091                | -      | 0.0126 |
| D    | 12.600 | -     | 13.000 | 0.4961                | -      | 0.5118 |
| E    | 7.400  | -     | 7.600  | 0.2913                | -      | 0.2992 |
| e    | -      | 1.270 | -      | -                     | 0.0500 | -      |
| H    | 10.000 | -     | 10.650 | 0.3937                | -      | 0.4193 |
| h    | 0.250  | -     | 0.750  | 0.0098                | -      | 0.0295 |
| L    | 0.400  | -     | 1.270  | 0.0157                | -      | 0.0500 |
| k    | 0.0°   | -     | 8.0°   | 0.0°                  | -      | 8.0°   |
| ddd  | -      | -     | 0.100  | -                     | -      | 0.0039 |

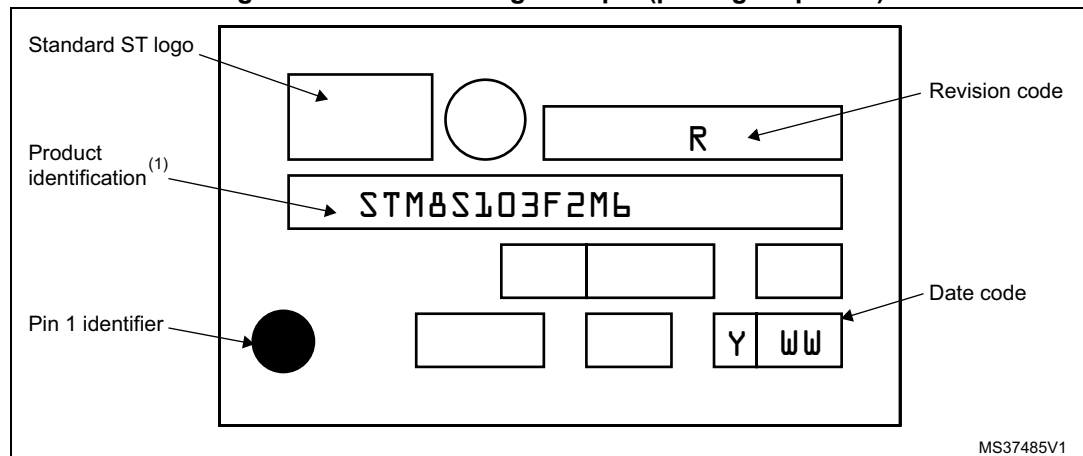
1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

### Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

**Figure 60. SO20 marking example (package top view)**



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

## 11.7 UFQFPN recommended footprint

**Figure 61. UFQFPN recommended footprint for on-board emulation**

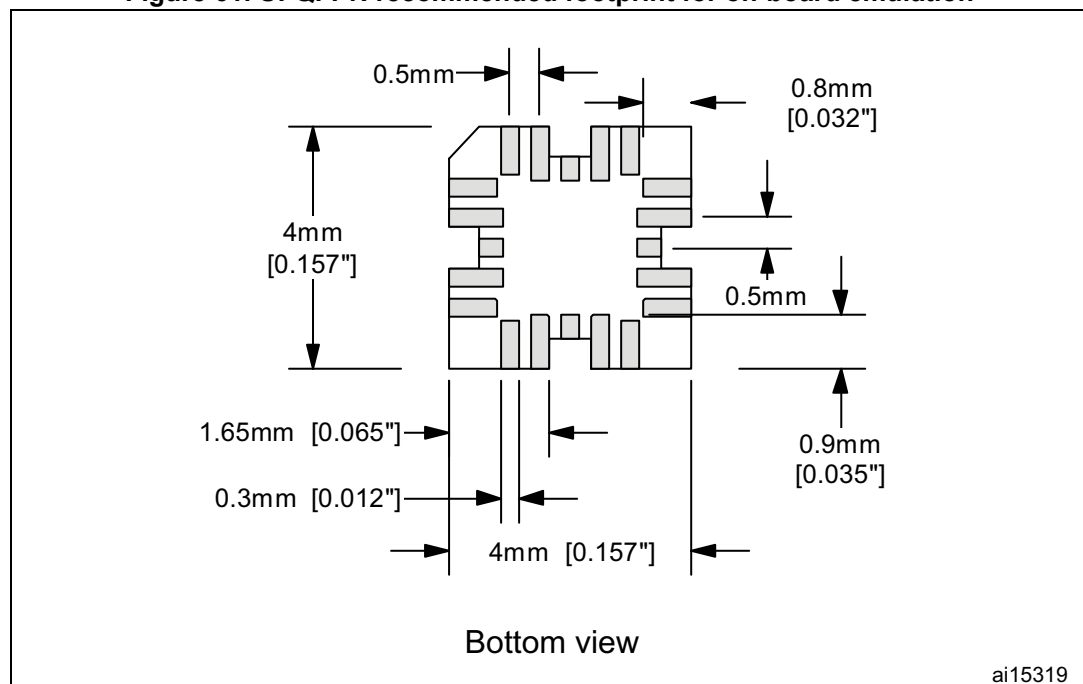
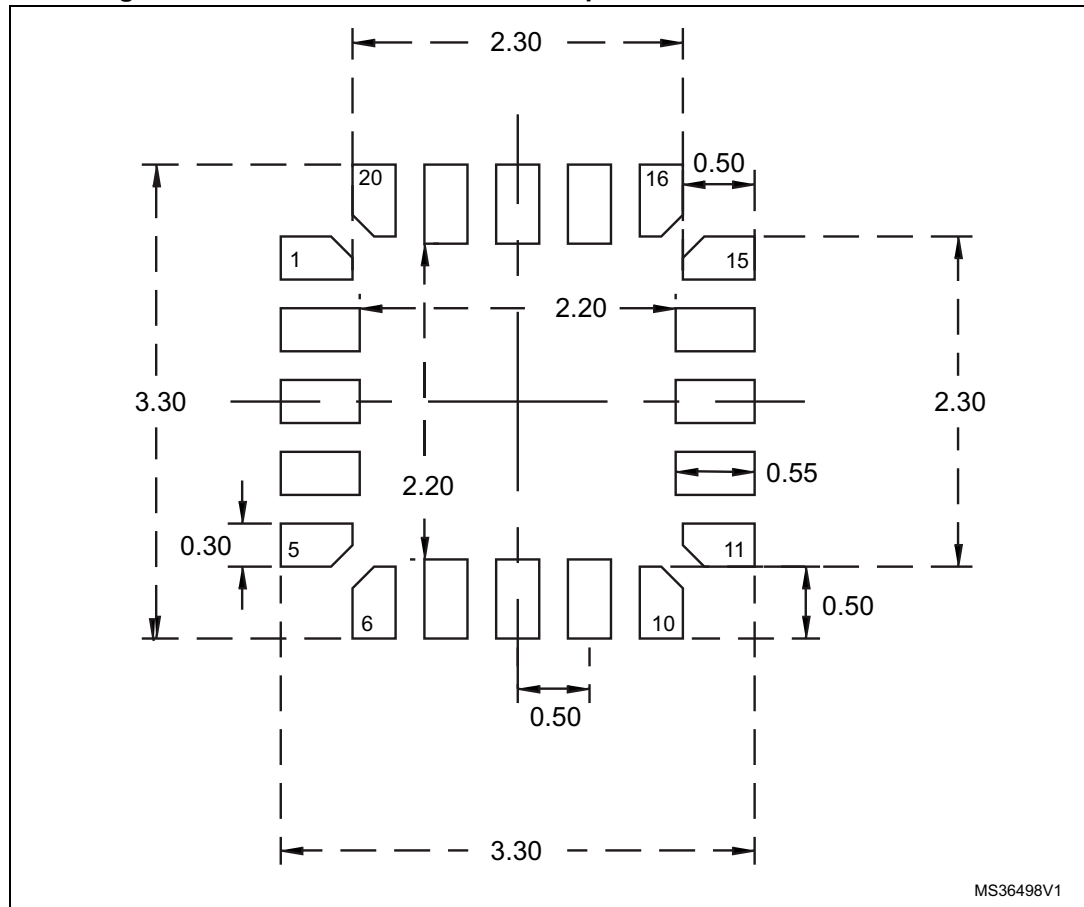


Figure 62. UFQFPN recommended footprint without on-board emulation



## 12 Thermal characteristics

The maximum junction temperature ( $T_{Jmax}$ ) of the device must never exceed the values specified in [Table 19: General operating conditions](#), otherwise the functionality of the device cannot be guaranteed.

The maximum junction temperature  $T_{Jmax}$ , in degrees Celsius, may be calculated using the following equation:

$$T_{Jmax} = T_{Amax} + (P_{Dmax} \times \Theta_{JA})$$

Where:

- $T_{Amax}$  is the maximum ambient temperature in °C
- $\Theta_{JA}$  is the package junction-to-ambient thermal resistance in °C/W
- $P_{Dmax}$  is the sum of  $P_{INTmax}$  and  $P_{I/Omax}$  ( $P_{Dmax} = P_{INTmax} + P_{I/Omax}$ )
- $P_{INTmax}$  is the product of  $I_{DD}$  and  $V_{DD}$ , expressed in Watts. This is the maximum chip internal power.
- $P_{I/Omax}$  represents the maximum power dissipation on output pins

Where:

$$P_{I/Omax} = \Sigma (V_{OL} \cdot I_{OL}) + \Sigma ((V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \cdot I_{OH}),$$

taking into account the actual  $V_{OL}/I_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}/I_{OH}$  of the I/Os at low and high level in the application.

**Table 58. Thermal characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>**

| Symbol        | Parameter                                                  | Value | Unit |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| $\Theta_{JA}$ | Thermal resistance junction-ambient<br>TSSOP20 - 4.4mm     | 84    | °C/W |
|               | Thermal resistance junction-ambient<br>SO20W (300 mils)    | 91    |      |
|               | Thermal resistance junction-ambient<br>UFQFPN20 - 3 x 3 mm | 90    |      |
|               | Thermal resistance junction-ambient<br>LQFP32 - 7 x 7 mm   | 60    |      |
|               | Thermal resistance junction-ambient<br>UFQFPN32 - 5 x 5 mm | 38    |      |
|               | Thermal resistance junction-ambient<br>SDIP32 - 400 mils   | 60    |      |

1. Thermal resistances are based on JEDEC JESD51-2 with 4-layer PCB in a natural convection environment.

### 12.1 Reference document

JESD51-2 integrated circuits thermal test method environment conditions - natural convection (still air). Available from [www.jedec.org](http://www.jedec.org).

## 12.2 Selecting the product temperature range

When ordering the microcontroller, the temperature range is specified in the order code (see [Section 13: Ordering information](#)).

The following example shows how to calculate the temperature range needed for a given application.

Assuming the following application conditions:

Maximum ambient temperature  $T_{Amax} = 75^{\circ}\text{C}$  (measured according to JESD51-2),  
 $I_{DDmax} = 8\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , maximum 20 I/Os used at the same time in output at low level with

$$I_{OL} = 8\text{ mA}, V_{OL} = 0.4\text{ V}$$

$$P_{INTmax} = 8\text{ mA} \times 5\text{ V} = 400\text{ mW}$$

$$P_{IOmax} = 20 \times 8\text{ mA} \times 0.4\text{ V} = 64\text{ mW}$$

This gives:  $P_{INTmax} = 400\text{ mW}$  and  $P_{IOmax} = 64\text{ mW}$ :

$$P_{Dmax} = 400\text{ mW} + 64\text{ mW}$$

Thus:  $P_{Dmax} = 464\text{ mW}$ .

Using the values obtained in [Table 58: Thermal characteristics on page 106](#)  $T_{Jmax}$  is calculated as follows:

For LQFP32  $60^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

$$T_{Jmax} = 75^{\circ}\text{C} + (60^{\circ}\text{C/W} \times 464\text{ mW}) = 75^{\circ}\text{C} + 27.8^{\circ}\text{C} = 102.8^{\circ}\text{C}$$

This is within the range of the suffix 6 version parts ( $-40 < T_J < 105^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

Parts must be ordered at least with the temperature range suffix 6.

## 13 Ordering information

Figure 63. STM8S103F2/x3 access line ordering information scheme<sup>(1)</sup>

| Example:                                                                                   | STM8 | S | 103 | K | 3 | T | 6 |  | TR |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|-----|---|---|---|---|--|----|
| <b>Product class</b><br>STM8 microcontroller                                               |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Family type</b><br>S = Standard                                                         |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Sub-family type</b><br>10x = Access line<br>103 sub-family                              |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Pin count</b><br>K = 32 pins<br>F = 20 pins                                             |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Program memory size</b><br>3 = 8 Kbytes<br>2 = 4 Kbytes                                 |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Package type</b><br>B = SDIP<br>T = LQFP<br>U = UFQFPN<br>P = TSSOP<br>M = SO           |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Temperature range</b><br>3 = -40 to 125 °C<br>6 = -40 to 85 °C                          |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Package pitch</b><br>Blank = 0.5 to 0.65 mm <sup>(2)</sup><br>C = 0.8 mm <sup>(3)</sup> |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |
| <b>Packing</b><br>No character = Tray or tube<br>TR = Tape and reel                        |      |   |     |   |   |   |   |  |    |

1. A dedicated ordering information scheme will be released if, in the future, memory programming service (FastROM) is required. The letter "P" will be added after STM8S. Three unique letters identifying the customer application code will also be visible in the codification. Example: STM8SP103K3MACTR.
2. UFQFPN, TSSOP, and SO packages.
3. LQFP package.

For a list of available options (for example memory size, package) and orderable part numbers or for further information on any aspect of this device, please go to [www.st.com](http://www.st.com) or contact the ST Sales Office nearest to you.

## 13.1 STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list

(last update: April 2010)

|                                       |       |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Customer                              | ..... |
| Address                               | ..... |
| Contact                               | ..... |
| Phone number                          | ..... |
| FASTROM code reference <sup>(1)</sup> | ..... |

1. The FASTROM code name is assigned by STMicroelectronics.

The preferable format for programing code is .hex (.s19 is accepted)

If data EEPROM programing is required, a separate file must be sent with the requested data.

**Note:** See the option byte section in the datasheet for authorized option byte combinations and a detailed explanation. Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.

### Device type/memory size/package (check only one option)

| FASTROM device | 4 Kbyte                             | 8 Kbyte                             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| LQFP32         | -                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103K3 |
| UFQFPN20       | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F2 | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F3 |
| UFQFPN32       | -                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103K3 |
| TSSOP20        | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F2 | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F3 |
| SO20W          | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F2 | <input type="checkbox"/> STM8S103F3 |

### Conditioning (check only one option)

☐ Tape and reel or ☐ Tray

### Special marking (check only one option)

☐ No ☐ Yes

Authorized characters are letters, digits, '.', '-', '/' and spaces only. Maximum character counts are:

UFQFPN20: 1 line of 4 characters max: " \_ \_ \_ \_ "

UFQFPN32: 1 line of 7 characters max: " \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ "

LQFP32: 2 lines of 7 characters max: " \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ " and " \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ "

TSSOP20/SO20: 1 line of 10 characters max: " \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ "

Three characters are reserved for code identification.

**Temperature range**

☐ -40°C to +85°C or ☐ -40°C to +125°C

**Padding value for unused program memory (check only one option)**

|                               |                                               |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0xFF | Fixed value                                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0x83 | TRAP instruction code                         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0x75 | Illegal opcode (causes a reset when executed) |

**OTP0 memory readout protection (check only one option)**

☐ Disable or ☐ Enable

**OTP1 user boot code area (UBC)**

0x( \_ \_ ) fill in the hexadecimal value, referring to the datasheet and the binary format below:

|           |                                                                      |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UBC, bit0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |
| UBC, bit7 | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Reset<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Set |

**OTP0 memory readout protection (check only one option)**

☐ Disable or ☐ Enable

**OTP2 alternate function remapping for STM8S103K**

Do not use more than one remapping option in the same port. It is forbidden to enable both AFR1 and AFR0.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AFR0                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| AFR1<br>(check only one option) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1: Port A3 alternate function = SPI_NSS and port D2 alternate function = TIM2_CH3<br><input type="checkbox"/> 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description |
| AFR2                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| AFR3                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| AFR4                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| AFR5<br>(check only one option) | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Port D0 alternate function = CLK_CCO                                           |
| AFR6<br>(check only one option) | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: Remapping option inactive. Default alternate functions used. Refer to pinout description<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Port D7 alternate function = TIM1_CH4                                          |
| AFR7                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**OPT3 watchdog**

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WWDG_HALT<br>(check only one option) | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: No reset generated on halt if WWDG active<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: Reset generated on halt if WWDG active                    |
| WWDG_HW<br>(check only one option)   | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: WWDG activated by software<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: WWDG activated by hardware                                               |
| IWDG_HW<br>(check only one option)   | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: IWDG activated by software<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: IWDG activated by hardware                                               |
| LSI_EN<br>(check only one option)    | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: LSI clock is not available as CPU clock source<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: LSI clock is available as CPU clock source           |
| HSITRIM<br>(check only one option)   | <input type="checkbox"/> 0: 3-bit trimming supported in CLK_HSITRIMR register<br><input type="checkbox"/> 1: 4-bit trimming supported in CLK_HSITRIMR register |

**OPT4 watchdog**

|                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PRSC<br>(check only one option)     | <input type="checkbox"/> for 16 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler<br><input type="checkbox"/> for 8 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler<br><input type="checkbox"/> for 4 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler |
| CKAWUSEL<br>(check only one option) | <input type="checkbox"/> LSI clock source selected for AWU<br><input type="checkbox"/> HSE clock with prescaler selected as clock source for AWU                               |
| EXTCLK<br>(check only one option)   | <input type="checkbox"/> External crystal connected to OSCIN/OSCOU<br><input type="checkbox"/> External signal on OSCIN                                                        |

**OPT5 crystal oscillator stabilization HSECNT (check only one option)**

- ☐ 2048 HSE cycles
- ☐ 128 HSE cycles
- ☐ 8 HSE cycles
- ☐ 0.5 HSE cycles

**OTP6 is reserved**

|                                            |       |
|--------------------------------------------|-------|
| Comments:                                  | ..... |
| Supply operating range in the application: | ..... |
| Notes:                                     | ..... |
| Date:                                      | ..... |
| Signature:                                 | ..... |



## 14 STM8 development tools

Development tools for the STM8 microcontrollers include the full-featured STice emulation system supported by a complete software tool package including C compiler, assembler and integrated development environment with high-level language debugger. In addition, the STM8 is to be supported by a complete range of tools including starter kits, evaluation boards and a low-cost in-circuit debugger/programmer.

### 14.1 Emulation and in-circuit debugging tools

The STice emulation system offers a complete range of emulation and in-circuit debugging features on a platform that is designed for versatility and cost-effectiveness. In addition, STM8 application development is supported by a low-cost in-circuit debugger/programmer.

The STice is the fourth generation of full featured emulators from STMicroelectronics. It offers new advanced debugging capabilities including profiling and coverage to help detect and eliminate bottlenecks in application execution and dead code when fine tuning an application.

In addition, STice offers in-circuit debugging and programming of STM8 microcontrollers via the STM8 single wire interface module (SWIM), which allows non-intrusive debugging of an application while it runs on the target microcontroller.

For improved cost effectiveness, STice is based on a modular design that allows you to order exactly what you need to meet your development requirements and to adapt your emulation system to support existing and future ST microcontrollers.

#### 14.1.1 STice key features

- Occurrence and time profiling and code coverage (new features),
- Advanced breakpoints with up to 4 levels of conditions,
- Data breakpoints,
- Program and data trace recording up to 128 KB records,
- Read/write on the fly of memory during emulation,
- In-circuit debugging/programming via SWIM protocol,
- 8-bit probe analyzer,
- 1 input and 2 output triggers,
- Power supply follower managing application voltages between 1.62 to 5.5 V,
- Modularity that allows you to specify the components you need to meet your development requirements and adapt to future requirements.
- Supported by free software tools that include integrated development environment (IDE), programming software interface and assembler for STM8.

## 14.2 Software tools

STM8 development tools are supported by a complete, free software package from STMicroelectronics that includes ST Visual Develop (STVD) IDE and the ST Visual Programmer (STVP) software interface. STVD provides seamless integration of the Cosmic and Raisonance C compilers for STM8, which are available in a free version that outputs up to 16 Kbytes of code.

### 14.2.1 STM8 toolset

The STM8 toolset with STVD integrated development environment and STVP programming software is available for free download at [www.st.com](http://www.st.com). This package includes:

#### ST visual develop

Full-featured integrated development environment from STMicroelectronics, featuring:

- Seamless integration of C and ASM toolsets
- Full-featured debugger
- Project management
- Syntax highlighting editor
- Integrated programming interface
- Support of advanced emulation features for STice such as code profiling and coverage

#### ST visual programmer (STVP)

Easy-to-use, unlimited graphical interface allowing read, write and verification of the STM8 Flash program memory, data EEPROM and option bytes. STVP also offers project mode for the saving of programming configurations and the automation of programming sequences.

### 14.2.2 C and assembly toolchains

Control of C and assembly toolchains is seamlessly integrated into the STVD integrated development environment, making it possible to configure and control the building of user applications directly from an easy-to-use graphical interface.

Available toolchains include:

#### C compiler for STM8

Available in a free version that outputs up to 16 Kbytes of code. For more information, see [www.cosmic-software.com](http://www.cosmic-software.com).

#### STM8 assembler linker

Free assembly toolchain included in the STVD toolset, used to assemble and link the user application source code.

## 14.3 Programming tools

During the development cycle, STice provides in-circuit programming of the STM8 Flash microcontroller on the application board via the SWIM protocol. Additional tools include a low-cost in-circuit programmer as well as ST socket boards, which provide dedicated programming platforms with sockets for the STM8 programming.

For production environments, programmers will include a complete range of gang and automated programming solutions from third-party tool developers already supplying programmers for the STM8 family.

## 15 Revision history

Table 59. Document revision history

| Date        | Revision | Changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 02-Mar-2009 | 1        | Initial release.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 10-Apr-2009 | 2        | <p>Added <a href="#">Table 2: Peripheral clock gating bit assignments in CLK_PCKENR1/2 registers</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 4.8: Auto wakeup counter</a>.</p> <p>Modified the description of PB4 and PB5 (removed X in PP column) and added footnote concerning HS I/Os in <a href="#">Section 5.1: STM8S103K3 UFQFPN32/LQFP32/SDIP32 pinout and pin description</a> and <a href="#">Section 5.2: STM8S103F2/F3 TSSOP20/SO20/UFQFPN20 pinout and pin description</a>.</p> <p>Removed TIM3 and UART from <a href="#">Table 10: Interrupt mapping</a>.</p> <p>Updated VCAP specifications in <a href="#">Section 10.3.1: VCAP external capacitor</a></p> <p>Corrected the block size in <a href="#">Table 37: Flash program memory/data EEPROM memory</a></p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 10: Electrical characteristics</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 12: Thermal characteristics</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10-Jun-1999 | 3        | <p>Document status changed from "preliminary data" to "datasheet".</p> <p>Replaced WFQFPN20 package with UFQFPN package.</p> <p>Replaced 'VFQFN' with 'VFQFPN'.</p> <p>Added bullet point on the unique identifier to <a href="#">Features</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 4.8: Auto wakeup counter</a>.</p> <p>Updated wpu and PP status of PB5/12C_SDA and PB4/12C_SCL pins in <a href="#">Section 5.1: STM8S103K3 UFQFPN32/LQFP32/SDIP32 pinout and pin description</a> and <a href="#">Section 5.2: STM8S103F2/F3 TSSOP20/SO20/UFQFPN20 pinout and pin description</a>.</p> <p>Removed Table 7: Pin-to-pin comparison of pin 7 to 12 in 32-pin access line devices.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 6.1: Memory map</a>.</p> <p>Updated reset status of port D CR1 register in <a href="#">Table 7: I/O port hardware register map</a>.</p> <p>Updated alternate function remapping descriptions in <a href="#">Table 13: STM8S103K3 alternate function remapping bits for 32-pin devices</a> and <a href="#">Table 14: STM8S103Fx alternate function remapping bits for 20-pin devices</a>.</p> <p>Added <a href="#">Section 9: Unique ID</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 10.3: Operating conditions</a>.</p> <p>Updated the caption of <a href="#">Figure 20: Typical HSI frequency variation vs V<sub>DD</sub> @ 4 temperatures</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Table 43: SPI characteristics</a> and added TBD occurrences.</p> <p>Added max values to <a href="#">Table 46: ADC accuracy with R<sub>AIN</sub> &lt; 10 kΩ V<sub>DD</sub> = 5 V</a> and <a href="#">Table 47: ADC accuracy with R<sub>AIN</sub> &lt; 10 kΩ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 10.3.11: EMC characteristics</a>.</p> |

Table 59. Document revision history

| Date        | Revision | Changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 16-Oct-1999 | 4        | <p>Replaced VFQFPN32 package by UFQFPN32 package.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <a href="#">Section 4.5: Clock controller</a>: replaced TIM2 and TIM3 with reserved and TIM2 respectively in <a href="#">Table 2: Peripheral clock gating bit assignments in CLK_PCKENR1/2 registers</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Total current consumption in halt mode</a>: changed the maximum current consumption limit at 125 °C (and VDD= 5 V) from 35 µA to 55 µA.</li> <li>– <a href="#">Functional EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility)</a>: renamed ESD as FESD (functional); added name of AN1709; replaced EC 1000 with IEC 61000.</li> <li>– <a href="#">Designing hardened software to avoid noise problems</a>: replaced IEC 1000 with IEC 61000, added title of AN1015, and added footnote to EMS data table.</li> <li>– <a href="#">Electromagnetic interference (EMI)</a>: replaced J 1752/3 with IEC 61967-2 and updated data of the EMI data table.</li> <li>– <a href="#">Section 12.2: Selecting the product temperature range</a>: changed the value of LQFP32 7x7 mm thermal resistance from 59 °C/W to 60 °C/W.</li> </ul> <p>Added <a href="#">Section 13.1: STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list</a>.</p> |
| 22-Apr-2010 | 5        | <p>Added VFQFPN32 and SO20 packages.</p> <p>Updated Px_IDR reset value in <a href="#">Table 7: I/O port hardware register map</a>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <a href="#">Section 10.3: Operating conditions</a>: updated VCAP and ESR low limit, added ESL parameter, and Note 1 below <a href="#">Table 19: General operating conditions</a></li> </ul> <p>Updated ACCHSI in <a href="#">Table 34: HSI oscillator characteristics</a>. Modified IDD(H)inand. Removed note 3 related to Accuracy of HSI oscillator.</p> <p>Updated maximum power dissipation in <a href="#">Table 19: General operating conditions</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 12: Thermal characteristics</a></p> <p>Replaced package pitch digit by VFQFPN/UFQFPN package digit in <a href="#">Figure 63: STM8S103F2/x3 access line ordering information scheme<sup>(1)</sup></a>, and removed note 1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

Table 59. Document revision history

| Date        | Revision | Changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09-Sep-2010 | 6        | <p>Removed VFQFPN32 package.</p> <p>Removed internal reference voltage from <a href="#">Section 4.13: Analog-to-digital converter (ADC1)</a>.</p> <p>Updated the reset state information in <a href="#">Table 4: Legend/abbreviations for pin description tables</a> in <a href="#">Section 5: Pinout and pin description</a>.</p> <p>Added footnote to PD1/SWIM pin in <a href="#">Table 5: STM8S103K3 pin descriptions</a>.</p> <p>Updated pins 14 and 19 (TSSOP20/SO20) / pins 11 and 16 (UFQFPN20) in <a href="#">Table 6: STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions</a>.</p> <p>Standardized all reset state values; updated the reset state values of the RST_SR, CLK_SWCR, CLK_HSITRIMR, CLK_SWIMCCR, IWDG_KR, and ADC_DRx registers in <a href="#">Table 8: General hardware register map</a>.</p> <p>Updated AFR2 description of OPT 2 in <a href="#">Table 14: STM8S103Fx alternate function remapping bits for 20-pin devices</a>.</p> <p>Replaced 0.01 <math>\mu</math>F with 0.1 <math>\mu</math>F in <a href="#">Figure 38: Recommended reset pin protection</a>.</p> <p>Added <a href="#">Figure 42: Typical application with I<sup>2</sup>C bus and timing diagram</a> and <a href="#">Table 44: I<sup>2</sup>C characteristics</a>.</p> <p>Updated footnote 1 in <a href="#">Table 46: ADC accuracy with <math>R_{AIN} &lt; 10 \text{ k}\Omega</math>, <math>V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}</math></a> and <a href="#">Table 47: ADC accuracy with <math>R_{AIN} &lt; 10 \text{ k}\Omega</math>, <math>V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}</math></a>.</p> <p>Updated the Special marking section in <a href="#">Section 13.1: STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list</a>.</p> <p>Updated AFR2 description of OTP2 in <a href="#">Table 14: STM8S103Fx alternate function remapping bits for 20-pin devices</a>.</p> <p>Updated existing footnote and added three additional footnotes to <a href="#">Table 53: UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package mechanical data</a>.</p> |
| 12-Jul-2011 | 7        | <p>Updated the note related to true open-drain outputs in <a href="#">Table 6: STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions</a>.</p> <p>Removed CLK_CANCCR register from <a href="#">Table 8: General hardware register map</a>.</p> <p>Added note for Px_IDR registers in <a href="#">Table 7: I/O port hardware register map</a>.</p> <p>Added recommendation concerning NRST pin level, and power consumption sensitive applications, above <a href="#">Figure 38: Recommended reset pin protection</a>.</p> <p>Removed typical HSI accuracy curve in <a href="#">Section 10.3.4: Internal clock sources and timing characteristics</a>.</p> <p>Renamed package type 2 into package pitch and added pitch code "C" in <a href="#">Figure 63: STM8S103F2/x3 access line ordering information scheme<sup>(1)</sup></a> and added UFQFPN20 in <a href="#">Section 13.1: STM8S103 FASTROM microcontroller option list</a>.</p> <p>Updated the disclaimer.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 59. Document revision history

| Date        | Revision | Changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 04-Apr-2012 | 8        | <p>Updated notes related to <math>V_{CAP}</math> in <a href="#">Table 19: General operating conditions</a>.</p> <p>Added values of <math>t_R/t_F</math> for 50 pF load capacitance, and updated note in <a href="#">Table 38: I/O static characteristics</a>.</p> <p>Updated typical and maximum values of <math>R_{PU}</math> in <a href="#">Table 38: I/O static characteristics</a> and <a href="#">Table 42: NRST pin characteristics</a>.</p> <p>Changed SCK input to SCK output in <a href="#">Section 10.3.8: SPI serial peripheral interface</a></p> <p>Modified <a href="#">Figure 51: UFQFPN20 - 20-lead, 3x3 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package outline</a> to add package top view.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 26-Jun-2012 | 9        | Added <a href="#">Section 11.4: SDIP32 package information</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 04-Feb-2015 | 10       | Updated <a href="#">Section 11.5: TSSOP20 package information</a> and <a href="#">Section 11.3: UFQFPN20 package information</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 10-Mar-2015 | 11       | <p>Updated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <a href="#">Table 34: HSI oscillator characteristics</a>: corrected HSI oscillator accuracy (factory calibrated) for <math>V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}</math> and <math>T_A = 25\text{ °C}</math>.</li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 38: I/O static characteristics</a>: corrected the max. value for <math>T_R/T_F</math>, Fast I/Os, Load = 50 pF.</li> </ul> <p>Added:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 23: Typical pull-up current vs <math>V_{DD}</math> @ 4 temperatures</a>,</li> <li>– the rows for <math>T_R/T_F</math>, Fast I/Os, Load = 20 pF in <a href="#">Table 38: I/O static characteristics</a>,</li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 47: LQFP32 marking example (package top view)</a>,</li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 50: UFQFPN32 marking example (package top view)</a>,</li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 53: UFQFPN20 marking example (package top view)</a>,</li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 55: SDIP32 marking example (package top view)</a>,</li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 58: TSSOP20 marking example (package top view)</a>,</li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 60: SO20 marking example (package top view)</a>.</li> </ul> |
| 26-Mar-2015 | 12       | Corrected the values for “b” dimensions in <a href="#">Table 53: UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package mechanical data</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

Table 59. Document revision history

| Date        | Revision | Changes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 03-Oct-2016 | 13       | <p>Updated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Name of “LQFP32 package” to “LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package” on <a href="#">Table 52: LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data</a>, <a href="#">Figure 45: LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline</a> and <a href="#">Figure 46: LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package recommended footprint</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Section 10.2: Absolute maximum ratings</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Section 10.3.10: 10-bit ADC characteristics</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 40: SPI timing diagram where slave mode and CPHA = 1</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 41: SPI timing diagram - master mode</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 43: ADC accuracy characteristics</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 63: STM8S103F2/x3 access line ordering information scheme<sup>(1)</sup></a>: corrected package name from VFQFPN to UFQFPN</li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 8: General hardware register map</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 16: Voltage characteristics</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 17: Current characteristics</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 19: General operating conditions</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 20: Operating conditions at power-up/power-down</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 21: Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at <math>V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}</math></a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 31: Peripheral current consumption</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 49: EMI data</a></li> <li>– Updated footnotes on <a href="#">Table 18: Thermal characteristics</a>, <a href="#">Table 38: I/O static characteristics</a>, <a href="#">Table 43: SPI characteristics</a>, <a href="#">Figure 45: LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline</a>, <a href="#">Figure 48: UFQFPN32 - 32-pin, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package outline</a>.</li> <li>– Updated all the “Device marking” sections on <a href="#">Section 11: Package information</a></li> </ul> |
| 13-Feb-2017 | 14       | <p>Updated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <a href="#">Section 10.2: Absolute maximum ratings</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Section 11.3: UFQFPN20 package information</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 5: STM8S103K3 pin descriptions</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 6: STM8S103F2 and STM8S103F3 pin descriptions</a></li> <li>– <a href="#">Table 21: Total current consumption with code execution in run mode at <math>V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}</math></a></li> <li>– Footnotes in all tables of <a href="#">Section 10: Electrical characteristics</a></li> </ul> <p>Added:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <a href="#">Figure 52: UFQFPN20 - 20-lead, 3x3 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package recommended footprint</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

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