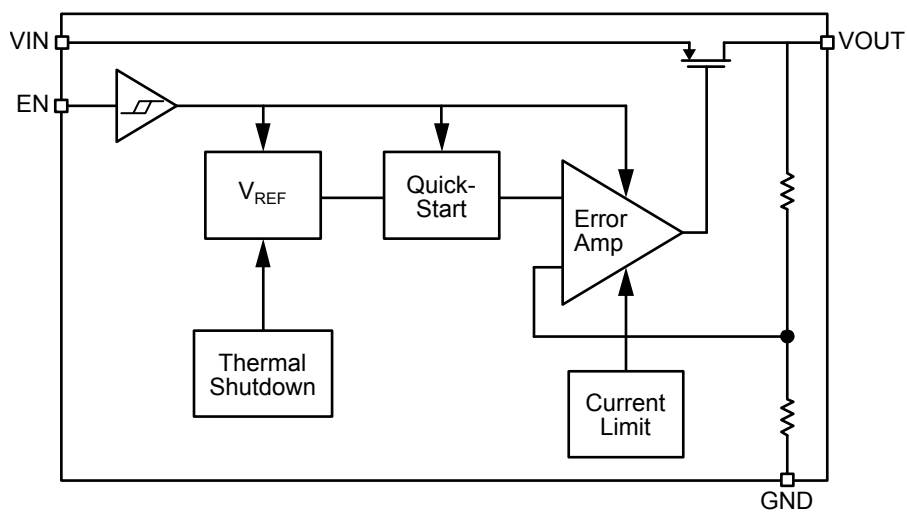


## Block Diagram



MIC5302 Block Diagram

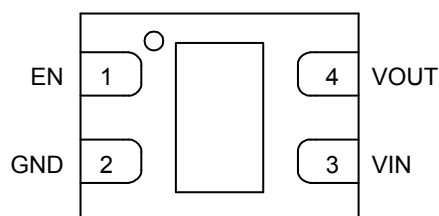
## Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

Part Number	Marking Code	Voltage	Temperature Range	Package	Lead Finish
MIC5302-1.3YMT	H13	1.3V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-1.5YMT	H15	1.5V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-1.8YMT	H18	1.8V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-2.1YMT	H21	2.1V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-2.5YMT	H25	2.5V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-2.6YMT	H26	2.6V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-2.8YMT	H28	2.8V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-2.85YMT	H2J	2.85V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-2.9YMT	H29	2.9V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-3.0YMT	H30	3.0V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-3.3YMT	H33	3.3V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free
MIC5302-4.6YMT	H46	4.6V	−40°C to +125°C	4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF <sup>®</sup>	Pb-Free

### Note:

- Other voltages available. Contact Micrel Marketing for details.

## Pin Configuration



4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF<sup>®</sup> (MT)

## Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	EN	Enable Input. Active High. High = on, low = off. Do not leave floating.
2	GND	Ground
3	VIN	Supply Input
4	VOUT	Output Voltage
HS Pad	EPAD	Exposed heatsink pad connected to ground internally.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>**

Supply Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	0V to +6V
Enable Input ( $V_{EN}$ )	0V to +6V
Power Dissipation <sup>(3)</sup>	Internally Limited
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	260°C
Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ )	–40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature ( $T_S$ )	–65°C to +150°C

**Operating Ratings<sup>(2)</sup>**

Supply voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	+2.3V to +5.5V
Enable Input ( $V_{EN}$ )	0V to $V_{IN}$
Junction Temperature ( $T_A$ )	–40°C to +125°C
Junction Thermal Resistance	
Thin MLF <sup>®</sup> –4 ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	173°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics<sup>(4)</sup>**

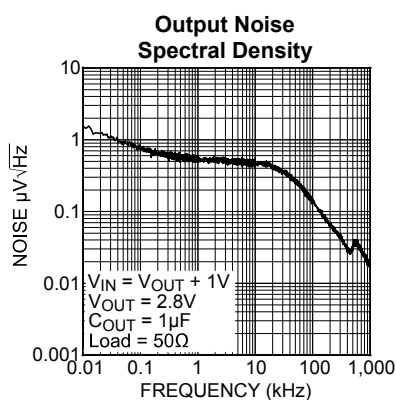
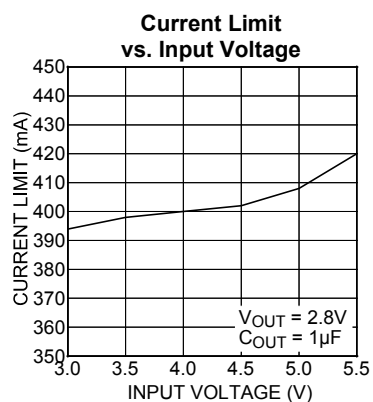
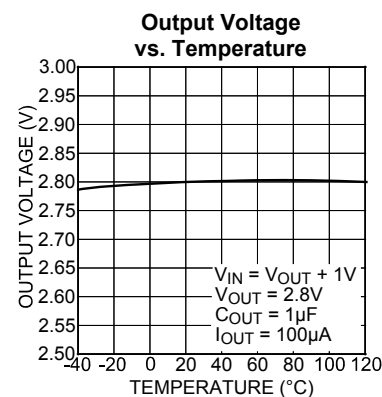
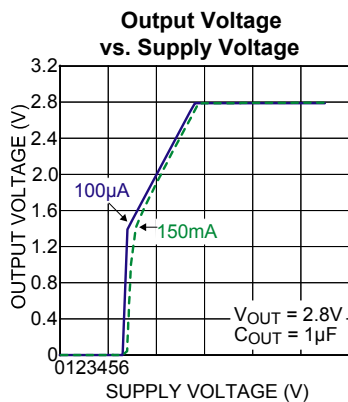
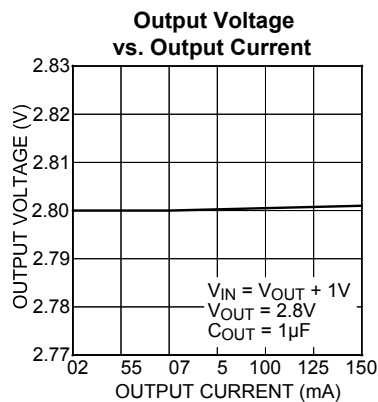
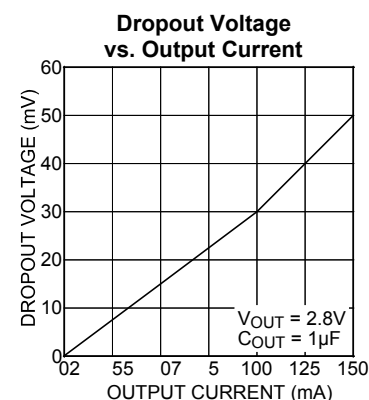
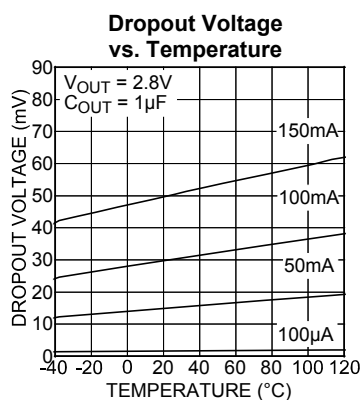
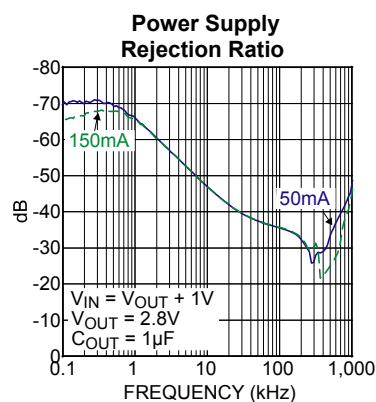
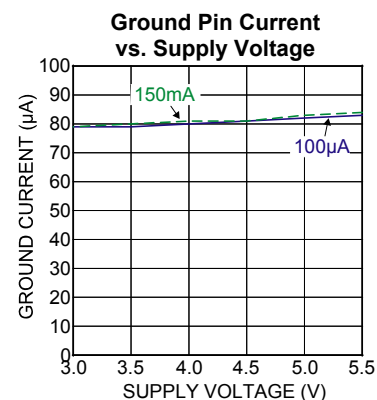
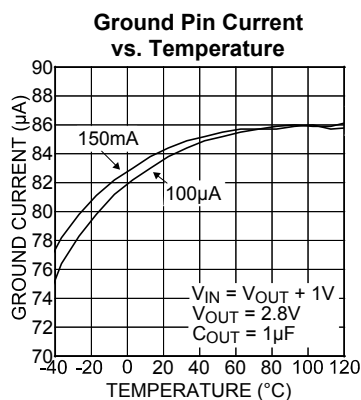
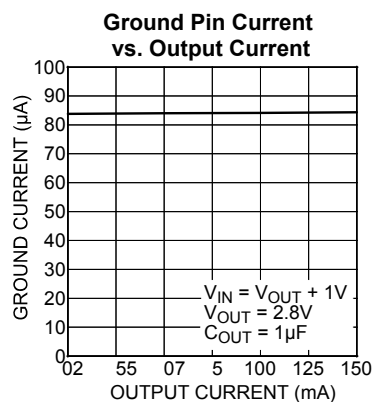
$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ;  $C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu F$ ;  $I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ ;  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ , **bold** values indicate –40°C to +125°C, unless noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage Accuracy	Variation from nominal $V_{OUT}$	–2		+2	%
	Variation from nominal $V_{OUT}$ ; –40°C to +125°C	–3		<b>+3</b>	%
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ to 5.5V; $I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$		0.02	0.3 <b>0.6</b>	%/V
Load Regulation <sup>(5)</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ to 150mA		0.5	<b>2.0</b>	%
Dropout Voltage <sup>(6)</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$		0.1		mV
	$I_{OUT} = 50mA$		15	<b>35</b>	mV
	$I_{OUT} = 100mA$		30		mV
	$I_{OUT} = 150mA$		50	<b>100</b>	mV
Ground Pin Current <sup>(7)</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 0$ to 150mA, EN = High		85	<b>120</b>	$\mu A$
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	$V_{EN} = 0V$		0.1	2	$\mu A$
Ripple Rejection	$f = \text{up to } 1kHz$ ; $C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu F$		65		dB
	$f = 1kHz - 20kHz$ ; $C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu F$		42		dB
Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	<b>250</b>	400	<b>725</b>	mA
Output Voltage Noise	$C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ , 10Hz to 100kHz		120		$\mu V_{RMS}$
<b>Enable Input</b>					
Enable Input Voltage	Logic Low			<b>0.2</b>	V
	Logic High	<b>1.1</b>			V
Enable Input Current	$V_{IL} \leq 0.2V$		0.01	1	$\mu A$
	$V_{IH} \geq 1.0V$		0.01	1	$\mu A$
Turn-on Time	$C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu F$		35	<b>100</b>	$\mu s$

**Notes:**

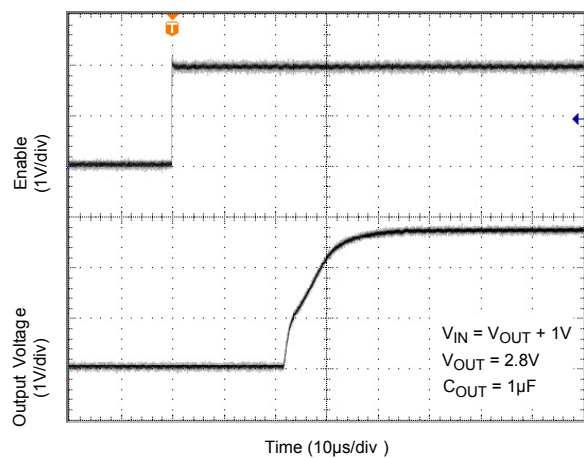
- Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- The maximum allowable power dissipation of any  $T_A$  (ambient temperature) is  $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
- Specification for packaged product only.
- Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing, changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential.
- Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

## Typical Characteristics

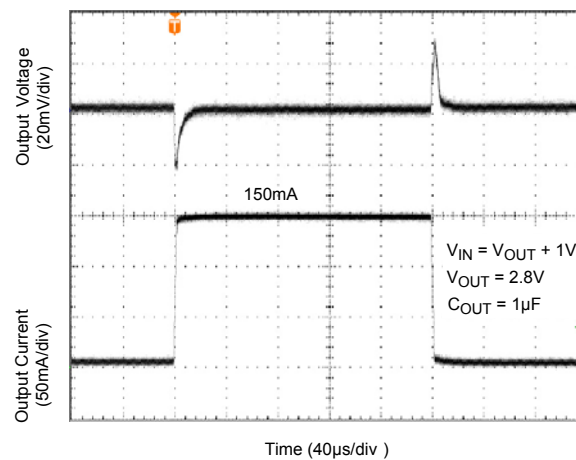


## Functional Characteristics

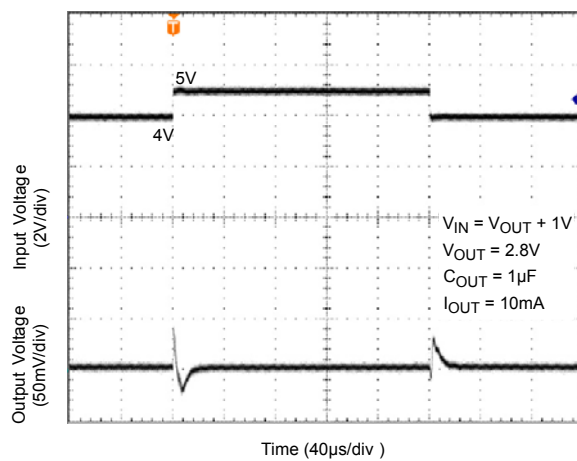
### Enable Turn-On



### Load Transient Response



### Line Transient Response



## Application Information

### Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5302 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into a “zero” off-mode-current state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. The active-high enable pin uses CMOS technology and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

### Input Capacitor

The MIC5302 is a high-performance, high-bandwidth device. Therefore, it requires a well-bypassed input supply for optimal performance. A 1 $\mu$ F capacitor is required from the input-to-ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high-frequency capacitors, such as small-valued NPO dielectric-type capacitors, help filter out high-frequency noise and are good practice in any RF-based circuit.

### Output Capacitor

The MIC5302 requires an output capacitor of 1 $\mu$ F or greater to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High ESR capacitors may cause high frequency oscillation. The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a 1 $\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

### No-Load Stability

Unlike many other voltage regulators, the MIC5302 will remain stable and in regulation with no load. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

### Thermal Considerations

The MIC5302 is designed to provide 150mA of continuous current. Maximum ambient operating temperature can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. Given that the input voltage is 3.6V, the output voltage is 2.8V and the output current = 150mA.

The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically <100 $\mu$ A over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is < 1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

$$P_D = (3.6V - 2.8V) \times 150mA$$

$$P_D = 0.12W$$

To determine the maximum ambient operating temperature of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \left( \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \right)$$

$T_{J(max)} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ , the maximum junction temperature of the die  $\theta_{JA}$  thermal resistance =  $173^\circ\text{C/W}$ .

The table below shows junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the MIC5302 in the 4-pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm MLF<sup>®</sup> package.

Package	$\theta_{JA}$ Recommended Minimum Footprint
4-Pin 1.2x1.6 MLF <sup>®</sup>	$173^\circ\text{C/W}$

### Thermal Resistance

Substituting  $P_D$  for  $P_{D(max)}$  and solving for the ambient operating temperature will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is  $173^\circ\text{C/W}$ .

The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation.

For example, when operating the MIC5302-2.8YML at an input voltage of 3.6V and 150mA load with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum ambient operating temperature  $T_A$  can be determined as follows:

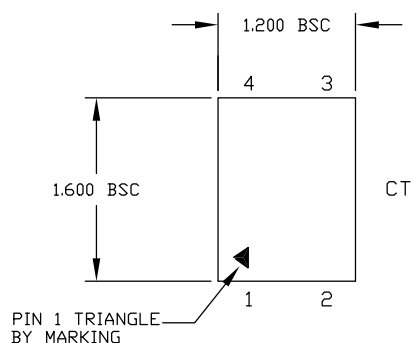
$$0.12W = (125^\circ\text{C} - T_A)/(173^\circ\text{C/W})$$

$$T_A = 104^\circ\text{C}$$

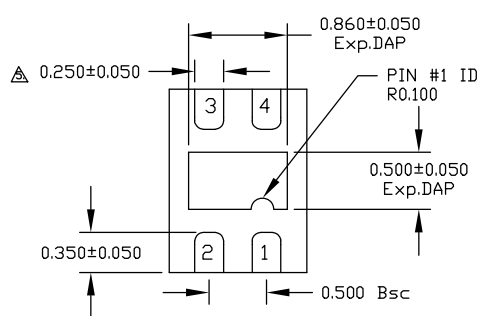
Therefore, a 2.8V application with 150mA of output current can accept an ambient operating temperature of  $104^\circ\text{C}$  in a 1.2mm x 1.6mm MLF<sup>®</sup> package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the “Regulator Thermals” section of *Micrel’s Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook. This information can be found on Micrel’s website at:

[http://www.micrel.com/PDF/other/LDOBK\\_ds.pdf](http://www.micrel.com/PDF/other/LDOBK_ds.pdf)

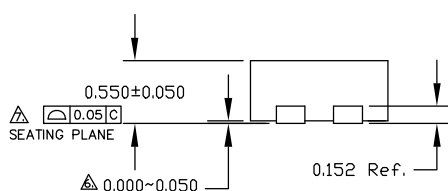
## Package Information



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW

**NOTE:**

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
  2. MAX. PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.05 mm.
  3. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE BURRS IS 0.076 mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS.
  4. PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LASER/INK MARKED.
- △ DIMENSION APPLIES TO METALIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 AND 0.25 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- △ APPLIED ONLY FOR TERMINALS.
- △ APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS.

### 4-Pin 1.2mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF® (MT)

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