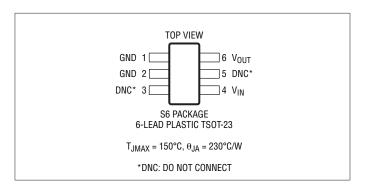
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PIN CONFIGURATION

(Note 1	
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Input Voltage	20V
Specified Temperature Range	
Commercial	0°C to 70°C
Industrial	40°C to 85°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
(Note 2)	40°C to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range	
(Note 3)	65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 se	c)300°C



ORDER INFORMATION http://www.linear.com/product/LT1790#orderinfo

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING*	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE
LT1790ACS6-1.25#PBF	LT1790ACS6-1.25#TRPBF	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-1.25#PBF	LT1790AIS6-1.25#TRPBF	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-1.25#PBF	LT1790BCS6-1.25#TRPBF	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-1.25#PBF	LT1790BIS6-1.25#TRPBF	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-2.048#PBF	LT1790ACS6-2.048#TRPBF	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-2.048#PBF	LT1790AIS6-2.048#TRPBF	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-2.048#PBF	LT1790BCS6-2.048#TRPBF	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-2.048#PBF	LT1790BIS6-2.048#TRPBF	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-2.5#PBF	LT1790ACS6-2.5#TRPBF	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-2.5#PBF	LT1790AIS6-2.5#TRPBF	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-2.5#PBF	LT1790BCS6-2.5#TRPBF	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-2.5#PBF	LT1790BIS6-2.5#TRPBF	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-3#PBF	LT1790ACS6-3#TRPBF	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-3#PBF	LT1790AIS6-3#TRPBF	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-3#PBF	LT1790BCS6-3#TRPBF	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-3#PBF	LT1790BIS6-3#TRPBF	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-3.3#PBF	LT1790ACS6-3.3#TRPBF	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-3.3#PBF	LT1790AIS6-3.3#TRPBF	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-3.3#PBF	LT1790BCS6-3.3#TRPBF	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-3.3#PBF	LT1790BIS6-3.3#TRPBF	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-4.096#PBF	LT1790ACS6-4.096#TRPBF	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-4.096#PBF	LT1790AIS6-4.096#TRPBF	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-4.096#PBF	LT1790BCS6-4.096#TRPBF	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-4.096#PBF	LT1790BIS6-4.096#TRPBF	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-5#PBF	LT1790ACS6-5#TRPBF	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-5#PBF	LT1790AIS6-5#TRPBF	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-5#PBF	LT1790BCS6-5#TRPBF	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-5#PBF	LT1790BIS6-5#TRPBF	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C

ORDER INFORMATION

LEAD BASED FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING*	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE
LT1790ACS6-1.25	LT1790ACS6-1.25#TR	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-1.25	LT1790AIS6-1.25#TR	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-1.25	LT1790BCS6-1.25#TR	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-1.25	LT1790BIS6-1.25#TR	LTXT	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-2.048	LT1790ACS6-2.048#TR	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-2.048	LT1790AIS6-2.048#TR	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-2.048	LT1790BCS6-2.048#TR	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-2.048	LT1790BIS6-2.048#TR	LTXU	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-2.5	LT1790ACS6-2.5#TR	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-2.5	LT1790AIS6-2.5#TR	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-2.5	LT1790BCS6-2.5#TR	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-2.5	LT1790BIS6-2.5#TR	LTPZ	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-3	LT1790ACS6-3#TR	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-3	LT1790AIS6-3#TR	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-3	LT1790BCS6-3#TR	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-3	LT1790BIS6-3#TR	LTQA	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-3.3	LT1790ACS6-3.3#TR	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-3.3	LT1790AIS6-3.3#TR	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-3.3	LT1790BCS6-3.3#TR	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-3.3	LT1790BIS6-3.3#TR	LTXW	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-4.096	LT1790ACS6-4.096#TR	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-4.096	LT1790AIS6-4.096#TR	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-4.096	LT1790BCS6-4.096#TR	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-4.096	LT1790BIS6-4.096#TR	LTQB	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790ACS6-5	LT1790ACS6-5#TR	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790AIS6-5	LT1790AIS6-5#TR	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT1790BCS6-5	LT1790BCS6-5#TR	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LT1790BIS6-5	LT1790BIS6-5#TR	LTQC	6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges. *The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container. For more information on lead free part marking, go to: http://www.linear.com/leadfree/

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/. Some packages are available in 500 unit reels through designated sales channels with #TRMPBF suffix.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

			TEMPERAT	URE RANGE
OUTPUT	INITIAL	TEMPERATURE	0°C TO 70°C	-40°C TO 85°C
VOLTAGE	ACCURACY	COEFFICIENT	ORDER PART NUMBER	ORDER PART NUMBER
1.250V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-1.25	LT1790AIS6-1.25
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-1.25	LT1790BIS6-1.25
2.048V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-2.048	LT1790AIS6-2.048
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-2.048	LT1790BIS6-2.048
2.500V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-2.5	LT1790AIS6-2.5
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-2.5	LT1790BIS6-2.5
3.000V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-3	LT1790AIS6-3
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-3	LT1790BIS6-3
3.300V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-3.3	LT1790AIS6-3.3
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-3.3	LT1790BIS6-3.3
4.096V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-4.096	LT1790AIS6-4.096
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-4.096	LT1790BIS6-4.096
5.000V	0.05%	10ppm/°C	LT1790ACS6-5	LT1790AIS6-5
	0.1%	25ppm/°C	LT1790BCS6-5	LT1790BIS6-5

1.25V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 2.6V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		1.24937 -0.05	1.25	1.25062 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		1.24875 -0.1	1.25	1.25125 0.1	V %
	LT1790AC	•	1.24850 -0.12	1.25	1.2515 0.12	V %
	LT1790AI	•	1.24781 -0.175	1.25	1.25219 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	1.24656 -0.275	1.25	1.25344 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	1.24484 -0.4125	1.25	1.25516 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	$ T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX} $ LT1790A LT1790B	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$2.6V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA, V _{IN} = 2.8V	•		100	160 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I_{OUT} Sink = 1mA, V_{IN} = 3.2V	•		120	180 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Minimum Operating Voltage (Note 7)	V _{IN} , ΔV _{OUT} = 0.1% I _{OUT} = 0mA I _{OUT} Source = 5mA I _{OUT} Sink = 1mA	•		1.95	2.15 2.50 2.90 2.95	V V V

1.25V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 2.6V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 75	μΑ μΑ
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	$V_{OUT} = -1.25V, \pm 0.1\%$			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1µF			250		μs
Output Noise (Note 8)	$0.1Hz \le f \le 10Hz$ $10Hz \le f \le 1kHz$			10 14		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

2.048V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 2.8V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		2.04697 -0.05	2.048	2.04902 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		2.04595 -0.1	2.048	2.05005 0.1	V %
	LT1790AC	•	2.04554 -0.12	2.048	2.05046 0.12	V %
	LT1790AI	•	2.04442 -0.175	2.048	2.05158 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	2.04237 -0.275	2.048	2.05363 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	2.03955 -0.4125	2.048	2.05645 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	$ T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX} $ LT1790A LT1790B	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$2.8V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA	•		120	200 280	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		130	260 450	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA I_{OUT} Source = 5mA I_{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		50	100 500 750 450	mV mV mV
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 75	μΑ μΑ
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	$V_{OUT} = -2.048V, 0.1\%$			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1μF			350		μs

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2.048V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 2.8V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Output Noise (Note 8)	$ 0.1Hz \le f \le 10Hz $ $10Hz \le f \le 1kHz $			22 41		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

2.5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 3V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		2.49875 -0.05	2.5	2.50125 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		2.4975 -0.1	2.5	2.5025 0.1	V %
	LT1790AC	•	2.4970 -0.12	2.5	2.5030 0.12	V %
	LT1790Al	•	2.49563 -0.175	2.5	2.50438 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	2.49313 -0.275	2.5	2.50688 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	2.48969 -0.4125	2.5	2.51031 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	$ T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX} $ LT1790A LT1790B	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$3V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA	•		80	160 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		70	110 300	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA I_{OUT} Source = 5mA I_{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		50	100 120 450 250	mV mV mV
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 80	μA μA
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	$V_{OUT} = -2.5V, 0.1\%$			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1μF			700		μs
Output Noise (Note 8)	$\begin{array}{l} 0.1 Hz \leq f \leq 10 Hz \\ 10 Hz \leq f \leq 1 kHz \end{array}$			32 48		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

3V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. $C_L = 1\mu\text{F}$ and $V_{IN} = 3.5\text{V}$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		2.9985 -0.05	3	3.0015 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		2.9970 -0.10	3	3.0030 0.10	V %
	LT1790AC	•	2.99640 -0.12	3	3.00360 0.12	V %
	LT1790AI	•	2.99475 -0.175	3	3.00525 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	2.99175 -0.275	3	3.00825 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	2.98763 -0.4125	3	3.01238 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	$ \begin{array}{c} T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX} \\ LT1790A \\ LT1790B \end{array} $	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$3.5V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA	•		80	160 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		70	110 300	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA I_{OUT} Source = 5mA I_{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		50	100 120 450 250	mV mV mV
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 80	μA μA
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	$V_{OUT} = -3V, 0.1\%$			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1µF			700		μs
Output Noise (Note 8)	$\begin{array}{l} 0.1 Hz \leq f \leq 10 Hz \\ 10 Hz \leq f \leq 1 kHz \end{array}$			50 56		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

3.3V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. C_L = 1 μ F and V_{IN} = 3.8V, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		3.29835 -0.05	3.3	3.30165 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		3.2967 -0.10	3.3	3.3033 0.10	V %
	LT1790AC	•	3.29604 -0.120	3.3	3.30396 0.120	V %
	LT1790AI	•	3.29423 -0.175	3.3	3.30578 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	3.29093 -0.275	3.3	3.30908 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	3.28639 -0.4125	3.3	3.31361 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	T _{MIN} ≤ T _A ≤ T _{MAX} LT1790A LT1790B	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$3.8V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA	•		80	160 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		70	110 300	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	V _{IN} - V _{OUT} , Δ V _{OUT} = 0.1% I _{OUT} = 0mA I _{OUT} Source = 5mA I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		50	100 120 450 250	mV mV mV
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 80	μA μA
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	V _{OUT} = -3.3V, 0.1%			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1μF			700		μs
Output Noise (Note 8)	0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz 10Hz ≤ f ≤ 1kHz			50 67		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

4.096V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 4.6V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		4.094 -0.05	4.096	4.098 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		4.092 -0.10	4.096	4.10 0.10	V %
	LT1790AC	•	4.09108 -0.120	4.096	4.10092 0.120	V %
	LT1790AI	•	4.08883 -0.175	4.096	4.10317 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	4.08474 -0.275	4.096	4.10726 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	4.07910 -0.4125	4.096	4.11290 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	T _{MIN} ≤ T _A ≤ T _{MAX} LT1790A LT1790B	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$4.6V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA	•		80	160 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		70	110 300	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA I_{OUT} Source = 5mA I_{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		50	100 120 450 250	mV mV mV
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 80	μA μA
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	V _{OUT} = -4.096V, 0.1%			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1μF			700		μs
Output Noise (Note 8)	0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz 10Hz ≤ f ≤ 1kHz			60 89		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25\,^{\circ}$ C. $C_L = 1\mu F$ and $V_{IN} = 5.5V$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Notes 3, 4)	LT1790A		4.9975 -0.05	5	5.0025 0.05	V %
	LT1790B		4.995 -0.10	5	5.005 0.10	V %
	LT1790AC	•	4.99400 -0.120	5	5.00600 0.120	V %
	LT1790AI	•	4.99125 -0.175	5	5.00875 0.175	V %
	LT1790BC	•	4.98625 -0.275	5	5.01375 0.275	V %
	LT1790BI	•	4.97938 -0.4125	5	5.02063 0.4125	V %
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	$ \begin{array}{c} T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX} \\ LT1790A \\ LT1790B \end{array} $	•		5 12	10 25	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$5.5V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	•		50	170 220	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Note 6)	I _{OUT} Source = 5mA	•		80	160 250	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	I _{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		70	110 300	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA I_{OUT} Source = 5mA I_{OUT} Sink = 3mA	•		50	100 120 450 250	mV mV mV
Supply Current	No Load	•		35	60 80	μΑ μΑ
Minimum Operating Current— Negative Output (See Figure 7)	$V_{OUT} = -5V, 0.1\%$			100	125	μА
Turn-On Time	C _{LOAD} = 1μF			700		μs
Output Noise (Note 8)	0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz 10Hz ≤ f ≤ 1kHz			80 118		μV _{P-P} μV _{RMS}
Long-Term Drift of Output Voltage (Note 9)				50		ppm/√kHr
Hysteresis (Note 10)	$\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C $\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		25 40		ppm ppm

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: The LT1790 is guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of -40°C to 125°C. The LT1790-1.25 at 125°C is typically less than 2% above the nominal voltage. The other voltage options are typically less than 0.25% above their nominal voltage.

Note 3: If the part is stored outside of the specified temperature range, the output voltage may shift due to hysteresis.

Note 4: ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) sensitive device. Extensive use of ESD protection devices are used internal to the LT1790, however, high electrostatic discharge can damage or degrade the device. Use proper ESD handling precautions.

Note 5: Temperature coefficient is measured by dividing the change in output voltage by the specified temperature range. Incremental slope is also measured at 25°C.

Note 6: Load regulation is measured on a pulse basis from no load to the specified load current. Output changes due to die temperature change must be taken into account separately.

Note 7: Excludes load regulation errors.

/ LINEAR

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note 8: Peak-to-peak noise is measured with a single pole highpass filter at 0.1Hz and a 2-pole lowpass filter at 10Hz. The unit is enclosed in a still air environment to eliminate thermocouple effects on the leads. The test time is 10 seconds. Integrated RMS noise is measured from 10Hz to 1kHz with the HP3561A analyzer.

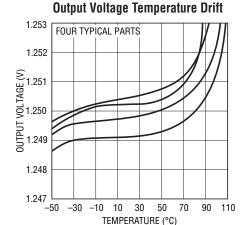
Note 9: Long-term drift typically has a logarithmic characteristic and therefore changes after 1000 hours tend to be smaller than before that time. Long-term drift is affected by differential stress between the IC and the board material created during board assembly. See the Applications Information section.

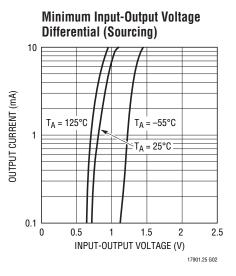
Note 10: Hysteresis in the output voltage is created by package stress that differs depending on whether the IC was previously at a higher or lower temperature. Output voltage is always measured at 25°C, but the IC is cycled to 85°C or –40°C before a successive measurements. Hysteresis is roughly proportional to the square of the temperature change. Hysteresis is not a problem for operational temperature excursions where the instrument might be stored at high or low temperature. See the Applications Information section.

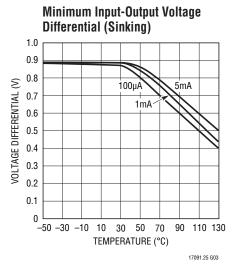
1.25V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

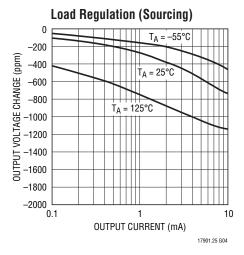
17091.25 G01

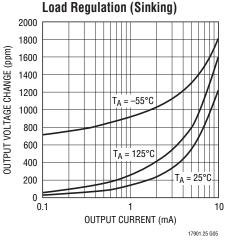
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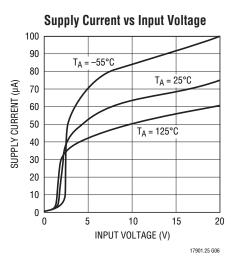










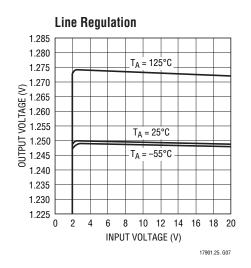


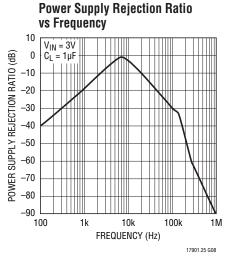
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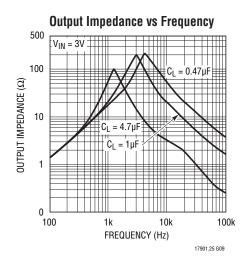
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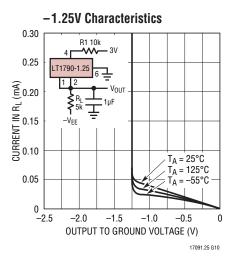
1.25V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

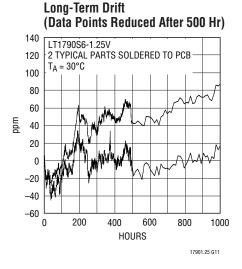
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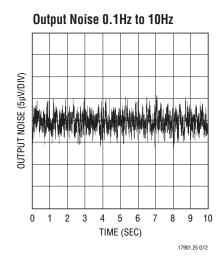


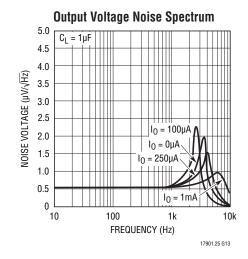


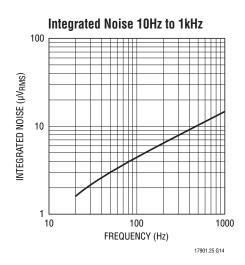






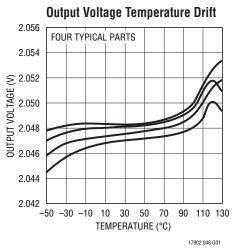


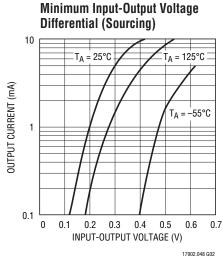


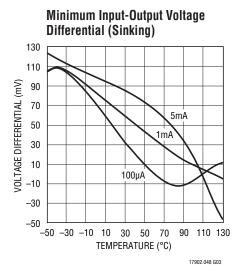


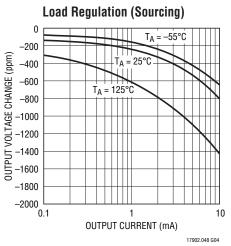
2.048V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

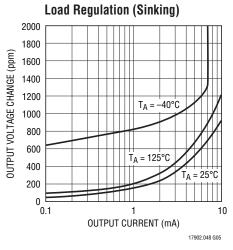
Each of the voltage options have similar performance curves. For the 3V, 3.3V and the 4.096V options, the curves can be estimated based on the 2.5V and 5V curves.

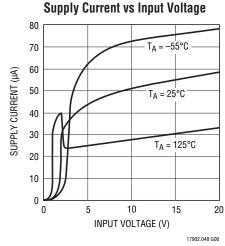


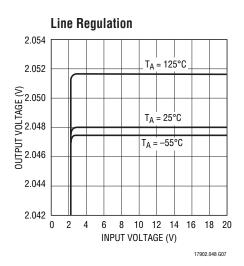


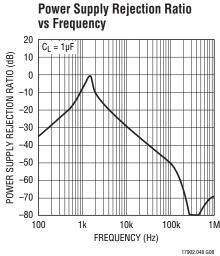


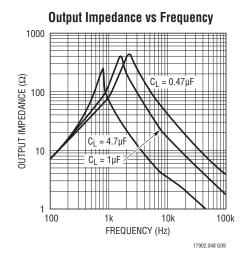






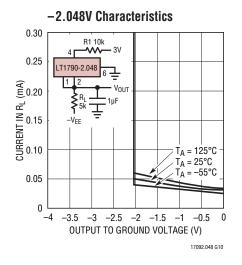


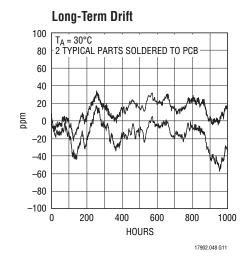


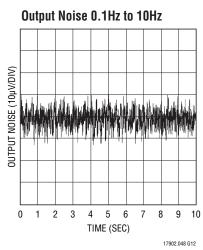


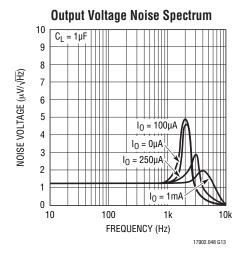
2.048V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

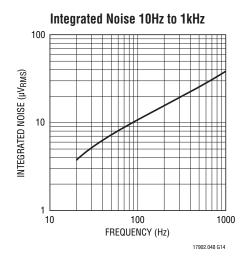
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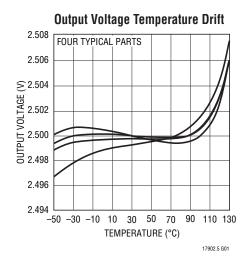


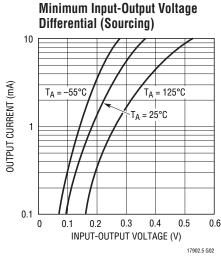


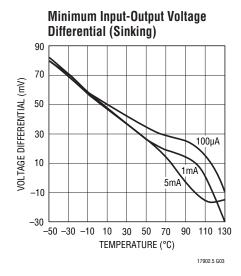
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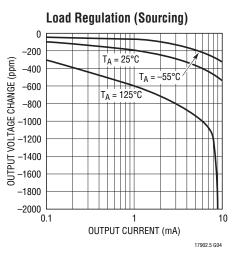
2.5V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

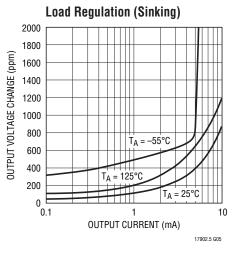
Each of the voltage options have similar performance curves. For the 3V, 3.3V and the 4.096V options, the curves can be estimated based on the 2.5V and 5V curves.

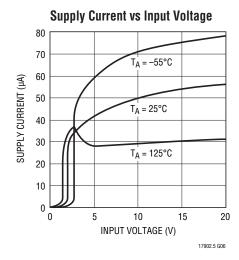


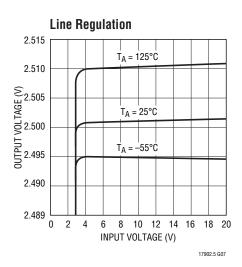


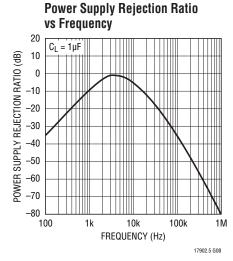


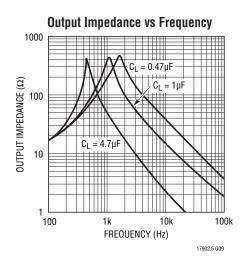










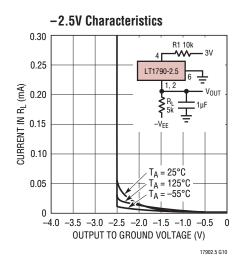


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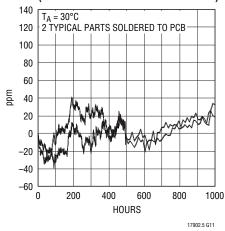
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2.5V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

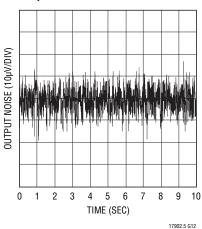
Each of the voltage options have similar performance curves. For the 3V, 3.3V and the 4.096V options, the curves can be estimated based on the 2.5V and 5V curves.



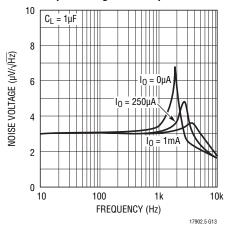




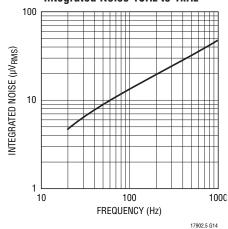
Output Noise 0.1Hz to 10Hz



Output Voltage Noise Spectrum



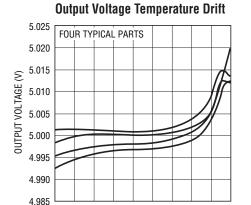
Integrated Noise 10Hz to 1kHz



5V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

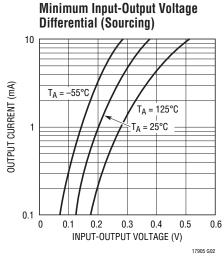
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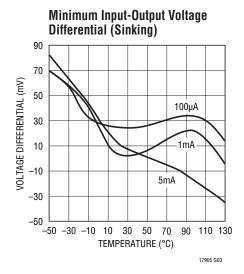
Each of the voltage options have similar performance curves. For the 3V, 3.3V and the 4.096V options, the curves can be estimated based on the 2.5V and 5V curves.

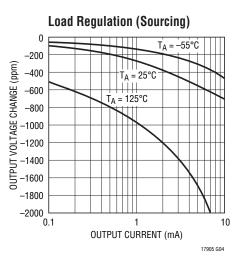


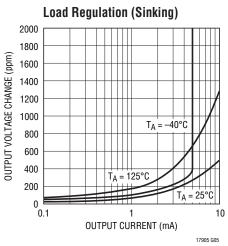
TEMPERATURE (°C)

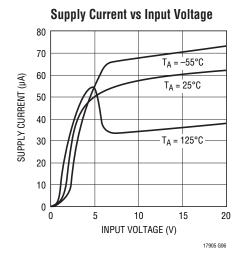
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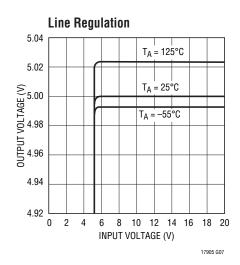


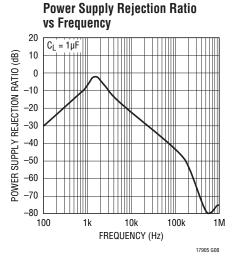


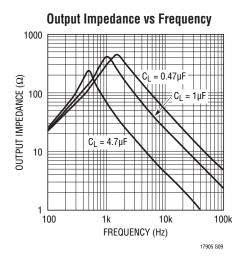






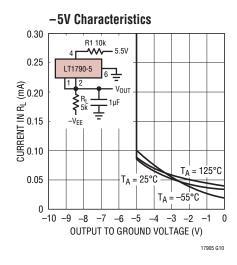


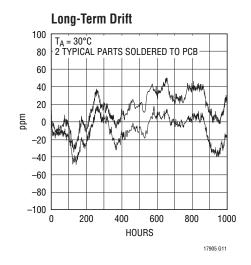


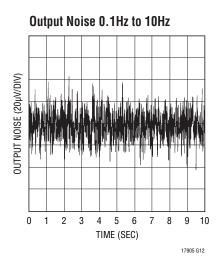


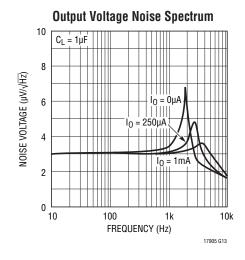
5V TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

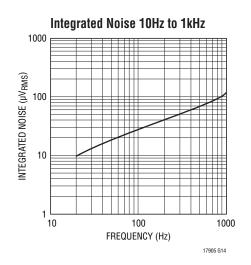
Each of the voltage options have similar performance curves. For the 3V, 3.3V and the 4.096V options, the curves can be estimated based on the 2.5V and 5V curves.











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Bypass and Load Capacitors

The LT1790 voltage references should have an input bypass capacitor of $0.1\mu F$ or larger, however the bypassing of other local devices may serve as the required component. These references also require an output capacitor for stability. The optimum output capacitance for most applications is $1\mu F$, although larger values work as well. This capacitor affects the turn-on and settling time for the output to reach its final value.

All LT1790 voltages perform virtually the same, so the LT1790-2.5 is used as an example.

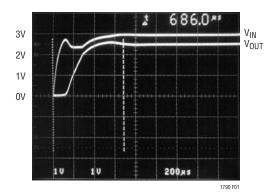


Figure 1. Turn-On Characteristics of LT1790-2.5

Figure 1 shows the turn-on time for the LT1790-2.5 with a $1\mu F$ input bypass and $1\mu F$ load capacitor. Figure 2 shows the output response to a 0.5V transient on V_{IN} with the same capacitors.

The test circuit of Figure 3 is used to measure the stability of various load currents. With $R_L = 1k$, the 1V step produces a current step of 1mA. Figure 4 shows the response to a ± 0.5 mA load. Figure 5 is the output response to a sourcing step from 4mA to 5mA, and Figure 6 is the output response of a sinking step from -4mA to -5mA.

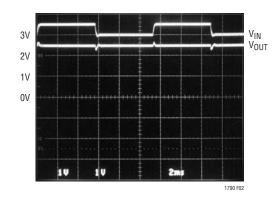


Figure 2. Output Response to 0.5V Ripple on VIN

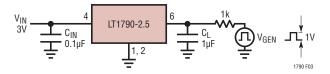


Figure 3. Response Time Test Circuit

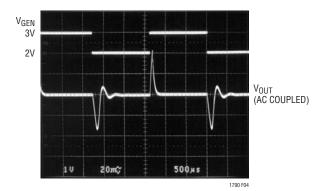


Figure 4. LT1790-2.5 Sourcing and Sinking 0.5mA

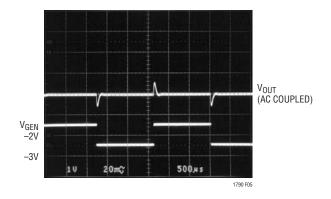


Figure 5. LT1790-2.5 Sourcing 4mA to 5mA



Positive or Negative Operation

Series operation is ideal for extending battery life. If an LT1790 is operated in series mode it does not require an external current setting resistor. The specifications guarantee that the LT1790 family operates to 18V. When the circuitry being regulated does not demand current, the series connected LT1790 consumes only a few hundred μ W, yet the same connection can sink or source 5mA of load current when demanded. A typical series connection is shown on the front page of this data sheet.

The circuit in Figure 7 shows the connection for a -2.5V reference, although any LT1790 voltage option can be configured this way to make a negative reference. The LT1790 can be used as very stable negative references, however, they require a positive voltage applied to Pin 4 to bias internal circuitry. This voltage must be current limited with R1 to keep the output PNP transistor from

turning on and driving the grounded output. C1 provides stability during load transients. This connection maintains nearly the same accuracy and temperature coefficient of the positive connected LT1790.

Long-Term Drift

Long-term drift cannot be extrapolated from accelerated high temperature testing. This erroneous technique gives drift numbers that are widely optimistic. The only way long-term drift can be determined is to measure it over the time interval of interest. The LT1790S6 drift data was taken on over 100 parts that were soldered into PC boards similar to a *real world* application. The boards were then placed into a constant temperature oven with $T_A = 30^{\circ}\text{C}$, their outputs scanned regularly and measured with an 8.5 digit DVM. Long-term drift curves are shown in the Typical Performance Characteristics section.

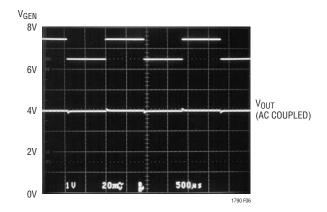


Figure 6. LT1790-2.5 Sinking -4mA to -5mA

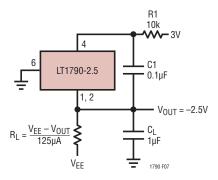


Figure 7. Using the LT1790-2.5 to Build a -2.5V Reference

Hysteresis

Hysteresis data shown in Figures 8 and 9 represent the worst-case data taken on parts from 0°C to 70°C and from -40°C to 85°C. Units were cycled several times over these temperature ranges and the largest change is shown. As expected, the parts cycled over the higher temperature range have higher hysteresis than those cycled over the lower range.

In addition to thermal hysteresis, the thermal shock associated with high temperature soldering may cause the output to shift. For traditional PbSn solder temperatures, the output shift of the LT1790 is typically just 150ppm (0.015%).

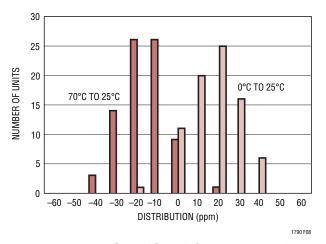


Figure 8. Worst-Case 0°C to 70°C Hysteresis on 79 Units

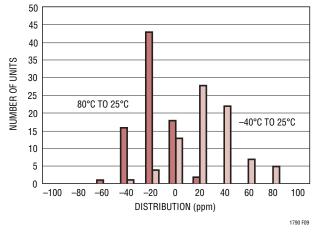


Figure 9. Worst-Case -40°C to 85°C Hysteresis on 80 Units

For lead-free solder, IR reflow temperatures are much higher, often 240°C to 260°C at the peak. As a result, the packaging materials have been optimized to reduce V_{OUT} shift as possible during high temperature reflow. In addition, care should be taken when using lead-free solder to minimize the peak temperature and dwell time as much as is practical. A typical lead-free reflow profile is shown in Figure 10. LT1790 units were heated using a similar profile, with a peak temperature of 250°C. These parts were run through the heating process 3 times to show the cumulative effect of these heat cycles. Figure

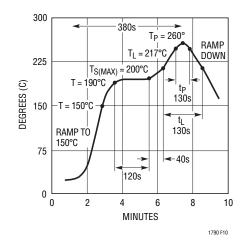


Figure 10. Lead-Free Reflow Profile

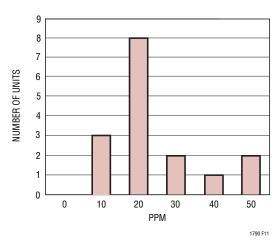


Figure 11. 1X IR Reflow Peak Temperature = 250°C, Delta Output Voltage (ppm)



11 shows the shift after 1 cycle, while Figure 12 shows shift after 3 cycles. In the worst case, shifts are typically 150ppm, but may be as high as 290ppm. Shifts in output voltage are proportional to temperature and dwell time.

In general, the output shift can be reduced or fully recovered by a long (12-24 hour) bake of the completed PC Board assembly at high temperature (100°C to 150C°) after soldering to remove mechanical stress that has been induced by thermal shock. Once the PC Boards have cooled to room temperature, they may continue to shift for up to 3 times the bake time. This should be taken into account before any calibration is performed.

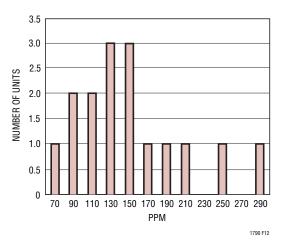


Figure 12. 3X IR Reflow Peak Temperature = 250°C, Delta Output Voltage (ppm)

Higher Input Voltage

The circuit in Figure 13 shows an easy way to increase the input voltage range of the LT1790. The Zener diode can be anywhere from 6V to 18V. For equal power sharing between R1 and the Zener (at 30V), the 18V option is better. The circuit can tolerate much higher voltages for short periods and is suitable for transient protection.

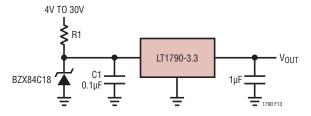


Figure 13. Extended Supply Range Reference

Assuming $80\mu A$ max supply current for the LT1790, a $25\mu A$ load, 120mV max dropout and a 4V to 30V input specification, the largest that R1 can be is $(4V-3.3V-120mV)/(80\mu A+25\mu A)=5.5k$. Furthermore, assuming 220mW of dissipation in the 18V SOT-23 Zener, this gives a max current of (220mW)/(18V)=12.2mA. So the smallest that R1 should be is (30V-18V)/12.2mA=1k, rated at 150mW.

With R1 = 1k, and assuming a 450mV worst-case dropout, the LT1790 can deliver a minimum current of (4V -3.3V-450mV)/(1k) = 250 μ A. In Figure 13, R1 and C1 provide filtering of the Zener noise when the Zener is in its noisy V-I knee.

There are other variations for higher voltage operation that use a pass transistor shown in Figures 14 and 15. These circuits allow the input voltage to be as high as 160V while maintaining low supply current.

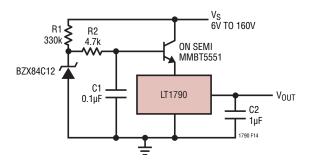


Figure 14. Extended Supply Range Reference

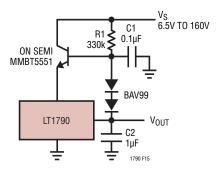


Figure 15. Extended Supply Range Reference

LINEAR TECHNOLOGY

More Output Current

The circuit in Figure 16 is a compact, high output current, low dropout precision supply. The circuit uses the SOT-23 LT1782 and the ThinSOT LT1790. Resistive divider R1 and R2 set a voltage 22mV below V_S . For under 1mA of output current, the LT1790 supplies the load. Above 1mA of load current, the (+) input of the LT1782 is pulled below the 22mV divider reference and the output FET turns on to supply the load current. Capacitor C1 stops oscillations in the transition region. The no load standing current is only 120µA, yet the output can deliver over 300mA.

Noise

An estimate of the total integrated noise from 10Hz to 1kHz can be made by multiplying the flat band spot noise by \sqrt{BW} . For example, from the Typical Performance curves, the LT1790-1.25 noise spectrum shows the average spot noise to be about $450 \text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$. The square root of the

bandwidth is $\sqrt{990}$ = 31.4. The total noise 10Hz to 1kHz noise is (450nV)(31.4) = 14.1 μ V. This agrees well with the measured noise.

This estimate may not be as good with higher voltage options, there are several reasons for this. Higher voltage options have higher noise and they have higher variability due to process variations. 10Hz to 1kHz noise may vary by 2dB on the LT1790-5 and 1dB on the LT1790-2.5.

Measured noise may also vary because of peaking in the noise spectrum. This effect can be seen in the range of 1kHz to 10kHz with all voltage options sourcing different load currents. From the Typical Performance curves the 10Hz to 1kHz noise spectrum of the LT1790-5 is shown to be $3\mu V/\sqrt{Hz}$ at low frequency. The estimated noise is $(3\mu V)(31.4) = 93.4\mu V$. The actual integrated 10Hz to 1kHz noise measures 118.3 μV . The peaking shown causes this larger number. Peaking is a function of output capacitor as well as load current and process variations.

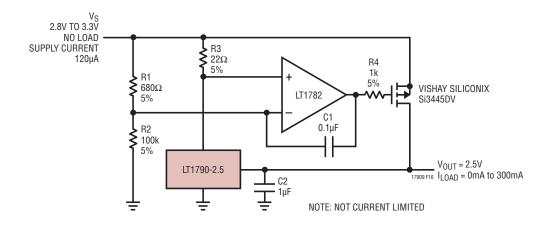
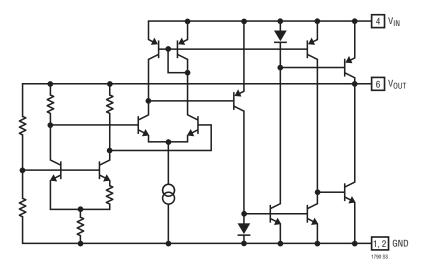


Figure 16. Compact, High Output Current, Low Dropout, Precision 2.5V Supply

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC

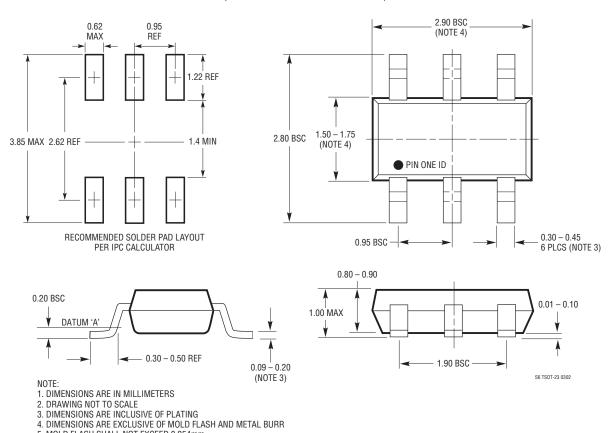


PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Please refer to http://www.linear.com/product/LT1790#packaging for the most recent package drawings.

S6 Package 6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1636)



1790fc

5. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.254mm 6. JEDEC PACKAGE REFERENCE IS MO-193

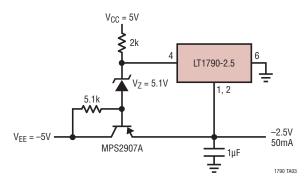
REVISION HISTORY (Revision history begins at Rev C)

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NUMBER
С	09/16	Frequency Values on Output Impedance vs Frequency graph for 2.048V Typical Performance Characteristics corrected.	13
		Package Description updated.	24
		Revision History added.	25
		Web links added.	ALL



TYPICAL APPLICATION

-2.5V Negative 50mA Series Reference **No Load Supply Current** $I_{CC} = 1.6 \text{mA}$ $I_{EE} = 440 \mu A$



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1019	Precision Reference	Low Noise Bandgap, 0.05%, 5ppm/°C
LTC®1798	Micropower Low Dropout Reference	0.15% Max, 6.5µA Supply Current
LT1460	Micropower Precision Series Reference	Bandgap, 130µA Supply Current, 10ppm/°C, Available in SOT-23
LT1461	Micropower Precision Low Dropout Reference	Bandgap 0.04%, 3ppm/°C, 50µA Max Supply Current