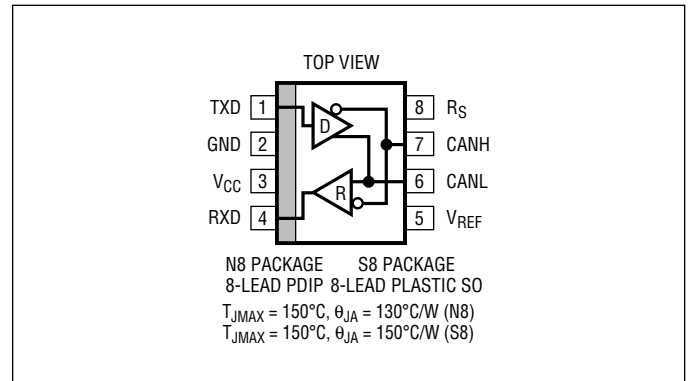


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) | 44V |
| R_S Slope Control Input Voltage | -0.3V to 44V |
| V_{REF} Reference Output Pin | -0.3V to 7V |
| Driver Input Voltage | -0.3V to 44V |
| CANH, CANL Data Line Pins | -80V to 80V |
| Receiver Output Voltages | -0.3V to 7V |
| Operating Temperature Range | |
| LT1796C | 0°C to 70°C |
| LT1796I | -40°C to 85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -65°C to 150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) | 300°C |

PIN CONFIGURATION



ORDER INFORMATION

| LEAD FREE FINISH | TAPE AND REEL | PART MARKING* | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| LT1796CN8#PBF | LT1796CN8#TRPBF | LT1796 CN8 | 8-Lead PDIP | 0°C to 70°C |
| LT1796CS8#PBF | LT1796CS8#TRPBF | 1796 | 8-Lead Plastic SO | 0°C to 70°C |
| LT1796IN8#PBF | LT1796IN8#TRPBF | LT1796I IN8 | 8-Lead PDIP | -40°C to 85°C |
| LT1796IS8#PBF | LT1796IS8#TRPBF | 1796I | 8-Lead Plastic SO | -40°C to 85°C |

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges. *The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container.

Consult LTC Marketing for information on nonstandard lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: <http://www.linear.com/leadfree/>

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: <http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/>

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$ to 5.25V , $V_{RS} = 0\text{V}$ unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|
| V_{CANH} | CANH Output Voltage | $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, No Load ● $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$ ● | 3.8 2.8 | 4.4 3.5 | 5.0 4.6 | V |
| V_{CANL} | CANL Output Voltage | $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, No Load ● $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$ ● | 0 0 | 0.5 1.3 | 0.9 1.6 | V |
| V_{OD} | Dominant State Differential Output Voltage | $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, No Load, $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$ ● $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$ ● $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 36\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$ ● | 3.0 1.5 1.2 | 3.6 2.0 1.7 | 5.0 4.2 4.2 | V |
| V_{REC} | Recessive State Differential Output Voltage | $V_{TXD} = 5\text{V}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$ ● | -10 | 0 | 10 | mV |
| V_{CMR} | Recessive State Common Mode Output Voltage | $V_{TXD} = 5\text{V}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ ● | 2.7 | 3 | 3.5 | V |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$ to 5.25V , $V_{RS} = 0\text{V}$ unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------|---|--|---|------|-----|-----|------------------|
| V_{CMD} | Dominant State Common Mode Output Voltage | $R_L = 60\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ | ● | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | V |
| V_{IH} | TXD Input High Voltage | | ● | 2.8 | | | V |
| V_{IL} | TXD Input Low Voltage | | ● | | | 2 | V |
| I_{IN1} | TXD Input Current | $0 < V_{TXD} < V_{CC}$ | ● | -5 | | 5 | μA |
| I_{SCH} | CANH Short-Circuit Current, Dominant Mode | $V_{CANH} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | -250 | | -60 | mA |
| | | $V_{CANH} = -36\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | -10 | -1 | 0 | mA |
| | | $V_{CANH} = -60\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | -10 | -1 | 0 | mA |
| | | $V_{CANH} = 60\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | 0 | 1 | 10 | mA |
| I_{SCL} | CANL Short-Circuit Current, Dominant Mode | $V_{CANL} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | 60 | | 250 | mA |
| | | $V_{CANL} = 36\text{V}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | 0 | 1 | 10 | mA |
| | | $V_{CANL} = 60\text{V}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | 0 | 1 | 10 | mA |
| | | $V_{CANL} = -60\text{V}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | -10 | -1 | 0 | mA |
| R_{IND} | Differential Input Resistance | $V_{TXD} = 5\text{V}$, $-7\text{V} < V_{CANH}$, $V_{CANL} < 12\text{V}$ | ● | 140 | 240 | 350 | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| | CANH, CANL Input Resistance | $V_{TXD} = 5\text{V}$, $-7\text{V} < V_{CANH}$, $V_{CANL} < 12\text{V}$ | ● | 70 | 120 | 175 | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| | Input Fault Current (CANH, CANL) | $V_{RS} = 5\text{V}$, $-60\text{V} < V_{CANH}$, $V_{CANL} < 60\text{V}$ | ● | -3 | | 3 | mA |
| | | $V_{TXD} = 5\text{V}$, $-60\text{V} < V_{CANH}$, $V_{CANL} < 60\text{V}$ | ● | -3 | | 3 | mA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$, $-60\text{V} < V_{CANH}$, $V_{CANL} < 60\text{V}$ | ● | -3 | | 3 | mA |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$ to 5.25V , $V_{RS} = 0\text{V}$ unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------------|---|---|---|------|------|------|---------------|
| V_{TH} | Differential Input Threshold Voltage for Receiver | $V_{RS} = 0\text{V}$, $-7\text{V} < V_{CM} < 12\text{V}$ | ● | 0.5 | | 0.9 | V |
| | | $V_{RS} = 5\text{V}$, $-7\text{V} < V_{CM} < 12\text{V}$ | ● | 0.5 | | 0.9 | V |
| ΔV_{TH} | Receiver Input Hysteresis | $-7\text{V} < V_{CM} < 12\text{V}$ | | | 70 | | mV |
| V_{OH} | Receiver Output High Voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$, $I_O = -400\mu\text{A}$, $V_{ID} = 500\text{mV}$ | ● | 3 | 3.6 | | V |
| V_{OL} | Receiver Output Low Voltage | $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{V}$, $I_O = 1.6\text{mA}$, $V_{ID} = 900\text{mV}$ | ● | | 0.15 | 0.4 | V |
| I_{SCR} | Receiver Short-Circuit Current | $0\text{V} < V_O < V_{CC}$, $V_{CC} = 5.25\text{V}$ | ● | 7 | 20 | 85 | mA |
| V_{REF} | Reference Output Voltage | $-100\mu\text{A} < I_{REF} < 100\mu\text{A}$ | ● | 2.25 | 2.5 | 2.7 | V |
| V_{REFSC} | Reference Output Short-Circuit Current | $0 < V_{REF} < V_{CC}$ | ● | -20 | | 20 | mA |
| V_{RSSB} | R_S Pin Standby Threshold | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ | ● | 2.5 | 2.8 | 4 | V |
| I_{RS} | R_S Input Current | $V_{RS} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ | ● | -270 | 0.1 | 10 | μA |
| | | $V_{RS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ | ● | -90 | -200 | -140 | μA |
| | | $R_S = 47\text{k}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ | ● | | -60 | -40 | μA |
| I_{CC} | Supply Current | Dominant | ● | | 4.3 | 7 | mA |
| | | Recessive | ● | | 3.8 | 7 | mA |
| | | Standby | ● | | 0.8 | 1.5 | mA |

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range. $V_{RS} = 0V$ unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

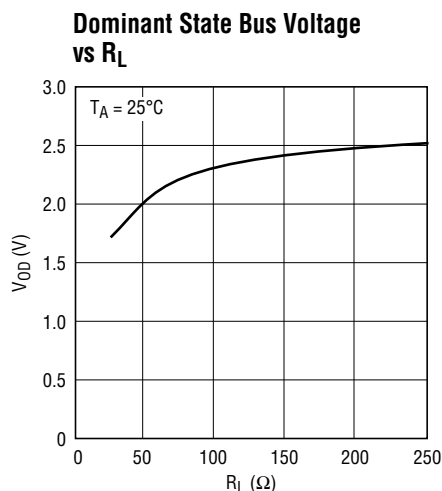
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----|------|------|-------|
| t _{BIT} | Minimum Bit Time | (Note 3) | | ● | 8 | | | μs |
| F _{MAX} | Maximum Data Rate | (Note 3) | | ● | 125 | | | kbps |
| t _{TXDON} | Driver Input to Bus Active | Figures 1, 2 | R _S = 0k | ● | 300 | 500 | ns | |
| | | | R _S = 47k | ● | 350 | 1000 | ns | |
| t _{TXDOFF} | Driver Input to Bus Inactive | Figures 1, 2 | R _S = 0k | ● | 500 | 1200 | ns | |
| | | | R _S = 47k | ● | 600 | 1500 | ns | |
| t _{LBON} | Loopback Delay Active | Figures 1, 3 | | | ● | 0.6 | 1.5 | μs |
| t _{LBOFF} | Loopback Delay Inactive | Figures 1, 3 | | | ● | 1.5 | 3 | μs |
| t _{RXDOFF} | Receiver Delay Off | Figures 1, 4 | | | ● | 400 | 600 | ns |
| t _{RXDON} | Receiver Delay On | Figures 1, 4 | | | ● | 300 | 600 | ns |
| t _{RXDOFFSB} | Receiver Delay Off, Standby | V _{RS} = 4V, Figures 1, 4 | | | ● | 1.5 | 4 | μs |
| t _{RXDONSb} | Receiver Delay On, Standby | V _{RS} = 4V, Figures 1, 4 | | | ● | 1 | 4 | μs |
| t _{WAKE} | Wake-Up Delay from Standby | Figures 1, 5 | | | ● | 1 | 15 | μs |
| SR ⁺ | Positive Slew Rate | R _S = 0k | ● | 5 | 12 | 65 | V/μs | |
| | | R _S = 47k | ● | 2 | 7 | 30 | V/μs | |
| SR [−] | Negative Slew Rate | R _S = 0k | ● | 5 | 36 | 65 | V/μs | |
| | | R _S = 47k | ● | 2 | 5 | 15 | V/μs | |

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

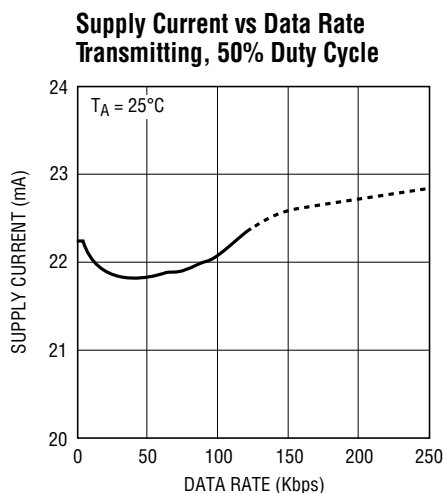
Note 2: Unless otherwise specified, testing done at $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$.

Note 3: Bit time and data rate specifications are guaranteed by driver and receiver delay time measurements.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



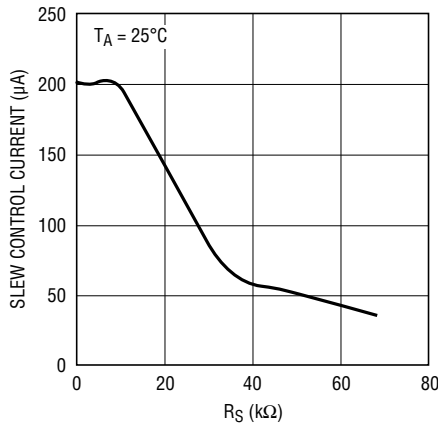
1796 G01



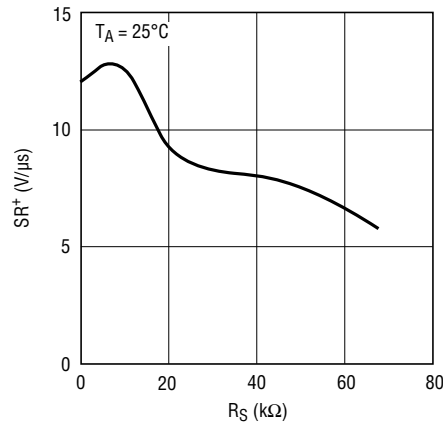
1796 G03

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

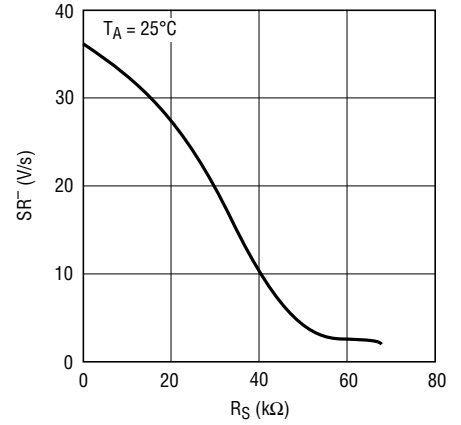
R_S Pin Current vs R_S



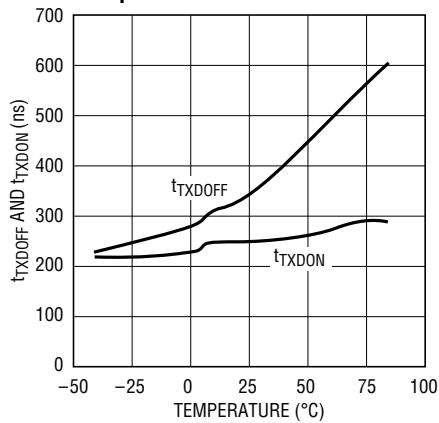
Positive Slew Rate vs R_S



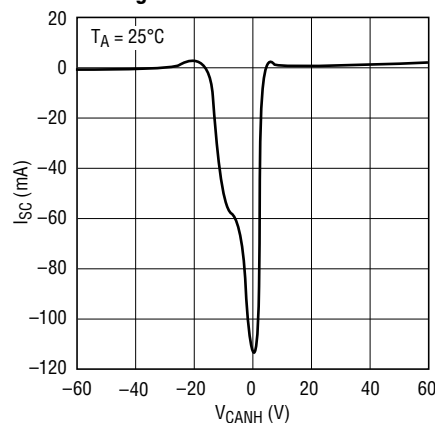
Negative Slew Rate vs R_S



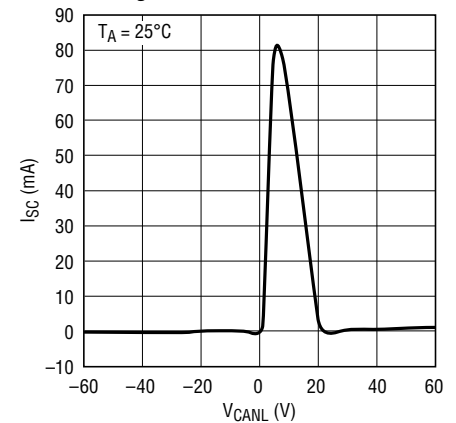
Transmitter Propagation Delay vs Temperature



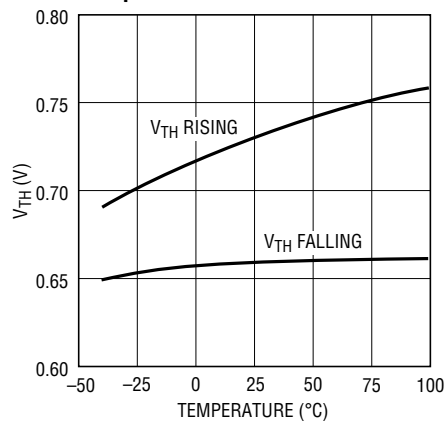
CANH Short-Circuit Current vs Voltage



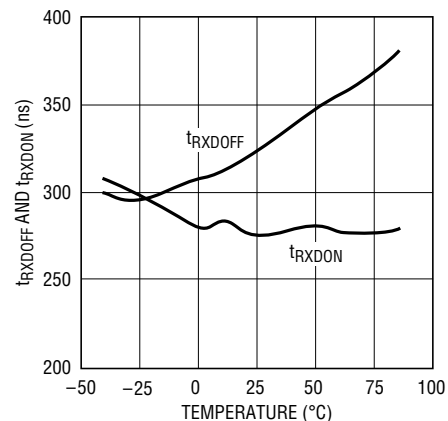
CANL Short-Circuit Current vs Voltage



Receiver Thresholds vs Temperature



Receiver Propagation Delay vs Temperature



PIN FUNCTIONS

TXD (Pin 1): Driver Input. Logic-level thresholds are set by V_{REF} . A logic input level higher than V_{REF} turns the driver outputs off, releasing control of the CANH and CANL lines. A logic input less than V_{REF} turns the driver outputs on, pulling CANH high and CANL low. An open TXD input will float high, turning the driver outputs off. The TXD input pin can withstand voltages from $-0.3V$ to $44V$ with no damage.

GND (Pin 2): Ground.

V_{CC} (Pin 3): Positive Supply Input. Normal operation is with a $4.75V$ to $5.25V$ supply. Operation with supplies up to $44V$ is possible with unterminated bus lines. Operation at high voltages with normally terminated busses will result in excessive power dissipation and activation of the thermal shutdown circuit. V_{CC} should be decoupled with a $0.1\mu F$ low ESR capacitor placed as close to the supply pin as possible.

RXD (Pin 4): Receiver TTL Level-Logic Output. A high level output indicates a recessive state (zero-volt differential) bus. A dominant state forces a low receiver output.

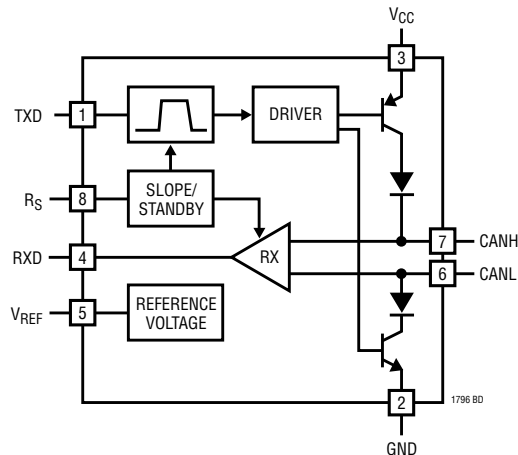
V_{REF} (Pin 5): Reference Output. The reference voltage sets the TXD input threshold and the recessive bus common mode voltage at CANH and CANL. V_{REF} is approximately $V_{CC}/2$ for low voltage operation. When $V_{CC} > 7.5V$, V_{REF} maintains a $3.5V$ level.

CANL (Pin 6): CAN Bus Low Data Line. The CANL pin is one input to the receiver and the low driver output. In the dominant state (TXD low), the driver pulls the CANL pin to within $1V$ of GND. In the recessive state (TXD high), the driver output stays high impedance. The CANL pin is protected from voltage faults from $-60V$ to $60V$ in dominant, recessive, standby or powered off modes. On-chip ESD protection meets IEC-1000-4-2 levels.

CANH (Pin 7): CAN Bus High Data Line. The CANH pin is one input to the receiver and the high driver output. In the dominant state (TXD low), the driver pulls the CANH pin to within $1V$ of V_{CC} . In the recessive state (TXD high), the driver output stays high impedance. The CANH pin is protected from voltage faults from $-60V$ to $60V$ in dominant, recessive, standby or powered off modes. On-chip ESD protection meets IEC-1000-4-2 levels.

R_S (Pin 8): Slope Control. This pin is a multifunction control pin. When R_S is high ($V_{RS} > 4V$), the circuit goes into a low power standby mode. In standby, the driver always stays in a high impedance (recessive) state. The receiver operates in a low power (slow) monitoring mode. Received data may be used to “wake-up” the system to full functionality. Full speed normal operation occurs if R_S is tied low through a resistance of less than $3k$. The current out of R_S will be limited to about $500\mu A$ in the low state. Controlling the current out of R_S with a resistor greater than $3k$ or by using a current source allows slew rate control of the data output onto CANH and CANL.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TEST CIRCUIT

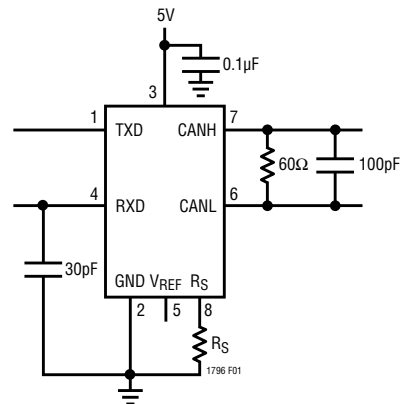


Figure 1. Switching Test Circuit

TIMING DIAGRAM

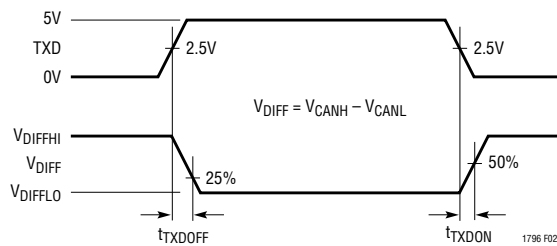


Figure 2. Driver Delay Waveforms

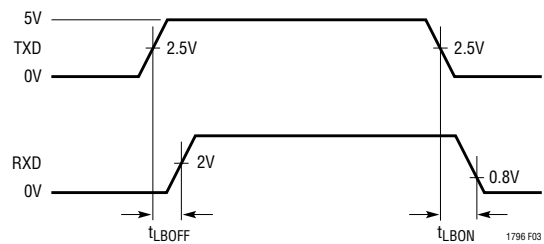


Figure 3. Loopback Delay Waveforms

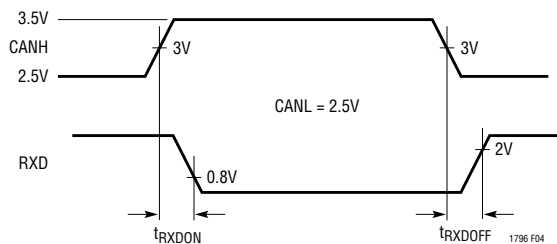


Figure 4. Receiver Delay Waveforms

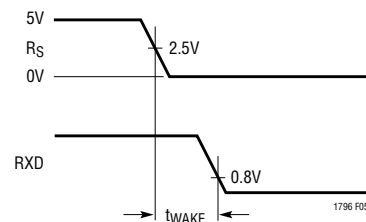


Figure 5. Wake Up from Standby Waveforms

FUNCTION TABLES

Driver Output

| INPUTS | | BUS TERMINALS | | |
|--------|----------------------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| TXD | R _S | CANH | CANL | OPERATING STATE |
| 0 | V _{RS} < 3V | High | Low | Dominant |
| 0 | V _{RS} > 4V | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | Standby |
| 1 | V _{RS} < 3V | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | Recessive |
| 1 | V _{RS} > 4V | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | Standby |

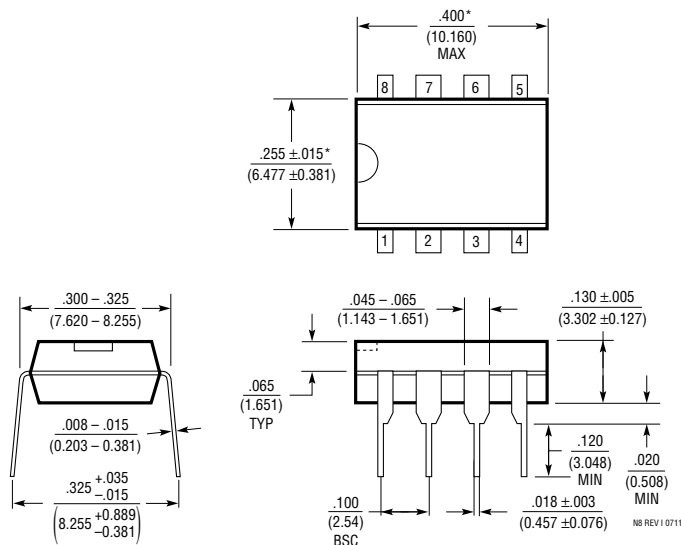
Receiver Output

| BUS VOLTAGE $V_{BUS} = V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$ | R_S | R_{XD} | RESPONSE TIME |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| $V_{BUS} < 0.5V$ | <3V | High | Fast |
| $0.5V \leq V_{BUS} \leq 0.9V$ | <3V | Indeterminate | Fast |
| $V_{BUS} > 0.9V$ | <3V | Low | Fast |
| $V_{BUS} < 0.5V$ | >4V | High | Slow |
| $0.5V \leq V_{BUS} \leq 0.9V$ | >4V | Indeterminate | Slow |
| $V_{BUS} > 0.9V$ | >4V | Low | Slow |

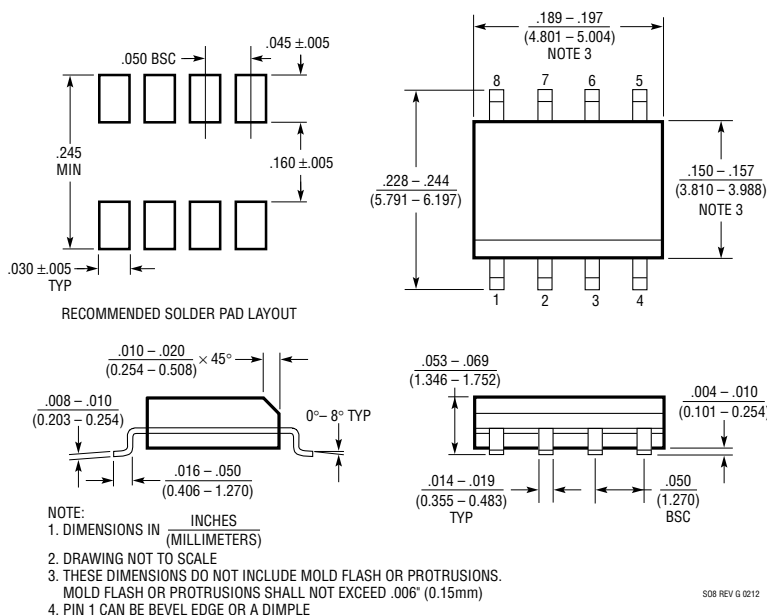
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Please refer to <http://www.linear.com/designtools/packaging/> for the most recent package drawings.

N Package 8-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510 Rev I)



S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610 Rev G)



S08 REV G 0212

REVISION HISTORY

| REV | DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGE NUMBER |
|-----|------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| A | 8/15 | Increased t_{TXDFF} max limit | 4 |

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | COMMENTS |
|---------------|--|--|
| LTC485 | Low Power RS485 Interface Transceiver | I _{CC} = 300µA Typ |
| LTC491 | Differential Driver and Receiver Pair | I _{CC} = 300µA Typ |
| LTC1483 | Ultralow Power RS485 Low EMI Transceiver | Controlled Driver Slew Rate |
| LTC1485 | RS485 Differential Bus Transceiver | 10Mbaud Operation |
| LTC1487 | Ultralow Power RS485 with Low EMI, Shutdown and High Input Impedance | Up to 256 Transceivers On the Bus |
| LT1785/LT1791 | 60V Fault-Protected RS485/RS422 Transceivers | 15kV ESD Protected |
| LTC2875 | ±60V CAN Transceiver | 3.3V or 5V Supply, 4Mbps Operation, 25kV ESD |