#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>EE</sub> )	+8V
All Other Pins to GND(VEE - 0.3V) to (VCC	
Output Short-Circuit Duration (to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>EE</sub> )Co	ntinuous
Continuous Power Dissipation $(T_A = +70^{\circ}C)$	
8-Pin SO (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)	.471mW
8-Pin $\mu$ MAX (denote 1 1mW/°C above $\pm$ 70°C)	330m\//

Operating Temperature Range	e40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering,	10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4198 (+5V Supply)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega)$  tied to  $V_{CC} / 2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC} / 2$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	Vac	Single supply			2.7		7.5	V
(Note 2)	Vcc	Dual supply			±1.35		±3.75	V
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,		MAX4198ESA		±30	±500	
Input Offset Voltage	1/00	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		MAX4198EUA		±100	±1000	\/
Input Offset voltage	Vos	TA = TMIN to TM	1AX,	MAX4198ESA			±750	μV
		Vcm = Vcc / 2		MAX4198EUA			±2300	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCO	MAX4198ESA				±0.5	±5	μV/°C
Input Onset Voltage Drift	100	MAX4198EUA				±1	±20	μνις
		IN+ differential-	mode			50		
Input Resistance	RIN	IN- differential-r	node			25		kΩ
		Common-mode				50		
Input Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by	CMR 1	test	VEE - 0.1		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.1	V
500	01.45	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.1	V	MAX4198ESA	74	90		10
DC Common-Mode Rejection	C Common-Mode Rejection CMRDC			MAX4198EUA	70	90		dB
AC Common-Mode Rejection	CMR <sub>AC</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.1 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.1V, f = 60Hz, f = 120Hz				90		dB
Power-Supply Rejection	PSR		$+2.7V \le V_{CC} \le +7.5V$ , $V_{CM} = +1.5V$ , $V_{REF} = +1.5V$ , $R_L = 25k\Omega$ to $+1.5V$			115		dB
		f = 10Hz				120		
Input Noise Voltage		f = 100Hz f = 10kHz				60		nV√Hz
Input Noise Voltage								
		f = 0.1Hz to 10H	Ηz			7.8		μVRMS
		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive			V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1 V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.03 to			
Output Voltage Swing			TE = 25KBB, ±10HV input overance		to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1 V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.03 V <sub>FF</sub> + 0.2 V <sub>FF</sub> + 0.1 to			V
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive			to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source		10 VCC - 0.2	±5.5	J. I	mA	
Short-Circuit Current		Silik/source	Dı	= 25kΩ, VEE + 0.1V ≤		±5.5		IIIA
Gain Error		V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2,		IT ≤ VCC - 0.1V		±0.01	±0.1	%
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		= 5kΩ, VEE + 0.2V ≤ IT ≤ VCC - 0.2V		±0.01	±0.1	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> -	MAX	(4198ESA		±0.2	±3	ppm/°C
·		0.1V M		(4198EUA		±0.65	±6	
Nonlinearity		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V ≤ V <sub>C</sub>	OUT ≤ \	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1V		±0.0003		%

2 /V|/**X|/V**|

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4198 (+5V Supply) (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega)$  tied to  $V_{CC} / 2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC} / 2$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Capacitive-Load Stability	CL			690		pF
-3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	Vout ≤ 0.1Vp-p, VcM = Vcc / 2		175		kHz
Slew Rate	SR	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V <sub>P-P</sub> step		0.07		V/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	t <sub>S</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V <sub>P-P</sub> step		34		μs
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, f = 1kHz$		0.001		%
Supply Current	Icc	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$ , $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-}$		45	55	μΑ
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN	VSHDN = VIL		6.5	12	μΑ
Input Logic Voltage High (Note 3)	VIH		V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5			V
Input Logic Voltage Low (Note 3)	VIL				Vcc - 2.5	V
SHDN Input Bias Current		VSHDN = VCC - 1.5V or VSHDN = VEE	-0.1		0.1	μΑ
Enable/Disable Settling Time	ton/off	VSHDN = VCC - 2.5V to VCC - 1.5V, VOUT = 3.5V, settled to within 0.1%		28		μs
Power-Up Delay		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.5V, settled to within 0.1%		800		μs

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4198 (+3V Supply)**

 $(V_{CC} = +3V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega)$  tied to  $V_{CC}$  / 2,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}$  / 2,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC}$  - 1.5V, typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,		MAX4198ESA		±35	±600	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		MAX4198EUA		±100	±1100	11//
Input Onset Voltage	VOS	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$ ,		MAX4198ESA			±850	μV
		$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		MAX4198EUA			±2400	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCO	MAX4198ESA				±0.5	±5.0	μV/°C
Input Onset Voltage Drift	100	MAX4198EUA				±1.0	±20	μν/ Ο
Input Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by	CMR	? test	V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.1		$V_{CC} + 0.1$	V
DC Common-Mode Rejection	CMRnc	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.	1	MAX4198ESA	74	90		dB
DC Common-wode Rejection	CIVIRDO	to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.1		MAX4198EUA	70	90		ub
		$RL = 25R$ <b>S2</b> , $\pm 10$ mV input overanve			VEE + 0.1 VEE + 0.03 to			
Output Voltage Swing					to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			V
Cutput voltage swing		$R_L = 5K\Omega$ , ± 10mV input overdrive to		VEE + 0.2	'			
				to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		- 0.1		
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source				±4.5		mA
Gain Error		Vcm = Vcc / 2,	Vol			±0.01	±0.1	%
Gain Error		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		= $5k\Omega$ , $V_{EE} + 0.2V \le$ $JT \le V_{CC} - 0.2V$		±0.01	±0.1	70
Gain Temperature Coefficient		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> -	MAX	X4198ESA		±0.2	±3	ppm/°C
Sain remperature coemcient			X4198EUA		±0.65	±6	ррпі С	
Supply Current	Icc	Vcm = Vcc / 2,	VDIF	= OV		42		μΑ
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN					6.5		μA
Input Logic High Voltage (Note 3)	VIH				Vcc - 1.5			V
Input Logic Low Voltage (Note 3)	VIL						V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.5	V



### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4199 (+5V Supply)**

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega)$  tied to  $V_{CC} / 2$ ,  $V_{REF} = V_{CC} / 2$ ,  $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	C	ONDI	TIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Supply Voltage Dange (Note 2)	Maa	Single supply			2.7		7.5	V	
Supply Voltage Range (Note 2)	Vcc	Dual supply			±1.35		±3.75	V	
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,		MAX4199ESA		±10	±300		
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		MAX4199EUA		±100	±600	μV	
input onset voltage	VO3	TA = TMIN to TM		MAX4199ESA			±500	μV	
		V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2		MAX4199EUA			±1475		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCO	MAX4199ESA				±0.25	±3	μV/°C	
		MAX4199EUA				±0.75	±15		
		IN+ differential				275		]	
Input Resistance	RIN	IN- differential				25		kΩ	
		Common-mode				275			
Input Voltage Range (Note 2)	VIN	Guaranteed by			V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.1		V <sub>C</sub> C - 1.0	V	
DC Common-Mode Rejection	CMR <sub>DC</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.	_	MAX4199ESA	76	110		dB	
De common Mode Rejection	CIVIIVDC	to Vcc - 1.0V		MAX4199EUA	76	110		GD.	
AC Common-Mode Rejection	CMR <sub>AC</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.	1V to V	<sub>CC</sub> - 1.0V, f = 60Hz		110		dB	
Power-Supply Rejection	PSR	+2.7V ≤ V <sub>C</sub> C ≤ V <sub>REF</sub> = +1.5V,		90	120		dB		
		f = 10Hz f = 100Hz			60		nV√Hz		
Input Noice Voltage					40				
Input Noise Voltage		f = 10kHz				38			
		f = 0.1Hz to $10Hz$			6.6		μV <sub>RMS</sub>		
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1 to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.	V <sub>EE</sub> + 0. 1 V <sub>CC</sub> - 0		V		
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive $VEE + 0.2$ $VEE + 0.1$ to $VCC - 0.2$ $VCC - 0.1$					V		
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source				±5.5		mA	
Coln France		V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2,		25kΩ, VEE + 0.1V ≤ Γ ≤ VCC - 0.1V		±0.01	±0.3	- %	
Gain Error		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		5kΩ, VEE + 0.2V ≤ Γ ≤ VCC - 0.2V		±0.01	±0.3	- %	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		VEE + 0.1V ≤	MAX	4199ESA		±1	±5	ppm/°C	
3ain remperature coemicient		V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> - MAX4199EUA				±2	±10	ррпі С	
Nonlinearity		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1V			±0.0003		%		
Capacitive-Load Stability	CL					600	<u>-</u>	pF	
-3dB Bandwidth	BW-3dB	V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.1V <sub>P-P</sub> , V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2			45		kHz		
Slew Rate	SR	Vout = 2Vp-p			0.1		V/µs		
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$ step			37		μs		
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	f = 1kH	Hz		0.001		%	
Supply Current	Icc	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$ , $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-}$				45	55	μΑ	
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN	VSHDN = VIL				6.5	12	μΑ	

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#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4199 (+5V Supply) (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega \text{ tied to } V_{CC} / 2, V_{REF} = V_{CC} / 2, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, \text{ typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C$   $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNITS
Input Logic Voltage High (Note 3)	VIH		V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5		V
Input Logic Voltage Low (Note 3)	VIL			Vcc - 2	5 V
SHDN Input Bias Current		VSHDN = VCC - 1.5V or VSHDN = VEE	-0.1	+0.1	μΑ
Enable/Disable Settling Time	ton/off	$V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 2.5V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5V$ , $V_{OUT} = 3.5V$ , settled to within 0.1%		35	μs
Power-Up Delay		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.5V, settled to within 0.1%		800	μs

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX4199 (+3V Supply)**

 $(V_{CC} = +3V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega \text{ tied to } V_{CC} / 2, V_{REF} = V_{CC} / 2, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, \text{ values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) \text{ (Note 1)}$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	С	OND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2		MAX4199ESA MAX4199EUA		±15 ±100	±400 ±700		
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$ ,		MAX4199ESA		1100	±600	μV	
		$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		MAX4199EUA			±1675		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCO	MAX4199ESA				±0.25	±5	μV/°C	
input onset voltage britt	100	MAX4199EUA				±0.75	±15	μνισ	
Input Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by	CMR	? test	VEE - 0.1		Vcc - 1.1	V	
DC Common-Mode Rejection	CMR <sub>DC</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.	1	MAX4199ESA	76	110		dB	
De common-wode Rejection	CIVIKDO	to V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.1		MAX4199EUA	76	110		ub	
Output Valtage Swing		$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1 to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.			V		
Output Voltage Swing		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , ±10mV input overdrive			VEE + 0.2 to V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			V	
Short-Circuit Current		Sink/source				±4.5		mA	
Gain Error		V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2,		= 25kΩ, V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V ≤ <sub>JT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1V		±0.01	±0.3	%	
Gain Lifui		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		= 5kΩ, V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.2V ≤ JT ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2V		±0.01	±0.3	70	
Cain Tomporature Coefficient		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> -	MAX	X4199ESA		±1	±5	ppm/°C	
Gain Temperature Coefficient		0.1V	MAX	X4199EUA		±2	±10	ррпі/ С	
Supply Current	Icc	V <sub>CM</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> / 2, V <sub>DIFF</sub> = 0V			42		μΑ		
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN					6.5		μΑ	
Input Logic High Voltage (Note 3)	VIH				V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5			V	
Input Logic Low Voltage (Note 3)	VIL						V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.5	V	

**Note 1:** The MAX4198EUA and the MAX4199EUA are 100% production tested at +25°C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

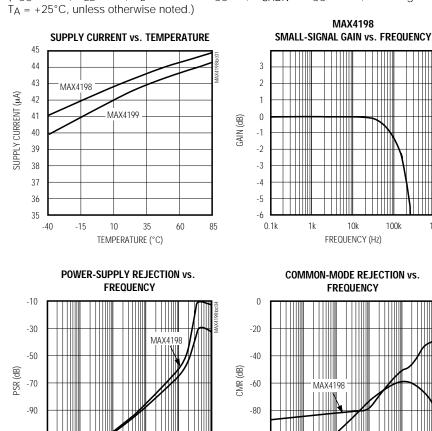
Note 2: Guaranteed by PSR test.

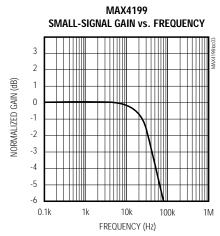
Note 3: When shutdown input is at logic high, the part is active; when at logic low, the part is in shutdown.

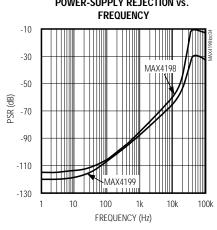


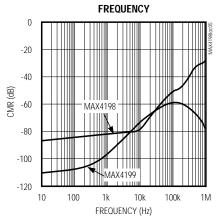
#### Typical Operating Characteristics

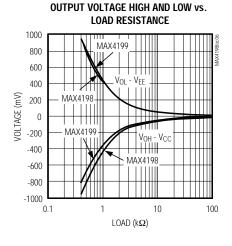
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, \text{ small-signal } V_{OUT} = 100mV_{P-P}, \text{ large-signal } V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}, V_{CC} - 1.5V, V_$  $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

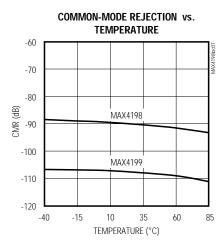


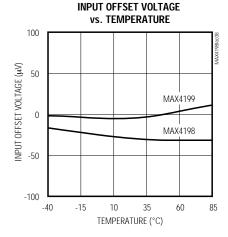


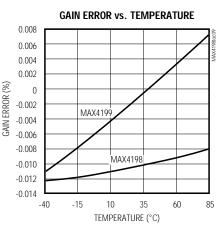








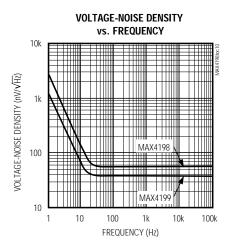


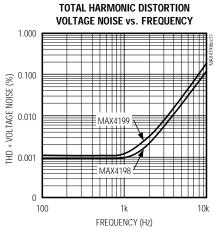


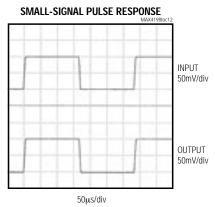
MIXIM

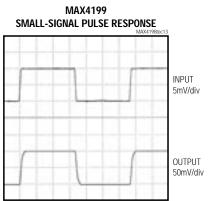
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, \text{ small-signal } V_{OUT} = 100mV_{P-P}, \text{ large-signal } V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 



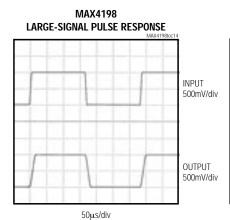


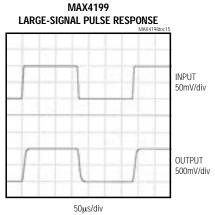


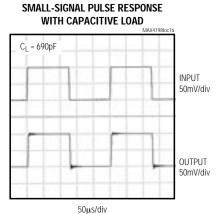


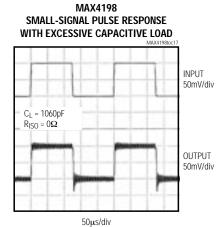
50µs/div

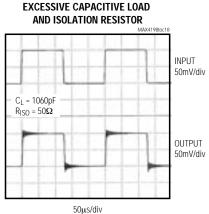
MAX4198











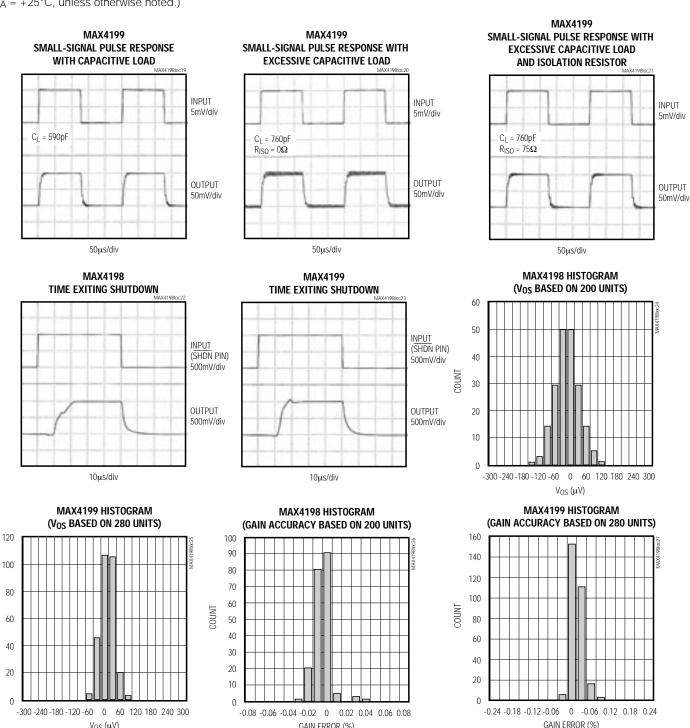
MAX4198

**SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE WITH** 

MIXIM

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, \text{ small-signal } V_{OUT} = 100mV_{P-P}, \text{ large-signal } V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}, V_{CC} - 1.5V, V_{CC} = 1.5V, V_$  $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

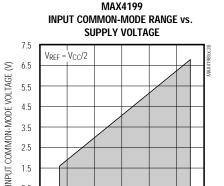


GAIN ERROR (%) 8 MIXIM

 $V_{OS}(\mu V)$ 

#### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0V, R_L = 25k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = V_{CC} - 1.5V, \text{ small-signal } V_{OUT} = 100mV_{P-P}, \text{ large-signal } V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}, V_{CC} - 1.5V, V_{CC} = 1.5V, V_$  $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)



5

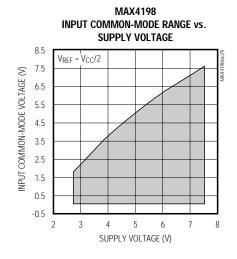
SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)

6

1.5

0.5

-0.5



### Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	REF	Reference Voltage Input. Offsets output voltage.
2	IN-	Inverting Input
3	IN+	Noninverting Input
4	VEE	Negative Supply Voltage
5	FB	Feedback Resistor. Can be used as a sense input.
6	OUT	Amplifier Output
7	Vcc	Positive Supply Voltage
8	SHDN	Shutdown Control. Shutdown threshold is referenced to $V_{CC}$ . When pulled 2.5V below $V_{CC}$ , part is in shutdown.

## Detailed Description

The MAX4198/MAX4199 are precision low-power differential amplifiers with factory-trimmed internal gain-setting resistors. The MAX4198 is trimmed to a gain of +1V/V and the MAX4199 is trimmed to a gain of +10V/V.

#### Input Stage

The Functional Diagram shows the internal structure of the MAX4198/MAX4199. Although the resistors are precision matched, their absolute value varies by ±25%. The typical input impedance for the MAX4198 is  $50k\Omega$ for the noninverting input and  $25k\Omega$  for the inverting input. The typical input impedance for the MAX4199 is  $275k\Omega$  for the noninverting input and  $25k\Omega$  for the inverting input.

The common-mode inputs of the internal op amp can range from V<sub>EF</sub> to (V<sub>CC</sub> - 1.1V). Although the inputs to the internal op amp are not rail-to-rail, the internal resistors form a voltage divider that extends the input common-mode range beyond-the-rails for the MAX4198. The overall input range of the MAX4198 extends 100mV beyond-the-rails without adversely affecting commonmode rejection or undergoing phase reversal (V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V). The MAX4199 input common-mode range extends from 100mV below the negative rail to (Vcc - 1V) (see the Input Common-Mode Voltage Range vs. Supply Voltage graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

MIXIM

#### Rail-to-Rail Output Stage

The MAX4198/MAX4199 output stage incorporates a common-source rail-to-rail structure which maximizes the dynamic range of the differential amplifier. The output can swing to within 100mV from each rail with a 5k $\Omega$  load to V<sub>CC</sub> / 2 (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

#### Shutdown Mode

The MAX4198/MAX4199 have an active-low shutdown input.  $\overline{SHDN}$  input logic thresholds are referenced to VCC, not to GND. Pulling  $\overline{SHDN}$  2.5V below the positive rail places the amplifiers in a 12 $\mu$ A (max) shutdown mode. The MAX4198/MAX4199 exit or enter shutdown in 35 $\mu$ s. In shutdown, the OUT pin is high-impedance.

## **Applications Information**

#### **Driving Capacitive Loads**

The MAX4198/MAX4199 are relatively immune to oscillations caused when driving large capacitive loads. Although heavy load capacitance increases transient ringing, sustained oscillations typically do not occur for loads under 600pF (see Pulse Response with Capacitive Load in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Applications that require driving higher capacitive loads can isolate the output capacitance using a 15 $\Omega$  to 100 $\Omega$  resistor between the amplifier output and the load (Figure 1). Although adding an isolation resistor dampens the response enough to prevent oscillations, it does so at the expense of bandwidth and DC accuracy.

#### **Power Supply Considerations**

The MAX4198/MAX4199 operate from single  $\pm 2.7V$  to  $\pm 7.5V$  supplies or from dual  $\pm 1.35V$  to  $\pm 3.75V$  supplies, and they consume only  $45\mu A$  of supply current. Excellent power-supply rejection permits the amplifiers to be operated directly from a decaying 3V cell without excessive error. To maximize AC performance, the supply must be bypassed with a  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor to ground that must be as close as possible to the pin. If dual supplies are used, bypass both supply pins with  $0.1\mu F$  to ground.

#### **Application Circuits**

Differential amplifiers can be used in single-ended and other amplifier applications. Figures 2 through 6 show the MAX4198/MAX4199 in different configurations. The internally trimmed and matched resistors offer convenience and have a distinct advantage over external resistors. These amplifiers are not compensated for single-ended unity gain; therefore, IN- should not be connected to OUT or left unconnected.

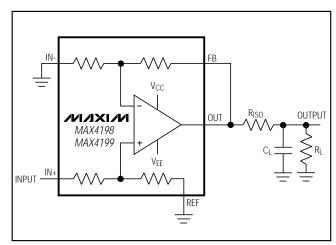


Figure 1. Dual-Supply, Capacitive-Load Driving Circuit

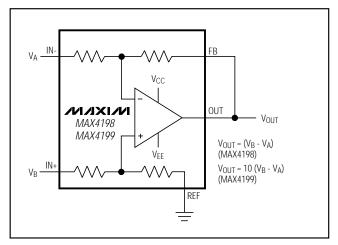


Figure 2. Standard Difference Amplifier

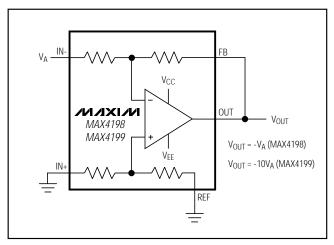


Figure 3. Precision Inverting Buffer

#### **Instrumentation Amplifier Applications**

For applications that require a complete low-power instrumentation amplifier, refer to the MAX4194–MAX4197 data sheet. Some differential to single-ended voltage amplifier applications that do not require a high input impedance can use the MAX4198/MAX4199 for gains of +1V/V or +10V/V. The MAX4198/MAX4199 can

also be used as an instrumentation amplifier building block. The circuit of Figure 7 takes advantage of the 10pA (max), 0.1pA (typ) bias current of the MAX406A to form an instrumentation amplifier similar to the MAX4194 family, except with lower input bias currents. The MAX406A's low 1.2µA supply current maintains a low overall supply current.

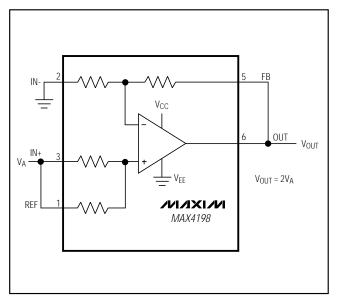


Figure 4. Precision Gain of Two Amplifiers

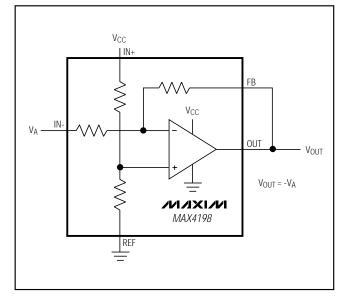


Figure 5. Single-Supply Inverting Amplifier Biased at Vcc / 2

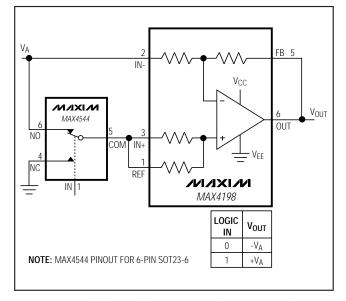


Figure 6. Digitally Controlled Precision Gain of ±1 Amplifier

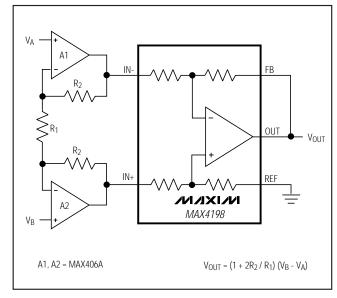


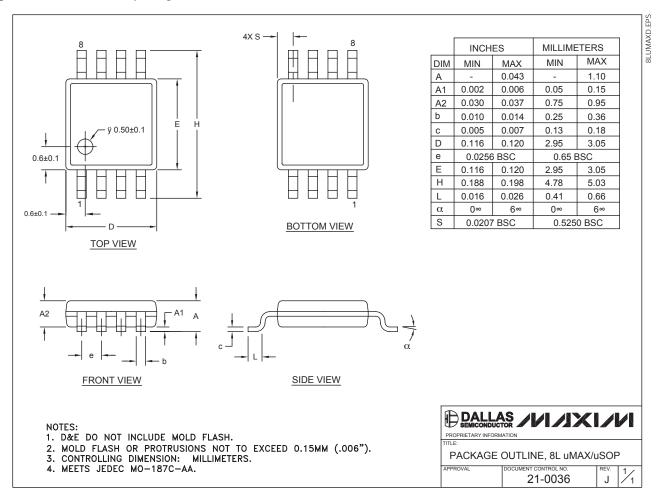
Figure 7. Ultra-Low Input Bias Current (0.1pA) Instrumentation Amplifiers with 47µA Supply-Current Consumption

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 250 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO VEE

#### Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



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