

LTC6702

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V^+ to GND)	6V
Input Voltage.....	6V
Input Current.....	-10mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 2)	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range (Note 3)	
LTC6702C	-40°C to 85°C
LTC6702I	-40°C to 85°C
LTC6702H	-40°C to 125°C

Specified Temperature Range (Note 4)	
LTC6702C	0°C to 70°C
LTC6702I	-40°C to 85°C
LTC6702H	-40°C to 125°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range.....	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	
TSOT Packages.....	300°C

PIN CONFIGURATION

TOP VIEW DC PACKAGE 8-LEAD (2mm × 2mm) PLASTIC DFN $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 102^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ EXPOSED PAD (PIN 9) IS GND, MUST BE SOLDERED TO PCB	TOP VIEW TS8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC TSOT-23 $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 130^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
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ORDER INFORMATION

Lead Free Finish

TAPE AND REEL (MINI)	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING*	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE
LTC6702CDC#TRMPBF	LTC6702CDC#TRPBF	LCZJ	8-Lead (2mm × 2mm) Plastic DFN	0°C to 70°C
LTC6702IDC#TRMPBF	LTC6702IDC#TRPBF	LCZJ	8-Lead (2mm × 2mm) Plastic DFN	-40°C to 85°C
LTC6702HDC#TRMPBF	LTC6702HDC#TRPBF	LCZJ	8-Lead (2mm × 2mm) Plastic DFN	-40°C to 125°C
LTC6702CTS8#TRMPBF	LTC6702CTS8#TRPBF	LTCZK	8-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	0°C to 70°C
LTC6702ITS8#TRMPBF	LTC6702ITS8#TRPBF	LTCZK	8-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LTC6702HTS8#TRMPBF	LTC6702HTS8#TRPBF	LTCZK	8-Lead Plastic TSOT-23	-40°C to 125°C

TRM = 500 pieces. *Temperature grades are identified by a label on the shipping container.

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

Consult LTC Marketing for information on lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: <http://www.linear.com/leadfree/>

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: <http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/>

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $V^+ = 3\text{V}$, $V_{CM} = 1.5\text{V}$, $C_{OUT} = 20\text{pF}$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V^+	Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR	● 1.7		5.5	V
I^+	Supply Current per Comparator	$V^+ = 3\text{V}$	●	24	30 40	μA μA
		$V^+ = 5\text{V}$	●	25	32 42	μA μA
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	(Note 5)	●	1	3.5	mV
		LTC6702C/LTC6702I	●		5	mV
		LTC6702H	●		6	mV
V_{HYST}	Input Hysteresis Voltage	(Note 5)	●	2.5	4.3	mV
		LTC6702C/LTC6702I	●	1.6	7.2	mV
		LTC6702H	●	1.6	8.2	mV
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift	(Note 5)	●	6		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IN}	Input Leakage Current	LTC6702C/LTC6702I	●	0.001	1	nA
		LTC6702H	●		10	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -0.1\text{V}$ to $V_{DD} - 1.2\text{V}$	●	58 56	70	dB dB
	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR	●	-0.1	$V_{DD} - 1.2$	V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V^+ = 1.7\text{V}$ to 5.5V , $V_{CM} = 0.5\text{V}$	●	56 54	65	dB dB
V_{OL}	Output Swing Low	Overdrive = 20mV (Note 6)	●		10	mV
		$I_{SINK} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $I_{SINK} = 15\text{mA}$	●		250	mV
V_{OH}	Output Swing High	Overdrive = 20mV (Note 6)	●		10	mV
		$I_{SOURCE} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $I_{SOURCE} = 15\text{mA}$	●		350	mV
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay	(Note 7)	●	320	450 500	ns ns
Δt_{PD}	Differential Propagation Delay	Between Channels		4		ns
t_{SKEW}	Propagation Delay Skew	Between t_{PDH}/t_{PDHL}		4		ns
t_r	Output Rise Time			11		ns
t_f	Output Fall Time			15		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Toggle Frequency			3.2		MHz
I_{SC}	Short-Circuit Current	$V^+ = 5\text{V}$		± 250		mA

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below absolute maximum. This depends on the power supply voltage and how many comparators are shorted. The θ_{JA} specified for the DC and TS packages is with minimal PCB heat spreading metal. Using expanded metal area on all layers of a board reduces this value.

Note 3: The LTC6702C and LTC6702I are guaranteed functional over the temperature range of -40°C to 85°C . The LTC6702H is guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of -40°C to 125°C .

Note 4: The LTC6702C is guaranteed to meet specified performance from 0°C to 70°C . The LTC6702C is designed, characterized and expected to

meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C but is not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures. The LTC6702I is guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C . The LTC6702H is guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 125°C .

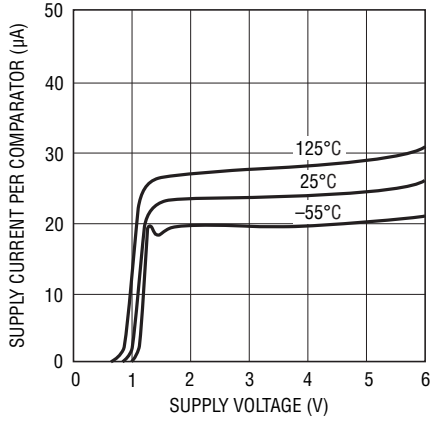
Note 5: The LTC6702 comparators include internal hysteresis. The offset voltage is defined as the average of the input voltages (trip points) required to change the output in each direction minus V_{CM} , while the hysteresis voltage is the difference of these trip points.

Note 6: Output voltage swings are measured between the output and power supply rails.

Note 7: Propagation delay is for 200mV steps, and 50mV of overdrive. Overdrive is measured relative to the positive and negative trip points.

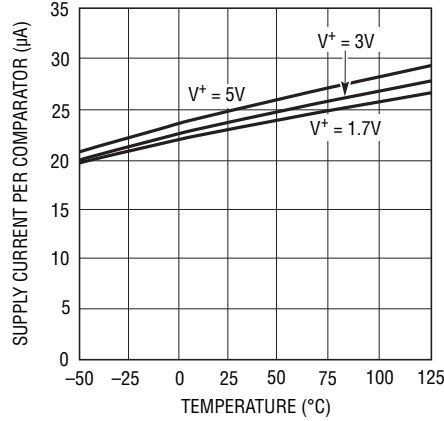
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



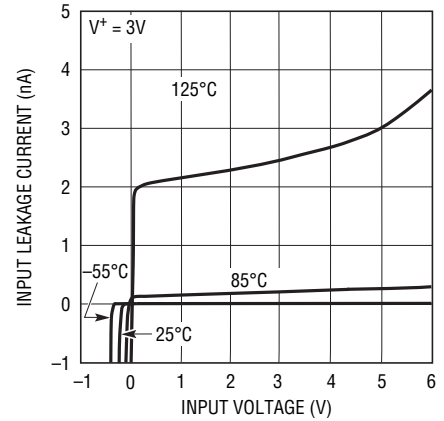
6702 G01

Supply Current vs Temperature



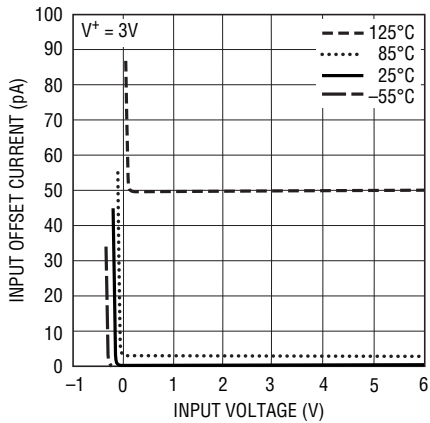
6702 G02

Input Leakage Current vs Input Voltage



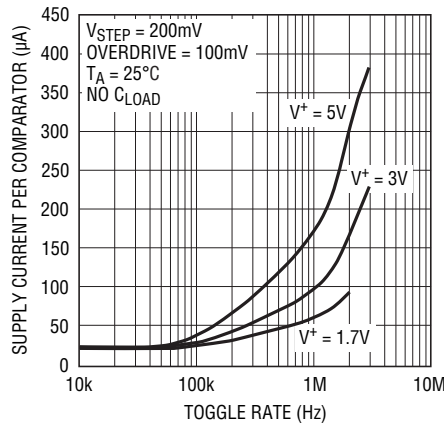
6702 G03

Input Offset Current vs Input Voltage



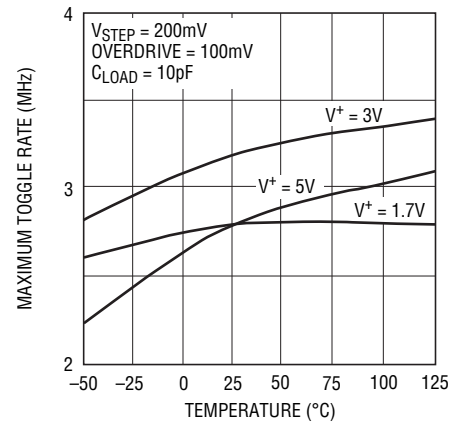
6702 G04

Supply Current vs Toggle Rate



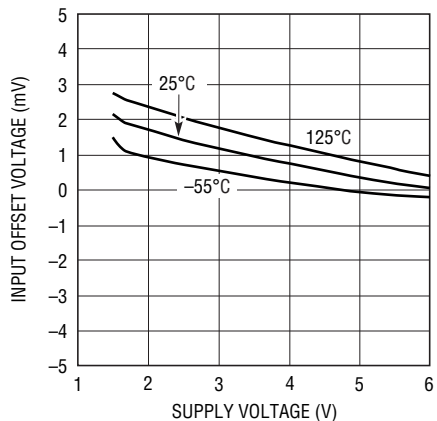
6702 G05

Maximum Toggle Rate vs Temperature



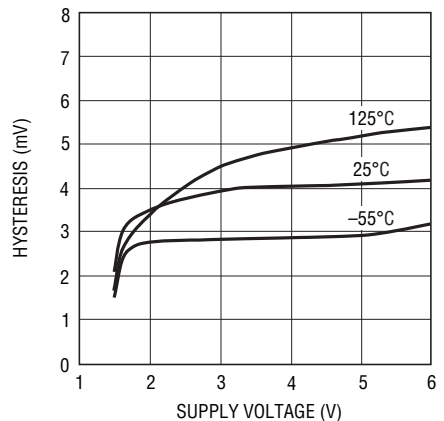
6702 G06

Input Offset Voltage vs Supply Voltage



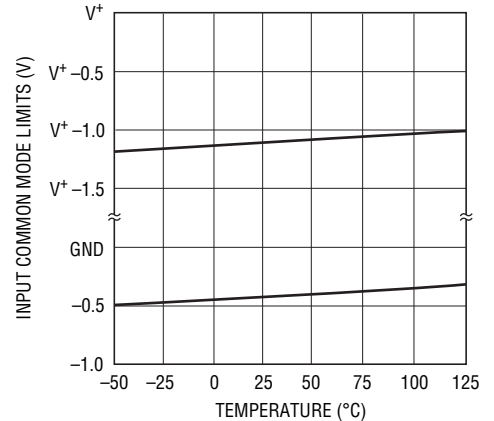
6702 G07

Hysteresis vs Supply Voltage



6702 G08

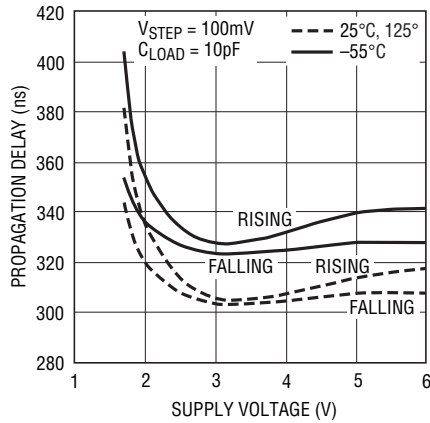
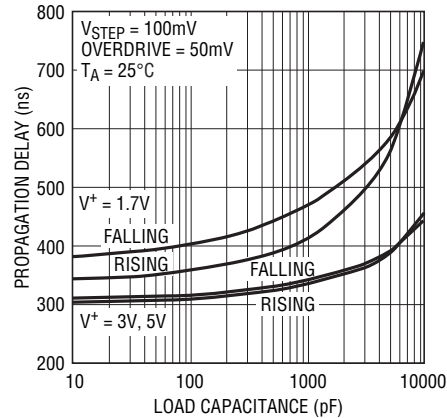
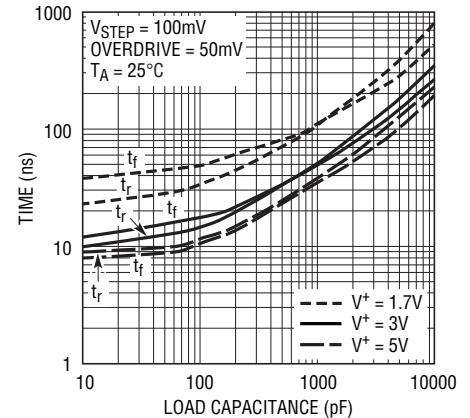
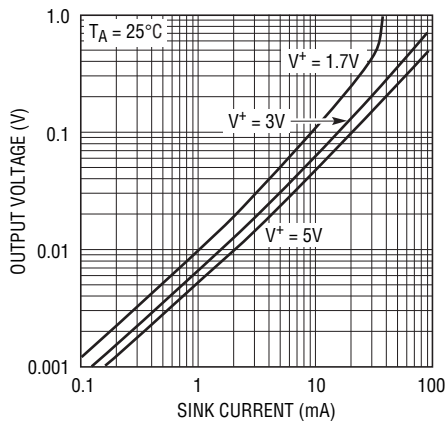
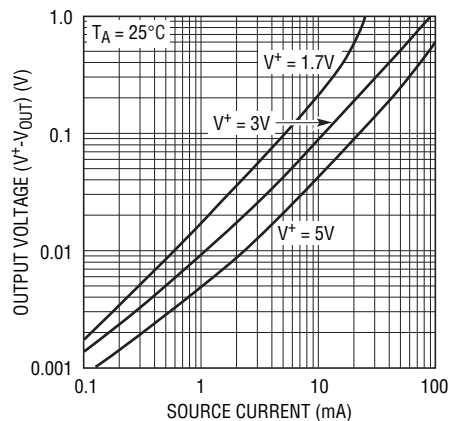
Input Common Mode Limits vs Temperature



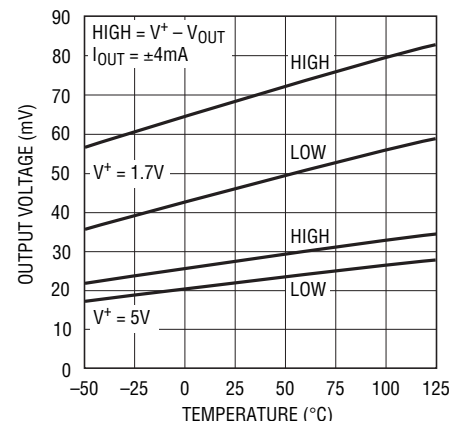
6702 G09

6702fa

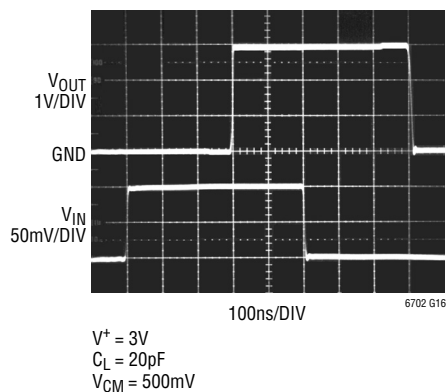
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Propagation Delay
vs Supply VoltagePropagation Delay
vs Load CapacitanceOutput Rise and Fall
Times vs Load CapacitanceOutput Low Voltage
vs Load CurrentOutput High Voltage
vs Load Current

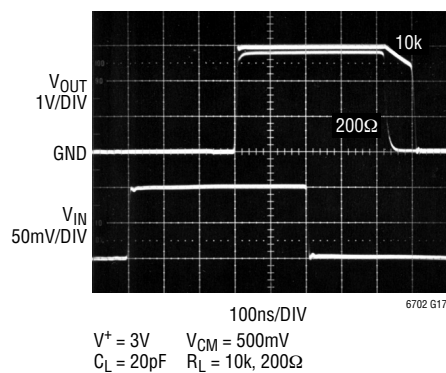
Output Voltage vs Temperature



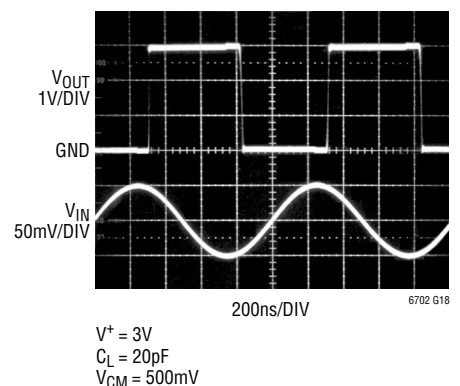
Propagation Delay



Propagation Delay with Load



1MHz Sinusoid Response



PIN FUNCTIONS

OUT A (Pin 1): Output of Comparator A.

–IN A (Pin 2): Inverting Input of Comparator A.

+IN A (Pin 3): Noninverting Input of Comparator A.

GND (Pin 4): Ground.

+IN B (Pin 5): Noninverting Input of Comparator B.

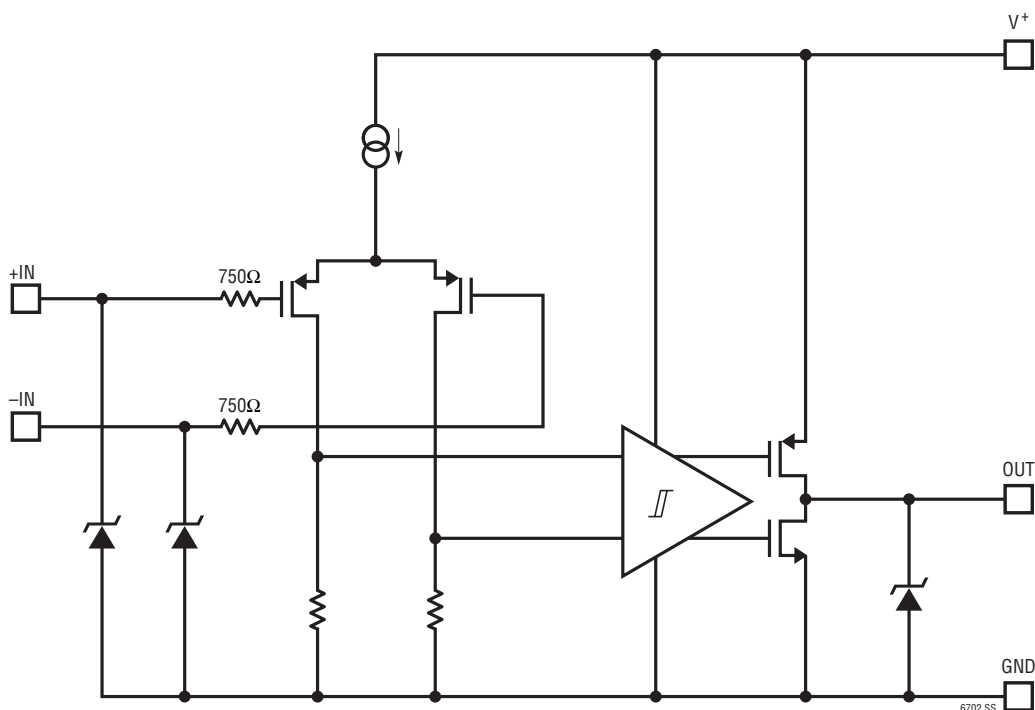
–IN B (Pin 6): Inverting Input of Comparator B.

OUT B (Pin 7): Output of Comparator B.

V⁺ (Pin 8): Positive Supply Voltage

Exposed Pad (Pin 9, DC Package Only): Ground. The Exposed Pad must be soldered to PCB.

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The LTC6702 device is a fast (500ns delay), low power, low voltage (1.7V to 5.5V supply) general purpose dual comparator. It provides rail-to-rail outputs able to interface to TTL/CMOS, draws low supply currents (30μA/comparator), and has internal hysteresis (approximately 4mV).

Hysteresis

Each comparator has built-in hysteresis to simplify designs, to insure stable operation in the presence of noise at the inputs, and to reject supply rail noise. The reference voltage applied to the input is not the exact switching threshold value due to the built-in hysteresis. Actual output switching typically occurs within $\pm 2.2\text{mV}$ of the reference voltage, plus or minus the input offset voltage. External positive feedback circuitry can be employed to increase effective hysteresis if desired, as shown in Figure 1. This circuitry will provide an apparent effect on both the rising and falling input thresholds (the actual internal trip points remain unaffected). If an inverting configuration with hysteresis is needed, simply swap the V_{IN} and V_{REF} connections.

Unused Inputs

Any unused inputs should be connected in a way that fixes the output logic state high or low. One easy way to do this is to tie +IN to V^+ and -IN to GND.

Input Protection

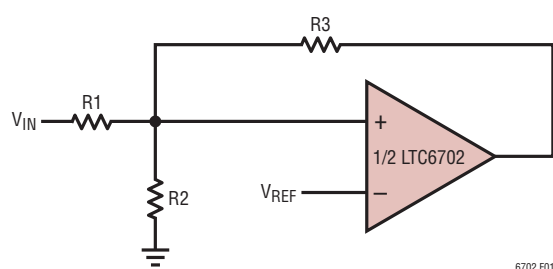
External input protection circuitry is only needed if currents would otherwise exceed the absolute maximum rating. Inputs driven further negative than 100mV below ground will not cause damage provided the current is limited to 10mA. ESD protection diodes are provided to prevent damage during handling.

Comparator Input

The allowable input voltage ranges from 100mV below GND to within 1.2V of the positive supply. The input may be forced below ground without causing an improper output, though some additional input current will begin to flow from the ESD input protection diode. The inputs can reach up to 6V independent of the V^+ supply voltage without causing additional input current or damage to the part. As long as one input is within the allowable input voltage range, the LTC6702 will continue to function normally.

Comparator Output

The comparator output is a push-pull CMOS stage guaranteed to swing to within 350mV of V^+ and 250mV of ground, over temperature when sourcing or sinking 15mA. No external pull-up/down resistor is required. To



$$\text{Additional Hysteresis} = \frac{R1}{R3} \cdot V^+$$

Trip Voltages:

$$V_{IN(L \rightarrow H)} = V_{REF} \cdot R1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R1} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R3} \right)$$

$$V_{IN(H \rightarrow L)} = V_{REF} \cdot R1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R1} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R3} \right) - \left(\frac{R1}{R3} \right) \cdot V^+$$

Example: Additional Hysteresis = 50mV, $V^+ = 5\text{V}$

$R1 = 10\text{k}$

$R2 = 249\text{k}$

$R3 = 1\text{M}$

FOR $V_{REF} = 0.5\text{V}$: $V_{IN(L \rightarrow H)} = 0.525\text{V}$

$V_{IN(H \rightarrow L)} = 0.475\text{V}$

Figure 1. Additional Hysteresis Circuit for Noninverting Configuration

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

maintain micropower operation, the output stage uses a break-before-make circuit. The break interval of this circuit turns off both the pull-up and pull-down devices for tens of nanoseconds before activating the appropriate output transistor (depends on the output transition direction). Any load connected to the output will charge or discharge internal capacitance during this interval. This can create a soft corner during output transitions and also decrease the propagation delay. The Typical Performance Characteristics section shows this behavior under three load conditions: unloaded, 10k to ground and 200Ω to ground. Loads to V⁺ have a similar affect when the output is transitioning from low to high.

Power Supplies

The comparator circuitry operates from a single 1.7V to 5.5V. A 0.1μF minimum bypass capacitor is required between the V⁺ pin and GND. When the output is sinking

at least 1mA, a 1μF bypass capacitor is recommended. Pulsing the V⁺ supply to the comparators on and off may engage the ESD protection circuitry at the V⁺ pin. If this occurs, current is pulled from the V⁺ pin through the output stage. Using the recommended supply bypass capacitors with some series resistance in the V⁺ supply line will help to prevent this action in pulsed supply applications.

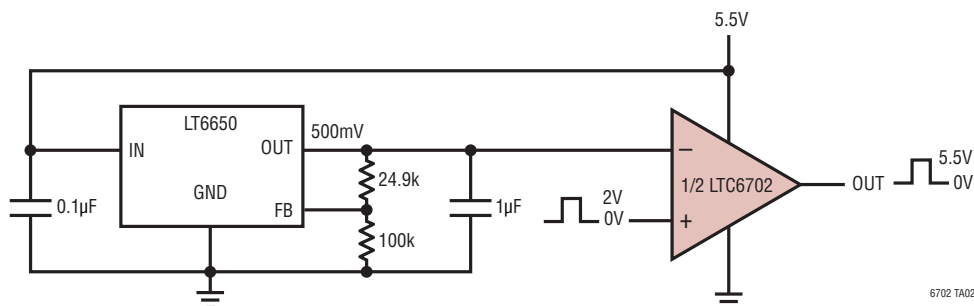
Level Translators

The level translators in the Typical Applications section show an adjustable high-precision voltage reference enabling the user to vary the threshold voltage. Simply adjusting the ratio of the two resistors changes the threshold voltage according to the following equation:

$$V_{\text{THR}} = 0.4 \left(1 + \frac{R_F}{R_G} \right)$$

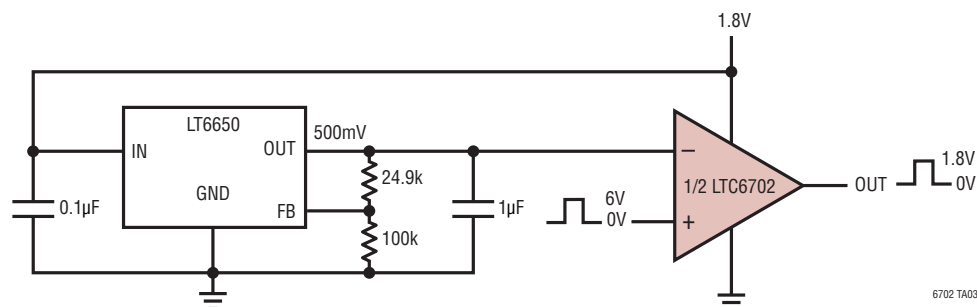
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Low to High Level Translator

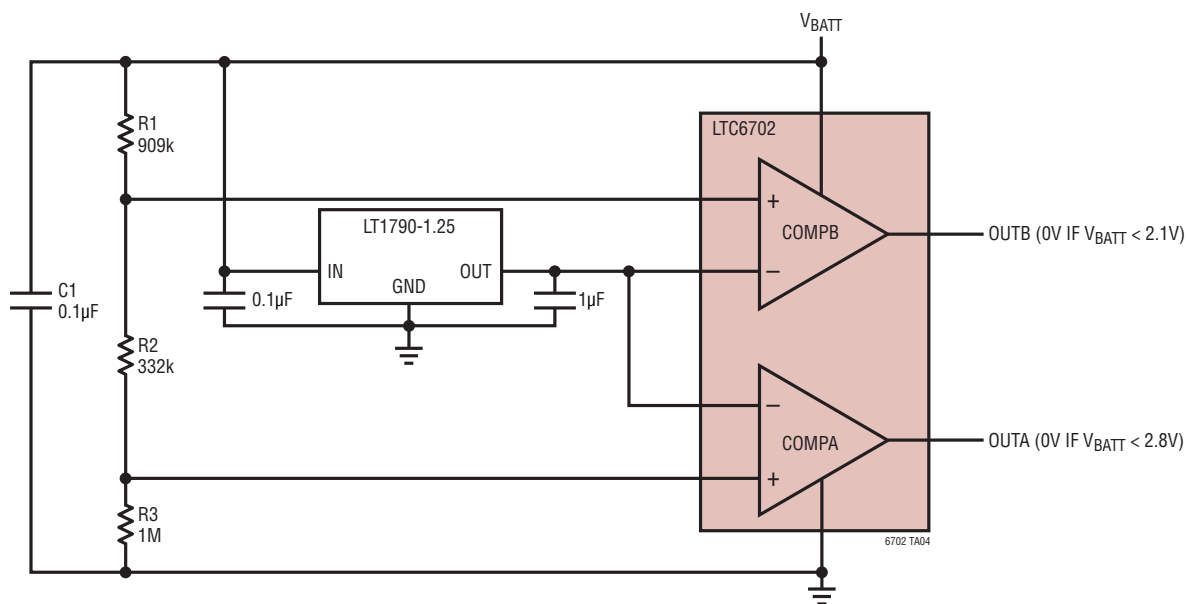


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

High to Low Level Translator

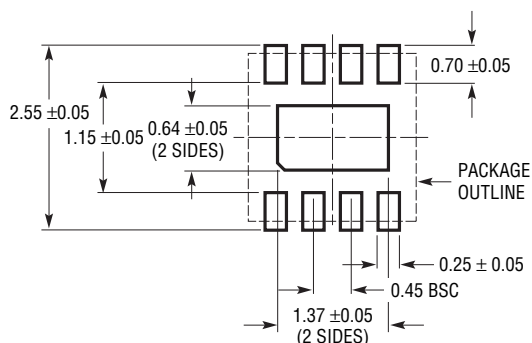


Micropower Battery Monitor with Fast Response

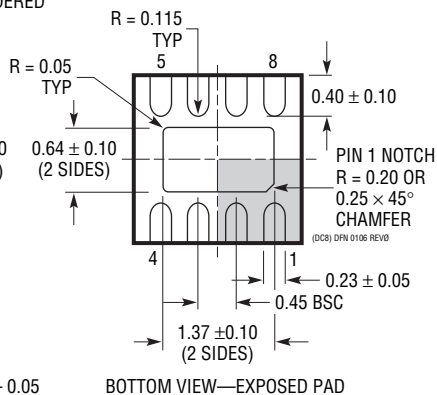
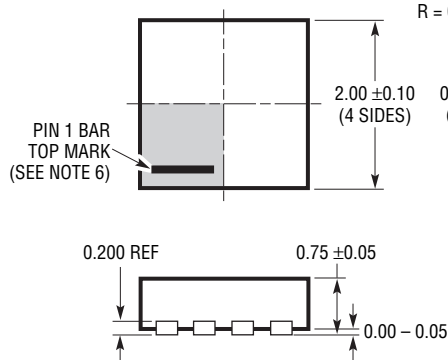


PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

DC Package
8-Lead Plastic DFN (2mm × 2mm)
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1719 Rev A)



RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD PITCH AND DIMENSIONS
 APPLY SOLDER MASK TO AREAS THAT ARE NOT SOLDERED

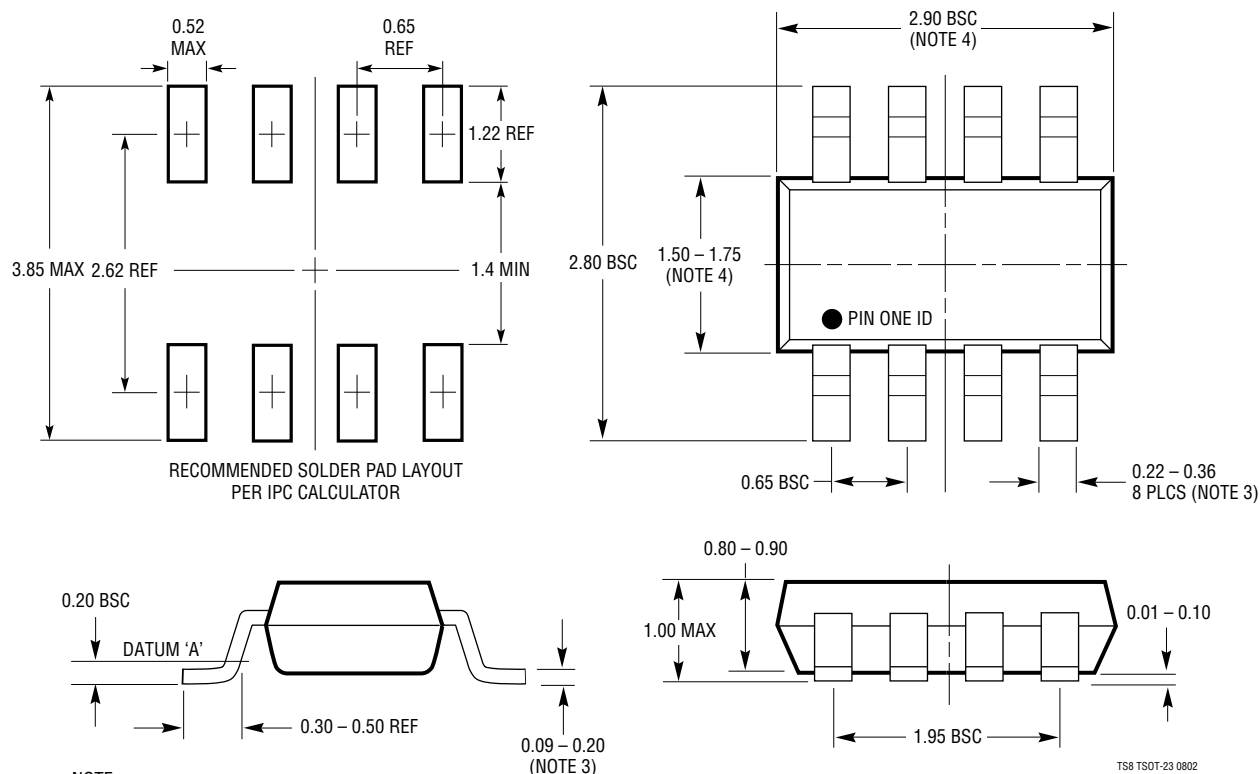


NOTE:

1. DRAWING IS NOT A JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
4. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON ANY SIDE
5. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
6. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE

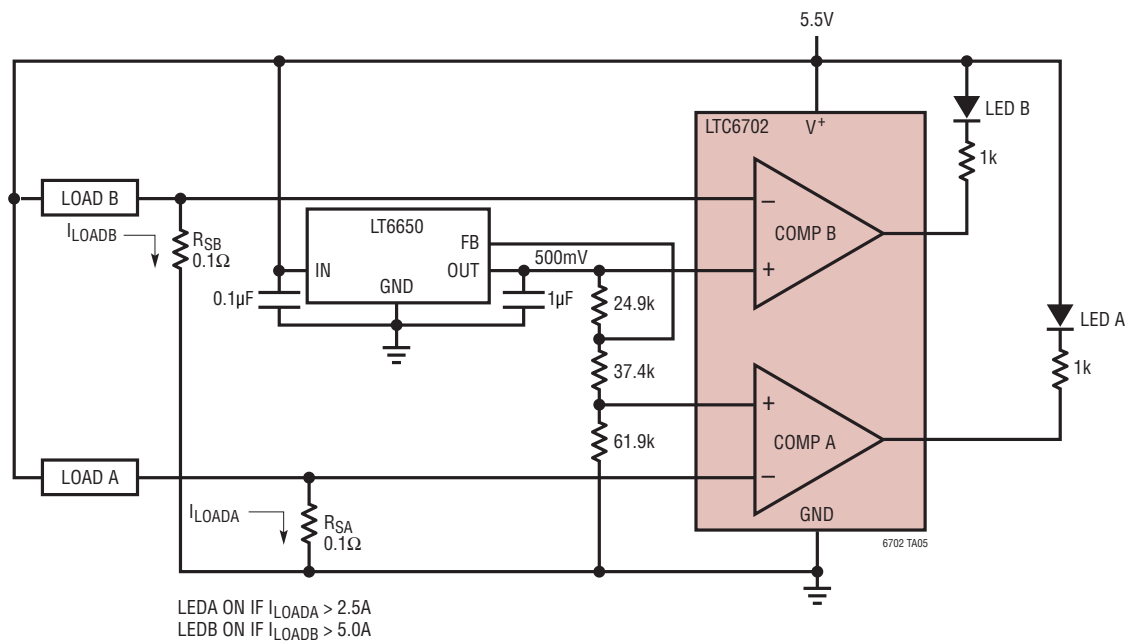
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

TS8 Package
8-Lead Plastic TSOT-23
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1637)



TYPICAL APPLICATION

Dual Low Side Current Sense Alarm



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC1441/LTC1442	Dual Ultralow Power Comparators with Reference	1.182V $\pm$ 1% Reference, 8 μ s Propagation Delay, 5.7 μ A
LTC1541/LTC1542	Micropower Amplifier with Comparator and Reference	1.2V $\pm$ 0.8% Reference, Amplifier Stable with 1000pF Load
LTC1842/LTC1843	Dual Ultralow Power Comparators with Reference	1.182V $\pm$ 1% Reference, 4 μ s, 3.5 μ A, Open-Drain Out
LT6660	Tiny Micropower Precision Series References	0.2% Reference, 20ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C Drift, 20mA Output, 2mm $\times$ 2mm DFN Package
LT6700-1/LT6700-2/LT6700-3	Dual Comparators with 400mV Reference	1.4V to 18V Operating Range, 18 μ s Propagation Delay, SOT-23 Package
LT6703-2/LT6703-3	Tiny Single Comparator with 400mV Reference	1.4V to 18V Operating Range, 18 μ s Propagation Delay, 2mm $\times$ 2mm DFN Package