

Ordering Information

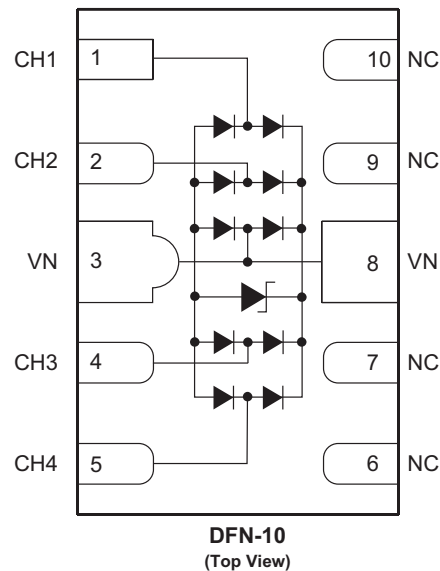
Part Number	Ambient Temperature Range	Package	Environmental
AOZ8818DI-03	-40 °C to +85 °C	2.5 mm x 1.0 mm x 0.55 mm DFN-10	RoHS Compliant Green Product
AOZ8818DI-05			



AOS Green Products use reduced levels of Halogens, and are also RoHS compliant.

Please visit www.aosmd.com/media/AOSGreenPolicy.pdf for additional information.

Pin Configuration



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the Absolute Maximum ratings may damage the device.

Parameter	AOZ8818DI-03	AOZ8818DI-05
Storage Temperature (T_S)	-65°C to +150°C	
ESD Rating per IEC61000-4-2, contact ⁽¹⁾	±15 kV	
ESD Rating per IEC61000-4-2, air ⁽¹⁾	±15 kV	
ESD Rating per Human Body Model ⁽²⁾	±24 kV	

Notes:

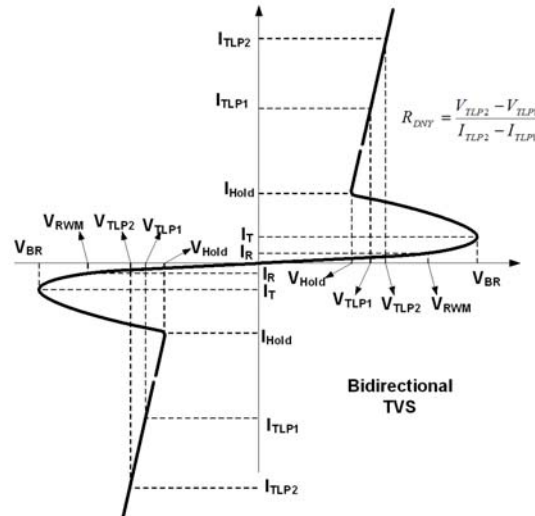
- IEC 61000-4-2 discharge with $C_{Discharge} = 150$ pF, $R_{Discharge} = 330$ Ω.
- Human Body Discharge per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015 $C_{Discharge} = 100$ pF, $R_{Discharge} = 1.5$ kΩ.

Maximum Operating Ratings

Parameter	Rating
Junction Temperature (T_J)	-40 °C to +125 °C

Electrical Characteristics

T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified.



AOZ8818DI-03						
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V _{RWM}	Reverse Working Voltage	I/O Pin to ground			3.3	V
V _{BR}	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _T =100μA, I/O Pin to ground	5	8.5	12	V
I _R	Reverse Leakage Current	V _{RWM} =3.3V, I/O Pin to ground			1	μA
V _{HOLD}	Hold Voltage of Snapback ⁽³⁾		1.6			V
I _{HOLD}	Hold Current of Snapback ⁽³⁾		5			mA
V _{CL}	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾ (100ns Transmission Line Pulse, I/O Pin to ground)	I _{TLP} =16A I _{TLP} =-16A		16 -16	20 -20	V
		I _{TLP} =30A I _{TLP} =-30A		23 -23	28 -28	V
	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾ (IEC61000-4-5, 8/20μs, I/O Pin to ground)	I _{PP} =4A I _{PP} =-4A		3.8 -3.8	5 -5	V
R _{DNY}	Dynamic Resistance ⁽³⁾	I _{TLP} = 10A to 30A I _{TLP} =-10A to -30A		0.5 0.5		Ω
C _J	Junction Capacitance	V _{I/O} =0V, f=1MHz, I/O Pin to I/O Pin, I/O Pin to ground		0.3	0.45	pF

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

AOZ8818DI-05						
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{RWM}	Reverse Working Voltage	I/O Pin to ground			5	V
V_{BR}	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$I_T = 100\mu\text{A}$, I/O Pin to ground	6.5	9.5	12	V
I_R	Reverse Leakage Current	$V_{RWM} = 3.3\text{V}$, I/O Pin to ground			1	μA
V_{HOLD}	Hold Voltage of Snapback ⁽³⁾		1.6			V
I_{HOLD}	Hold Current of Snapback ⁽³⁾		5			mA
V_{CL}	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾ (100ns Transmission Line Pulse, I/O Pin to ground)	$I_{TLP} = 16\text{A}$ $I_{TLP} = -16\text{A}$		17 -17	21 -21	V
		$I_{TLP} = 30\text{A}$ $I_{TLP} = -30\text{A}$		25 -25	29 -29	V
	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾ (IEC61000-4-5, 8/20 μs , I/O Pin to ground)	$I_{PP} = 4\text{A}$ $I_{PP} = -4\text{A}$		4 -4	5.5 -5.5	V
R_{DNY}	Dynamic Resistance ⁽³⁾	$I_{TLP} = 10\text{A to } 30\text{A}$ $I_{TLP} = -10\text{A to } -30\text{A}$		0.5 0.5		Ω
C_J	Junction Capacitance	$V_{I/O} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$, I/O Pin to I/O Pin, I/O Pin to ground		0.3	0.45	pF

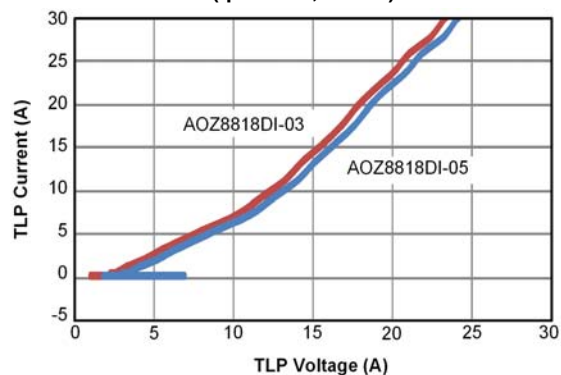
Note:

3. These specifications are guaranteed by design and characterization.

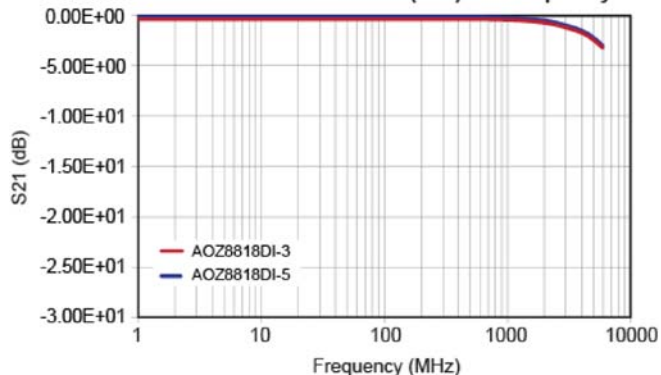
Typical Performance Characteristics

Positive TLP Curves

($t_p=100\text{ns}$, $t_r=1\text{ns}$)

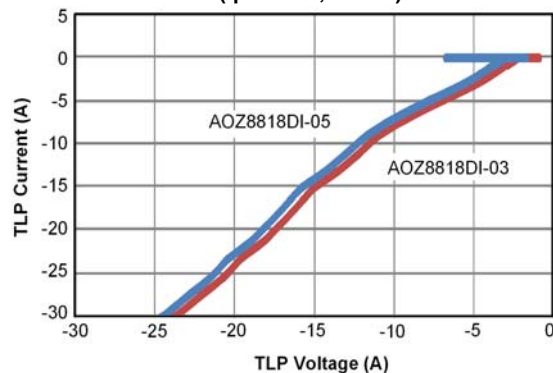


I/O – Gnd Insertion Loss (S21) vs. Frequency

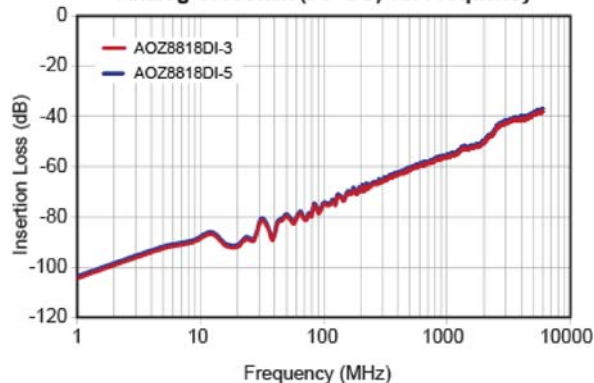


Negative TLP Curves

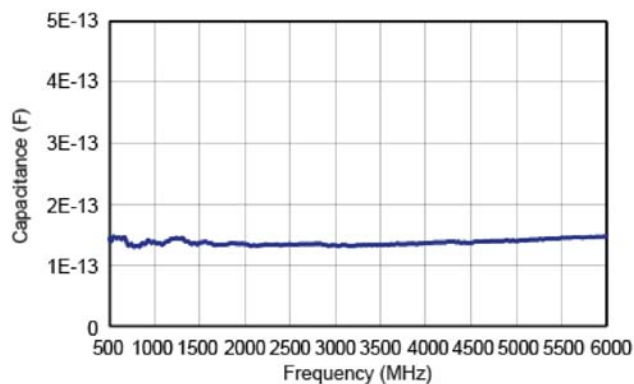
($t_p=100\text{ns}$, $t_r=1\text{ns}$)



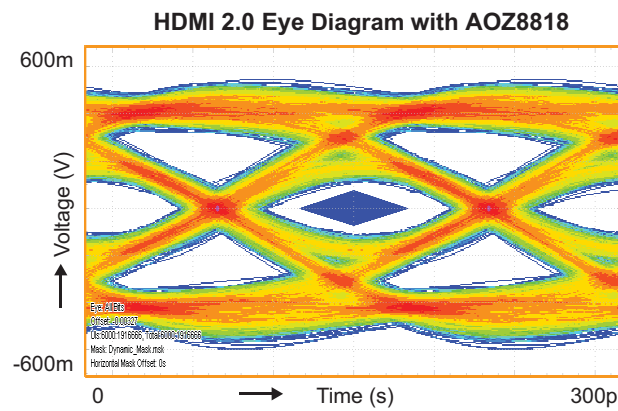
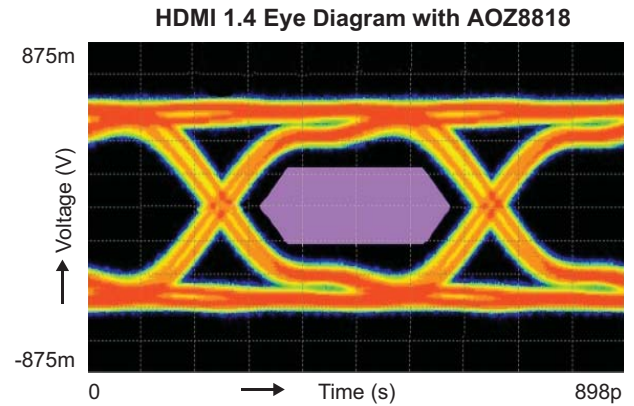
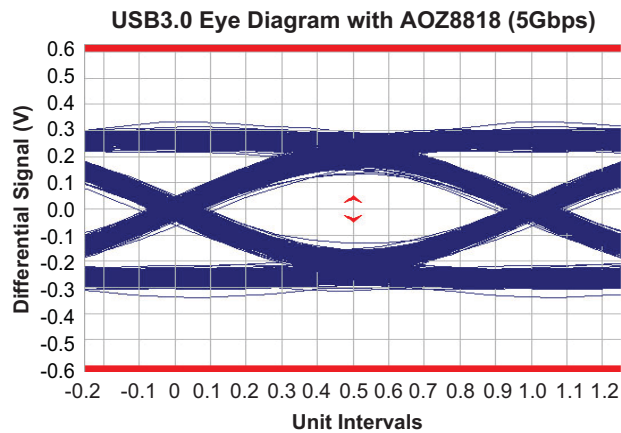
Analog Crosstalk (I/O–I/O) vs. Frequency



Capacitance vs. Frequency (IO to GND)



Typical Performance Characteristics



High Speed PCB Layout Guidelines

Printed circuit board layout is the key to achieving the highest level of surge immunity on power and data lines. The location of the protection devices on the PCB is the simplest and most important design rule to follow. The AOZ8808DI devices should be located as close as possible to the noise source. The AOZ8808DI device should be placed on all data and power lines that enter or exit the PCB at the I/O connector. In most systems, surge pulses occur on data and power lines that enter the PCB through the I/O connector. Placing the AOZ8808DI devices as close as possible to the noise source ensures that a surge voltage will be clamped before the pulse can be coupled into adjacent PCB traces. In addition, the PCB should use the shortest possible traces. A short trace length equates to low impedance, which ensures that the surge energy will be dissipated by the AOZ8808DI device. Long signal traces will act as antennas to receive energy from fields that are produced by the ESD pulse. By keeping line lengths as short as possible, the efficiency of the line to act as an antenna for ESD related fields is reduced. Minimize interconnecting line lengths by placing devices with the most interconnect as close together as possible. The protection circuits should shunt the surge voltage to either the reference or chassis ground. Shunting the surge voltage directly to the IC's signal ground can cause ground bounce. The clamping performance of TVS diodes on a single ground PCB can be improved by minimizing the impedance with

relatively short and wide ground traces. The PCB layout and IC package parasitic inductances can cause significant overshoot to the TVS's clamping voltage. The inductance of the PCB can be reduced by using short trace lengths and multiple layers with separate ground and power planes. One effective method to minimize loop problems is to incorporate a ground plane in the PCB design.

The AOZ8808DI ultra-low capacitance TVS is designed to protect four high speed data transmission lines from transient over-voltages by clamping them to a fixed reference. The low inductance and construction minimizes voltage overshoot during high current surges. When the voltage on the protected line exceeds the reference voltage the internal steering diodes are forward biased, conducting the transient current away from the sensitive circuitry. The AOZ8808DI is designed for ease of PCB layout by allowing the traces to run underneath the device. The pinout of the AOZ8808DI is designed to simply drop onto the IO lines of a High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI 1.4/2.0) or USB 3.0 design without having to divert the signal lines that may add more parasitic inductance. Pins 1, 2, 4 and 5 are connected to the internal TVS devices and pins 6, 7, 9 and 10 are no connects. The no connects was done so the package can be securely soldered onto the PCB surface.

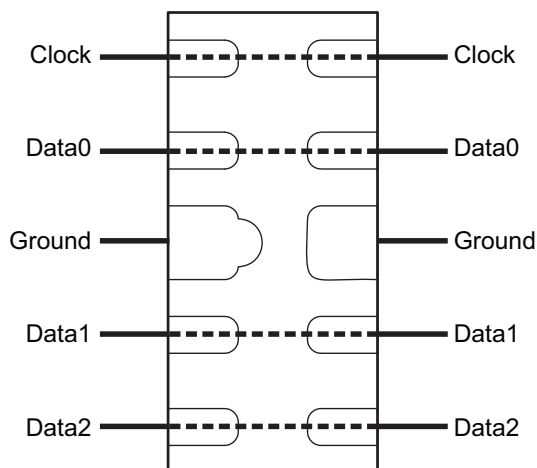


Figure 3. Flow Through Layout for HDMI 1.4/2.0

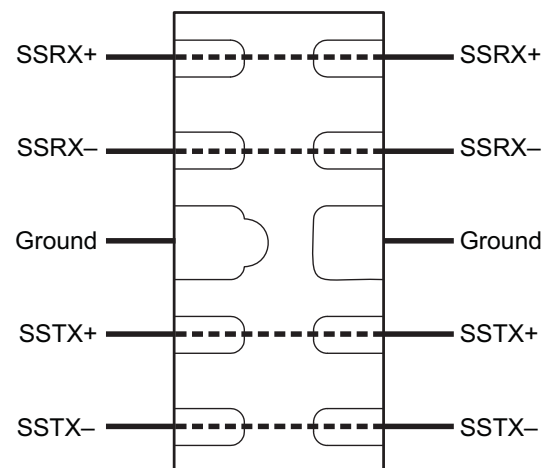
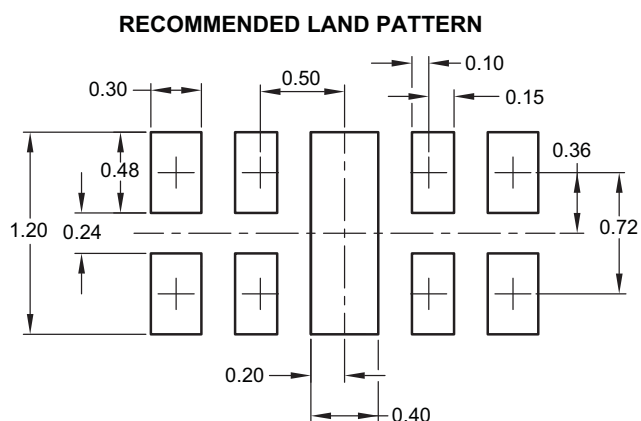
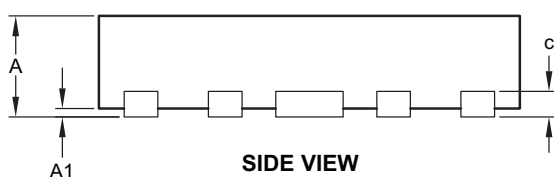
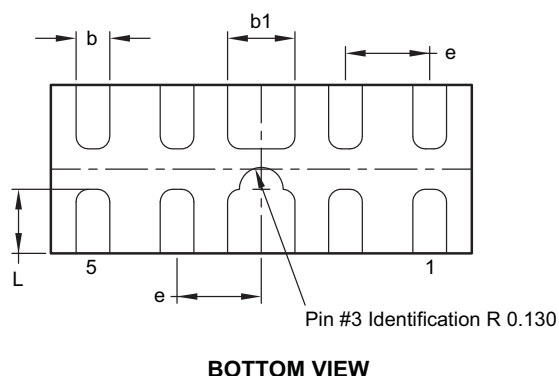
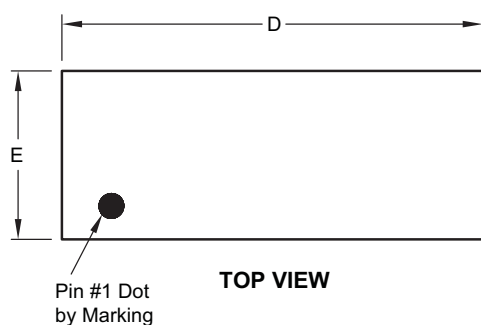


Figure 4. Flow Through Layout for USB 3.0

Package Dimensions, DFN 2.5mm x 1.0mm x 0.55mm, 10L



Dimensions in millimeters

Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.50	0.55	0.60
A1	0.00	—	0.05
b	0.15	0.20	0.25
b1	0.40		
c	0.152 Ref.		
D	2.45	2.50	2.55
E	0.95	1.00	1.05
e	0.50 BSC		
L	0.33	0.38	0.43

Dimensions in inches

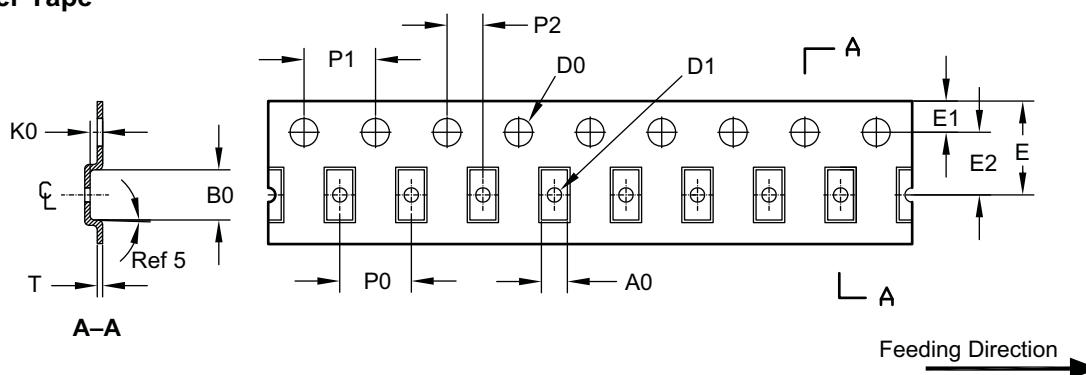
Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.020	0.022	0.024
A1	0.000	—	0.002
b	0.006	0.008	0.010
b1	0.016		
c	0.006 Ref.		
D	0.096	0.098	0.100
E	0.037	0.039	0.041
e	0.020 BSC		
L	0.013	0.015	0.017

Note:

1. Controlling dimension is millimeter. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Tape and Reel Dimensions, DFN 2.5mm x 1.0mm x 0.55mm, 10L

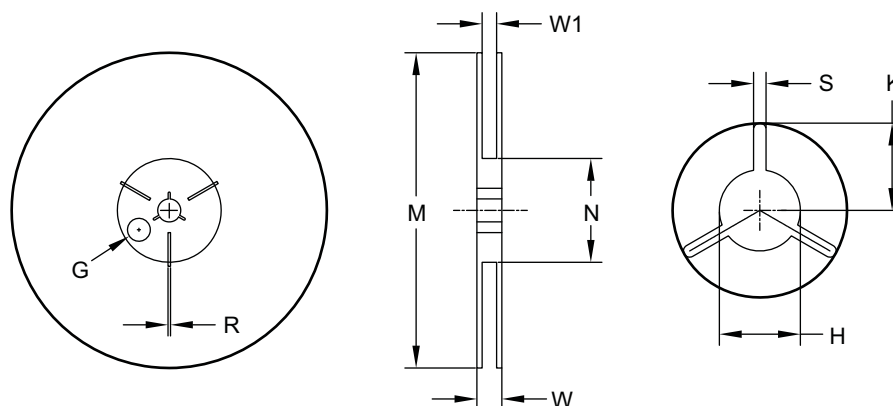
Carrier Tape



UNIT: mm

Package	A0	B0	K0	D0	D1	E	E1	E2	P0	P1	P2	T
DFN 2.5x1.0	1.12 0.05	2.62 0.05	0.70 0.05	ø1.55 0.05	ø0.55 0.05	8.00 +0.3/-0.1	1.75 0.1	3.50 0.05	4.00 0.10	4.0 0.10	2.0 0.05	0.25 0.05

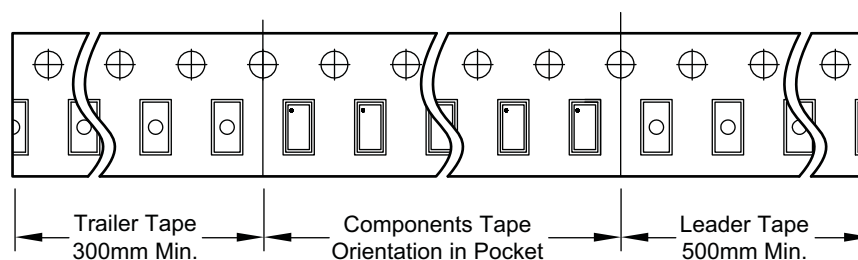
Reel



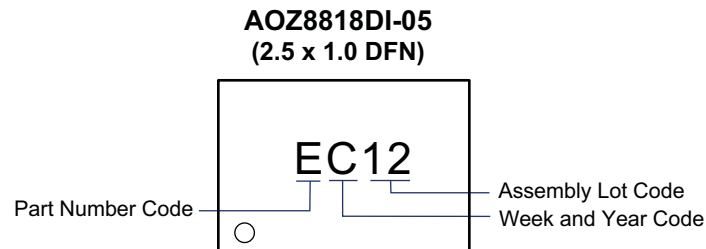
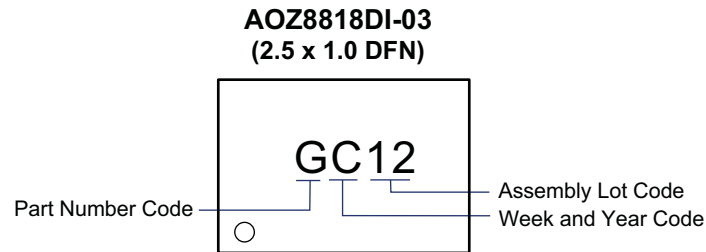
UNIT: mm

Tape Size	Reel Size	M	N	W	W1	H	S	K	E	R
8mm	ø178	ø178.0 1.0	ø60.0 0.5	11.80 0.5	9.0 0.5	ø13.0 +0.5 / -0.2	2.40 0.10	10.25 0.2	ø9.8	—

Leader / Trailer & Orientation



Part Marking



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http://www.aosmd.com/terms_and_conditions_of_sale

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

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As used herein:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.</p> | <p>2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.</p> |
|---|---|