PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}		-0.3		+4.0	V
Storage temperature	Ts		-40		+125	°C
Overpressure	P _{max}				6	bar
Maximum Soldering Temperature	T _{max}	40 sec max			250	°C
ESD rating		Human Body Model	-4		+4	kV
Latch up		JEDEC standard No 78	-100		+100	mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Operating Supply voltage	V_{DD}			1.8	3.0	3.6	V
Operating Temperature	Т			-40	+25	+85	°C
		OSR 4	1096		12.5		
Supply ourrant		2	2048		6.3		
Supply current (1 sample per sec.)	I _{DD}	1	024		3.2		μA
(1 Sample per Sec.)			512		1.7		
			256		0.9		
Peak supply current		during conversion			1.4		mA
Standby supply current		at 25°C			0.02	0.14	μA
VDD Capacitor		From VDD to G	IND	100			nF

ANALOG DIGITAL CONVERTER (ADC)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	5	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Output Word					24		bit
		OSR	4096	7.40	8.22	9.04	
			2048	3.72	4.13	4.54	
Conversion time	t _c		1024	1.88	2.08	2.28	ms
			512	0.95	1.06	1.17	
			256	0.48	0.54	0.60	

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

PRESSURE OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD} = 3 V, T = 25°C UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Parameter	Conditio	ns	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Operating Pressure Range	P _{range} Full Accuracy		300		1100	mbar
Extended Pressure Range	P _{ext}	Linear Range of ADC	10		1200	mbar
	at 25°C,	7001100 mbar	-1.5		+1.5	
Total Error band, no autozero	at 050°0	C, 3001100 mbar	-2.0		+2.0	mbar
	at -2085	s°C, 3001100 mbar	-3.5		+3.5	
	at 25°C,	7001100 mbar	-0.5		+0.5	
Total Error band, autozero at one pressure point	at 050°0	C, 3001100 mbar	-1.0		+1.0	mbar
one pressure point	at -2085	s°C, 3001100 mbar	-2.5		+2.5	
Maximum error with supply voltage	V _{DD} = 1.8	V _{DD} = 1.8 V 3.6 V			+2.5	mbar
	OSR	4096		0.024		
		2048		0.036		
Resolution RMS	1024			0.054		mbar
		512		0.084		
	256			0.130		
Long-term stability				±1		mbar/yr
Defless coldering import	IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C			10.4		mbar
Reflow soldering impact	(See app	lication note AN808)		+0.4		IIIbal
Recovering time after reflow (1)	, , , ,			7		days

⁽¹⁾ Time to recovering at least 66% of the reflow impact

TEMPERATURE OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD} = 3 V, T = 25°C UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	at 25°C		-0.8		+0.8	
Absolute Accuracy	-2085°C		-2.0		+2.0	°C
	-4085°C		-4.0		+4.0	
Maximum error with supply voltage	V _{DD} = 1.8 V 3.6 V		-0.5		+0.5	°C
	OSR	4096		0.002		
		2048		0.003		
Resolution RMS		1024		0.005		°C
		512		0.008		
		256		0.012		

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

DIGITAL INPUTS (CSB, I²C, DIN, SCLK)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Serial data clock	SCLK	SPI protocol			20	MHz
Seriai data ciock	SCLK	I ² C protocol			400	KHz
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	Pins CSB	80% V _{DD}		100% V _{DD}	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}		0% V _{DD}		20% V _{DD}	V
Input leakage current	I _{leak25°C}	at 25°C			0.15	μA
input leakage current	I _{leak85°C}	at 25 C			0.13	μΛ
Input capacitance	C _{IN}				6	pF

PRESSURE OUTPUTS (I²C, DOUT)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Output high voltage	V _{OH}	I _{source} = 1.0 mA	80% V _{DD}		100% V _{DD}	V
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{sink} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$0\% V_{DD}$		20% V _{DD}	V
Load capacitance	C _{LOAD}				16	pF

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

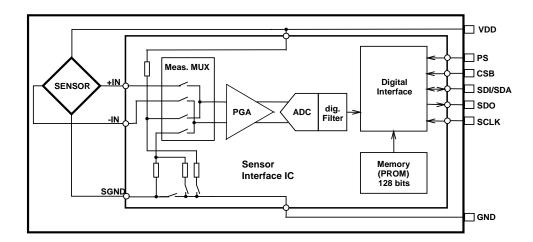


Figure 1: Block diagram of MS5607-02BA

GENERAL

The MS5607-02BA consists of a piezo-resistive sensor and a sensor interface IC. The main function of the MS5607-02BA is to convert the uncompensated analogue output voltage from the piezo-resistive pressure sensor to a 24-bit digital value, as well as providing a 24-bit digital value for the temperature of the sensor.

FACTORY CALIBRATION

Every module is individually factory calibrated at two temperatures and two pressures. As a result, 6 coefficients necessary to compensate for process variations and temperature variations are calculated and stored in the 128-bit PROM of each module. These bits (partitioned into 6 coefficients) must be read by the microcontroller software and used in the program converting D1 and D2 into compensated pressure and temperature values.

SERIAL INTERFACE

The MS5607-02BA has built in two types of serial interfaces: SPI and I²C. Pulling the Protocol Select pin PS to low selects the SPI protocol, pulling PS to high activates the I²C bus protocol.

Pin PS	Mode	Pins used
High	I ² C	SDA
Low	SPI	SDI, SDO, CSB

SPI MODE

The external microcontroller clocks in the data through the input SCLK (Serial CLocK) and SDI (Serial Data In). In the SPI mode module can accept both mode 0 and mode 3 for the clock polarity and phase. The sensor responds on the output SDO (Serial Data Out). The pin CSB (Chip Select) is used to enable/disable the interface, so that other devices can talk on the same SPI bus. The CSB pin can be pulled high after the command is sent or after the end of the command execution (for example end of conversion). The best noise performance from the module is obtained when the SPI bus is idle and without communication to other devices during the ADC conversion.



I²C MODE

The external microcontroller clocks in the data through the input SCLK (Serial CLocK) and SDA (Serial DAta). The sensor responds on the same pin SDA which is bidirectional for the I²C bus interface. So this interface type uses only 2 signal lines and does not require a chip select, which can be favourable to reduce board space. In I²C-Mode the complement of the pin CSB (Chip Select) represents the LSB of the I²C address. It is possible to use two sensors with two different addresses on the I²C bus. The pin CSB shall be connected to VDD or GND (do not leave unconnected!).

COMMANDS

The MS5607-02BA has only five basic commands:

- 1 Reset
- 2. Read PROM (128 bit of calibration words)
- 3. D1 conversion
- 4. D2 conversion
- 5. Read ADC result (24 bit pressure / temperature)



PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE CALCULATION

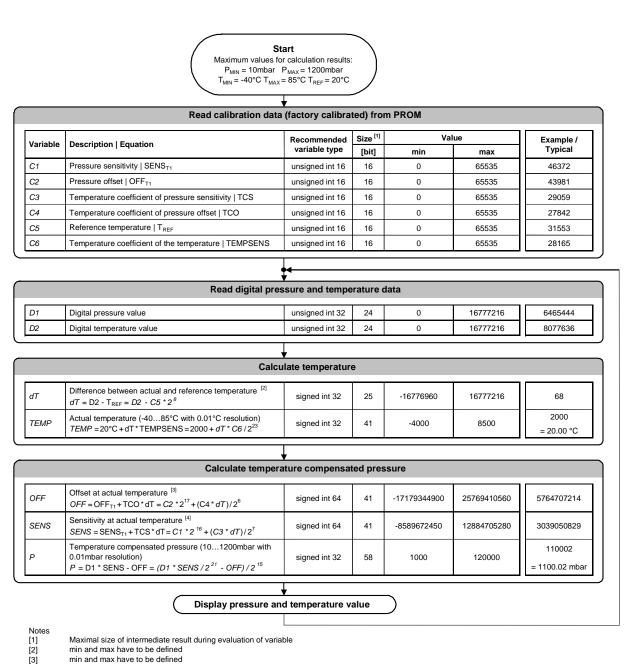


Figure 2: Flow chart for pressure and temperature reading and software compensation.

min and max have to be defined



SECOND ORDER TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

In order to obtain best accuracy over temperature range, particularly in low temperature, it is recommended to compensate the non-linearity over the temperature. This can be achieved by correcting the calculated temperature, offset and sensitivity by a second order correction factor and will be recalculated with the standard calculation. The second-order factors are calculated as follows:

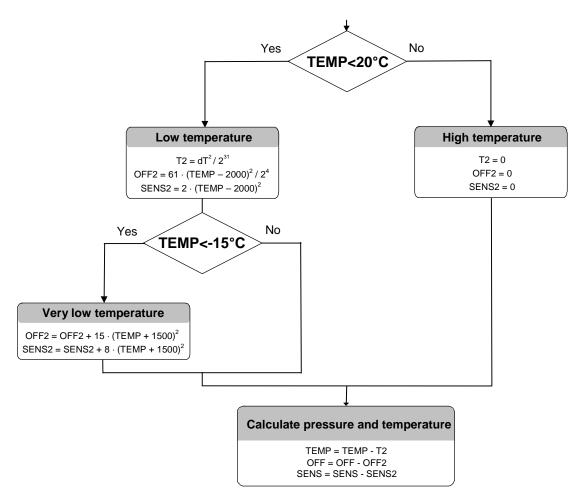


Figure 3: Flow chart for pressure and temperature to the optimum accuracy.

SPI INTERFACE

COMMANDS

Size of each command is 1 byte (8 bits) as described in the table below. After ADC read commands the device will return 24 bit result and after the PROM read 16bit result. The address of the PROM is embedded inside of the PROM read command using the a2, a1 and a0 bits.

	Com	mand l	byte						hex value
Bit number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Bit name	PR M	COV	-	Тур	Ad2/ Os2	Ad1/ Os1	Ad0/ Os0	Stop	
Command									
Reset	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0x1E
Convert D1 (OSR=256)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x40
Convert D1 (OSR=512)	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0x42
Convert D1 (OSR=1024)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0x44
Convert D1 (OSR=2048)	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0x46
Convert D1 (OSR=4096)	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0x48
Convert D2 (OSR=256)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0x50
Convert D2 (OSR=512)	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0x52
Convert D2 (OSR=1024)	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0x54
Convert D2 (OSR=2048)	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0x56
Convert D2 (OSR=4096)	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0x58
ADC Read	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
PROM Read	1	0	1	0	Ad2	Ad1	Ad0	0	0xA0 to 0xAE

Figure 4: Command structure

RESET SEQUENCE

The Reset sequence shall be sent once after power-on to make sure that the calibration PROM gets loaded into the internal register. It can be also used to reset the device ROM from an unknown condition

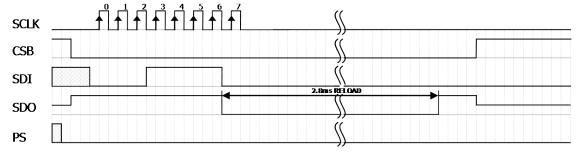


Figure 5: Reset command sequence SPI mode 0



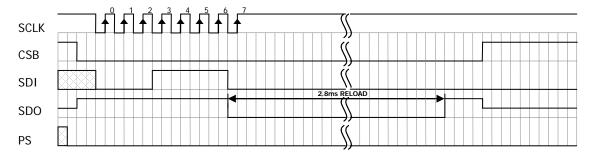


Figure 6: Reset command sequence SPI mode 3

CONVERSION SEQUENCE

The conversion command is used to initiate uncompensated pressure (D1) or uncompensated temperature (D2) conversion. The chip select can be disabled during this time to communicate with other devices.

After the conversion, using ADC read command the result is clocked out with the MSB first. If the conversion is not executed before the ADC read command, or the ADC read command is repeated, it will give 0 as the output result. If the ADC read command is sent during conversion the result will be 0, the conversion will not stop and the final result will be wrong. Conversion sequence sent during the already started conversion process will yield incorrect result as well.

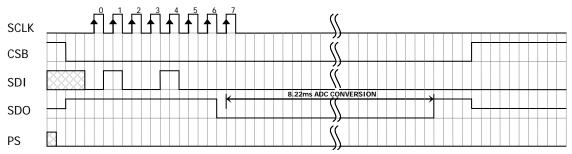


Figure 7: Conversion out sequence, Typ=d1, OSR = 4096

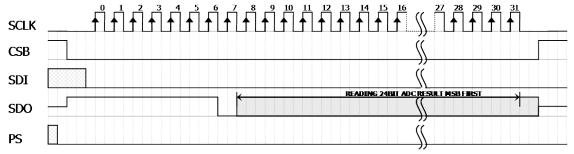


Figure 8: ADC Read sequence

PROM READ SEQUENCE

The read command for PROM shall be executed once after reset by the user to read the content of the calibration PROM and to calculate the calibration coefficients. There are in total 8 addresses resulting in a total memory of 128 bit. Address 0 contains factory data and the setup, addresses 1-6 calibration coefficients and address 7 contains the serial code and CRC. The command sequence is 8 bits long with a 16 bit result which is clocked with the MSB first.



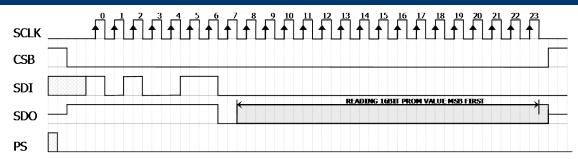


Figure 9: PROM Read sequence, address = 011 (Coefficient 3).

I²C INTERFACE

COMMANDS

Each I²C communication message starts with the start condition and it is ended with the stop condition. The MS5607-02BA address is 111011Cx, where C is the complementary value of the pin CSB. Since the IC does not have a microcontroller inside, the commands for I²C and SPI are quite similar.

RESET SEQUENCE

The reset can be sent at any time. In the event that there is not a successful power on reset this may be caused by the SDA being blocked by the module in the acknowledge state. The only way to get the MS5607-02BA to function is to send several SCLKs followed by a reset sequence or to repeat power on reset.

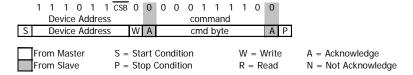


Figure 10: I²C Reset Command

PROM READ SEQUENCE

The PROM Read command consists of two parts. First command sets up the system into PROM read mode. The second part gets the data from the system.

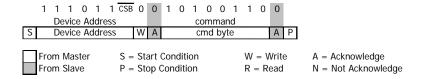


Figure 11: I²C Command to read memory address= 011 (Coefficient 3)

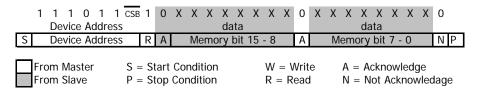


Figure 12: I²C answer from MS5607-02BA

CONVERSION SEQUENCE

A conversion can be started by sending the command to MS5607-02BA. When command is sent to the system it stays busy until conversion is done. When conversion is finished the data can be accessed by sending a Read command, when an acknowledge appears from the MS5607-02BA, 24 SCLK cycles may be sent to receive all result bits. Every 8 bit the system waits for an acknowledge signal.

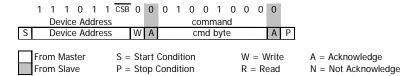


Figure 13: I²C Command to initiate a pressure conversion (OSR=4096, typ=D1)

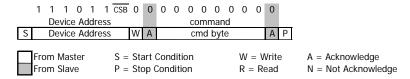


Figure 14: I²C ADC read sequence

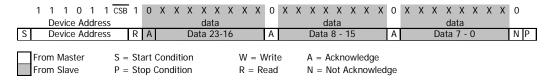


Figure 15: I²C answer from MS5607-02BA

CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK (CRC)

MS5607-02BA contains a PROM memory with 128-Bit. A 4-bit CRC has been implemented to check the data validity in memory. The application note AN520 describes in detail CRC-4 code used.

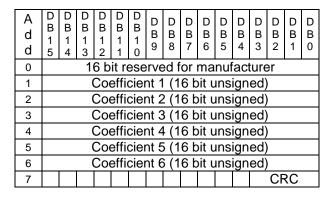
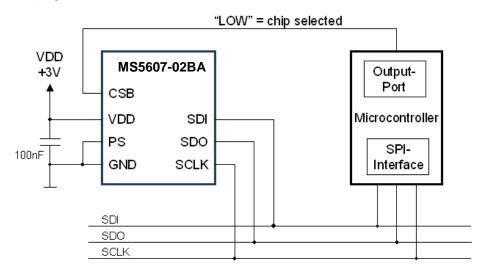


Figure 16: Memory PROM mapping

APPLICATION CIRCUIT

The MS5607-02BA is a circuit that can be used in conjunction with a microcontroller in mobile altimeter applications. It is designed for low-voltage systems with a supply voltage of 3 V.

SPI protocol communication



I²C protocol communication

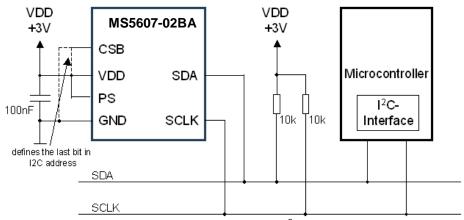
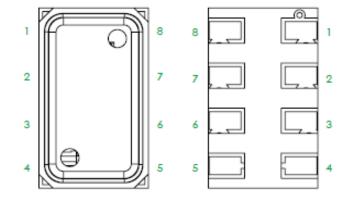


Figure 17: Typical application circuit with SPI / I²C protocol communication

PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin	Name	Туре	Function
1	VDD	Р	Positive supply voltage
2	PS	I	Protocol select PS high (VDD) → I ² C PS low (GND) → SPI
3	GND	G	Ground
4 5	CSB	ı	Chip select (active low), internal connection
6	SDO	0	Serial data output
7	SDI / SDA	1/10	Serial data input / I ² C data IO
8	SCLK	ı	Serial data clock



DEVICE PACKAGE OUTLINE

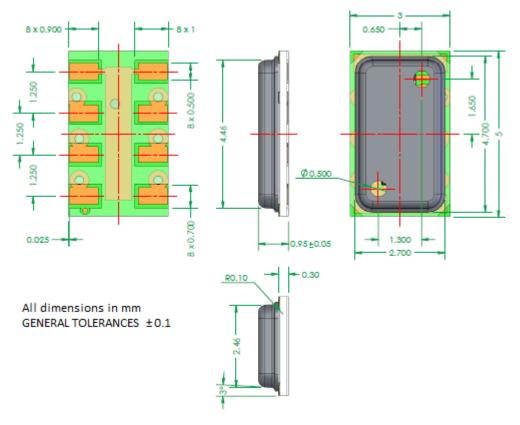
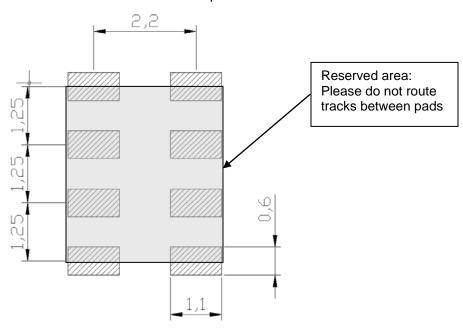


Figure 18: MS5607-02BA03 package outline

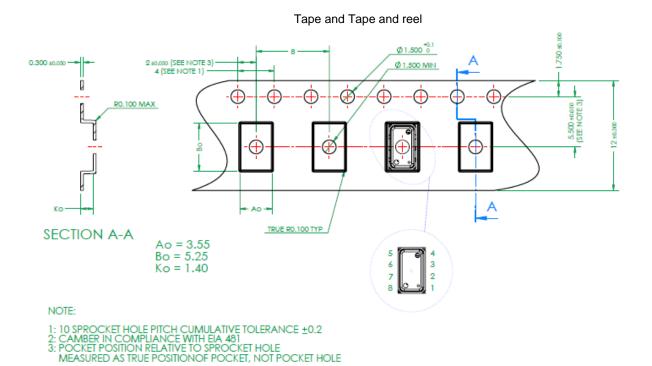
14/19

RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT

Pad layout for bottom side of the MS5607-02BA soldered onto printed circuit board.



SHIPPING PACKAGE





MOUNTING AND ASSEMBLY CONSIDERATIONS

SOLDERING

Please refer to the application note AN808 available on our website for all soldering issues.

MOUNTING

The MS5607-02BA can be placed with automatic Pick & Place equipment using vacuum nozzles. It will not be damaged by the vacuum. Due to the low stress assembly the sensor does not show pressure hysteresis effects. It is important to solder all contact pads.

CONNECTION TO PCB

The package outline of the module allows the use of a flexible PCB for interconnection. This can be important for applications in watches and other special devices.

CLEANING

The MS5607-02BA has been manufactured under cleanroom conditions. It is therefore recommended to assemble the sensor under class 10'000 or better conditions. Should this not be possible, it is recommended to protect the sensor opening during assembly from entering particles and dust. To avoid cleaning of the PCB, solder paste of type "no-clean" shall be used. Cleaning might damage the sensor!

ESD PRECAUTIONS

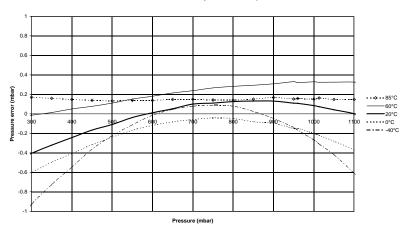
The electrical contact pads are protected against ESD up to 4 kV HBM (human body model). It is therefore essential to ground machines and personnel properly during assembly and handling of the device. The MS5607-02BA is shipped in antistatic transport boxes. Any test adapters or production transport boxes used during the assembly of the sensor shall be of an equivalent antistatic material.

DECOUPLING CAPACITOR

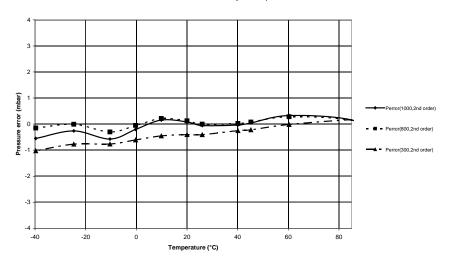
Particular care must be taken when connecting the device to the power supply. A 100 nF ceramic capacitor must be placed as close as possible to the MS5607-02BA VDD pin. This capacitor will stabilize the power supply during data conversion and thus, provide the highest possible accuracy.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

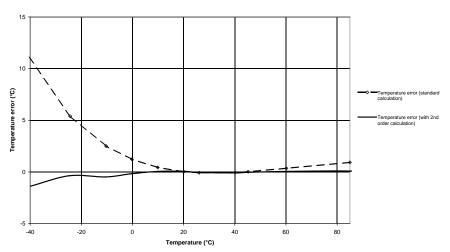
Absolute Pressure Accuracy, 2nd order compensation



Pressure Error Accuracy vs temperature

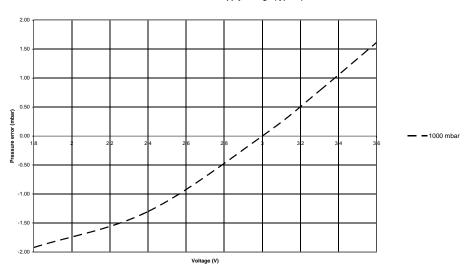


Temperature Error Accuracy vs temperature

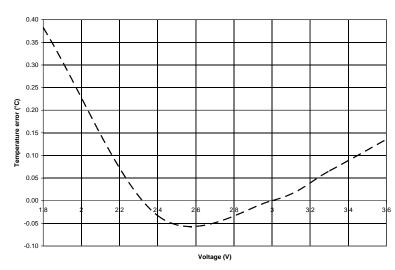


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Pressure error vs supply voltage (typical)



Temperature error vs supply voltage (typical)





ORDERING INFORMATION

Product Code	Product	Art. No	Delivery Form
MS5607-02BA03	Barometric Pressure Sensor Thin Metal Cap	MS560702BA03-00	Waffle pack
MS5607-02BA03	Barometric Pressure Sensor Thin Metal Cap	MS560702BA03-50	Tape and reel

FACTORY CONTACTS

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