Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameter	Hi. Eff. Red	Green	Yellow	Red Orange	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 50℃	0.4	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/℃
Operating Temperature Range	-55℃ to +100℃				
Storage Temperature Range	-55℃ to +100℃				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (.063 in.) from body]	260℃ for 5 Seconds				

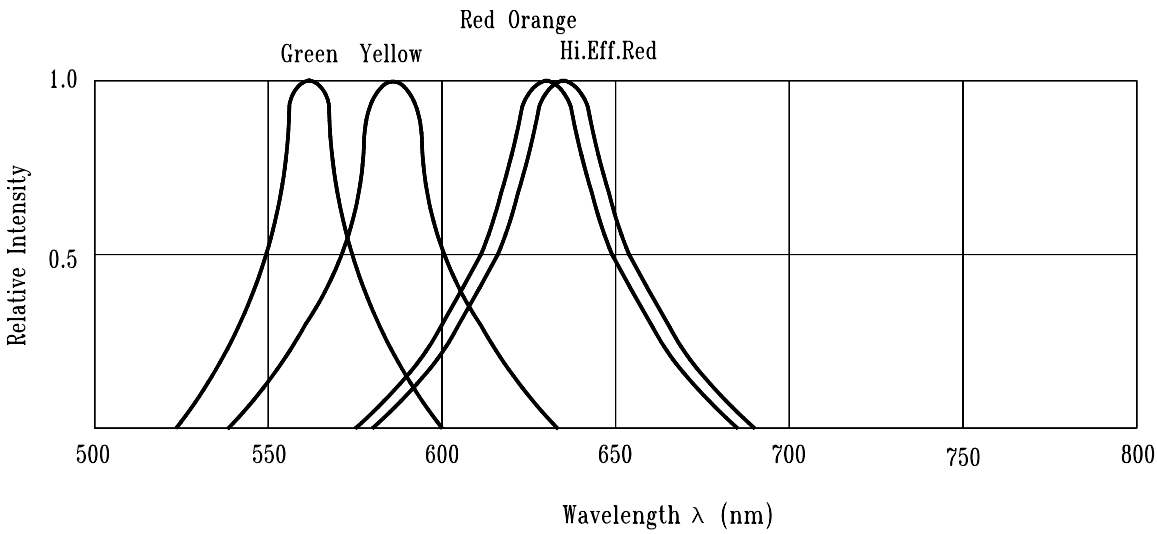

Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

Electrical / Optical Characteristics and Curves at Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	Part No. LTL-	Color	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit.	Test Condition.
Luminous Intensity	Iv	10CEJ	Hi.Eff.Red	3.7	12.6		mcd	IF=20 mA Note 1,4
		10CGJ	Green	3.7	12.6			
		10CYJ	Yellow	2.5	8.7			
		10CDJ	Green	3.7	12.6			
			Yellow	2.5	8.7			
		10CHJ	Red Orange	2.5	8.7			
			Green	3.7	12.6			
Viewing Angle	2θ1/2	10CXJ			72		deg	Note 2 (Fig.7)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λP	10CEJ	Hi.Eff.Red		635		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
		10CGJ	Green		565			
		10CYJ	Yellow		585			
		10CDJ	Green		565			
			Yellow		585			
		10CHJ	Red Orange		630			
			Green		565			
Dominant Wavelength	λd	10CEJ	Hi.Eff.Red		623		nm	Note 3
		10CGJ	Green		569			
		10CYJ	Yellow		588			
		10CDJ	Green		569			
			Yellow		588			
		10CHJ	Red Orange		621			
			Green		569			
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	10CEJ	Hi.Eff.Red		40		nm	
		10CGJ	Green		30			
		10CYJ	Yellow		35			
		10CDJ	Green		30			
			Yellow		35			
		10CHJ	Red Orange		40			
			Green		30			
Forward Voltage	VF	10CEJ	Hi.Eff.Red		2.0	2.6	V	IF=20mA
		10CGJ	Green		2.1	2.6		
		10CYJ	Yellow		2.1	2.6		
		10CDJ	Green		2.1	2.6		
			Yellow		2.1	2.6		
		10CHJ	Red Orange		2.0	2.6		
			Green		2.1	2.6		
Reverse Current	IR	10CXJ				100	μA	VR=5V,Note 5
Capacitance	C	10CEJ	Hi.Eff.Red		20		pF	VF=0 , f=1MHz
		10CGJ	Green		35			
		10CYJ	Yellow		15			
		10CDJ	Green		35			
			Yellow		15			
		10CHJ	Red Orange		20			
			Green		35			

Notes:1.Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
2. $\theta 1/2$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3.The dominant wavelength, λ d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
4.Iv needs ± 15% additionary for guaranteed limits.
5.Reverse current is controlled by dice source.

Typical Electrical/Optical Characteristic Curves
(25℃ Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

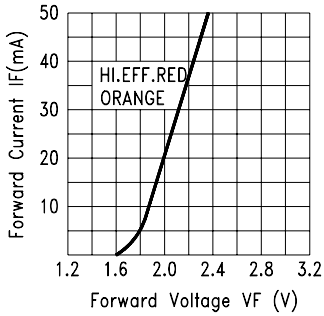

Fig.2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

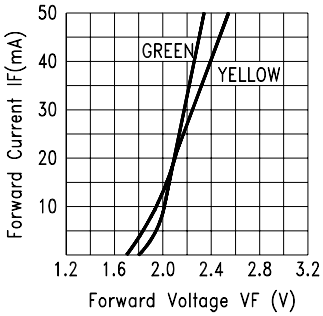

Fig.3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

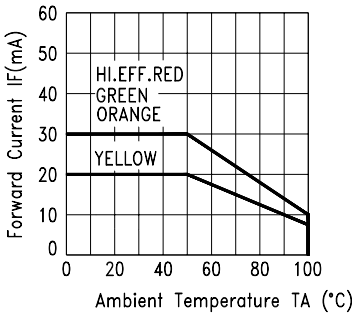

Fig.4 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

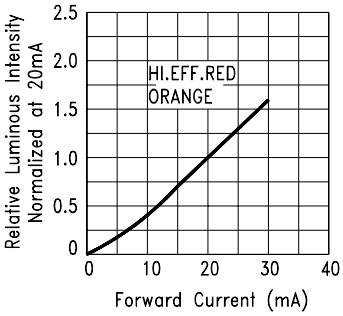

Fig.5 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

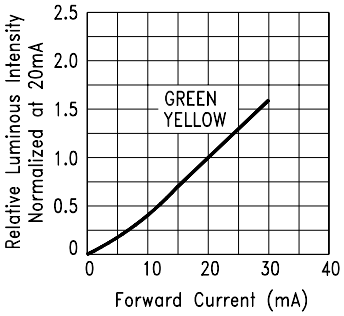

Fig.6 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

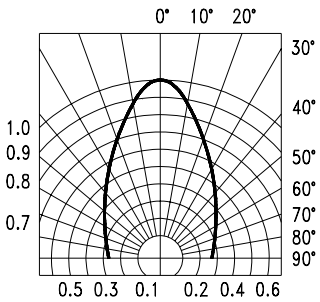

Fig.7 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

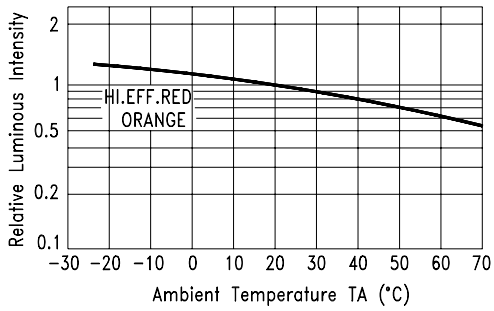

Fig.8 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

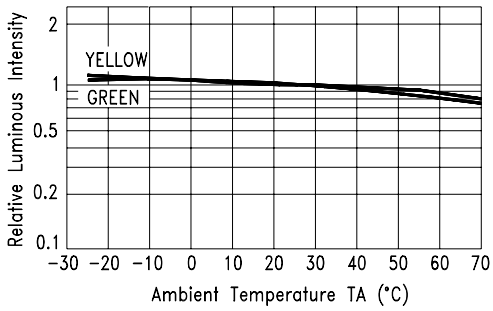

Fig.9 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE