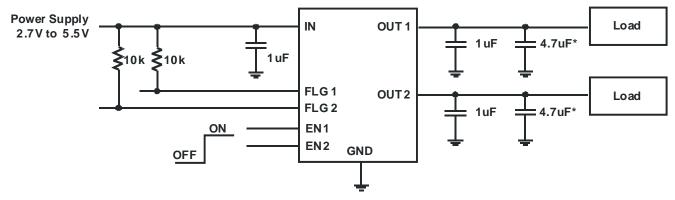


## **Typical Applications Circuit**

### AP2152 A Enable Active High



Note: \* USB 2.0 requires 120uF per hub

### **Available Options**

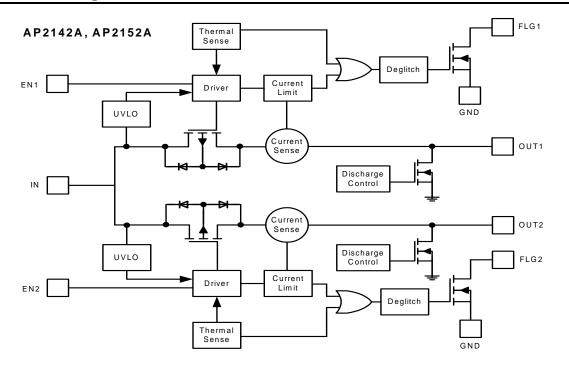
Part Number	Channel	Enable Pin (EN)	Current Limit (typ)	Recommended Maximum Continuous Load Current
AP2142A	2	Active Low	0.7A	0.5A
AP2152A	2	Active High	0.7A	0.5A

## **Pin Descriptions**

	Pin Number			
Pin Name	SO-8	MSOP-8EP U-DFN3030-8	Function	
GND	1	1	Ground	
IN	2	2	Voltage input pin	
EN1	3	3	Switch 1 enable input, active low (AP2142A) or active high (AP2152A)	
EN2	4	4	Switch 2 enable input, active low (AP2142A) or active high (AP2152A)	
FLG2	5	5	Switch 2 over-current and over-temperature fault report; open-drain flag is active low when triggered	
OUT2	6	6	witch 2 voltage output pin	
OUT1	7	7	Switch 1 voltage output pin	
FLG1	8	8	Switch 1 over-current and over-temperature fault report; open-drain flag is active low when triggered	
Exposed Pad	-	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad: It should be connected to GND and thermal mass for enhanced thermal impedance. It should not be used as electrical ground conduction path.	



## **Functional Block Diagram**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
ESD HBM	Human Body Model ESD Protection	2	kV
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	300	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	6.5	V
Vout	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
$V_{\text{EN}}$ , $V_{\text{FLG}}$	Enable Voltage	6.5	V
I <sub>LOAD</sub>	Maximum Continuous Load Current	Internal Limited	A
T <sub>J(MAX)</sub>	Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature Range (Note 4)	-65 to +150	°C

Note: 4. UL Recognized Rating from -30°C to +70°C (Diodes qualified T<sub>ST</sub> from -65°C to +150°C)

### Recommended Operating Conditions (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	2.7	5.5	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	0	500	mA
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-Level Input Voltage on EN or EN	2	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
VIL	Low-Level Input Voltage on EN or EN	0	0.8	V
TA	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	-40	+85	°C



## Electrical Characteristics (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V<sub>IN</sub> = +5.0V, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	(Note 5)	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Input UVLO			1.6	2.0	2.4	V
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Input Shutdown Current	Disabled, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0			0.1	1	μA
lq	Input Quiescent Current, Dual	Enabled, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0			115	180	μA
ILEAK	Input Leakage Current	Disabled, OUT grounded				1	μA
IREV	Reverse Leakage Current	Disabled, $V_{IN} = 0V$ , $V_{OUT} = 5V$ , $I_{R}$	<sub>EV</sub> at V <sub>IN</sub>		0.01	0.1	μA
			SO-8		90	110	
		$V_{IN} = 5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$ , $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	MSOP-8EP, U-DFN3030-8		85	105	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Switch On-Resistance	$V_{IN} = 5V, I_{OUT} = 0.5A, -40^{\circ}C \le T_A$	.≤ +85°C			135	mΩ
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5A,	SO-8		110	130	
		$T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$	MSOP-8EP, U-DFN3030-8		105	125	
		$V_{IN} = 3.3V$ , $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$ , $-40^{\circ}C \le 7$	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C			170	
I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	Over-Load Current Limit	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 4V, C_L = 4.7 \mu F$	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$	0.55	0.7	0.85	А
I <sub>LIMIT_G</sub>	Ganged Over-Load Current Limit	$V_{IN} = 5V$ , $V_{OUT} = 4V$ , OUT1 & OUT2 tied together, $C_L = 4.7\mu F$	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C	1.1	1.4	1.7	А
I <sub>Trig</sub>	Current Limiting Trigger Threshold	Output Current Slew rate (<100A	/s), C <sub>L</sub> = 4.7µF		1.0		А
I <sub>Trig_G</sub>	Ganged Current Limiting Trigger Threshold	OUT1 & OUT2 tied together, Output Current Slew rate (<100A/s), $C_L = 4.7 \mu F$			1.0		А
los	Short-Circuit Current per Channel	OUTx connected to ground, device enabled into short circuit, $C_L = 4.7 \mu F$			0.7		А
los_g	Ganged Short-Circuit Current	OUT1 & OUT2 connected to ground, device enabled into short-circuit, $C_L = 4.7 \mu F$		1.1	1.4	1.7	А
T <sub>SHORT</sub>	Short-Circuit Response Time	$V_{OUT} = 0V$ to $I_{OUT} = I_{LIMIT}$ (output shorted to ground)			2		μs
VIL	EN Input Logic Low Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V				0.8	V
VIH	EN Input Logic High Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V		2			V
Isink	EN Input Leakage	$V_{EN} = 0V$ to 5.5V				1	μA
I <sub>LEAK-O</sub>	Output Leakage Current	Disabled, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V			0.5	1	μA
T <sub>R</sub>	Output Turn-On Rise Time	$C_L = 1\mu F$ , $R_{LOAD} = 10\Omega$			0.6	1.5	ms
T <sub>F</sub>	Output Turn-Off Fall Time	$C_L = 1\mu F$ , $R_{LOAD} = 10\Omega$			0.05	0.3	ms
T <sub>D(ON)</sub>	Output Turn-On Delay Time	$C_L = 100 \mu F$ , $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega$			0.2	0.5	ms
T <sub>D(OFF)</sub>	Output Turn-Off Delay Time	$C_L = 100 \mu F, R_{LOAD} = 10\Omega$			0.1	0.3	ms
R <sub>FLG</sub>	FLG Output FET On-Resistance	I <sub>FLG</sub> = 10mA			20	40	Ω
I <sub>FOH</sub>	FLG Off Current	V <sub>FLG</sub> = 5V			0.01	1	μA
T <sub>Blank</sub>	FLG Blanking Time	$C_L = 4.7 \mu F$		4	7	15	ms
R <sub>DIS</sub>	Discharge Resistance (Note 6)	$V_{IN} = 5V$ , disabled, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA		1	100		Ω
T <sub>SHDN</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Enabled, $R_{LOAD} = 1k\Omega$		1	140		°C
T <sub>HYS</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	. 2010			25		°C
	,	SO-8 (Note 7)		1	115		-
θ <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient				75		°C/W
		U-DFN3030-8 (Note 8)			60	1	1

Notes:

Pulse-testing techniques maintain junction temperature close to ambient temperature; thermal effects must be taken into account separately.
The discharge function is active when the device is disabled (when enable is de-asserted or during power-up / power-down when V<sub>IN</sub> < V<sub>UVLO</sub>). The discharge function offers a resistive discharge path for the external storage capacitor for limited time.
Test condition for SO-8: Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PCB with minimum recommended pad layout.
Test condition for MSOP-8EP and U-DFN3030-8: Device mounted on 2" x 2" FR-4 substrate PCB, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad on top layer and thermal vias to bottom layer ground plane.



# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

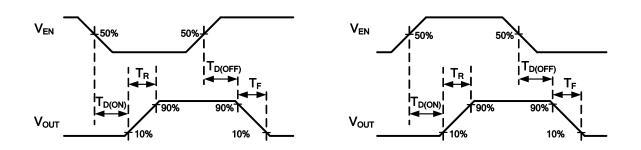


Figure 1 Voltage Waveforms: AP2142A (left), AP2152A (right)

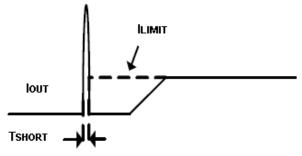
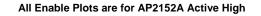
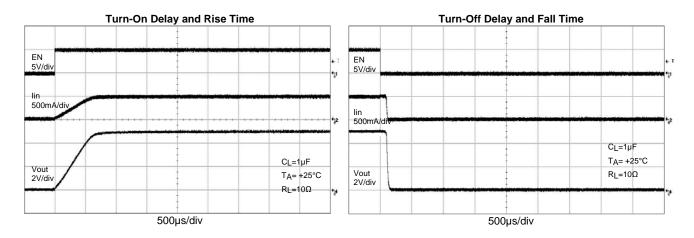
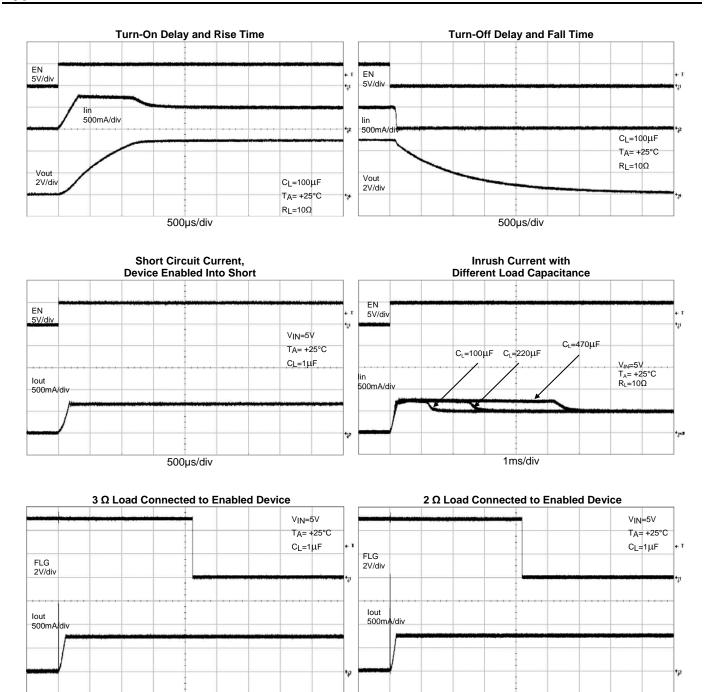


Figure 2 Response Time to Short Circuit Waveform







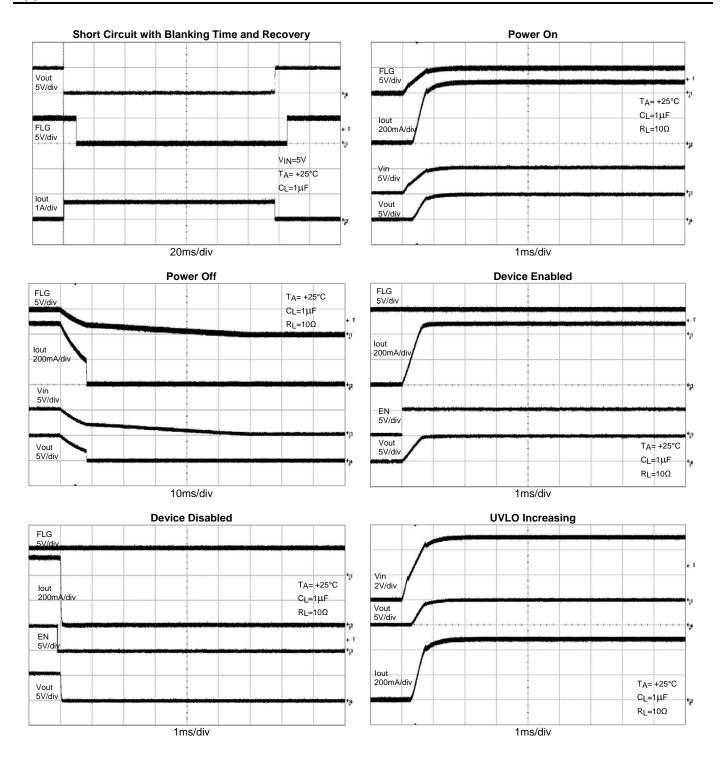


AP2142A/ AP2152A Document number: DS32191 Rev. 3 - 2 Downloaded from Arrow.com.

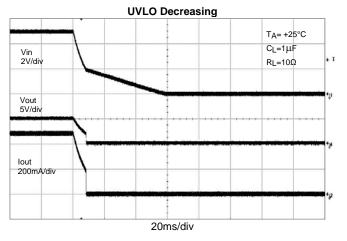
2ms/div

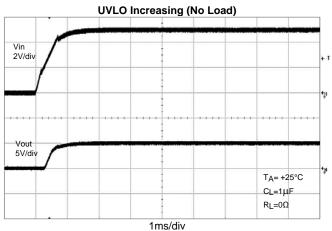
2ms/div



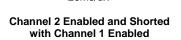


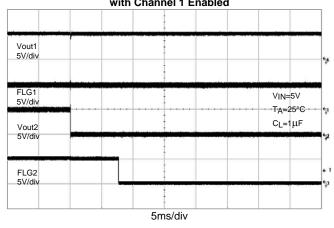




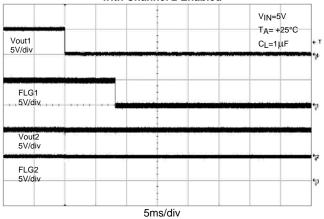


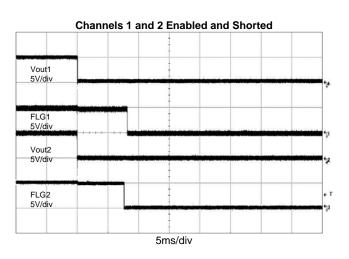
UVLO Decreasing (No Load) TA= +25°C CL=1µF Vin 2V/div RL=0Ω à T Vout 5V/div 20ms/div



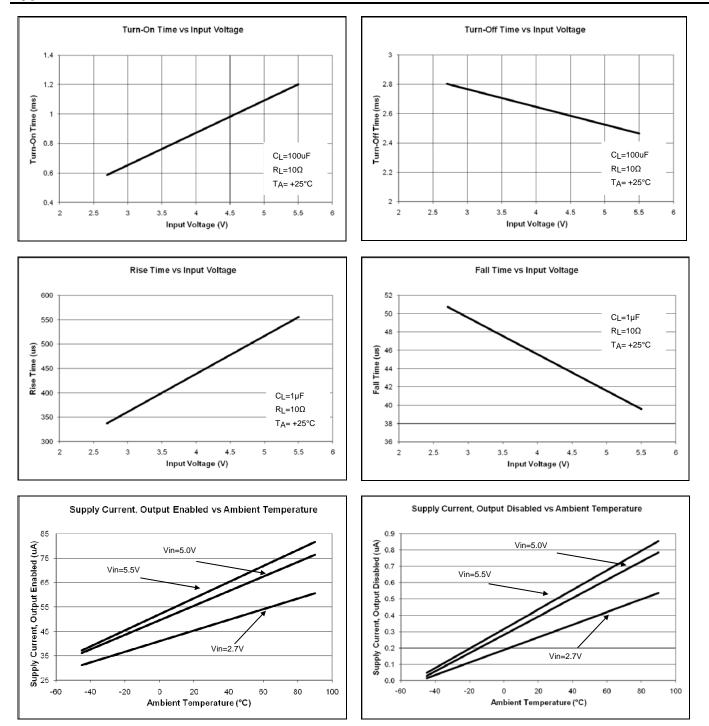


**Channel 1 Enabled and Shorted** with Channel 2 Enabled

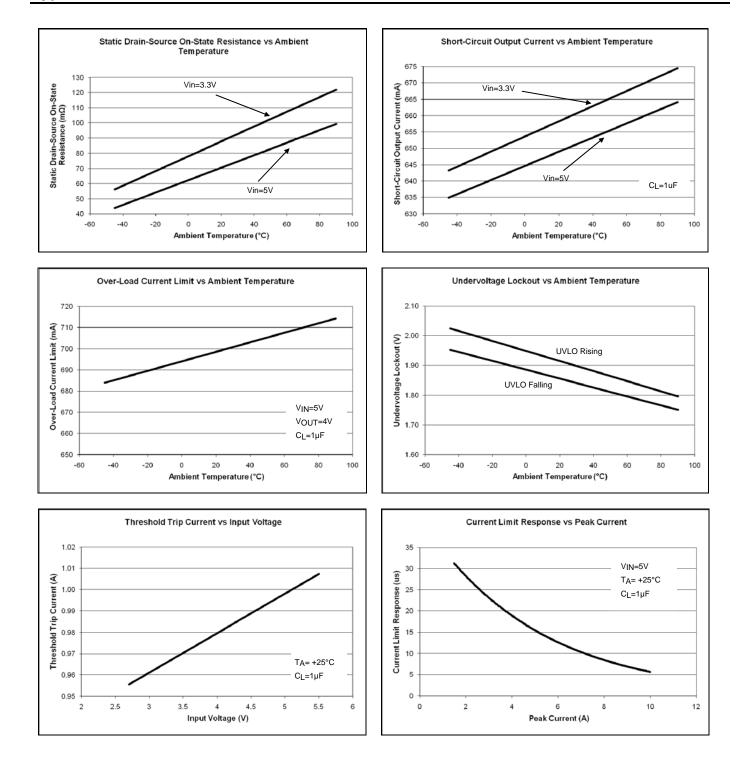














### **Application Information**

#### **Power Supply Considerations**

A 0.1µF to 1µF X7R or X5R ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND, close to the device, is recommended. Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the input and output pin(s) is recommended when the output load is heavy. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input. Additionally, bypassing the output with a 1µF ceramic capacitor improves the immunity of the device to short-circuit transients.

### **Over-Current and Short Circuit Protection**

An internal sensing FET is employed to check for over-current conditions. Unlike current-sense resistors, sense FETs do not increase the series resistance of the current path. When an overcurrent condition is detected, the device maintains a constant output current and reduces the output voltage accordingly. Complete shutdown occurs only if the fault stays long enough to activate thermal limiting.

Three possible overload conditions can occur. In the first condition, the output has been shorted to GND before the device is enabled or before V<sub>IN</sub> has been applied. The AP2142A/AP2152A senses the short circuit and immediately clamps output current to a certain safe level namely I<sub>LIMIT</sub>.

In the second condition, an output short or an overload occurs while the device is enabled. At the instance the overload occurs, higher inrush current may flow for a very short period of time before the current limit function can react. The input capacitor(s) rapidly discharge through the device, activating current limit circuitry. Protection is achieved by momentarily opening the P-MOS high-side power switch and then gradually turning it on. After the current limit function has tripped (reached the over-current trip threshold), the device switches into current limiting mode and the current is clamped at I<sub>LIMIT</sub>. The threshold for activating current limiting is 0.7A typical per channel.

In the third condition, the load has been gradually increased beyond the recommended operating current. The current is permitted to rise until the current-limit threshold (I<sub>TRIG</sub>) is reached or until the thermal limit of the device is exceeded. The AP2142A/AP2152A is capable of delivering current up to the current-limit threshold without damaging the device. Once the threshold has been reached, the device switches into its current limiting mode and is set at I<sub>LIMIT</sub>.

### **FLG Response**

When an over-current or over-temperature shutdown condition is encountered, the FLG open-drain output goes active low after a nominal 7-ms deglitch timeout. The FLG output remains low until both over-current and over-temperature conditions are removed. Connecting a heavy capacitive load to the output of the device can cause a momentary over-current condition, which does not trigger the FLG due to the 7-ms deglitch timeout. The AP2142A/AP2152A is designed to eliminate false over-current reporting without the need of external components to remove unwanted pulses.

### **Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature**

The low on-resistance of the internal MOSFET allows the small surface-mount packages to pass large current. Using the maximum operating ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) and R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, the power dissipation can be calculated by:

 $P_D = R_{DS(ON)} \times I^2$ 

Finally, calculate the junction temperature:

$$T_J = P_D \times R_{\theta JA} + T_A$$

Where:

 $T_A$  = Ambient temperature °C

 $R_{\theta JA}$  = Thermal resistance

P<sub>D</sub> = Total power dissipation

### **Thermal Protection**

Thermal protection prevents the IC from damage when heavy-overload or short-circuit faults are present for extended periods of time. The AP2142A/AP2152A implements a thermal sensing to monitor the operating junction temperature of the power distribution switch. Once the die temperature rises to approximately 140°C due to excessive power dissipation in an over-current or short-circuit condition the internal thermal sense circuitry turns the power switch off, thus preventing the power switch from damage. Hysteresis is built into the thermal sense circuit allowing the device to cool down approximately 25°C before the switch turns back on. The switch continues to cycle in this manner until the load fault or input power is removed. The FLG open-drain output is asserted when an over-temperature shutdown or over-current occurs with 7-ms deglitch.



### Application Information (cont.)

### Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

Under-voltage lockout function (UVLO) keeps the internal power switch from being turned on until the power supply has reached at least 2V, even if the switch is enabled. Whenever the input voltage falls below approximately 2V, the power switch is quickly turned off. This facilitates the design of hot-insertion systems where it is not possible to turn off the power switch before input power is removed.

### **Discharge Function**

The discharge function of the device is active when enable is disabled or de-asserted. The discharge function with the N-MOS power switch implementation is activated and offers a resistive discharge path for the external storage capacitor. This is designed for discharging any residue of the output voltage when either no external output resistance or load resistance is present at the output.

### Host/Self-Powered HUBs

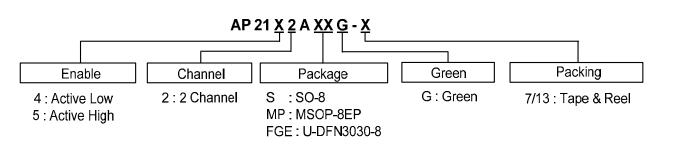
Hosts and self-powered hubs (SPH) have a local power supply that powers the embedded functions and the downstream ports. This power supply must provide from 5.25V to 4.75V to the board side of the downstream connection under both full-load and no-load conditions. Hosts and SPHs are required to have current-limit protection and must report over-current conditions to the USB controller. Typical SPHs are desktop PCs, monitors, printers, and stand-alone hubs.

#### **Generic Hot-Plug Applications**

In many applications it may be necessary to remove modules or pc boards while the main unit is still operating. These are considered hot-plug applications. Such implementations require the control of current surges seen by the main power supply and the card being inserted. The most effective way to control these surges is to limit and slowly ramp the current and voltage being applied to the card, similar to the way in which a power supply normally turns on. Due to the controlled rise times and fall times of the AP2142A/AP2152A, these devices can be used to provide a softer start-up to devices being hot-plugged into a powered system. The UVLO feature of the AP2142A/AP2152A also ensures that the switch is off after the card has been removed, and that the switch is off during the next insertion.

By placing the AP2142A/AP2152A between the VCC input and the rest of the circuitry, the input power reaches these devices first after insertion. The typical rise time of the switch is approximately 1ms, providing a slow voltage ramp at the output of the device. This implementation controls system surge current and provides a hot-plugging mechanism for any device.

## **Ordering Information**

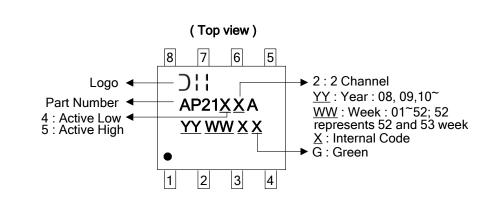


Ī	Part Number	Package Backaging	Pookoging	7"/13" Tape and Reel	
	Part Number Code		Packaging	Quantity	Part Number Suffix
PD,	AP21X2ASG-13	S	SO-8	250/Tape & Reel	-13
PD,	AP21X2AMPG-13	MP	MSOP-8EP	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
Pb,	AP21X2AFGEG-7	FGE	U-DFN3030-8	3000/Tape & Reel	-7

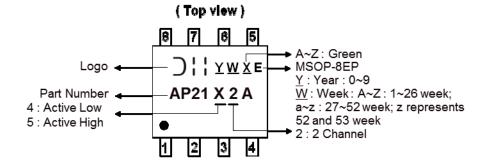


### **Marking Information**

(1) SO-8



### (2) MSOP-8EP



### (3) U-DFN3030-8



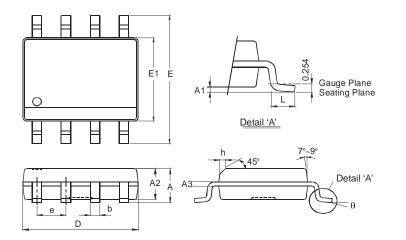
Part Number	Package	Identification Code
AP2142AFGEG-7	U-DFN3030-8	AA
AP2152AFGEG-7	U-DFN3030-8	AB



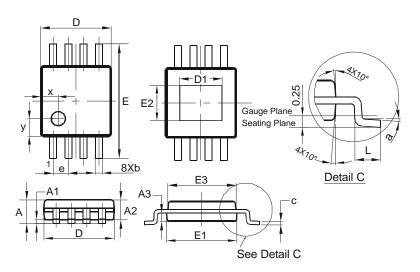
### Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm.)

Please see AP02002 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf for latest version.

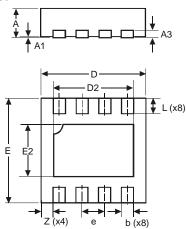
### (1) Package Type: SO-8



(2) Package Type: MSOP-8EP



#### (3) Package Type: U-DFN3030-8



	A2	1.30	1.50
	A3	0.15	0.25
	b	0.3	0.5
	D	4.85	4.95
	E	5.90	6.10
	E1	3.85	3.95
	е	1.27	Тур
	h	-	0.35
	L	0.62	0.82
	θ	0°	8°
	All Di	mensions	in mm
_			

Dim A

A1

SO-8 Min

0.10

Max

1.75

0.20

MSOP-8EP					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур		
Α	-	1.10	-		
A1	0.05	0.15	0.10		
A2	0.75	0.95	0.86		
A3	0.29	0.49	0.39		
b	0.22	0.38	0.30		
c	0.08	0.23	0.15		
D	2.90	3.10	3.00		
D1	1.60	2.00	1.80		
Е	4.70	5.10	4.90		
E1	2.90	3.10	3.00		
E2	1.30	1.70	1.50		
E3	2.85	3.05	2.95		
е	-	-	0.65		
L	0.40	0.80	0.60		
а	0°	8°	4°		
х	-	-	0.750		
у	-	-	0.750		
All C	Dimens	ions in	mm		

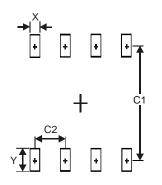
	U-DFN3030-8 Type E					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур			
Α	0.57	0.63	0.60			
A1	0	0.05	0.02			
A3	-	-	0.15			
b	0.20	0.30	0.25			
D	2.95	3.05	3.00			
D2	2.15	2.35	2.25			
Е	2.95	3.05	3.00			
е	-	-	0.65			
E2	1.40	1.60	1.50			
L	0.30	0.60	0.45			
Ζ	_	_	0.40			
All I	Dimens	sions ir	n mm			



## **Suggested Pad Layout**

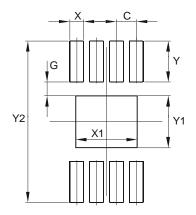
Please see AP02001 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf for the latest version.

### (1) Package Type: SO-8



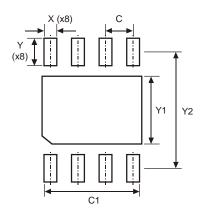
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Х	0.60
Y	1.55
C1	5.4
C2	1.27

### (2) Package Type: MSOP-8EP



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.650
G	0.450
Х	0.450
X1	2.000
Y	1.350
Y1	1.700
Y2	5.300

### (3) Package Type: U-DFN3030-8



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.65
C1	2.35
Х	0.30
Y	0.65
Y1	1.60
Y2	2.75



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