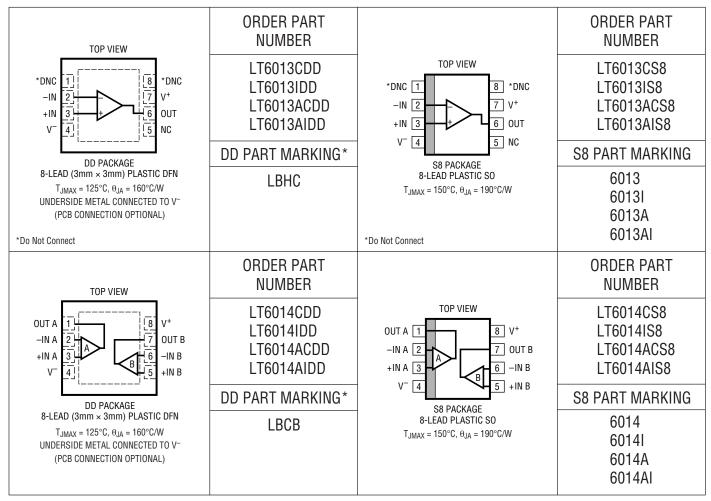
ABSOLUT€ MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Total Supply Voltage (V ⁺ to V ⁻)	40V
Differential Input Voltage (Note 2)	10V
Input Voltage V	+ to V ⁻
Input Current (Note 2)	±10mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3) Inc	definite
Operating Temperature Range (Note 4)40°C to	o 85°C
Specified Temperature Range (Note 5)40°C t	o 85°C

Maximum Junction Temperature		
DD Package		125°C
S8 Package		150°C
Storage Temperature Range		
DD Package65°C		
S8 Package65°C	to	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)		

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



^{*}Temperature and electrical grades are identified by a label on the shipping container. Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = 5V$, OV; $V_{CM} = 2.5V$; R_L to OV; unless otherwise specified. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN TY	/P MA	X UNITS
V _{0S}	Input Offset Voltage (Note 8)	LT6013AS8 T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	1	0 35 60 75	μV
		LT6013S8, LT6014AS8 T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	2	0 60 85 11	μV
		LT6013ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	2	0 60 11 15	ν μν
		LT6014S8 T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	2	0 75 10 12	ν μν
		LT6013DD, LT6014ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	3	0 85 13 17	5 μV
		LT6014DD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	3	0 12 17 21	5 μV
$\Delta V_{0S}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 6)	S8 Packages DD Packages	•	0.		
I _{OS}	Input Offset Current (Note 8)	LT6013AS8, LT6013ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	1(00 25 50 60	D pA
		LT6014AS8, LT6014ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	1(00 50 60 70	D pA
		LT6013/LT6014 (Standard grades) T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	15	50 80 100 120	0 pA
I _B	Input Bias Current (Note 8)	LT6013AS8, LT6013ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	1(00 ±25 ±50 ±60	0 pA
		LT6013S8, LT6013DD, LT6014AS8, LT6014ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	1(00 ±40 ±60 ±80	0 pA
		LT6014S8, LT6014DD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•	15	50 ±80 ±10 ±12	00 pA
e _n	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 1kHz, LT6013/LT6014 f = 1kHz, LT6013A/LT6014A		9.		nV/√Hz nV/√Hz
	Input Noise Voltage (Low Frequency)	Bandwidth = 0.01Hz to 1Hz		20 5	0	nV _{P-P}
		Bandwidth = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		20 4	0 0	nV _{P-P}

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = 5V$, OV; $V_{CM} = 2.5V$; R_L to OV; unless otherwise specified. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
i _n	Input Noise Current Density	f = 1kHz			0.15		pA/√Hz
	Input Noise Current (Low Frequency)	Bandwidth = 0.01Hz to 1Hz			7		pA _{P-P}
					1.3		pA _{RMS}
		Bandwidth = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			5		pA _{P-P}
					0.4		pA _{RMS}
R _{IN}	Input Resistance	Common Mode, V _{CM} = 1V to 3.8V Differential			120 20		GΩ MΩ
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance				4		pF
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range (Positive) Input Voltage Range (Negative)	Guaranteed by CMRR Guaranteed by CMRR	•	3.8	4 0.7	1	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = 1V to 3.8V	•	107	135		dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR	•		2.4	2.7	V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 2.7V to 36V, V _{CM} = 1/2V _S	•	112	135		dB
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	R _L = 10k, V _{OUT} = 1V to 4V	•	300	2000		V/mV
		$R_L = 2k$, $V_{OUT} = 1V$ to $4V$	•	250	2000		V/mV
	Channel Separation	V _{OUT} = 1V to 4V, LT6014	•	110	140		dB
V _{OUT}	Maximum Output Swing (Positive, Referred to V+)	No Load, 50mV Overdrive	•		35	55 65	mV mV
		I _{SOURCE} = 1mA, 50mV Overdrive	•		120	170 220	mV mV
	Maximum Output Swing (Negative, Referred to 0V)	No Load, 50mV Overdrive	•		40	55 65	mV mV
		I _{SINK} = 1mA, 50mV Overdrive	•		150	225 275	mV mV
I _{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 3)	V _{OUT} = 0V, 1V Overdrive, Source	•	8 4	14		mA mA
		V _{OUT} = 5V, -1V Overdrive, Sink	•	8 4	21		mA mA
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -10$, $R_F = 50$ k, $R_G = 5$ k		0.15	0.2		V/µs
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•	0.12 0.1			V/μS V/μS
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 10kHz	•	1 0.9	1.4		MHz MHz
t _s	Settling Time	$A_V = -4$, 0.01%, $V_{OUT} = 1.5V$ to 3.5V			20		μS
t _r , t _f	Rise Time, Fall Time	A _V = 5, 10% to 90%, 0.1V Step			1		μS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = 5V$, OV; $V_{CM} = 2.5V$; R_L to OV; unless otherwise specified. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ΔV_{0S}	Offset Voltage Match (Note 7)	LT6014AS8			50	120	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			170	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			220	μV
		LT6014ADD			50	170	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			270	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			340	μV
		LT6014S8			50	150	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			200	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			250	μV
		LT6014DD			60	250	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			350	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			420	μV
Δl_B	Input Bias Current Match (Note 7)	LT6014AS8, LT6014ADD			200	800	pA
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			1200	pA
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			1400	рA
		LT6014S8, LT6014DD			300	1600	pA
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			2000	pA
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			2400	pA
ΔCMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	LT6014	•	101	135		dB
	Match (Note 7)						
ΔPSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio Match (Note 7)	LT6014	•	106	135		dB
Is	Supply Current	per Amplifier			145	165	μΑ
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			210	μΑ
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	•			230	μΑ

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{CM} = 0V$, R_L to 0V, unless otherwise specified. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
$\overline{V_{0S}}$	Input Offset Voltage (Note 8)	LT6013AS8			20	60	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			80	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			110	μV
		LT6013S8			25	85	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			110	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			135	μV
		LT6013ADD			25	85	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			135	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			170	μV
		LT6013DD, LT6014AS8			30	135	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			160	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			185	μV
		LT6014S8			35	150	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			175	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			200	μV
		LT6014ADD			35	160	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			210	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			225	μV
		LT6014DD			40	200	μV
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C	•			250	μV
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			275	μV
		,	'				60134fb

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{CM} = 0V$, R_L to 0V, unless otherwise specified. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
$\Delta V_{0S}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 6)	S8 Packages	•		0.2	0.8	μV/°C
	1 10% 10 1/01 1 0	DD Packages	•		0.2	1.2	μV/°C
I_{0S}	Input Offset Current (Note 8)	LT6013AS8, LT6013ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C			100	250 500	pA pA
		$T_A = 0$ C to 70 C $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C				600	рA
		LT6014AS8, LT6014ADD	+		100	500	pA
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C			100	600	pΑ
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			700	pA
		LT6013/LT6014 (Standard grades)			150	800	pA
		$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	•			1000	pA
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			1200	pA
I_{B}	Input Bias Current (Note 8)	LT6013AS8, LT6013ADD			100	±250	pA
		$T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$				±500	pΑ
			-		400	±600	pA
		LT6013S8, LT6013DD, LT6014AS8, LT6014ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C			100	±400 ±600	pA pA
		$T_A = 0$ C to 70 C $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C				±800	pА
		LT6014S8, LT6014DD	+		150	±800	pA
		T _A = 0°C to 70°C	•		100	±1000	pΑ
		$T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•			±1200	pA
e _n	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 1kHz, LT6013/LT6014			9.5		nV/√Hz
		f = 1kHz, LT6013A/LT6014A			9.5	13	nV/√Hz
	Input Noise Voltage (Low Frequency)	Bandwidth = 0.01Hz to 1Hz			200		nV_{P-P}
					50		nV _{RMS}
		Bandwidth = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			200		nV _{P-P}
	In not Noise Occurred Density	£ 4111.			40		nV _{RMS}
In	Input Noise Current Density	f = 1kHz			0.15		pA/√Hz
	Input Noise Current (Low Frequency)	Bandwidth = 0.01Hz to 1Hz			7 1.3		pA _{P-P}
		Bandwidth = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			5		pA _{RMS}
		Danuwiutii = 0.1HZ to 10HZ			0.4		pA _{P-P} pA _{RMS}
R _{IN}	Input Resistance	Common Mode, V _{CM} = ±13.5V			400		GΩ
ייווע	mpat risolotanos	Differential			20		MΩ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance				4		pF
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR	•	±13.5	±14		V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = -13.5V to 13.5V		115	135		dB
			•	112	135		dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR	•		±1.2	±1.35	V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 1.35 V$ to $\pm 18 V$	•	112	135		dB
A_{VOL}	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L = 10k$, $V_{OUT} = -13.5V$ to 13.5V		1000	2000		V/mV
			•	600			V/mV
		$R_L = 5k$, $V_{OUT} = -13.5V$ to 13.5V		500	1500		V/mV
	Channal Canavatics	V 10 EV/+0 10 EV/ LT0014	-	300	1.40		V/mV
	Channel Separation	$V_{OUT} = -13.5V$ to 13.5V, LT6014	•	120	140		dB

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{CM} = 0V$, R_L to 0V, unless otherwise specified. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{OUT}	Maximum Output Swing (Positive, Referred to V+)	No Load, 50mV Overdrive	•		45	80 100	mV mV
		I _{SOURCE} = 1mA, 50mV Overdrive	•		140	195 240	mV mV
	Maximum Output Swing (Negative, Referred to V ⁻)	No Load, 50mV Overdrive	•		45	80 100	mV mV
		I _{SINK} = 1mA, 50mV Overdrive	•		150	250 300	mV mV
I _{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 3)	V _{OUT} = 0V, 1V Overdrive (Source)	•	8 5	15		mA mA
		V _{OUT} = 0V, -1V Overdrive (Sink)	•	8 5	20		mA mA
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -10$, $R_F = 50k$, $R_G = 5k$ $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•	0.15 0.12 0.1	0.2		V/μs V/μs V/μs
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 10kHz	•	1.1 1	1.6		MHz MHz
t _s	Settling Time	A _V = -4, 0.01%, V _{OUT} = 0V to 10V			40		μS
t _r , t _f	Rise Time, Fall Time	A _V = 5, 10% to 90%, 0.1V Step			0.9		μS
ΔV _{OS}	Offset Voltage Match (Note 7)	LT6014AS8 T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•		50	270 320 370	μV μV μV
		LT6014ADD $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		50	320 420 450	μV μV μV
		LT6014S8 $T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } 70^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	•		70	300 350 400	μV μV μV
		LT6014DD $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C	•		80	400 500 550	μV μV μV
Δl _B	Input Bias Current Match (Note 7)	LT6014AS8, LT6014ADD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•		200	800 1200 1400	pA pA pA
		LT6014S8, LT6014DD T _A = 0°C to 70°C T _A = -40°C to 85°C	•		300	1600 2000 2400	pA pA pA
ΔCMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio Match (Note 7)	LT6014	•	109	135		dB
ΔPSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio Match (Note 7)	LT6014	•	106	135		dB
Is	Supply Current	per Amplifier $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	•		200	250 290 310	, A դ A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

Note 2: The inputs are protected by back-to-back diodes and internal series resistors. If the differential input voltage exceeds 10V, the input current must be limited to less than 10mA.

Note 3: A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below absolute maximum ratings.

Note 4: The LT6013C/LT6014C and LT6013I/LT6014I are guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of -40°C to 85°C.

Note 5: The LT6013C and LT6014C are guaranteed to meet the specified performance from 0°C to 70°C and are designed, characterized and expected to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C but is not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures. The LT6013I and LT6014I are guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C.

Note 6: This parameter is not 100% tested.

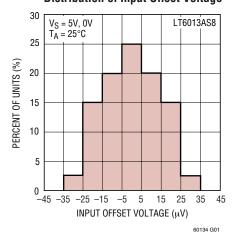
Note 7: Matching parameters are the difference between the two amplifiers. \triangle CMRR and \triangle PSRR are defined as follows: (1) CMRR and PSRR are measured in $\mu V/V$ for the individual amplifiers. (2) The difference between matching amplifiers is calculated in $\mu V/V$. (3) The result is converted to dB.

Note 8: The specifications for V_{OS} , I_{B} , and I_{OS} depend on the grade and on the package. The following table clarifies the notations.

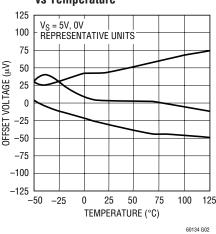
	STANDARD GRADE	A GRADE
S8 Package	LT6013S8, LT6014S8	LT6013AS8, LT6014AS8
DFN Package	LT6013DD, LT6014DD	LT6013ADD, LT6014ADD

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

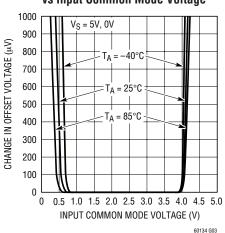




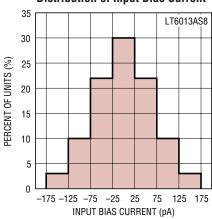
Input Offset Voltage vs Temperature



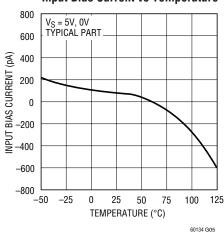
Offset Voltage vs Input Common Mode Voltage



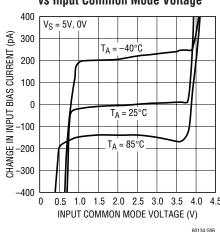
Distribution of Input Bias Current



Input Bias Current vs Temperature



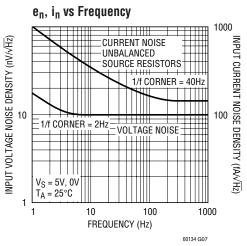
Input Bias Current vs Input Common Mode Voltage

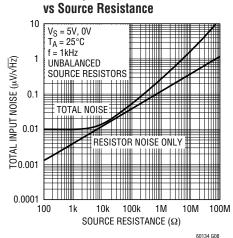


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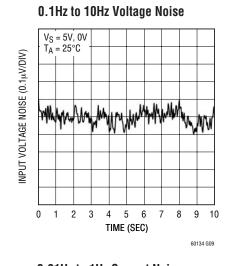


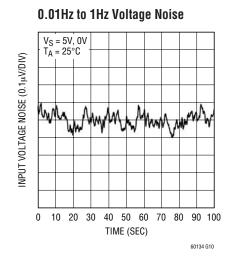
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

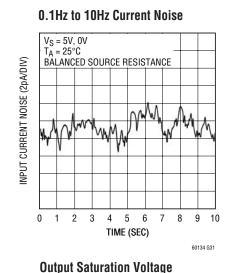


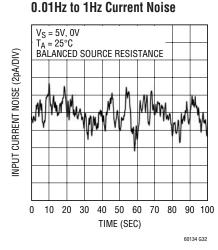


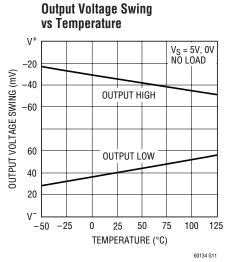
Total Input Noise

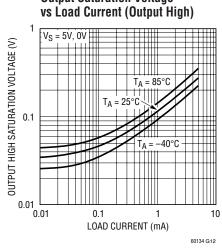


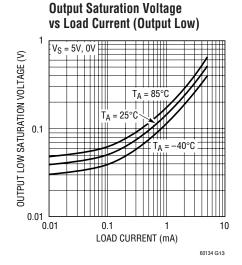






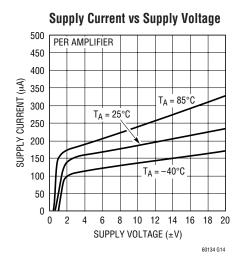


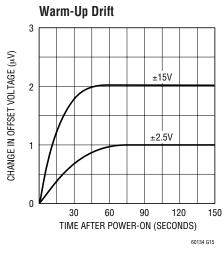


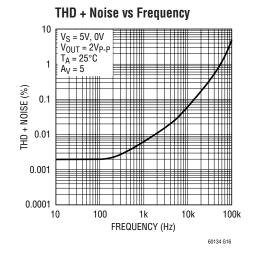


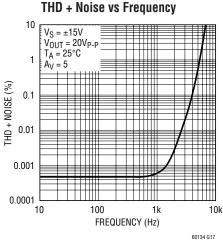
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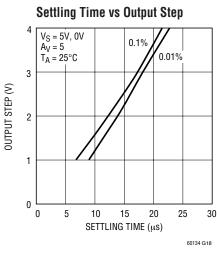
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

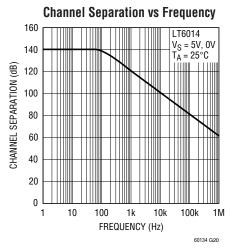


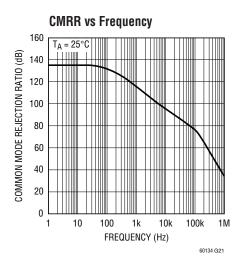


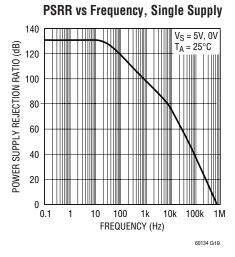


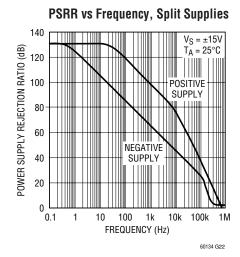






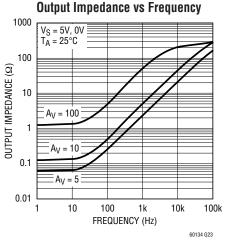


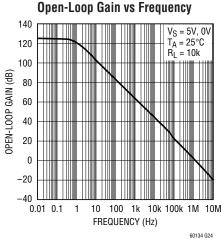


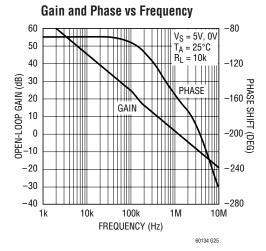


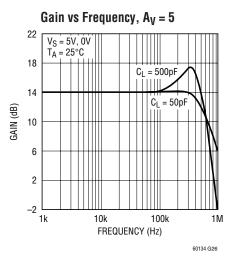
60134fb

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

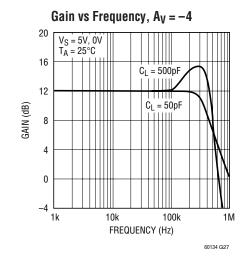






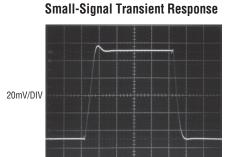


60134 G28

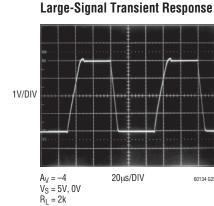


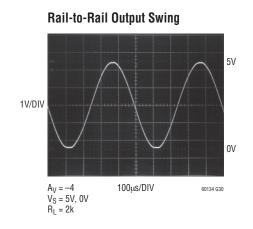
0V

60134 G29



2μs/DIV





 $A_V = 5$

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Not Unity-Gain Stable

The LT6013 and LT6014 amplifiers are optimized for the lowest possible noise and smallest package size, and are intentionally decompensated to be stable in a gain configuration of 5 or greater. Do not connect the amplifiers in a gain less than 5 (such as unity-gain). For a unity-gain stable amplifier with similar performance though slightly higher noise and lower bandwidth, see the LT6010 and LT6011/LT6012 datasheets.

Figure 1 shows simple inverting and non-inverting op amp configurations and indicates how to achieve a gain of 5 or greater. For more general feedback networks, determine the gain that the op amp "sees" as follows:

- 1. Suppose the op amp is removed from the circuit.
- 2. Apply a small-signal voltage at the output node of the op amp.

- 3. Find the differential voltage that would appear across the two inputs of the op amp.
- 4. The ratio of the output voltage to the input voltage is the gain that the op amp "sees". This ratio must be 5 or greater.

Do not place a capacitor bigger than 200pF between the output to the inverting input unless there is a 5 times larger capacitor from that input to AC ground. Otherwise, the op amp gain would drop to less than 5 at high frequencies, and the stability of the loop would be compromised.

The LT6013 and LT6014 can be used in lower gain configurations when an impedance is connected between the op amp inputs. Figure 2 shows inverting and non-inverting unity gain connections. The R_{C} network across the op amp inputs results in a large enough noise gain at high frequencies, thereby ensuring stability. At low frequencies, the capacitor is an open circuit so the DC precision (offset and noise) remains very good.

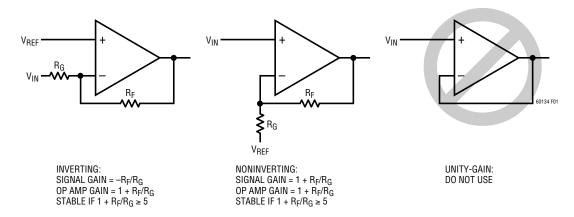


Figure 1. Use LT6013 and LT6014 in a Gain of 5 or Greater

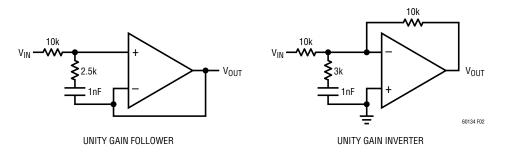


Figure 2. Stabilizing Op Amp for Unity Gain Operation

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APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Preserving Input Precision

Preserving the input accuracy of the LT6013 and LT6014 requires that the applications circuit and PC board layout do not introduce errors comparable to or greater than the $10\mu V$ typical offset of the amplifiers. Temperature differentials across the input connections can generate thermocouple voltages of 10's of microvolts so the connections to the input leads should be short, close together and away from heat dissipating components. Air currents across the board can also generate temperature differentials.

The extremely low input bias currents allow high accuracy to be maintained with high impedance sources and feedback resistors. The LT6013 and LT6014 low input bias currents are obtained by a cancellation circuit on-chip. This causes the resulting I_B^+ and I_B^- to be uncorrelated, as implied by the I_{OS} specification being comparable to I_B . Do not try to balance the input resistances in each input lead; instead keep the resistance at either input as low as possible for maximum accuracy.

Leakage currents on the PC board can be higher than the input bias current. For example, $10G\Omega$ of leakage between a 15V supply lead and an input lead will generate 1.5nA! Surround the input leads with a guard ring driven to the same potential as the input common mode to avoid excessive leakage in high impedance applications.

Input Protection

The LT6013/LT6014 features on-chip back-to-back diodes between the input devices, along with 500Ω resistors in series with either input. This internal protection limits the input current to approximately 10mA (the maximum allowed) for a 10V differential input voltage. Use additional external series resistors to limit the input current to 10mA in applications where differential inputs of more than 10V

are expected. For example, a 1k resistor in series with each input provides protection against 30V differential voltage.

Input Common Mode Range

The LT6013/LT6014 output is able to swing close to each power supply rail (rail-to-rail out), but the input stage is limited to operating between V^-+1V and $V^+-1.2V$. Exceeding this common mode range will cause the gain to drop to zero; however, no phase reversal will occur.

Total Input Noise

The LT6013 and LT6014 amplifiers contribute negligible noise to the system when driven by sensors (sources) with impedance between $10k\Omega$ and $1M\Omega$. Throughout this range, total input noise is dominated by the $4kTR_S$ noise of the source. If the source impedance is less than $10k\Omega$, the input voltage noise of the amplifier starts to contribute with a minimum noise of 9.5 nV/NHz for very low source impedance. If the source impedance is more than $1M\Omega$, the input current noise of the amplifier, multiplied by this high impedance, starts to contribute and eventually dominate. Total input noise spectral density can be calculated as:

$$v_{n(TOTAL)} = \sqrt{e_n^2 + 4kTR_S + (i_nR_S)^2}$$

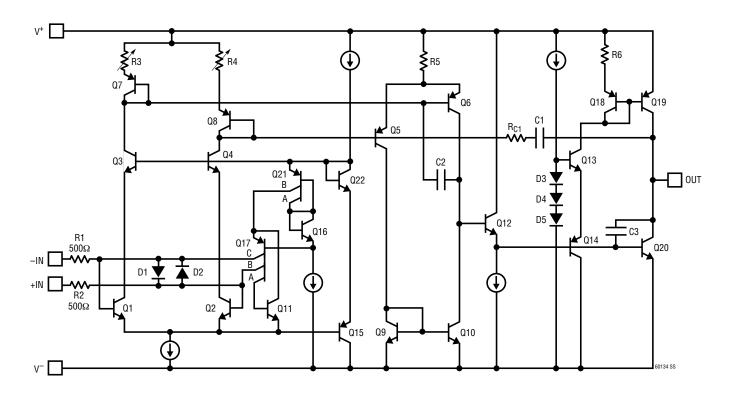
where $e_n = 9.5 \text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$, $i_n = 0.15 \text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ and R_S is the total impedance at the input, including the source impedance.

Capacitive Loads

The LT6013 and LT6014 can drive capacitive loads up to 500pF at a gain of 5. The capacitive load driving capability increases as the amplifier is used in higher gain configurations. A small series resistance between the output and the load further increases the amount of capacitance that the amplifier can drive.



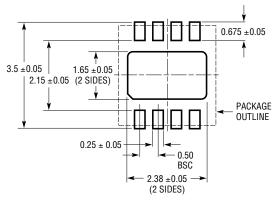
SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC (One Amplifier)



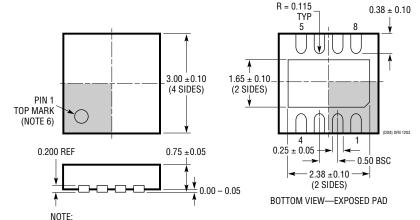
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{DD Package} \\ \textbf{8-Lead Plastic DFN (3mm} \times 3mm) \end{array}$

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1698)



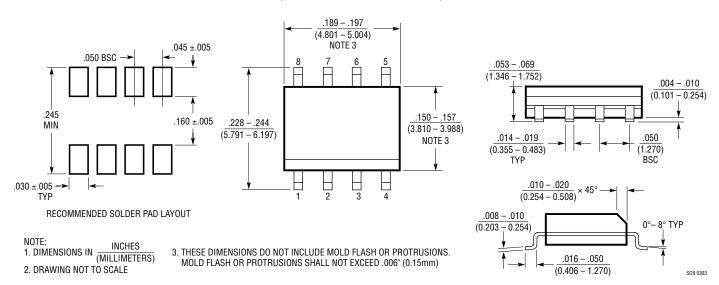
RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD PITCH AND DIMENSIONS



- 1. DRAWING TO BE MADE A JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE M0-229 VARIATION OF (WEED-1)
- 2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- 3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 4. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON ANY SIDE
- 5. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
- 6. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE

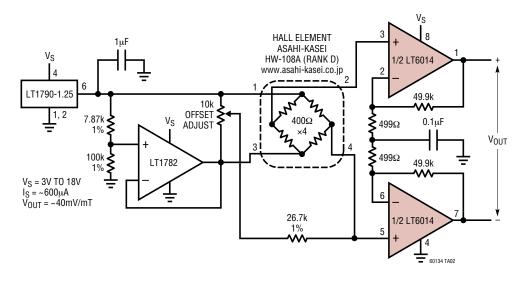
S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

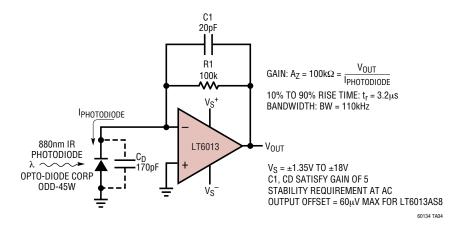


TYPICAL APPLICATION

Low Power Hall Sensor Amplifier



Precision Micropower Photodiode Amplifier



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1112/LT1114	Dual/Quad Low Power, Picoamp Input Precision Op Amps	250pA Input Bias Current
LT1880	Rail-to-Rail Output, Picoamp Input Precision Op Amp	SOT-23
LT1881/LT1882	Dual/Quad Rail-to-Rail Output, Picoamp Input Precision Op Amps	C _{LOAD} Up to 1000pF
LT1884/LT1885	Dual/Quad Rail-to-Rail Output, Picoamp Input Precision Op Amps	9.5nV/√Hz Input Noise
LT6011/LT6012	Dual/Quad Low Power Rail-to-Rail Output, Precision Op Amps	14nV/√Hz, Unity-Gain Stable Version of LT6014
LT6010	Single Low Power Rail-to-Rail Output, Precision Op Amp	200pA Input Bias Current, Shutdown Feature

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