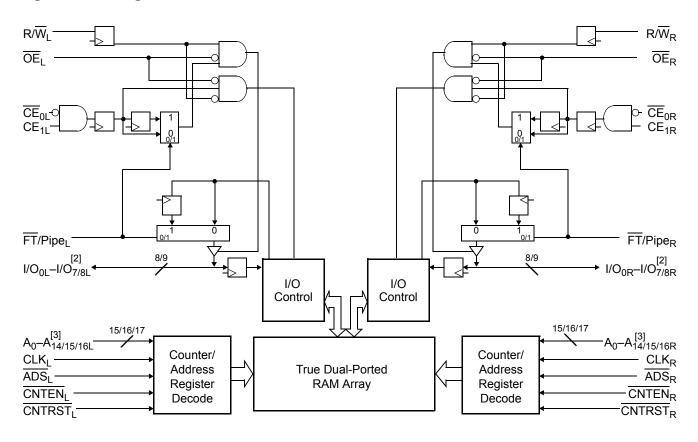


Logic Block Diagram



- $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Notes} \\ 2. \quad \text{I/O}_0\text{-I/O}_7 \text{ for } \times 8 \text{ devices, I/O}_0\text{-I/O}_8 \text{ for } \times 9 \text{ devices} \\ 3. \quad \text{A}_0\text{-A}_{14} \text{ for } 32\text{K and A}_0\text{-A}_{16} \text{ for } 128\text{K devices} \end{array}$



Functional Description

The CY7C09099V and CY7C09179V are high speed synchronous CMOS 128K × 8 and 32K × 9 dual-port static RAMs. Two ports are provided, permitting independent, simultaneous access for reads and writes to any location in memory. [4] Registers on control, address, and data lines enable minimal setup and hold times. In pipelined output mode, data is registered for decreased cycle time. Clock to data valid $t_{\rm CD2}$ = 7.5 $\rm ns^{[5]}$ (pipelined). Flow-through mode can also be used to bypass the pipelined output register to eliminate access latency. In flow-through mode, data is available $t_{\rm CD1}$ = 22 ns after the address is clocked into the device. Pipelined output or flow-through mode is selected via the FT/Pipe pin.

Each port contains a burst counter on the input address register. The internal write pulse width is independent of the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock signal. The internal write pulse is self-timed to enable the shortest possible cycle times.

A HIGH on $\overline{\text{CE}}_0$ or LOW on CE_1 for one clock cycle powers down the internal circuitry to reduce the static power consumption. The use of multiple Chip Enables enables easier banking of multiple chips for depth expansion $\underline{\text{co}}$ nfigurations. In the pipelined mode, one cycle is required with $\overline{\text{CE}}_0$ LOW and CE_1 HIGH to reactivate the outputs.

Counter enable inputs are provided to stall the operation of the address input and use the internal address generated by the internal counter for fast interleaved memory applications. A port's burst counter is loaded with the port's Address Strobe (ADS). When the port's Count Enable (CNTEN) is asserted, the address counter increments on each LOW-to-HIGH transition of that port's clock signal. This reads/writes one word from/into each successive address location until CNTEN is deasserted. The counter can address the entire memory array and loops back to the start. Counter Reset (CNTRST) is used to reset the burst counter.

All parts are available in 100-pin Thin Quad Plastic Flatpack (TQFP) packages.

- 4. When writing simultaneously to the same location, the final value cannot be guaranteed.
- 5. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.



Contents

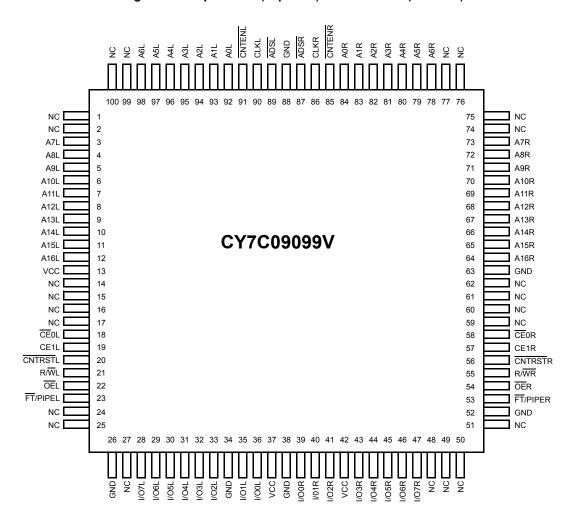
Pin Configurations	5
Selection Guide	
Pin Definitions	7
Maximum Ratings	8
Operating Range	8
Electrical Characteristics	
Capacitance	
Switching Characteristics	11
Switching Waveforms	
Read/Write and Enable Operation	
Address Counter Control Operation	

Ordering Information	24
128 K × 8 3.3 V Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM	24
32 K × 9 3.3 V Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM	
Ordering Code Definitions	24
Package Diagram	25
Acronyms	26
Document Conventions	26
Units of Measure	26
Document History Page	27
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	28
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	
Products	28
PSoC Solutions	28



Pin Configurations

Figure 1. 100-pin TQFP (Top View) - CY7C09099V (128K × 8)





S S 100 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 NC 75 NC NC NC 2 74 3 A7R A7L 73 72 A8R A8L 4 5 71 A9R A9L 6 70 A10R A10L A11L 7 69 A11R A12L 8 68 A12R A13R A13L 9 67 A14L A14R 10 66 ^[6] A15L A15R^[6] 11 65 [7] A16L CY7C09179V A16R^[7] 12 64 VCC 13 63 GND NC 14 62 NC NC NC 15 61 NC NC 16 60 NC 17 59 NC CE₀L 18 58 CE0R CE1L 19 57 CE1R CNTRSTL 20 CNTRSTR 56 R/WL 21 R/WR 55 OEL 22 0ER 54 FT/PIPEL 23 53 FT/PIPER NC 24 52 GND NC 25 51 NC 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 I/04R 1/00R 1/02R /05R /00L

Figure 2. 100-pin TQFP (Top View) - CY7C09179V (32K × 9)

Notes

6. This pin is NC for CY7C09179V7. This pin is NC for CY7C09179V



Selection Guide

Description	CY7C09099V -7 ^[8]	CY7C09099V CY7C09179V -12
f _{MAX2} (MHz) (Pipelined)	83	50
Max. Access Time (ns) (Clock to Data, Pipelined)	7.5	12
Typical Operating Current I _{CC} (mA)	155	115
Typical Standby Current for I _{SB1} (mA) (Both Ports TTL Level)	25	20
Typical Standby Current for I_{SB3} (μA) (Both Ports CMOS Level)	10	10

Pin Definitions

Left Port	Right Port	Description
A _{0L} -A _{16L}	A _{0R} -A _{16R}	Address Inputs (A ₀ –A ₁₄ for 32K and A ₀ –A ₁₆ for 128K devices).
ADS _L	ADS _R	Address Strobe Input. Used as an address qualifier. This signal should be asserted LOW to access the part using an externally supplied address. Asserting this signal LOW also loads the burst counter with the address present on the address pins.
CE _{0L} , CE _{1L}	CE _{0R} , CE _{1R}	Chip Enable Input. To select either the left or right port, both \overline{CE}_0 AND CE_1 must be asserted to their active states $(\overline{CE}_0 \le V_{IL})$ and $CE_1 \ge V_{IH}$.
CLK _L	CLK _R	Clock Signal. This input can be free running or strobed. Maximum clock input rate is f _{MAX} .
CNTENL	CNTEN _R	Counter Enable Input. Asserting this signal LOW increments the burst address counter of its respective port on each rising edge of CLK. CNTEN is disabled if ADS or CNTRST are asserted LOW.
CNTRST _L	CNTRST _R	Counter Reset Input. Asserting this signal LOW resets the burst address counter of its respective port to zero. CNTRST is not disabled by asserting ADS or CNTEN.
I/O _{0L} –I/O _{8L}	I/O _{0R} –I/O _{8R}	Data Bus Input/Output (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇ for ×8 devices; I/O ₀ –I/O ₈ for ×9 devices).
ŌĒL	ŌE _R	Output Enable Input. This signal must be asserted LOW to enable the I/O data pins during read operations.
R/\overline{W}_L	R/W _R	Read/Write Enable Input. This signal is asserted LOW to write to the dual port memory array. For read operations, assert this pin HIGH.
FT/PIPE _L	FT/PIPE _R	Flow-Through/Pipelined Select Input. For flow-through mode operation, assert this pin LOW. For pipelined mode operation, assert this pin HIGH.
GND	•	Ground Input.
NC		No Connect.
V _{CC}		Power Input.

8. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.

Document Number: 38-06043 Rev. *I



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. [9]

Storage Temperature -65 °C to +150 °C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied—55 °C to +125 °C Supply Voltage to Ground Potential-0.5 V to +4.6 V DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State-0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V DC Input Voltage–0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	> 2001 V
Latch-Up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Ambient Temperature		V _{CC}
Commercial	0 °C to +70 °C	$3.3~V\pm300~mV$
Industrial ^[10]	–40 °C to +85 °C	3.3 V ± 300 mV

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

				CY7C	09099V	CY7C0	9179V		
Parameter	Description		-7 ^[11]		-12				
	2000	Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (V _{CC} = Min., I _{OH} = -4.0 mA)		2.4	-	_	2.4	-	-	V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (V _{CC} = Min., I _{OH} = +4.0 mA)		-		0.4	_		0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	1	_	2.0		_	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		_	1	0.8	_		0.8	V
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	Output Leakage Current				-10		10	μΑ
I _{CC}	Operating Current	Commercial	_	155	275	_	115	205	mA
	(V _{CC} = Max., I _{OUT} = 0 mA) Outputs Disabled	Industrial ^[10]		275	390		_	-	mA
I _{SB1}	Standby Current	Commercial		25	85		20	50	mA
	(Both Ports TTL Level) ^[12] $\overline{CE}_L \& \overline{CE}_R$ $\geq V_{IH}, f = f_{MAX}$	Industrial ^[10]		85	120		_	_	mA
I _{SB2}	Standby Current	Commercial		105	165		85	140	mA
	(One Port TTL Level) ^[12] $\overline{CE}_L \mid \overline{CE}_R \ge V_{IH}$, f = f _{MAX}	Industrial ^[10]		165	210		_	_	mA
I _{SB3}	Standby Current	Commercial		10	250		10	250	μΑ
	$\frac{(\text{Both Ports CMOS Level})^{[12]}}{\text{CE}_L \& \text{CE}_R \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V},}$ $f = 0$	Industrial ^[10]		10	250		_	_	μΑ
I _{SB4}	Standby Current	Commercial	1	95	125	1	75	100	mA
	$(One Port CMOS Level)^{[12]}$ $CE_L \mid CE_R \ge V_{IH}, f = f_{MAX}$	Industrial ^[10]		125	170		_	_	mA

Document Number: 38-06043 Rev. *I Page 8 of 28

^{9.} The Voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up.
10. Industrial parts are available in CY7C09099V
11. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.
12. CE_L and CE_R are internal signals. To select either the left or right port, both CE₀ AND CE₁ must be asserted to their active states (CE₀ ≤ V_{IL} and CE₁ ≥ V_{IH}).



Capacitance

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V}$	10	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance		10	pF

Figure 3. AC Test Loads

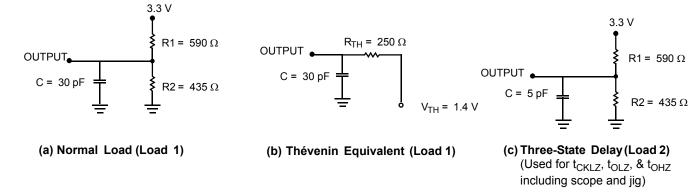


Figure 4. AC Test Loads (Applicable to -6 and -7 only)[13]



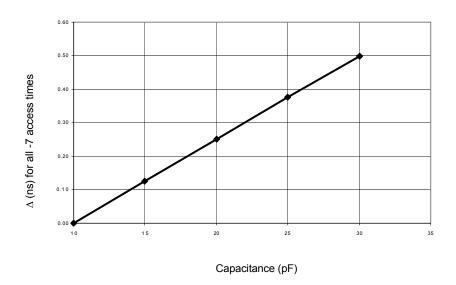
(a) Load 1 (-6 and -7 only)

Note

13. Test Conditions: C = 10 pF.



Figure 5. Load Derating Curve





Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

			CY7C	09099V 09179V		Unit	
Parameter	Description	-7	[14]	-1	12		
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
f _{MAX1}	f _{Max} Flow-through	_	45	_	33	MHz	
f _{MAX2}	f _{Max} Pipelined	_	83	_	50	MHz	
t _{CYC1}	Clock Cycle Time - Flow-through	22	_	30	_	ns	
t _{CYC2}	Clock Cycle Time - Pipelined	12	_	20	_	ns	
t _{CH1}	Clock HIGH Time - Flow-through	7.5	_	12	_	ns	
t _{CL1}	Clock LOW Time - Flow-through	7.5	_	12	_	ns	
t _{CH2}	Clock HIGH Time - Pipelined	5	_	8	_	ns	
t _{CL2}	Clock LOW Time - Pipelined	5	_	8	_	ns	
t _R	Clock Rise Time	_	3	-	3	ns	
t _F	Clock Fall Time	_	3	_	3	ns	
t _{SA}	Address Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns	
t _{HA}	Address Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{SC}	Chip Enable Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns	
t _{HC}	Chip Enable Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{SW}	R/W Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns	
t _{HW}	R/W Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{SD}	Input Data Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns	
t _{HD}	Input Data Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{SAD}	ADS Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns	
t _{HAD}	ADS Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{SCN}	CNTEN Set-Up Time	4.5	_	5	_	ns	
t _{HCN}	CNTEN Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{SRST}	CNTRST Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns	
t _{HRST}	CNTRST Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns	
t _{OE}	Output Enable to Data Valid	_	9	_	12	ns	
t _{OLZ} ^[15, 16]	OE to Low Z	2	_	2	_	ns	
t _{OHZ} ^[15, 16]	OE to High Z	1	7	1	7	ns	
t _{CD1}	Clock to Data Valid - Flow-through	_	18	_	25	ns	
t _{CD2}	Clock to Data Valid - Pipelined	_	7.5	-	12	ns	
t _{DC}	Data Output Hold After Clock HIGH	2	_	2	_	ns	
t _{CKHZ} ^[15, 16]	Clock HIGH to Output High Z	2	9	2	9	ns	
t _{CKLZ} ^[15, 16]	Clock HIGH to Output Low Z	2	_	2	_	ns	

^{14.} See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.
15. Test conditions used are Load 2.
16. This parameter is guaranteed by design, but it is not production tested.



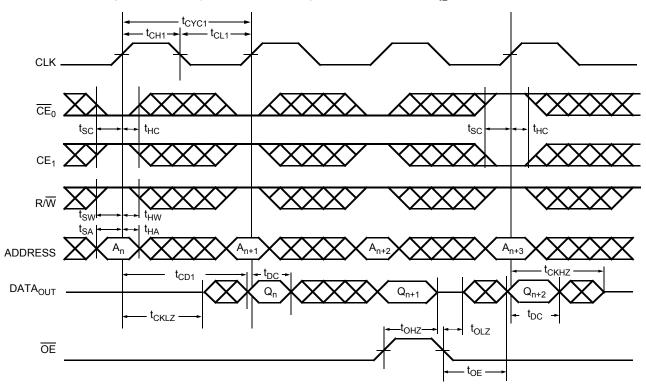
Switching Characteristics (continued)

Over the Operating Range

_				CY7C09099V CY7C09179V					
Parameter	Description	-7	[14]	-12		Unit			
		Min	Max	Min	Max				
Port to Port Delays									
t _{CWDD}	Write Port Clock HIGH to Read Data Delay	_	35	-	40	ns			
t _{CCS}	Clock to Clock Set-Up Time	-	10	_	15	ns			

Switching Waveforms

Figure 6. Read Cycle for Flow-through Output $(\overline{FT}/PIPE = V_{IL})^{[17, 18, 19, 20]}$



^{17. &}lt;u>OE</u> is asynchronously controlled; all other inputs are synchronous to the rising clock edge.

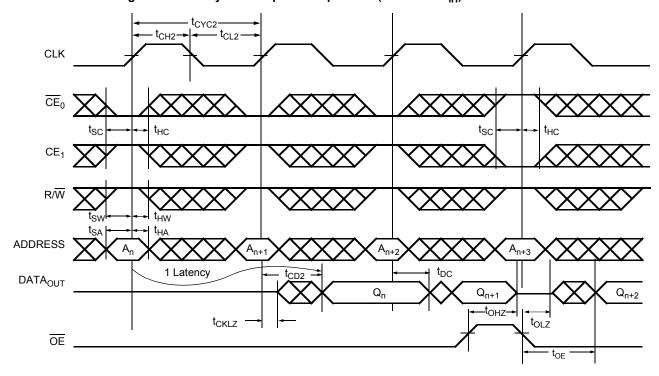
18. <u>ADS</u> = V_{IL}, <u>CNTEN</u> and <u>CNTRST</u> = V_{IH}.

19. The output is disabled (high-impedance state) by <u>CE</u>₀ = V_{IH} or CE₁ = V_{IL} following the next rising edge of the clock.

20. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.



Figure 7. Read Cycle for Pipelined Operation ($\overline{\text{FT}}/\text{PIPE} = V_{\text{IH}})^{[21,\ 22,\ 23,\ 24]}$



- Notes

 21. OE is asynchronously controlled; all other inputs are synchronous to the rising clock edge.

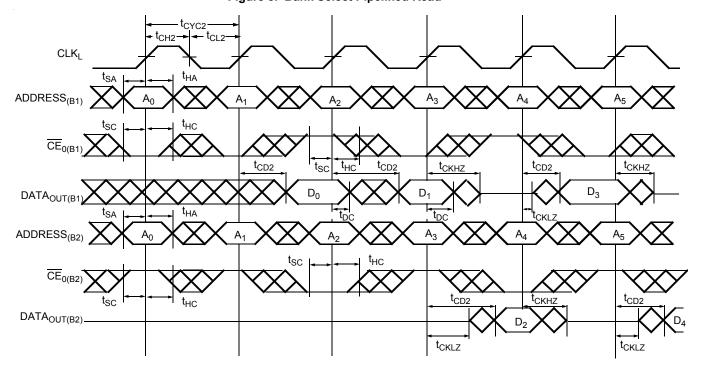
 22. ADS = V_{IL}, CNTEN and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

 23. The output is disabled (high-impedance state) by CE₀ = V_{IH} or CE₁ = V_{IL} following the next rising edge of the clock.

 24. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.



Figure 8. Bank Select Pipelined Read^[25, 26]



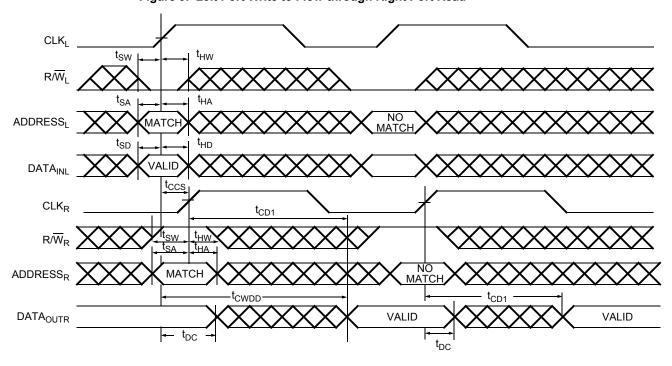
^{25.} In this depth expansion example, B1 represents Bank #1 and B2 is Bank #2; Each Bank consists of one Cypress dual-port device from this datasheet.

ADDRESS_(B1) = ADDRESS_(B2).

26. OE and ADS = V_{IL}; CE_{1(B1)}, CE_{1(B2)}, R/W, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.



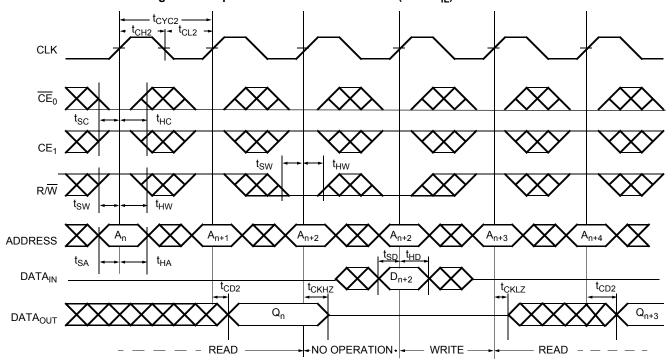
Figure 9. Left Port Write to Flow-through Right Port Read [27, 28, 29, 30]



^{27.} The same waveforms apply for a right port write to flow-through left port read.
28. CE_D and ADS = V_{IL}; CE₁, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.
29. OE = V_{IL} for the right port, which is being read from. OE = V_{IH} for the left port, which is being written to.
30. It t_{CCS} ≤ maximum specified, then data from right port READ is not valid until the maximum specified for t_{CWDD}. If t_{CCS} > maximum specified, then data is not valid until t_{CCS} + t_{CD1}. t_{CWDD} does not apply in this case.



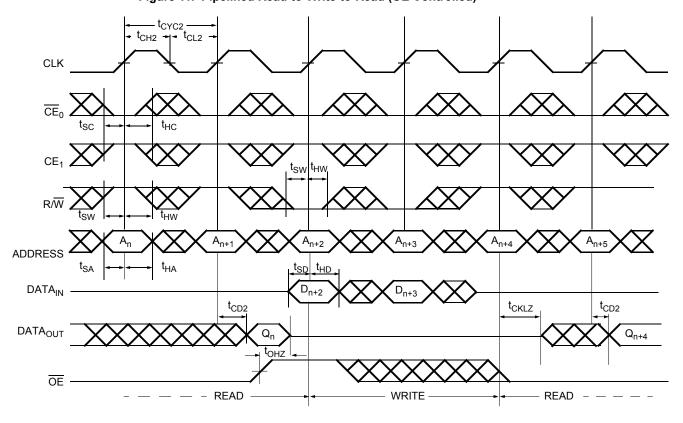
Figure 10. Pipelined Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{\text{OE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$)[31, 32, 33, 34]



^{31.} Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only. 32. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals. 33. \overline{CE}_0 and $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$; \overline{CNTEN} , and $\overline{CNTEST} = V_{IH}$. 34. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.



Figure 11. Pipelined Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ Controlled) $^{[35,\ 36,\ 37,\ 38]}$



^{35.} Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{II} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.

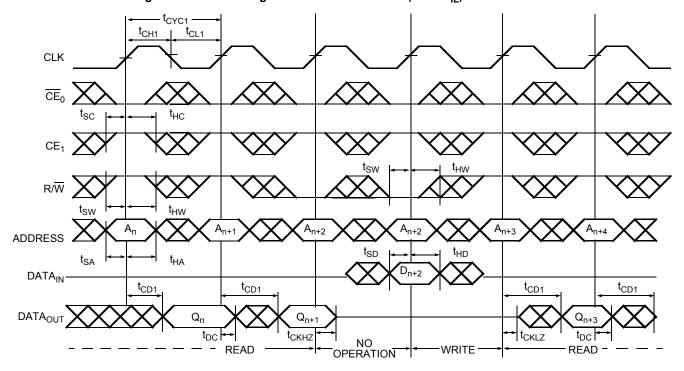
^{36.} Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.

37. CE₀ and ADS = V_{IL}; CE₁, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

38. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.



Figure 12. Flow-through Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)[39, 40, 41, 42, 43]



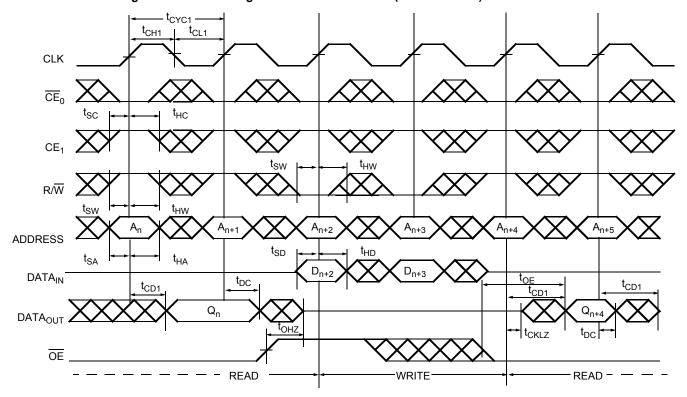
^{39.} ADS = V_{IL}, CNTEN and CNTRST = V_{IH}.
40. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.

^{41.} Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.

^{42.} CE₀ and ADS = V_{IL}; CE₁, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.
43. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.



Figure 13. Flow-through Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ Controlled)[44, 45, 46, 47, 48]



^{44.} ADS = V_{IL}, CNTEN and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

45. In this depth expansion example, B1 represents Bank #1 and B2 is Bank #2; Each Bank consists of one Cypress dual-port device from this datasheet. ADDRESS_(B1) = ADDRESS_(B2).

46. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.

47. CE₀ and ADS = V_{IL}; CE₁, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

^{48.} During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.



Figure 14. Pipelined Read with Address Counter Advance^[49]

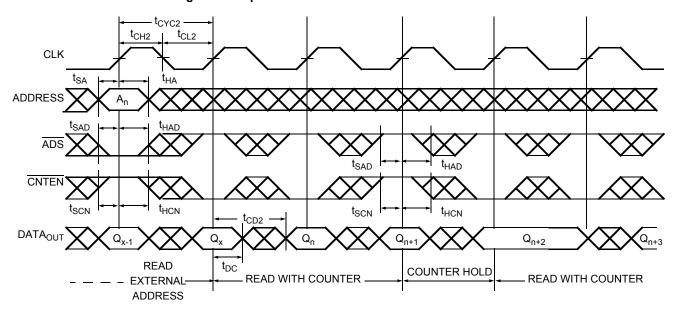
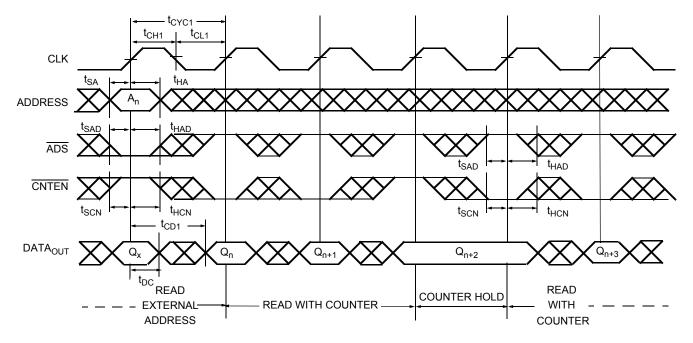


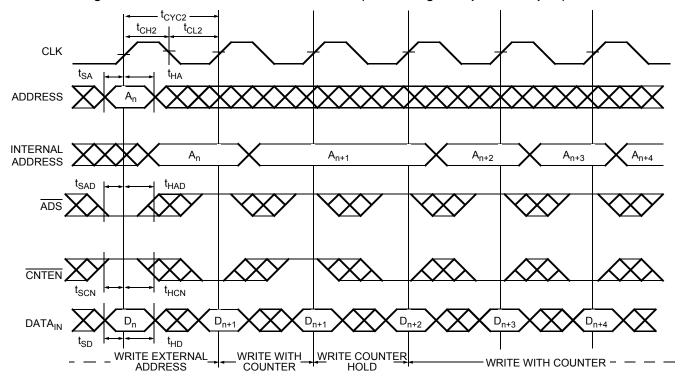
Figure 15. Flow-through Read with Address Counter Advance $^{[49]}$



Note 49. \overline{CE}_0 and \overline{OE} = V_{IL} ; CE_1 , R/\overline{W} and \overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH} .



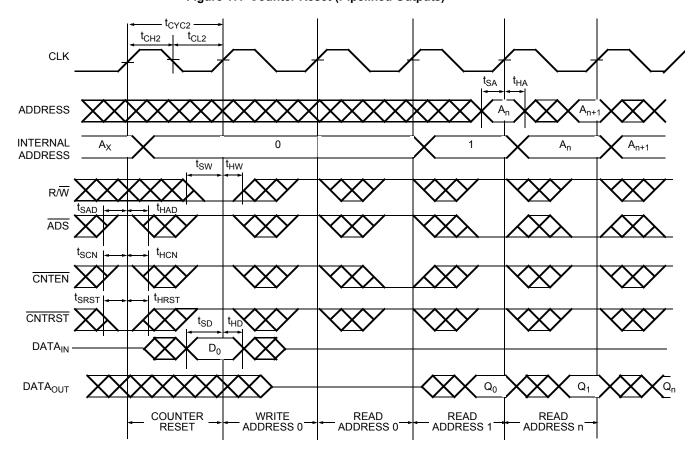
Figure 16. Write with Address Counter Advance (Flow-through or Pipelined Outputs)^[50, 51]



Notes
50. \overline{CE}_0 and $R/\overline{W} = V_{IL}$; CE_1 and $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH}$.
51. The "Internal Address" is equal to the "External Address" when $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ and equals the counter output when $\overline{ADS} = V_{IH}$.



Figure 17. Counter Reset (Pipelined Outputs) $^{[52,\ 53,\ 54,\ 55]}$



^{52.} Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only. 53. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals. 54. $\overline{CE}_0 = V_{IL}$; $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IH}$.

^{55.} No dead cycle exists during counter reset. A READ or WRITE cycle may be coincidental with the counter reset.



Read/Write and Enable Operation [56, 57, 58]

		Inputs			Outputs	
OE	CLK	CE ₀	CE ₁	R/W	I/O ₀ –I/O ₉	Operation
Х		Н	Х	Х		Deselected ^[59]
Х	7	Х	L	Х	High Z	Deselected ^[59]
Х	4	L	Н	L	D _{IN}	Write
L	7	L	Н	Н	D _{OUT}	Read ^[59]
Н	Х	L	Н	Х	High Z	Outputs Disabled

Address Counter Control Operation [56, 60, 61, 62]

Address	Previous Address	CLK	ADS	CNTEN	CNTRST	I/O	Mode	Operation
Х	Х		Х	X	L	D _{out(0)}	Reset	Counter Reset to Address 0
A _n	Х		L	X	Н	D _{out(n)}	Load	Address Load into Counter
Х	A _n	7	Н	Н	Н	D _{out(n)}	Hold	External Address Blocked—Counter Disabled
Х	A _n		Н	L	Н	D _{out(n+1)}	Increment	Counter Enabled—Internal Address Generation

Notes $56. \text{ "X"} = \text{"Don't Care"}, \text{ "H"} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{ "L"} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}. \\ 57. \text{ ADS}, \text{ CNTEN}, \text{ CNTRST} = \text{"Don't Care."} \\ 58. \text{ } \overline{\text{OE}} \text{ is an asynchronous input signal.} \\ 59. \text{ When } \overline{\text{CE}} \text{ ch} \text{anges state in the } \underline{\text{pipelined mode, deselection and read happen in the following clock cycle.} \\ 60. \overline{\text{CE}}_0 \text{ and } \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}; \text{ CE}_1 \text{ and } R/W = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}. \\ 61. \text{ Data shown for flow-through mode; } \underline{\text{pipelined mode output will be delayed by one cycle.}} \\ 62. \text{ Counter operation is independent of } \overline{\text{CE}}_0 \text{ and } \overline{\text{CE}}_1.$



Ordering Information

The following table contains only the parts that are currently available. If you do not see what you are looking for, contact your local sales representative. For more information, visit the Cypress website at www.cypress.com and refer to the product summary page at http://www.cypress.com/products

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at http://www.cypress.com/go/datasheet/offices.

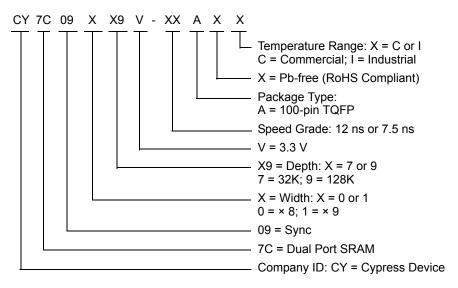
128 K × 8 3.3 V Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name Package Type		Operating Range
7.5 ^[63]	CY7C09099V-7AXI	A100	100-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (Pb-free)	Industrial
12	CY7C09099V-12AXC	A100	100-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (Pb-free)	Commercial

32 K × 9 3.3 V Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

	Speed (ns)	Ordering Code Package Name Package Type		Operating Range	
Ī	12	CY7C09179V-12AXC	A100	100-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (Pb-free)	Commercial

Ordering Code Definitions



Note

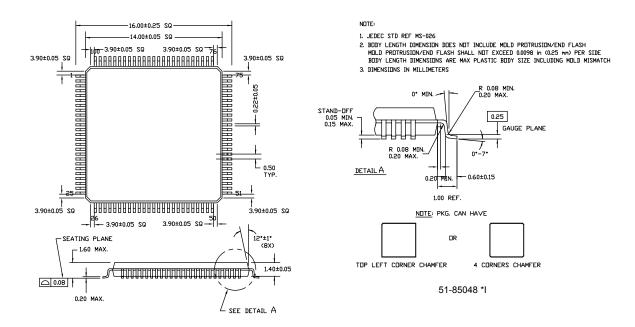
63. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.

Document Number: 38-06043 Rev. *I



Package Diagram

Figure 18. 100-pin TQFP 14 × 14 × 1.4 mm A100SA, 51-85048





Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
ŌĒ	output enable
SRAM	static random access memory
TQFP	thin quad flat pack
TTL	transistor-transistor logic
WE	write enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure	
°C	degree Celsius	
MHz	megahertz	
μΑ	microamperes	
mA	milliamperes	
mm	millimeter	
ms	milliseconds	
mV	millivolts	
ns	nanoseconds	
Ω	ohm	
%	percent	
pF	picofarads	
V	volts	
W	watts	



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C09099V, CY7C09179V, 3.3 V 32K/128K × 8/9 Synchronous Dual-Port Static RAM Document Number: 38-06043				
Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	110191	SZV	09/29/01	Change from Spec number: 38-00667 to 38-06043
*A	122293	RBI	12/27/02	Power up requirements added to Operating Conditions Information
*B	365034	PCN	See ECN	Added Pb-Free Logo Added Pb-Free Part Ordering Information: CY7C09089V-6AXC, CY7C09089V-12AXC, CY7C09099V-6AXC, CY7C09099V-7AI, CY7C09099V-7AXI, CY7C09099V-12AXC, CY7C09179V-6AXC, CY7C09179V-12AXC, CY7C09189V-6AXC, CY7C09189V-12AXC, CY7C09199V-6AXC, CY7C09199V-7AXC, CY7C09199V-9AXC, CY7C09199V-9AXI, CY7C09199V-12AXC
*C	2623658	VKN/PYRS	12/17/08	Added CY7C09089V-12AXI part in the Ordering information table
*D	2897159	RAME	03/22/10	Removed inactive parts from ordering information table. Updated package diagram. Added Note in ordering information section.
*E	3110406	ADMU	12/14/2010	Updated Ordering Information. Added Ordering Code Definitions.
*F	3264673	ADMU	05/24/2011	Updated Document Title to read "CY7C09099V, CY7C09179V, 3.3 V 32 K/64 K/128 K × 8/9 Synchronous Dual-Port Static RAM". Updated Features. Updated Pin Configurations (Removed the Note "This pin is NC for CY7C09079V." in page 5). Updated Selection Guide. Updated Package Diagram. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated in new template.
*G	3849285	ADMU	12/21/2012	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagram: spec 51-85048 – Changed revision from *E to *G.
*H	4411062	ADMU	06/17/2014	Information for MPNs CY7C09089V and CY7C09199V removed. Information for -6 and -9 speed bins also removed. Updated document title to "CY7C09099V, CY7C09179V, 3.3 V 32K/128K × 8/9 Synchronous Dual-Port Static RAM"
*	4580622	ADMU	11/26/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1.

Document Number: 38-06043 Rev. *I



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Document Number: 38-06043 Rev. *I Revised November 26, 2014

Page 28 of 28

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