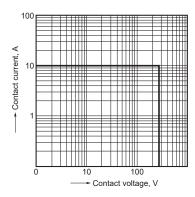
2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A		
	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Contact material		AgSnO₂ type		
Rating	Nominal switching ca	apacity (resistive load)	10A 277V AC, 5A 30V DC		
	Max. switching powe	r (resistive load)	2,770VA, 150W		
	Max. switching voltage	 je	277V AC, 30V DC		
	Max. switching curre	nt	10A (AC), 5A (DC)		
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1		100mA, 5V DC		
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.		
	Breakdown voltage	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
	(Initial)	Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
Electrical characteristics	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil) (Initial)		10,000 V		
	Operate time (at nom (Initial)	ninal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)		
	Release time (at non (Initial)	ninal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 5 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	200 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10µs.)		
		Destructive	1,000 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10µs.)		
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm		
Expected life	Mechanical (at 180 times/min.)		Min. 2×10 ⁶		
	Electrical		Min. 10⁵ (ON/OFF = 1.5s : 1.5s at nominal switching capacity)		
Conditions	Conditions for operat	ion, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa		
	Max. operating speed	d	20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)		
Unit weight			Approx. 12 g .42 oz		

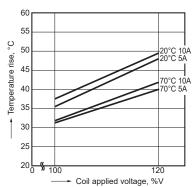
^{*} Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

REFERENCE DATA

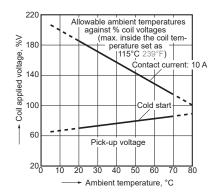
1. Max. switching power



2. Coil temperature rise Sample: LKP1aF-12V, 6 pcs. Point measured: coil inside Contact current: 5 A, 10 A



3. Ambient temperature characteristics and coil applied voltage



Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

^{*2.} Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50µs according to JEC-212-1981

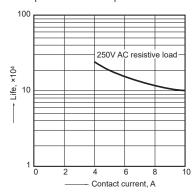
^{*3.} The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

4. Life curve

Operation frequency: 20 times/min.

(ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)

Ambient temperature: room temperature



5. Electrical life test

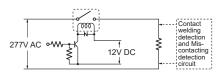
(10 A 277 V AC, resistive load)

Sample: LKP1aF-12V, 6 pcs.

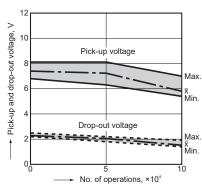
Operation frequency: 20 times/min. (ON/OFF = 1.5s: 1.5s)

Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F

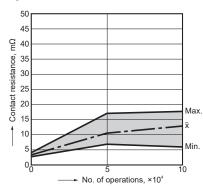
Circuit:



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



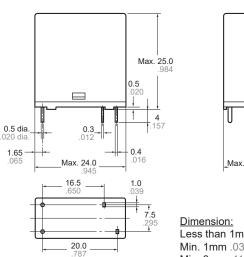
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

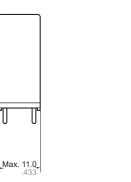
CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

CAD

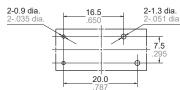


External dimensions





PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view)

0-7000-0

General tolerance

Less than 1mm .039inch: ±0.1 ±.004

Min. 1mm .039inch less than 3mm .118 inch: ± 0.2 $\pm .008$ Min. 3mm .118 inch: ±0.3 ±.012

SAFETY STANDARDS

UL (Recognized)			CSA (Certified)			VDE(Certified)		
File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	File No.	Contact rating	Cycles
E43149	10A 277V AC General use	10 ⁵	LR26550	10A 277V AC	10 ⁵	40014390	10A 250V AC (cosφ =1.0)	10 ⁵
	5A 30V DC Resistive	10 ⁵		5A 30V DC	10⁵		10A 30V DC (0ms)	10 ⁵

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
B 12 09 13461 333	10A 250V AC (cosφ =1.0)	10 ⁵	1408509	3/100A 250V AC	UL: E43149	TV-5
	5A 30V DC (0ms)	10 ⁵		5/40A 250V AC	CSA: LR26550	TV-5
	_	_		10A 250V DC	_	_

EN/IEC VDE Certified INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS (IEC61810-1)

Item	Characteristic		
Clearance/Creepage distance (IEC61810-1)	Min. 5.5mm/5.5mm		
Category of protection (IEC61810-1)	RT II		
Tracking resistance (IEC60112)	PTI 175		
Insulation material group	III a		
Over voltage category	III		
Rated voltage	250V		
Pollution degree	2		
Type of insulation (Between contact and coil)	Reinforced insulation		
Type of insulation (Between open contacts)	Micro disconnection		

NOTES

1. For cautions for use, please read "GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES".

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product.

• Requests to customers :

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

-4-

GUIDELINES FOR POWER, HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF AND SAFETY RELAYS USAGE

■For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

■Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

■DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

■ Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

■ Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

Ambient Environment

■Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

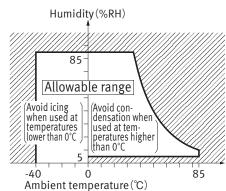
Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa



Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

Icino

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/ or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

GUIDELINES FOR POWER, HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF AND SAFETY RELAYS USAGE

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

NOx Generation

ultrasonic energy.

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

Others

■ Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended (The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower).
 Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Panasonic Corporation
Electromechanical Control Business Division Please contact ■ 1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8506, Japan industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

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