

## SPB04N60S5

**Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope	d <i>v</i> /d <i>t</i>	20	V/ns
$V_{\rm DS}$ = 480 V, $I_{\rm D}$ = 4.5 A, $T_{\rm j}$ = 125 °C			

#### **Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	-	2.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	$R_{\mathrm{thJA}}$	-	-	62	
SMD version, device on PCB:	R <sub>thJA</sub>				
@ min. footprint		-	-	62	
@ 6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>2)</sup>		-	35	-	
Soldering temperature, reflow soldering, MSL1	$T_{sold}$	-	-	260	°C
1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s					

## **Electrical Characteristics**, at *T*j=25°C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	]
Drain-source breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =0.25mA	600	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche	V <sub>(BR)DS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =4.5A	-	700	-	
breakdown voltage	, ,					
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$I_{\rm D}$ =200 $\mu{\rm A}, V_{\rm GS} = V_{\rm DS}$	3.5	4.5	5.5	
Zero gate voltage drain current						μA
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C,	-	0.5	1	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	-	50	
Gate-source leakage current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	<i>V</i> <sub>GS</sub> =20V, <i>V</i> <sub>DS</sub> =0V	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	<i>V</i> <sub>GS</sub> =10V, <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> =2.8A,				Ω
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	0.85	0.95	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	2.3	_	
Gate input resistance	R <sub>G</sub>	f=1MHz, open Drain	-	20	-	]



**Electrical Characteristics**, at  $T_i$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	mbol Conditions		Values		
			min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics	•	•	,	•	,	
Transconductance	g <sub>fs</sub>	$V_{\rm DS} \ge 2*I_{\rm D}*R_{\rm DS(on)max}$	-	2.5	-	S
		I <sub>D</sub> =2.8A				
Input capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =25V,	-	580	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	<i>f</i> =1MHz	-	220	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	7	-	
Effective output capacitance,4)	C <sub>o(er)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V,	-	20	-	pF
energy related	, ,	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V to 480V				
Effective output capacitance,5)	C <sub>o(tr)</sub>		-	35	-	
time related						
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =350V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0/10V,	-	55	-	ns
		$I_{\rm D}$ =4.5A, $R_{\rm G}$ =18Ω				
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =350V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0/10V,	-	30	-	
		I <sub>D</sub> =4.5A, R <sub>G</sub> =18				
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =350V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0/10V,	-	60	90	
Fall time	$t_{f}$	$I_{\rm D}$ =4.5A, $R_{\rm G}$ =18Ω	-	15	22.5	

#### **Gate Charge Characteristics**

Gate to source charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =350V, I <sub>D</sub> =4.5A	-	4.5	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{\rm gd}$		-	11	-	
Gate charge total	Qg	V <sub>DD</sub> =350V, I <sub>D</sub> =4.5A,	-	17.6	22.9	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =0 to 10V				
Gate plateau voltage	V <sub>(plateau)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =350V, I <sub>D</sub> =4.5A	-	8	ı	V

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>0</sup>J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Repetitve avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as  $P_{AV} = E_{AR} * f$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Device on 40mm\*40mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

 $<sup>^4</sup>C_{\rm O(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{\rm OSS}$  while  $V_{\rm DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{\rm DSS}$ .

 $<sup>^5</sup>C_{
m o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{
m oss}$  while  $V_{
m DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{
m DSS}$ .

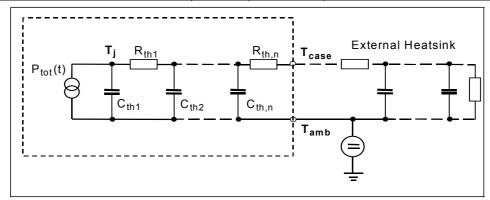


# **Electrical Characteristics**, at $T_j$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	ditions Values		Conditions Values	onditions Values	Values l		Unit
			min.	typ.	max.				
Inverse diode continuous	IS	<i>T</i> <sub>C</sub> =25°C	-	-	4.5	Α			
forward current									
Inverse diode direct current,	/ <sub>SM</sub>		-	-	9				
pulsed									
Inverse diode forward voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>F</sub> =I <sub>S</sub>	-	1	1.2	V			
Reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =350V, I <sub>F</sub> =I <sub>S</sub> ,	-	900	1530	ns			
Reverse recovery charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	d <i>i<sub>F</sub></i> /d <i>t</i> =100A/µs	-	3.2	-	μC			

# **Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics**

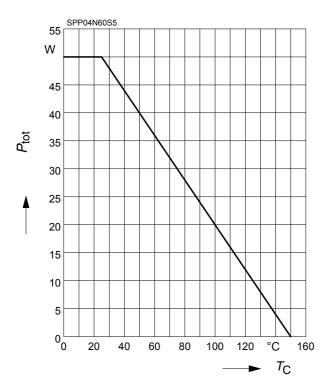
Symbol	Value	Unit	Symbol	Value	Unit
	typ.			typ.	
Thermal r	esistance		Thermal of	capacitance	
R <sub>th1</sub>	0.039	K/W	C <sub>th1</sub>	0.00007347	Ws/K
R <sub>th2</sub>	0.074		C <sub>th2</sub>	0.0002831	
R <sub>th3</sub>	0.132		C <sub>th3</sub>	0.0004062	
R <sub>th4</sub>	0.555		C <sub>th4</sub>	0.001215	
R <sub>th5</sub>	0.529		C <sub>th5</sub>	0.00276	
$R_{th6}$	0.169		C <sub>th6</sub>	0.029	





#### 1 Power dissipation

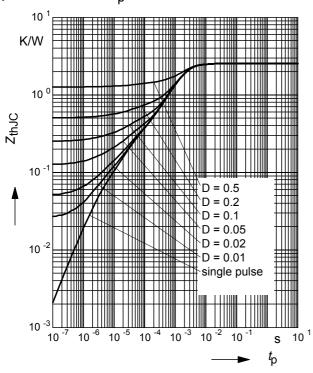
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{C}})$$



#### 3 Transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_{\text{p}})$$

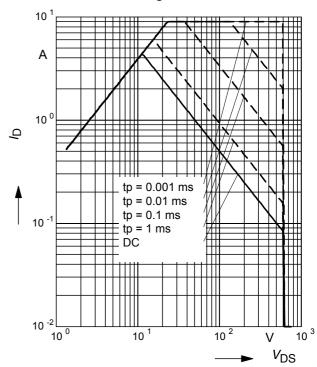
parameter:  $D = t_p/T$ 



## 2 Safe operating area

$$I_{\mathsf{D}} = f(V_{\mathsf{DS}})$$

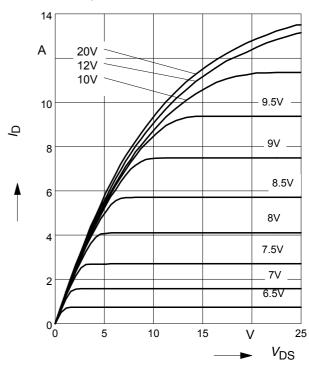
parameter : D = 0 ,  $T_C = 25$ °C



## 4 Typ. output characteristic

 $I_{D} = f(V_{DS}); T_{j}=25^{\circ}C$ 

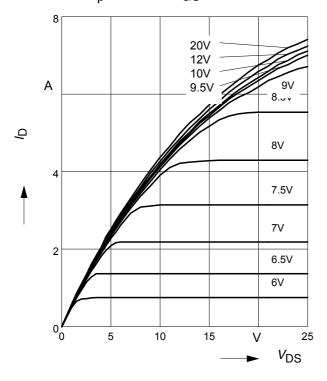
parameter:  $t_p$  = 10  $\mu$ s,  $V_{GS}$ 





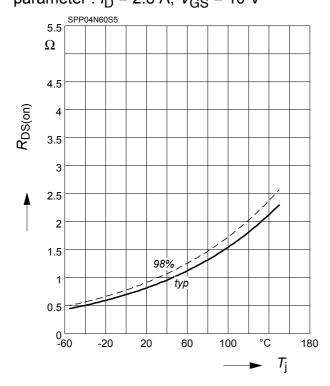
# 5 Typ. output characteristic

 $I_{\rm D}$  =  $f(V_{\rm DS})$ ;  $T_{\rm j}$ =150°C parameter:  $t_{\rm p}$  = 10  $\mu$ s,  $V_{\rm GS}$ 



#### 7 Drain-source on-state resistance

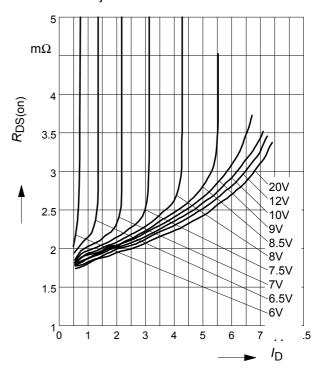
 $R_{\mathrm{DS(on)}} = f(T_{\mathrm{j}})$ parameter :  $I_{\mathrm{D}} = 2.8 \,\mathrm{A}, \, V_{\mathrm{GS}} = 10 \,\mathrm{V}$ 



#### 6 Typ. drain-source on resistance

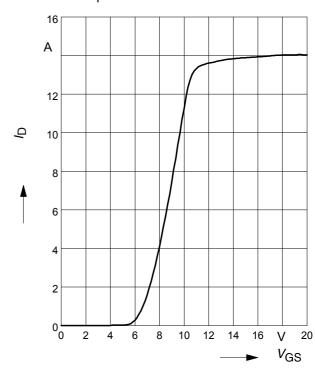
 $R_{\mathrm{DS(on)}} = f(I_{\mathrm{D}})$ 

parameter:  $T_i$ =150°C,  $V_{GS}$ 



#### 8 Typ. transfer characteristics

 $I_{\rm D}$ = f (  $V_{\rm GS}$  );  $V_{\rm DS}$  $\geq$  2 x  $I_{\rm D}$  x  $R_{\rm DS(on)max}$  parameter:  $t_{\rm p}$  = 10  $\mu$ s

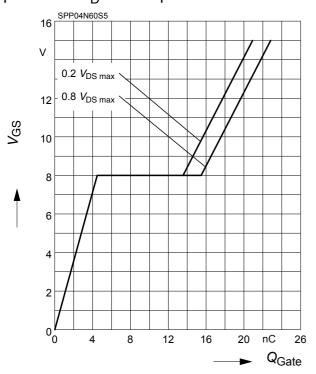




#### 9 Typ. gate charge

 $V_{GS} = f (Q_{Gate})$ 

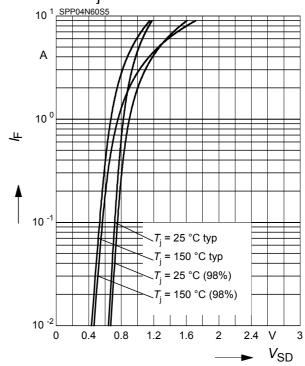
parameter:  $I_D$  = 4.5 A pulsed



# 10 Forward characteristics of body diode

 $I_{\mathsf{F}} = f(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{SD}})$ 

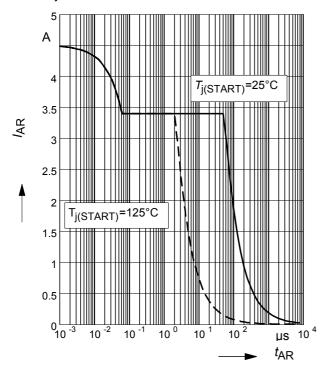
parameter:  $T_i$ ,  $t_p = 10 \mu s$ 



#### 11 Avalanche SOA

 $I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$ 

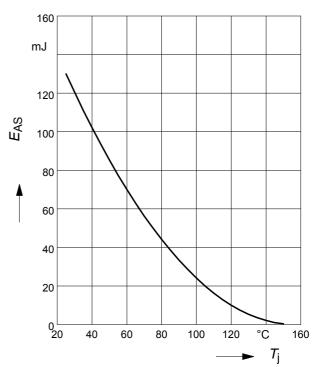
par.:  $T_j \le 150 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 



#### 12 Avalanche energy

 $E_{AS} = f(T_i)$ 

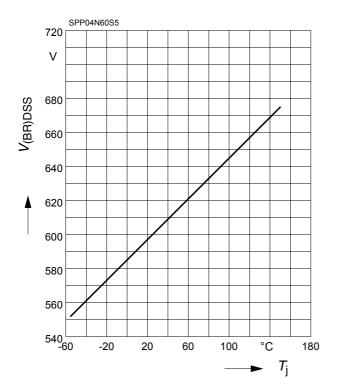
par.:  $I_D = 3.4 \text{ A}, V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$ 





## 13 Drain-source breakdown voltage

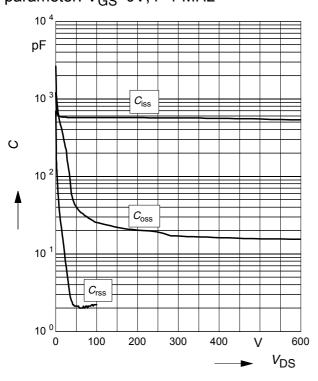
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



## 15 Typ. capacitances

$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

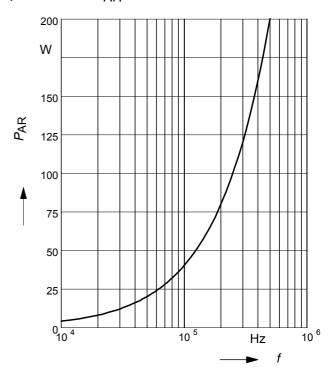
parameter:  $V_{GS}$ =0V, f=1 MHz



## 14 Avalanche power losses

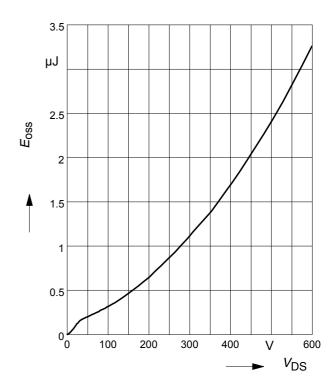
$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

parameter: EAR=0.4mJ



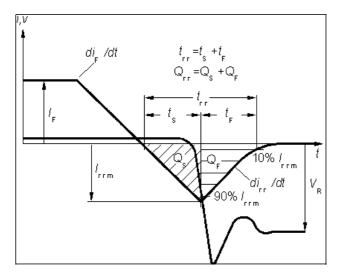
# 16 Typ. $C_{\rm OSS}$ stored energy

$$E_{\text{oss}} = f(V_{\text{DS}})$$



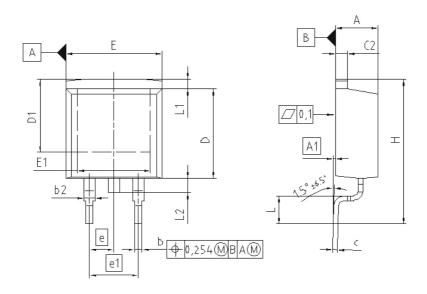


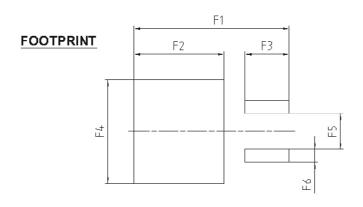
# Definition of diodes switching characteristics



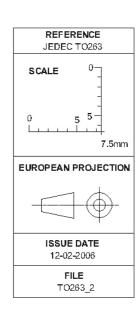


## PG-TO263-3-2, PG-TO263-3-5, PG-TO263-3-22





DIM	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	4.300	4.572	0.169	0.180
A1	0.000	0.254	0.000	0.010
b	0.650	0.850	0.026	0.033
b2	0.950	1.321	0.037	0.052
С	0.330	0.650	0.013	0.026
c2	0.170	1.400	0.046	0.055
D	8.509	9.450	0.335	0.372
D1	7.100	-	0.280	-
E	9.800	10.312	0.386	0.406
E1	6.500		0.256	
e	2.	540	0.	100
e1	5.	5.080		200
N		2		2
Н	14.605	15.875	0.575	0.625
L	2.200	3.000	0.087	0.118
L1	-	1.600	-	0.063
L2	1.000	1.778	0.039	0.070
F1	16.050	16.250	0.632	0.640
F2	9.300	9.500	0.366	0.374
F3	4.500	4.700	0.177	0.185
F4	10.700	10.900	0.421	0.429
F5	3.630	3.830	0.143	0.151
F6	1.100	1.300	0.043	0.051





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