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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

$V_{DD}$ , LRCLK, BCLK, and DIN to GND ..... -0.3V to +6V  
 All Other Pins to GND ..... -0.3V to ( $V_{DD}$  + 0.3V)  
 Continuous Current In/Out of  $V_{DD}$ /GND/OUT\_ .....  $\pm 1.6$ A  
 Continuous Input Current (all other pins) .....  $\pm 20$ mA  
 Duration of OUT\_ Short Circuit to GND or  $V_{DD}$  ..... Continuous  
 Duration of OUTP Short to OUTN ..... Continuous

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$ )  
     WLP (derate 13.7mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$  above  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ) ..... 1096mW  
     TQFN (derate 20.8mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$  above  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ) ..... 1666mW  
 Junction Temperature .....  $+150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Operating Temperature Range .....  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$   
 Storage Temperature Range .....  $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Soldering Temperature (reflow) .....  $+260^\circ\text{C}$   
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s, TQFN) .....  $+300^\circ\text{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)

### WLP

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) .....  $73^\circ\text{C/W}$   
 Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) .....  $50^\circ\text{C/W}$

### TQFN

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) .....  $48^\circ\text{C/W}$   
 Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) .....  $7^\circ\text{C/W}$

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial).

## Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0\text{V}$ , GAIN\_SLOT =  $V_{DD}$ , BCLK = 3.072MHz, LRCLK = 48kHz, speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $Z_{SPK} = \infty$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                    | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS                                                                           | MIN             | TYP       | MAX       | UNITS         |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Supply Voltage Range         | $V_{DD}$     | Guaranteed by PSSR test                                                              | 2.5             |           | 5.5       | V             |
| Undervoltage Lockout         | UVLO         |                                                                                      | 1.5             | 1.8       | 2.3       | V             |
| Quiescent Current            | $I_{DD}$     | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                                                            |                 | 2.75      | 3.35      | mA            |
|                              |              | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.7\text{V}$                                   |                 | 2.4       | 2.85      |               |
| Shutdown Current             | $I_{SHDN}$   | $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                 |                 | 0.6       | 2         | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Standby Current              | $I_{STNDBY}$ | $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}} = 1.8\text{V}$ , no BCLK, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$      |                 | 340       | 400       | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Turn-On Time                 | $t_{ON}$     |                                                                                      |                 | 7         | 7.5       | ms            |
| Output Offset Voltage        | $V_{OS}$     | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , gain = 15dB                                              |                 | $\pm 0.3$ | $\pm 2.5$ | mV            |
| Click-and-Pop Level          | $K_{CP}$     | Peak voltage, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , A-weighted, 32 samples per second (Note 3) | Into shutdown   |           | -72       | dBV           |
|                              |              |                                                                                      | Out of shutdown |           | -66       |               |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR         | $V_{DD} = 2.5\text{V}$ to $5.5\text{V}$ , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                  | 60              | 75        |           | dB            |
|                              |              | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ (Notes 3, 4)                                               |                 | 77        |           |               |
|                              |              | $f = 217\text{Hz}$ , 200mV <sub>P-P</sub> ripple                                     |                 |           |           |               |
|                              |              | $f = 10\text{kHz}$ , 200mV <sub>P-P</sub> ripple                                     |                 | 60        |           |               |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ ,  $GAIN\_SLOT = V_{DD}$ ,  $BCLK = 3.072MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 48kHz$ , speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $Z_{SPK} = \infty$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                               | SYMBOL     | CONDITIONS                                                                               | MIN                                                | TYP      | MAX   | UNITS         |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------|-------|---------------|
| Output Power (Note 3)                                   | $P_{OUT}$  | THD+N 10%,<br>gain = 12dB                                                                | $Z_{SPK} = 4\Omega + 33\mu H$                      | 3.2      |       | W             |
|                                                         |            |                                                                                          | $Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 68\mu H$                      | 1.8      |       |               |
|                                                         |            |                                                                                          | $Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 68\mu H$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.7V$ | 0.93     |       |               |
|                                                         |            | THD+N = 1%,<br>gain = 12dB                                                               | $Z_{SPK} = 4\Omega + 33\mu H$                      | 2.5      |       |               |
|                                                         |            |                                                                                          | $Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 68\mu H$                      | 1.4      |       |               |
|                                                         |            |                                                                                          | $Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 68\mu H$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.7V$ | 0.77     |       |               |
| Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise                       | THD+N      | f = 1kHz, $P_{OUT} = 1W$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,<br>$Z_{SPK} = 4\Omega + 33\mu H$ , WLP  |                                                    | 0.02     | 0.06  | %             |
|                                                         |            | f = 1kHz, $P_{OUT} = 1W$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,<br>$Z_{SPK} = 4\Omega + 33\mu H$ , TQFN |                                                    | 0.02     |       |               |
|                                                         |            | f = 1kHz, $P_{OUT} = 0.5W$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,<br>$Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 68\mu H$      |                                                    | 0.013    |       |               |
| Dynamic Range                                           | DR         | A-weighted, $Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 33\mu H$ ,<br>$V_{RMS} = 3.40V$ , 24- or 32-bit data    |                                                    | 103.5    |       | dB            |
| Output Noise                                            | $V_N$      | A-weighted, 24- or 32-bit data (Note 4)                                                  |                                                    | 22.8     |       | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
| Gain (Relative to a 2.1dBV Reference Level)             | $A_V$      | GAIN_SLOT = GND through 100k $\Omega$                                                    | 14.4                                               | 15       | 15.6  | dB            |
|                                                         |            | GAIN_SLOT = GND                                                                          | 11.4                                               | 12       | 12.6  |               |
|                                                         |            | GAIN_SLOT = unconnected                                                                  | 8.4                                                | 9        | 9.6   |               |
|                                                         |            | GAIN_SLOT = $V_{DD}$                                                                     | 5.4                                                | 6        | 6.6   |               |
|                                                         |            | GAIN_SLOT = $V_{DD}$ through 100k $\Omega$                                               | 2.4                                                | 3        | 3.6   |               |
| Current Limit                                           | $I_{LIM}$  |                                                                                          |                                                    | 2.8      |       | A             |
| Efficiency                                              | $\epsilon$ | $Z_{SPK} = 8\Omega + 68\mu H$ , THD+N = 10%,<br>f = 1kHz, gain = 12dB                    |                                                    | 92       |       | %             |
| DAC Gain Error                                          |            |                                                                                          |                                                    | 1        |       | %             |
| Frequency Response                                      |            |                                                                                          | -0.2                                               |          | +0.2  | dB            |
| Class D Switching Frequency                             | $f_{OSC}$  |                                                                                          |                                                    | 300      |       | kHz           |
| Spread-Spectrum Bandwidth                               |            |                                                                                          |                                                    | $\pm 20$ |       | kHz           |
| <b>DAC DIGITAL FILTERS</b>                              |            |                                                                                          |                                                    |          |       |               |
| <b>VOICE MODE IIR LOWPASS FILTER (LRCLK &lt; 30kHz)</b> |            |                                                                                          |                                                    |          |       |               |
| Passband Cutoff                                         | $f_{PLP}$  | Ripple limit cutoff                                                                      | 0.443                                              |          |       | Hz            |
|                                                         |            | -3dB cutoff                                                                              | 0.446                                              |          |       |               |
| Stopband Cutoff                                         | $f_{SLP}$  |                                                                                          |                                                    |          | 0.464 | Hz            |
| Stopband Attenuation                                    |            | f > $f_{SLP}$                                                                            | 75                                                 |          |       | dB            |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ ,  $GAIN\_SLOT = V_{DD}$ ,  $BCLK = 3.072MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 48kHz$ , speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $Z_{SPK} = \infty$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                             | SYMBOL             | CONDITIONS                           | MIN                       | TYP    | MAX   | UNITS |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| AUDIO MODE FIR LOWPASS FILTER (30kHz < LRCLK < 50kHz) |                    |                                      |                           |        |       |       |
| Passband Cutoff                                       | f <sub>PLP</sub>   | Ripple limit cutoff                  | 0.43<br>x f <sub>S</sub>  |        |       | Hz    |
|                                                       |                    | -3dB cutoff                          | 0.47<br>x f <sub>S</sub>  |        |       |       |
|                                                       |                    | -6.02dB cutoff                       | 0.5<br>x f <sub>S</sub>   |        |       |       |
| Stopband Cutoff                                       | f <sub>SLP</sub>   |                                      | 0.58<br>x f <sub>S</sub>  |        |       | Hz    |
| Stopband Attenuation                                  |                    | f > f <sub>SLP</sub>                 | 60                        |        |       | dB    |
| AUDIO MODE FIR LOWPASS FILTER (LRCLK > 50kHz)         |                    |                                      |                           |        |       |       |
| Passband Cutoff                                       | f <sub>PLP</sub>   | Ripple limit cutoff                  | 0.24<br>x f <sub>S</sub>  |        |       | Hz    |
|                                                       |                    | -3dB cutoff                          | 0.31<br>x f <sub>S</sub>  |        |       |       |
| Stopband Cutoff                                       | f <sub>SLP</sub>   |                                      | 0.477<br>x f <sub>S</sub> |        |       | Hz    |
| Stopband Attenuation                                  |                    | f < f <sub>SLP</sub>                 | 60                        |        |       | dB    |
| DIGITAL AUDIO INTERFACE                               |                    |                                      |                           |        |       |       |
| LRCLK Range 1                                         | f <sub>S1</sub>    |                                      | 7.6                       | 8      | 8.4   | kHz   |
| LRCLK Range 2                                         | f <sub>S2</sub>    |                                      | 15.2                      | 16     | 16.8  |       |
| LRCLK Range 3                                         | f <sub>S3</sub>    |                                      | 30.4                      | 48     | 50.4  |       |
| LRCLK Range 4                                         | f <sub>S4</sub>    |                                      | 83.8                      | 96     | 100.8 |       |
| Resolution                                            |                    | I <sup>2</sup> S/left justified mode | 16/24/32                  |        |       | Bits  |
|                                                       |                    | TDM mode                             | 16/32                     |        |       |       |
| BCLK Frequency Range                                  | f <sub>BCLKH</sub> | BCLK must be 32, 48, or 64X of LRCLK | 0.2432                    | 25.804 |       | MHz   |
| BCLK High Time                                        | t <sub>BCLKH</sub> |                                      | 15                        | ns     |       |       |
| BCLK Low Time                                         | t <sub>BCLKL</sub> |                                      | 15                        | ns     |       |       |
| Maximum Low Frequency BCLK and LRCLK Jitter           |                    | RMS jitter below 40kHz               | 0.5                       |        |       | ns    |
| Maximum High Frequency BCLK and LRCLK Jitter          |                    | RMS jitter above 40kHz               | 12                        |        |       |       |
| Input High Voltage                                    | V <sub>IH</sub>    | Digital audio inputs                 | 1.3                       | V      |       |       |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ ,  $GAIN\_SLOT = V_{DD}$ ,  $BCLK = 3.072MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 48kHz$ , speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $Z_{SPK} = \infty$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                               | SYMBOL              | CONDITIONS                                                   | MIN             | TYP  | MAX             | UNITS      |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------------|
| Input Low Voltage                       | $V_{IL}$            | Digital audio inputs                                         |                 |      | 0.6             | V          |
| Input Leakage Current                   | $I_{IH}$ , $I_{IL}$ | $V_{IN} = 0V$ , $V_{DD} = 5.5V$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$        | -1              |      | +1              | $\mu A$    |
| Input Capacitance                       | $C_{IN}$            |                                                              |                 | 3    |                 | pF         |
| DIN to BCLK Setup Time                  | $t_{SETUP}$         |                                                              | 10              |      |                 | ns         |
| LRCLK to BCLK Setup Time                | $t_{SYNCSET}$       |                                                              | 10              |      |                 | ns         |
| DIN to BCLK Hold Time                   | $t_{HOLD}$          |                                                              | 10              |      |                 | ns         |
| LRCLK to BCLK Hold Time                 | $t_{SYNCHOLD}$      |                                                              | 10              |      |                 | ns         |
| <b>SD_MODE COMPARATOR TRIP POINTS</b>   |                     |                                                              |                 |      |                 |            |
| B0                                      |                     | See $\overline{SD\_MODE}$ and shutdown operation for details | 0.08            | 0.16 | 0.355           | V          |
| B1                                      |                     |                                                              | 0.65            | 0.77 | 0.825           |            |
| B2                                      |                     |                                                              | 1.245           | 1.4  | 1.5             |            |
| $\overline{SD\_MODE}$ Pulldown Resistor | $R_{PD}$            |                                                              | 92              | 100  | 108             | k $\Omega$ |
| <b>GAIN COMPARATOR TRIP POINTS</b>      |                     |                                                              |                 |      |                 |            |
|                                         | $V_{GAIN\_SLOT}$    | $A_V = 3dB$ gain                                             | 0.65 x $V_{DD}$ |      | 0.85 x $V_{DD}$ | V          |
|                                         |                     | $A_V = 6dB$ gain                                             | 0.9 x $V_{DD}$  |      | $V_{DD}$        |            |
|                                         |                     | $A_V = 9dB$ gain                                             | 0.4 x $V_{DD}$  |      | 0.6 x $V_{DD}$  |            |
|                                         |                     | $A_V = 12dB$ gain                                            | 0               |      | 0.1 x $V_{DD}$  |            |
|                                         |                     | $A_V = 15dB$ gain                                            | 0.15 x $V_{DD}$ |      | 0.35 x $V_{DD}$ |            |

**Note 2:** 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

**Note 3:** Class D amplifier testing performed with a resistive load in series with an inductor to simulate an actual speaker load. For  $R_L = 8\Omega$ ,  $L_L = 68\mu H$ . For  $R_L = 4\Omega$ ,  $L_L = 33\mu H$ .

**Note 4:** Digital silence used for input signal.

**Note 5:** Dynamic range measured using the EIAJ method. -60dBFS 1kHz output signal, A-weighted, and normalized to 0dBFS.  $f = 20Hz$  to 20kHz.

MAX98357A/  
MAX98357B

Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with  
Class AB Performance

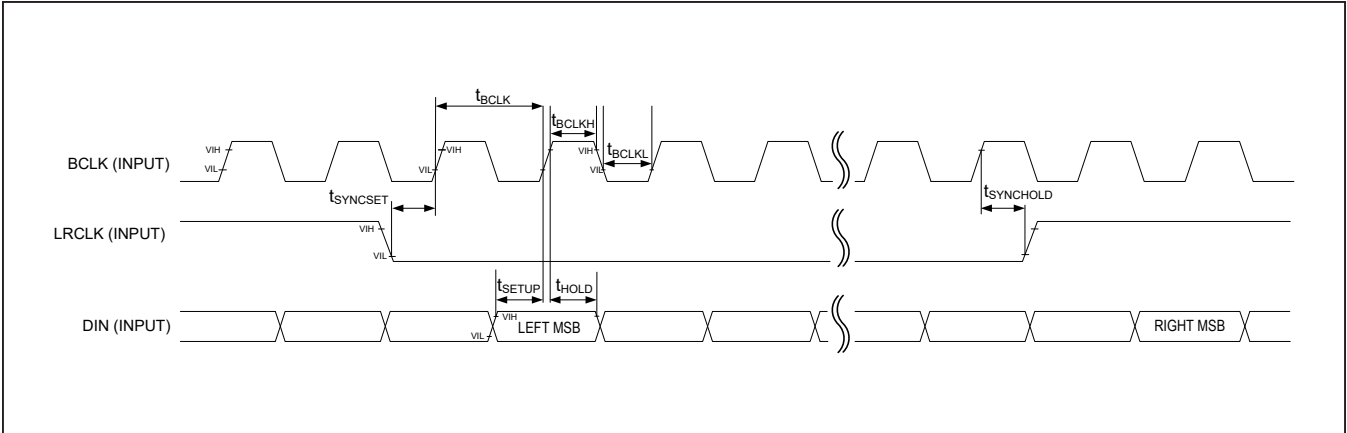


Figure 1. I²S Audio Interface Timing Diagram (MAX98357A)

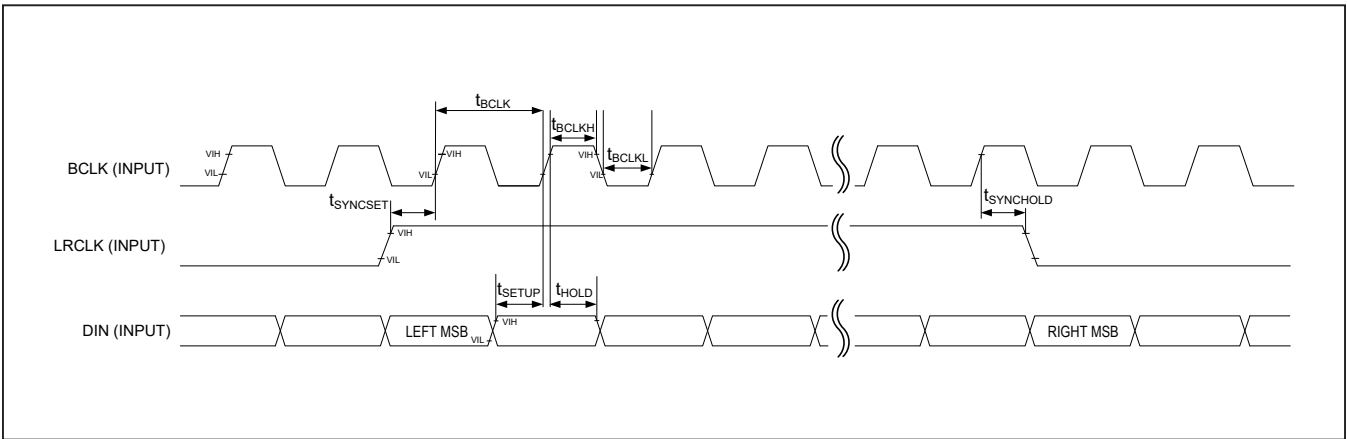


Figure 2. Left-Justified Audio Interface Timing Diagram (MAX98357B)

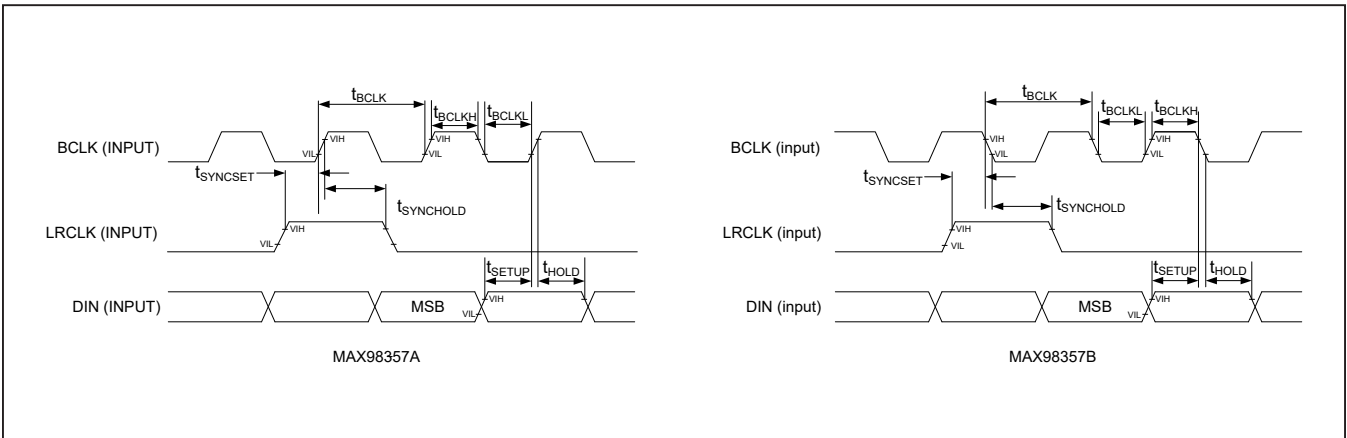


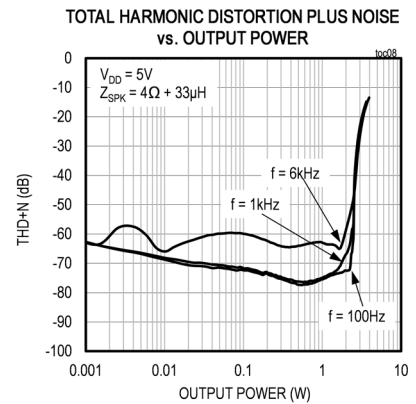
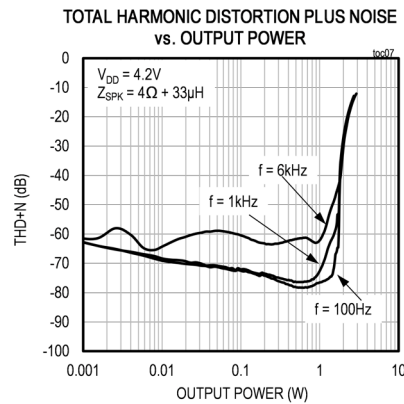
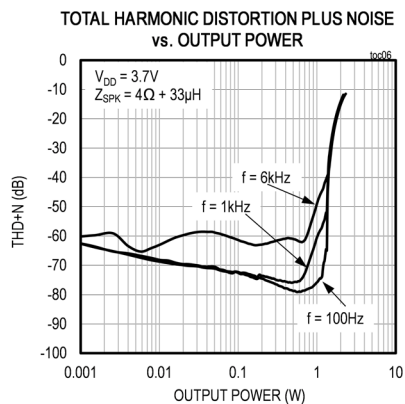
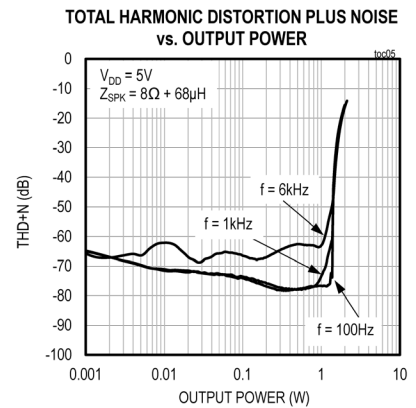
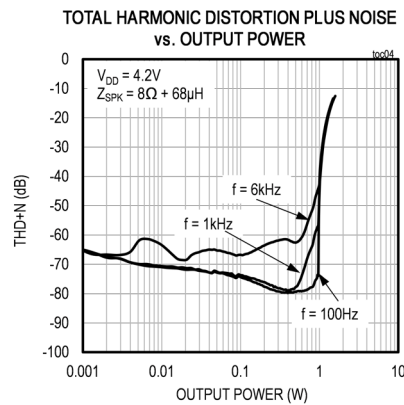
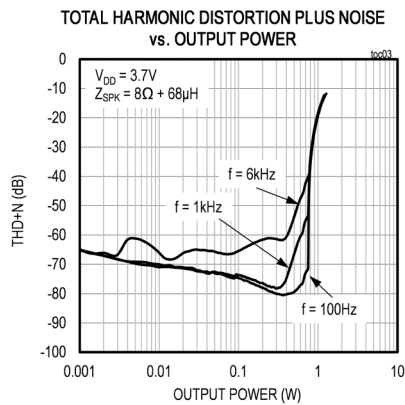
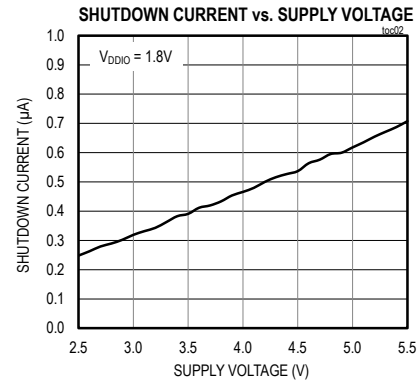
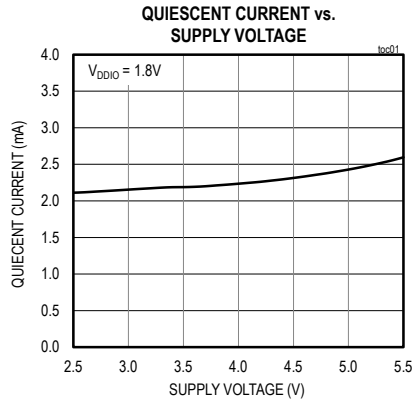
Figure 3. TDM Audio Interface Timing Diagram

# MAX98357A/ MAX98357B

## Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with Class AB Performance

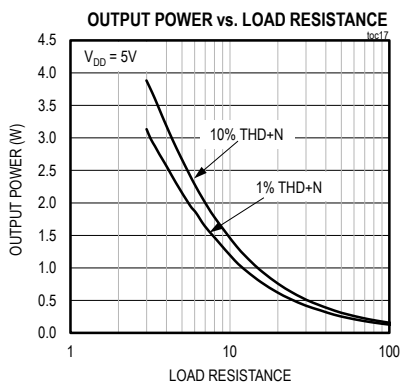
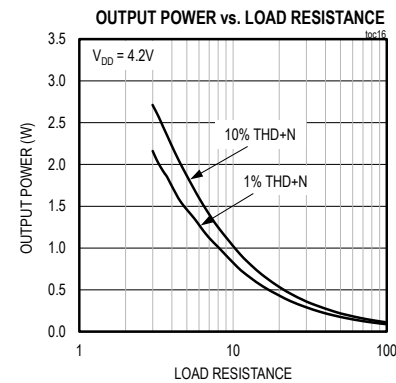
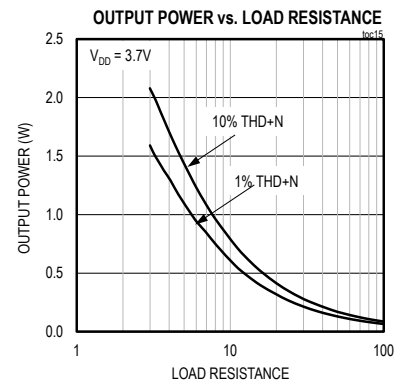
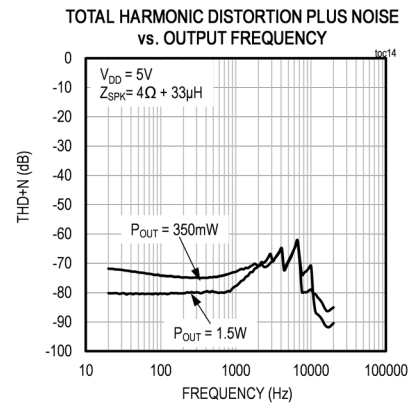
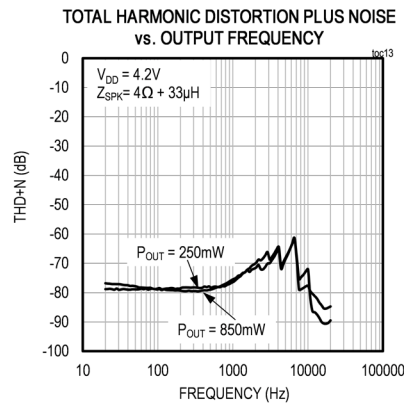
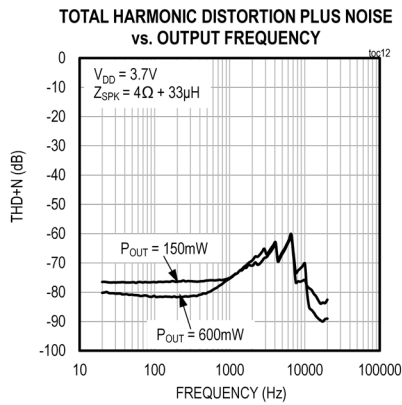
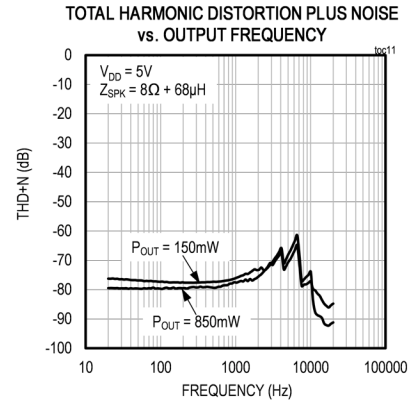
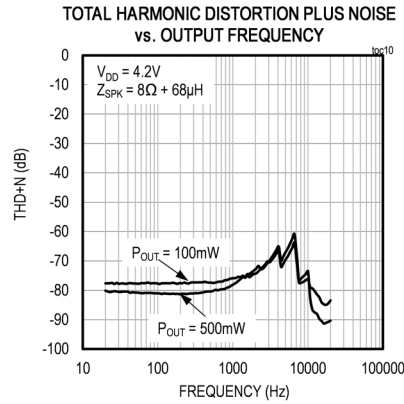
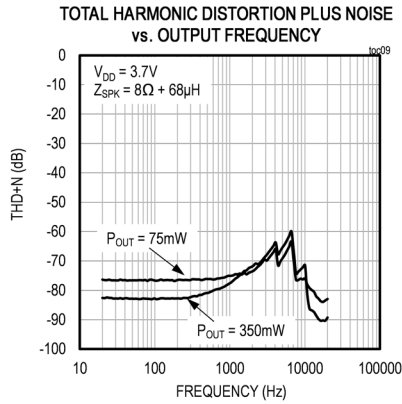
### Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ ,  $GAIN\_SLOT = GND$  (+12dB).  $BCLK = 3.072MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 48kHz$ , speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)



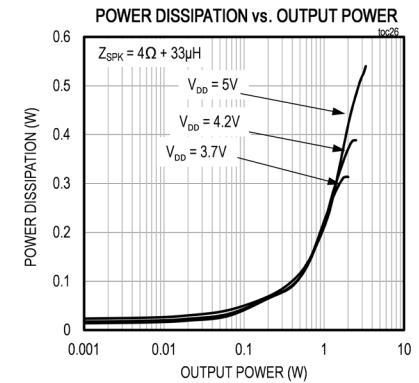
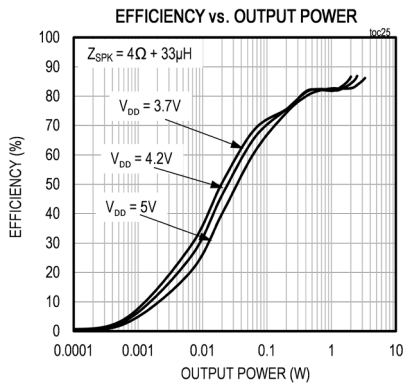
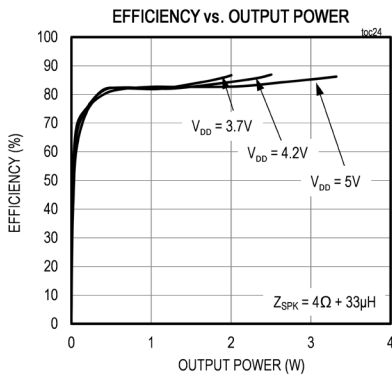
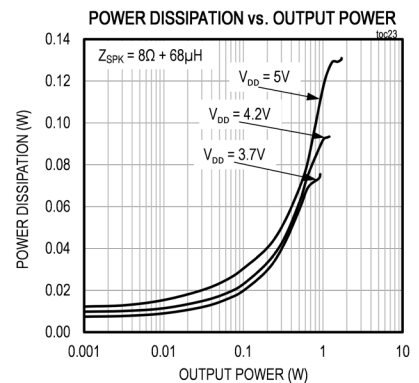
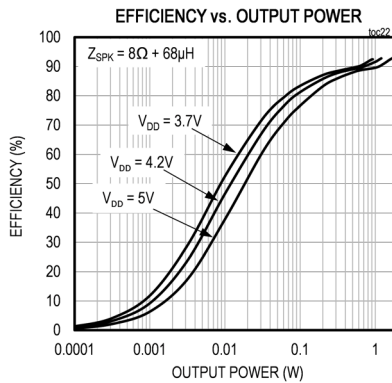
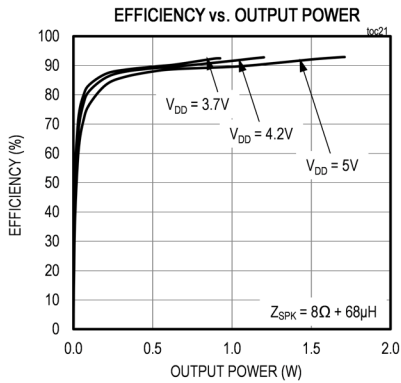
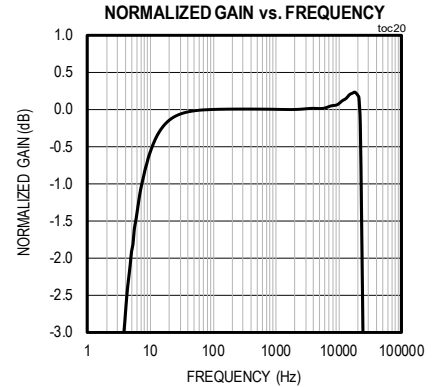
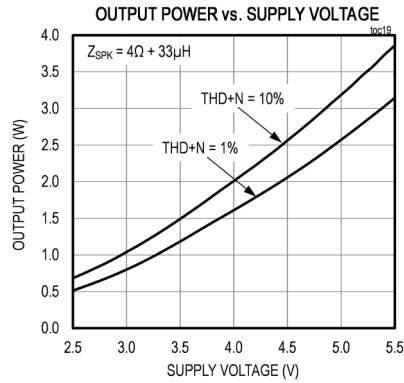
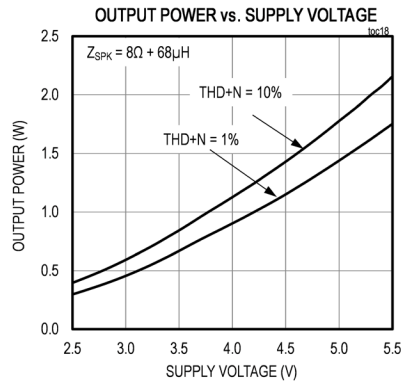
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ , GAIN\_SLOT = GND (+12dB). BCLK = 3.072MHz, LRCLK = 48kHz, speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)



## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ , GAIN\_SLOT = GND (+12dB). BCLK = 3.072MHz, LRCLK = 48kHz, speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

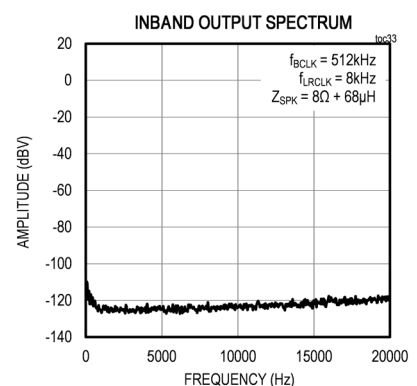
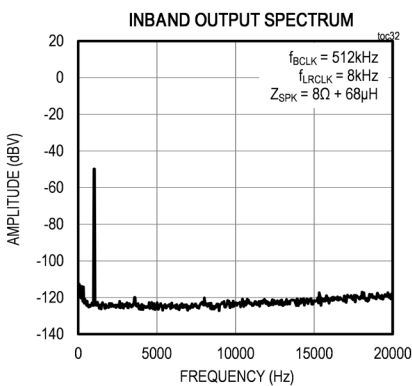
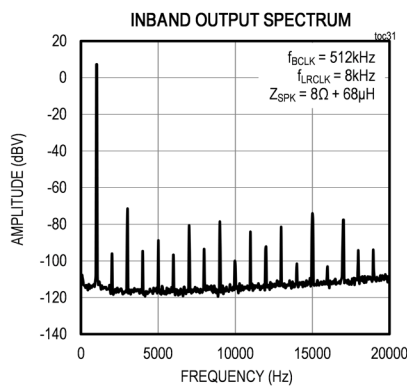
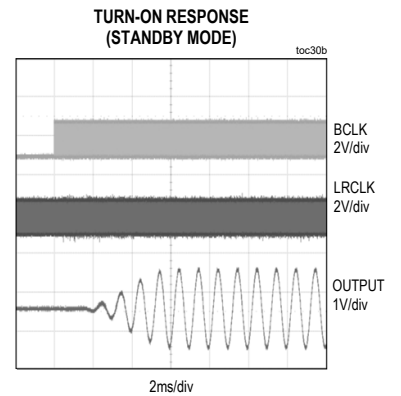
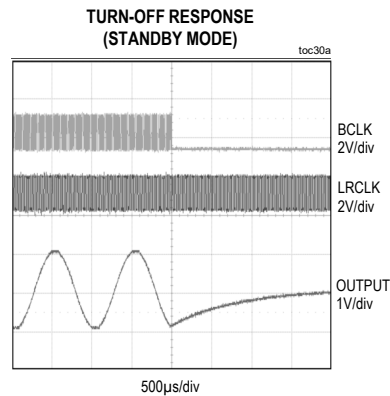
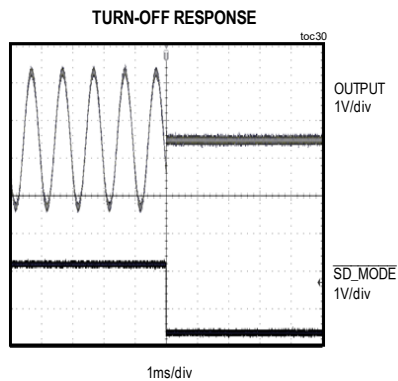
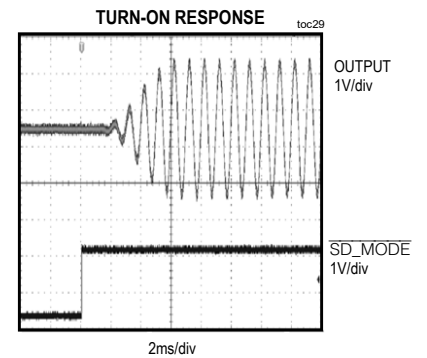
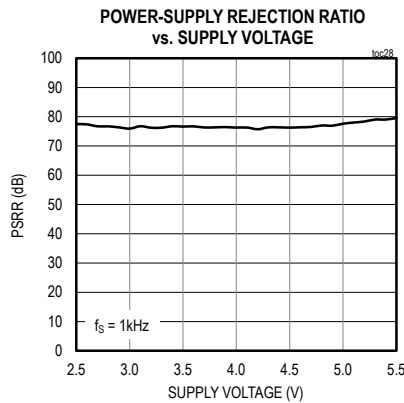
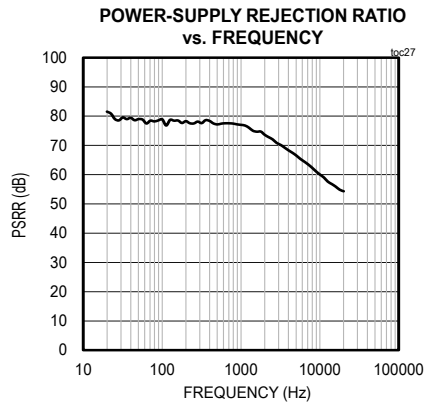


# MAX98357A/ MAX98357B

## Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with Class AB Performance

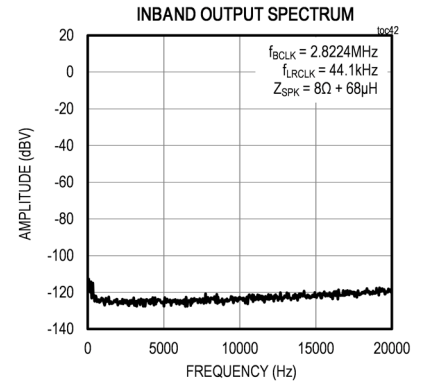
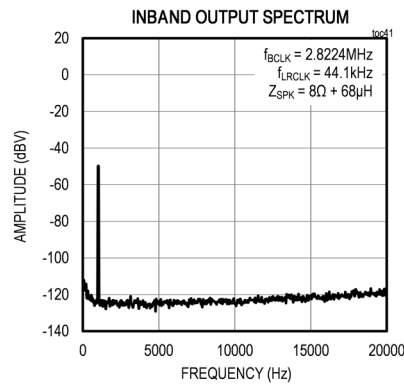
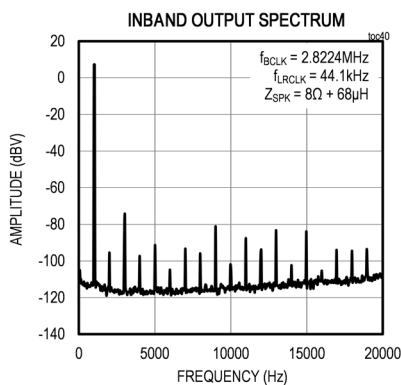
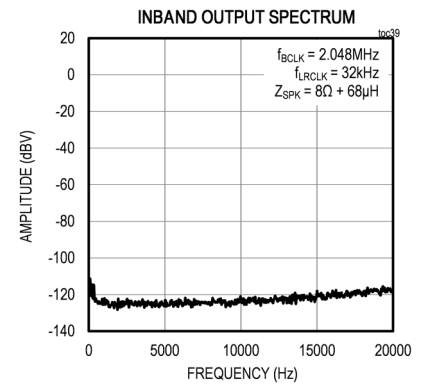
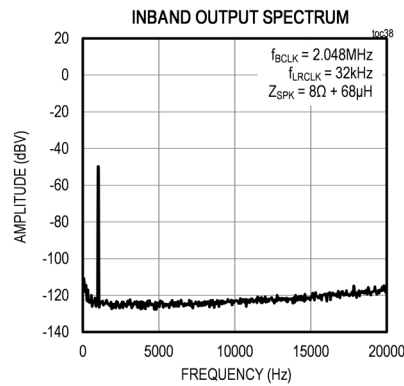
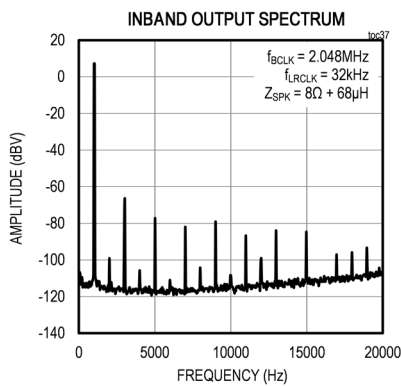
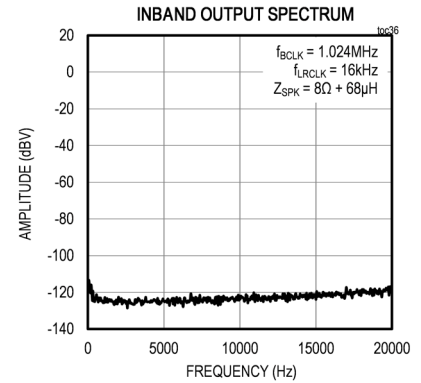
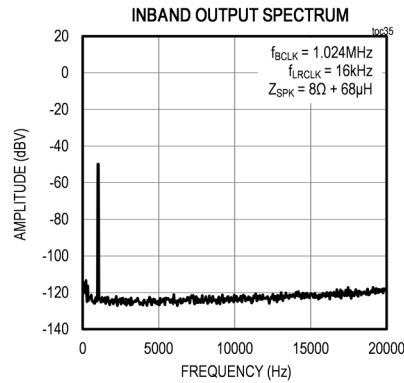
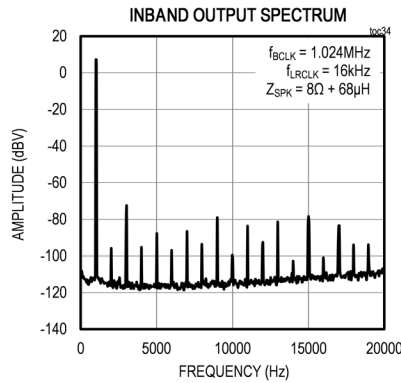
### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ ,  $GAIN\_SLOT = GND$  (+12dB).  $BCLK = 3.072MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 48kHz$ , speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between  $OUTP$  and  $OUTN$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)



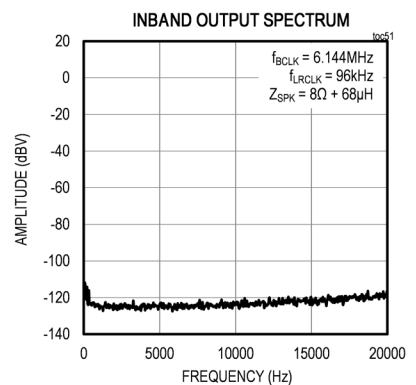
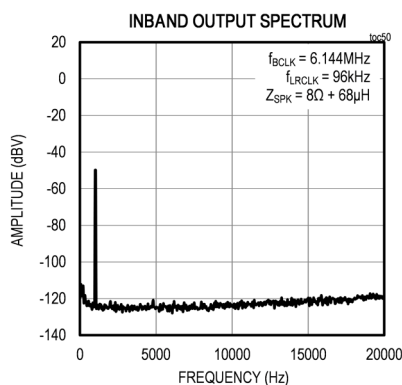
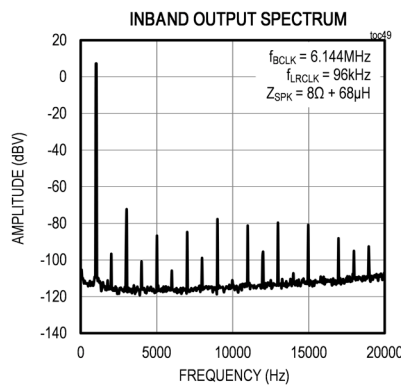
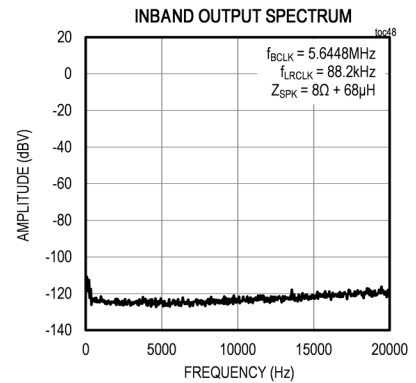
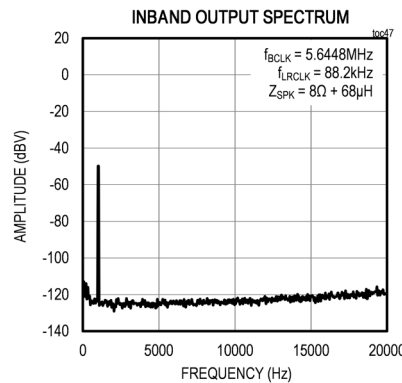
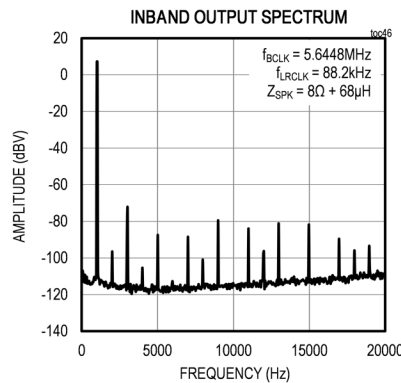
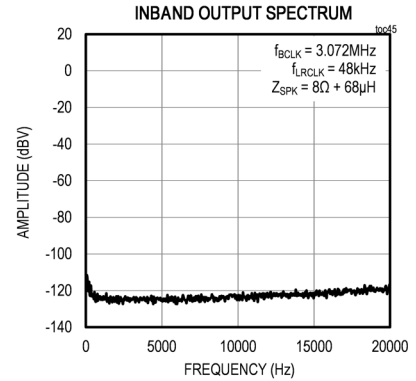
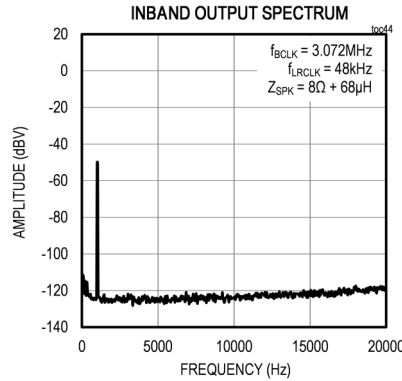
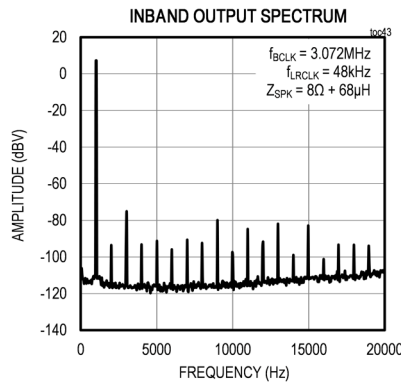
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ , GAIN\_SLOT = GND (+12dB). BCLK = 3.072MHz, LRCLK = 48kHz, speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)



## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

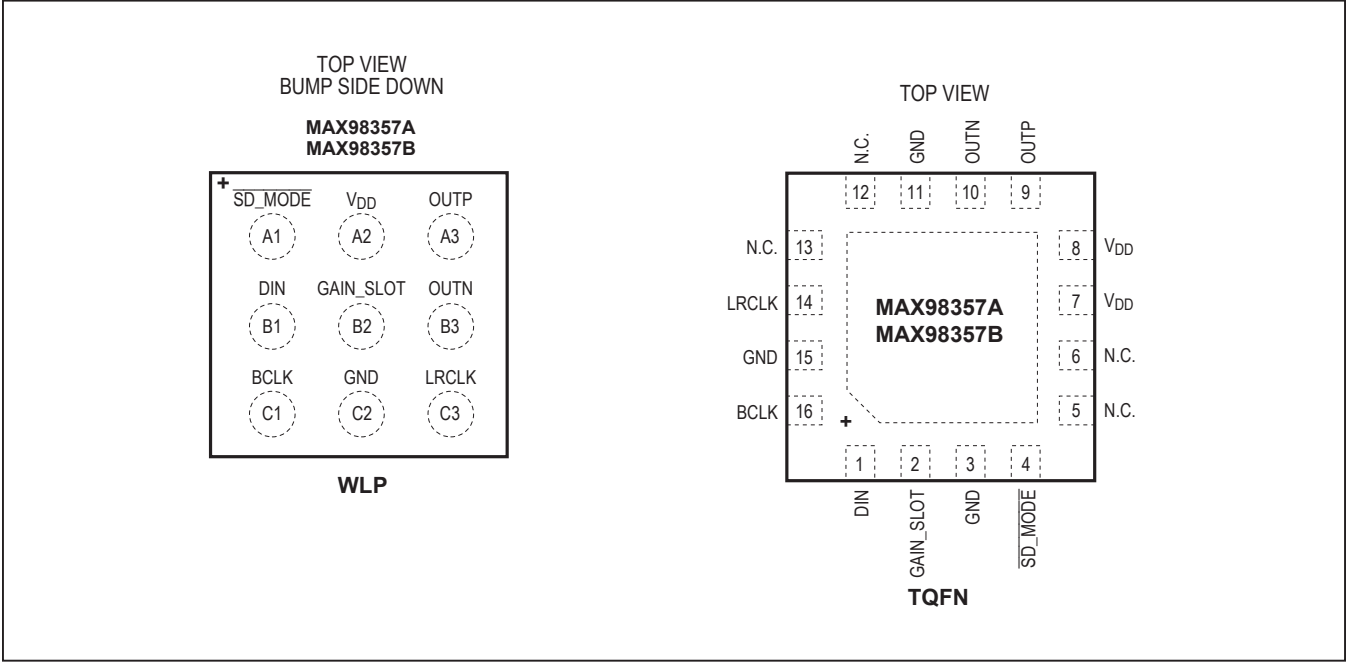
( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $V_{GND} = 0V$ ,  $GAIN\_SLOT = GND$  (+12dB).  $BCLK = 3.072MHz$ ,  $LRCLK = 48kHz$ , speaker loads ( $Z_{SPK}$ ) connected between OUTP and OUTN,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)



MAX98357A/  
MAX98357B

Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with  
Class AB Performance

Pin Configurations



Pin Description

| PIN |              | NAME                         | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WLP | TQFN         |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| A1  | 4            | $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ | Shutdown and Channel Select. Pull $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ low to place the device in shutdown. In I <sup>2</sup> S or LJ mode, $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ selects the data channel (Table 5). In TDM mode, $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ and GAIN_SLOT are both used for channel selection (Table 7). |
| A2  | 7, 8         | V <sub>DD</sub>              | Power-Supply Input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| A3  | 9            | OUTP                         | Positive Speaker Amplifier Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| B1  | 1            | DIN                          | Digital Input Signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| B2  | 2            | GAIN_SLOT                    | Gain and Channel Selection. In I <sup>2</sup> S and LJ mode determines amplifier output gain (Table 8) In TDM mode, used for channel selection with $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ (Table 7). In TDM mode, gain is fixed at 12dB.                                                                             |
| B3  | 10           | OUTN                         | Negative Speaker Amplifier Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| C1  | 16           | BCLK                         | Bit Clock Input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| C2  | 3, 11, 15    | GND                          | Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| C3  | 14           | LRCLK                        | Frame Clock. Left/right clock for I <sup>2</sup> S and LJ mode. Sync clock for TDM mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| —   | 5, 6, 12, 13 | N.C.                         | No Connection                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| —   | —            | EP                           | Exposed Pad. The exposed pad is not internally connected. Connect the exposed page to a solid ground plane for thermal dissipation.                                                                                                                                                                         |

## Detailed Description

The MAX98357A/MAX98357B are digital PCM input Class D power amplifiers. The MAX98357A accepts standard I<sup>2</sup>S data through DIN, BCLK, and LRCLK while the MAX98357B accepts left-justified data through the same inputs. Both versions also accept 16-bit or 32-bit TDM data with up to eight slots. The digital audio interface eliminates the need for an external MCLK signal that is typically required for I<sup>2</sup>S data transmission.

**SD\_MODE** selects which data word is output by the amplifier and is used to put the ICs into shutdown. These devices offer five gain settings in I<sup>2</sup>S/left-justified mode and a fixed 12dB gain in TDM mode. Channel selection in TDM mode is set with the combination of **SD\_MODE** and **GAIN\_SLOT** (Table 7).

The MAX98357A/MAX98357B DAI includes a DC blocker with a -3dB cutoff at 3.7Hz.

The MAX98357A/MAX98357B feature low-quiescent current, comprehensive click-and-pop suppression, and excellent RF immunity. The ICs offer Class AB audio performance with Class D efficiency in a minimal board-space solution. The Class D amplifier features spread-spectrum modulation with edge-rate and overshoot control circuitry that offers significant improvements in switch-mode amplifier radiated emissions. The amplifier features click-and-pop suppression that reduces audible transients on startup and shutdown. The amplifier includes thermal-overload and short-circuit protection.

## Digital Audio Interface Modes

The input stage of the digital audio interface is highly flexible, supporting 8kHz–96kHz sampling rates with 16/24/32-bit resolution for I<sup>2</sup>S/left justified data as well as up to a 8-slot, 16-bit or 32-bit time division multiplexed (TDM) format. When LRCLK has a 50% duty cycle the data format is determined by the part number selection (MAX98357A/MAX98357B). When a frame sync pulse is used for the LRCLK the data format is automatically configured in TDM mode. The frame sync pulse indicates the beginning of the first time slot.

## MCLK Elimination

The ICs eliminate the need for the external MCLK signal that is typically used for PCM communication. This reduces EMI and possible board coupling issues in addition to reducing the size and pin-count of the ICs.

## BCLK Jitter Tolerance

The ICs feature a BCLK jitter tolerance of 0.5ns for RMS jitter below 40kHz and 12ns for wideband RMS jitter while maintaining a dynamic range greater than 98dB (Table 1).

## BCLK Polarity

When operating in I<sup>2</sup>S/left-justified mode, incoming serial data is always clocked-in on the rising edge of BCLK. In TDM mode, the MAX98357A clocks-in serial data on the rising edge of BCLK while the MAX98357B clocks in serial data on the falling edge of BCLK (Table 2).

## LRCLK Polarity

LRCLK specifies whether left-channel data or right-channel data is currently being read by the digital audio interface. The MAX98357A indicates the left channel word when LRCLK is low, and the MAX98357B indicates the left channel word when LRCLK is high (Table 3).

LRCLK ONLY supports 8kHz, 16kHz, 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz, 88.2kHz and 96kHz frequencies. LRCLK clocks at 11.025kHz, 12kHz, 22.05kHz and 24kHz are **NOT** supported. Do not remove LRCLK while BCLK is present. Removing LRCLK while BCLK is present can cause unexpected output behavior including a large DC output voltage.

## Standby Mode

The ICs automatically enter standby mode when BCLK is removed. If BCLK stops toggling, the ICs automatically

**Table 1. RMS Jitter Tolerance**

| FREQUENCY  | RMS JITTER TOLERANCE (ns) |
|------------|---------------------------|
| < 40kHz    | 0.5                       |
| 40kHz–BCLK | 12                        |

**Table 2. BCLK Polarity**

| MODE             | PART NUMBER | BCLK POLARITY |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| I <sup>2</sup> S | MAX98357A   | Rising edge   |
| Left-justified   | MAX98357B   | Rising edge   |
| TDM              | MAX98357A   | Rising edge   |
|                  | MAX98357B   | Falling edge  |

**Table 3. LRCLK Polarity**

| PART NUMBER | LRCLK POLARITY (LEFT CHANNEL) |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| MAX98357A   | Low                           |
| MAX98357B   | High                          |

enter standby mode. In standby mode, the Class D speaker is turned off and the outputs go into a high-impedance state, ensuring that unwanted current is not transferred to the load during this condition. Standby mode has reduced power consumption from normal operation (340µA), but does not reach as low as full shutdown (0.6µA). Standby mode can be used to reduce power consumption when no GPIO is available to pull  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  low.

### DAC Digital Filters

The DAC features a digital lowpass filter that is automatically configured for voice playback or music playback based on the sample rate that is used. This filter eliminates the effect of aliasing and any other high-frequency noise that might otherwise be present. Table 4 shows the digital filter settings that are automatically selected.

### $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ and Shutdown Operation

The ICs feature a low-power shutdown mode, drawing less than 0.6µA (typ) of supply current. During shutdown, all internal blocks are turned off, including setting the output stage to a high-impedance state. Drive  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  low to put the ICs into shutdown.

The state of  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  determines the audio channel that is sent to the amplifier output (Table 5).

Drive  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  high to select the left word of the stereo input data. Drive  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  high through a sufficiently small resistor to select the right word of the stereo input data. Drive  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  high through a sufficiently large resistor to select both the left and right words of the stereo input data (left/2 + right/2).  $R_{\text{LARGE}}$  and  $R_{\text{SMALL}}$  are determined by the  $V_{\text{DDIO}}$  voltage (logic voltage from control interface) that is driving  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  according to the following two equations:

$$R_{\text{SMALL}} (\text{k}\Omega) = 94.0 \times V_{\text{DDIO}} - 100$$

$$R_{\text{LARGE}} (\text{k}\Omega) = 222.2 \times V_{\text{DDIO}} - 100$$

When the devices are configured in left-channel mode ( $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  is directly driven to logic-high by the control interface), take care to avoid violating the Absolute Maximum Ratings limits for  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ . Ensuring that  $V_{\text{DD}}$  is always greater than  $V_{\text{DDIO}}$  is one way to prevent  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  from violating the Absolute Maximum Ratings limits. If this is not possible in the application (e.g., if  $V_{\text{DD}} < 3.0\text{V}$  and  $V_{\text{DDIO}} = 3.3\text{V}$ ), then it is necessary to add a small resistance (~2kΩ) in series with  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  to limit the current into the  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  pin. This is not a concern when using the right channel or (left/2 + right/2) modes.

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show how to connect an external resistor to  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  when using an open-drain driver or a push-pull driver.

**Table 4. Digital Filter Settings**

| LRCLK FREQUENCY                                  | -3dB CUTOFF FREQUENCY           | RIPPLE LIMIT CUTOFF FREQUENCY   | STOPBAND CUTOFF FREQUENCY       | STOPBAND ATTENUATION (dB) |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| $f_{\text{LRCLK}} < 30\text{kHz}$                | $0.446 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$ | $0.443 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$ | $0.464 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$ | 75                        |
| $30\text{kHz} < f_{\text{LRCLK}} < 50\text{kHz}$ | $0.47 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$  | $0.43 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$  | $0.58 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$  | 60                        |
| $f_{\text{LRCLK}} > 50\text{kHz}$                | $0.31 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$  | $0.24 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$  | $0.477 \times f_{\text{LRCLK}}$ | 60                        |

**Table 5.  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  Control**

| $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$ STATUS |                                                                                | SELECTED CHANNEL   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| High                                | $V_{\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}} > \text{B2 trip point}$                        | Left               |
| Pullup through $R_{\text{SMALL}}$   | $\text{B2 trip point} > V_{\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}} > \text{B1 trip point}$ | Right              |
| Pullup through $R_{\text{LARGE}}$   | $\text{B1 trip point} > V_{\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}} > \text{B0 trip point}$ | (Left/2 + right/2) |
| Low                                 | $\text{B0 trip point} > V_{\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}}$                        | Shutdown           |

**Table 6. Examples of  $\overline{\text{SD\_MODE}}$  Pullup Resistor Values**

| LOGIC VOLTAGE LEVEL ( $V_{\text{DDIO}}$ ) (V) | $R_{\text{SMALL}}$ (kΩ) | $R_{\text{LARGE}}$ (kΩ) |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1.8                                           | 69.8                    | 300                     |
| 3.3                                           | 210.2                   | 634                     |

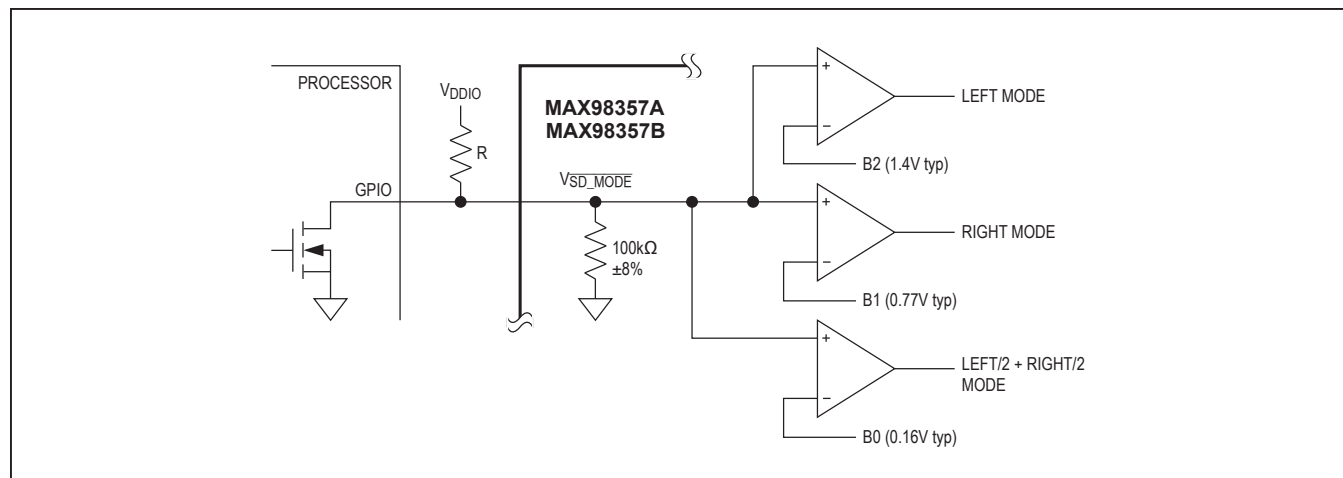


Figure 4.  $\overline{SD\_MODE}$  Resistor Connected Using Open-Drain Driver

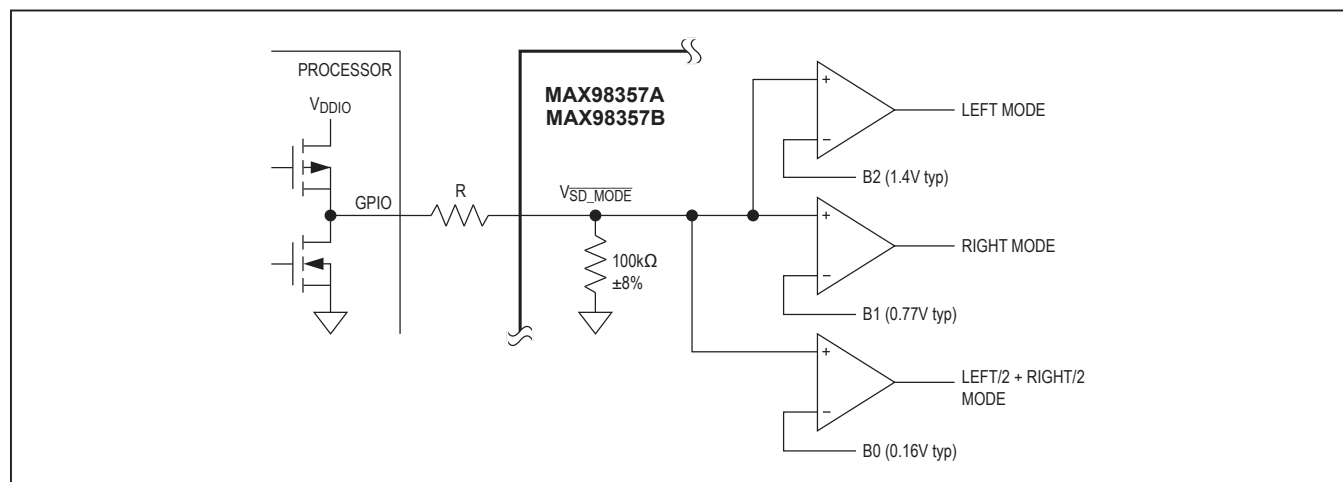


Figure 5.  $\overline{SD\_MODE}$  Resistor Connected Using Push-Pull Driver

### Startup

With the exception of BCLK = 256kHz, the only required sequence for startup is that LRCLK must start within 1/2 LRCLK period of BCLK starting.

When using a mode with BCLK = 256kHz, there are additional requirements for the part to power-up properly:

- 1) BCLK and LRCLK cannot be applied before the part is enabled.
- 2) BCLK and LRCLK must start from logic low and transition to logic high.
- 3) After  $V_{DD}$  is > 2.3V AND  $\overline{SD\_MODE}$  is high, there must be a 10μs wait time before starting BCLK and LRCLK.
- 4) LRCLK must start at least 1/2 BCLK after BCLK starts.
- 5) LRCLK must start no more than 1/2 LRCLK after BCLK starts.
- 6) LRCLK must complete a full cycle; no partial LRCLK cycles.
- 7) Once started, BCLK and LRCLK must remain switching at 256kHz and 8kHz, respectively, and cannot be interrupted during device operation. If BCLK and LRCLK need to be stopped,  $\overline{SD\_MODE}$  must first be set to 0V. Subsequent startups with BCLK = 256kHz and LRCLK = 8kHz need to follow the sequence described in steps 1-6.

Figure 6 shows an example where  $V_{DD}$  reaches UVLO maximum before  $\overline{SD\_MODE}$  is applied. In this example, the 10μs wait time starts after  $\overline{SD\_MODE}$  is applied.

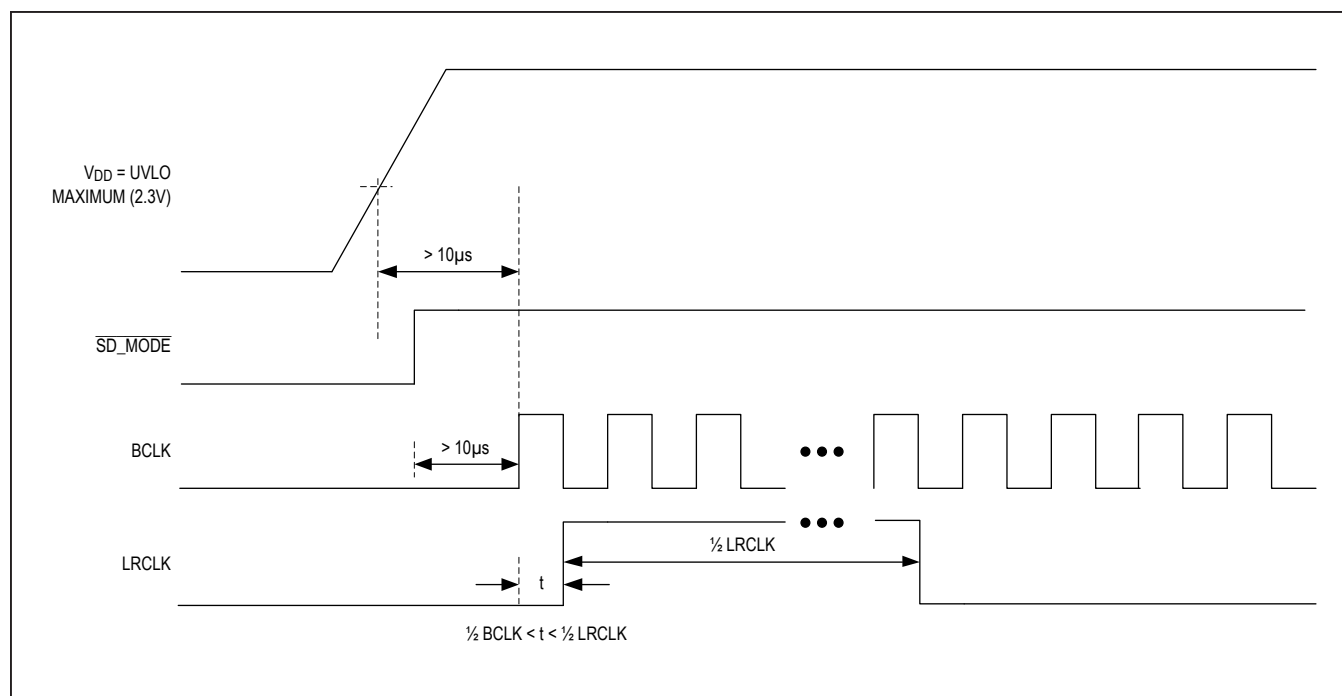


Figure 6. Required startup sequence when using BCLK = 256kHz

### I<sup>2</sup>S and Left Justified Mode

The MAX98357A follows standard I<sup>2</sup>S timing by allowing a delay of one BCLK cycle after the LRCLK transition before the beginning of a new data word (Figure 7 and Figure 8). The MAX98357B follows the left justified timing specification by aligning the LRCLK transitions with the beginning of a new data word (Figure 9 and Figure 10). LRCLK ONLY supports 8kHz, 16kHz, 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz, 88.2kHz, and 96kHz frequencies. LRCLK clocks at 11.025kHz, 12kHz, 22.05kHz and 24kHz are **NOT** supported. Do not remove LRCLK while BCLK is present. Removing LRCLK while BCLK is present can cause unexpected output behavior, including a large DC output voltage.

The digital audio interface output mode is chosen by the voltage at SD\_MODE. Table 5 shows how the available modes are selected. Trip point B0–B2 are shown the *Electrical Characteristics* in the SD\_MODE Comparator Trip Points section. Values for SD\_MODE pullup resistors

R<sub>SMALL</sub> and R<sub>LARGE</sub> are dependent on the voltage level of VDDIO. See Table 6 for pullup resistor values.

### TDM Mode

TDM mode is automatically detected by monitoring the short channel sync pulse on LRCLK. The frequency detector circuit detects the bit depth. In TDM mode, the MAX98357A/MAX98357B has a fixed gain of 12dB. GAIN\_SLOT and SD\_MODE are used to select to which of 8 channels of TDM data the parts respond. Table 7 shows the connections for GAIN\_SLOT and SD\_MODE for channel selection. The MAX98357A data is valid on the BCLK rising edge. The MAX98357B data is valid on the BCLK falling edge.

Figure 11, Figure 12, Figure 13, and Figure 14 show TDM operation, in which a frame-sync pulse is used for LRCLK. In TDM mode, there must be 128 (16-bit mode) or 256 (32-bit mode) BCLK cycles per frame. In TDM mode, the ICs only accept 16-bit or 32-bit formatted data and any of the 8 TDM slots can be selected.

Table 7. TDM Mode Channel Selection

| SD_MODE                                    | GAIN_SLOT                  | CHANNEL | BITS  |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|-------|
| Low                                        | X                          | Off     | N/A   |
| V <sub>DD</sub>                            | GND                        | 0       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub>                            | V <sub>DD</sub> with 0Ω    | 1       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub>                            | Float                      | 2       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub>                            | V <sub>DD</sub> with 100kΩ | 3       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub>                            | GND with 100kΩ             | 4       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub> through R <sub>LARGE</sub> | GND                        | 5       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub> through R <sub>LARGE</sub> | Float                      | 6       | 16/32 |
| V <sub>DD</sub> through R <sub>LARGE</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub>            | 7       | 16/32 |

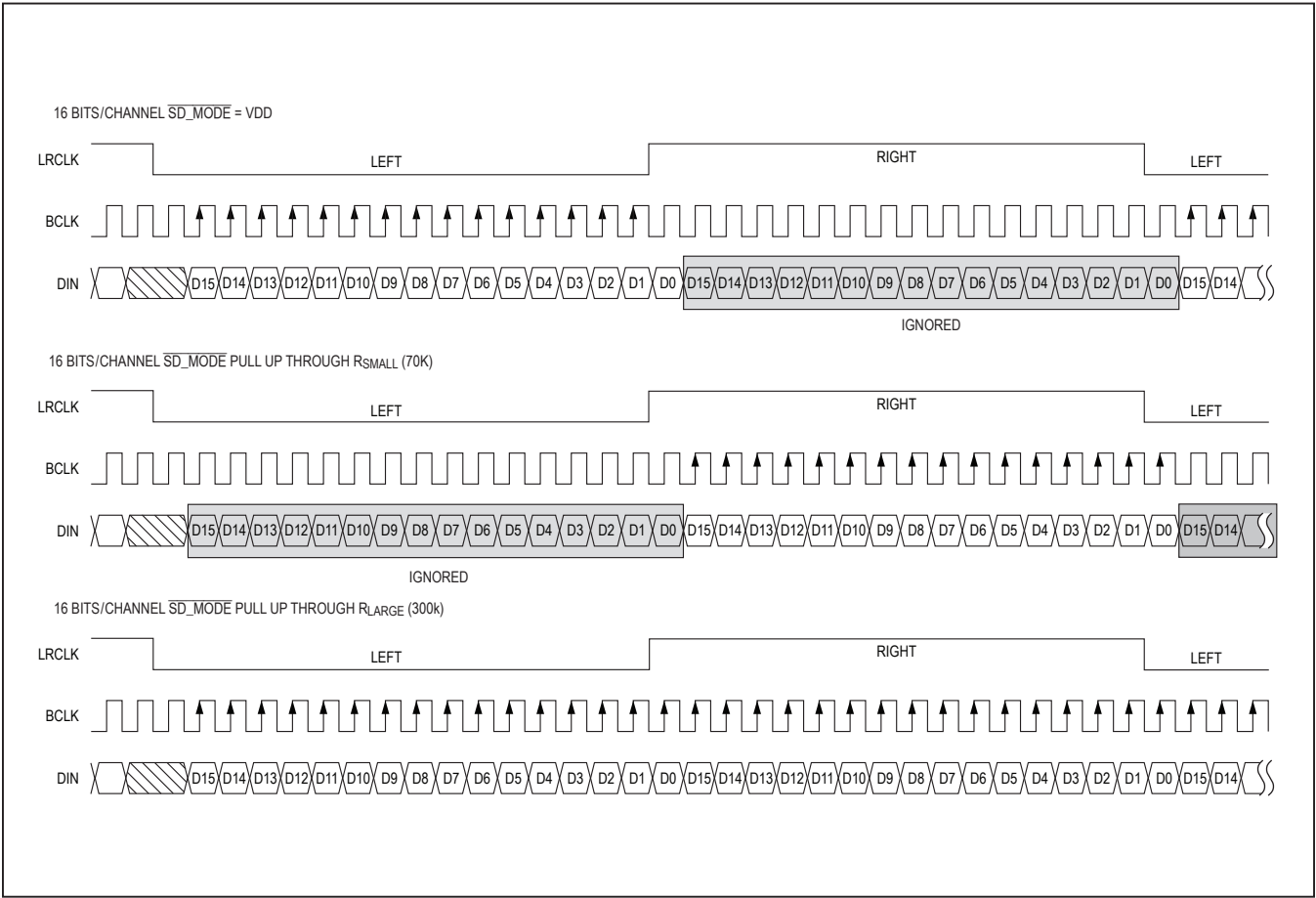


Figure 7. MAX98357A I<sup>2</sup>S Digital Audio Interface Timing, 16-Bit Resolution

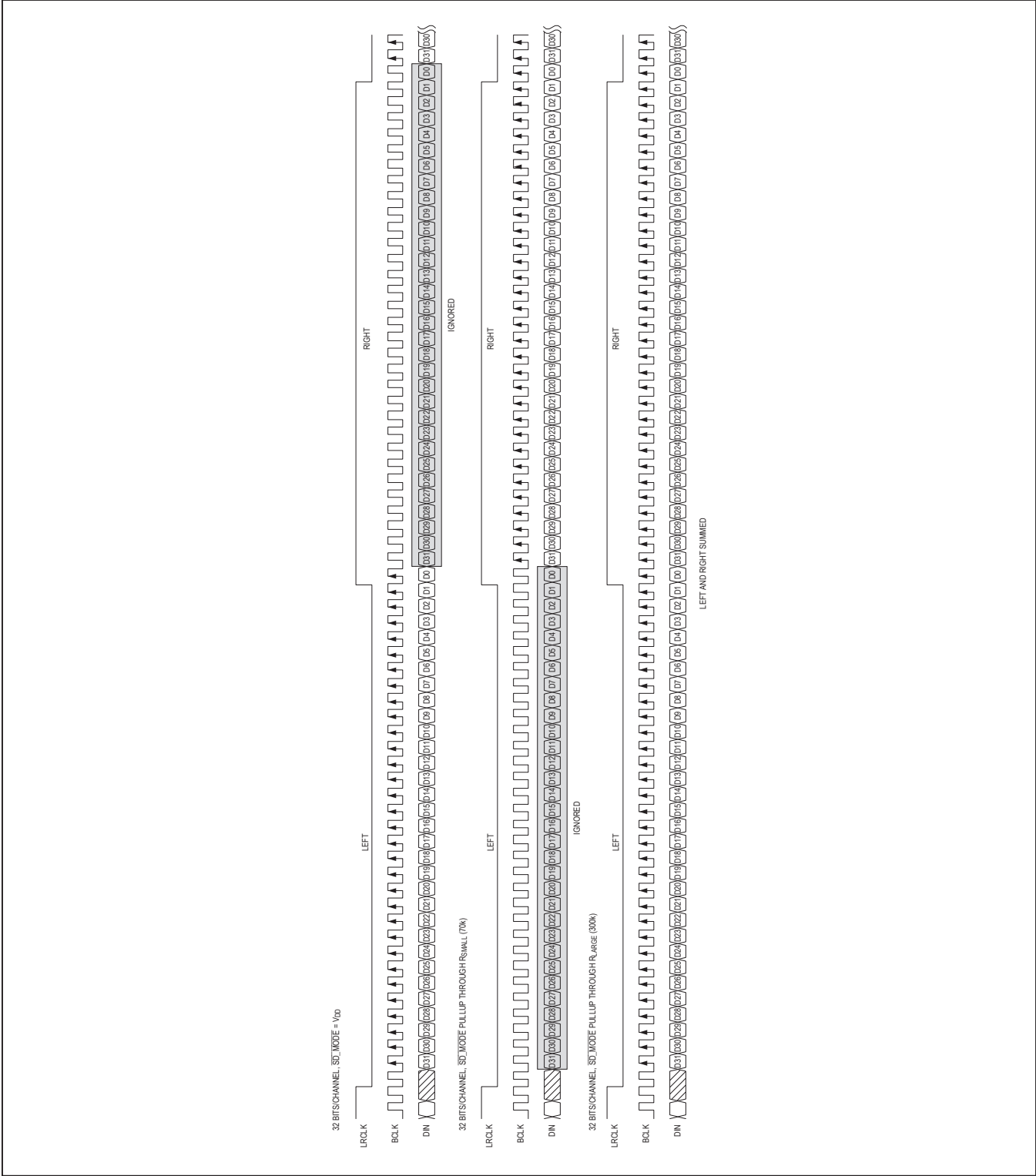


Figure 8. MAX98357A I<sup>2</sup>S Digital Audio Interface Timing, 32-Bit Resolution

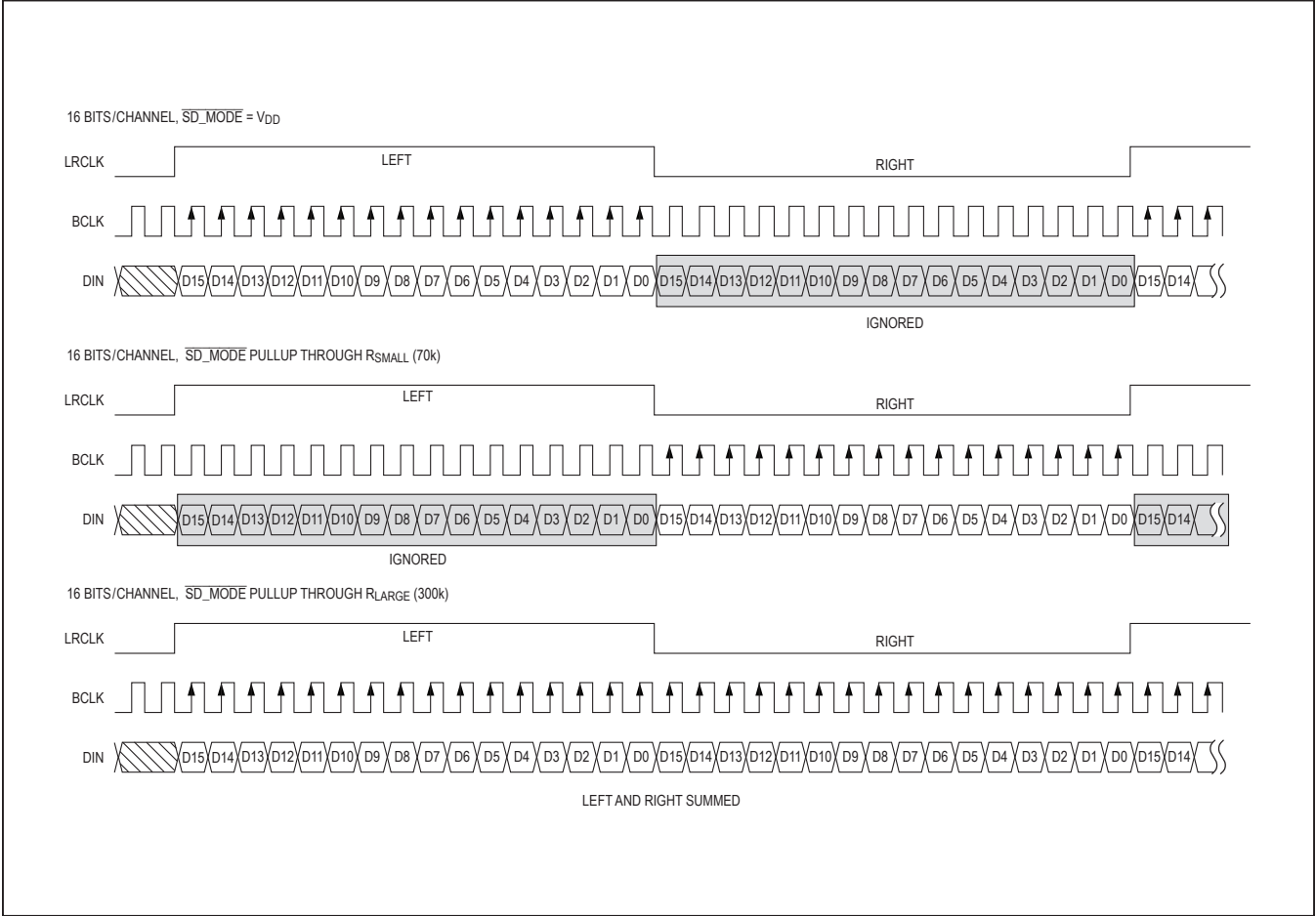
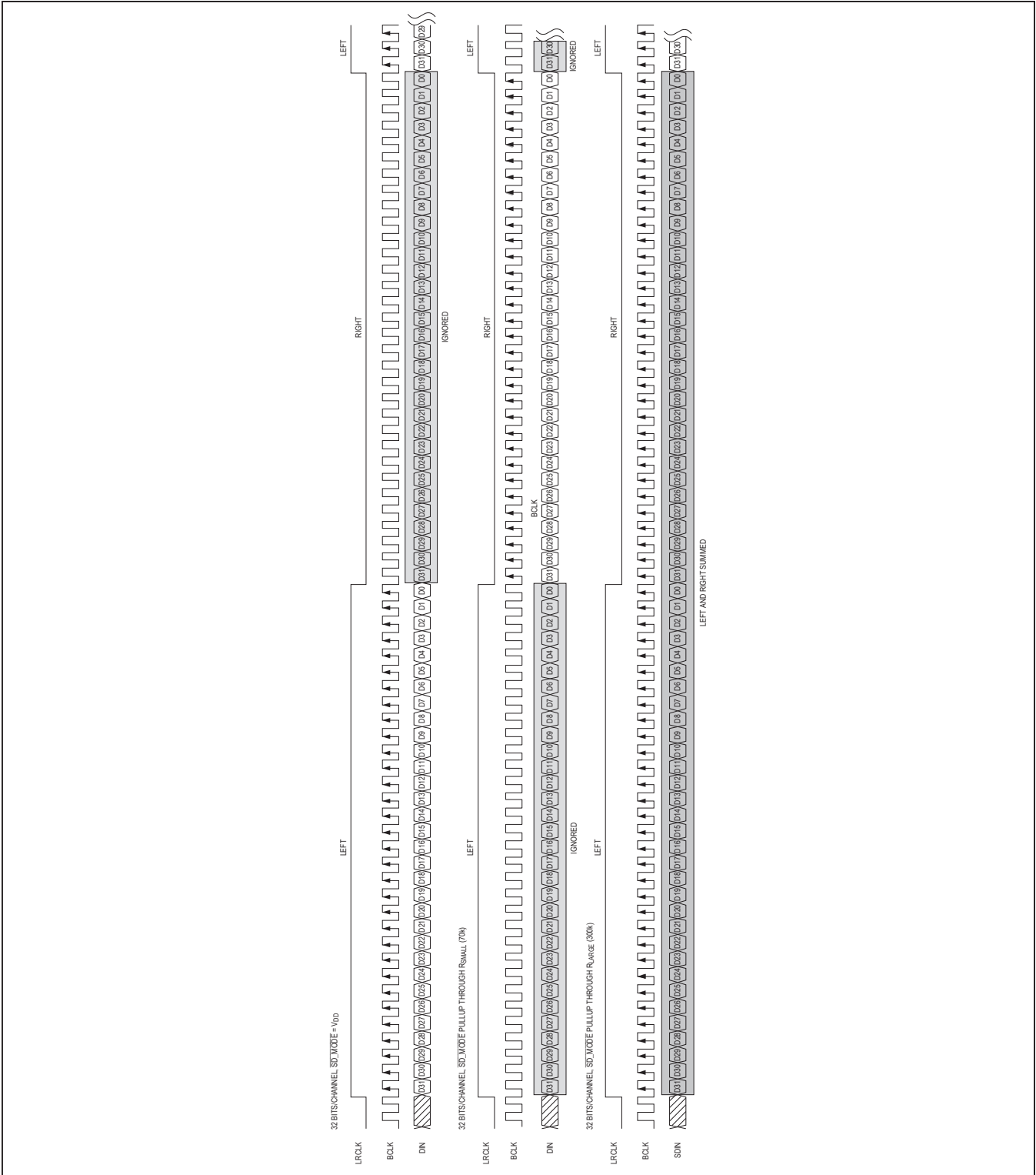


Figure 9. MAX98357B Left-Justified Digital Audio Interface Timing, 16-Bit Resolution



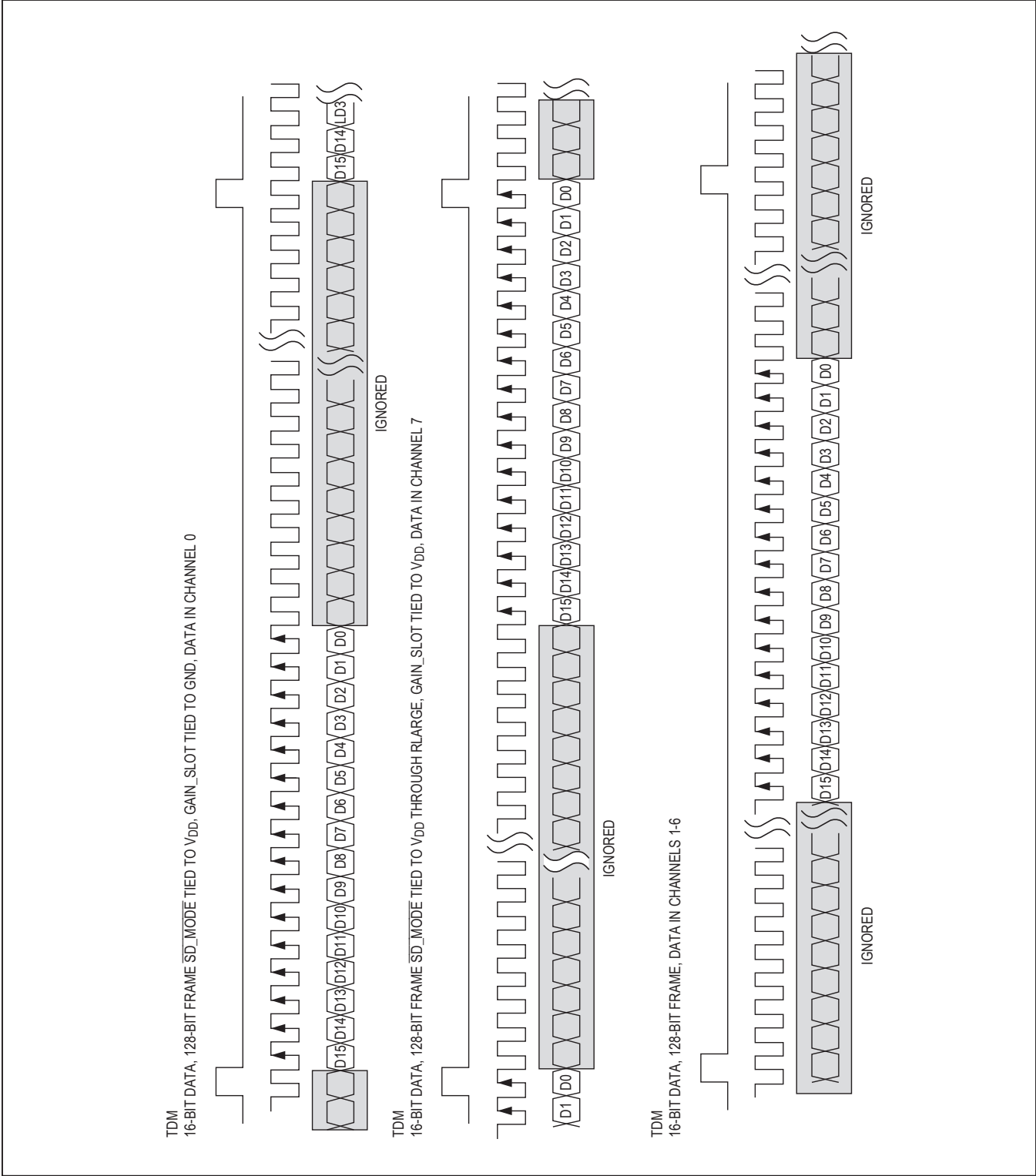


Figure 11. MAX98357A TDM 16-Bit DAI Timing

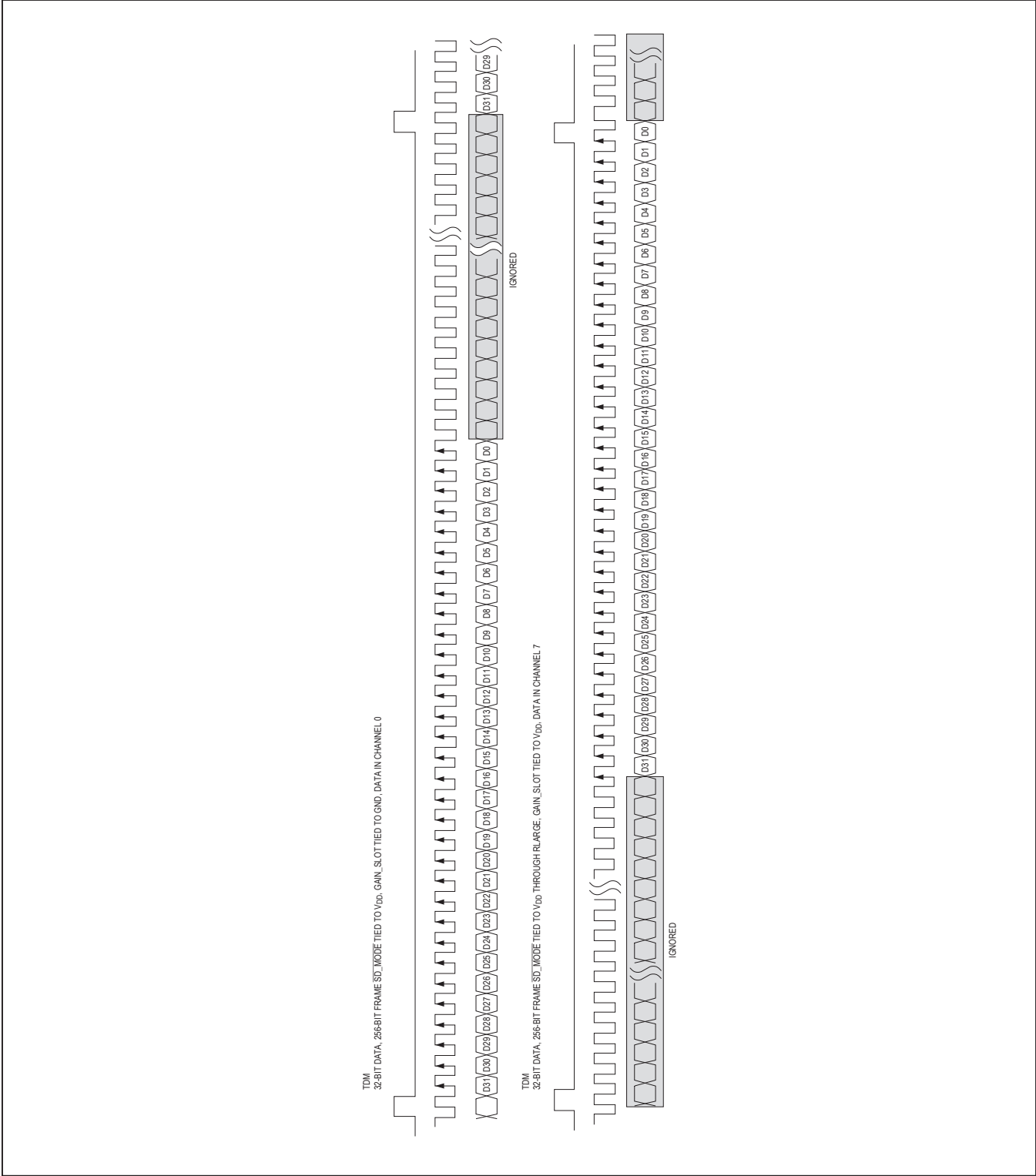


Figure 12. MAX98357A TDM 32-Bit DAI Timing

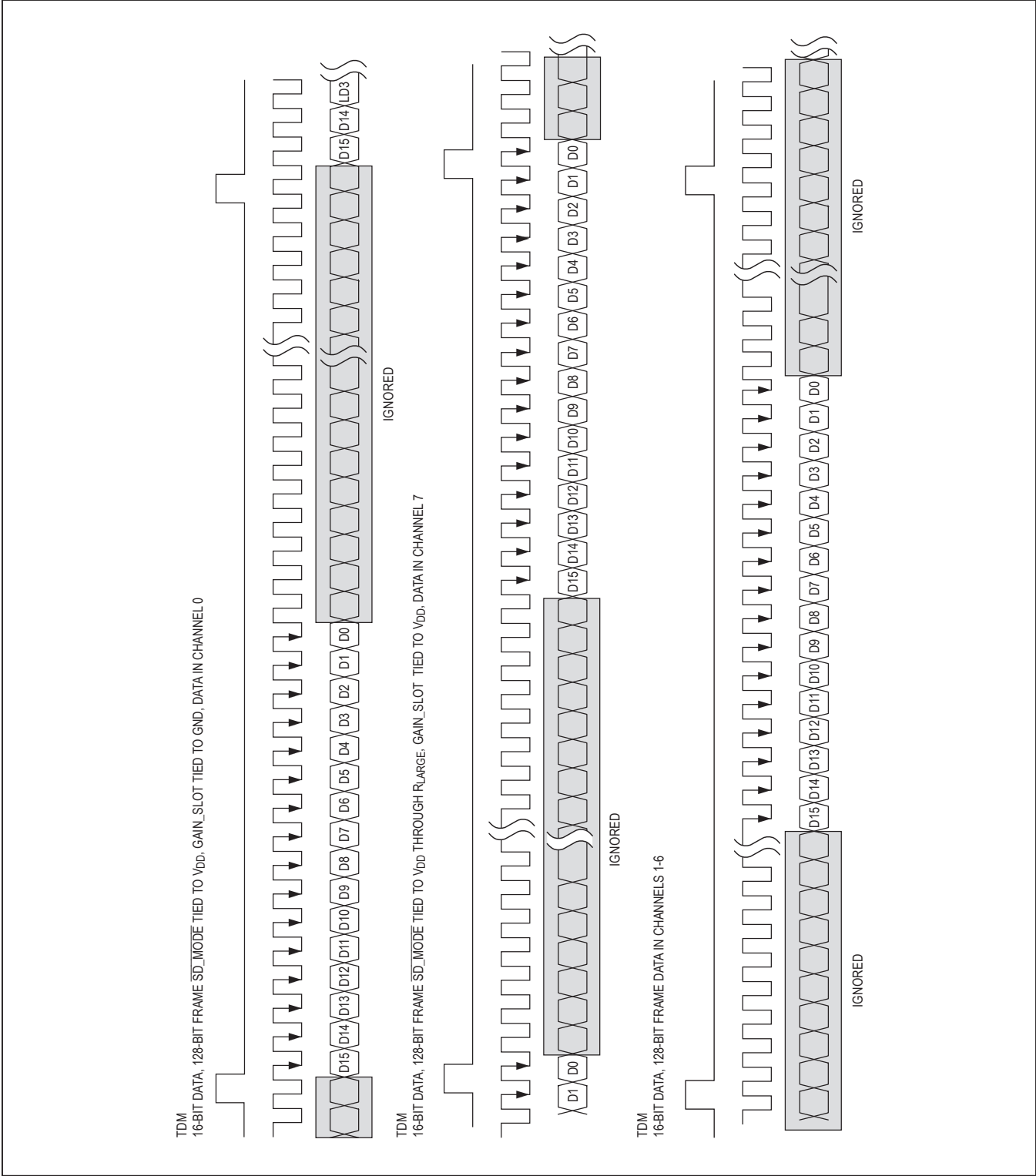


Figure 13. MAX98357B TDM 16-Bit DAI Timing

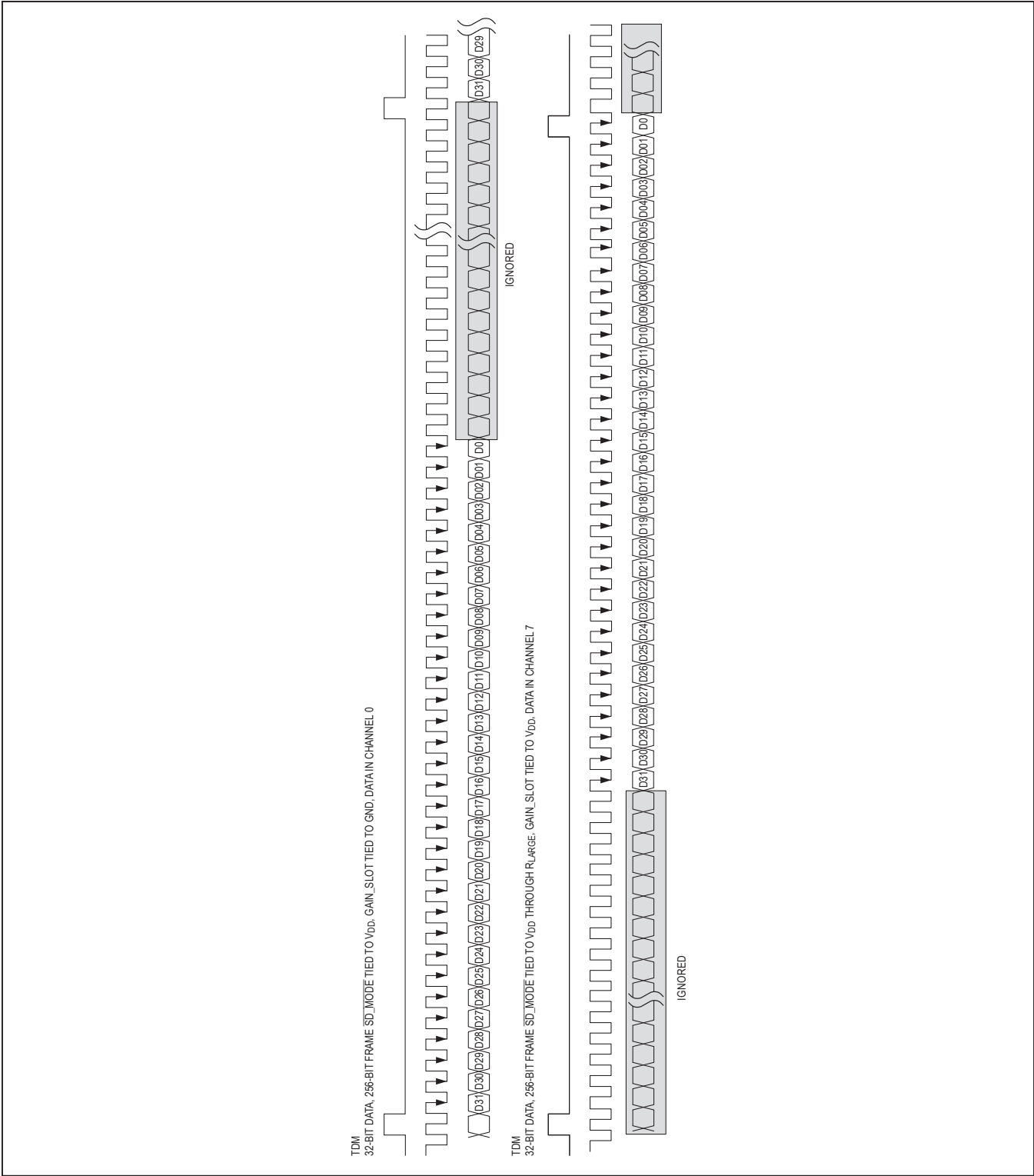


Figure 14. MAX98357B TDM 32-Bit DAI Timing

Class D Speaker Amplifier

The filterless Class D amplifier offers much higher efficiency than Class AB amplifiers. The high efficiency of a Class D amplifier is due to the switching operation of the output stage transistors. Any power loss associated with the Class D output stage is mostly due to the I<sup>2</sup>R loss of the MOSFET on-resistance and quiescent current overhead.

Ultra-Low EMI Filterless Output Stage

Traditional Class D amplifiers require the use of external LC filters, or shielding, to meet EN55022B electromagnetic-interference (EMI) regulation standards. Maxim’s active emissions-limiting edge-rate control circuitry and spread-spectrum modulation reduces EMI emissions while maintaining up to 92% efficiency.

Maxim’s spread-spectrum modulation mode flattens wide-band spectral components while proprietary techniques ensure that the cycle-to-cycle variation of the switching period does not degrade audio reproduction or efficiency. The ICs’ spread-spectrum modulator randomly varies the switching frequency by ±20kHz around the center frequency (300kHz). Above 10MHz, the wideband spectrum looks like noise for EMI purposes (Figure 15).

Speaker Current Limit

If the output current of the speaker amplifier exceeds the current limit (2.8A typ), the IC disables the outputs for approximately 100µs. At the end of the 100µs, the outputs are re-enabled. If the fault condition still exists, the IC continues to disable and reenables the outputs until the fault condition is removed.

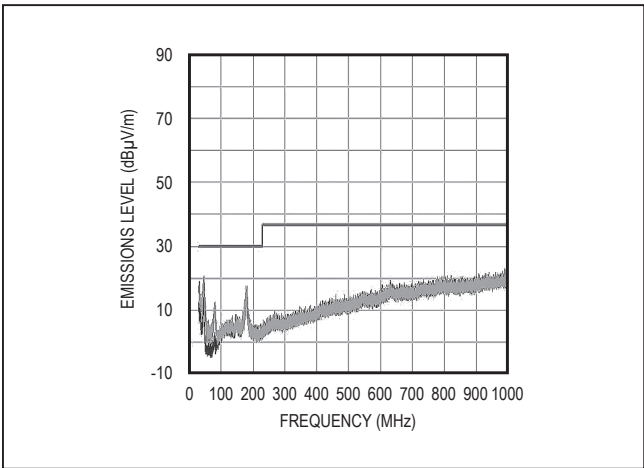


Figure 15. EMI with 12in of Speaker Cable and No Output Filtering

Gain Selection

The ICs offer five programmable gain selections through a single gain input (GAIN\_SLOT) in I<sup>2</sup>S/left justified mode. Gain is referenced to the full-scale output of the DAC, which is 2.1dBV (Table 8). In TDM mode, the gain is automatically set at a fixed 12dB. Assuming that the desired output swing is not limited by the supply voltage rail, the IC’s output level can be calculated based on the digital input signal level and selected amplifier gain according to the following equation:

Output signal level (dBV) = input signal level (dBFS) + 2.1dB + selected amplifier gain (dB)

where 0dBFS is referenced to 0dBV.

Click-and-Pop Suppression

The IC speaker amplifier features Maxim’s comprehensive click-and-pop suppression. During startup, the click-and-pop suppression circuitry reduces audible transient sources internal to the device by ramping the input signal from mute to 0dB. When entering shutdown, the differential speaker outputs simultaneously drop to GND.

The comprehensive click-and-pop suppression of the MAX98357 is unaffected by power-up or power-down sequencing. Applying the DAI clocks before or after the transition of SD\_MODE yields the same click-and-pop performance. The MAX98357 does not have a volume ramp-down response when entering shutdown. For optimal click-and-pop performance, ramp down the digital data on SDIN before powering down the MAX98357.

Table 8. Gain Selection

| GAIN_SLOT                                             | I <sup>2</sup> S/LJ GAIN (dB) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Connect to GND through 100kΩ ±5% resistor             | 15                            |
| Connect to GND                                        | 12                            |
| Unconnected                                           | 9                             |
| Connect to V <sub>DD</sub>                            | 6                             |
| Connect to V <sub>DD</sub> through 100kΩ ±5% resistor | 3                             |

## Applications Information

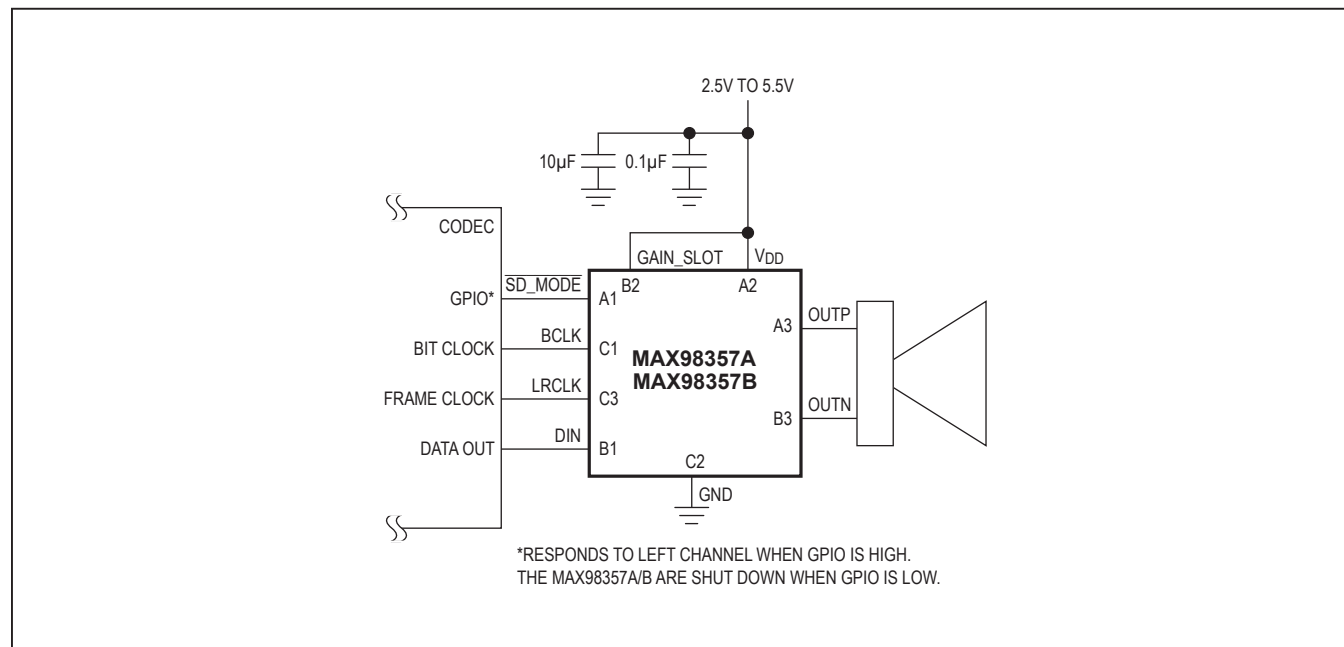


Figure 16. Left-Channel PCM Operation with 6dB Gain

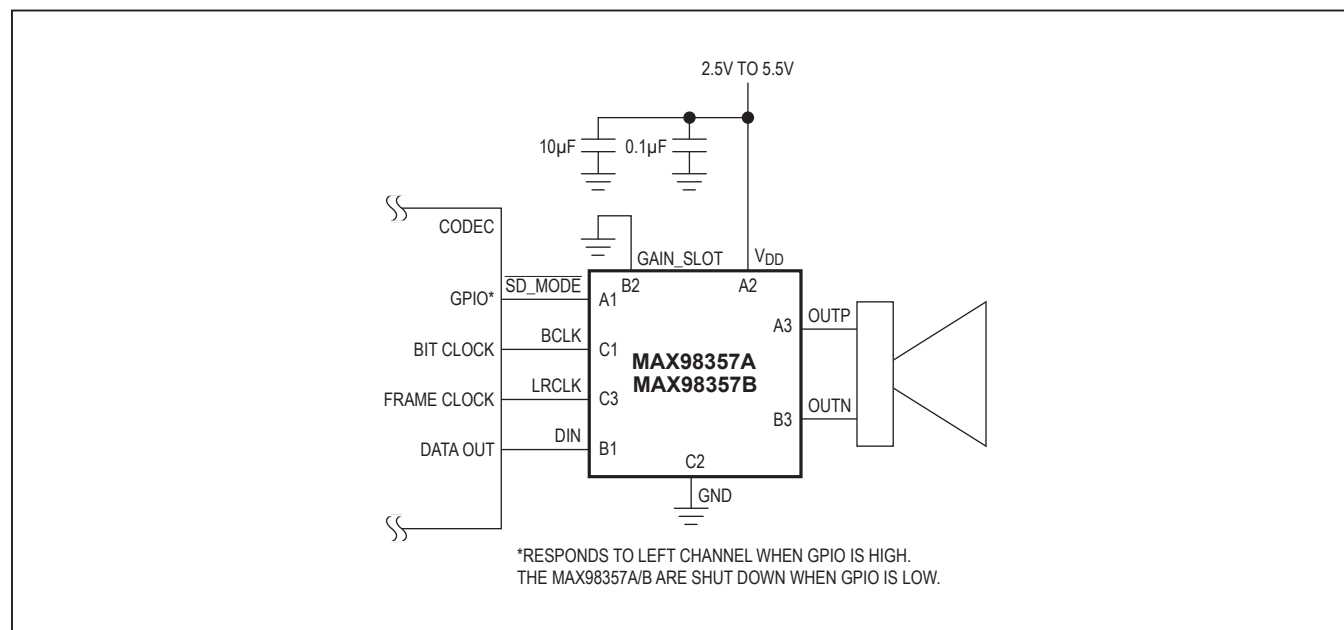


Figure 17. Left-Channel PCM Operation with 12dB Gain

MAX98357A/  
MAX98357B

Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with  
Class AB Performance

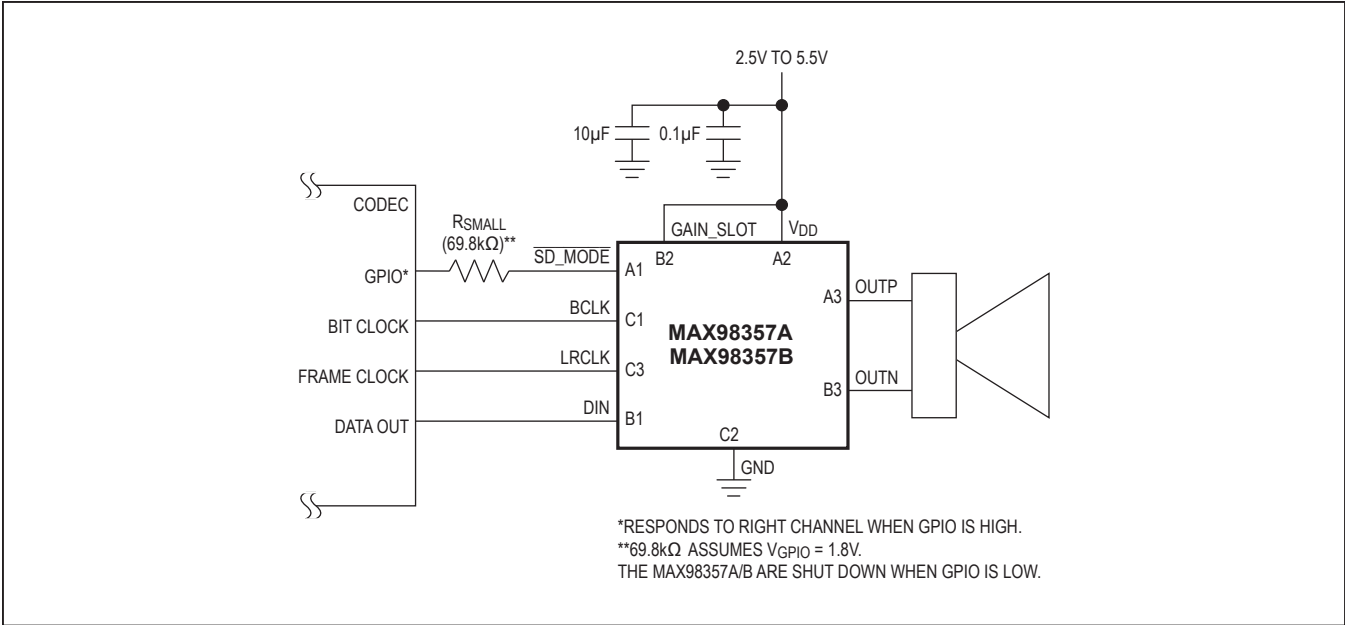


Figure 18. Right-Channel PCM Operation with 6dB Gain

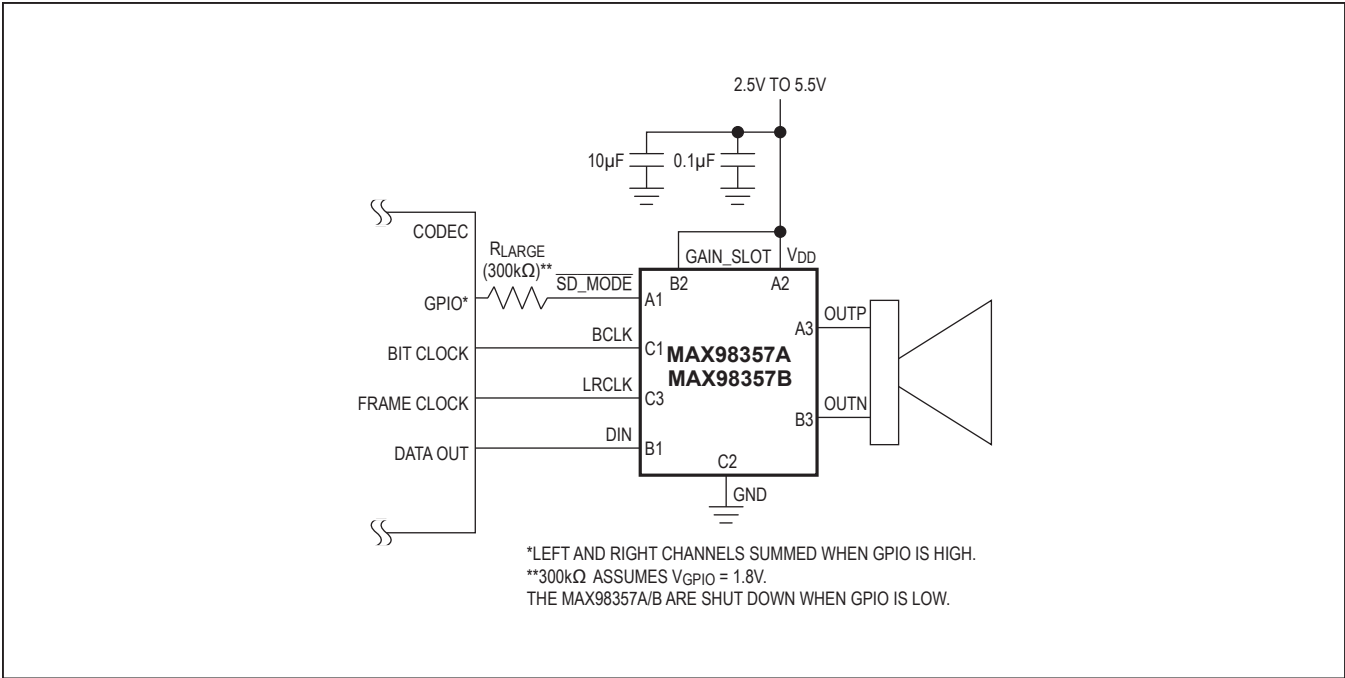


Figure 19. (Left/2 + Right/2) PCM Operation with 6dB Gain

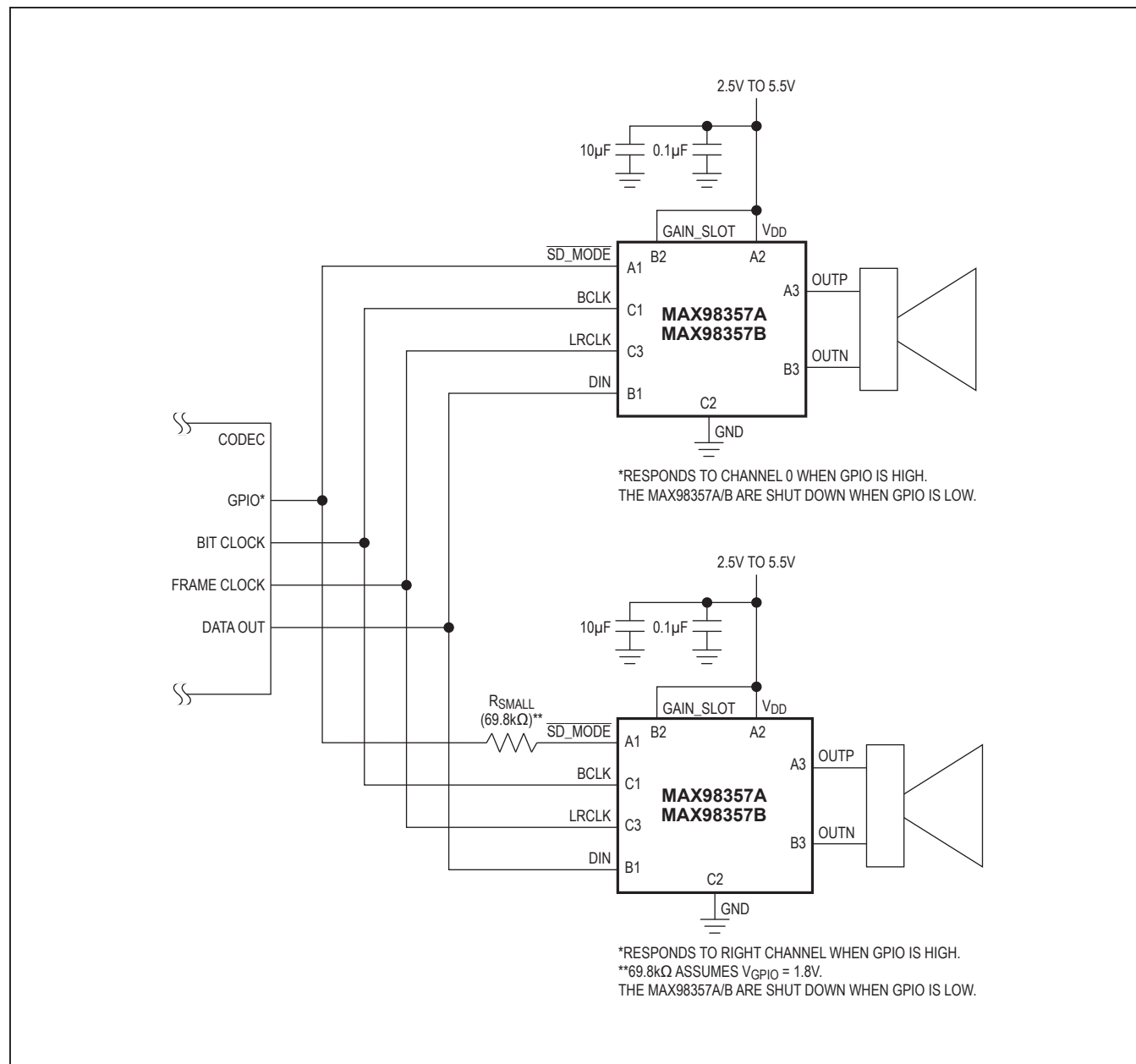


Figure 20. Stereo PCM Operation Using Two ICs

MAX98357A/  
MAX98357B

Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with  
Class AB Performance

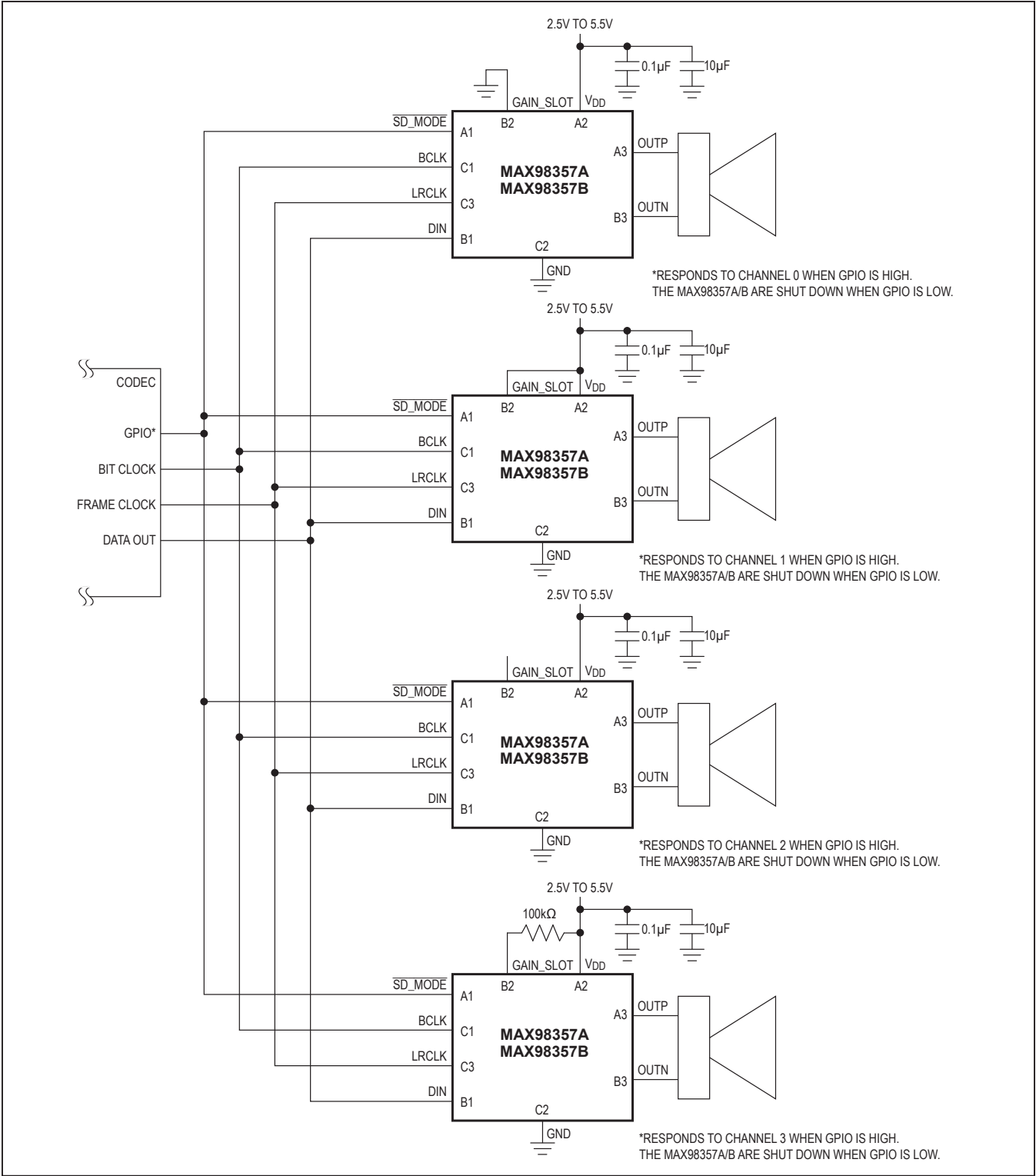
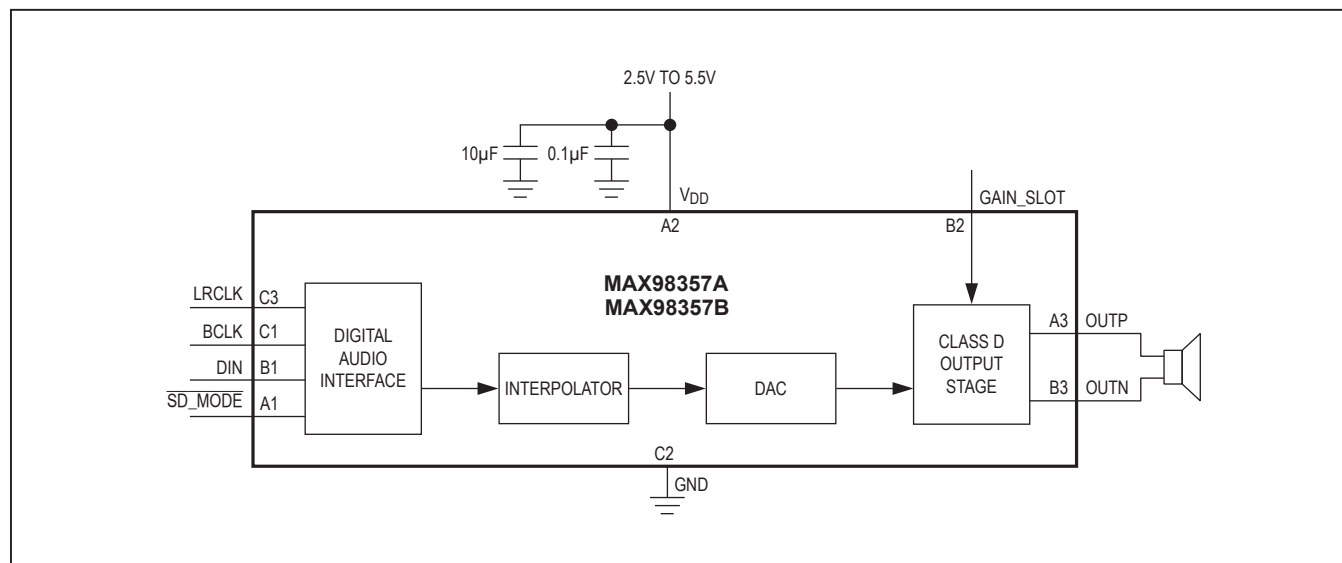


Figure 21. Channel TDM Operation (Gain Fixed at 12dB)

## Functional Diagram



### Filterless Class D Operation

Traditional Class D amplifiers require an output filter to recover the audio signal from the amplifier's output. The filter adds cost, size, and decreases efficiency and THD+N performance. The ICs' filterless modulation scheme does not require an output filter. The device relies on the inherent inductance of the speaker coil and the natural filtering of both the speaker and the human ear to recover the audio component of the square-wave output.

Because the switching frequency of the ICs is well beyond the bandwidth of most speakers, voice coil movement due to the switching frequency is very small. Use a speaker with a series inductance  $> 10\mu\text{H}$ . Typical 8Ω speakers exhibit series inductances in the  $20\mu\text{H}$  to  $100\mu\text{H}$  range.

### Power-Supply Input

$V_{\text{DD}}$ , which ranges from 2.5V to 5.5V, powers the IC, including the speaker amplifier. Bypass  $V_{\text{DD}}$  with a  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  and  $10\mu\text{F}$  capacitor to GND. Some applications might require only the  $10\mu\text{F}$  bypass capacitor, making it possible to operate with a single external component. Apply additional bulk capacitance at the ICs if long input traces between  $V_{\text{DD}}$  and the power source are used.

### Layout and Grounding

Proper layout and grounding are essential for optimum performance. Good grounding improves audio performance and prevents switching noise from coupling into the audio signal.

Use wide, low-resistance output traces. As load impedance decreases, the current drawn from the device outputs increases. At higher current, the resistance of the output traces decreases the power delivered to the load. For example, if 2W is delivered from the speaker output to a 4Ω load through  $100\text{m}\Omega$  of total speaker trace, 1.904W is being delivered to the speaker. If power is delivered through  $10\text{m}\Omega$  of total speaker trace, 1.951W is being delivered to the speaker. Wide output, supply, and ground traces also improve the power dissipation of the ICs. Parasitic capacitance on the output traces cause higher quiescent current by  $V_{\text{DD}} \times 300\text{kHz} \times C_{\text{PARASITIC}}$ .

For example, at  $V_{\text{DD}} = 5\text{V}$  and a total parasitic capacitance of  $100\text{pF}$  ( $50\text{pF}$  on each output trace), the increase in quiescent current is  $5 \times 300\text{kHz} \times 100\text{pF} = 150\mu\text{A}$ .

The ICs are inherently designed for excellent RF immunity. For best performance, add ground fills around all signal traces on top or bottom PCB planes.

Gains of 6dB, 9dB, and 12dB are selectable without using a via or routing out the center bump of the WLP. This simplifies the layout and allows for inexpensive PCB fabrication. Here is a layout example with the gain set to 12dB. The center bump is tied to the adjacent GND pin. Refer to [Application Note 6643: Optimize Cost, Size, and Performance with MAX98357 WLP](#) for more information.

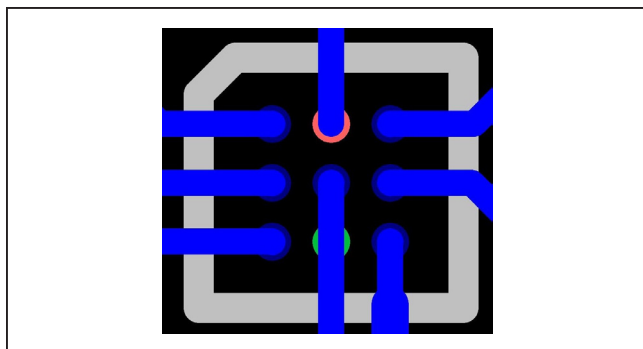


Figure 22. WLP Pin Connect for set 12dB Gain Without Via.

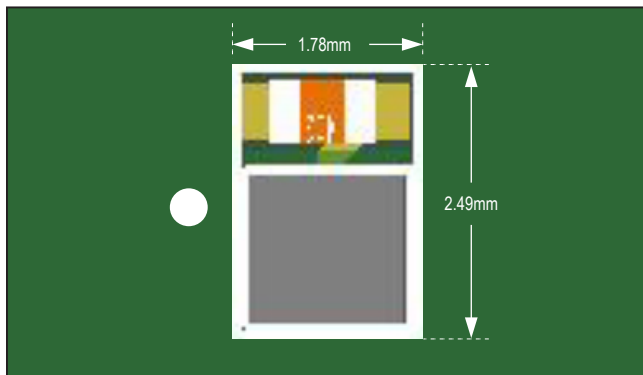


Figure 23. Example Layout Configured for Left-Channel Audio and Gain of 12dB.

In many applications, the only passive component required would be a single capacitor which results in a tiny solution size of 4.32mm<sup>2</sup>.

### WLP Applications Information

For the latest application details on WLP construction, dimensions, tape carrier information, PCB techniques, bump-pad layout, and recommended reflow temperature profile, as well as the latest information on reliability testing results, refer to the [Application Note 1891: Wafer-Level Packaging \(WLP\) and Its Applications](#). Figure 24 shows the dimensions of the WLP balls used on the ICs.

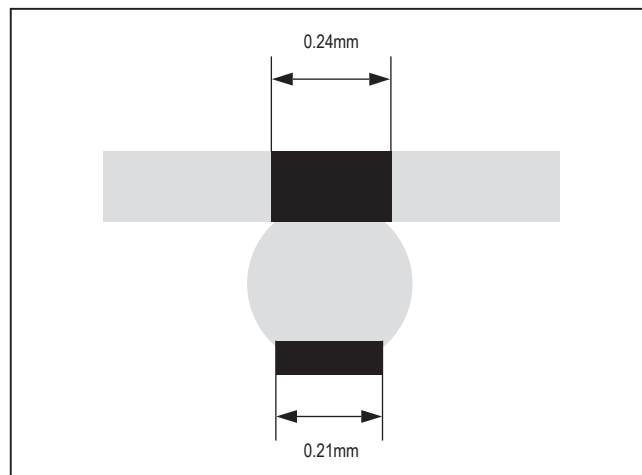


Figure 24. MAX98357A/MAX98357B WLP Ball Dimensions

## Ordering Information

| PART                  | TEMP RANGE      | PIN-PACKAGE | TOP MARK |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|
| <b>MAX98357A</b> ETE+ | -40°C to +85°C  | 16 TQFN     | —        |
| MAX98357AETE+T        | -40°C to +85°C  | 16 TQFN     | —        |
| MAX98357AEWL+T        | -40°C to +85°C  | 9 WLP       | +AKM     |
| MAX98357AGTE/IV+      | -40°C to +105°C | 16 TQFN     | +AKV     |
| <b>MAX98357B</b> ETE+ | -40°C to +85°C  | 16 TQFN     | —        |
| MAX98357BETE+T        | -40°C to +85°C  | 16 TQFN     | —        |
| MAX98357BEWL+T        | -40°C to +85°C  | 9 WLP       | +AKN     |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

IV denotes an automotive-qualified part.

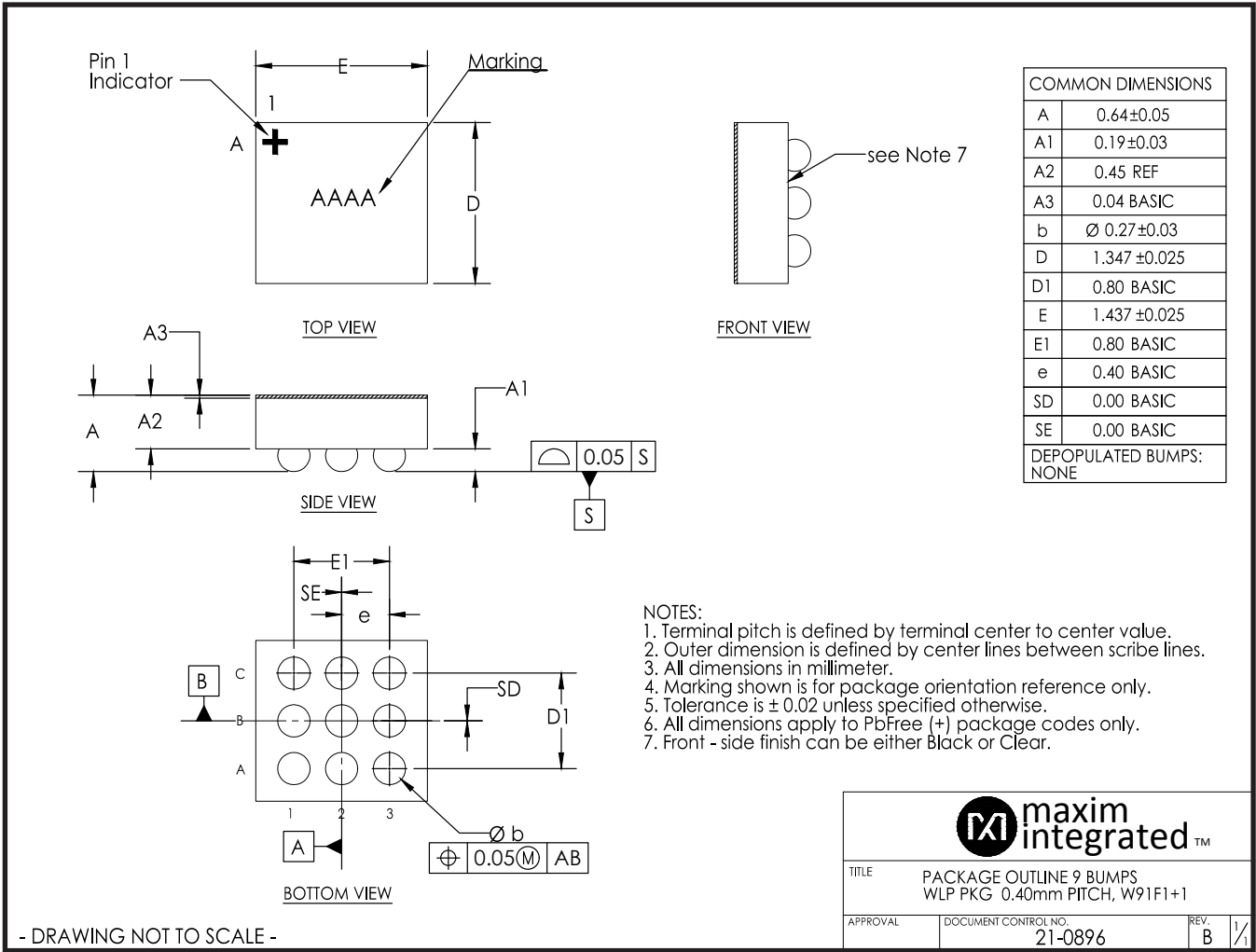
MAX98357A/  
MAX98357B

Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with  
Class AB Performance

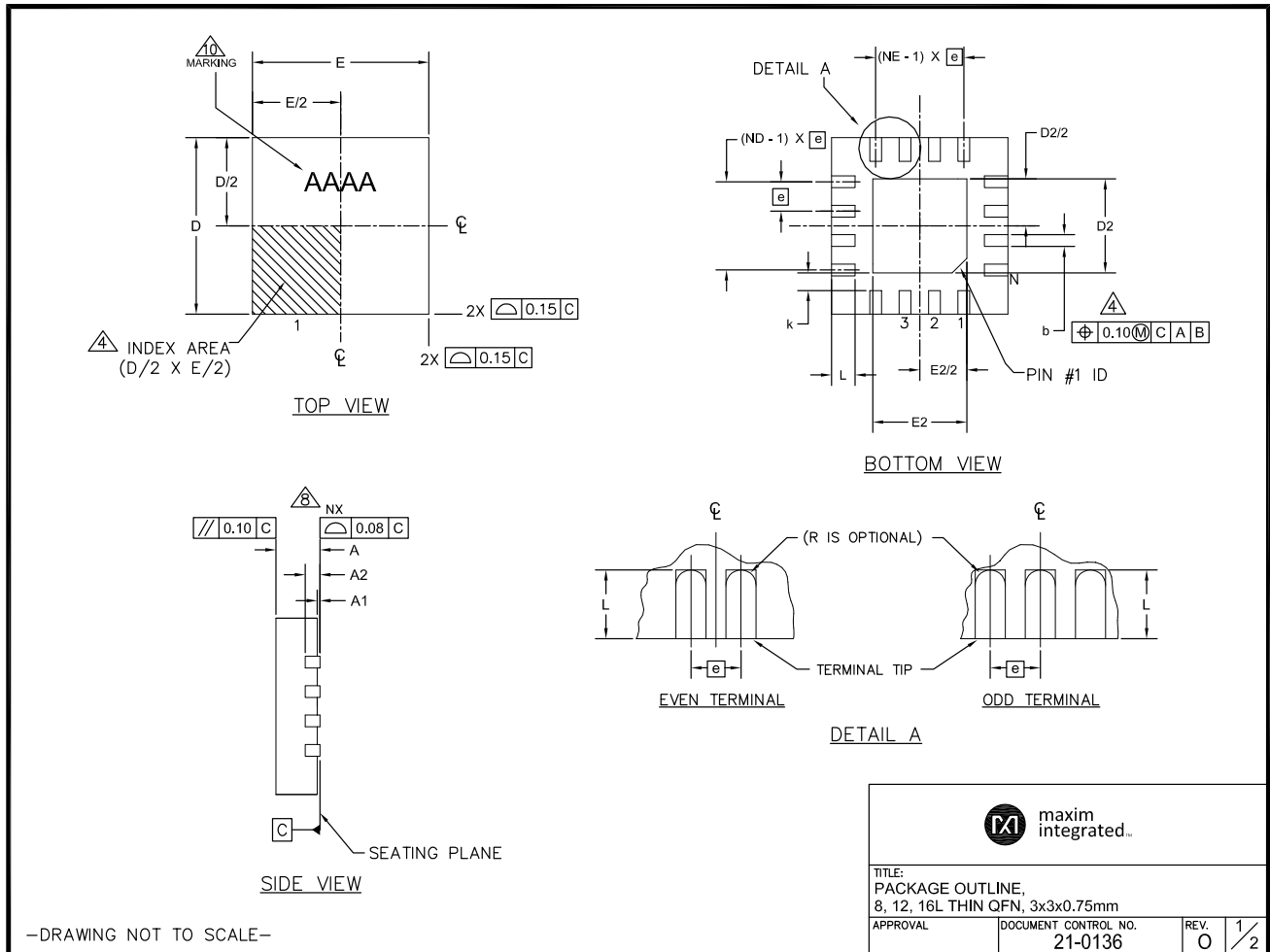
Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a “+”, “#”, or “-” in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | OUTLINE NO.             | LAND PATTERN NO.                               |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 9 WLP        | W91F1+1      | <a href="#">21-0896</a> | Refer to <a href="#">Application Note 1891</a> |
| 16 TQFN      | T1633+4      | <a href="#">21-0136</a> | <a href="#">90-0031</a>                        |



For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.



# MAX98357A/ MAX98357B

## Tiny, Low-Cost, PCM Class D Amplifier with Class AB Performance

### Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PKG  | 8L 3x3    |      |      | 12L 3x3   |      |      | 16L 3x3   |      |      |
|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|
| REF. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. |
| A    | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 |
| b    | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 |
| D    | 2.90      | 3.00 | 3.10 | 2.90      | 3.00 | 3.10 | 2.90      | 3.00 | 3.10 |
| E    | 2.90      | 3.00 | 3.10 | 2.90      | 3.00 | 3.10 | 2.90      | 3.00 | 3.10 |
| e    | 0.65 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      |
| L    | 0.35      | 0.55 | 0.75 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| N    | 8         |      |      | 12        |      |      | 16        |      |      |
| ND   | 2         |      |      | 3         |      |      | 4         |      |      |
| NE   | 2         |      |      | 3         |      |      | 4         |      |      |
| A1   | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| A2   | 0.20 REF  |      |      | 0.20 REF  |      |      | 0.20 REF  |      |      |
| k    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    |

| EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS |      |      |      |      |      |      |             |        |  |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------|--------|--|
| PKG. CODES             | D2   |      |      | E2   |      |      | PIN ID      | JEDEC  |  |
|                        | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |             |        |  |
| TQ833-1                | 0.25 | 0.70 | 1.25 | 0.25 | 0.70 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEEC   |  |
| T1233-1                | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-1 |  |
| T1233-3                | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-1 |  |
| T1633-2                | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-2 |  |
| T1633-2C               | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-2 |  |
| T1633F-3               | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.225 x 45° | WEED-2 |  |
| T1633FH-3              | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.225 x 45° | WEED-2 |  |
| T1633-4                | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-2 |  |
| T1633-4C               | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-2 |  |
| T1633MK-5              | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 x 45°  | WEED-2 |  |

|               | EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |            |
|---------------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|
| PKG.<br>CODES | D2                     |      |      | E2   |      |      | L    |      |      | PIN ID     |
|               | MIN.                   | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |            |
| T1233-4       | 0.95                   | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.35 | 0.45 | 0.55 | 0.35 x 45° |
| T1633-5       | 0.95                   | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.45 | 0.35 x 45° |
| T1633-5C      | 0.95                   | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.95 | 1.10 | 1.25 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.45 | 0.35 x 45° |

#### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
  3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
  4. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
  5. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 mm AND 0.25 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
  6. ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
  7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
  8. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
  9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220 REVISION C. T1233-4, T1633-5 AND T1633-5C WITH CUSTOM LEAD DIMENSION.
  10. MARKING SHOWN IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.
  11. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
  12. WARPAGE NOT TO EXCEED 0.10mm.
  13. ALL DIMENSIONS APPLY TO BOTH LEADED (-) AND Pb FREE (+) PARTS.
- DRAWING NOT TO SCALE—



|                                                               |                                 |        |     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|-----|
| TITLE:<br>PACKAGE OUTLINE,<br>8, 12, 16L THIN QFN, 3x3x0.75mm |                                 |        |     |
| APPROVAL                                                      | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.<br>21-0136 | REV. O | 2/2 |

## Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | PAGES CHANGED            |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 0               | 9/13          | Initial release                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —                        |
| 1               | 11/13         | Added two new TOCs, replaced TOC 29, updated Figures 1–3, and made various corrections                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1, 4–20, 29–32, 34       |
| 2               | 8/14          | Added THD+N for TQFN package with typical spec                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 5                        |
| 3               | 1/15          | Updated spread-spectrum bandwidth spec                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 5, 28                    |
| 4               | 2/15          | Added automotive-qualified part                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 34                       |
| 5               | 6/15          | Updated TOCs 30a and 30b                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 12                       |
| 6               | 8/15          | Corrected package outline for WLP package                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 36                       |
| 7               | 2/16          | Removed future product designations                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 34                       |
| 8               | 6/16          | Removed future product designation on MAX98357AGTE/V+                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 34                       |
| 9               | 7/17          | Updated dynamic range and output noise specifications in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 5                        |
| 10              | 8/17          | Updated soldering temperature in the <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> section                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 4                        |
| 11              | 5/18          | Updated <i>General Description</i> , <i>Features</i> , and <i>Applications</i> sections, changed Class D Switching Frequency in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table and other sections, replaced TOC 20, added DC blocker information to <i>Detailed Description</i> section, updated and added figures to <i>Layout and Grounding</i> section | 1, 5, 11, 16, 28, 33, 34 |
| 12              | 4/19          | Updated <i>Features</i> section to match <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table typical values. Added <i>Startup</i> section and new Figure 6 for startup requirements when using BCLK = 256kHz                                                                                                                                                   | 1, 17–34                 |
| 13              | 7/19          | Updated TOCs 05 and 12                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 11, 12                   |

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