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SPECIFICATIONS

±15 V DUAL SUPPLY

V_{DD} = +15 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = −15 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			V_{DD} to V_{SS}	V	
On Resistance, R_{ON}	160			Ω typ	V_S = ±10 V, I_S = −1 mA; see Figure 28
	200	250	280	Ω max	V_{DD} = +13.5 V, V_{SS} = −13.5 V
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	3.5			Ω typ	V_S = ±10 V, I_S = −1 mA
	8	9	10	Ω max	
On-Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT (ON)}$	38			Ω typ	V_S = ±10 V, I_S = −1 mA
	50	65	70	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					V_{DD} = +16.5 V, V_{SS} = −16.5 V
Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = ±10 V, V_D = ∓10 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Drain Off Leakage, I_D (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = ±10 V, V_D = ∓10 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Channel On Leakage, I_D (On), I_S (On)	±0.08			nA typ	V_S = V_D = ±10 V; see Figure 26
	±0.2	±0.3	±0.9	nA max	
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH}	0.002			μA typ	V_{IN} = V_{GND} or V_{DD}
			±0.1	μA max	
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	3			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS[1]					
Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$	125			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	160	190	215	ns max	V_S = 10 V; see Figure 33
t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$)	145			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	175	210	240	ns max	V_S = 10 V; see Figure 35
t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$)	125			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	155	170	180	ns max	V_S = 10 V; see Figure 35
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_D	45			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
			25	ns min	V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 10 V; see Figure 34
Charge Injection, Q_{INJ}	0.4			pC typ	V_S = 0 V, R_S = 0 Ω, C_L = 1 nF; see Figure 36
Off Isolation	−76			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 31
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−87			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; Figure 29
−3 dB Bandwidth	355			MHz typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF; see Figure 32
Insertion Loss	−6.4			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 32
C_S (Off)	2.8			pF typ	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (Off)	9			pF typ	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (On), C_S (On)	13			pF typ	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
POWER REQUIREMENTS					V_{DD} = +16.5 V, V_{SS} = −16.5 V
I_{DD}	45			µA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
	55		70	µA max	
I_{SS}	0.001			µA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
			1	µA max	
V_{DD}/V_{SS}			±9/±22	V min/V max	GND = 0 V

[1] Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

±20 V DUAL SUPPLY

V_{DD} = +20 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = −20 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			V_{DD} to V_{SS}	V	
On Resistance, R_{ON}	140			Ω typ	V_S = ±15 V, I_S = −1 mA; see Figure 28
	160	200	230	Ω max	V_{DD} = +18 V, V_{SS} = −18 V
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	3.5			Ω typ	V_S = ±15 V, I_S = −1 mA
	8	9	10	Ω max	
On-Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT (ON)}$	33			Ω typ	V_S = ±15 V, I_S = −1 mA
	45	55	60	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					V_{DD} = +22 V, V_{SS} = −22 V
Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = ±15 V, V_D = ∓15 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Drain Off Leakage, I_D (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = ±15 V, V_D = ∓15 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Channel On Leakage, I_D (On), I_S (On)	±0.08			nA typ	V_S = V_D = ±15 V; see Figure 26
	±0.2	±0.3	±0.9	nA max	
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH}	0.002			µA typ	V_{IN} = V_{GND} or V_{DD}
			±0.1	µA max	
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	3			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS[1]					
Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$	125			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	155	180	200	ns max	V_S = 10 V; see Figure 33
t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$)	145			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	170	200	220	ns max	V_S = 10 V; see Figure 35
t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$)	125			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	155	160	170	ns max	V_S = 10 V; see Figure 35
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_D	40			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
			20	ns min	V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 10 V; see Figure 34
Charge Injection, Q_{INJ}	0.7			pC typ	V_S = 0 V, R_S = 0 Ω, C_L = 1 nF; see Figure 36
Off Isolation	−76			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 31

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−87			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 29
−3 dB Bandwidth	370			MHz typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF; see Figure 32
Insertion Loss	−5.6			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 32
C_S (Off)	2.8			pF typ	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (Off)	9			pF typ	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (On), C_S (On)	13			pF typ	V_S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS					V_{DD} = +22 V, V_{SS} = −22 V
I_{DD}	50			µA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
	70		110	µA max	
I_{SS}	0.001			µA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
			1	µA max	
V_{DD}/V_{SS}			±9/±22	V min/V max	GND = 0 V

[1] Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

12 V SINGLE SUPPLY

V_{DD} = 12 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			0 V to V_{DD}	V	
On Resistance, R_{ON}	360			Ω typ	V_S = 0 V to 10 V, I_S = −1 mA; see Figure 28
	500	610	700	Ω max	V_{DD} = 10.8 V, V_{SS} = 0 V
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	5.5			Ω typ	V_S = 0 V to 10 V, I_S = −1 mA
	20	21	22	Ω max	
On-Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT (ON)}$	170			Ω typ	V_S = 0 V to 10 V, I_S = −1 mA
	280	335	370	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					V_{DD} = 13.2 V, V_{SS} = 0 V
Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = 1 V/10 V, V_D = 10 V/1 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Drain Off Leakage, I_D (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = 1 V/10 V, V_D = 10 V/1 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Channel On Leakage, I_D (On), I_S (On)	±0.08			nA typ	V_S = V_D = 1 V/10 V; see Figure 26
	±0.2	±0.3	±0.9	nA max	
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH}	0.002			µA typ	V_{IN} = V_{GND} or V_{DD}
			±0.1	µA max	
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	3			pF typ	

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS[1]					
Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$	165			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	215	260	300	ns max	V_S = 8 V; see Figure 33
t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$)	200			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	245	305	350	ns max	V_S = 8 V; see Figure 35
t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$)	130			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
	165	180	200	ns max	V_S = 8 V; see Figure 35
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_D	85			ns typ	R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF
			45	ns min	V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 8 V; see Figure 34
Charge Injection, Q_{INJ}	0			pC typ	V_S = 6 V, R_S = 0 Ω, C_L = 1 nF; see Figure 36
Off Isolation	−76			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 31
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−87			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 29
−3 dB Bandwidth	260			MHz typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF; see Figure 32
Insertion Loss	−9			dB typ	R_L = 50 Ω, C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 32
C_S (Off)	3			pF typ	V_S = 6 V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (Off)	10			pF typ	V_S = 6 V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (On), C_S (On)	14			pF typ	V_S = 6 V, f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS					V_{DD} = 13.2 V
I_{DD}	40			µA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
	50		65	µA max	
V_{DD}			9/40	V min/V max	GND = 0 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

[1] Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

36 V SINGLE SUPPLY

V_{DD} = 36 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 4.

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			0 V to V_{DD}	V	
On Resistance, R_{ON}	140			Ω typ	V_S = 0 V to 30 V, I_S = −1 mA; see Figure 28
	170	215	245	Ω max	V_{DD} = 32.4 V, V_{SS} = 0 V
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	3.5			Ω typ	V_S = 0 V to 30 V, I_S = −1 mA
	8	9	10	Ω max	
On-Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT (ON)}$	35			Ω typ	V_S = 0 V to 30 V, I_S = −1 mA
	50	60	65	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					V_{DD} = 39.6 V, V_{SS} = 0 V
Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = 1 V/30 V, V_D = 30 V/1 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Drain Off Leakage, I_D (Off)	±0.02			nA typ	V_S = 1 V/30 V, V_D = 30 V/1 V; see Figure 30
	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	nA max	
Channel On Leakage, I_D (On), I_S (On)	±0.08			nA typ	V_S = V_D = 1 V/30 V; see Figure 26
	±0.2	±0.3	±0.9	nA max	

Parameter	25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH}	0.002			μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{GND}$ or V_{DD}
			±0.1	μA max	
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	3			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS [1]					
Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$	155			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35$ pF
	200	215	230	ns max	$V_S = 18$ V; see Figure 33
t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$)	180			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35$ pF
	215	235	250	ns max	$V_S = 18$ V; see Figure 35
t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$)	150			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35$ pF
	190	190	190	ns max	$V_S = 18$ V; see Figure 35
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_D	50			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35$ pF
			25	ns min	$V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 18$ V; see Figure 34
Charge Injection, Q_{INJ}	0.5			pC typ	$V_S = 18$ V, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1$ nF; see Figure 36
Off Isolation	−76			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5$ pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 31
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−87			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5$ pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 29
−3 dB Bandwidth	275			MHz typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5$ pF; see Figure 32
Insertion Loss	−6.2			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5$ pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 32
C_S (Off)	2.8			pF typ	$V_S = 18$ V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (Off)	9			pF typ	$V_S = 18$ V, f = 1 MHz
C_D (On), C_S (On)	13			pF typ	$V_S = 18$ V, f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS					$V_{DD} = 39.6$ V
I_{DD}	80			μA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
	100		130	μA max	
V_{DD}			9/40	V min/V max	GND = 0 V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V

[1] Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

CONTINUOUS CURRENT PER CHANNEL, Sx OR Dx

Table 5. ADG5233

Parameter	25°C	85°C	125°C	Unit
CONTINUOUS CURRENT, Sx OR Dx				
$V_{DD} = +15$ V, $V_{SS} = -15$ V				
TSSOP ($\theta_{JA} = 112.6$°C/W)	24	16	11	mA maximum
LFCSP ($\theta_{JA} = 30.4$°C/W)	42	26.5	15	mA maximum
$V_{DD} = +20$ V, $V_{SS} = -20$ V				
TSSOP ($\theta_{JA} = 112.6$°C/W)	26	17	11	mA maximum
LFCSP ($\theta_{JA} = 30.4$°C/W)	46	28	15	mA maximum
$V_{DD} = 12$ V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V				
TSSOP ($\theta_{JA} = 112.6$°C/W)	17	12	7.7	mA maximum
LFCSP ($\theta_{JA} = 30.4$°C/W)	24	17	11	mA maximum
$V_{DD} = 36$ V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V				
TSSOP ($\theta_{JA} = 112.6$°C/W)	25	17	11	mA maximum
LFCSP ($\theta_{JA} = 30.4$°C/W)	45	28	15	mA maximum

Table 6. ADG5234

Parameter	25°C	85°C	125°C	Unit
CONTINUOUS CURRENT, Sx OR Dx				
V_{DD} = +15 V, V_{SS} = −15 V				
TSSOP (θ_{JA} = 112.6°C/W)	21	15	10	mA maximum
LFCSP (θ_{JA} = 30.4°C/W)	38	24	14	mA maximum
V_{DD} = +20 V, V_{SS} = −20 V				
TSSOP (θ_{JA} = 112.6°C/W)	22	15	10	mA maximum
LFCSP (θ_{JA} = 30.4°C/W)	41	26	15	mA maximum
V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{SS} = 0 V				
TSSOP (θ_{JA} = 112.6°C/W)	15	11	7	mA maximum
LFCSP (θ_{JA} = 30.4°C/W)	22	16	11	mA maximum
V_{DD} = 36 V, V_{SS} = 0 V				
TSSOP (θ_{JA} = 112.6°C/W)	22	15	10	mA maximum
LFCSP (θ_{JA} = 30.4°C/W)	40	26	15	mA maximum

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Table 7.

Parameter	Rating
V_{DD} to V_{SS}	48 V
V_{DD} to GND	−0.3 V to +48 V
V_{SS} to GND	+0.3 V to −48 V
Analog Inputs[1]	V_{SS} − 0.3 V to V_{DD} + 0.3 V or 30 mA, whichever occurs first
Digital Inputs[1]	V_{SS} − 0.3 V to V_{DD} + 0.3 V or 30 mA, whichever occurs first
Peak Current, Sx or Dx Pins	
ADG5233	76 mA (pulsed at 1 ms, 10% duty cycle maximum)
ADG5234	67 mA (pulsed at 1 ms, 10% duty cycle maximum)
Continuous Current, Sx or Dx[2]	Data + 15%
Temperature Range	
Operating	−40°C to +125°C
Storage	−65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	
16-Lead TSSOP (4-Layer Board)	112.6°C/W
20-Lead TSSOP (4-Layer Board)	143°C/W
16-Lead LFCSP (4-Layer Board)	30.4°C/W
20-Lead LFCSP (4-Layer Board)	30.4°C/W
Reflow Soldering Peak Temperature, Pb Free	260(+0/−5)°C
Human Body Model (HBM) ESD	
Input/Output Port to Supplies	8 kV
Input/Output Port to Input/Output Port	2 kV
All Other Pins	8 kV

[1] Overvoltages at the INx, Sx, and Dx pins are clamped by internal diodes. Limit current to the maximum ratings given.
[2] See Table 5 and Table 6.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Only one absolute maximum rating can be applied at any one time.

ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

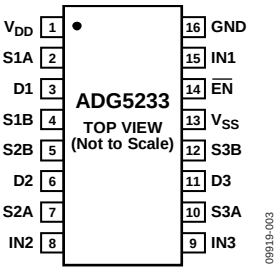


Figure 3. ADG5233 TSSOP Pin Configuration

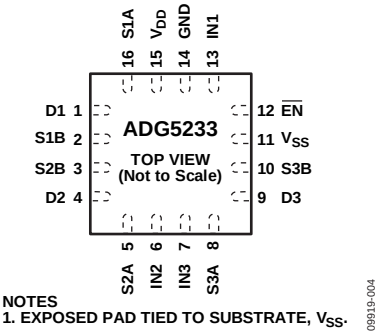


Figure 4. ADG5233 LFCSP_WQ Pin Configuration

Table 8. ADG5233 Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.			
TSSOP	**LFCSP_WQ**	**Mnemonic**	**Description**
1	15	V_{DD}	Most Positive Power Supply Potential.
2	16	S1A	Source Terminal 1A. This pin can be an input or an output.
3	1	D1	Drain Terminal 1. This pin can be an input or an output.
4	2	S1B	Source Terminal 1B. This pin can be an input or an output.
5	3	S2B	Source Terminal 2B. This pin can be an input or an output.
6	4	D2	Drain Terminal 2. This pin can be an input or an output.
7	5	S2A	Source Terminal 2A. This pin can be an input or an output.
8	6	IN2	Logic Control Input 2.
9	7	IN3	Logic Control Input 3.
10	8	S3A	Source Terminal 3A. This pin can be an input or an output.
11	9	D3	Drain Terminal 3. This pin can be an input or an output.
12	10	S3B	Source Terminal 3B. This pin can be an input or an output.
13	11	V_{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply Potential. In single-supply applications, this pin can be connected to ground.
14	12	$\overline{EN}$	Active Low Digital Input. When high, the device is disabled and all switches are off. When low, INx logic inputs determine the on switches.
15	13	IN1	Logic Control Input 1.
16	14	GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.
	17	EPAD	The exposed pad is connected internally. For increased reliability of the solder joints and maximum thermal capability, it is recommended that the pad be soldered to the substrate, V_{SS}.

Table 9. ADG5233 Truth Table

$\overline{EN}$	INx	SxA	SxB
1	X[1]	Off	Off
0	0	Off	On
0	1	On	Off

[1] X is don't care.

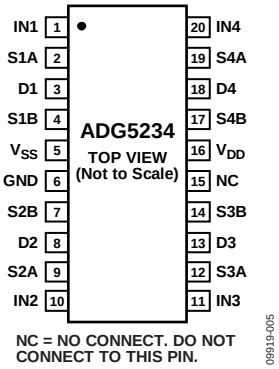


Figure 5. ADG5234 TSSOP Pin Configuration

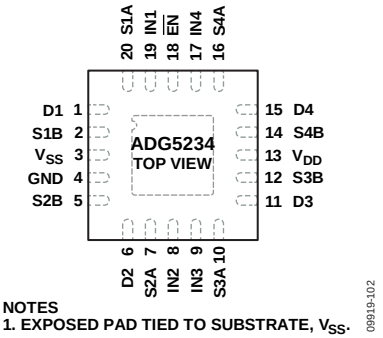


Figure 6. ADG5234 LFCSP_WQ Pin Configuration

Table 10. ADG5234 Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.			
TSSOP	**LFCSP_WQ**	**Mnemonic**	**Description**
1	19	IN1	Logic Control Input 1.
2	20	S1A	Source Terminal 1A. This pin can be an input or an output.
3	1	D1	Drain Terminal 1. This pin can be an input or an output.
4	2	S1B	Source Terminal 1B. This pin can be an input or an output.
5	3	V_{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply Potential. In single-supply applications, this pin can be connected to ground.
6	4	GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.
7	5	S2B	Source Terminal 2B. This pin can be an input or an output.
8	6	D2	Drain Terminal 2. This pin can be an input or an output.
9	7	S2A	Source Terminal 2A. This pin can be an input or an output.
10	8	IN2	Logic Control Input 2.
11	9	IN3	Logic Control Input 3.
12	10	S3A	Source Terminal 3A. This pin can be an input or an output.
13	11	D3	Drain Terminal 3. This pin can be an input or an output.
14	12	S3B	Source Terminal 3B. This pin can be an input or an output.
15	N/A	NC	No Connect. This pin is open.
16	13	V_{DD}	Most Positive Power Supply Potential.
17	14	S4B	Source Terminal 4B. This pin can be an input or an output.
18	15	D4	Drain Terminal 4. This pin can be an input or an output.
19	16	S4A	Source Terminal 4A. This pin can be an input or an output.
20	17	IN4	Logic Control Input 4.
N/A	18	$\overline{EN}$	Active Low Digital Input. When high, the device is disabled and all switches are off. When low, INx logic inputs determine the on switches.
N/A	21	EP	Exposed Pad. The exposed pad is connected internally. For increased reliability of the solder joints and maximum thermal capability, it is recommended that the pad be soldered to the substrate, V_{SS}.

Table 11. ADG5234 Truth Table

INx	SxA	SxB
0	Off	On
1	On	Off

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

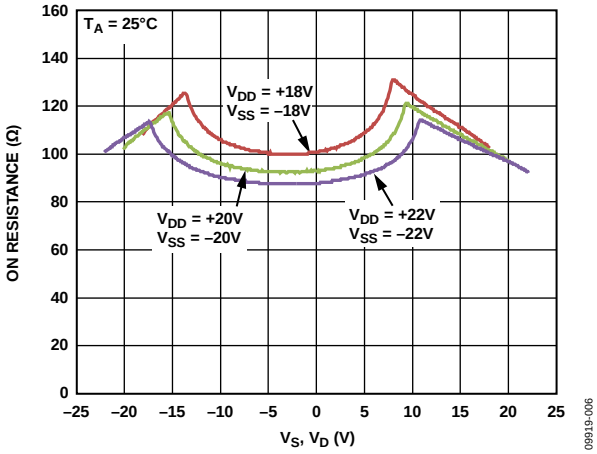


Figure 7. On Resistance as a Function of V_S, V_D (±20 V Dual Supply)

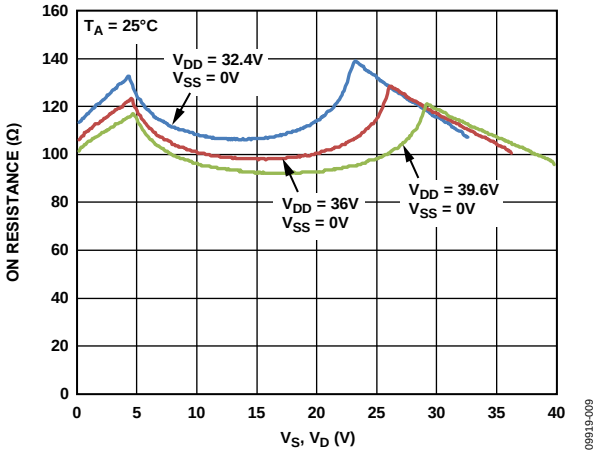


Figure 10. On Resistance as a Function of V_S, V_D (36 V Single Supply)

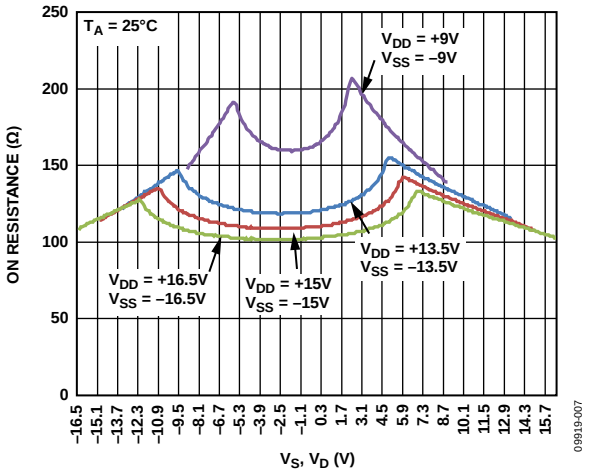


Figure 8. On Resistance as a Function of V_S, V_D (±15 V Dual Supply)

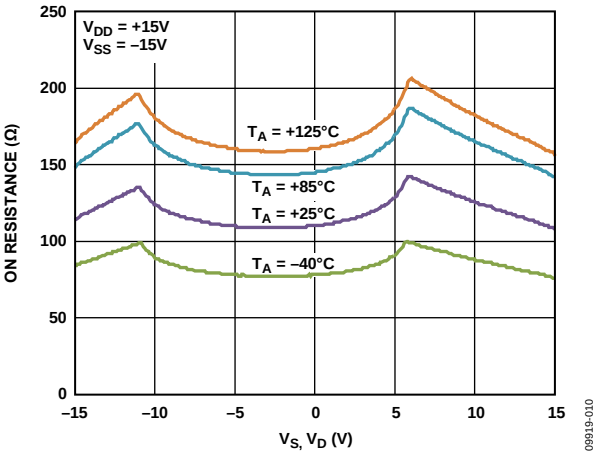


Figure 11. On Resistance as a Function of V_S (V_D) for Different Temperatures, ±15 V Dual Supply

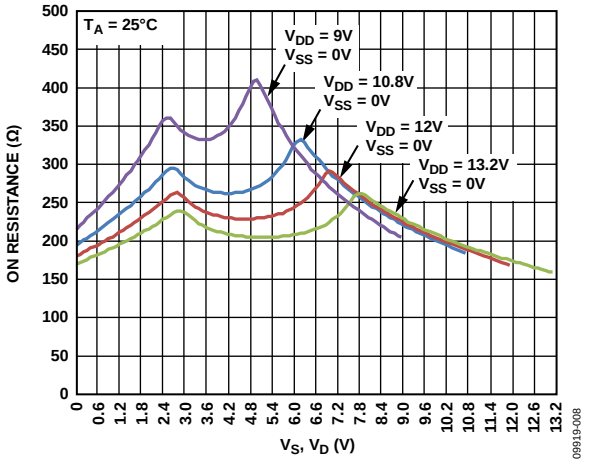


Figure 9. On Resistance as a Function of V_S, V_D (12 V Single Supply)

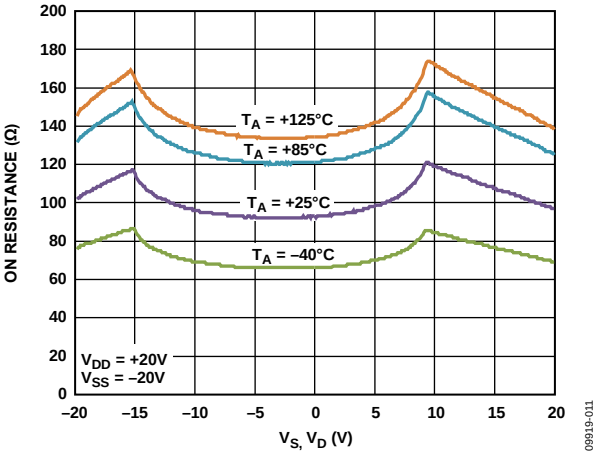


Figure 12. On Resistance as a Function of V_S (V_D) for Different Temperatures, ±20 V Dual Supply

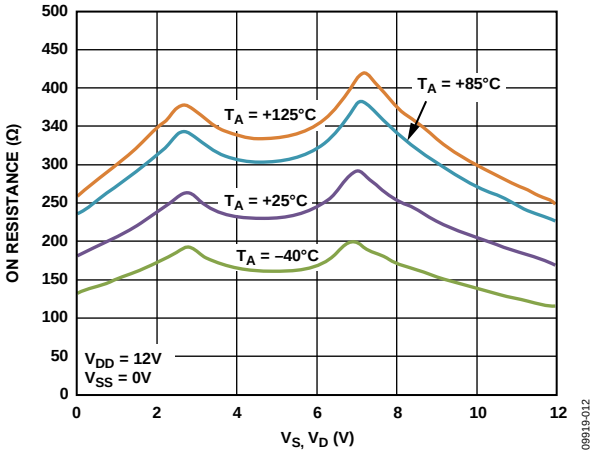


Figure 13. On Resistance as a Function of V_S (V_D) for Different Temperatures, 12 V Single Supply

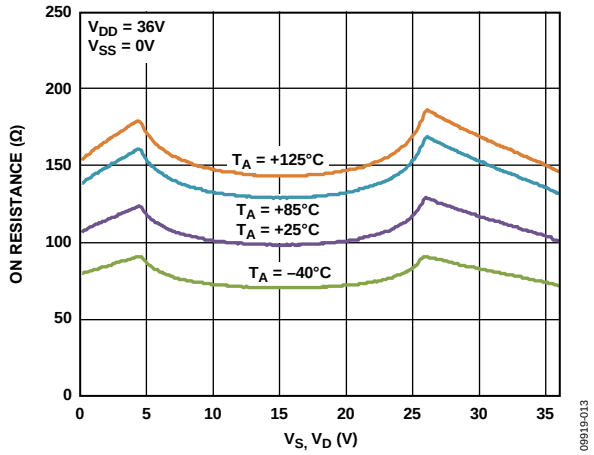


Figure 14. On Resistance as a Function of V_S (V_D) for Different Temperatures, 36 V Single Supply

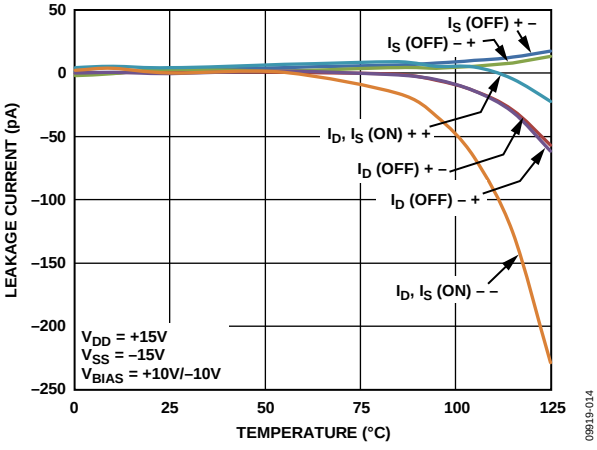


Figure 15. Leakage Currents as a Function of Temperature, ±15 V Dual Supply

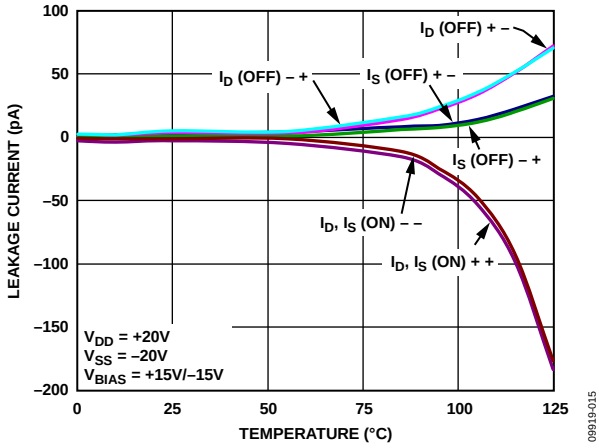


Figure 16. Leakage Currents as a Function of Temperature, ±20 V Dual Supply

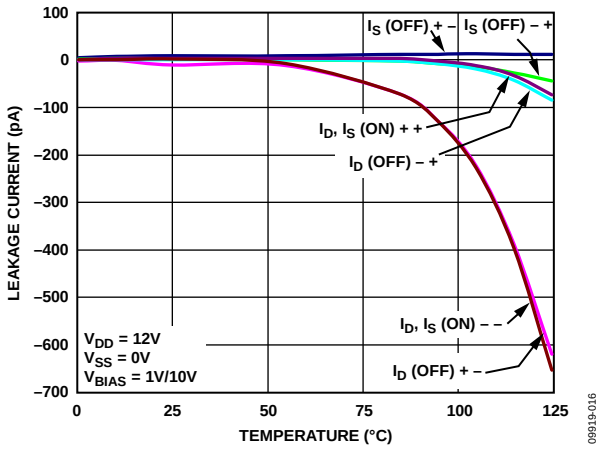


Figure 17. Leakage Currents as a Function of Temperature, 12 V Single Supply

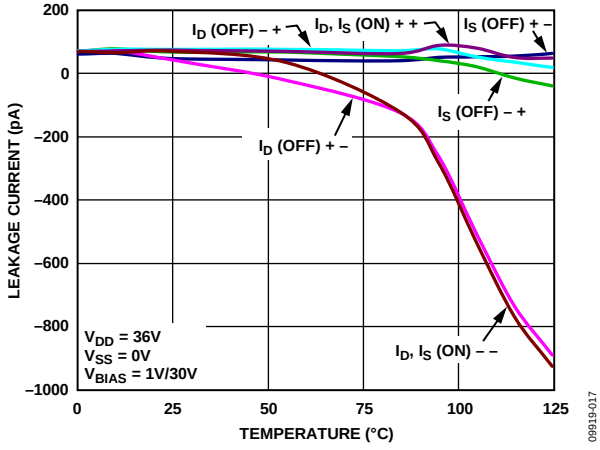


Figure 18. Leakage Currents as a Function of Temperature, 36 V Single Supply

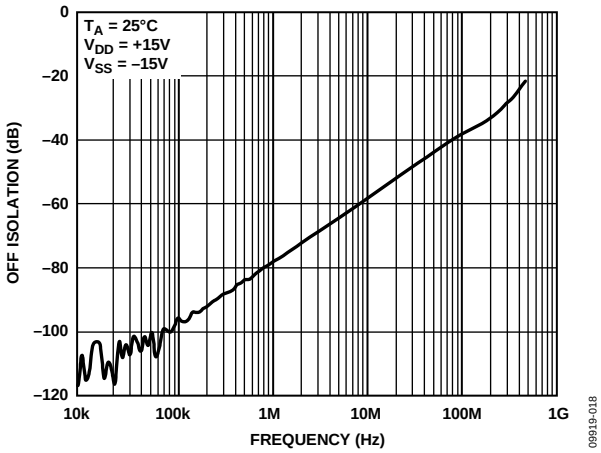


Figure 19. Off Isolation vs. Frequency, ±15 V Dual Supply

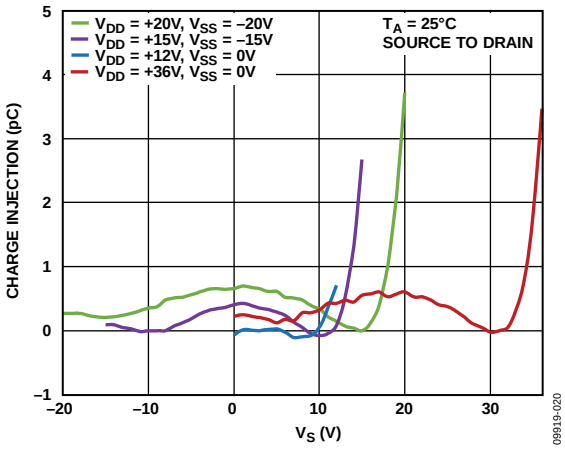


Figure 21. Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage, Source to Drain

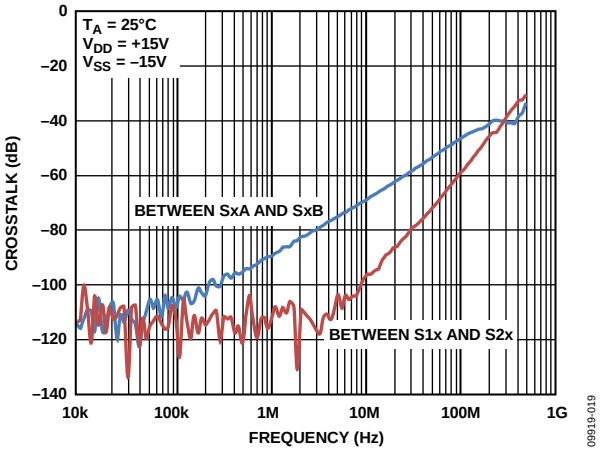


Figure 20. Crosstalk vs. Frequency, ±15 V Dual Supply

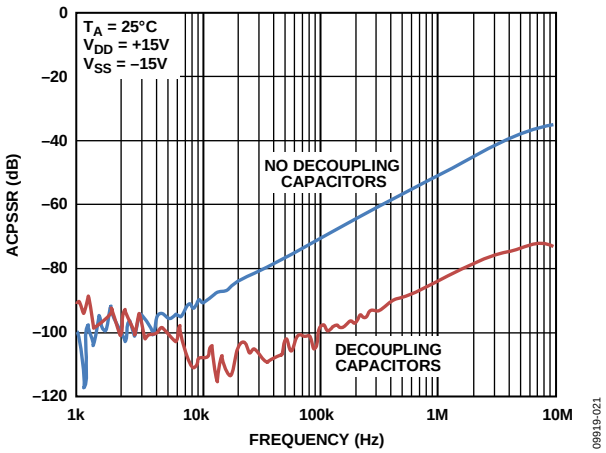


Figure 22. ACPSRR vs. Frequency, ±15 V Dual Supply

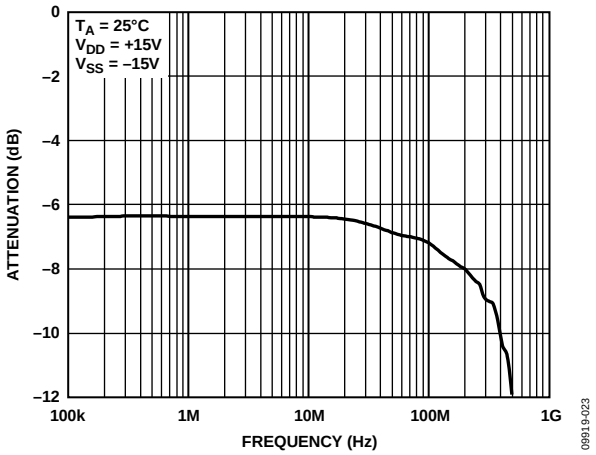


Figure 23. Bandwidth

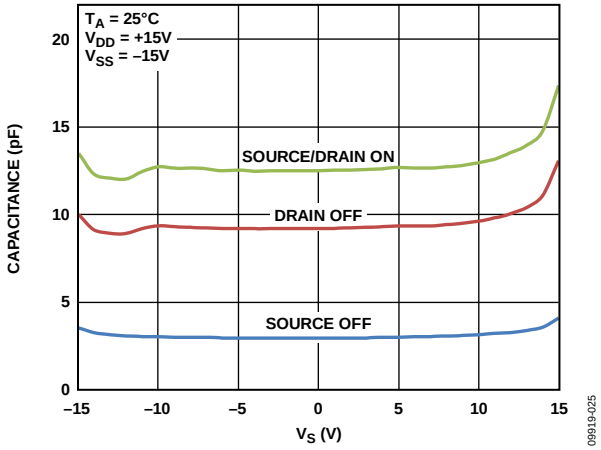


Figure 25. Capacitance vs. Source Voltage, ±15 V Dual Supply

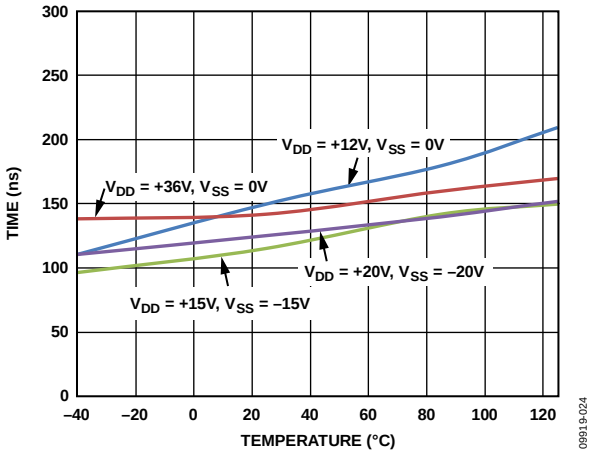


Figure 24. $t_{TRANSITION}$ Times vs. Temperature

TEST CIRCUITS

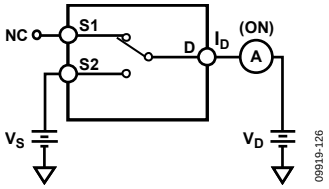


Figure 26. On Leakage

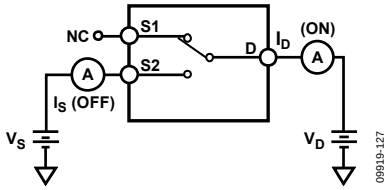


Figure 27. On and Off Leakage On and Off Leakage (ADG5234 TSSOP)

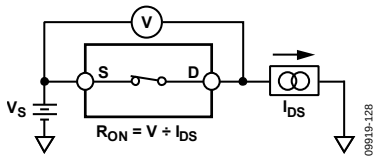


Figure 28. On Resistance

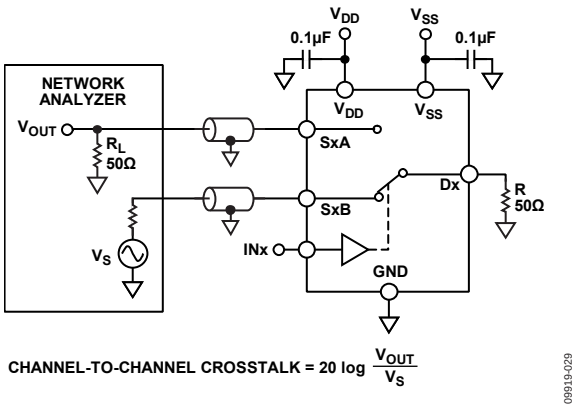


Figure 29. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk

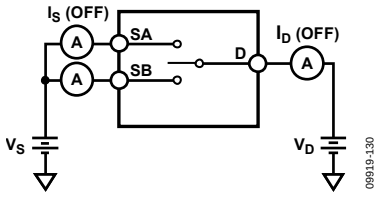


Figure 30. Off Leakage

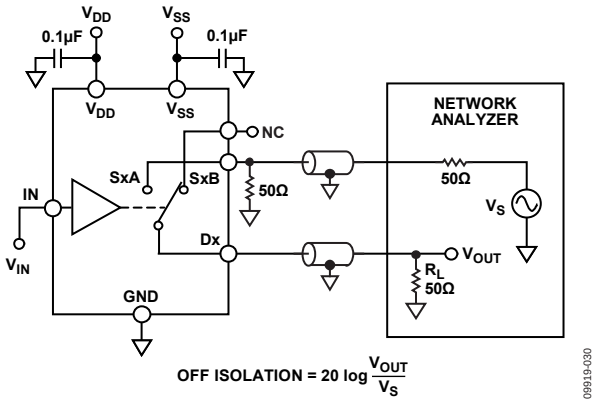


Figure 31. Off Isolation

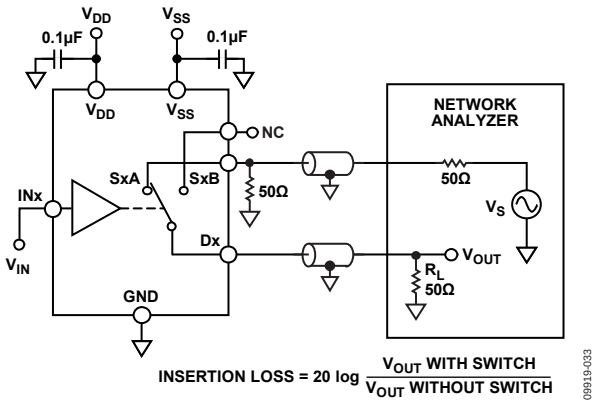


Figure 32. Bandwidth

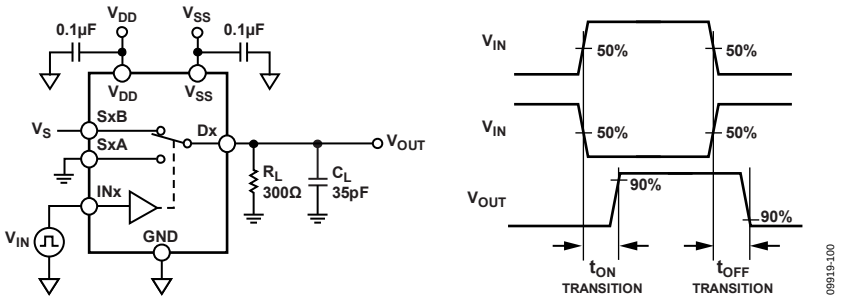


Figure 33. Switching Timing

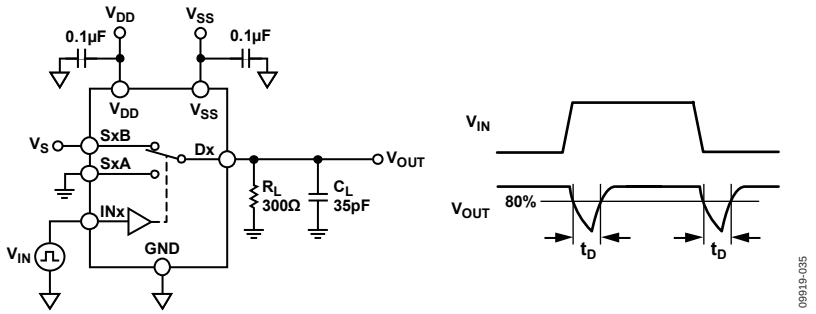


Figure 34. Break-Before-Make Delay, t_D

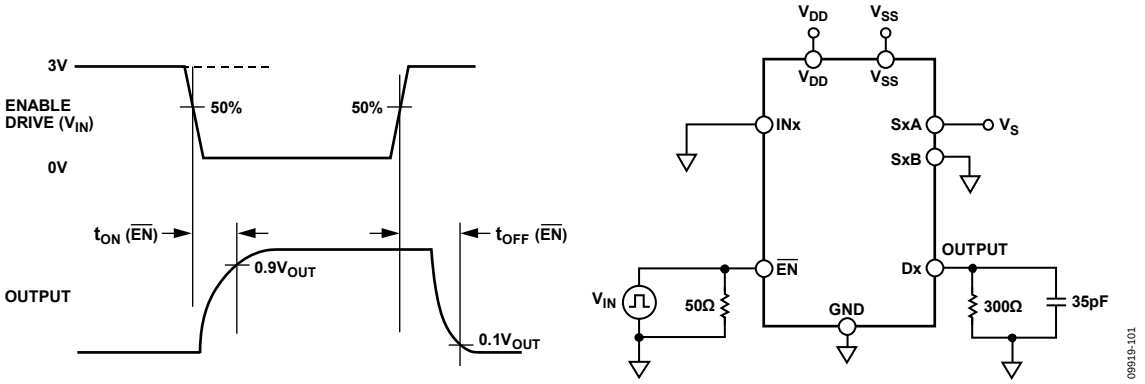


Figure 35. Enable Delay, t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$), t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$)

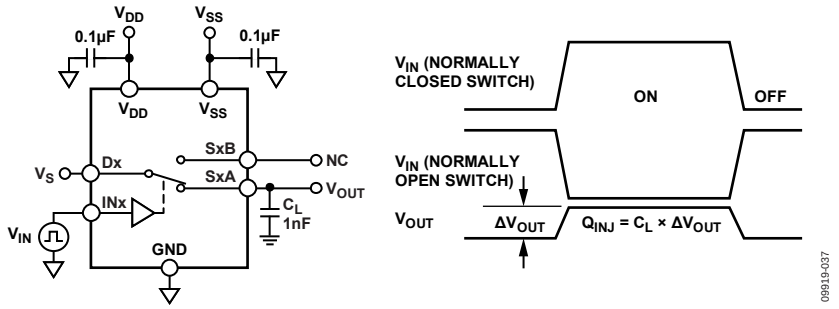


Figure 36. Charge Injection

TERMINOLOGY

I_{DD}
I_{DD} represents the positive supply current.

I_{SS}
I_{SS} represents the negative supply current.

V_D, V_S
V_D and V_S represent the analog voltage on Terminal Dx and Terminal Sx, respectively.

R_{ON}
R_{ON} is the ohmic resistance between Terminal Dx and Terminal Sx.

ΔR_{ON}
ΔR_{ON} represents the difference between the R_{ON} of any two channels.

$R_{FLAT (ON)}$
The difference between the maximum and minimum value of on resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range is represented by $R_{FLAT (ON)}$.

I_S (Off)
I_S (Off) is the source leakage current with the switch off.

I_D (Off)
I_D (Off) is the drain leakage current with the switch off.

I_D (On), I_S (On)
I_D (On) and I_S (On) represent the channel leakage currents with the switch on.

V_{INL}
V_{INL} is the maximum input voltage for Logic 0.

V_{INH}
V_{INH} is the minimum input voltage for Logic 1.

I_{INL}, I_{INH}
I_{INL} and I_{INH} represent the low and high input currents of the digital inputs.

C_D (Off)
C_D (Off) represents the off switch drain capacitance, which is measured with reference to ground.

C_S (Off)
C_S (Off) represents the off switch source capacitance, which is measured with reference to ground.

C_D (On), C_S (On)
C_D (On) and C_S (On) represent on switch capacitances, which are measured with reference to ground.

C_{IN}
C_{IN} represents digital input capacitance.

t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$)
t_{ON} ($\overline{EN}$) represents the delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital input and switch on condition.

t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$)
t_{OFF} ($\overline{EN}$) represents the delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital input and switch off condition.

$t_{TRANSITION}$
Delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital inputs and the switch on condition when switching from one address state to another.

t_D
t_D represents the off time measured between the 80% point of both switches when switching from one address state to another.

Off Isolation
Off isolation is a measure of unwanted signal coupling through an off channel.

Charge Injection
Charge injection is a measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during switching.

Crosstalk
Crosstalk is a measure of unwanted signal that is coupled through from one channel to another as a result of parasitic capacitance.

Bandwidth
Bandwidth is the frequency at which the output is attenuated by 3 dB.

On Response
On response is the frequency response of the on switch.

AC Power Supply Rejection Ratio (ACPSRR)
ACPSRR is a measure of the ability of a part to avoid coupling noise and spurious signals that appear on the supply voltage pin to the output of the switch. The dc voltage on the device is modulated by a sine wave of 0.62 V p-p. The ratio of the amplitude of the signal on the output to the amplitude of the modulation is the ACPSRR.

TRENCH ISOLATION

In the ADG5233/ADG5234, an insulating oxide layer (trench) is placed between the NMOS and the PMOS transistors of each CMOS switch. Parasitic junctions, which occur between the transistors in junction isolated switches, are eliminated, and the result is a completely latch-up proof switch.

In junction isolation, the N and P wells of the PMOS and NMOS transistors form a diode that is reverse-biased under normal operation. However, during overvoltage conditions, this diode can become forward-biased. A silicon controlled rectifier (SCR) type circuit is formed by the two transistors causing a significant amplification of the current that, in turn, leads to latch-up. With trench isolation, this diode is removed, and the result is a latch-up proof switch.

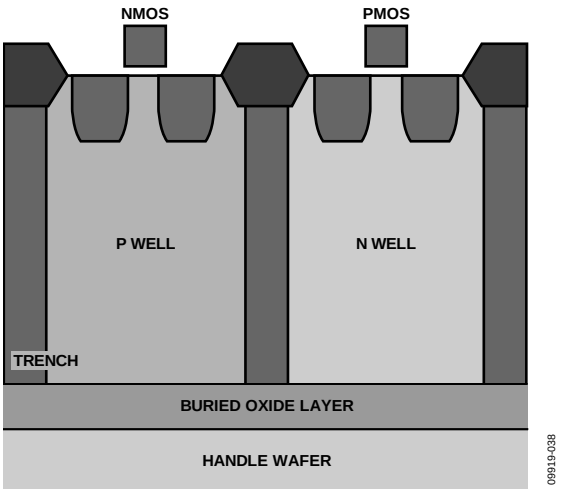


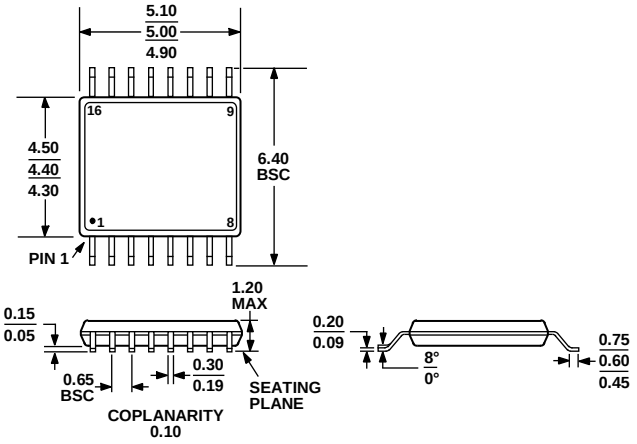
Figure 37. Trench Isolation

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The low capacitance latch-up immune family of switches and multiplexers provide a robust solution for instrumentation, industrial, automotive, aerospace, and other harsh environments that are prone to latch-up, which is an undesirable high current state that can lead to device failure and persists until the power supply is turned off.

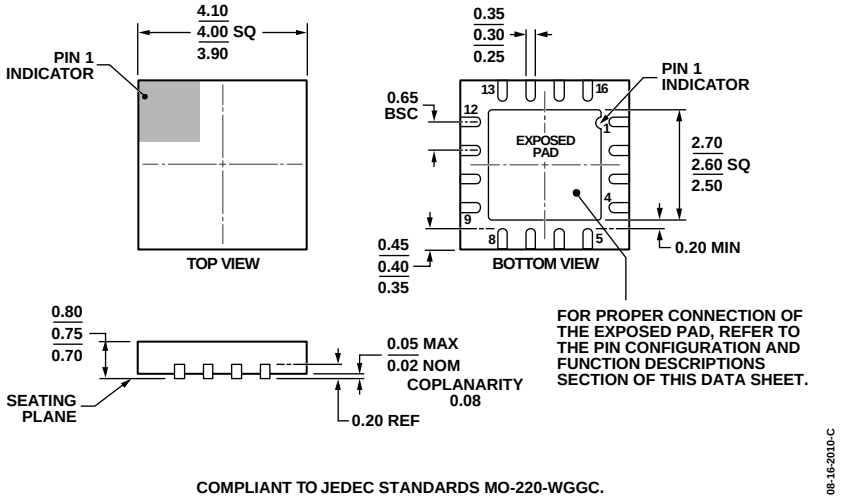
The ADG5233/ADG5234 high voltage switches allow single-supply operation from 9 V to 40 V and dual supply operation from ±9 V to ±22 V.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-153-AB

Figure 38. 16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]
(RU-16)
Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-WGGC.

Figure 39. 16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_WQ]
4 mm × 4 mm Body, Very Very Thin Quad
(CP-16-17)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

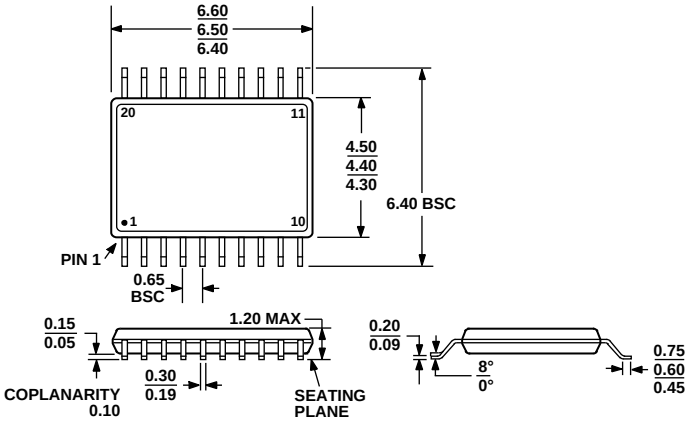


Figure 40. 20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]
(RU-20)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

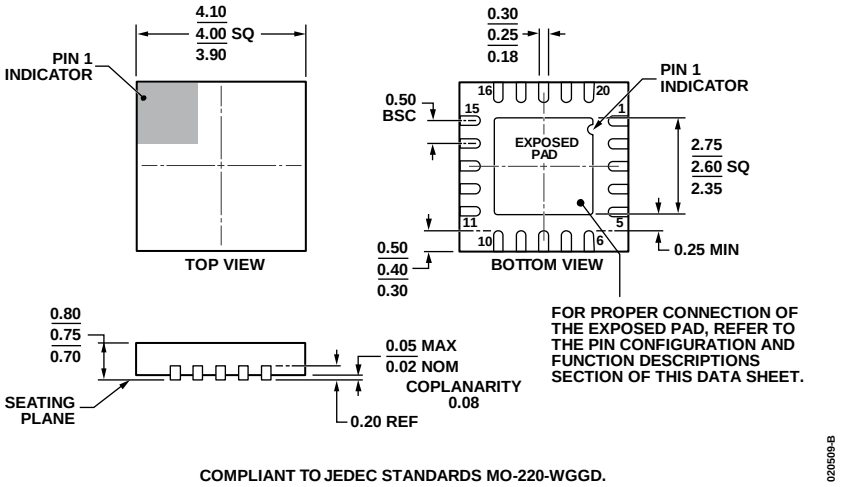


Figure 41. 20-LEAD LEAD FRAME CHIP SCALE PACKAGE [LFCSP_WQ]
4 mm × 4 mm BODY, VERY VERY THIN QUAD
(CP-20-8)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model[1]	Temperature Range	Description	$\overline{\text{EN}}$ Pin	Package Option
ADG5233BRUZ	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	Yes	RU-16
ADG5233BRUZ-RL7	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	Yes	RU-16
ADG5233BCPZ-RL7	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_WQ]	Yes	CP-16-17
ADG5234BRUZ	−40°C to +125°C	20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	No	RU-20
ADG5234BRUZ-RL7	−40°C to +125°C	20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	No	RU-20
ADG5234BCPZ-RL7	−40°C to +125°C	20-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_WQ]	Yes	CP-20-8

[1] Z = RoHS Compliant Part.