# 76V Precision, High-Voltage, Current-Sense Amplifier

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

V <sub>DD</sub> to GND0.3V to +6.0V	
RS+, RS- to GND0.3V to +80V	J
RS+ to RS- (Continuous)±24V	5
Continuous (> 1s) Input Current (Any Pin)±10mA	F

Operating Temperature Range	10°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range6	35°C to +150°C
Reflow Soldering Peak Temperature (Pb-free)	+260°C

### **Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)**

6-Bump WLP	
Continuous Power Dissipation	
(Derate mW/°C above +70°C)	12.34mW
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance	(θ <sub>JA</sub> )81.03°C/W

6-Pin SOT23	
Continuous Power Dissipation	
(Derate mW/°C above +70°C)	13.40mW
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	74.60°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	6.0°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{RS+} = V_{RS-} = +36V, V_{DD} = +3.3V, V_{SENSE} = V_{RS+} - V_{RS-} = 1mV, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS						
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	Guaranteed by PSRR	2.7		5.5	V
Supply Current	1	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		350		μA
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C			800	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$2.7V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$	110	120		dB
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	Guaranteed by CMRR	2.7		76	V
Input Bias Current at V <sub>RS+</sub> and V <sub>RS-</sub>	I <sub>RS+</sub> , I <sub>RS-</sub>				65	μA
Input Offset Current	I <sub>RS+</sub> - I <sub>RS-</sub>				400	nA
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>RS+</sub> , I <sub>RS-</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 0V, V <sub>RS+</sub> = 76V			5	μA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	+4.5V < V <sub>RS+</sub> < +76V	125	140		dB
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±12	μV
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C			±25	'
		-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C			±25	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCV <sub>OS</sub>				130	nV/°C
Input Sense Voltage		MAX40010L (G = 12.5V/V)		200		
		MAX40010T (G = 20V/V)		125		mV
	V <sub>SENSE</sub>	MAX40010F (G = 50V/V)		50		IIIV
		MAX40010H (G =100V/V)		25		

# **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{RS+} = V_{RS-} = +36V, V_{DD} = +3.3V, V_{SENSE} = V_{RS+} - V_{RS-} = 1 mV, T_A = -40 ^{\circ}C \ to \ +125 ^{\circ}C \ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25 ^{\circ}C.) \ (Note 2)$ 

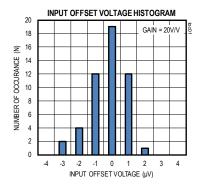
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		Full-Scale V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 200mV		12.5	,	
		Full-Scale V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 125mV		20		
Gain (Note 3)	G	Full-Scale V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 50mV		50		V/V
		Full-Scale V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 25mV		100		
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			0.1	
Gain Error	GE	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C			0.5	%
		-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C			0.7	
Output Resistance	R <sub>OUT</sub>			0.1		mΩ
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	Sink 500µA			15	mV
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	Source 500µA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.016			V
AC CHARACTERISTICS						,
Signal Bandwidth	BW -3dB	Gain = 50V/V Configuration V <sub>SENSE</sub> > 5mV		80		kHz
AC Power Supply Rejection Ratio	AC PSRR	f = 200kHz		40		dB
AC CMRR	AC CMRR	f = 200kHz		48		dB
Output Transient Recovery Time		$\Delta V_{OUT}$ = 2V <sub>P-P</sub> , 0.1% final V <sub>OUT</sub> settling with 400 $\Omega$ and 1nF onto 6pF ADC input sampling capacitor		2		μs
Compositive Load Stability		With 240Ω isolation resistor		20		nF
Capacitive Load Stability	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	Without any isolation resistor		200		pF
Input Voltage Noise Density	e <sub>n</sub>	f = 1kHz		65		nV/√Hz
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	f = 1kHz, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1V <sub>P-P</sub>		60	,	dB
Power-Up Time (Note 4)				200		μs
Saturation Recovery Time				10		μs

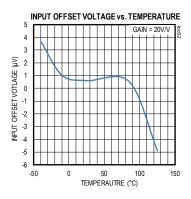
Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design. Note 3: Gain and offset voltage are calculated based on two point measurements:  $V_{SENSE1} = 20\%$  full scale and  $V_{SENSE2} = 80\%$ full scale.

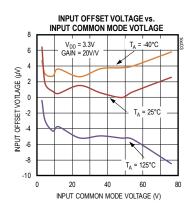
Note 4: Output is high-Z during power-up.

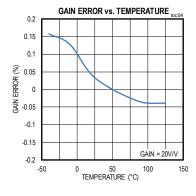
# **Typical Operating Characteristics**

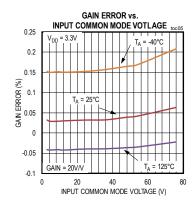
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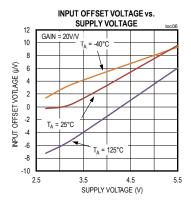


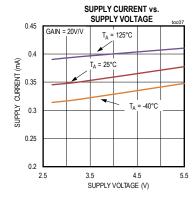


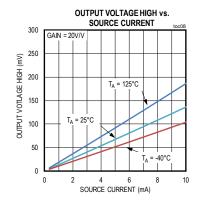


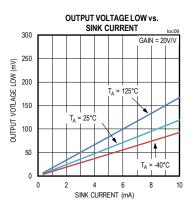






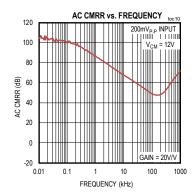


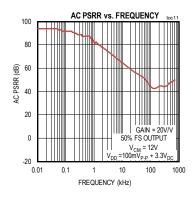


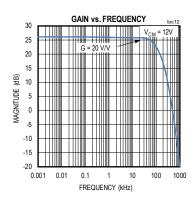


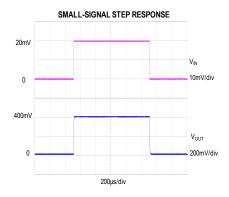
# **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

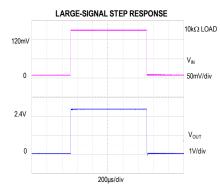
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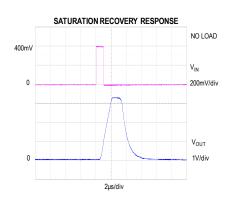


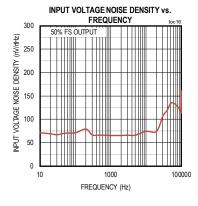


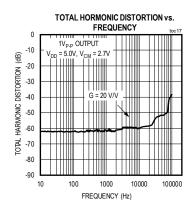


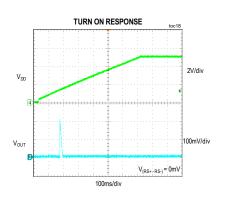






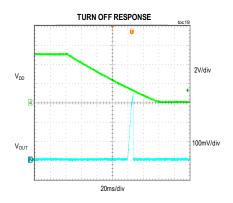


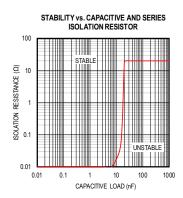




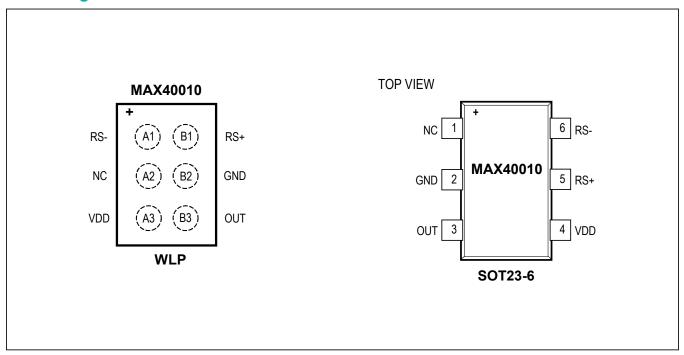
# **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{RS+} = V_{RS-} = +36V, V_{DD} = +3.3V, V_{SENSE} = V_{RS+} - V_{RS-} = 1mV, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .)





# **Pin Configurations**



# **Pin Description**

PI	N	NAME	FUNCTION	
WLP	SOT23	NAME		
B1	5	RS+	External Resistor Power-Side Connection Input	
A1	6	RS-	External Resistor Load-Side Connection Input	
A3	4	VDD	Supply Voltage Input	
B2	2	GND	Ground or Supply Return Input	
В3	3	OUT	Output. Output is proportional to the magnitude of differential sense input voltage.	
A2	1	NC	No Connect.	

# **Functional (or Block) Diagram**

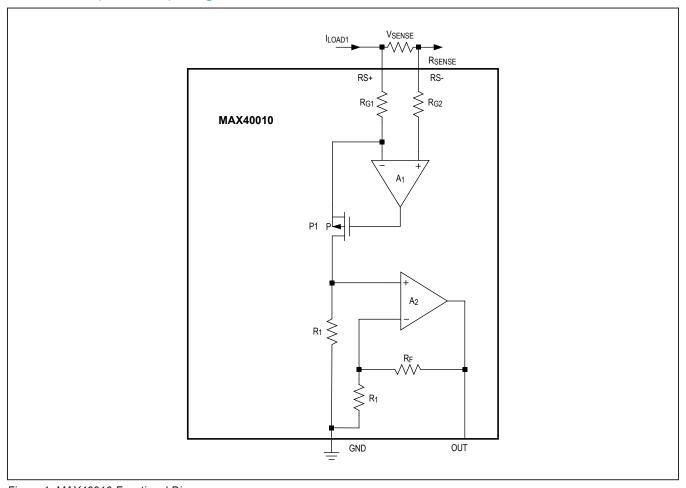


Figure 1. MAX40010 Functional Diagram

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX40010 high-side, current-sense amplifier features a 2.7V to 76V input common-mode range that is independent of supply voltage. This feature allows the monitoring of current out of a battery as low as 2.7V and enables high-side current sensing at voltages greater than the supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ). The MAX40010 monitors current through an external current-sense resistor and amplifies the voltage across the resistor.

High-side current monitoring does not interfere with the ground path of the load being measured, making the MAX40010 particularly useful in a wide range of high-voltage systems.

The MAX40010 operates as follows: current from the source flows through R<sub>SENSE</sub> to the load (<u>Figure 1</u>), creating a sense voltage,  $V_{SENSE}$ . The internal op amp A1 force the current through an internal gain resistor RG1 at RS+ input, such that its voltage drop equals the voltage drop ( $V_{SENSE}$ ) across the external sense resistors (R<sub>SENSE</sub>). The internal resistor at RS- input (RG2) has the same value as RG1 to minimize the error. The current through RG1 is sourced by a high-voltage p-channel FET. Its source current is the same as the drain current which flows through a second gain resistor, R1, producing a voltage VR1 =  $V_{SENSE}$  x R1/ RG1.

The output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  is produced from a second op amp A2 with the gain (1 + RF1/ R1). Hence the  $V_{OUT}$  =  $I_{LOAD}$  x RSENSE (R1/ RG1) x (1 + RF1/ R1). The value of internal resistors R1, R2, RG1, RG2, RF are available in Table 1.

Total gain is 12.5V/V for MAX40010L, 20V/V for the MAX40010T, 50V/V for the MAX40010F, and 100V/V for the MAX40010H.

### **Application Information**

#### **Recommended Component Values**

Ideally, the maximum load current develops the full-scale sense voltage across the current-sense resistor. Choose the gain needed to yield the maximum output voltage required for the application:

where  $V_{SENSE}$  is the full-scale sense voltage, 200mV for gain of 12.5V/V, 125mV for gain of 20V/V, 50mV for gain of 50V/V, 25mV for gain of 100V/V, and AV is the gain of the device.

In applications monitoring a high current, ensure that R<sub>SENSE</sub> is able to dissipate its own I<sup>2</sup>R loss. If the resistor's power dissipation exceeds the nominal value, its value may drift or it may fail altogether.

The MAX40010 sense a wide variety of currents with different sense-resistor values.

#### **Choosing the Sense Resistor**

Choose R<sub>SENSE</sub> based on the following criteria:

- **Voltage Loss**: A high  $R_{SENSE}$  value causes the power-source voltage to degrade through IR loss. For minimal voltage loss, use the lowest  $R_{SENSE}$  value.
- Accuracy: A high R<sub>SENSE</sub> value allows lower currents measured more accurately. This is due to offsets becoming less significant when the sense voltage is larger. For best performance, select R<sub>SENSE</sub> to provide approximately 200mV (gain of 12.5V/V), 125mV (gain of 20V/V), or 50mV (gain of 50V/V), 25mV (gain of 100V/V) of sense voltage for the full-scale current in each application.

**Table 1. Internal Gain-Setting Resistors** 

	GAIN (V/V)	R1, R2 (kΩ)	RG1, RG2 (kΩ)	RF (kΩ)
MAX40010L	12.5	25	10	100
MAX40010T	20	25	10	175
MAX40010F	50	25	10	475
MAX40010H	100	25	10	975

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- Efficiency and Power Dissipation: At high current levels, the I<sup>2</sup>R losses in R<sub>SENSE</sub> can be significant. Consider this when choosing the resistor value and its power dissipation (wattage) rating. In addition, the sense resistor's value might drift if it heats up excessively.
- Inductance: Keep inductance low if I<sub>SENSE</sub> has a large high-frequency component. Wire-wound resistors have the highest inductance, while metal film is somewhat better. Low-inductance, metal-film resistors are also available. Instead of being spiral wrapped around a core, as in metal-film or wire wound resistors, they are a straight band of metal and are available in values under  $1\Omega$ .

Take care to eliminate parasitic trace resistance from causing errors in the sense voltage because of the high currents that flow through R<sub>SENSE</sub>. Either use a four-terminal current-sense resistor or use Kelvin (force and sense) PC board layout techniques.

### **EMIRR Input Filter**

These devices have input EMI filters to prevent effects of radio frequency interference on the output. The EMI filters comprise passive devices that present significant higher impedance to RF signals. See the EMIRR vs. Frequency plot in the <u>Typical Operating Characteristics</u> section for details.

### **Typical Application Circuit**

An example of typical application (Figure 2) of this high-voltage, high-precision current-sense amplifier is in base station systems where there is a need to monitor the current flowing in the power amplifier. Such an amplifier, depending on the technology, can be biased up to 50V or 60V thus requiring a current-sense amplifier like the MAX40010 with high voltage common mode. The very low input offset voltage of the MAX40010 minimizes the value of the external sense resistor, resulting in system power saving.

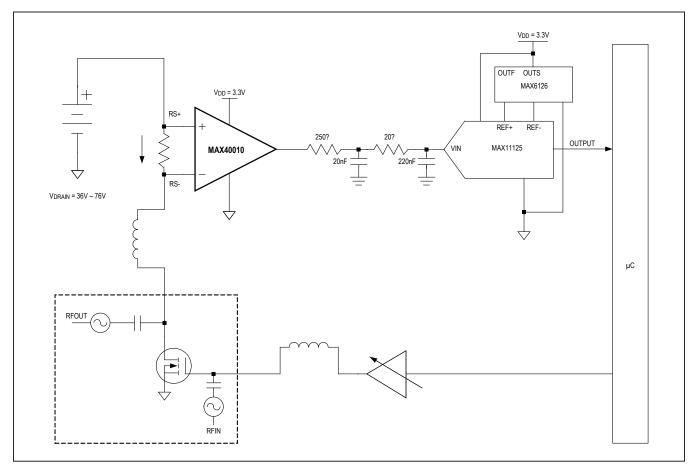


Figure 2. MAX40010 Used in Base Station Application

#### **Turn On/Off Response**

The internal POR (Power on Reset) structure creates the inadvertent glitch, as shown in TOC18 and TOC19: typical turn on and turn off response of MAX40010. The internal POR event takes place below minimum  $V_{CC}$  supply voltage (2.7V) around 1.7V. During this event the bias generators are defined, the internal blocks are set to known state and as a result, an output  $(V_{OUT})$  glitch is observed. The device may take tens of  $\mu$ s to settle to final value during power on and less than 10ms to settle during turn off.

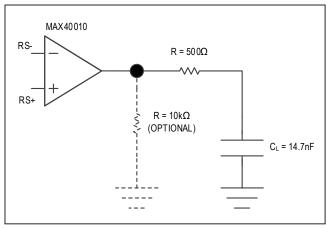


Figure 3. Optional Output Filtering

#### **Output Filtering**

To avoid output noise and transient overshoot, an RC filter with R =  $500\Omega$  and  $C_L$  = 14.7nF at the output is recommended (Figure 3). This also benefits when the current sense amplifier is connected to a sample and hold ADC's, where the  $C_L$  will act as a charge reservoir during sample phase. when choosing different values of R and  $C_L$ , refer to TOC20 (Stability vs. Isolation Resistance and Capacitive Load) for more information.

# **Ordering Information**

PART	GAIN (V/V)	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX40010LAUT+	12.5	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUR
MAX40010LAUT+T	12.5	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUR
MAX40010LAWT+	12.5	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DX
MAX40010LAWT+T	12.5	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DX
MAX40010TAUT+	20	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUS
MAX40010TAUT+T	20	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUS
MAX40010TAWT+*	20	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DY
MAX40010TAWT+T*	20	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DY
MAX40010FAUT+	50	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUT
MAX40010FAUT+T	50	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUT
MAX40010FAWT+*	50	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DV
MAX40010FAWT+T*	50	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DV
MAX40010HAUT+	100	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUU
MAX40010HAUT+T	100	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	+ACUU
MAX40010HAWT+*	100	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DW
MAX40010HAWT+T*	100	-40°C to +125°C	6 WLP	+DW

<sup>\*</sup>Future product—contact factory for availability.

# **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <a href="www.maximintegrated.com/packages">www.maximintegrated.com/packages</a>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
6 WLP	W61K1+1	<u>21-100121</u>	Refer to Application Note 1891
6 SOT23	U6SN+1	21-0058	91-0175

<sup>+</sup>Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = tape and reel.

# 76V Precision, High-Voltage, **Current-Sense Amplifier**

# **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	7/17	Initial release	_
1	10/17	Changed future product status for MAX40010LAUT+, MAX40010TAUT+, and MAX40010HAUT+ in <i>Ordering Information</i> table	10
2	1/18	Added TOCs 18–20, added "Turn On/Off" and "Output Filtering" sections, and Figure 3	5, 6, 9, 10
3	10/18	Updated Ordering Information	12
4	7/20	Updated Ordering Information	12
5	10/20	Updated EC Table	3

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