# **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Marking Code	Output Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	Temperature Range	Package <sup>(2, 3)</sup>
MIC5524-1.2YMT	C9	1.2V	–40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1mm × 1mm TDFN
MIC5524-1.8YMT	C6	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1mm × 1mm TDFN
MIC5524-2.8YMT	4C	2.8V	–40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1mm × 1mm TDFN
MIC5524-3.0YMT	3C	3.0V	–40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1mm × 1mm TDFN
MIC5524-3.3YMT	C3	3.3V	–40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1mm × 1mm TDFN

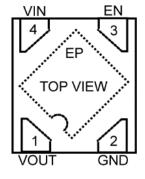
Note:

1. Other voltages available. Contact Micrel for details.

2. Thin DFN  $\blacktriangle$  = Pin 1 identifier.

3. Thin DFN is a GREEN, RoHS-compliant package. Lead finish is NiPdAu. Mold compound is Halogen Free.

# **Pin Configuration**



4-Pin 1mm × 1mm Thin DFN (MT) (Top View)

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VOUT	Output Voltage. When disabled the MIC5524 switches in an internal $25\Omega$ load to discharge the external capacitors.
2	GND	Ground.
3	EN	Enable Input. Active High. High = ON; Low = OFF. The MIC5524 has an internal $4M\Omega$ pulldown and this pin can be left floating.
4	VIN	Supply Input.
EP	ePad	Exposed Heatsink Pad. Connect to GND.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(4)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	–0.3V to 6V
Enable Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> )	– $0.3V$ to V <sub>IN</sub>
Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )	Internally Limited <sup>(6)</sup>
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	–40°C to +150°C
Storage Temperature (T <sub>s</sub> )	–65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating <sup>(7)</sup>	3kV

# **Operating Ratings**<sup>(5)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	2.5V to 5.5V
Enable Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> )	0V to V <sub>IN</sub>
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	–40°C to +125°C
Junction Thermal Resistance	
1mm × 1mm Thin DFN-4 $(\theta_{JA})$	250°C/W

# Electrical Characteristics<sup>(8)</sup>

 $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + 1V; C_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{OUT}} = 2.2 \mu F; I_{\text{OUT}} = 100 \mu A; T_{\text{J}} = 25^{\circ}C, \text{ bold } \text{values indicate } -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C, \text{ unless noted.}$ 

Parameter	Condition Min.		Тур.	Max.	Units	
	Variation from nominal V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2.0	±1	+2.0	0/	
Output Voltage Accuracy	Variation from nominal VOUT	-3.0		+3.0	%	
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ to 5.5V; $I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$		0.02	0.3	%/V	
Load Regulation <sup>(9)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100μA to 500mA		10		mV	
Dropout Voltage <sup>(10)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA I <sub>OUT</sub> = 500mA		80 260	175 500	mV	
Ground Pin Current <sup>(11)</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$ $I_{OUT} = 500mA$		38 42	55	μΑ	
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	$V_{EN} = 0V$		0.05	1	μA	
Dinale Dejection	f = 100Hz		80		dB	
Ripple Rejection	f = 1kHz		65		dB	
Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	525	800		mA	
Output Voltage Noise	f =10Hz to 100kHz		80		μV <sub>RMS</sub>	
Auto-Discharge NFET Resistance	$V_{EN} = 0V; V_{IN} = 3.6V$ $I_{OUT} = -3mA$		25		Ω	
Enable Input						
Enable Pulldown Resistor			4		MΩ	
	Logic Low		0.3	0.2	N/	
Enable Input Voltage	Logic High	1.2			- V	
Enable Input Current	$V_{EN} = 0V$		0.01	1	μΑ	
	V <sub>EN</sub> = 5.5V		1.4	2		
Turn-On Time	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA		50	125	μs	

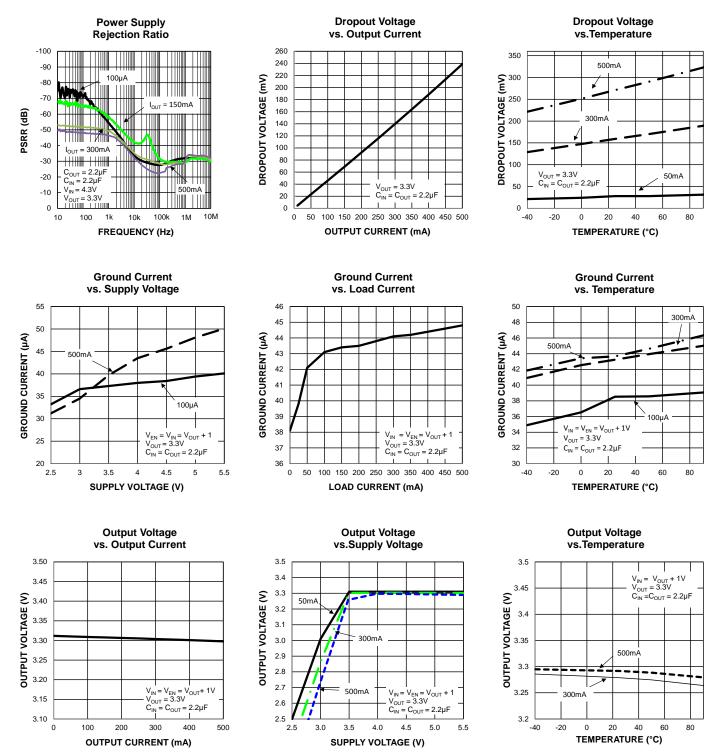
Notes:

4. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating can damage the device.

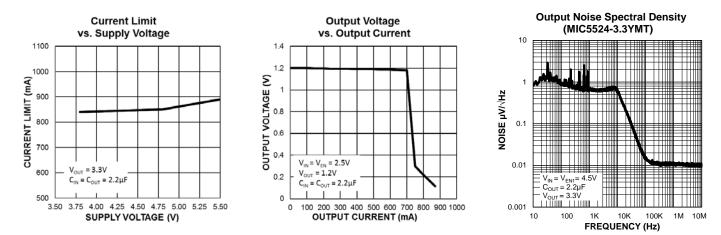
5. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.

- The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T<sub>A</sub> (ambient temperature) is P<sub>D(max)</sub> = (T<sub>J(max)</sub> T<sub>A</sub>) / θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
- 7. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions are recommended. Human body model, 1.5kΩ in series with 100pF.
- 8. Specification for packaged product only.
- 9. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 10. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential. For outputs below 2.5V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output differential with the minimum input voltage 2.5V.
- 11. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

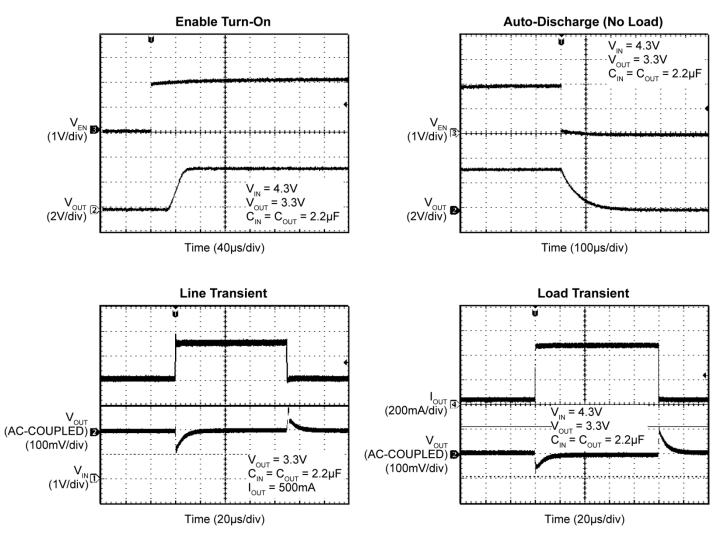
# **Typical Characteristics**



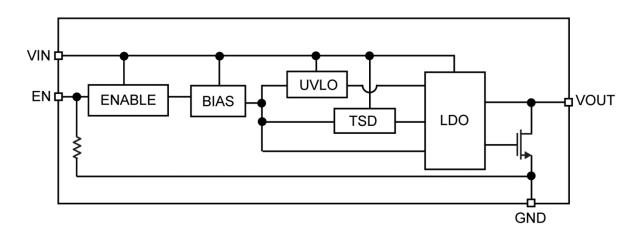
# **Typical Characteristics (Continued)**



## **Functional Characteristics**



# **Functional Block Diagram**



The MIC5524 is a high-performance, low-power 500mA LDO. The MIC5524 includes an auto-discharge circuit that is switched on when the regulator is disabled through the enable pin. The MIC5524 also offers an internal pulldown resistor on the enable pin to ensure the output is disabled if the control signal is tri-stated. The MIC5524 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions, offering linear current limiting and thermal shutdown.

#### **Input Capacitor**

The MIC5524 is a high-performance, high-bandwidth device. An input capacitor of 2.2µF is required from the input to ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high-frequency capacitors, such as small-valued NPO dielectric-type capacitors, help filter out high-frequency noise and are good practice in any RF-based circuit. X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended for the input capacitor. Y5V dielectrics lose most of their capacitance over temperature and are therefore, not recommended.

#### **Output Capacitor**

The MIC5524 requires an output capacitor of  $2.2\mu$ F or greater to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High-ESR capacitors are not recommended because they may cause high-frequency oscillation. The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a  $2.2\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

### No-Load Stability

Unlike many other voltage regulators, the MIC5524 remains stable and in regulation with no load. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

#### Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5524 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into an off mode current state drawing virtually zero current. When disabled the MIC5524 switches an internal  $25\Omega$  load on the regulator output to discharge the external capacitor.

Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. The MIC5524 has an internal pull down resistor on the enable pin to disable the output when the enable pin is floating.

### Thermal Considerations

The MIC5524 is designed to provide 500mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum ambient operating temperature can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. For example if the input voltage is 3.6V, the output voltage is 3.3V, and the output current = 500mA. The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using Equation 1:

$$P_{D} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$
 Eq. 1

Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically  $<100\mu$ A over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is <1% and can be ignored Equation 2:

$$P_D = (3.6V - 3.3V) \times 500mA$$
  
 $P_D = 0.150W$ 
Eq. 2

To determine the maximum ambient operating temperature of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device Equation 3:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}\right)$$
Eq. 3

 $T_{J(MAX)}$  = 125°C, the maximum junction temperature of the die,  $\theta_{JA}$  thermal resistance = 250°C/W for the TDFN package.

Substituting  $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}}$  for  $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})}$  and solving for the ambient operating temperature will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 250°C/W.

The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation.

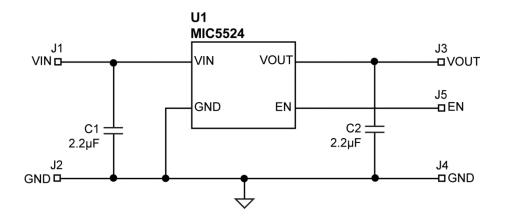
For example, when operating the MIC5524-3.3YMT at an input voltage of 3.6V and a 500mA load with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum ambient operating temperature  $T_A$  can be determined as in Equation 4:

$$0.15W = (125^{\circ}C - T_A)/(250^{\circ}C/W)$$
  
T<sub>A</sub> = 87.5°C Eq. 4

Therefore, the maximum ambient operating temperature allowed in a 1mm × 1mm TDFN package is 99°C. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the "Regulator Thermals" section of *Micrel's Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook. This information can be found on Micrel's website at:

http://www.micrel.com/\_PDF/other/LDOBk\_ds.pdf

# **Typical Application Schematic**



## **Bill of Materials**

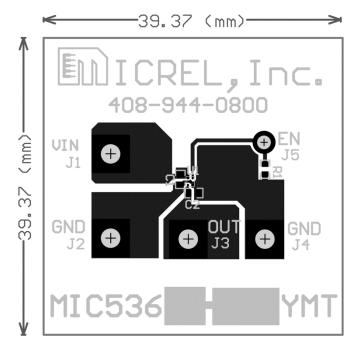
ltem	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C1, C2	GRM188R71A225KE15D	Murata <sup>(12)</sup>	Capacitor, 2.2µF Ceramic, 10V, X5R, Size 0603	2
U1	MIC5524-x.xYMT	Micrel, Inc <sup>(13)</sup>	High-Performance 500mA LDO in Thin DFN Package	1

Notes:

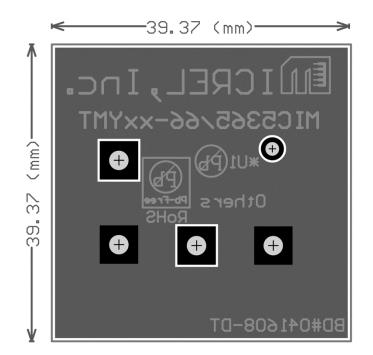
12. Murata: <u>www.murata.com</u>.

13. Micrel, Inc.: <u>www.micrel.com</u>.

## **PCB Layout Recommendations**

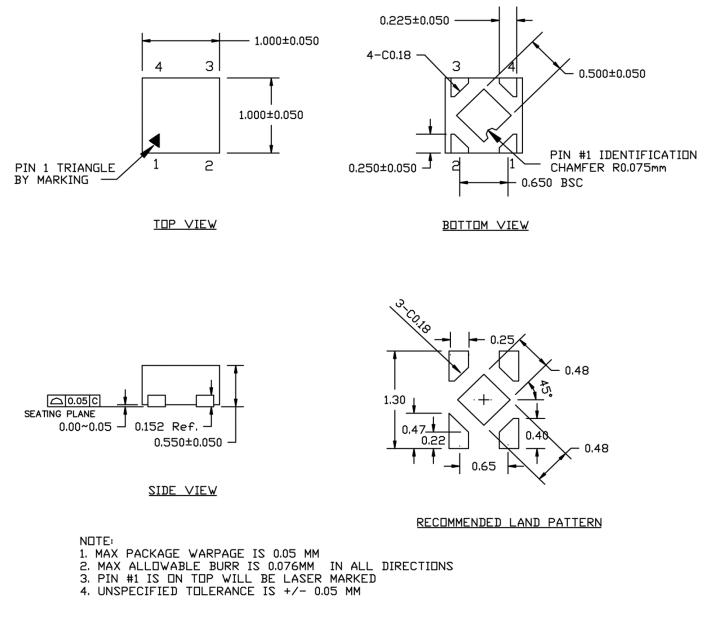


Top Layer



**Bottom Layer** 

# Package Information<sup>(14)</sup> and Recommended Landing Pattern



4-Pin 1mm × 1mm Thin DFN (MT)

#### Note:

14. Package information is correct as of the publication date. For updates and most current information, go to <u>www.micrel.com</u>.

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