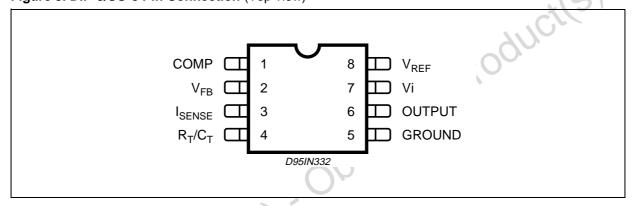
**Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vi	Supply Voltage (low impedance source)	30	V
Vi	Supply Voltage (li < 30mA)	Self Limiting	
Io	Output Current	±1	Α
Eo	Output Energy (capacitive load)	5	μJ
	Analog Inputs (pins 2, 3)	- 0.3 to 5.5	V
	Error Amplifier Output Sink Current	10	mA
P <sub>tot</sub>	Power Dissipation at T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C (DIP-8)	1.25	W
P <sub>tot</sub>	Power Dissipation at T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C (SO-8)	800	mW
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	- 65 to 150	°C
TJ	Junction Operating Temperature	- 40 to 150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature (soldering 10s)	300	°C

<sup>\*</sup> All voltages are with respect to pin 5, all currents are positive into the specified terminal.

Figure 3. DIP-8/SO-8 Pin Connection (Top view)



**Table 3. Pin Description** 

N°	Pin	Function						
1	COMP	This pin is the Error Amplifier output and is made available for loop compensation.						
2	V <sub>FB</sub>	is is the inverting input of the Error Amplifier. It is normally connected to the switching pow pply output through a resistor divider.						
3	ISENSE	A voltage proportional to inductor current is connected to this input. The PWM uses this information to terminate the output switch conduction.						
4	R <sub>T</sub> /C <sub>T</sub>	The oscillator frequency and maximum Output duty cycle are programmed by connecting resistor $R_T$ to $V_{\text{ref}}$ and cpacitor $C_T$ to ground. Operation to 500kHz is possible.						
5	GROUND	This pin is the combined control circuitry and power ground.						
6	OUTPUT	This output directly drives the gate of a power MOSFET. Peak currents up to 1A are sourced and sunk by this pin.						
7	$V_{CC}$	This pin is the positive supply of the control IC.						
8	V <sub>ref</sub>	This is the reference output. It provides charging current for capacitor C <sub>T</sub> through resistor R <sub>T</sub> .						

**Table 4. Thermal Data** 

Symbol	Parameter	DIP-8	SO-8	Unit
R <sub>th j-amb</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient Max.	100	150	°C/W

## **Table 5. Electrical Characteristcs**

( [note 1] Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for -25 <  $T_{amb}$  < 85°C for UC284XA; 0 <  $T_{amb}$  < 70°C for UC384XA;  $V_i$  = 15V (note 5);  $R_T$  = 10K;  $C_T$  = 3.3nF)

0	D	To at Oom Bitton	UC284XA			UC384XA			l lni4
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
REFERE	ICE SECTION		•		•			•	
V <sub>REF</sub>	Output Voltage	$T_j = 25$ °C $I_0 = 1$ mA	4.95	5.00	5.05	4.90	5.00	5.10	V
$\Delta V_{REF}$	Line Regulation	$12V \leq V_i \leq 25V$		2	20		2	20	mV
$\Delta V_{REF}$	Load Regulation	$1 \le I_0 \le 20 \text{mA}$		3	25		3	25	mV
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta T$	Temperature Stability	(Note 2)		0.2			0.2		mV/°C
	Total Output Variation	Line, Load, Temperature	4.9		5.1	4.82		5.18	V
e <sub>N</sub>	Output Noise Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} 10 \text{Hz} \leq \text{f} \leq 10 \text{KHz} \\ \text{T}_{\text{j}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (note 2)} \end{array}$		50			50		μV
	Long Term Stability	Tamb = 125°C, 1000Hrs (note 2)		5	25	00	5	25	mV
Isc	Output Short Circuit		-30	-100	-180	-30	-100	-180	mA
OSCILLA	TOR SECTION		ı	v. O					
fosc	Frequency	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	47	52	57	47	52	57	KHz
$\Delta f_{OSC}/\Delta V$	Frequency Change with Volt.	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12V to 25V		0.2	1	_	0.2	1	%
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta T$	Frequency Change with Temp.	$T_A = T_{low}$ to $T_{high}$	<u> </u>	5	_	_	5	_	%
Vosc	Oscillator Voltage Swing	(peak to peak)	-	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	V
I <sub>dischg</sub>	Discharge Current (V <sub>OSC</sub> =2V)	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	7.8	8.3	8.8	7.8	8.3	8.8	mA
ERROR A	MP SECTION		•	,		,	,	,	
V <sub>2</sub>	Input Voltage	V <sub>PIN1</sub> = 2.5V	2.45	2.50	2.55	2.42	2.50	2.58	V
I <sub>b</sub>	Input Bias Current	$V_{FB} = 5V$		-0.1	-1		-0.1	-2	μΑ
	A <sub>VOL</sub>	$2V \le V_0 \le 4V$	65	90		65	90		dB
BW	Unity Gain Bandwidth	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	0.7	1		0.7	1		MHz
PSRR	Power Supply Rejec. Ratio	$12V \leq V_i \leq 25V$	60	70		60	70		dB
I <sub>o</sub>	Output Sink Current	V <sub>PIN2</sub> = 2.7V V <sub>PIN1</sub> = 1.1V	2	12		2	12		mA
I <sub>o</sub>	Output Source Current	V <sub>PIN2</sub> = 2.3V V <sub>PIN1</sub> = 5V	-0.5	-1		-0.5	-1		mA
105	V <sub>OUT</sub> High	$V_{PIN2}$ = 2.3V; $R_L$ = 15K $\Omega$ to Ground	5	6.2		5	6.2		V
, -	$V_{OUT}$ Low $V_{PIN2} = 2.7V; R_L = 15K\Omega$ Pin 8			0.8	1.1		0.8	1.1	V
CURREN	T SENSE SECTION		•	,		,	,	,	
G <sub>V</sub>	Gain	(note 3 & 4)	2.85	3	3.15	2.85	3	3.15	V/V
V <sub>3</sub>	Maximum Input Signal	V <sub>PIN1</sub> = 5V (note 3)	0.9	1	1.1	0.9	1	1.1	V
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	$12 \le V_i \le 25V$ (note 3)		70			70		dB
I <sub>b</sub>	Input Bias Current			-2	-10		-2	-10	μΑ
	Delay to Output			150	300		150	300	ns

### Table 5. Electrical Characteristcs (continued)

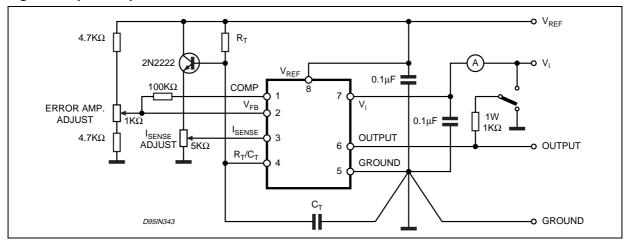
( [note 1] Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for -25 <  $T_{amb}$  < 85°C for UC284XA;  $0 < T_{amb} < 70$ °C for UC384XA;  $V_i = 15V$  (note 5);  $R_T = 10K$ ;  $C_T = 3.3nF$ )

Comple ed	Domenter	Test Condition	UC284XA			UC384XA			Unit
Symbol Parameter		lest Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
OUTPUT SECTION									
VoL	Output Low Level	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 20mA		0.1	0.4		0.1	0.4	V
		I <sub>SINK</sub> = 200mA		1.6	2.2		1.6	2.2	V
Voн	Output High Level	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 20mA	13	13.5		13	13.5		V
		I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 200mA	12	13.5		12	13.5		V
V <sub>OLS</sub>	UVLO Saturation	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V; I SINK = 1mA		0.7	1.2		0.7	1.2	V
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ $C_L = 1nF^{(2)}$		50	150		50	150	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ $C_L = 1nF^{(2)}$		50	150		50	150	ns
UNDER-V	OLTAGE LOCKOUT SECTION	ON							
	Start Threshold	X842A/4A	15	16	17	14.5	16	17.5	V
		X843A/5A	7.8	8.4	9.0	7.8	8.4	9.0	>
	Min Operating Voltage After Turn-on	X842A/4A	9	10	11	8.5	10	11.5	٧
PWM SE	CTION		•	40			•		
	Maximum Duty Cycle	X842A/3A	94	96	100	94	96	100	%
		X844A/5A	47	48	50	47	48	50	%
	Minimum Duty Cycle	- 103	)		0			0	%
TOTAL STANDBY CURRENT									
I <sub>st</sub>	Start-up Current	V <sub>i</sub> = 6.5V for UCX843A/ 45A		0.3	0.5		0.3	0.5	mA
		V <sub>i</sub> = 14V for UCX842A/44A		0.3	0.5		0.3	0.5	mA
lį	Operating Supply Current	V <sub>PIN2</sub> = V <sub>PIN3</sub> = 0V		12	17	_	12	17	mA
V <sub>iz</sub>	Zener Voltage	$I_i = 25 \text{mA}$	30	36		30	36		V

Notes: 1. Max package power dissipation limits must be respected; low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during test maintain Ti as close to T<sub>amb</sub> as possible.

- 2. These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.
- Parameter measured at trip point of latch with V<sub>PIN2</sub> = 0.
   Gain defined as : A = ΔV<sub>PIN1</sub>/ΔV<sub>PIN3</sub>; 0 ≤ V<sub>PIN3</sub> ≤ 0.8V
- 5. Adjust  $V_i$  above the start threshold before setting at 15 V.

Figure 4. Open Loop Test Circuit.



High peak currents associated with capacitive loads necessitate careful grounding techniques. Timing and bypass capacitors should be connected close to pin 5 in a single point ground. The transistor and 5 K $\Omega$  potentiometer are used to sample the oscillator waveform and apply an adjustable ramp to pin 3.

Figure 5. Oscillator Frequency vs Timing Resistance

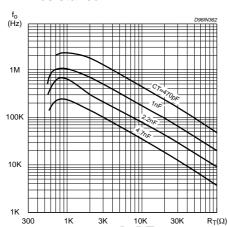


Figure 6. Maximum Duty Cycle vs Timing Resistor

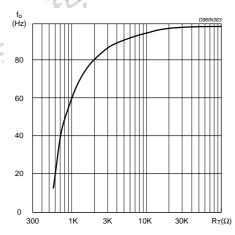


Figure 7. Oscillator Discharge Current vs. Temperature.

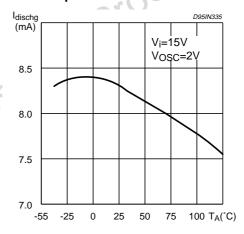


Figure 8. Error Amp Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency.

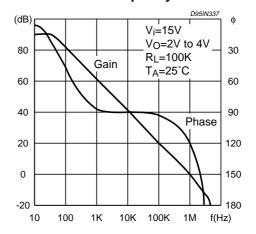


Figure 9. Current Sense Input Threshold vs. Error Amp Output Voltage.

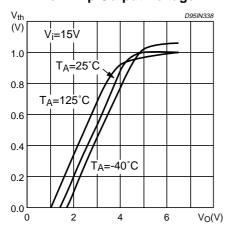


Figure 10. Reference Voltage Change vs. Source Current..

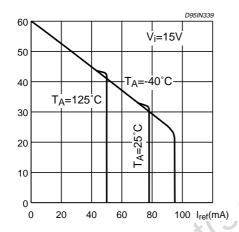


Figure 11. Reference Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature..

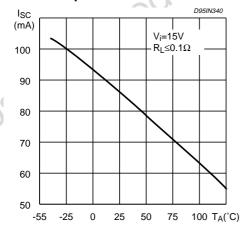


Figure 12. Output Saturation Voltage vs. Load Current.

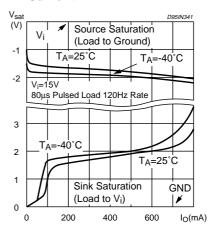


Figure 13. Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage.

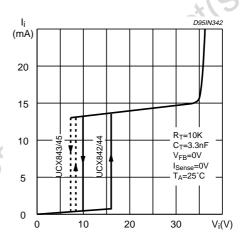
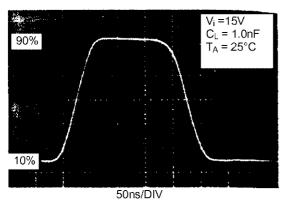


Figure 14. Output Waveform.



**Figure 15. Output Cross Conduction** 

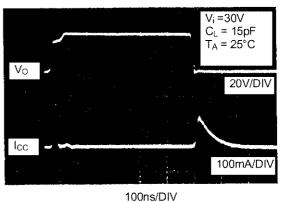


Figure 16. Oscillator and Output Waveforms.

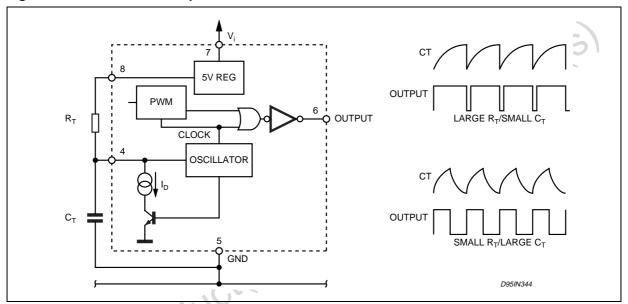


Figure 17. Error Amp Configuration.

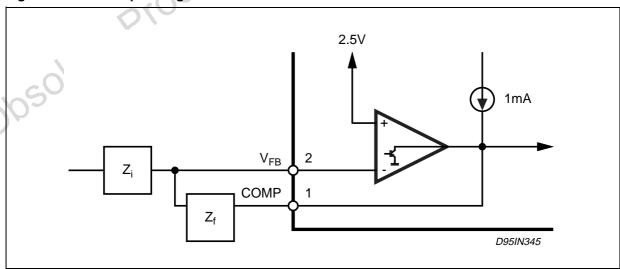


Figure 18. Under Voltage Lockout.

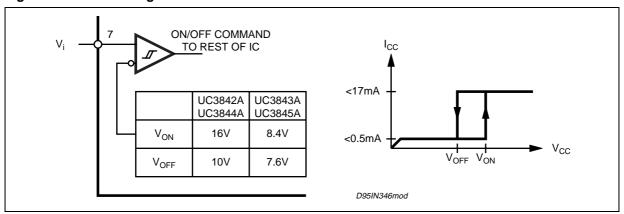
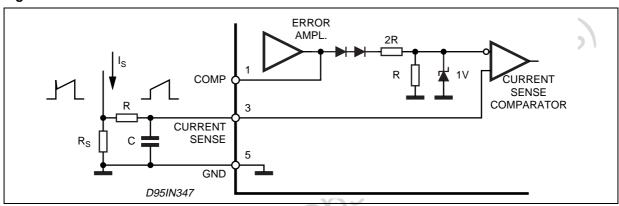


Figure 19. Current Sense Circuit.

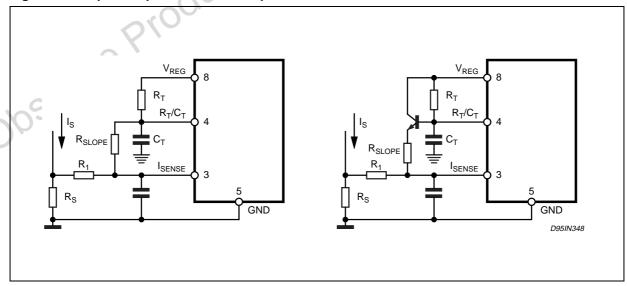


Peak current (is) is determined by the formula

$$I_{Smax} \approx \frac{1.0V}{R_S}$$

A small RC filter may be required to suppress switch transients.

Figure 20. Slope Compensation Techniques.



8/16

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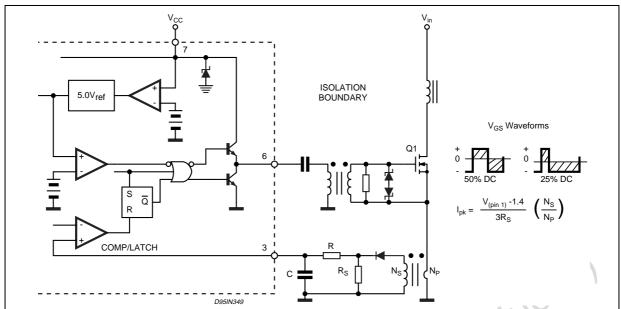


Figure 21. Isolated MOSFET Drive and Current Transformer Sensing.

Figure 22. Latched Shutdown.

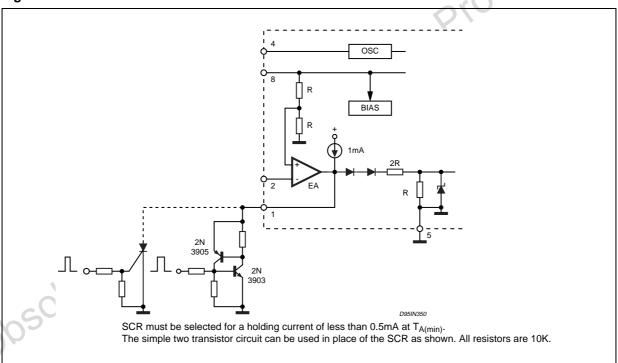


Figure 23. Error Amplifier Compensation

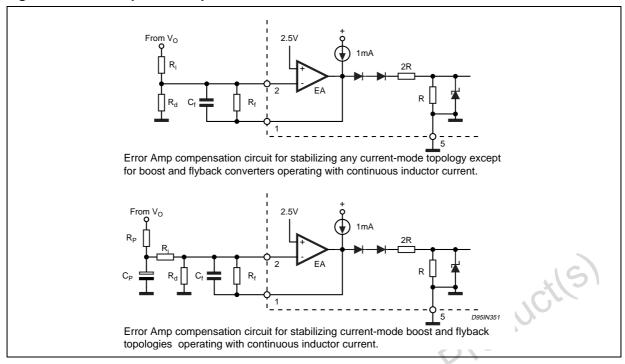
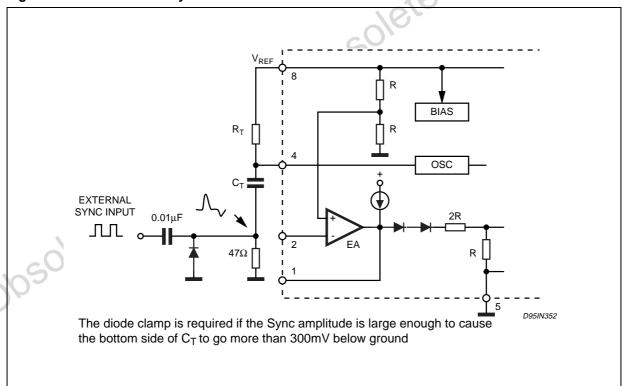


Figure 24. External Clock Synchronization.



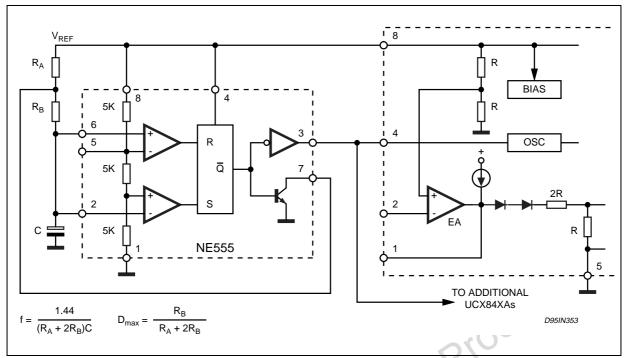
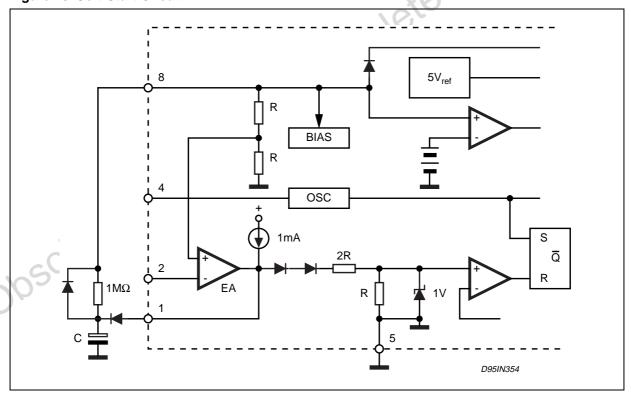


Figure 25. External Duty Cycle Clamp and Multi Unit Synchronization.

Figure 26. Soft-Start Circuit



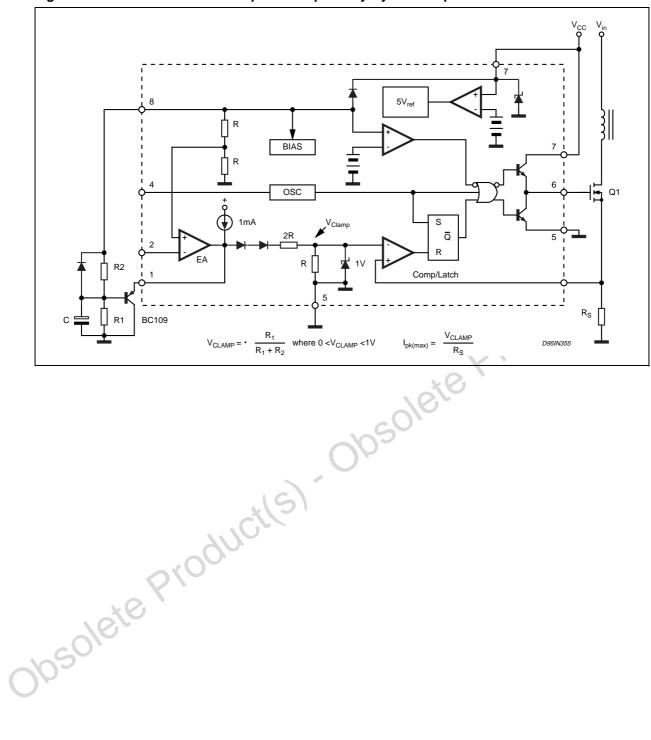


Figure 27. Soft-Start and Error Amplifier Output Duty Cycle Clamp.

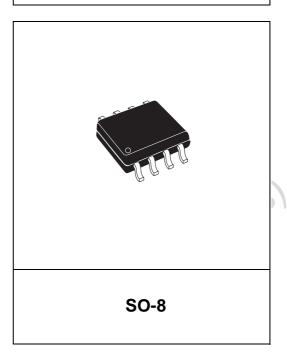
Figure 28. SO-8 Mechanical Data & Package Dimensions

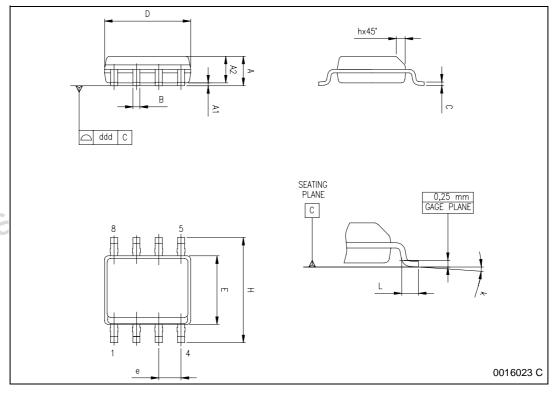
DIM.	mm			inch				
Diwi.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Α	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069		
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010		
A2	1.10		1.65	0.043		0.065		
В	0.33		0.51	0.013		0.020		
С	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010		
D <sup>(1)</sup>	4.80		5.00	0.189		0.197		
Е	3.80		4.00	0.15		0.157		
е		1.27			0.050			
Н	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244		
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020		
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050		
k	0° (min.), 8° (max.)							
ddd			0.10			0.004		

Note: (1) Dimensions D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs.

Mold flash, potrusions or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (.006inch) in total (both side).

## **OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA**



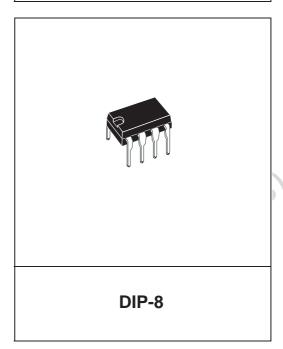


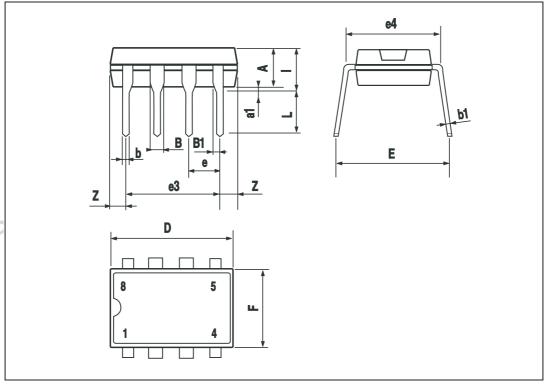
47/ 13/16

Figure 29. DIP-8 Mechanical Data & Package Dimensions

DIM.		mm			inch	
DIIVI.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А		3.32			0.131	
a1	0.51			0.020		
В	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012
D			10.92			0.430
Е	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			6.6			0.260
I			5.08			0.200
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150
Z			1.52			0.060

# OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA





## **Table 6. Revision History**

Date	Revision	Description of Changes
March 1999	4	First Issue in EDOCS
May 2004 5		NOT FOR NEW DESIGN

Obsolete Product(s). Obsolete Product(s)

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