

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Input Supply Voltage V _{IN}	+10.0V
Input to Output Voltage	+8.8V
Storage Temperature	65°C to 150°C
Power Dissipation	. Internally Limited
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 5 sec)	260°C
ESD Rating (HBM - Human Body Model)	2kV

OPERATING RATINGS

Junction Temperature Range	40°C to 125°C
Thermal Resistance	
TO-220 θ _{JC}	3°C/W
TO-220 θ _{JA}	29.4°C/W
TO-263 θ _{JC}	3°C/W
TO-263 θ _{JA}	31.4°C/W
TO-252 θ _{JC}	6°C/W
TO-252 θ _{JA}	50°C/W

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications with standard type are for an Operating Ambient Temperature of $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ only; limits applying over the full Operating Temperature range (-40°C to +85°C) are denoted by a "•". Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		Conditions
1.5V Version		•	•	•		
Output Voltage	1.485	1.500	1.515	V		I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{OUT} =3.5V
SPX1587A	1.470		1.530	V	•	10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, 3.0V≤V _{OUT} ≤10V
2.5V Version	2.5V Version					
Output Voltage	2.450	2.500	2.550	V		I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{OUT} =4.5V
SPX1587	2.425		2.575	V	•	10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, 4.25V≤I _{OUT} ≤10V
3.3V Version						
Output Voltage	3.267	3.300	3.333	V		I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{OUT} =5V
SPX1587A	3.234		3.366	v	•	10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, 4.75V≤V _{OUT} ≤10V
Output Voltage	3.234	3.300	3.366	V		I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{OUT} =5V
SPX1587	3.201		3.399	v	•	10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, 4.75V≤V _{OUT} ≤10V
5.0V Version						
Output Voltage	4.950	5.000	5.050	V		I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{OUT} =7V
SPX1587A	4.900		5.100	v	•	$10\text{mA} \le I_{\text{OUT}} \le 3A$, $6.50\text{V} \le V_{\text{OUT}} \le 10\text{V}$
All Voltage Options	T	1	1	ı		
Reference Voltage	1.238	1.250	1.262	V		I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{IN} -V _{OUT} =2V
SPX1587A	1.225		1.275	v	•	$10\text{mA} \le I_{\text{OUT}} \le 3A$, $1.50\text{V} \le V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}} \le 10\text{V}$
Reference Voltage	1.225	1.250	1.275	V		$I_{OUT}=10$ mA, $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}=2V$
SPX1587	1.212		1.287	v	•	$10\text{mA} \le I_{\text{OUT}} \le 3A$, $1.50\text{V} \le V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}} \le 10\text{V}$
Output Voltage Temperature Stability – SPX1587A		0.3		%		
Output Voltage Temperature Stability - SPX1587		0.5		%		
		0.1	0.2			3.0V≤V _{IN} ≤10V, V _{OUT} =1.5V
				0.4		4.25V≤V _{IN} ≤10V, V _{OUT} =2.5V
Line Regulation				%		4.75V≤V _{IN} ≤10V, V _{OUT} =3.3V
						6.50V≤V _{IN} ≤10V, V _{OUT} =5.0V
						10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, V _{OUT} =1.5V
Lond Decidation		0.1	0.3	%		10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, V _{OUT} =2.5V
Load Regulation						10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, V _{OUT} =3.3V
						10mA≤I _{OUT} ≤3A, V _{OUT} =5.0V



Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		Conditions
		1.00				I _{OUT} =1A
Dropout Voltage (note 2)		1.05		V	· =	I _{OUT} =2A
		1.10	1.2			$I_{OUT}=3A$
Minimum Load Current (note 4)		4	10	mA		
Quiescent Current		4	10	mA		Fixed Voltage Versions
Adjust Pin Current		50		μΑ		
			120	μΑ	•	
Current Limit	3.2	5		Α		V _{IN} -V _{OUT} =2V
Thermal Regulation		0.01	0.1	%/W		25°C, 30ms pulse
Ripple Rejection	60	75		dB		F _{RIPPLE} =120Hz, V _{IN} -V _{OUT} =2V, V _{RIPPLE} =1V _{PP}
Long Term Stability		0.03		%		125°C, 1000 hours
RMS Output Noise		0.03		%		% of V_{OUT} , $10Hz \le f \le 10kHz$

Note 1: Output temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range

Note 2: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 100mV below its nominal value measured at 1V differential at very low values of programmed output voltage, the minimum input supply voltage of 2V (2.3V over temperature) must be taken into account.

Note 3: Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied. Excluding load or line regulation effect.

Note 4: Adjustable Version Only.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

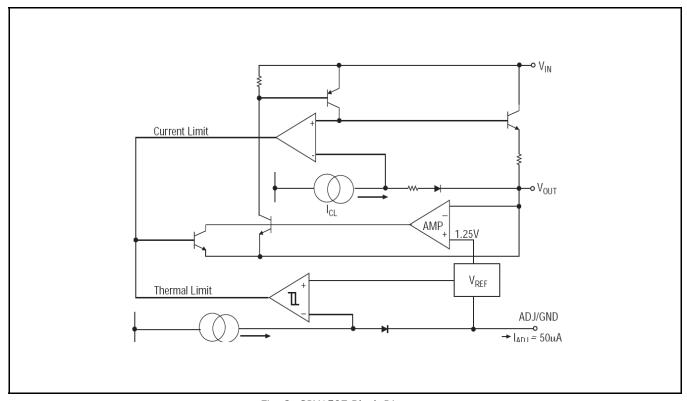


Fig. 2: SPX1587 Block Diagram





PIN ASSIGNMENT

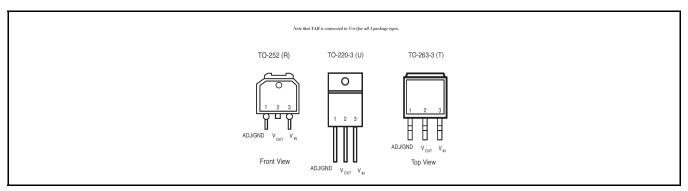


Fig. 3: SPX1587 Pin Assignment

PIN DESCRIPTION

Name	Pin Number	Description
ADJ/GND	1	Adjustable Voltage Pin or Ground signal for fixed voltage versions.
VOUT	2	Output Voltage
VIN	3	Input Voltage
TAB	TAB	Tab is connected to VOUT (pin 2) for all packages

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Junction Temperature Range	Marking	Package	Packing Quantity	Note 1
SPX1587T-L		Sipex		Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587T-L/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587T YYWWLX	TO263-3	500/Tape & Reel	
SPX1587T-L-1-5		Sipex		Bulk	_
SPX1587T-L-1-5/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587T TO263-3 15YYWWLX		500/Tape & Reel	Lead Free
SPX1587T-L-5-0		Sipex		Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587T-L-5-0/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587T 50YYWWLX	TO263-3	500/Tape & Reel	
SPX1587U-L-3-3	-40°C≤T _J ≤+125°C	Sipex SPX1587U 33YYWWLX	TO220-3	Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587U-L-5-0	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	Sipex SPX1587U 50YYWWLX	TO220-3	Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587AR-L		Sipex		Bulk	
SPX1587AR-L/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587AR TO252-3 YYWWLX		2K/Tape & Reel	Lead Free
SPX1587AT-L		Sipex		Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587AT-L/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587AT YYWWLX	TO263-3	500/Tape & Reel	
SPX1587AT-L-2-5		Sipex		Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587AT-L-2-5/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587AT 25YYWWLX	TO263-3	500/Tape & Reel	
SPX1587AT-L-3-3		Sipex		Bulk	Lead Free
SPX1587AT-L-3-3/TR	-40°C≤T ₁ ≤+125°C	SPX1587AT 33YYWWLX	TO263-3	500/Tape & Reel	
SPX1587AU-L	-40°C≤T _J ≤+125°C	Sipex SPX1587AU YYWWLX	TO220-3	Bulk	Lead Free

[&]quot;YY" = Year - "WW" = Work Week - "L" = Lead Free Indicator - "X" = Lot Number; when applicable.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

All data taken at $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5V$, $T_A = 25$ °C, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.

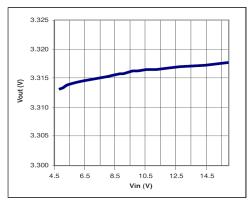


Fig. 4: Line Regulation for SPX1587U-3-3 I_{OUT} =10mA

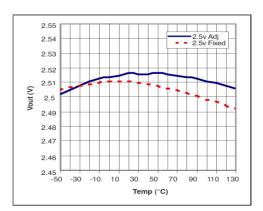


Fig. 6: V_{OUT} versus Temperature V_{IN} =4.0V, I_{OUT} =10mA

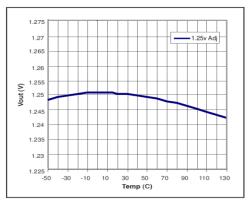


Fig. 5: V_{OUT} versus Temperature $V_{\text{IN}}{=}2.5\text{V}$, $I_{\text{OUT}}{=}10\text{mA}$

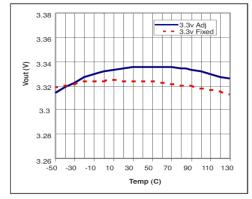


Fig. 7: V_{OUT} versus Temperature $V_{\text{IN}}{=}5.0\text{V}$, $I_{\text{OUT}}{=}10\text{mA}$

APPLICATION INFORMATION

OUTPUT CAPACITOR

To ensure the stability of the SPX1587, an output capacitor of at least 10µF (ceramic or tantalum) or 22µF (aluminum) is required. The value may change based on the application requirements of the output temperature range. The value of ESR can vary based on the type of capacitor used in the applications to quarantee stability. recommended value for ESR is 0.5Ω or less. A larger value of output capacitance (up to 100µF) improve the load transient can response.

SOLDERING METHODS

The SPX1587 die is attached to the heatsink lead which exits opposite the input, output, and ground pins.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

The SPX1587 features the internal thermal limiting to protect the device during overload conditions. Special care needs to be taken during continuous load conditions such that the maximum junction temperature does not exceed 125°C. Thermal protection is activated at >179°C and deactivated at <165 °C.

The thermal interaction from other components in the application can affect the



thermal resistance of the SPX1587. The actual thermal resistance can be determined with experimentation.

The SPX1587 power dissipation is calculated as follows:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$

Maximum Junction Temperature range:

$$T_I = T_{A(MAX)} + P_D \times \theta_{IA}$$

Where θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the package.

Maximum junction temperature must not exceed 125°C.

RIPPLE REJECTION

Ripple rejection can be improved by adding a capacitor between the ADJ pin and ground as shown in Figure 11. When ADJ pin bypassing is used, the value of the output capacitor required increases to its maximum. If the ADJ pin is not bypassed, the value of the output capacitor can be lowered to $22\mu F$ for an electrolytic aluminum capacitor or $10\mu F$ for a solid tantalum capacitor (Fig 10).

However the value of the ADJ-bypass capacitor should be chosen with respect to the following equation:

$$C = \frac{1}{6.28 \times F_R \times R_1}$$

Where

C = value of the capacitor in Farads (select an equal or larger standard value)

F_R= ripple frequency in Hz

 R_1 = value of resistor R1 in Ohms.

If an ADJ-bypass capacitor is used, the amplitude of the output ripple will be independent of the output voltage. If an ADJ-bypass capacitor is not used, the output ripple will be proportional to the ratio of the output voltage to the reference voltage:

$$M = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}}$$

Where

M = multiplier for the ripple seen when the ADJ pin is optimally bypassed.

$$V_{REF}=1.25V$$

Ripple rejection for the adjustable version is showing in Figure 8.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The output of the adjustable regulator can be set to any voltage between 1.25V and 15V. The value of V_{OUT} can be quickly approximated using the formula

$$V_{OUT} = 1.25 \times \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1}$$

Small correction to this formula is required depending on the values of resistors R1 and R2, since the adjustable pin current (approx 50μ A) flows through R2. When I_{ADJ} is taken into account, the formula becomes

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}\right) + I_{ADJ} \times R_2$$

Where

 $V_{RFF}=1.25V$

LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

Parasitic line resistance can degrade load regulation. In order to avoid this, connect R1 directly to V_{OUT} as illustrated in Figure 13. For the same reason, R2 should be connected to the negative side of the load.





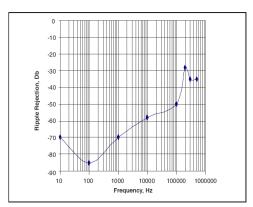


Fig. 8: Ripple Rejection V_{IN} =3.3V, V_{OUT} =1.8V(adj), I_{LOAD} =200mA

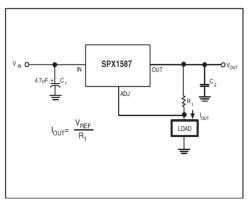


Fig. 9: Current Source

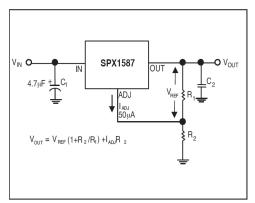


Fig. 10: Typical Adjustable Regulator

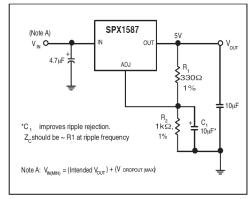


Fig. 11: Improving Ripple Rejection

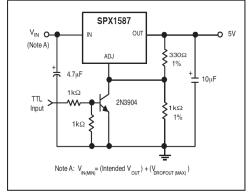


Fig. 12: 5V Regulator With Shutdown

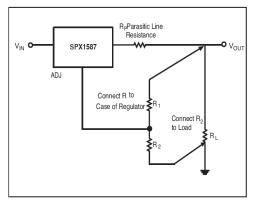
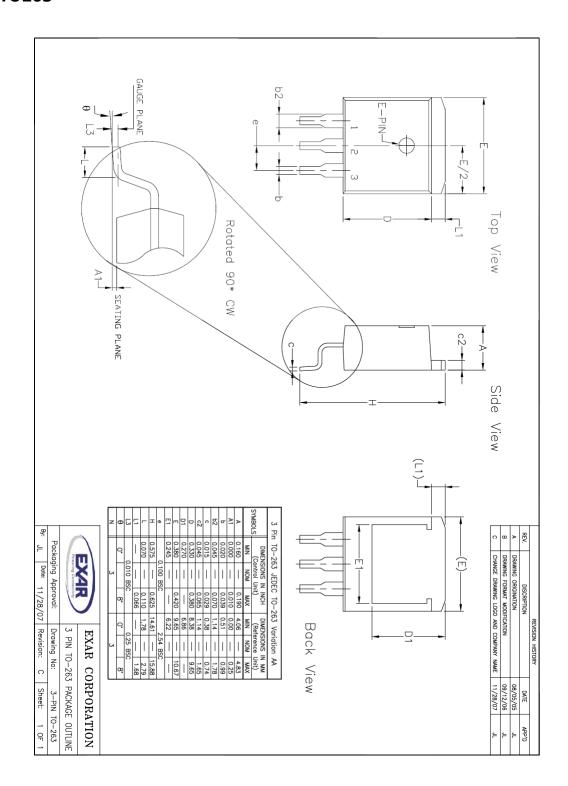


Fig. 13: Recommended Connections for Best Results



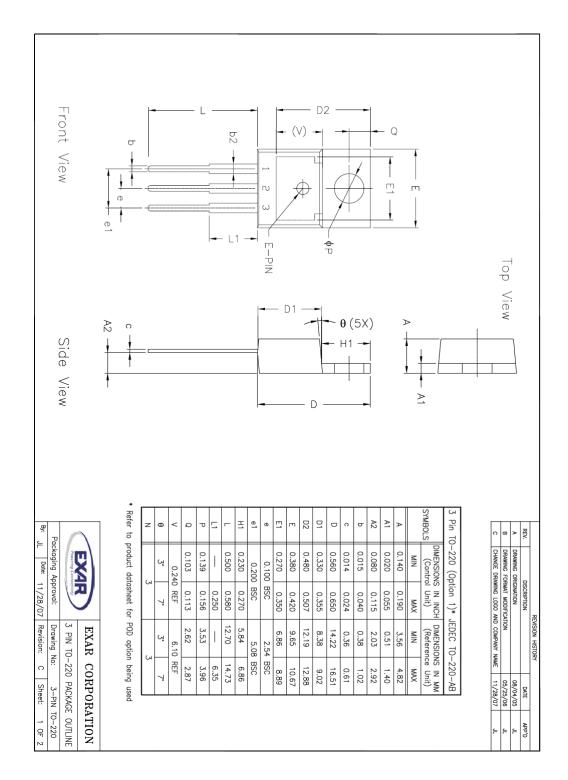
PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

3-PIN TO263



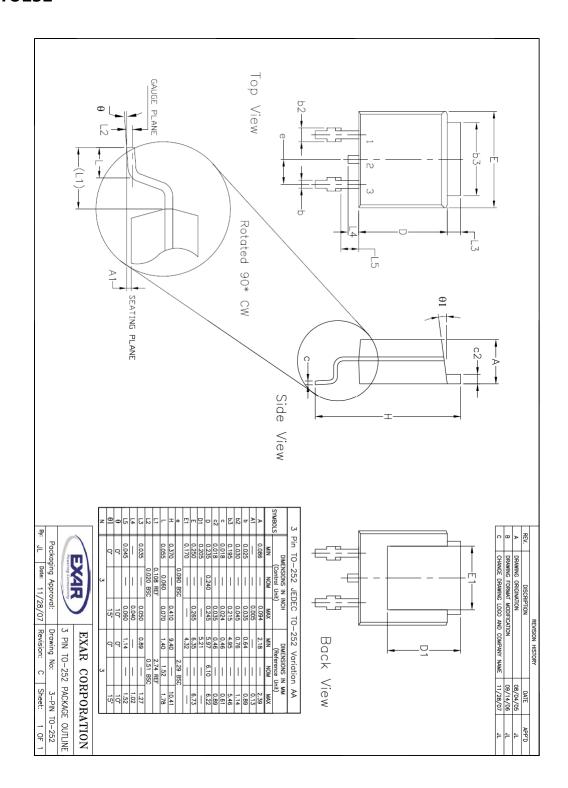


3-PIN TO220





3-PIN TO252





REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description
2.0.0		Reformat of datasheet Added marking information

FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

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