ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _C C	0.3V to +6V
All Other Pins	
Input/Output Current, All Pins	20mA
Rate of Rise, VCC	100V/µs
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +	
SOT23 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +7	'0°C)571mW

Operating Temperature Range	
MAX63UKDT	0°C to +70°C
MAX63EUKDT	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec).	+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	
Lead (Pb) - free packages	+260°C
Packages containing lead (Pb)	+240°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = +2.5V to +5.5V for the MAX6305/MAX6308/MAX6311, V_{CC} = (V_{TH} + 2.5%) to +5.5V for the MAX6306/MAX6307/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313; T_A = -40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
V _{CC} Range		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C \text{ (Note 2)}$		1.0		5.5	V		
Supply Current	Icc	V _{CC} = 5.5V			8	16	μΑ		
		MAX6306/MAX6307/ MAX6309/MAX6310/		T _A = +25°C	V _{TH} - 1.5%	V _{TH}	V _{TH} + 1.5%		
Reset Threshold	V _{TH}	MAX6312/MAX6313		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C$	V _{TH} - 2.5%	V _{TH}	V _{TH} + 2.5%	V	
(Note 3)		MAX6306E/MAX6307, MAX6309E/MAX6310 MAX6312E/MAX6313	E/	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	V _{TH} - 2.5%	V _{TH}	V _{TH} + 2.5%		
Reset Threshold	V _{TH} /°C					40		ppm/°C	
Reset Threshold	V _{TH} HYST					2 x V _{TH}		mV	
Reset Timeout Period		D1			1.0	1.4	2.0		
	too	D2			20	28	40	ms	
	t _{RP}	D3		140	200	280			
		D4			1120	1570		2240	
	Vo	V _{OL} MAX6305–MAX6310 -	Vcc	$> 4.25V$, $I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4		
			Vcc	$> 2.5V$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.3	V	
	VOL		Vcc	> 1.2 V, I _{SINK} = 500 μ A			0.3		
RESET Output Voltage			V _C C	> 1.0 V, $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$			0.3		
TILOLI Odipul Vollage	V			> 4.25V, IRCE = 800µA	V _{CC} - 1.5			V	
	Voh	MAX6310		> 2.5V, IRCE = 500µA	0.8 x V _{CC}			V	
RESET Output Voltage	M		Vcc	> 4.25V, ISINK = 3.2mA			0.4		
	VoL		Vcc	> 2.5V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.3	Ť	
	Vari	MAX6313		> 1.8V, IRCE = 150μΑ	0.8 x V _{CC}			V	
	Voн			> 1.0V, IRCE = 10µA	0.8 x V _{CC}				

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

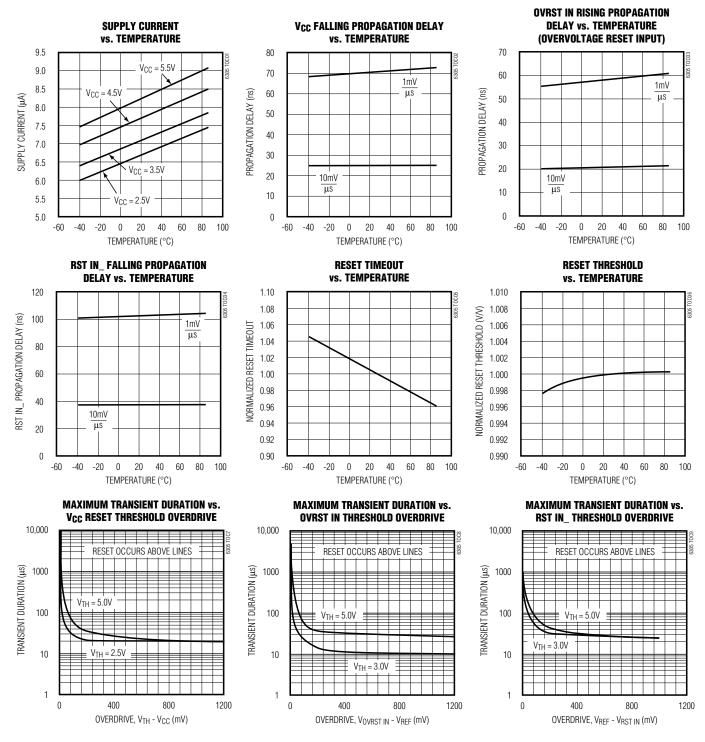
 V_{CC} = +2.5V to +5.5V for the MAX6305/MAX6308/MAX6311, V_{CC} = (V_{TH} + 2.5%) to +5.5V for the MAX6306/MAX6307/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313; T_{A} = -40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_{A} = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
MANUAL-RESET INPUT	(MAX6306/M	AX6309/MAX6312)				
	VIL	V _{TH} > 4.0V			0.8	
MR Input	VIH	71H > 4.0V	2.4			- V
I WIN IIIPUL	VIL	VT 4 OV			0.3 x V _{CC}	
	VIH	V _{TH} < 4.0V	0.7 x V _{CC}			
MR Minimum Input		$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C	1			
Pulse Width		$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C	1.5			μs
MR Glitch Rejection				0.1		μs
MR to Reset Delay				500		nsV
MR Pullup Resistance			32	63.5	100	kΩ
ADJUSTABLE RESET C	OMPARATOR	INPUTS				
DOT IN JOYDOT IN		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	1.21	1.23	1.25	
RST IN_/OVRST_IN Input Threshold	VRSTH	MAX6305-MAX6313, T _A = 0°C to +70°C	1.20		1.26	V
Imput miesnoid		MAX6305E-MAX6313E, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	1.20		1.26	
RST IN_/OVRST_IN Input Current	I _{RST IN} _	0V < V _{RST IN} < V _{CC} - 0.3V (Note 4)	-25		+25	nA
RST IN_/OVRST_IN Hysteresis				2.5		mV

- Note 1: Overtemperature limits are guaranteed by design, not production tested.
- Note 2: The MAX6305/MAX6308/MAX6311 switch from undervoltage reset to normal operation between 1.5V < VCC < 2.5V.
- Note 3: The MAX6306/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313 monitor V_{CC} through an internal factory-trimmed voltage divider, which programs the nominal reset threshold. Factory-trimmed reset thresholds are available in approximately 100mV increments from 2.5V to 5V (Table 1).
- Note 4: Guaranteed by design.

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



Pin Description

	PIN			
MAX6305 MAX6308 MAX6311	MAX6306 MAX6309 MAX6312	MAX6307 MAX6310 MAX6313	NAME	FUNCTION
1	1	1	RESET	Active-Low, Open-Drain Reset Output for the MAX6305/MAX6306/MAX6307. Active-Low, Push/Pull Reset Output (sources and sinks current) for the MAX6308/MAX6309/MAX6310.
			RESET	Active-High, Push/Pull Reset Output for the MAX6311/MAX6312/MAX6313
2	2	2	GND	System Ground
_	3	_	MR	Manual-Reset Input. Pull low to force a reset. RESET/RESET remains active as long as MR is low and for the timeout period after MR goes high. Leave unconnected or connect to VCC if unused.
3, 4	_	_	RST IN1, RST IN2	Undervoltage Reset Comparator Input. Asserts reset when the monitored voltage falls below the programmed threshold. Set the reset threshold with an external resistor divider. Connect to VCC if
_	4	3	RST IN	unused.
_	_	4	OVRST IN	Overvoltage Reset Comparator Input. Asserts reset when the monitored voltage exceeds the programmed threshold. Set the reset threshold with an external resistor divider. Connect to GND if unused.
5	5	5	Vcc	System Supply. The MAX6306/MAX6307/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313 also monitor V _{CC} through an internal factory-trimmed resistor divider to the reset comparator.

Detailed Description

The MAX6305-MAX6313 CMOS microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits are designed to monitor more than one power supply and issue a system reset when any monitored supply falls out of regulation. The MAX6305/ MAX6308/MAX6311 have two adjustable undervoltage reset inputs (RST IN1 and RST IN2). The MAX6306/ MAX6307/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313 monitor V_{CC} through an internal, factory-trimmed voltage divider. The MAX6306/MAX6309/MAX6312 have, in addition, an adjustable undervoltage reset input and a manual-reset input. The internal voltage divider sets the reset threshold as specified in the device part number (Table 1). The MAX6307/MAX6310/ MAX6313 feature an adjustable undervoltage reset input (RST IN) and an adjustable overvoltage reset input (OVRST IN) in addition to the factory-trimmed reset threshold on the VCC monitor. Program the adjustable reset inputs with an external resistor divider (see Adjustable Reset Inputs section).

Reset Outputs

A μP 's reset input starts the μP in a known state. These μP supervisory circuits assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

RESET (MAX6305–MAX6310) and RESET (MAX6311/MAX6312/MAX6313) are guaranteed to be asserted at a valid logic level for VCC > 1V (see *Electrical Characteristics*). Once all monitored voltages exceed their programmed reset thresholds, an internal timer keeps reset asserted for the reset timeout period (t_{RP}); after this interval, reset deasserts.

If a brownout condition occurs (any or all monitored voltages dip outside their programmed reset threshold), reset asserts (RESET goes high; RESET goes low). Any time any of the monitored voltages dip below their reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero and reset asserts. The internal timer starts when all of the monitored voltages return above their reset thresholds, and reset remains asserted for a reset timeout period. The MAX6305/MAX6306/MAX6307 feature an active-low.

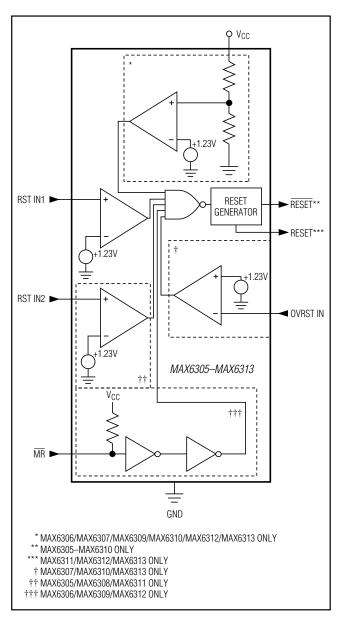


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

open-drain, N-channel output. The MAX6308/MAX6309/MAX6310 feature an active-low, complementary output structure that both sinks and sources current, and the MAX6311/MAX6312/MAX6313 have an active-high complementary reset output.

The MAX6305/MAX6308/MAX6311 switch from undervoltage lockout operation to normal operation between 1.5V < VCC < 2.5V. Below 1.5V, VCC undervoltage-lockout mode asserts RESET. Above 2.5V, VCC normal-operation mode asserts reset if RST IN_ falls below the RST IN_ threshold.

Manual-Reset Input (MAX6306/MAX6309/MAX6312)

Many μP -based products require manual-reset capability, allowing an operator or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. A logic low on \overline{MR} asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while \overline{MR} is low, and for a reset active timeout period (tRP) after \overline{MR} returns high. This input has an internal $63.5k\Omega$ pull-up resistor, so it can be left open if it is not used. \overline{MR} can be driven with TTL-logic levels in 5V systems, with CMOS-logic levels in 3V systems, or with opendrain/collector output devices. Connect a normally open momentary switch from \overline{MR} to GND to create a manual-reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If \overline{MR} is driven from long cables or if the device is used in a noisy environment, connecting a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor from \overline{MR} to ground provides additional noise immunity.

The $\overline{\text{MR}}$ pin has internal ESD-protection circuitry that may be forward biased under certain conditions, drawing excessive current. For example, assume the circuitry driving $\overline{\text{MR}}$ uses a +5V supply other than VCC. If VCC drops or browns out lower than +4.7V, $\overline{\text{MR}}$'s absolute maximum rating is violated (-0.3V to (VCC + 0.3V)), and undesirable current flows through the ESD structure from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to VCC. To avoid this, it is recommended that the supply for the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ pin be the same as the supply monitored by VCC. In this way, the voltage at $\overline{\text{MR}}$ will not exceed VCC.

Adjustable Reset Inputs

The MAX6305–MAX6313 each have one or more reset inputs (RST IN_ /OVRST IN). These inputs are compared to the internal reference voltage (Figure 1). Connect a resistor voltage divider to RST IN_ such that VRST IN_ falls below VRSTH (1.23V) when the monitored voltage (VIN) falls below the desired reset threshold (VTH) (Figure 2). Calculate the desired reset voltage with the following formula:

$$V_{TH} = \frac{R1 + R2}{R2} \times V_{RSTH}$$

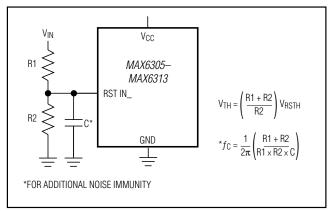


Figure 2. Increasing Noise Immunity

The ±25nA max input leakage current allows resistors on the order of megohms. Choose the pull-up resistor in the divider to minimize the error due to the input leakage current. The error term in the calculated threshold is simply:

If you choose R1 to be $1M\Omega$, the resulting error is $\pm 25 \times 10^{-9} \times 1 \times 10^{6} = \pm 25 \text{mV}$.

Like the V_{CC} voltage monitors on the MAX6306/MAX6307/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313, the RST IN_inputs (when used with a voltage divider) are designed to ignore fast voltage transients. Increase the noise immunity by connecting a capacitor on the order of $0.1\mu\text{F}$ between RST IN and GND (Figure 2). This creates a single-pole lowpass filter with a corner frequency given by:

$$f = (1/2\pi) / (R1 + R2)(R1 \times R2 \times C)$$

For example, if R1 = 1M Ω and R2 = 1.6M Ω , adding a 0.1µF capacitor from RST IN_ to ground results in a lowpass corner frequency of f = 2.59Hz. Note that adding capacitance to RST IN slows the circuit's overall response time.

Applications Information

Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Since the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output on the MAX6305/MAX6306/MAX6307 is open drain, these devices interface easily with µPs that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Connecting the µP supervisor's $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output directly to the microcontroller's $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset (Figure 3).

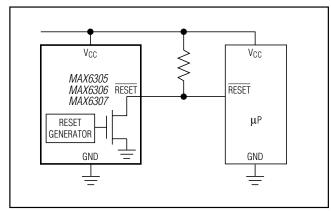


Figure 3. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

Negative-Going Vcc Transients

In addition to issuing a reset to the μP during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, these devices are relatively immune to short-duration, negative-going V_{CC} transients (glitches).

The Typical Operating Characteristics show the Maximum Transient Duration vs. V_{CC} Reset Threshold Overdrive, for which reset pulses are not generated. The graph was produced using negative-going pulses, starting at V_{TH} max, and ending below the programmed reset threshold by the magnitude indicated (reset threshold overdrive). The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negative-going V_{CC} transient may typically have without causing a reset pulse to be issued. As the amplitude of the transient increases (i.e., goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases.

RST IN_/OVRST IN are also immune to negative/positive-going transients (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). A 0.1µF bypass capacitor mounted close to the RST IN_, OVRST IN, and/or the V_{CC} pin provides additional transient immunity.

Ensuring a Valid RESET/RESET Output Down to VCC = 0V

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, push/pull structured $\overline{\text{RESET}}/\mathbb{RESET}$ current sinking (or sourcing) capabilities decrease drastically. High-impedance CMOS-logic inputs connected to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications, since most μ Ps and other circuitry do not operate with V_{CC} below 1V. In those applications where $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor between $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and ground sinks any stray leakage

currents, holding \overline{RESET} low (Figure 4). The pull-down resistor's value is not critical; $100k\Omega$ is large enough not to load \overline{RESET} and small enough to pull \overline{RESET} to ground. For applications where RESET must be valid to VCC, a $100k\Omega$ pull-up resistor between RESET and VCC will hold RESET high when VCC falls below 1V (Figure 5).

Since the MAX6305/MAX6306/MAX6307 have opendrain, active-low outputs, they typically use a pull-up resistor. With these devices and under these conditions (VCC < 1V), $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will most likely not maintain an active condition, but will drift toward a nonactive level due to the pull-up resistor and the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output's reduction in sinking capability. These devices are not recommended for applications that require a valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output below 1V.

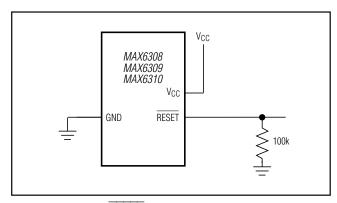


Figure 4. Ensuring \overline{RESET} Valid to $V_{CC} = 0V$

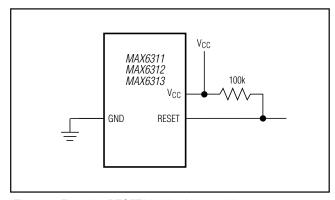


Figure 5. Ensuring RESET Valid to $V_{CC} = 0V$

Table 1. Factory-Trimmed Reset Thresholds*

CHEEN	SUFFIX T _A = +25°C		С	T _A = -40°	C to +85°C
SUFFIX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX
00		Preprogrammed Threshold Not Available		Preprogra Threshold Available	
50	4.925	5.000	5.075	4.875	5.125
49	4.827	4.900	4.974	4.778	5.023
48	4.728	4.800	4.872	4.680	4.920
47	4.630	4.700	4.771	4.583	4.818
46	4.561	4.630	4.699	4.514	4.746
45	4.433	4.500	4.568	4.388	4.613
44	4.314	4.380	4.446	4.270	4.490
43	4.236	4.300	4.365	4.193	4.408
42	4.137	4.200	4.263	4.095	4.305
41	4.039	4.100	4.162	3.998	4.203
40	3.940	4.000	4.060	3.900	4.100
39	3.842	3.900	3.959	3.803	3.998
38	3.743	3.800	3.857	3.705	3.895
37	3.645	3.700	3.756	3.608	3.793
36	3.546	3.600	3.654	3.510	3.690
35	3.448	3.500	3.553	3.413	3.588
34	3.349	3.400	3.451	3.315	3.485
33	3.251	3.300	3.350	3.218	3.383
32	3.152	3.200	3.248	3.120	3.280
31	3.034	3.080	3.126	3.003	3.157
30	2.955	3.000	3.045	2.925	3.075
29	2.886	2.930	2.974	2.857	3.000
28	2.758	2.800	2.842	2.730	2.870
27	2.660	2.700	2.741	2.633	2.768
26	2.591	2.630	2.669	2.564	2.696
25	2.463	2.500	2.538	2.438	2.563

^{*} Factory-trimmed reset thresholds are available in approximately 100 mV increments with a $\pm 1.5\%$ room-temperature variance.

Ordering Information (continued)

PART [†]	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX6306UKDT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6306EUKDT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23
MAX6307UKDT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6307EUKDT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23
MAX6308UK00DT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6308EUK00DT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23
MAX6309UKDT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6309EUKDT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23
MAX6310UKDT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6310EUKDT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23
MAX6311UK00DT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6311EUK00DT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23
MAX6312UKDT	-0°C to +70°C	5 SOT23
MAX6312EUKDT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23

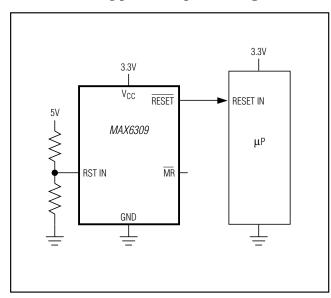
† The MAX6306/MAX6307/MAX6309/MAX6310/MAX6312/MAX6313 are available with factory-set V_{CC} reset thresholds from 2.5V to 5V, in 0.1V increments. Insert the desired nominal reset threshold (from Table 1) into the blanks following the letters UK. All parts also offer factory-programmed reset timeout periods. Insert the number corresponding to the desired nominal timeout period index following the "D" in the part number (D1 = 1ms min, D2 = 20ms min, D3 = 140ms min, and D4 = 1120ms min). There are 10 standard versions with a required order increment of 2,500 pieces. Sample stock is generally held on the standard versions only (see Standard Versions table). Required order increment is 10,000 pieces for non-standard versions. Contact factory for availability of non-standard versions. All devices available in tape-and-reel only.

Devices are available in both leaded and lead-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering.

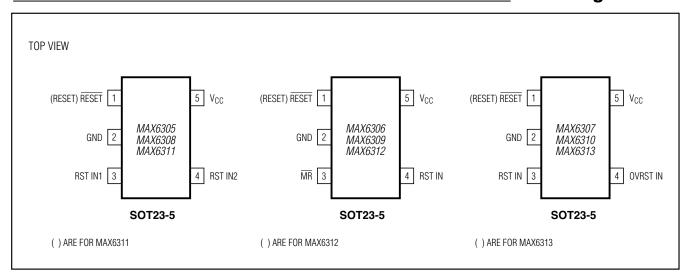
Standard Versions Table

MAX6305UK00D3-T	MAX6309UK29D3-T
MAX6306UK29D3-T	MAX6309UK46D3-T
MAX6306UK46D3-T	MAX6311UK00D3-T
MAX6307UK46D3-T	MAX6312UK29D3-T
MAX6308UK00D3-T	MAX6312UK46D3-T

Typical Operating Circuit



Pin Configurations



Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE	PACKAGE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND
TYPE	CODE		PATTERN NO.
5 SOT23	U5+1	21-0057	90-0174

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	9/96	Initial release	_
1	8/98	Make corrections to EC table and Figures 1 and 8.	3, 6, 8
2	4/99	Added Standard Versions Table and note to the <i>Ordering Information</i> table. Text added to the <i>General Description</i> .	1, 13
3	11/05	Added lead-free option to the <i>Ordering Information</i> table.	1, 13
4	12/07	Updated Table 2 and Package Outline.	9, 10, 14
5	4/08	Added MAX6305E–MAX6313E to <i>Ordering Information</i> table, updated <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table and global conditions, updated Table 1, and removed Table 2.	1, 2, 3, 8–15
6	7/12	Updated the Electrical Characteristics table.	2

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time. The parametric values (min and max limits) shown in the Electrical Characteristics table are guaranteed. Other parametric values quoted in this data sheet are provided for guidance.

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