ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN to GND	
ON, FAULT to GND	
SET, OUT to GND	
Maximum Continuous Switch Current	,
MAX891L	0.75A
MAX892L	0.375A

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}$	°C)
μMAX (derate 4.1mW/°C above +70°C)	330mW
Operating Temperature Range	
MAX891LEUA/MAX892LEUA	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 3V, T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Operating Voltage			2.7		5.5	V		
Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = 5V, \overline{ON} = GND, I _{OUT} = 0mA			13	20	μΑ		
Off-Supply Current	$\overline{ON} = IN, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 5.5V$			0.02	1	μΑ		
Off-Switch Current	$\overline{ON} = IN, V_{IN} = 5.5V, V_{OU}$	r = 0V			0.02	3	μΑ	
Undervoltage Lockout	Rising edge, 1% hysteresis		2.0	2.3	2.6	V		
On Decistance	V _{IN} = 4.5V				120	225	mΩ	
	VIN = 4.5 V	MAX892L			250	420	- 11152	
On-Resistance		MAX891L			150	300	m0	
	V _{IN} = 3.0V MAX892L				300	500	mΩ	
Current-Limit-Amplifier Accuracy	V _{SET} required to turn the s	witch off (Not	e 1)	1.178	1.240	1.302	V	
Maximum Output Current	MAX891L				500		^	
Maximum Output Current	MAX892L				250		mA	
La carta la carta de la carta	1 ()/1 0 0)/	MAX891L, I	OUT = 250mA	840	965	1130	0.70	
I _{OUT} to I _{SET} Current Ratio	V _{OUT} = 1.6V to 2.8V MAX892L, I _{OUT} = 1		OUT = 125mA	840	965	1130	A/A	
ON Input Low Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V				0.8	V		
ON Input High Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 3.6V		2.0			- V		
	V _{IN} = 4.5V to 5.5V			2.4				
ON Input Leakage	V ON = 5.5V	V ON = 5.5V			0.01	1	μΑ	
I _{SET} Bias Current	V _{SET} = 1.24V, I _{OUT} = 0mA			0.5	3	μΑ		
FAULT Logic Output Low Voltage	I _{SINK} = 1mA, V _{SET} = 1.4V				0.4	V		
FAULT Logic Output High Leakage	V FAULT = 5.5V, V _{SET} = 1V			0.05	1	μΑ		
Slow-Current-Loop Response Time	20% current overdrive, V _{IN} = 5V			5		μs		
Fast-Current-Loop Response Time				2		μs		
Turn-On Time	I _{OUT} = 250mA (MAX891L), or 125mA (MAX892L)		V _{IN} = 5V		100	200	LIC	
			V _{IN} = 3V		150		– μs	
Turn-Off Time	V _{IN} = 5V		0.8	2	20	μs		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 3V, T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

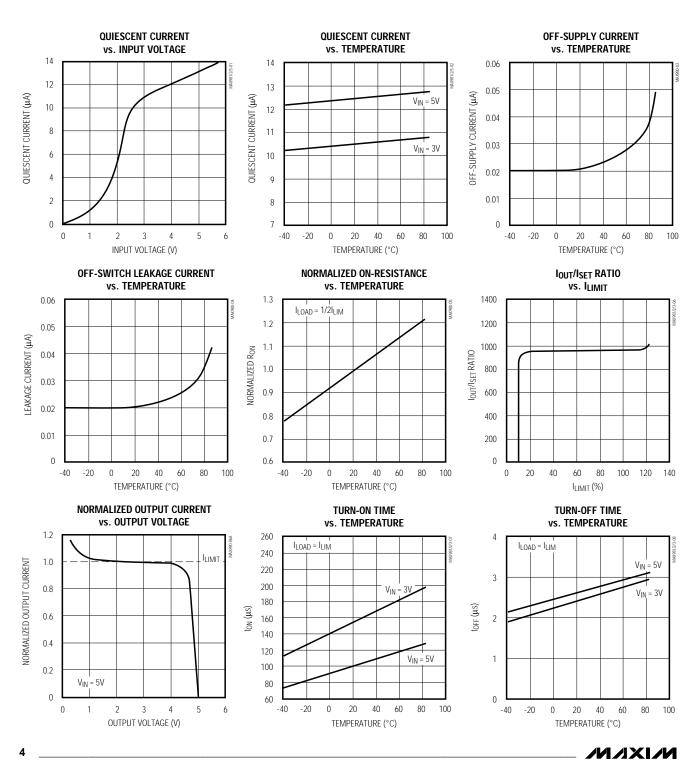
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage			3.0		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = 5V, \overline{ON} = GND, I _{OU}	ıT = 0mA			50	μΑ
Off-Supply Current	$\overline{ON} = IN, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 5.5V$				2.2	μΑ
Off-Switch Current	\overline{ON} = IN, V_{IN} = 5.5V, V_{OUT} = 0V				8	μΑ
Undervoltage Lockout	Rising edge, 1% hysteresis		2.0		2.9	V
On-Resistance	V _{IN} = 4.5V	MAX891L			225	mΩ
	V N = 4.5V	MAX892L			420	
	V _{IN} = 3.0V MAX891L MAX892L	MAX891L			300	mΩ
		MAX892L			500	
Current-Limit-Amplifier Accuracy	V _{SET} required to turn the switch off (Note 1)		1.14		1.34	V
IOUT to ISET Current Ratio	V _{OUT} = 1.6V to 2.8V	MAX891L, I _{OUT} = 250mA	805		1210	A/A
		MAX892L, I _{OUT} = 125mA	805		1210	
FAULT Logic Output Low Voltage	I _{SINK} = 1mA, V _{SET} = 1.4V				0.4	V
Turn-On Time	$V_{IN} = 5V$				200	μs
Turn-Off Time	V _{IN} = 5V		0.25		20	μs

Note 1: Tested with $I_{OUT} = 50 \text{mA}$ for the MAX891L, 25mA for the MAX892L, and V_{SET} raised until $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} \ge 0.8V$.

Note 2: Parameters to -40°C are guaranteed by design, not production tested.

Typical Operating Characteristics

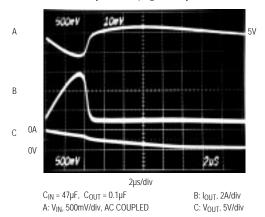
(Typical Operating Circuit, $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)



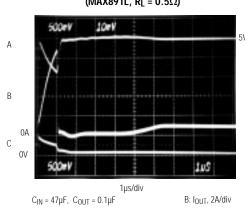
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Typical Operating Circuit, $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

CURRENT-LIMIT RESPONSE (MAX891L, $R_L = 0.8\Omega$)



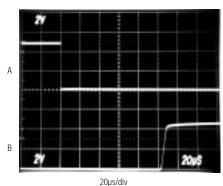
CURRENT-LIMIT RESPONSE (MAX891L, $R_L = 0.5\Omega$)



A: V_{IN}, 500mV/div, AC COUPLED

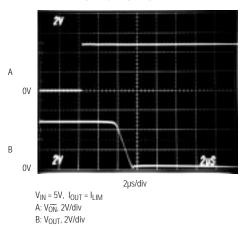
C: V_{OUT}, 5V/div

SWITCH TURN-ON TIME

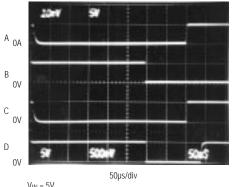


 $V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = I_{LIM}$ A: $V_{\overline{ON}}$, 2V/divB: V_{OUT} , 2V/div

SWITCH TURN-OFF TIME



SWITCH TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



 $V_{IN} = 5V$ A: I_{LOAD} , 0.1A/div B: $V_{\overline{ON}}$, 5V/div

C: V_{OUT}, 5V/div D: V_{FAULT}, 5V/div

MIXIM

Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2	IN	Input. P-channel MOSFET source. Bypass IN with a 1µF capacitor to ground.
3	ŌN	Active-Low Switch On Input. A logic low turns the switch on.
4	GND	Ground
5	SET	Set Current-Limit Input. A resistor from SET to ground sets the current limit for the switch. See Setting the Current Limit section.
6	FAULT	Fault-Indicator Output. This open-drain output goes low when in current limit or when the die temperature exceeds +135°C.
7, 8	OUT	Switch Output. P-channel MOSFET drain. Bypass OUT with a 0.1µF capacitor to ground.

Detailed Description

The MAX891L/MAX892L P-channel MOSFET power switches limit output current to a user-programmed level. When the output current is increased beyond the set current level, the current is also increased through the replica switch (I_{OUT}/965) and through RSET (Figure 1). The current-limit error amplifier compares the voltage across RSET to the internal 1.24V reference and regulates the current back to the lesser of the programmed current limit (I_{LIMIT}) or the maximum current limit (I_{MAX}).

These switches are not bidirectional; therefore, the input voltage must be higher than the output voltage.

Setting the Current Limit

The MAX891L/MAX892L feature internal current-limiting circuitry with maximum programmable values (I_{MAX}) of 500mA and 250mA, respectively. For best performance, set the current limit (I_{LIMIT}) between $0.2I_{MAX} \le I_{LIMIT} \le I_{MAX}$. This current limit remains in effect throughout the input supply-voltage range.

Program the current limit with a resistor (RSET) from SET to ground (Figure 2) as follows:

ISET = ILIMIT / IRATIO RSET = 1.240 / ISET

where I_{LIMIT} is the desired current limit, and I_{RATIO} is the I_{OUT} to I_{SET} current ratio (965).

Short-Circuit Protection

The MAX891L/MAX892L are short-circuit-protected switches. In the event of an output short circuit or current-overload condition, the current through the switch is limited by the internal current-limiting error amplifier to 1.5 x I_{LIMIT}. When the fault condition is removed, the replica error amplifier sets the current limit back to I_{LIMIT}.

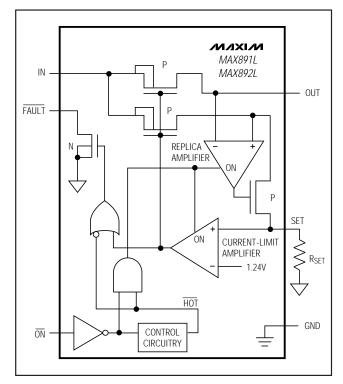


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

For a high Δ_{DS}/Δ during an output short-circuit condition, the switch turns off and disconnects the input supply from the output. The current-limiting amplifier then slowly turns the switch on with the output current limited to 1.5 x I_{LIMIT} . When the fault condition is removed, the current limit is set back to I_{LIMIT} . Refer to the Current-Limit Response graphs in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

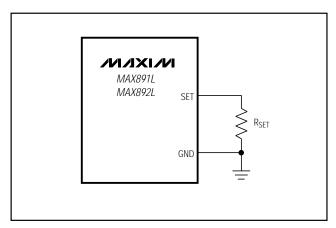


Figure 2. Setting the Current Limit

Thermal Shutdown

The MAX891L/MAX892L feature thermal shutdown. The switch turns off when the junction temperature exceeds +135°C. Once the device cools by 10°C, the switch turns back on. If the fault short-circuit condition is not removed, the switch will cycle on and off, resulting in a pulsed output.

Fault Indicator

The MAX891L/MAX892L provide a fault output (FAULT). This open-drain output goes low when in current limit or when the die temperature exceeds +135°C. During start-up, FAULT is low until the switch is fully on and no over-current condition exists. A $100k\Omega$ pull-up resistor from FAULT to IN provides a logic-control signal.

_Applications Information

Input Capacitor

To limit input voltage drop during momentary output short-circuit conditions, connect a capacitor from IN to GND. A 1µF ceramic capacitor is adequate for most applications; however, higher capacitor values further reduce voltage drop at the input.

Output Capacitor

Connect a 0.1µF capacitor from OUT to GND. One function of this capacitor is to prevent inductive parasitics from pulling OUT negative during turn-off.

Layout and Thermal-Dissipation Consideration

To take full advantage of the switch-response time to output short-circuit conditions, it is very important to keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of undesirable parasitic inductance. Place input and output capacitors as close as possible to the device (no more than 5mm).

Under normal operating conditions, the package dissipates and channels heat away. Calculate maximum power as follows:

$P = I^2LIM \times RON$

where RON is the on-resistance of the switch.

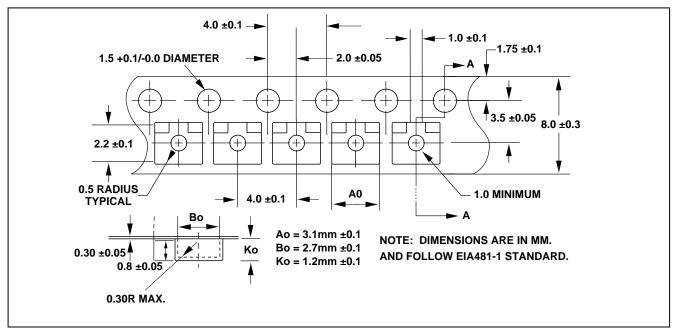
When the output is short circuited, voltage drop across the switch equals the input supply. Hence, the power dissipated across the switch increases, as does the die temperature. If the fault condition is not removed, the thermal-overload-protection circuitry turns the switch off until the die temperature falls by 10°C. A ground plane in contact with the device helps dissipate additional heat.

_Chip Information

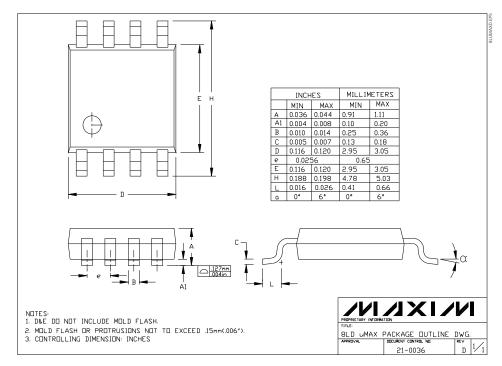
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 396
SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO GND

MIXIM

Tape-and-Reel Information



Package Information



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

8 ______Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 737-7600

© 1997 Maxim Integrated Products

Printed USA

is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.