

FMS6410B Dual-Channel Video Drivers with Integrated Filters and Composite Video Summer

Features

- 7.1MHz fifth-order Y,C filters with composite summer
- 50dB stopband attenuation at 27MHz on Y, C, and CV outputs
- Better than 0.1dB flatness to 4.5MHz on Y, C, and CV outputs
- No external frequency selection components or clocks
- < 5ns group delay on Y, C, and CV outputs</p>
- AC-coupled inputs
- AC- or DC-coupled outputs
- Capable of PAL frequency selection components or clocks
- 0.3% differential gain with 0.2° differential phase on Y, C, and CV channels
- Integrated DC restore circuitry with low tilt
- Lead-free SOIC-8 package

Applications

- Cable and satellite set-top boxes
- DVD players
- Personal Video Recorders (PVR)
- Video On Demand (VOD)

Block Diagrams

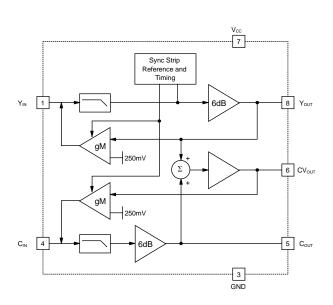


Figure 1. Block Diagram

© 2004 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation FMS6410B Rev. 1.0.2

Description

The FMS6410B is a dual Y/C fifth-order Butterworth lowpass video filter optimized for minimum overshoot and flat group delay. The device also contains a summing circuit to generate filtered composite video. In a typical application, the Y and C input signals from DACs are AC coupled into the filters. Both channels have DC restore circuitry to clamp the DC input levels during video sync. The Y and C channels use separate feedback clamps. The clamp pulse is derived from the Y channel.

All outputs are capable of driving $2V_{pp}$, AC or DC coupled, into either a single or dual video load. A single video load consists of a series 75Ω impedance matching resistor connected to a terminated 75Ω line. This presents a total of 150Ω of loading to the part. A dual load is two of these in parallel, which presents a total of 75Ω to the part. The gain of the Y, C, and CV signals is 6dB with $1V_{pp}$ input levels. All video channels are clamped during sync to establish the appropriate output voltage reference levels.

October 2006

Ordering Infor	mation		
Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature Range	Pb-Free

FMS6410BCS	SOIC-8	0°C to 70°C	Yes	Rail	95
FMS6410BCSX	SOIC-8	0°C to 70°C	Yes	Reel	2500

Pin Configuration

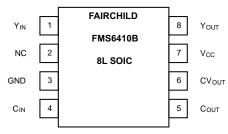
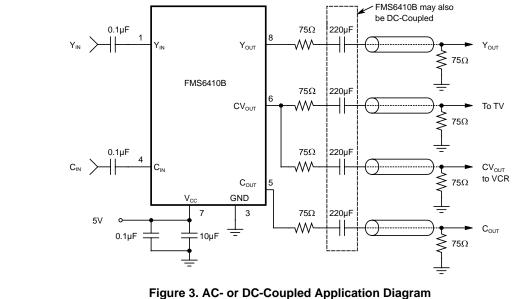


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Pin Assignments

Pin#	Pin	Туре	Description			
1	Y _{IN}	Input	Luminance (luma) input: This pin is typically connected to the luma or composite video output pin from the external video encoder.			
2	NC		No connect.			
3 GND Input		Input	Must be tied to ground.			
4	C _{IN}	Input	Chrominance (chroma) Input: This pin is typically connected to the chroma output pin from the external video encoder.			
5	C _{OUT}	Output	Filtered chrominance video output from the C _{IN} channel.			
6	CV _{OUT}	Output	Composite video output: This pin is the sum of Y_{OUT} and C_{OUT} .			
7	VCC	Input	+5V supply.			
8	Y _{OUT}	Output	Filtered luminance output from the Y _{IN} channel.			

Typical Application Diagram



Pack Qty.

Container

Absolute Maximum Ratings

The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table defines the conditions for actual device operation.

Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	-0.3	6.0	V
Analog and Digital I/O	-0.3	V _{cc} + 0.3	V
Output Current Any One Channel, Do Not Exceed		40	mA

Reliability Information

Symbol	Parameter		Тур.	Max.	Unit
TJ	Junction Temperature			150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range			150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)			300	°C
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance, JEDEC Standard Multi-Layer Test Boards, Still Air		115		°C/W

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	0		70	°C
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage Range	4.75	5.00	5.25	V

DC Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{IN} = 1V_{pp}$; all inputs are AC coupled with 0.1μ F; all outputs are AC coupled with 220μ F into 150Ω loads; referenced to 400kHz; unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{CC}	Supply Current ⁽¹⁾	No Load		50	60	mA
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Maximum			1.4		V _{pp}
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	All Channels, DC		60		dB

Notes:

1. 100% tested at 25°C.

AC Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 5V$, $V_{IN} = 1V_{pp}$; all inputs are AC coupled with 0.1μ F; all outputs are AC coupled with 220μ F into 150Ω loads; referenced to 400kHz; unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
AV Channel Gain ⁽¹⁾		All Channels	5.75	6.00	6.25	dB
C _{sync} C _{OUT} Output Level (during sync) ⁽¹⁾ S		Sync Present on Y _{IN} (after 6dB gain)		1.0	1.3	V
Y _{sync}	Y _{OUT} Output Level (during sync) ⁽¹⁾	Sync Present on Y _{IN} (after 6dB gain)		0.35	0.50	V
CV _{sync}	CV _{OUT} Output Level (during sync) ⁽¹⁾	Sync Present on Y _{IN} (after 6dB gain)		0.35	0.50	V
t _{CLAMP}	Clamp Response Time	Y Channel, Settled to within 10mV		10		ms
f _{FLAT}	Gain Flatness to 4.5MHz	All Channels		0		dB
f _C	-3dB Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	All Channels	6.7	7.1		MHz
f _{SB}	Stopband Attenuation ⁽¹⁾	All Channels at 27MHz	42	50		dB
dG	Differential Gain	All Channels		0.3		%
dP	Differential Phase	All Channels		0.2		deg
THD Output Distortion		V _{OUT} = 1.4V _{pp} , 3.58MHz		0.3		%
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk	at 3.58MHz		-50		dB
SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio	All Channels, NTC-7 weighting, 4.2MHz LP, 100kHz HP		82		dB
t _{pd}	Propagation Delay	All Channels		115		ns
GD Group Delay Deviation		All Channels at 3.58MHz		4		ns
t _{SKEW} Skew Between Y _{OUT} and C _{OUT}		at 1MHz		0		ns
t _{CLGCV}	Chroma-Luma Gain CV _{OUT} ⁽¹⁾	$f = 3.58MHz$ (Ref. to Y_{IN} at 400kHz)	96	100	104	%
t _{CLDCV}	Chroma-Luma Delay CV _{OUT}	f = 3.58MHz (Ref. to Y _{IN} at 400kHz)		4		ns

Notes:

1. 100% tested at 25°C.

Applications Information

Functional Description

This product is a two-channel, monolithic, continuoustime, video filter designed for reconstructing the luminance and chrominance signals from an S-Video D/A source. Composite video output is generated by summing the Y and C outputs. The chip is designed to have AC-coupled inputs and work with either AC- or DC-coupled outputs.

The reconstruction filters provide a fifth-order Butterworth response with group delay equalization. This provides a maximally flat response in terms of delay and amplitude. Each of the three outputs is capable of driving $2V_{pp}$ into a 75 Ω load.

All channels are clamped during the sync interval to set the appropriate minimum output DC level. With this operation, the effective input time constant is greatly reduced, which allows use of small, low-cost coupling capacitors. The net effect is that the input settles to 10mV in 10ms for any DC shifts present in the input video signal.

In most applications, the input coupling capacitors are 0.1μ F. The Y and C inputs typically sink 1μ A of current during active video, which normally tilts a horizontal line by 2mV at the Y output. During sync, the clamp restores this leakage current by sourcing an average of 20μ A over the clamp interval. Any change in the coupling capacitor values affect the amount of tilt per line. Any reduction in tilt comes with an increase in settling time.

Luminance (Y) I/O

The typical luma input is driven by either a low-impedance source of $1V_{pp}$ or the output of a 75Ω terminated line driven by the output of a current DAC. In either case, the input must be capacitively coupled to allow the syncdetect and DC-restore circuitry to operate properly.

All outputs are capable of driving $2V_{pp}$, AC or DC coupled, into either a single or dual video load. A single video load consists of a series 75Ω impedance matching resistor connected to a terminated 75Ω line, presenting a total of 150Ω of loading to the part. A dual load is two of these in parallel, which presents a total of 75Ω to the part. The gain of the Y, C, and CV signals is 6dB with $1V_{pp}$ input levels.

Chrominance (C) I/O

The chrominance input can be driven in the same manner as the luminance input, but is typically only a $0.7 \rm V_{pp}$ signal.

Since the chrominance signal doesn't contain any DC content, the output signal can be AC coupled using a capacitor as small as 0.1μ F if DC coupling is not desired.

Composite Video (CV) Output

The composite video output driver is same as the other outputs.

Layout Considerations

General layout and supply bypassing play major roles in high-frequency performance and thermal characteristics. Fairchild offers a demonstration board, FMS6410BDEMO, to guide layout and aid device testing and characterization. The FMS6410BDEMO is a fourlayer board with a full power and ground plane. For optimum results, follow the steps below as a basis for highfrequency layout:

- Include 10µF and 0.1µF ceramic bypass capacitors.
- Place the 10µF capacitor within 0.75 inches of the power pin.
- Place the 0.1µF capacitor within 0.1 inches of the power pin.
- If using DC-coupled outputs, use a large ground plane to help dissipate heat.
- Minimize all trace lengths to reduce series inductances.

Output Interface

To obtain the highest quality output signal, place the series termination resistor as close to the device output pin as possible. This greatly reduces the parasitic capacitance and inductance effect on the output of the driver. Place the series termination resistor less than 0.1 inches from the device pin, as shown in Figure 4.

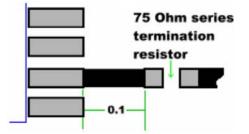
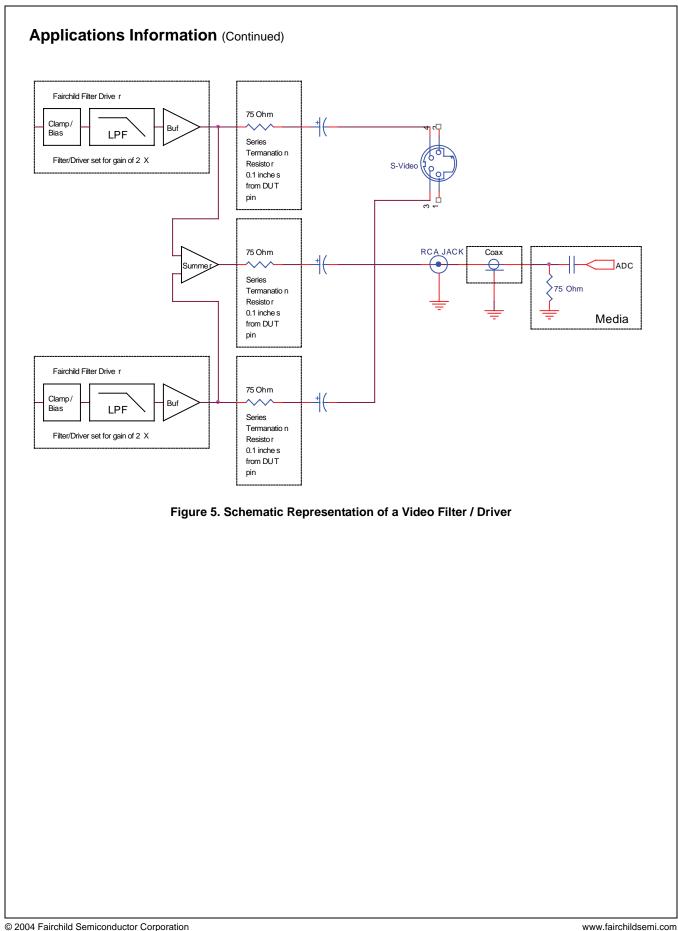
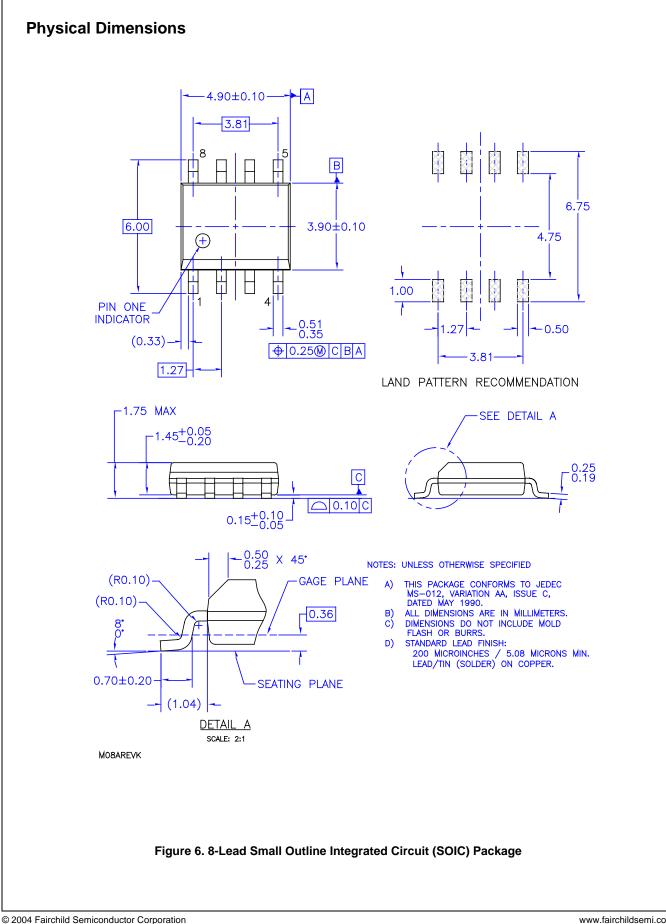


Figure 4. 75 Ω Series Resistor 0.1 Inches from Pin

Figure 5 is the schematic representation of a video filter/ driver used in a system as the output driver to a media device. In this case, the composite video signal is terminated by the media device and the S-video output terminations are open. It is very critical to have the series termination resistors close to the output pins of the device to minimize the effects of parasitic capacitance on the filter output driver which may show up as noise on the CV output.



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