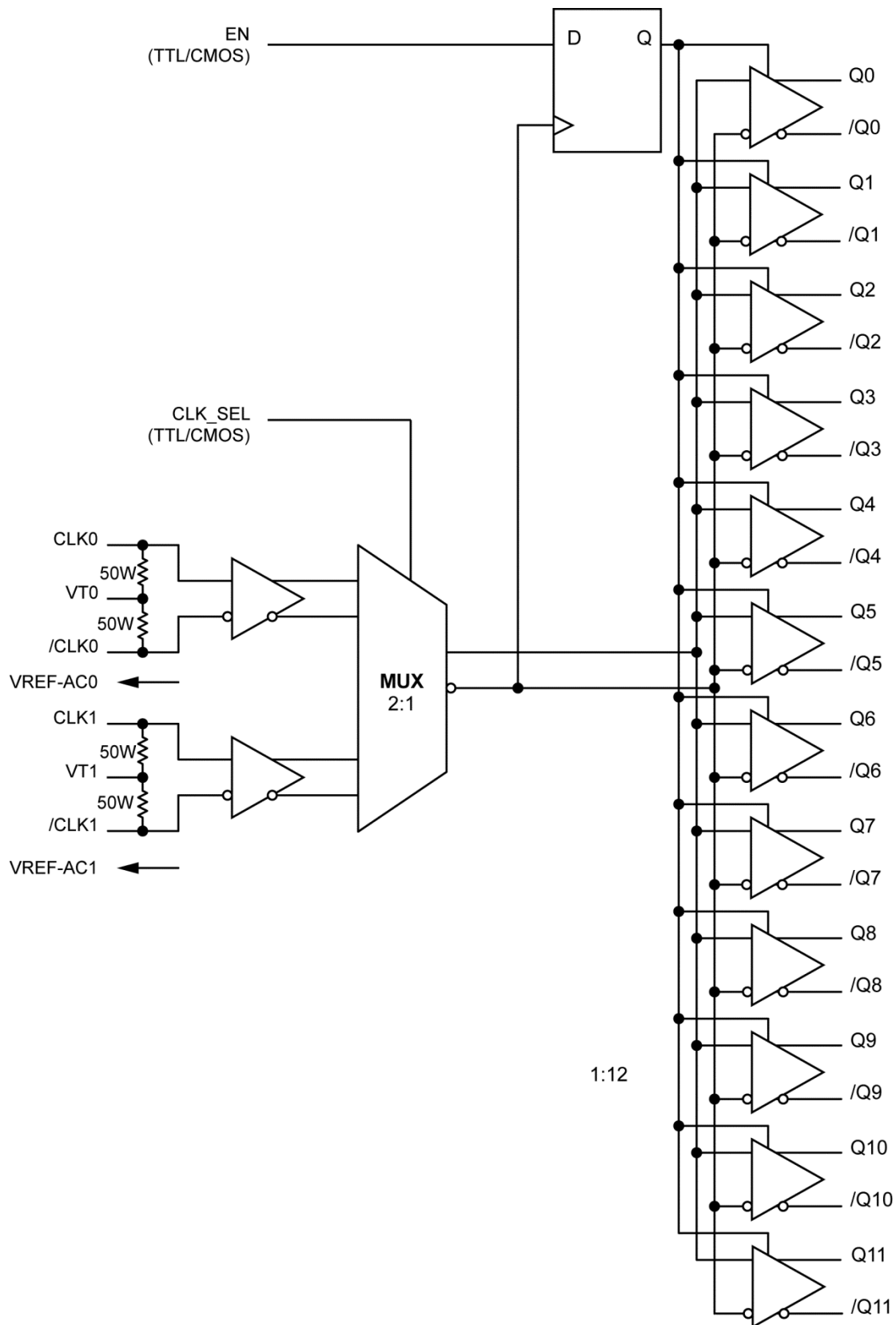


## Functional Block Diagram

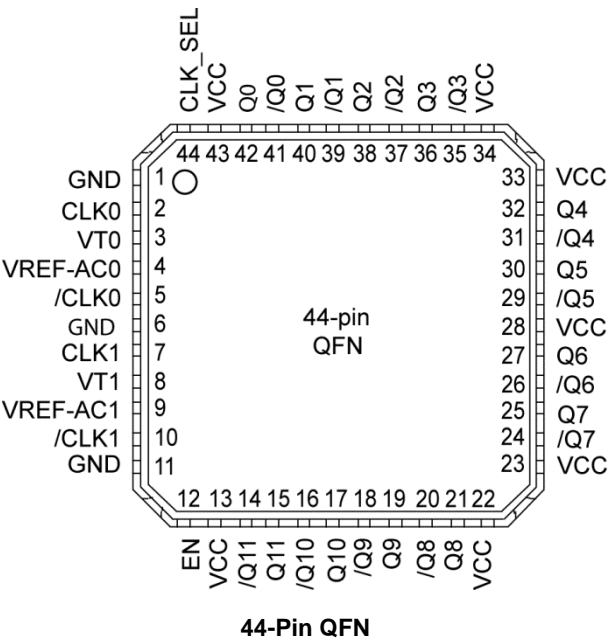


Ordering Information

Part Number <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY89112UMI	QFN-44	Industrial	SY89112U	Sn-Pb
SY89112UMITR <sup>(2)</sup>	QFN-44	Industrial	SY89112U	Sn-Pb
SY89112UMY	QFN-44	Industrial	SY89112U with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn Pb-Free
SY89112UMYTR <sup>(2)</sup>	QFN-44	Industrial	SY89112U with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn Pb-Free

- Notes:
- 1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, DC Electricals only.
  - 2. Tape and Reel.

Pin Configuration



## Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
2, 5 7, 10	CLK0, /CLK0 CLK1, /CLK1	Differential Inputs: These input pairs are the differential signal inputs to the device. Inputs accept AC- or DC-coupled differential signals as small as 100mV. Each pin of a pair internally terminates to a VT pin through 50Ω. Note that these inputs will default to an indeterminate state if left open. Please refer to the “Input Interface Applications” section for more details.
3, 8	VT0, VT1	Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair terminates to a VT pin. The VT pins provide a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. See “Input Interface Applications” section for more details.
4, 9	VREF-AC0 VREF-AC1	Reference Voltage: These outputs bias to $V_{CC}-1.2V$ . They are used when AC coupling the inputs (CLK, /CLK). For AC-coupled applications, connect $V_{REF-AC}$ to the VT pin and bypass with a 0.01μF low ESR capacitor to $V_{CC}$ . See “Input Interface Applications” section for more details. Maximum sink/source current is ±1.5mA. Due to the limited drive capability, each VREF-AC pin is only intended to drive its respective VT pin.
44	CLK_SEL	This single-ended TTL/CMOS-compatible input selects the inputs to the multiplexer. Note that this input is internally connected to a 25kΩ pull-up resistor and will default to a logic HIGH state if left open.
12	EN	This single-ended TTL/CMOS-compatible input functions as a synchronous output enable. The synchronous enable ensures that enable/disable will only occur when the outputs are in a logic LOW state. Note that this input is internally connected to a 25kΩ pull-up resistor and will default to logic HIGH state (enabled) if left open.
13,22,23,28, 33,34,43	VCC	Positive power supply. Bypass with 0.1μF//0.01μF low ESR capacitors and place as close to each VCC pin as possible.
42, 41 40, 39 38, 37 36, 35 32, 31 30, 29 27, 26 25, 24 21, 20 19, 18 17, 16 15, 14	Q0, /Q0 Q1, /Q1 Q2, /Q2 Q3, /Q3 Q4, /Q4 Q5, /Q5 Q6, /Q6 Q7, /Q7 Q8, /Q8 Q9, /Q9 Q10, /Q10 Q11, /Q11	Differential 100K LVPECL Outputs: These LVPECL outputs are the precision, low skew copies of the inputs. Please refer to the truth table below for details. Unused output pairs may be left open. Terminate with 50Ω to $V_{CC}-2V$ . See “LVPECL Output Interface Applications” section for more details.
1, 6, 11	GND, Exposed Pad	Ground. GND pins and exposed pad must both be connected to the most negative potential of chip the ground.

## Truth Table

EN	CLK_SEL	Q	/Q
H	L	CLK0	/CLK0
H	H	CLK1	/CLK1
L	X	L <sup>(3)</sup>	H <sup>(3)</sup>

### Notes:

3. Transition occurs on next negative transition of the non-inverted input.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(4)</sup>**

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	–0.5V to +4.0V
Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	–0.5V to $V_{CC}$
LVPECL Output Current ( $I_{OUT}$ )	
Continuous	50mA
Surge	100mA
Termination Current	
Source or sink current on VT	±100mA
Input Current	
Source or sink current on CLK, /CLK	±50mA
$V_{REF-AC}$ Current	
Source or sink current	±2mA
Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec)	+260°C
Storage Temperature (TS)	–65°C to +150°C

**Operating Ratings<sup>(5)</sup>**

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	+2.375V to +2.625V +3.0V to +3.6V
Ambient Temperature ( $T_A$ )	–40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance <sup>(6)</sup>	
QFN ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	
Still-Air	42°C/W
QFN ( $\psi_{JB}$ )	
Junction-to-Board	20°C/W

**DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>**

$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{CC}$	Power Supply		2.375 3.0		2.625 3.6	V V
$I_{CC}$	Power Supply Current	No load, max. $V_{CC}$		95	130	mA
$R_{IN}$	Input Resistance (IN-to-VT)		45	50	55	$\Omega$
$R_{DIFF\_IN}$	Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN)		90	100	110	$\Omega$
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage (IN, /IN)		1.2		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage (IN, /IN)		0		$V_{IH}-0.1$	V
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN)	See Figure 1	0.1		1.7	V
$V_{DIFF\_IN}$	Differential Input Voltage Swing  IN–/IN	See Figure 2	0.2			V
$V_{T\_IN}$	IN-to-VT (IN, /IN)				1.28	V
$V_{REF-AC}$	Output Reference Voltage		$V_{CC}-1.3$	$V_{CC}-1.2$	$V_{CC}-1.1$	V

**Notes:**

- Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The datasheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings
- Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the devices most negative potential on the PCB.  $\theta_{JA}$  and  $\psi_{JB}$  values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air, unless otherwise stated.
- The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

## LVPECL Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

$V_{CC} = +2.5V \pm 5\%$  or  $+3.3V \pm 10\%$ ;  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ;  $R_L = 50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ , unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage (Q, /Q)		$V_{CC} - 1.145$		$V_{CC} - 0.895$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage (Q, /Q)		$V_{CC} - 1.945$		$V_{CC} - 1.695$	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Swing (Q, /Q)	See Figure 1a	550	800		mV
$V_{DIFF-OUT}$	Differential Output Voltage Swing (Q, /Q)	See Figure 1b	1100	1600		mV

## LVTTL/CMOS DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

$V_{CC} = +2.5V \pm 5\%$  or  $+3.3V \pm 10\%$ ;  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current		-125		30	$\mu A$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current		-300			$\mu A$

## AC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(8)</sup>

$V_{CC} = +2.5V \pm 5\%$  or  $+3.3V \pm 10\%$ ;  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $R_L = 50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ , unless otherwise stated.

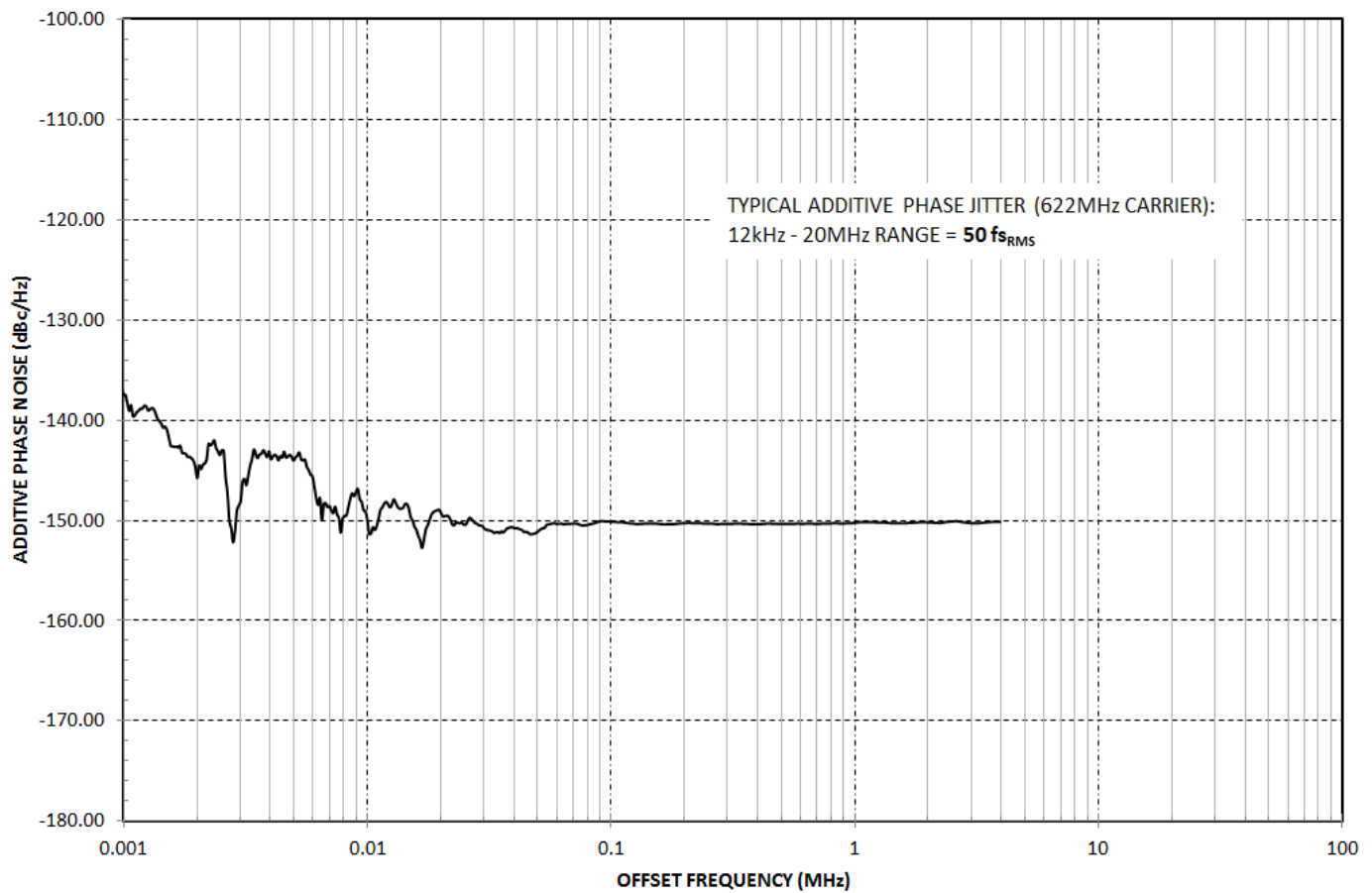
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum Operating Frequency	$V_{OUT} \geq 400mV$	2	3		GHz
$t_{PD}$	Propagation Delay CLK to Q	$V_{IN} \geq 100mV$	300	400	550	ps
	Propagation Delay CLK_SEL to Q		200	350	600	ps
$t_{PD}$ Tempco	Differential Propagation Delay Temperature Coefficient			150		fs/ $^{\circ}C$
$t_S$	Set-up Time EN-to-CLK	Note 9	0			ps
$t_H$	Hold Time CLK-to-EN	Note 9	500			ps
$t_{SKEW}$	Output-to-Output Skew	Note 10 Note 11			25	ps
	Part-to-Part Skew				200	
$t_{JITTER}$	RMS Phase Jitter	Output = 622MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz		50		f <sub>SRMS</sub>
	Adjacent Channel Crosstalk-induced Jitter	Note 12			0.7	ps <sub>(rms)</sub>
$t_r, t_f$	Output Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)	At full output swing.	70	140	220	ps

### Notes:

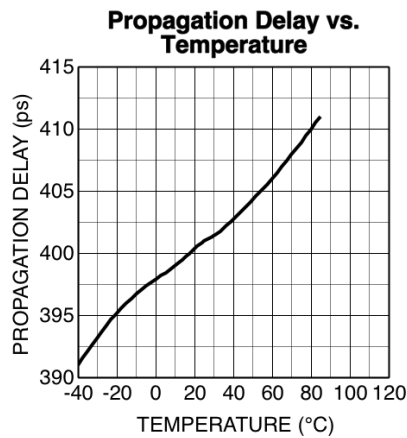
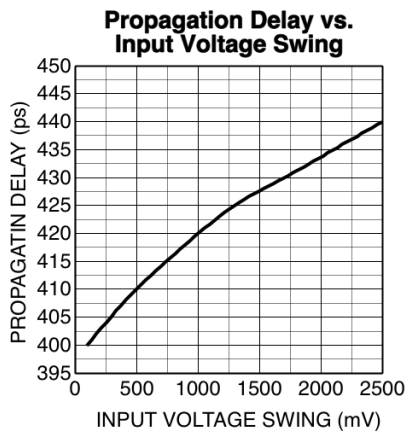
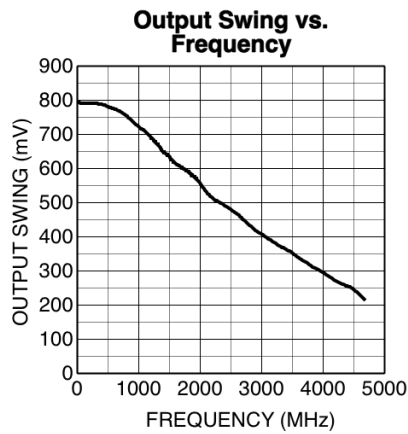
8. High-frequency AC-parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.
9. Set-up and hold times apply to synchronous applications that intend to enable/disable before the next clock cycle. For asynchronous applications, set-up and hold do not apply.
10. Output-to-output skew is measured between two different outputs under identical input transitions.
11. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs.
12. Crosstalk is measured at the output while applying two similar differential clock frequencies that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the inputs.

## Additive Phase Noise Plot

$V_{CC} = +3.3V$ ,  $GND = 0$ ,  $R_L = 50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC}-2V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$



Typical Characteristics

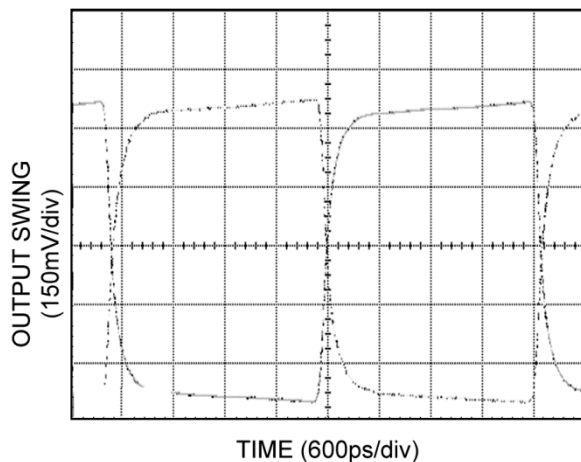




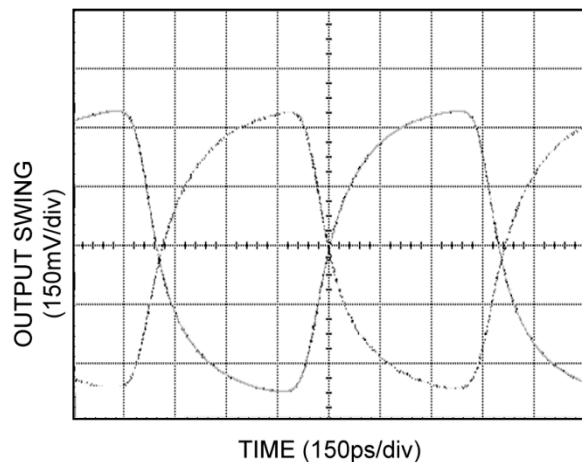
## Functional Characteristics

$V_{CC} = +3.3V$ ,  $GND = 0$ ,  $V_{IN} = 100mV$ ,  $R_L = 50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise stated.

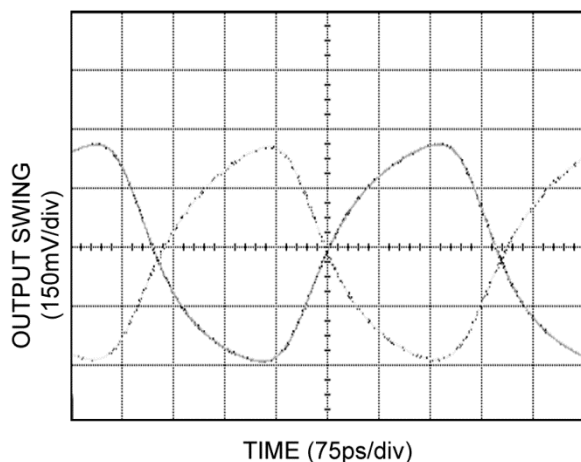
### 200MHz Output



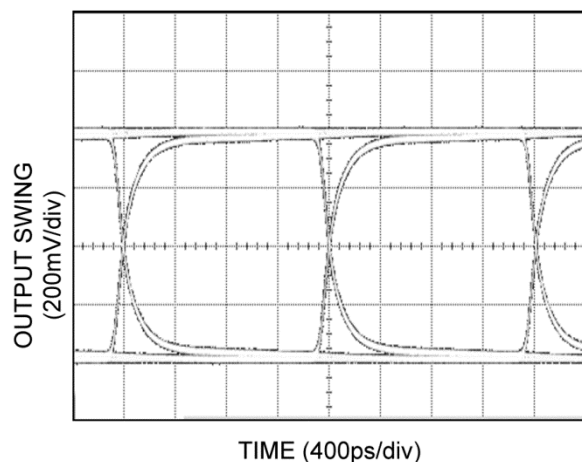
### 1GHz Output



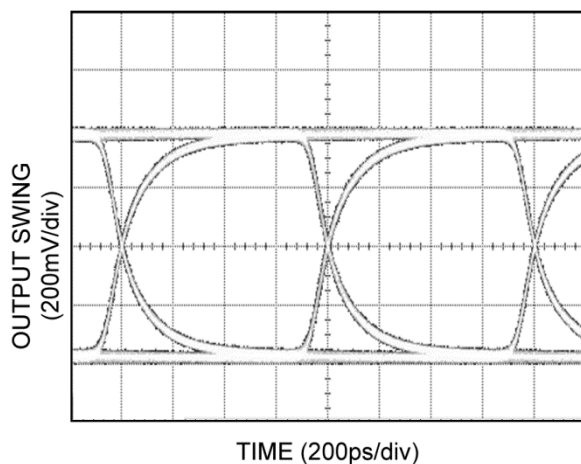
### 2GHz Output



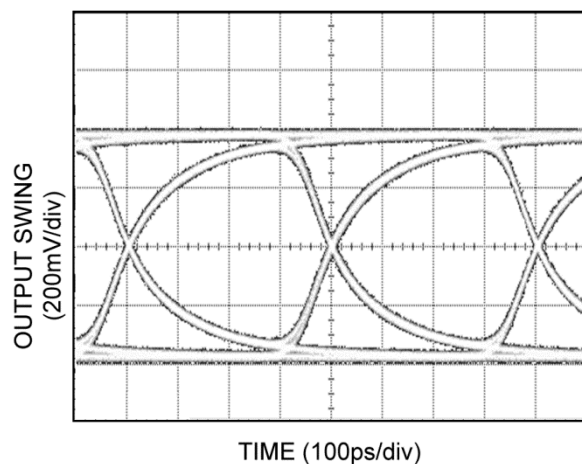
### 622Mbps Output



### 1.25Gbps Output



### 2.5Gbps Output



## Single-Ended and Differential Swings



Figure 1. Single-Ended Voltage Swing

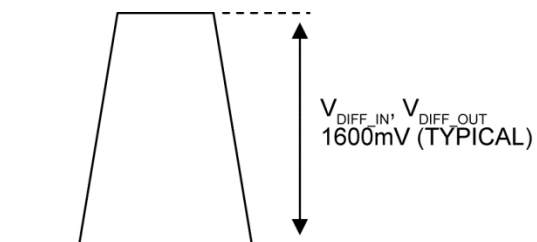


Figure 2. Differential Voltage Swing

## Timing Diagrams

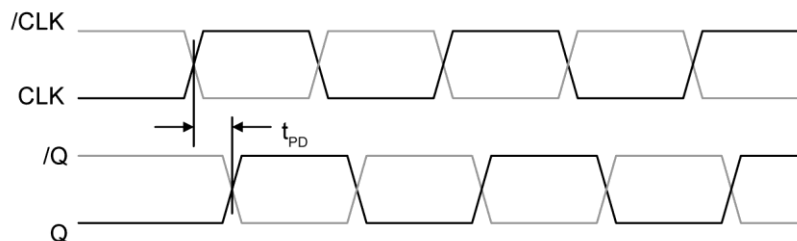


Figure 3.  $t_{PD}$  - Differential In-to-Differential Out

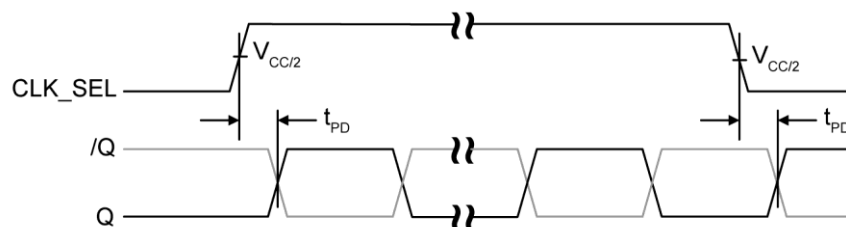


Figure 4.  $t_{PD}$  - CLK\_SEL-to-Differential Out

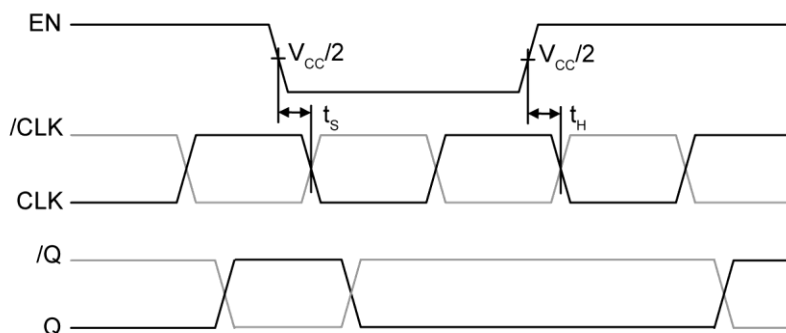


Figure 5.  $t_{PD}$  - Set-Up and Hold Time EN-to-Differential Out

## Input and Output Stages

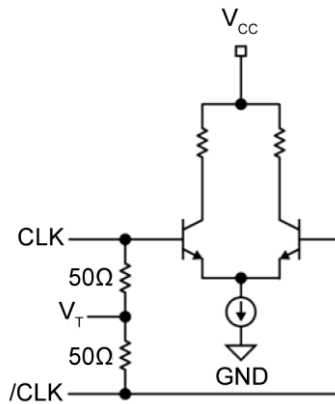


Figure 6. Simplified Differential Input Stage

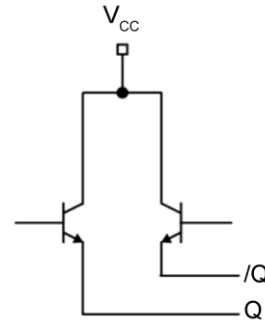


Figure 7. Simplified LVPECL Output Stage

## Input Interface Applications

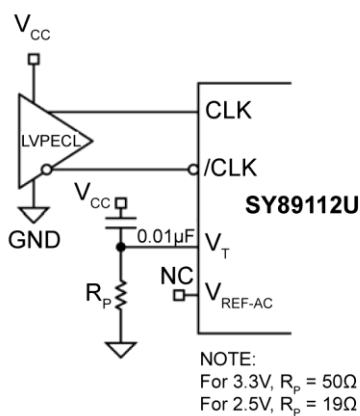


Figure 8. LVPECL Interface (DC-Coupled)

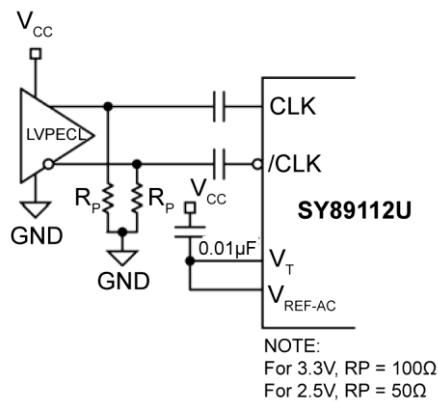


Figure 9. LVPECL Interface (AC-Coupled)

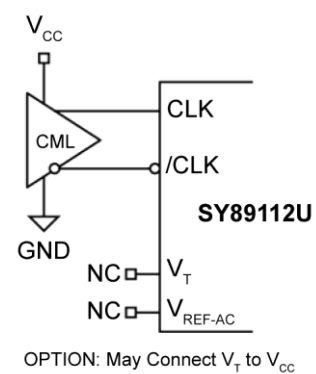


Figure 10. CML Interface (DC-Coupled)

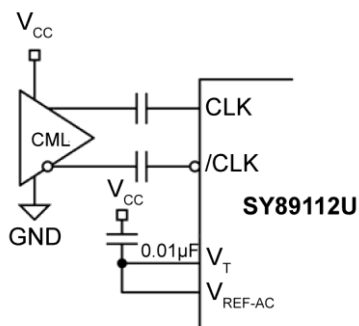


Figure 11. CML Interface (AC-Coupled)

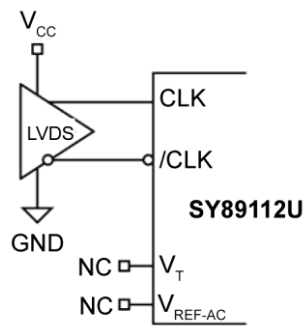


Figure 12. LVDS Interface

LVPECL Output Interface Applications

LVPECL has high-input impedance, very-low output (open emitter) impedance, and small signal swing, which result in low EMI. LVPECL is ideal for driving 50Ω and 100Ω controlled impedance transmission lines. There are several techniques for terminating the LVPECL output:

Parallel Termination-Thevenin Equivalent, Parallel Termination (3-Resistor), and AC-Coupled Termination. Unused output pairs may be left floating. However, single-ended outputs must be be terminated or balanced.

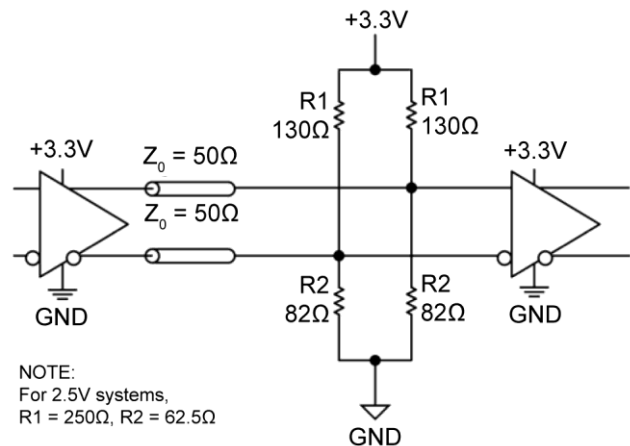


Figure 13. Parallel Thevenin-Equivalent Termination

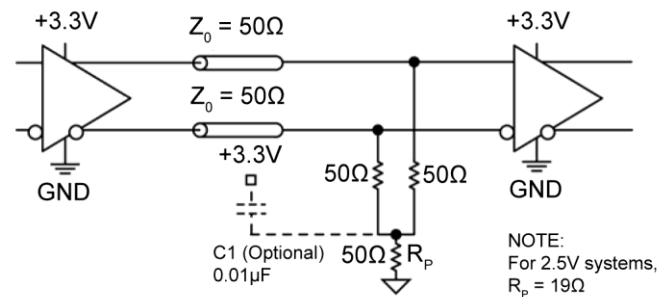
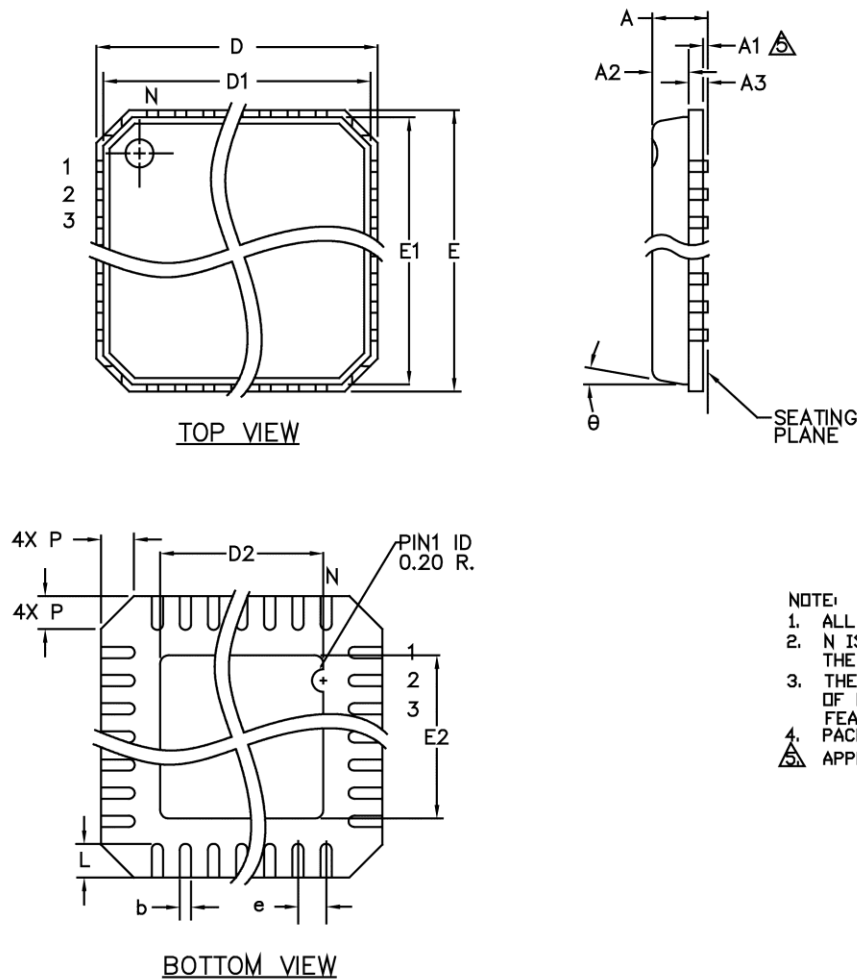


Figure 14. Parallel Termination (3-Resistor)

Related Product and Support Documentation

Part Number	Function	Datasheet Link
SY89113U	2.5V/3.3V Low-Jitter, Low-Skew, 1:12 LVDS Fanout Buffer with 2:1 Input MUX and Internal Termination	<a href="http://www.micrel.com/PDF/HBW/sy89113u.pdf">http://www.micrel.com/ PDF/HBW/sy89113u.pdf</a>
HBW Solutions	New Products and Applications	<a href="http://www.micrel.com/index.php/en/products/clock-timing.html">http://www.micrel.com/index.php/en/products/clock-timing.html</a>

Package Information<sup>(13)</sup>



	DIMENSION (mm)		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	—	0.85	0.90
A1	0.00	0.01	0.05
A2	—	0.65	0.70
A3	0.20 REF.		
D	7.00 BSC		
D1	6.75 BSC		
D2	3.15	3.30	3.45
E	7.00 BSC		
E1	6.75 BSC		
E2	3.15	3.30	3.45
θ	12°		
P	0.24	0.42	0.60
e	0.50 BSC		
N	44		
L	0.50	0.60	0.75
b	0.18	0.23	0.30

- NOTE:
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
  - N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.  
THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS PER SIDE IS N/4.
  - THE PIN#1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE EXISTED ON THE TOP SURFACE OF PACKAGE BY USING IDENTIFICATION MARK OR OTHER FEATURE OF PACKAGE BODY.  
PACKAGE WARPAGE MAX 0.05mm.
  - APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS.

44-Pin QFN

Note:

13. Package information is correct as of the publication date. For updates and most current information, go to [www.micrel.com](http://www.micrel.com).

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