



Maximum Ratings^{*1}

	5		Min	Max	Unit
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
V _{CCB}	Suppry voltage range		-0.5	6.5	v
VI	Input voltage range	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
νI	input voltage lange	B port	-0.5	6.5	v
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
v _o	power-off state	B port	-0.5	6.5	v
V	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state ^{*2}	A port	-0.5	$V_{CCA} + 0.5$	V
Vo	voltage range applied to any output in the high of low state	B port	-0.5	$V_{CCB} + 0.5$	v
I _{IK}	Input clamp current, $V_I < 0$			-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current, $V_0 < 0$			-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
Io	Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND			±100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C
T _{stg}			-65		

*1 Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. *2 The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

Recommend Operation Conditions (1)(2)

Parameter	Description		V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	Min	Max	Unit	
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage		-	-	1.2	3.6	V	
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage		-	-	1.65	5.5	v	
V	High land input valtage	Data inputs	1.2V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	V _{CCI} * 0.65 ⁽³⁾	V _{CCI}	V	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	OE input	1.2V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	V _{CCA} * 0.7	5.5	v	
V	Low lovel input veltage	el input voltage			0	V _{CCI} * 0.35 ⁽³⁾	V	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	OE input	1.2V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	0	V _{CCA} * 0.3	*	
V	Voltage range applied to any output in the	A port	1.2V to	1.65V to	0	3.6	V	
Vo	high-impedance or power-off state	B port	3.6V	5.5V	0	5.5	v	
		A port inputs	1.2V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	40		
$\triangle t / \triangle v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	B port	1.2V to	1.65V to 3.6V	-	40	ns/V	
		inputs	3.6V	4.5V to 5.5V	-	30		
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-	-	-40	85	°C	

(1) The A and B sides of an unused data I/O pair must be held in the same state, i.e., both at V_{CCI} or both at GND.

(2) V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} and must not exceed 3.6 V.

(3) V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.





DC Electrical Characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Dar		Test Conditions	N7	N7		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$;	-40 to	s85℃	TI
Pa	rameter	Test Conditions	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Unit
	X 7	L _ 20 A	1.2V		1.0	1.1	1.2	-	-	17
	V _{OHA}	$I_{OH} = -20\mu A$	1.4V to 3.6V	-	-	-	-	V _{CCA} - 0.4	-	V
	V _{OLA}	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu A$	1.2V 1.4V to 3.6V	-	0.0	0.09	0.4	-	- 0.4	V
	V _{OHB}	$I_{OH} = -20\mu A$	-	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	V _{CCB} - 0.4	0.1	V
	V _{OLB}	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu A$	_	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	-	0.4	V
II	OE	$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND	1.2 to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	±1	-	±2	μΑ
T	A port	$V_{\rm I}$ or $V_{\rm O} = 0$ to 3.6V	0V	0V to 5.5V	-	-	±1	-	±2	
I _{off}	B port	$V_{\rm I}$ or $V_{\rm O} = 0$ to 5.5V	0 to 3.6V	0V	-	-	±1	-	±2	μA
I _{OZ}	A or B port	OE = GND	1.2 to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	±1	-	±2	μΑ
			1.2V	1.65V to 5.5V	0.0	0.06	5.0	-	-	
	т	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or	1.4V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	-	5	
	I _{CCA}	GND, Io = 0	3.6V	0V	-	-	-	-	2	μΑ
			0V	5.5V	-	-	-	-	-2	
			1.2V	1.65V to 5.5V	0	2.3	5.0	-	-	
	I _{CCB}	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or	1.4V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	-	5	μA
	ICCB	GND, Io = 0	3.6V	0V	-	-	-	-	-2	μΛ
			0V	5.5V	-	-	-	-	2	
Loo	$_{A} + I_{CCB}$	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or	1.2V	1.65V to 5.5V	0.0	2.4	8.0	-	-	μA
100	A · ICCB	GND, Io = 0	1.4V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	-	8	μι
	ICCZA	$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND Io = 0 OE	1.2V	1.65V to 5.5V	0.0	0.05	0.4	-	-	μA
	$I_{CCZA} \qquad GND, Io = 0, OE = GND$		1.4V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	-	3	pu i
	I _{CCZB}	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, Io = 0, OE	1.2V	1.65V to 5.5V	0.0	2.3	5.0	-	-	μA
		= GND	1.4V to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	-	-	5	
Ci	OE	-	1.2 to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	2.5	-	-	3	pF
Cio	A port B port	-	1.2 to 3.6V	1.65V to 5.5V	-	5 11	-	-	6 14	pF
L	Dpon			l		11		I	17	

(1) V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port. (2) V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.





AC Electrical Characteristics

Timing requirements

a. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 1.2V$

			$V_{CCB} = 1.8V$	$V_{CCB} = 2.5V$	$V_{CCB} = 3.3V$	$V_{CCB} = 5V$	Unit
			ТҮР	ТҮР	ТҮР	ТҮР	Unit
	Data rate		20	20	20	20	Mbps
t _W	Pulse duration	Data inputs	50	50	50	50	ns

b. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1V$

			V _{CCB} =1.8±0.15V MIN MAX		V _{CCB} =2	2.5±0.2V	V _{CCB} =	3.3±0.3V	V _{CCB} =	=5±0.5V	Unit
				MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Omt
Data rate		-	40	-	40	-	40	-	40	Mbp s	
$t_{\rm W}$	Pulse duration	Data inputs	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	ns

c. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15V$

			V _{CCB} =1.8±0.15V		$V_{CCB}=2.5\pm0.2V$		$V_{CCB}=3.3\pm0.3V$		$V_{CCB}=5\pm0.5V$		Unit
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Omt
	Data rate			60	-	60	-	60	-	60	Mbps
t _w	Pulse duration	Data inputs	17	-	17	-	17	-	17	-	ns

d. $T_A = 25 \degree C$, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 V$

			$V_{CCB}=2.5\pm0.2V$		V _{CCB} =3	V _{CCB} =3.3±0.3V		$V_{CCB}=5\pm0.5V$	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Unit
	Data rate		-	100	-	100	-	100	Mbps
t _W	t _W Pulse duration Data inputs		10	-	10	-	10	-	ns

e. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$

		V _{CCB} =3.3	±0.3V	V _{CCB} =	5±0.5V	Unit
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Umt
Data rate		-	100	-	100	Mbps
t _w 10	t _w 10 -		-	10	-	ns

Switching characteristics

a. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$,	$V_{CCA} = 1.2V$	V					
Parameter	From (INPUT)	To (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} =1.8V TYP	V _{CCB} =2.5V TYP	V _{CCB} =3.3V TYP	V _{CCB} =5V TYP	Unit
t _{pd}	A	В	6.9	5.7	5.3	5.5	ns
·pu	В	A A	7.4 0.2	<u>6.4</u> 0.2	6 0.2	5.8 0.2	
t _{en}	OE	B	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	μs
t _{dis}	OE	А	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	μs
u dis		В	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	μο
t_{rA}, t_{fA}	-	ise and fall mes	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	ns
t_{rB}, t_{fB}	-	ise and fall mes	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	ns
t _{SK(O)}		-to-channel kew	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.4	ns
Max data rate		-	20	20	20	20	Mbps





b. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1V$

$I_A = 23 C_{,}$	From	То	V _{CCB} =1.	8±0.15V	$V_{CCB} = 2$	2.5±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3	.3±0.3V	V _{CCB} =	5±0.5V	Unit
Parameter	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Unit
+	Α	В	1.4	12.9	1.2	10.1	1.1	10	0.8	9.9	na
t _{pd}	В	А	0.9	14.2	0.7	12	0.4	11.7	0.3	13.7	ns
+	OE	Α	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	
t _{en}	0E	В	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	μs
+	OE	Α	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	
t _{dis}	0E	В	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	μs
t_{rA}, t_{fA}	-	ise and fall mes	1.4	5.1	1.4	5.1	1.4	5.1	1.4	5.1	ns
$t_{\rm rB},t_{\rm fB}$		ise and fall mes	0.9	4.5	0.6	3.2	0.5	2.8	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}		-to-channel kew	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
Max data rate			40	-	40	-	40	-	40	-	Mbps

c. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15V$

Parameter	From	То	V _{CCB} =1.	8±0.15V	V _{CCB} =2	.5±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3	.3±0.3V	V _{CCB} =	5±0.5V	Unit
Parameter	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Omt
+	А	В	1.6	11	1.4	7.7	1.3	6.8	1.2	6.5	na
t _{pd}	В	А	1.5	12	1.3	8.4	1	7.6	0.9	7.1	ns
+	OE	А	-	0.3	-	0.25		0.25	-	0.25	
t _{en}	UE	В	-	0.3	-	0.25		0.25	-	0.25	μs
+	OE	А	-	0.5	-	0.5		0.5	-	0.5	
t _{dis}	UE	В	-	0.5	-	0.5		0.5	-	0.5	μs
t_{rA}, t_{fA}	-	ise and fall mes	1	4.2	1	4.1	1	4.1	1	4.1	ns
t_{rB}, t_{fB}	-	ise and fall mes	0.9	4.5	0.6	3.2	0.5	2.8	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}		-to-channel kew	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
Max data rate			60	-	60	-	60	-	60	-	Mbps

d. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$

Parameter	From	То	V _{CCB} =2	.5±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3	.3±0.3V	V _{CCB} =	5±0.5V	Unit
Parameter	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Umt
+	А	В	1.1	6.3	1.0	5.2	0.9	4.7	
t _{pd}	В	А	1.2	6.6	1.1	5.1	0.9	4.4	ns
4	OE	А	-	0.25	-	0.2	-	0.2	
t _{en}	UE	В	-	0.25	-	0.2	-	0.2	μs
+	OE	А	-	0.5	-	0.4	-	035	
t _{dis}	UE	В	-	0.5	-	0.4	-	0.35	μs
t_{rA}, t_{fA}	A-port rise and	fall times	0.8	3.0	0.8	3.0	0.8	3.0	ns
t _{rB} , t _{fB}	B-port rise and fall times		0.7	3.0	0.5	2.8	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-cha	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns	
Max data rate					100	-	100	-	Mbps





e. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$

Parameter	From To		V _{CCB} =3	.3±0.3V	V _{CCB} =	Unit		
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Umt	
t _{pd}	А	В	0.9	4.7	0.8	4.0		
	В	А	1.0	4.9	0.9	3.8	ns	
t _{en}	OE	А	-	0.2	-	0.2	μs	
		В	-	0.2	-	0.2		
+	OE	А	-	0.3	-	0.3	μs	
t_{dis}		В	-	0.3	-	0.3		
t_{rA}, t_{fA}	A-port rise and fall times		0.7	2.8	0.7	2.8	ns	
t_{rB}, t_{fB}	B-port rise and fall times		0.5	2.7	0.4	2.7	ns	
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-channel skew		-	0.5	-	0.5	ns	
Max data rate			100	-	100	-	Mbps	

Operating characteristics

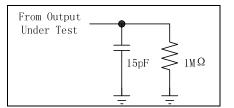
			V _{CCA}							
			1.2V	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	2.5V	3.3V	
			V _{CCB}							
Parameter		Test Conditions							3.3V	Unit
			5V	1.8V	1.8V	1.8V	2.5V	5V	to	
									5.5V	
			ТҮР	ТҮР	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
C	A-port input, B-port output.	C _L =0, f=10 MHz,	7.8	10	9	8	8	8	9	
C _{pdA}	B-port input, A-port output.	$tr = t_f = 1ns$,	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	
A-port input, B-port output.		OE=V _{CCA}	38.1	28	28	28	29	30	30	
C_{pdB}	B-port input, A-port output.	(outputs enabled)	25.4	18	18	18	18	21	21	nE
C	A-port input, B-port output.	$C_L=0, f=10 \text{ MHz},$	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	pF
C _{pdA}	B-port input, A-port output.	$tr = t_f = 1ns$,	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
C	A-port input, B-port output.	OE=GND	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	
C _{pdB}	B-port input, A-port output.	(outputs disabled)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	



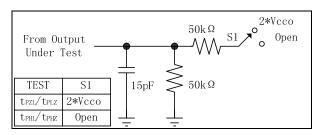


Test circuit

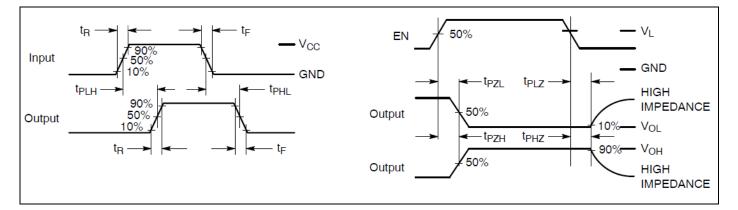
1> Load circuit for Max data rate, pulse duration propagation delay output rise and fall time measurement



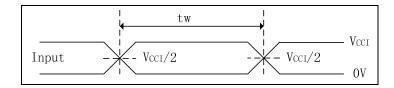
2> Load circuit for enable/disable time measurement



3> Timing Definitions for Propagation Delays and Enable/Disable Measurement



4> Voltage waveforms pulse duration



5> Notes

- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR_10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50$ W, $dv/dt \ge 1$ V/ns.
- C. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- D. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as tpd.
- E. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- F. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
- G. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.





Principles of operation

Applications

The PI4ULS5V102 can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another.

Architecture

The PI4ULS5V102 architecture (*see Figure1*) does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A. In a dc state, the output drivers of the PI4ULS5V102 can maintain a high or low, but are designed to be weak, so that they can be overdriven by an external driver when data on the bus starts flowing the opposite direction.

The output one shots detect rising or falling edges on the A or B ports. During a rising edge, the one shot turns on the PMOS transistors (T1, T3) for a short duration, which speeds up the low-to-high transition. Similarly, during a falling edge, the one shot turns on the NMOS transistors (T2, T4) for a short duration, which speeds up the high-to-low transition. The typical output impedance during output transition is 70 Ω at V_{CCO}=1.2 V to 1.8 V, 50 Ω at V_{CCO}=1.8 V to 3.3 V, and 40 Ω at V_{CCO}=3.3 V to 5 V.

Input Driver Requirements

Typical I_{IN} vs V_{IN} characteristics of the PI4ULS5V102 are shown in *Figure 2*. For proper operation, the device driving the data I/Os of the PI4ULS5V102 must have drive strength of at least ± 2 mA.

Power Up

During operation, ensure that $V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$ at all times. During power-up sequencing, VCCA \ge VCCB does not damage the device, so any power supply can be ramped up first. The PI4ULS5V102 has circuitry that disables all output ports when either V_{CC} is switched off ($V_{CCA/B} = 0$ V).

Enable and Disable

The PI4ULS5V102 has an OE input that is used to disable the device by setting OE = low, which places all I/Os in the high-impedance (Hi-Z) state. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between when OE goes low and when the outputs acutally get disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time (ten) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.

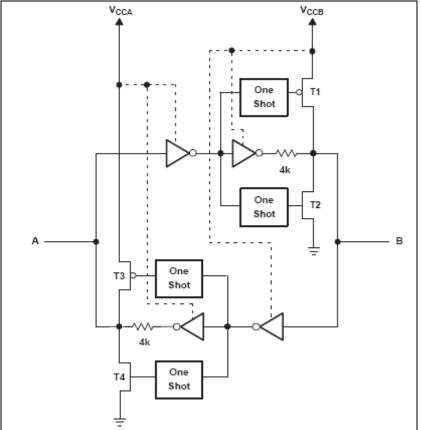
Pull-up or Pull-down Resistors on I/O Lines

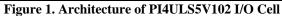
The PI4ULS5V102 is designed to drive capacitive loads of up to 70 pF. The output drivers of the PI4ULS5V102 have low dc drive strength. If pullup or pulldown resistors are connected externally to the data I/Os, their values must be kept higher than 50 k Ω to ensure that they do not contend with the output drivers of the PI4ULS5V102.

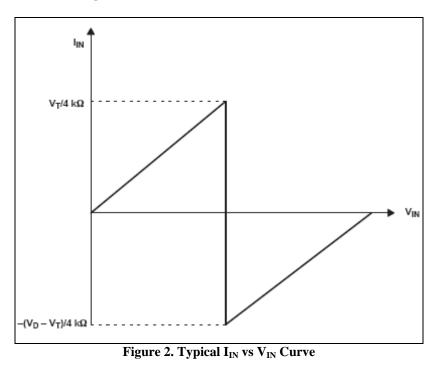
For the same reason, the PI4ULS5V102 should not be used in applications such as I2C or 1-Wire where an open-drain driver is connected on the bidirectional data I/O.











Note:

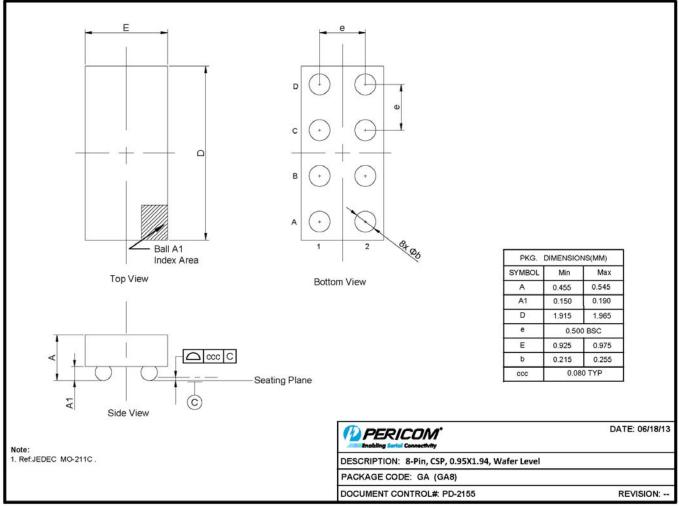
A. VT is the input threshold voltage of the PI4ULS5V102 (typically $V_{CCI}/2$). B. VD is the supply voltage of the external driver.





Mechanical Information

CSP-8

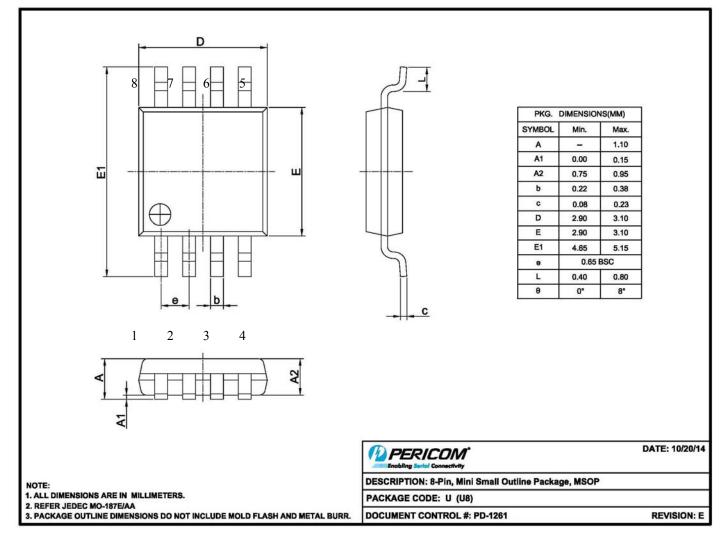


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MSOP-8



For latest package info.

 $please \ check: \ http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/packaging/p$

Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Code	Package
PI4ULS5V102GAEX	GA	8-Pin, 0.95x1.94 Wafer Level (CSP)
PI4ULS5V102UEX	U	8-Pin, Mini Small Outline Package (MSOP)

Notes:

• Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/

• E = Pb-free and Green

• X suffix = Tape/Reel





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LIFE SUPPORT

Diodes Incorporated products are specifically not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer of Diodes Incorporated. As used herein:

A. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which:

1. are intended to implant into the body, or

2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

B. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the

failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

Customers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their life support devices or systems, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems, notwithstanding any devices- or systems-related information or support that may be provided by Diodes Incorporated. Further, Customers must fully indemnify Diodes Incorporated and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems.

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