

L14P1 L14P2
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-65 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (Iron) ^(3,4,5 and 6)	T_{SOL-I}	240 for 5 sec	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (Flow) ^(3,4 and 6)	T_{SOL-F}	260 for 10 sec	$^\circ\text{C}$
Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	V_{CEO}	30	V
Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	V_{CBO}	40	V
Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	V_{EBO}	5	V
Power Dissipation ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ⁽¹⁾	P_D	300	mW
Power Dissipation ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ⁽²⁾	P_D	600	mW

NOTE:

1. Derate power dissipation linearly 3.00 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above 25°C ambient.
2. Derate power dissipation linearly 6.00 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above 25°C case.
3. RMA flux is recommended.
4. Methanol or isopropyl alcohols are recommended as cleaning agents.
5. Soldering iron tip 1/16" (1.6mm) minimum from housing.
6. As long as leads are not under any stress or spring tension.
7. Light source is a GaAs LED emitting light at a peak wavelength of 940 nm.
8. Figure 1 and figure 2 use light source of tungsten lamp at 2870°K color temperature. A GaAs source of 3.0 mW/cm² is approximately equivalent to a tungsten source, at 2870°K , of 10 mW/cm².

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$) (All measurements made under pulse conditions)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Collector-Emitter Breakdown	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $E_e = 0$	BV_{CEO}	30		—	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $E_e = 0$	BV_{EBO}	5.0		—	V
Collector-Base Breakdown	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $E_e = 0$	BV_{CBO}	40		—	V
Collector-Emitter Leakage	$V_{CE} = 12\text{ V}$, $E_e = 0$	I_{CEO}	—		100	nA
Reception Angle at 1/2 Sensitivity		θ		± 8		Degrees
On-State Collector Current L14P1	$E_e = 0.5\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ ^(7,8)	$I_{C(ON)}$	6.5		—	mA
On-State Collector Current L14P2	$E_e = 0.5\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ ^(7,8)	$I_{C(ON)}$	13.0			mA
On-State Photodiode Current	$E_e = 0.3\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$	$I_{CB(ON)}$		6.0		μA
Rise Time	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$	t_r		10		μs
Fall Time	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$	t_f		12		μs
Saturation Voltage L14P1	$I_C = 0.8\text{ mA}$, $E_e = 0.6\text{ mW/cm}^2$ ^(7,8)	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	—		0.40	V
Saturation Voltage L14P2	$I_C = 1.6\text{ mA}$, $E_e = 0.6\text{ mW/cm}^2$ ^(7,8)	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	—		0.40	V

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Figure 1. Light Current vs. Collector to Emitter Voltage

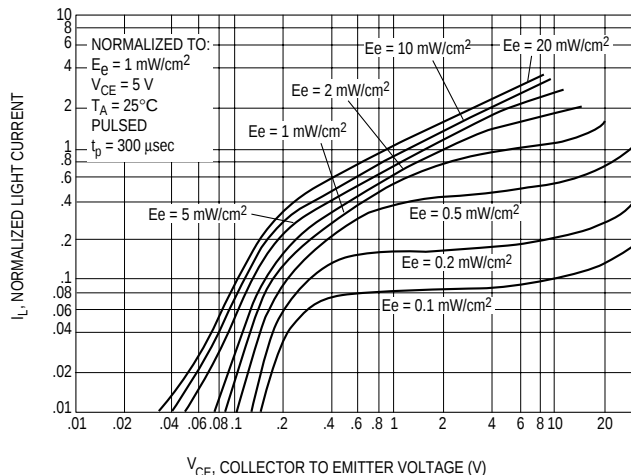


Figure 2. Light Current vs. Total Irradiance

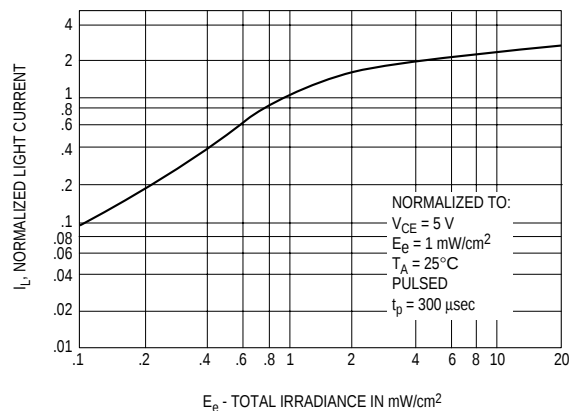


Figure 3. Dark Current vs. Temperature

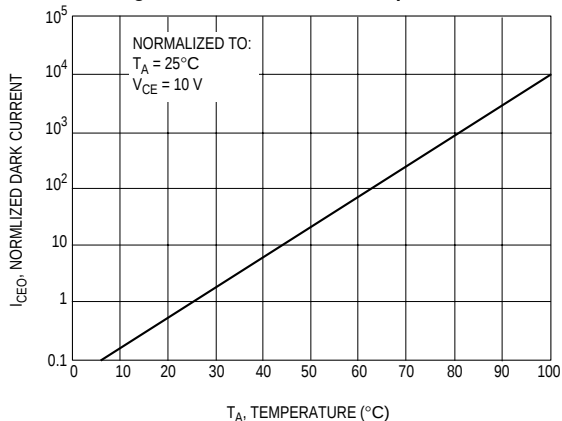


Figure 4. Light Current vs. Temperature

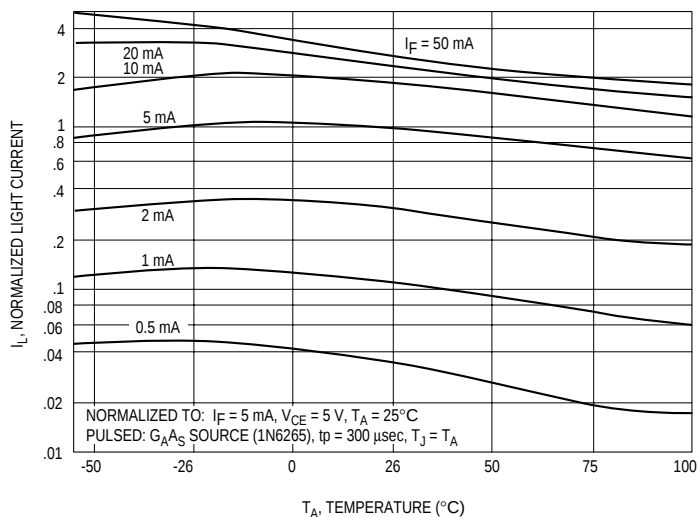


Figure 5. Angular and Spectral Response

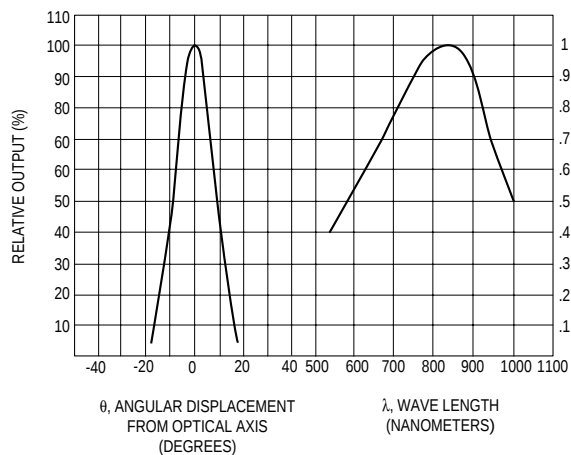
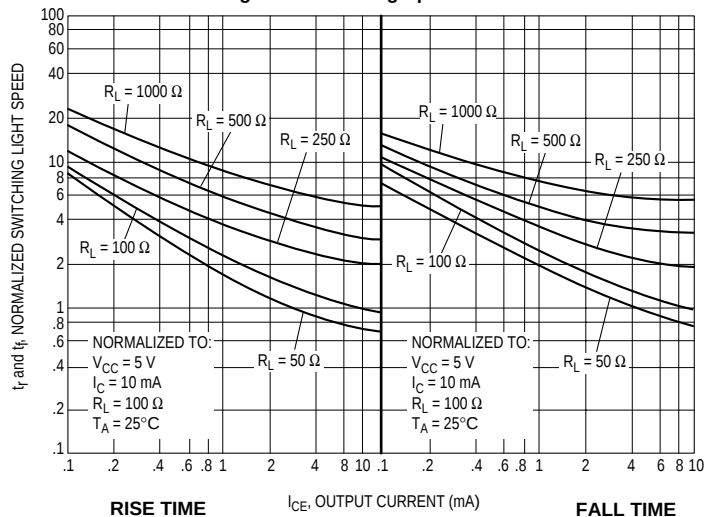


Figure 6. Switching Speed vs. Bias



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