

**Order Number(s):**

**USB3319C-CP-TR FOR 24 PIN, QFN LEAD-FREE ROHS COMPLIANT PACKAGE (TAPE AND REEL)**  
**USB3319C-GJ-TR FOR 25 PIN, VFBGA LEAD-FREE ROHS COMPLIANT PACKAGE (TAPE AND REEL)**  
**REEL SIZE IS 4000 PIECES.**

**This product meets the halogen maximum concentration values per IEC61249-2-21**  
**For RoHS compliance and environmental information, please visit [www.smSC.com/rohs](http://www.smSC.com/rohs)**



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## General Description

The USB3319 is a highly integrated Hi-Speed USB 2.0 Transceiver (PHY) that supports systems architectures based on a 13MHz reference clock. It is designed to be used in both commercial and industrial temperature applications.

The USB3319 meets all of the electrical requirements to be used as a Hi-Speed USB Host, Device, or an On-the-Go (OTG) device. In addition to the supporting USB signaling the USB3319 also provides USB UART mode and USB Audio mode.

USB3319 uses the industry standard UTMI+ Low Pin Interface (ULPI) to connect the USB PHY to the Link. The industry standard ULPI interface uses a method of in-band signaling and status byte transfers between the Link and PHY, to facilitate a USB session. By using in-band signaling and status byte transfers the ULPI interface requires only 12 pins.

The USB3319 uses SMSC's "wrapper-less" technology to implement the ULPI interface. This "wrapper-less" technology allows the PHY to achieve a low latency transmit and receive time. SMSC's low latency transceiver allows an existing UTMI Link to be reused by adding a UTMI to ULPI bridge. By adding a bridge to the ASIC the existing and proven UTMI Link IP can be reused.

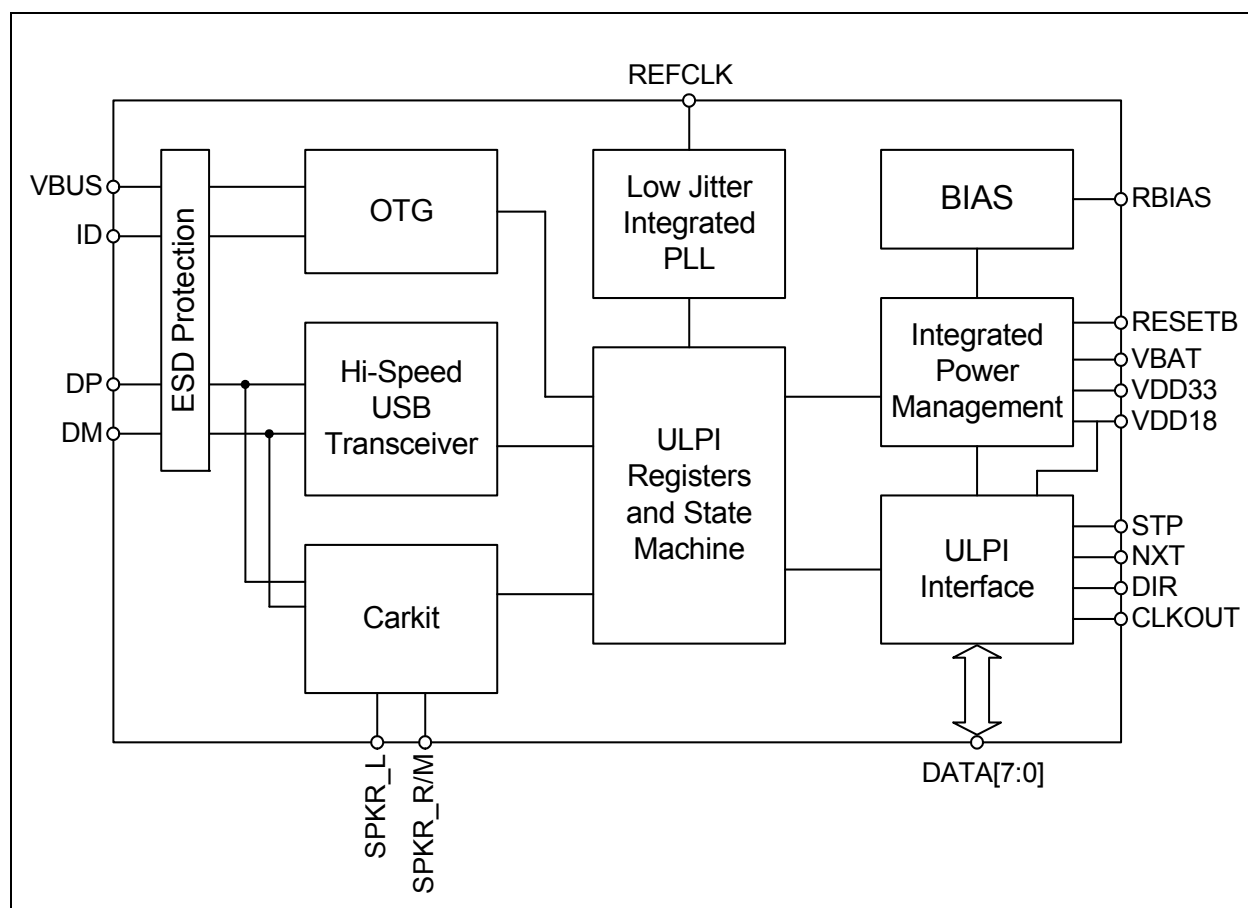


Figure 1 USB3319 Block Diagram

The USB3319 is designed to run with a 13MHz reference clock. By using a reference clock from the Link the USB3319 is able to remove the cost of a crystal reference from the design.

The USB3319 includes a integrated 3.3V LDO regulator to generate its own supply from power applied at the **VBAT** pin. The voltage on the **VBAT** pin can range from 3.1 to 5.5V. The regulator dropout voltage is less than 100mV which allows the PHY to continue USB signaling when the voltage on **VBAT** drops to 3.1V. The USB transceiver will continue to operate at lower voltages, although some parameters may be outside the limits of the USB specifications. If the user would like to provide a 3.3V supply to the USB3319, the **VBAT** and **VDD33** pins should be connected together.

The USB3319 also includes integrated pull-up resistors that can be used for detecting the attachment of a USB Charger. By sensing the attachment to a USB Charger, a product using the USB3319 can charge its battery at more than the 500mA allowed when charging from a USB Host.

The USB3319 also includes support for USB audio modes. The user can program the PHY into UART or audio mode while in synchronous mode.

In USB UART mode, the USB3319 **DP** and **DM** pins are redefined to enable pass-through of asynchronous serial data. The USB3319 can only enter UART mode when the user programs the part into this mode.

In USB audio mode, the **DP** pin is shorted to the **SPKR\_R/M** pin with a switch. The **DM** pin is shorted to the **SPKR\_L** pin. These switches are on when the **RESETB** pin of the USB3319 is asserted. Audio signals may be transferred over the USB cable. In addition to audio signals, the switches can also be used to connect Full Speed USB from another PHY onto the USB cable.

# USB3319 Pin Locations and Descriptions

## Package Diagram with Pin Locations

The pinout below is viewed from the top of the package.

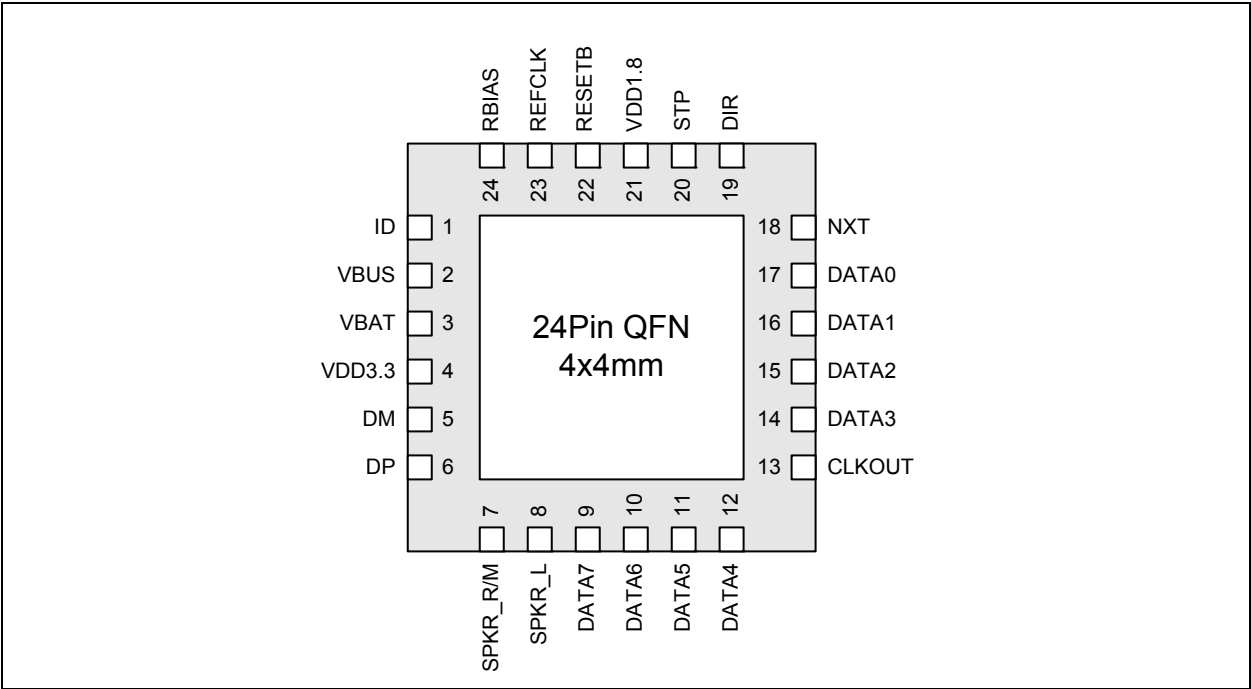


Figure 1.1 USB3319 QFN Pinout - Top View

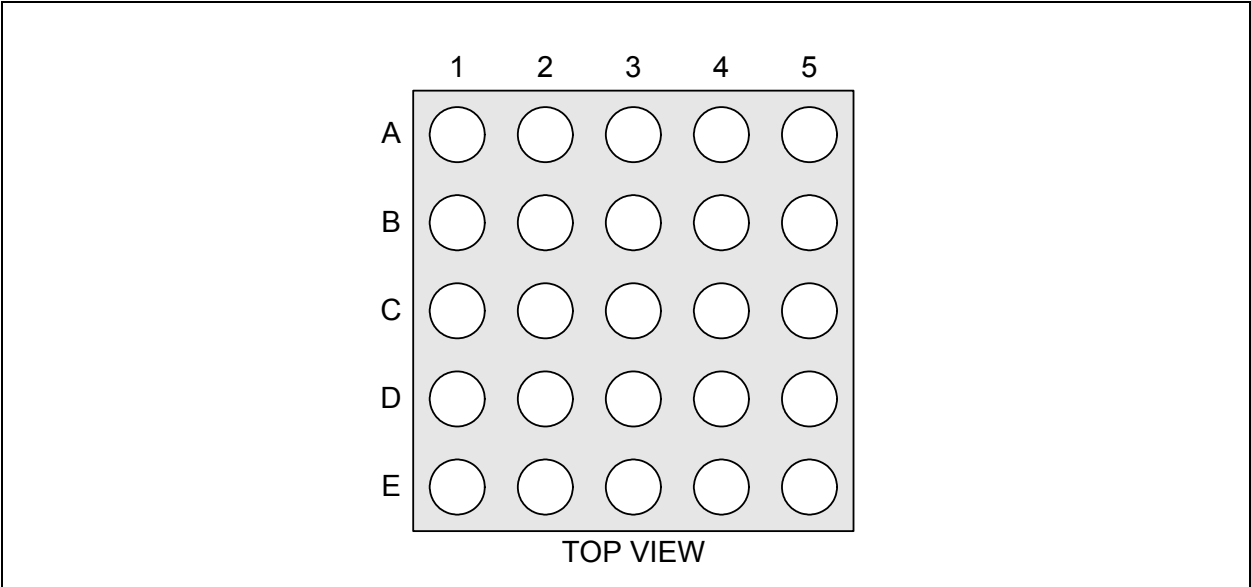


Figure 2 USB3319 VFBGA Pinout - Top View

## Pin Definitions

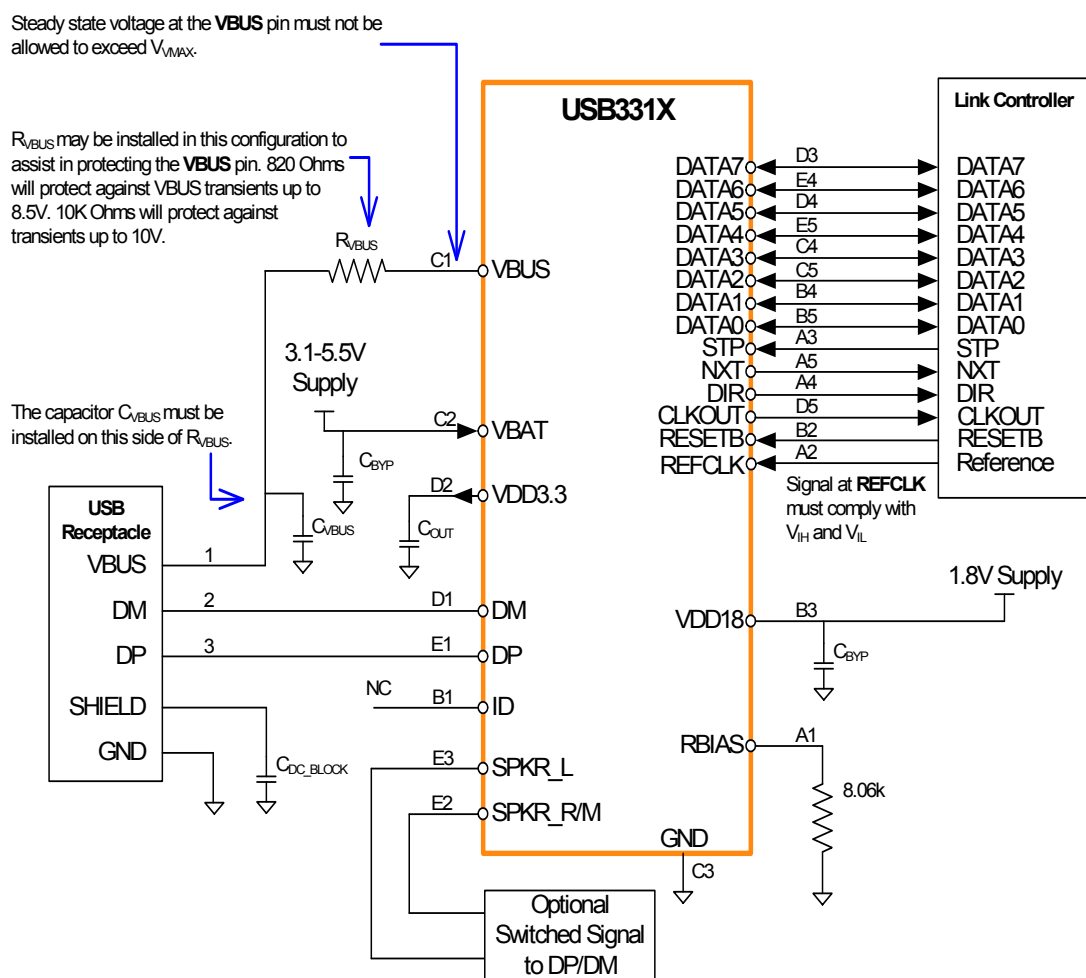
The following table details the pin definitions for the figure above.

**Table 1 USB3319 Pin Description**

PIN/ BALL	NAME	DIRECTION/ TYPE	ACTIVE LEVEL	DESCRIPTION
<b>1</b> <b>B1</b>	<b>ID</b>	Input, Analog	N/A	<b>ID</b> pin of the USB cable. For non-OTG applications this pin can be floated. For an A-Device <b>ID</b> is grounded. For a B-Device <b>ID</b> is floated.
<b>2</b> <b>C1</b>	<b>VBUS</b>	I/O, Analog	N/A	<b>VBUS</b> pin of the USB cable. This pin is used for the Vbus comparator inputs and for Vbus pulsing during session request protocol.
<b>3</b> <b>C2</b>	<b>VBAT</b>	Power	N/A	Regulator input. The regulator supply can be from 5.5V to 3.1V.
<b>4</b> <b>D2</b>	<b>VDD3.3</b>	Power	N/A	3.3V Regulator Output. A 2.2uF (<1 ohm ESR) bypass capacitor to ground is required for regulator stability. The bypass capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the USB3319.
<b>5</b> <b>D1</b>	<b>DM</b>	I/O, Analog	N/A	D- pin of the USB cable.
<b>6</b> <b>E1</b>	<b>DP</b>	I/O, Analog	N/A	D+ pin of the USB cable.
<b>7</b> <b>E2</b>	<b>SPKR_R/M</b>	I/O, Analog	N/A	USB switch in/out for DP signals
<b>8</b> <b>E3</b>	<b>SPKR_L</b>	I/O, Analog	N/A	USB switch in/out for DM signals
<b>9</b> <b>D3</b>	<b>DATA[7]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus. <b>DATA[7]</b> is the MSB.
<b>10</b> <b>E4</b>	<b>DATA[6]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus.
<b>11</b> <b>D4</b>	<b>DATA[5]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus.
<b>12</b> <b>E5</b>	<b>DATA[4]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus.
<b>13</b> <b>D5</b>	<b>CLKOUT</b>	Output, CMOS	N/A	60MHz reference clock output. All ULPI signals are driven synchronous to the rising edge of this clock.  The system must not drive voltage on the <b>CLKOUT</b> pin following POR or hardware reset that exceeds the value of $V_{IH\_ED}$ .
<b>14</b> <b>C4</b>	<b>DATA[3]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus.

Table 1 USB3319 Pin Description (continued)

PIN/ BALL	NAME	DIRECTION/ TYPE	ACTIVE LEVEL	DESCRIPTION
<b>15</b> <b>C5</b>	<b>DATA[2]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus.
<b>16</b> <b>B4</b>	<b>DATA[1]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus.
<b>17</b> <b>B5</b>	<b>DATA[0]</b>	I/O, CMOS	N/A	ULPI bi-directional data bus. <b>DATA[0]</b> is the LSB.
<b>18</b> <b>A5</b>	<b>NXT</b>	Output, CMOS	High	The PHY asserts <b>NXT</b> to throttle the data. When the Link is sending data to the PHY, <b>NXT</b> indicates when the current byte has been accepted by the PHY. The Link places the next byte on the data bus in the following clock cycle.
<b>19</b> <b>A4</b>	<b>DIR</b>	Output, CMOS	N/A	Controls the direction of the data bus. When the PHY has data to transfer to the Link, it drives <b>DIR</b> high to take ownership of the bus. When the PHY has no data to transfer it drives <b>DIR</b> low and monitors the bus for commands from the Link.
<b>20</b> <b>A3</b>	<b>STP</b>	Input, CMOS	High	The Link asserts <b>STP</b> for one clock cycle to stop the data stream currently on the bus. If the Link is sending data to the PHY, <b>STP</b> indicates the last byte of data was on the bus in the previous cycle.
<b>21</b> <b>B3</b>	<b>VDD1.8</b>	Power	N/A	External 1.8V Supply input pin. This pad needs to be bypassed with a 0.1uF capacitor to ground, placed as close as possible to the USB3319.
<b>22</b> <b>B2</b>	<b>RESETB</b>	Input, CMOS,	Low	When low, the part is suspended with all of the I/O tri-stated. When high the USB3319 will operate as a normal ULPI device.
<b>23</b> <b>A2</b>	<b>REFCLK</b>	Input, CMOS	N/A	13MHz Reference Clock input.
<b>24</b> <b>A1</b>	<b>RBIAS</b>	Analog, CMOS	N/A	Bias Resistor pin. This pin requires an 8.06k $\Omega$ ( $\pm 1\%$ ) resistor to ground, placed as close as possible to the USB3319.
<b>FLAG</b> <b>C3</b>	<b>GND</b>	Ground	N/A	Ground. <u>QFN only:</u> The flag should be connected to the ground plane with a via array under the exposed flag. This is the main ground for the IC.



### Figure 3 USB3319 BGA Application Diagram (Device)

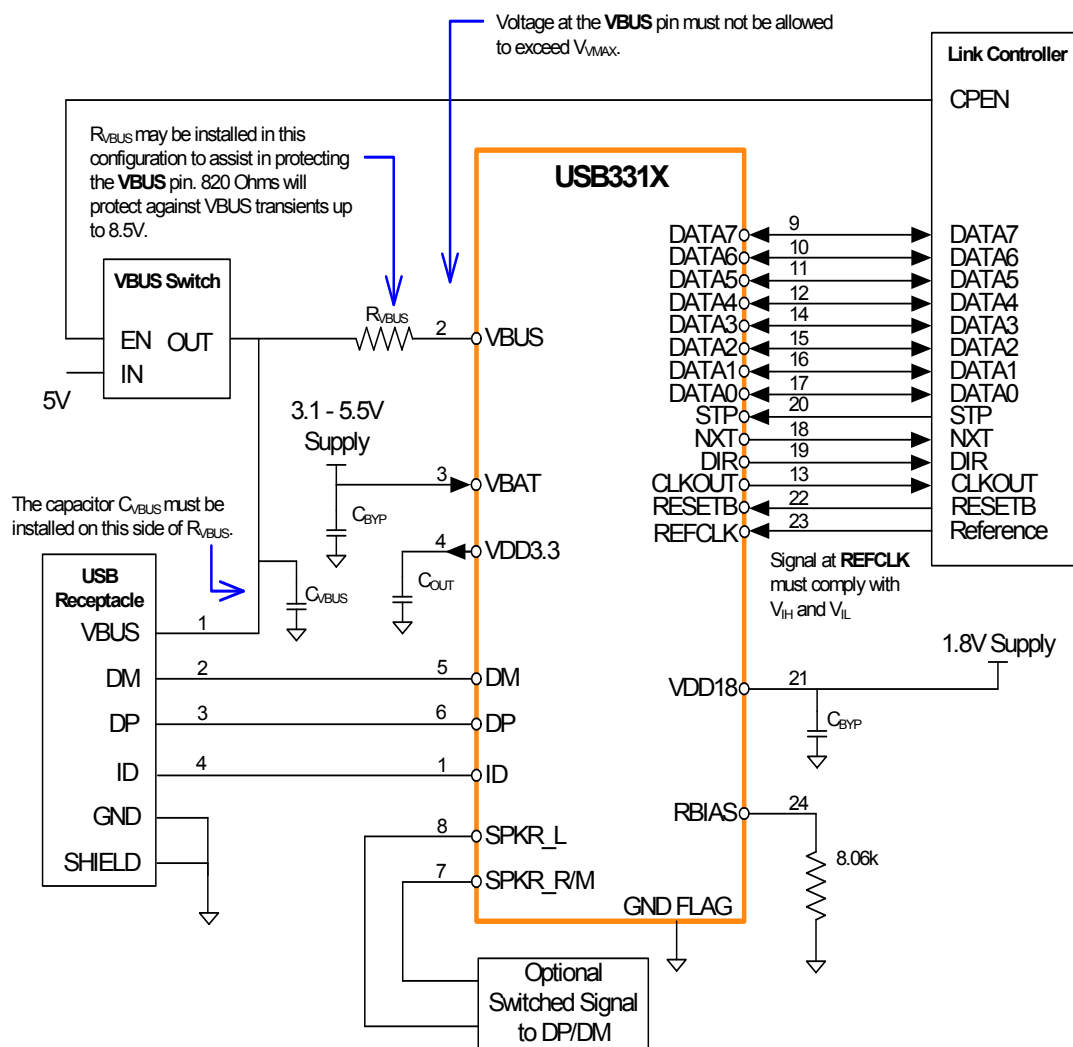
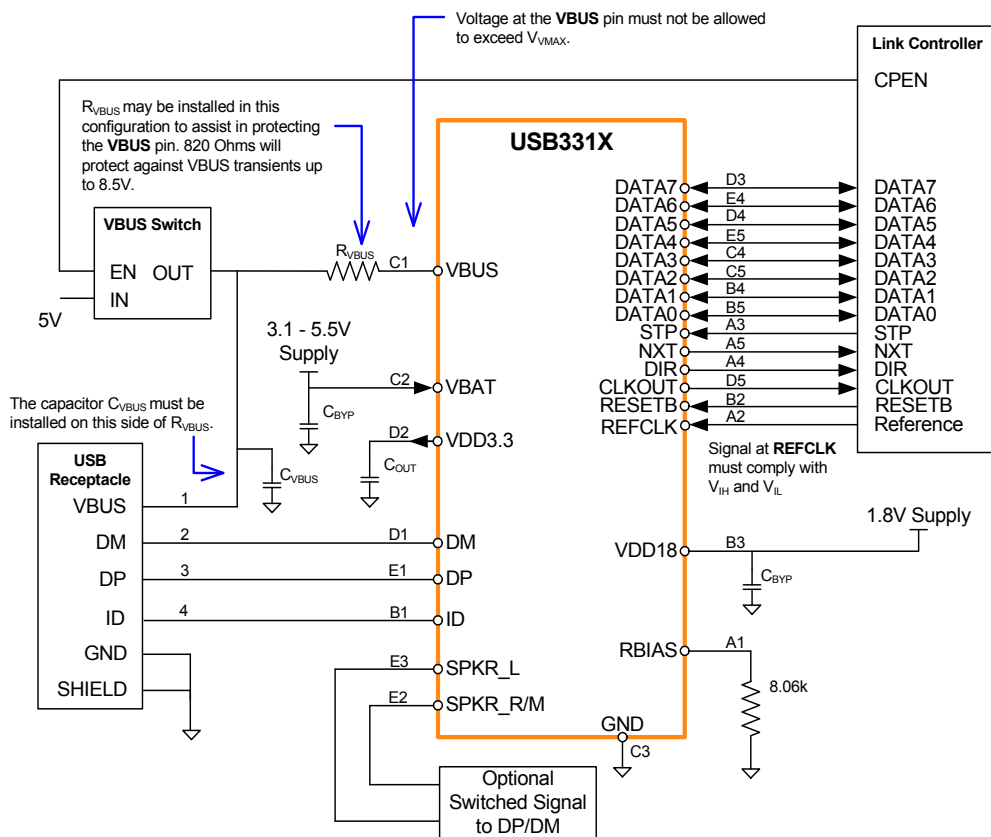


Figure 3.1 USB3319 QFN Application Diagram (Host or OTG)



### Figure 4 USB3319 BGA Application Diagram (Host or OTG)

# Package Outline

Revision 2.1 (06-10-10)

11  
PRODUCT PREVIEW

SMSC USB3319 REV C

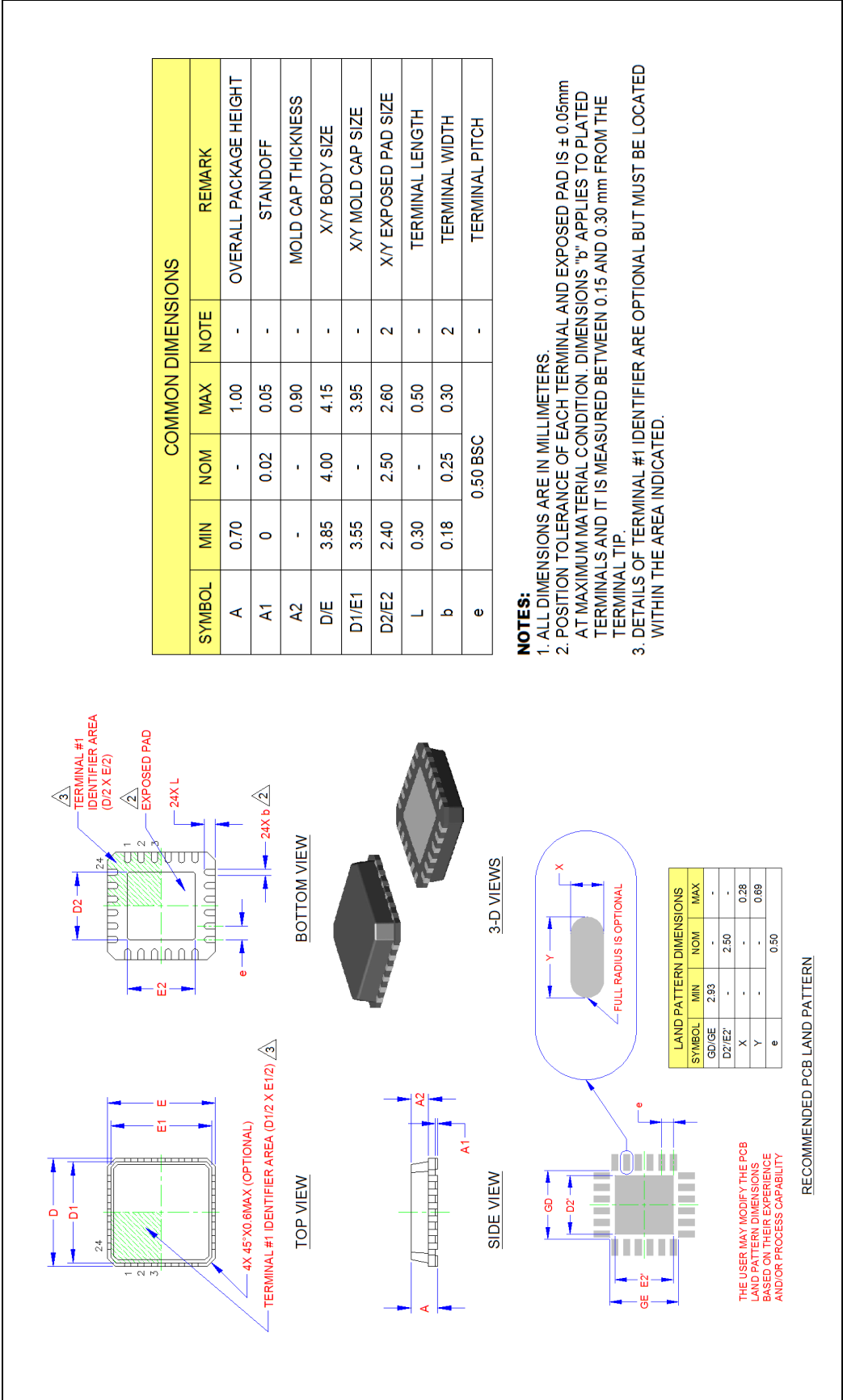


Figure 4.1 24-pin QFN, 4x4mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch

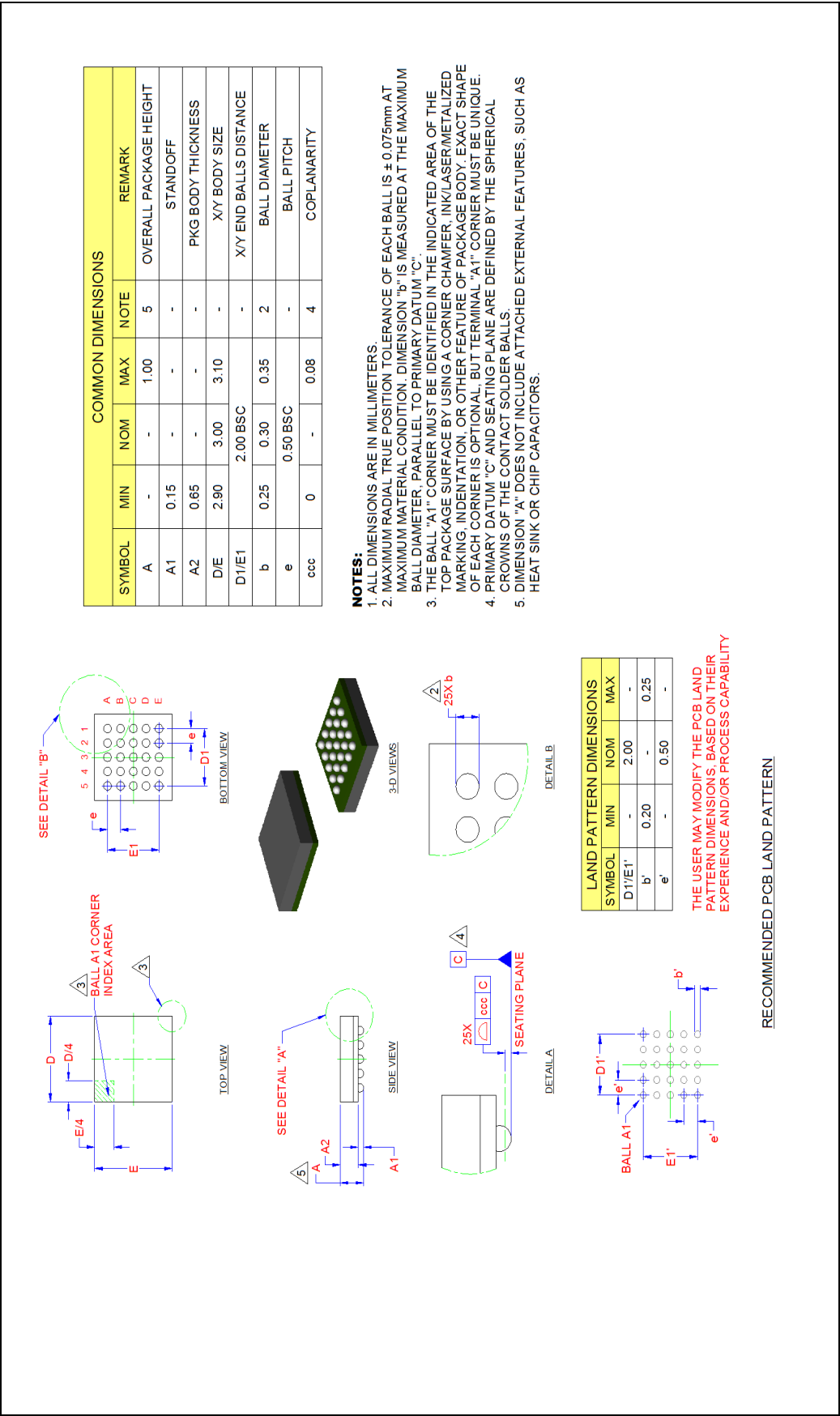


Figure 5 25-Pin VFBGA, 3x3mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch