

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Supply Voltage V_{IN} 7.0V
Fault Flag Voltage V_{FLG} 7.0V
Fault Flag Current I_{FLG} 50mA
Enable Input V_{EN} -0.3V to 15V
Storage Temperature -65°C to 150°C
Soldering Temperature (10sec) 260°C
Maximum Junction Temperature 125°C
Power Dissipation (NSOIC-8)
(derate 6.14mW/°C above 70°C) 500mW

OPERATING RATINGS

Ambient Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications with standard type are for an Operating Ambient Temperature of $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ only; limits applying over the full Operating Junction Temperature range are denoted by a "•". Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{IN} = 5.0\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Supply Current		0.75	5.0	μA	$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "0"}$ OUT = open
		110	160		$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "1"}$ OUT = open
Enable Input Voltage	0.8	1.7		V	$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "0"}$
		2.0	2.4		$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "1"}$
Enable Input Current		0.01	1	μA	$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "0"}$
		0.01	1		$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "1"}$
Enable Input Capacitance		1		pF	
Output MOSFET Resistance		110	150	m Ω	
Output turn-on delay		100		μs	$R_L = 10\Omega$, each output
Output turn-on rise time		1000	4000	μs	$R_L = 10\Omega$, each output
Output turn-off delay		0.8	20	μs	$R_L = 10\Omega$, each output
Output turn-off fall time		0.7	20	μs	$R_L = 10\Omega$, each output
Output Leakage Current			10	μA	
Current limit threshold	0.6	1.0	1.25	A	
Over temperature shutdown threshold		135		$^\circ\text{C}$	Temperature T_J raising
		125			Temperature T_J decreasing
Error Flag Output Resistance		10	25	Ω	$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$, $I_L = 10\text{mA}$
		15	40		$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$, $I_L = 10\text{mA}$
Error Flag Current		0.01	1	μA	$V_{FLAG} = 5\text{V}$
UVLO threshold		2.6		V	V_{IN} increasing
		2.4			V_{IN} decreasing

BLOCK DIAGRAM

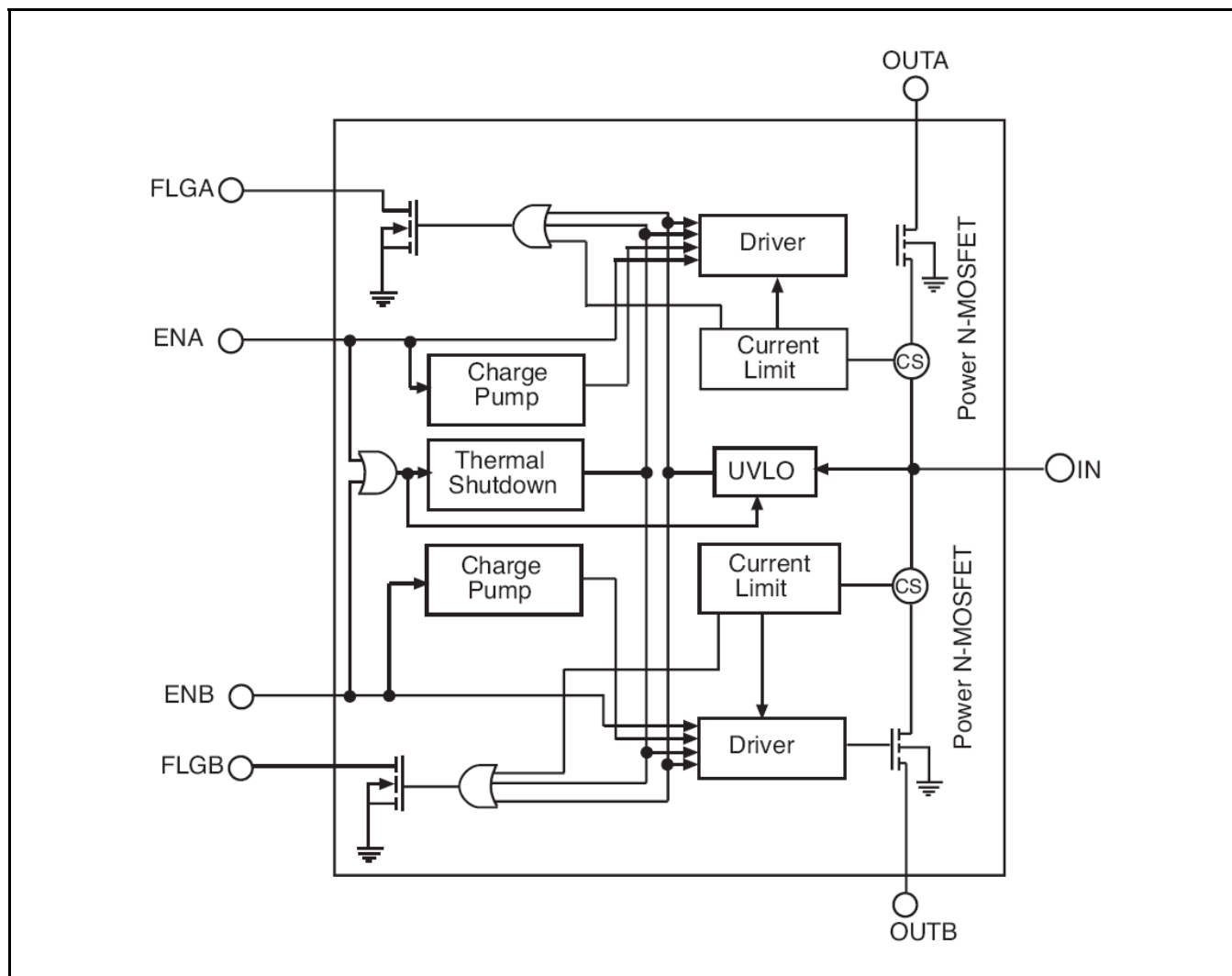


Fig. 2: SP2526A Block Diagram

PIN ASSIGNMENT

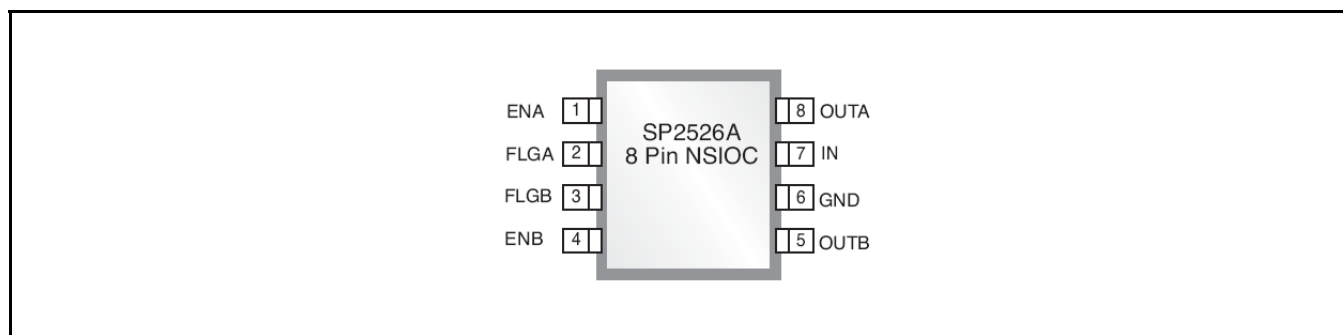


Fig. 3: SP2526A Pin Assignment



SP2526A

Dual Channel USB Power Distribution Switch

PIN DESCRIPTION

Name	Pin Number	Description
ENA	1	Enable Input for channel A. Active High for SP2526A-1 and Active Low for SP2526A-2
FLGA	2	An active-low and open-drained fault flag output for channel A. It can indicate current limit ENA is active. In normal mode operation (ENA and/or ENB is active), it also can indicate thermal shutdown or under voltage
FLGB	3	An active-low and open-drained fault flag output for channel B. It can indicate current limit ENA is active. In normal mode operation (ENA and/or ENB is active), it also can indicate thermal shutdown or under voltage
ENB	1	Enable Input for channel B. Active High for SP2526A-1 and Active Low for SP2526A-2
OUTB	5	Output for Channel B. This is the output pin of the MOSFET source of channel B, typically connected to the switched side of the load
GND	6	Ground
IN	7	Power Supply Input
OUTA	8	Output for Channel A. This is the output pin of the MOSFET source of channel A, typically connected to the switched side of the load

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Marking	Package	Packing Quantity	Note 1	Note 2
SP2526A-1EN-L	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	Sipex 2526A-1E YYWWL	NSOIC8	Bulk	RoHS Compliant Halogen Free	Enable Active high
SP2526A-1EN-L/TR	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.5K/Tape & Reel		
SP2526A-2EN-L	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	Sipex 2526A-2E YYWWL	NSOIC8	Bulk	RoHS Compliant Halogen Free	Enable Active Low
SP2526A-2EN-L/TR	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.5K/Tape & Reel		

“YY” = Year – “WW” = Work Week – “X” = Lot Number

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

All data taken at $V_{IN} = 5.0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.

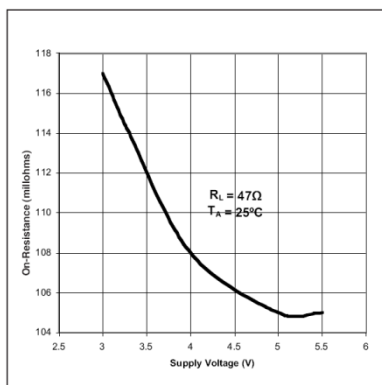


Fig. 4: Output On-Resistance vs Supply Voltage

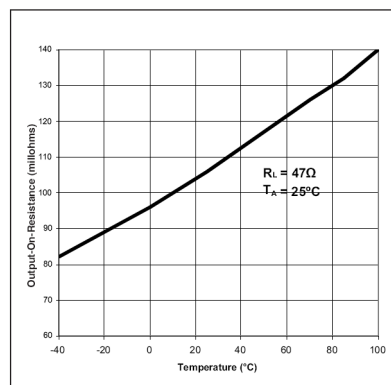


Fig. 5: Output On-Resistance vs Temperature

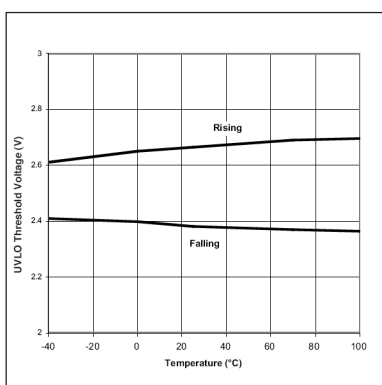


Fig. 6: UVLO Threshold vs Temperature

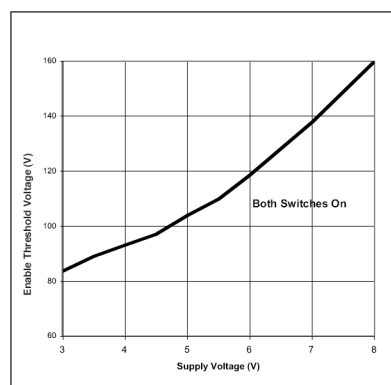


Fig. 7: On-state Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

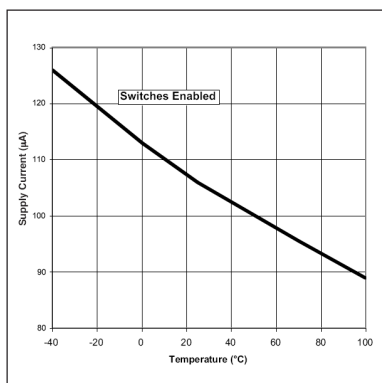


Fig. 8: On-state Supply Current vs Temperature

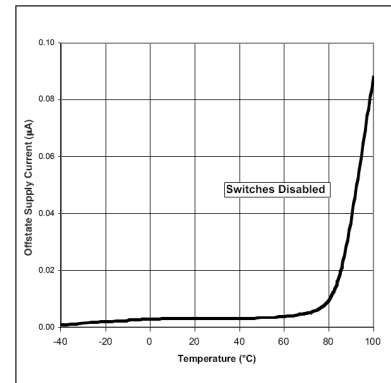


Fig. 9: Off-state Supply Current vs Temperature

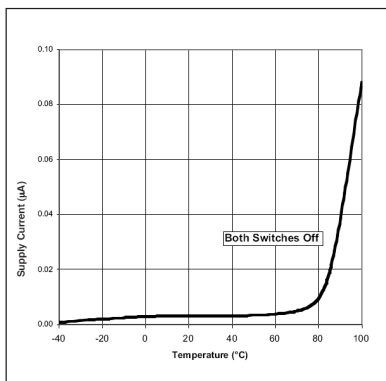


Fig. 10: Off-state Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

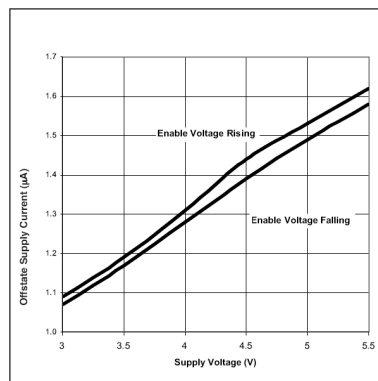


Fig. 11: Control Threshold vs Supply Voltage

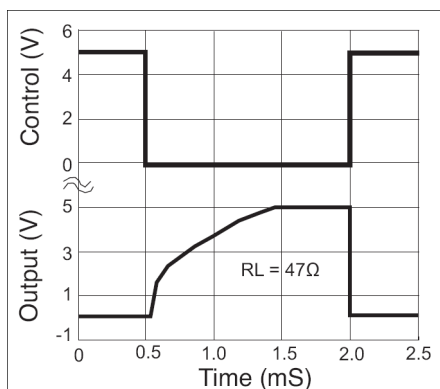


Fig. 12: Turn-on/Turn-off Characteristics

APPLICATION INFORMATION

ERROR FLAG

An open-drained output of an N-channel MOSFET, the FLG output is pulled low to signal the following fault conditions: input undervoltage, output current limit, and thermal shutdown.

CURRENT LIMIT

The current limit threshold is preset internally. It protects the output MOSFET switches from damage resulting from undesirable short circuit conditions or excess inrush current, which is often encountered during hot plug-in. The low limit of the current limit threshold of the SP2526A allows a minimum current of 0.6A through the MOSFET switches. A current limit condition will signal the Error Flag.

THERMAL SHUTDOWN

When the chip temperature exceeds 135°C for any reason other than overcurrent fault of either one of the two MOSFETs, the thermal shutdown function turns off both MOSFET switches and signals the error flag. A hysteresis of 10°C prevents the MOSFETs from turning back on until the chip temperature drops below 125°C. However, if thermal shutdown is triggered by chip temperature rise resulting from overcurrent fault condition of either one of the MOSFET switches, the thermal shutdown function will only turn off the switch that is in overcurrent condition and the other switch can still remain its normal operation. In other words, the thermal shutdown function of the two switches is independent of each other in the case of overcurrent fault.

SUPPLY FILTERING

A 0.1μF to 1μF bypass capacitor from IN to GND, located near the device, is strongly recommended to control supply transients. Without a bypass capacitor, an output short

may cause ringing on the input (from supply lead inductance) which can damage internal control circuitry.

TRANSIENT REQUIREMENTS

USB supports dynamic attachment (hot plugin) of peripherals. A current surge is caused by the input capacitance of a downstream device. Ferrite beads are recommended in series with all power and ground connector pins. Ferrite beads reduce EMI and limit the inrush current during hot-attachment by filtering high-frequency signals.

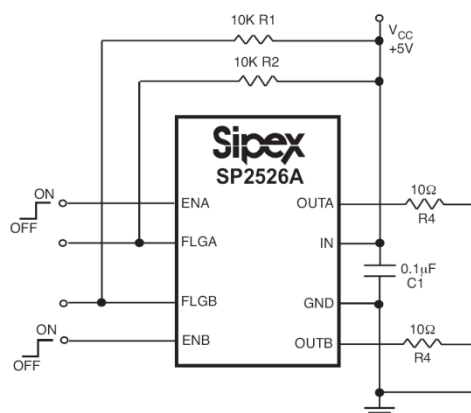
SHORT CIRCUIT TRANSIENT

Bulk capacitance provides the short-term transient current needed during a hot-attachment event. A 33μF/16V tantalum or a 100μF/10V electrolytic capacitor mounted close to the downstream connector at each port should provide sufficient transient drop protection.

PRINTED CIRCUIT LAYOUT

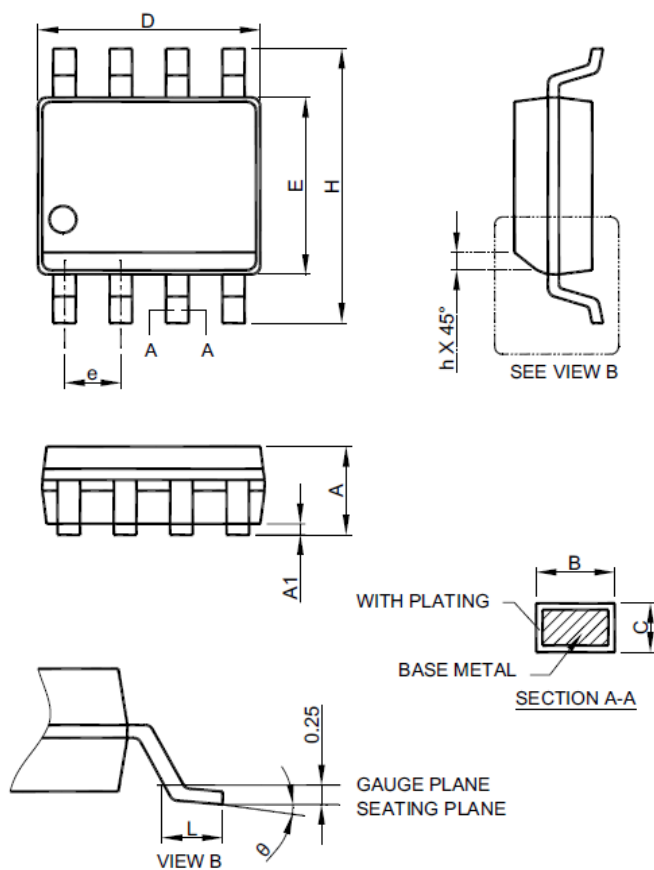
The Power circuitry of USB printed circuit boards requires a customized layout to maximize thermal dissipation and to minimize voltage drop and EMI.

TEST CIRCUIT



PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

8-PIN NSOIC



Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC MS-012AA.

2. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side.
3. Dimension "E" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

SYMBOL	8 PIN SOICN	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.33	0.51
C	0.19	0.25
D	4.80	5.00
E	3.80	4.00
e	1.27 BSC	
H	5.80	6.20
h	0.25	0.50
L	0.40	1.27
θ	0°	8°

**REVISION HISTORY**

Revision	Date	Description
2.0.0	11/19/2010	Reformat of datasheet
2.1.1	11/04/2011	Updated package specification

FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

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