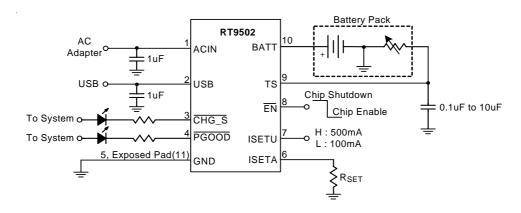
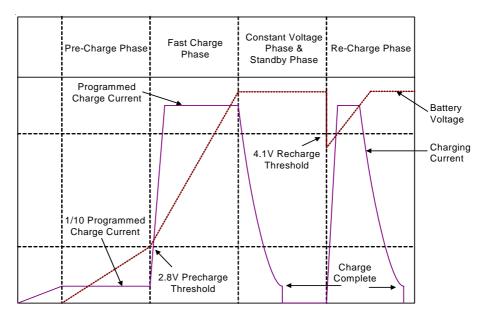


Typical Application Circuit





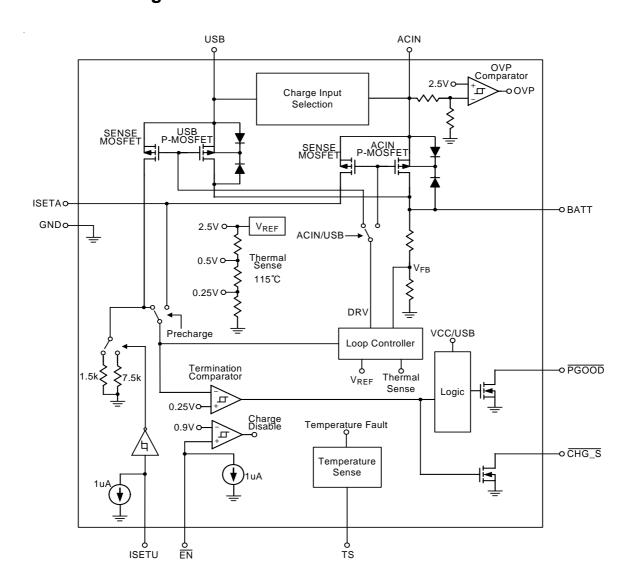
Functional Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function		
1	ACIN	AC Adaptor Charge Input Supply.		
2	USB	USB Charge Input Supply.		
3	CHG_S	Charge Status Indicator Output (open drain).		
4	PGOOD	Power Good Indicator Output (open drain).		
5	GND	Ground.		
6	ISETA	Wall Adaptor Supply Charge Current Set Point.		
7	ISETU	USB Supply Charge Current Set Input (active low).		
8	EN	Charge Enable Input (active low).		
9	TS	Temperature Sense Input.		
10	BATT	Battery Charge Current Output.		
11 (Exposed Pad)	GND	The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for		
,		maximum power dissipation.		

www.richtek.com DS9502-02 April 2011

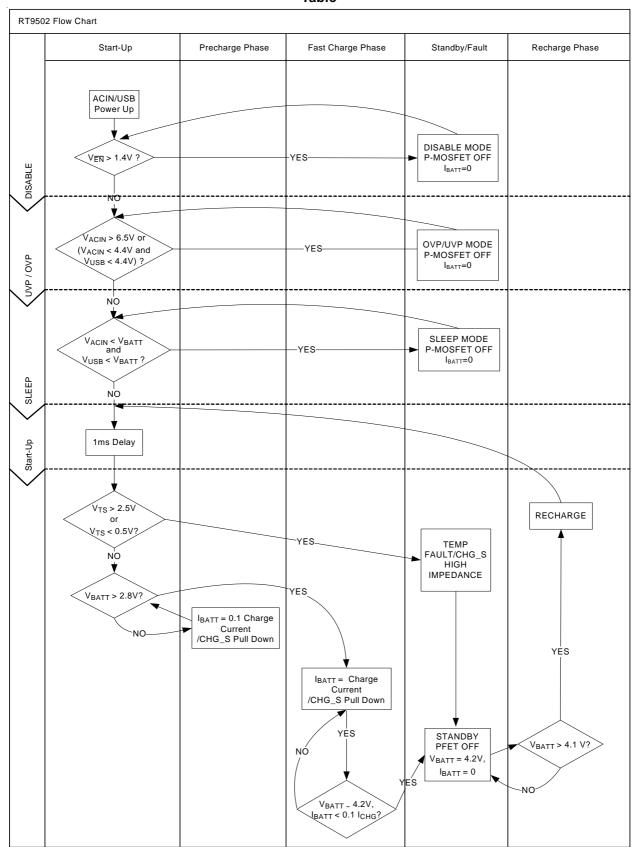


Function Block Diagram





Table





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

• ACIN Input Voltage	0.3V to 18V
• USB Input Voltage	0.3V to 7V
• EN Input Voltage	0.3V to 6V
• Output Current	- 1.2A
 Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C 	
WDFN-10L 3x3	- 0.926W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
WDFN-10L 3x3, θ_{JA}	- 108°C/W
WDFN-10L 3x3, θ_{JC}	8.2°C/W
• Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	- 260°C
• Junction Temperature	
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to 150°C
• ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Mode)	- 2kV
MM (Machine Mode)	- 200V
Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)	
ACIN, USB Input Voltage Range	- 4.5V to 6V

• Junction Temperature Range ------ -40°C to 125°C
• Ambient Temperature Range ------ -40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

(ACIN = USB = 5V, T_A = 27°C, Unless Otherwise specification)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	M in	Тур	Max	Units	
Supply Input							
ACIN/USB UVP Rising Threshold Voltage	V _{UV_HIGH}			4.4	4.5	V	
ACIN/USB UVP Hysteresis	V _{UV_LOW}		50	80	120	mV	
ACIN/USB Standby Current	I _{STBY}	V _{BATT} = 4.5V		300	500	uA	
ACIN/USB Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}	√EN = High		50	100	uA	
ACIN/USB UVP Current	I _{UVP}	$V_{ACIN} = 4V, V_{USB} = 4V,$ $V_{BATT} = 3V$		150	250	uA	
BATT Sleep Leakage Current	I _{SLEEP}	$V_{ACIN} = 4V, V_{USB} = 4V$ $V_{BATT} = 4.5V$		2	5	uA	
Voltage Regulation							
BATT Regulation Voltage	V _{REG}	I _{BATT} = 60mA	4.158	4.2	4.242	V	
Regulation Voltage Accuracy			-1		+1	%	
ACIN MOSFET	RDS(ON)_ACI	I _{BATT} = 500mA		600		mΩ	
USB MOSFET	R _{DS(ON)_USB}	I _{BATT} = 500mA		1200		mΩ	
Current Regulation							
ISETA Set Voltage (Fast Charge Phase)	VISETA	V _{BATT} = 3.5V	2.42	2.5	2.55	V	
Full Charge setting range	I _{CHG_ACIN}		100		1200	mA	

To be continued



ACIN Charge Curr		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
ACIN Charge Current accuracy		I _{CHG_ACIN}	$V_{BATT} = 3.8V; R_{ISET} = 1.5k\Omega$		500		mA
Precharge							
BATT Pre-charge Rising Threshold		V _{PRECH}		2.6	2.8	3	V
BATT Pre-charge Hysteresis	Threshold	ΔV_{PRECH}		50	100	200	mV
Pre-Charge Curre	nt	I _{PCHG}	V _{BATT} = 2V	8	10	12	%
Recharge Thresh	old						
BATT Re-charge F Hysteresis	Falling Threshold	ΔV _{RECH_L}	V _{REG} – V _{BATT}	60	100	150	mV
Charge Terminati	ion Detection						
ISETA Charge Termination Set Voltage		V _{TERM}	V _{BATT} = 4.2V	200	250	275	mV
Termination Curre	nt Ratio (default)	I _{TERM}	V _{BATT} = 4.2V		10		%
Logic Input/Outp	ut						
CHG_S Pull Down	n Voltage	V CHG_S	TBD; I _{CHG_S} = 5mA		65		mV
PGOOD Pull Down	n Voltage	VPGOOD	TBD; I _{PGOOD} = 5mA		220		mV
EN Threshold	_ogic-High Voltage	V _{IH}		1.5	-		V
	ogic-Low Voltage	V _{IL}			-	0.4	V
EN Pin Input Current		IEN	V _{EN} = 2V		-	2	uA
ISETU H	High Voltage	V _{ISETU_HIGH}		1.5	-		V
Threshold L	₋ow Voltage	VISETU_LOW			ı	0.4	V
ISETU Pin Input C	Current	I _{ISETU}	V _{ISETU} =2V		1	2	uA
USB Charge Curr	rent & Timing					,	
USB Charge Current		I _{CHG(USB100)}	$V_{USB} = 5V$; $V_{BATT} = 3.5V$, $I_{SETU} = 0V$		-	100	mA
		I _{CHG(USB500)}	$V_{USB} = 5V$; $V_{BATT} = 3.5V$, $I_{SETU} = 5V$	400	450	500	IIIA
Battery Temperature Sense							
TS Pin Source Current		I _{TS}	V _{TS} = 1.5V	96	102	108	uA
	_ow Voltage	V _{TS_LOW}	Falling	0.485	0.5	0.515	V
Threshold _F	High Voltage	V _{TS_HIGH}	Rising	2.45	2.5	2.55	V
Protection							
Thermal Regulation					125		°C
OVP SET			Internal Default		6.5		V

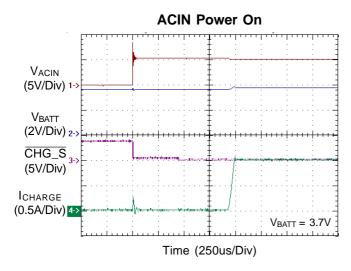
www.richtek.com DS9502-02 April 2011 6

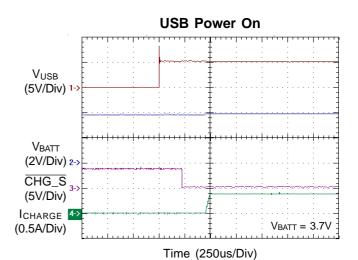


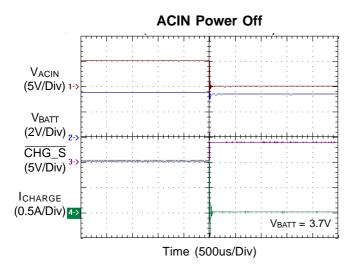
- **Note 1.** Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at $T_A = 25$ °C on a high effective thermal conductivity test board (4 layers, 1S) of JEDEC 51-7 thermal measurement standard. The case point of θ_{JC} is on the expose pad for the package.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

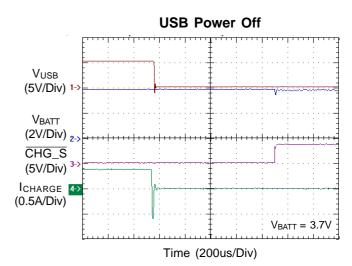


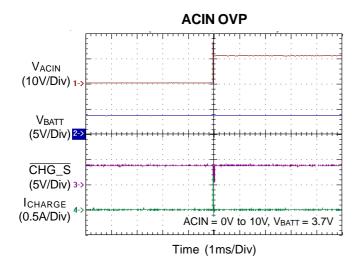
Typical Operating Characteristics

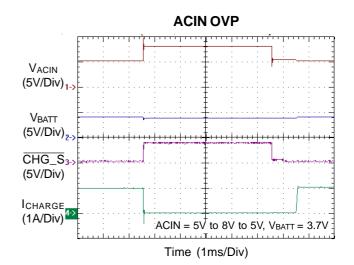






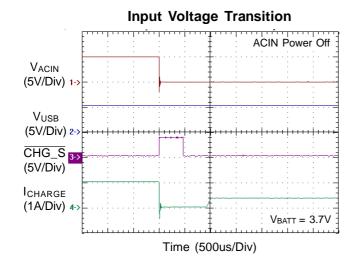


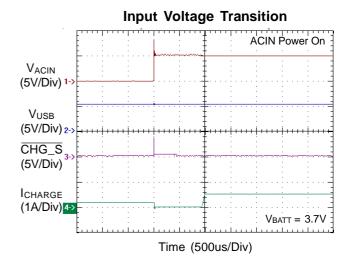




9









Application Information

Automatically Power Source Selection

The RT9502 is a battery charger IC which is designed for Li-ion Battery with 4.2V rated voltage.

The RT9502 can be adopted for two input power source, ACIN or USB Input. It will automatically select the input source and operate in different mode as below.

ACIN Mode: When the ACIN input voltage (ACIN) is higher than the UVP voltage level (4.4V), the RT9502 will enter ACIN Mode. In the ACIN Mode, ACIN P-MOSFET is turned on and USB P-MOSFET is turned off.

USB Mode: When ACIN input voltage is lower than UVP voltage level and USB input voltage is higher than UVP voltage level (4.4V), the RT9502 will operate in the USB Mode. In the USB Mode, ACIN P-MOSFET is turned off and USB P-MOSFET is turned on.

Sleep Mode: The RT9502 will enter Sleep Mode when both ACIN and USB input voltage are removed. This feature provides low leakage current from the battery during the absence of input supply.

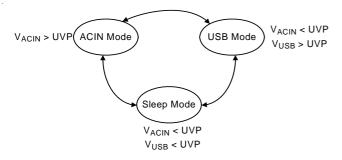


Figure 1. Input Power Source Operation Mode.

ACIN Over Voltage Protection

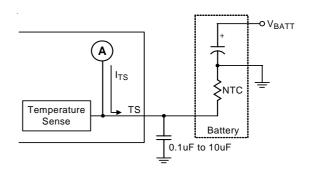
The ACIN input voltage is monitored by an internal OVP comparator. The comparator has an accurate reference of 2.5V from the band-gap reference. The OVP threshold is set by the internal resistive. The protection threshold is set to 6.5V. When the input voltage exceeds the threshold, the comparator outputs a logic signal to turn off the power P-MOSFET to prevent the high input voltage from damaging the electronics in the handheld system. When the input over oltage condition is removed (ACIN < 6V), the comparator re-enables the output by running through the soft-start.

Battery Temperature Monitoring

The RT9502 continuously monitors battery temperature by measuring the voltage between the TS and GND pins. The RT9502 has an internal current source to provide the bias for the most common $10k\Omega$ negative-temperature coefficient thermal resistor (NTC) (see Figure 2). The RT9502 compares the voltage on the TS pin against the internal VTS_HIGH and VTS_LOW thresholds to determine if charging is allowed.

When the temperature outside the VTS_HIGH and VTS_LOW thresholds is detected, the device will immediately stop the charge. The RT9502 stops charge and keep monitoring the battery temperature when the temperature sense input voltage is back to the threshold between VTS_HIGH and VTS_LOW, the charger will be resumed. Charge is resumed when the temperature returns to the normal range. However the user may modify thresholds by the negative-temperature coefficient thermal resistor or adding two external resistors. (see Figure 3.)

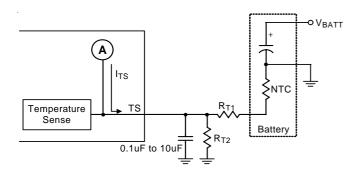
The capacitor should be placed close to TS(Pin 9) and connected to the ground plane. The capacitance value (0.1uF to 10uF) should be selected according to the quality of PCB layout. It is recommended to use 10uF if the layout is poor if prevent noise.



 $V_{TS} = I_{TS} \times R_{NTC}$ Turn off when $V_{TS} \ge 2.5 V$ or $V_{TS} \le 0.5 V$

Figure 2. Temperature Sensing Configuration

www.richtek.com DS9502-02 April 2011



$$\begin{split} V_{TS} = I_{TS} \, \frac{R_{T2} \times (R_{T1} + R_{NTC})}{R_{T1} + R_{T2} + R_{NTC}} \\ Turn \, \text{off when} \, V_{TS} \geq 2.5 V \, \text{or} \, V_{TS} \leq 0.5 V \end{split}$$

Figure 3. Temperature Sensing Circuit

Fast-Charge Current Setting

Case 1: ACIN Mode

The RT9502 offers ISETA pin to determine the ACIN charge rate from 100mA to 1.2A. The charge current can be calculated as following equation.

$$I_{charge_ac} = K_{SET} \frac{V_{SET}}{R_{SETA}}$$

The parameter $K_{\text{SET}} = 300$; $V_{\text{SET}} = 2.5 \text{V}$. R_{SETA} is the resistor connected between the ISETA and GND.

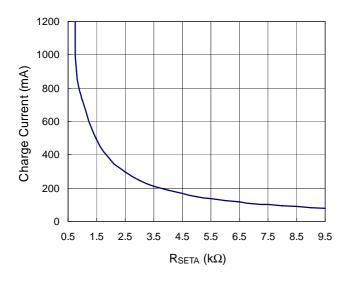


Figure 4. ACIN Mode Charge Current Setting

Case 2: USB Mode

When charging from a USB port, the ISETU pin can be used to determine the charge current of 100mA or 500mA.

A low-level signal of ISETU pin sets the charge current at 100mA and a high level signal sets the charge current at 500mA.

Pre- Charge Current Setting

During a charge cycle if the battery voltage is below the VPRECH threshold, the RT9502 applies a pre-charge mode to the battery. This feature revives deeply discharged cells and protects battery life. The RT9502 internal determines the pre-charge rate as 10% of the fast-charge current.

Battery Voltage Regulation

The RT9502 monitors the battery voltage through the BATT pin. Once the battery voltage level closes to the VREG threshold, the RT9502 voltage enters constant phase and the charging current begins to taper down. When battery voltage is over the VREG threshold, the RT9502 will stop charge and keep to monitor the battery voltage. However, when the battery voltage decreases 100mV below the V_{REG} , it will be recharged to keep the battery voltage.

Charge Status Outputs

The open-drain CHG_S and PGOOD outputs indicate various charger operations as shown in the following table.

These status pins can be used to drive LEDs or communicate to the host processor. Note that ON indicates the open-drain transistor is turned on and LED is bright.

Charge State		CHG_S	PGOOD	
ACIN	Charge	ON	ON	
ACIN	Charge done	OFF	ON	
USB	Charge	ON	OFF	
USB	Charge done	OFF	OFF	

11



Temperature Regulation and Thermal Protection

In order to maximize the charge rate, the RT9502 features a junction temperature regulation loop. If the power dissipation of the IC results in a junction temperature greater than the thermal regulation threshold (125°C), the RT9502 throttles back on the charge current in order to maintain a junction temperature around the thermal regulation threshold (125°C). The RT9502 monitors the junction temperature, $T_{\rm J}$, of the die and disconnects the battery from the input if $T_{\rm J}$ exceeds 125°C. This operation continues until junction temperature falls below thermal regulation threshold (125°C) by the hysteresis level. This feature prevents the chip from damage.

Selecting the Input and Output Capacitors

In most applications, the most important is the high-frequency decoupling capacitor on the input of the RT9502. A 1uF ceramic capacitor, placed in close proximity to input pin and GND pin is recommended. In some applications depending on the power supply characteristics and cable length, it may be necessary to add an additional 10uF ceramic capacitor to the input. The RT9502 requires a small output capacitor for loop stability. A 1uF ceramic capacitor placed between the BATT pin and GND is typically sufficient.

Layout Consideration

The RT9502 is a fully integrated low cost single-cell Lilon battery charger ideal for portable applications. Careful PCB layout is necessary. For best performance, place all peripheral components as close to the IC as possible. A short connection is highly recommended. The following guidelines should be strictly followed when designing a PCB layout for the RT9502.

- ▶ Input capacitor should be placed close to IC and connected to ground plane. The trace of input in the PCB should be placed far away the sensitive devices or shielded by the ground.
- ▶ The GND should be connected to a strong ground plane for heat sinking and noise protection.
- The connection of R_{SETA} should be isolated from other noisy traces. The short wire is recommended to prevent EMI and noise coupling.

- ▶ Output capacitor should be placed close to IC and connected to ground plane to reduce noise coupling.
- ▶ The TS's capacitor should be placed close to TS (Pin 9) and connected to ground plane. The capacitance (0.1uF to 10uF) base on PCB layout. When PCB has poor layout, the 10uF is recommended to prevent noise.

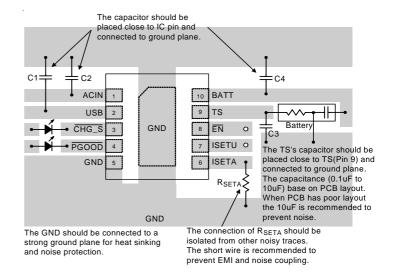


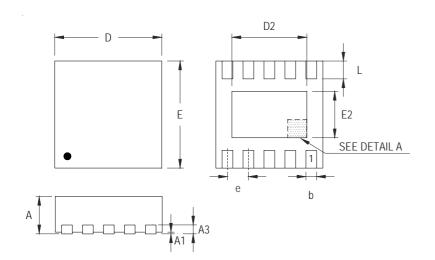
Figure 5

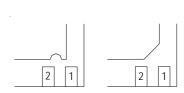
www.richtek.com DS9502-02 April 2011

12



Outline Dimension





<u>DETAIL A</u>

Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

Note: The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol	Dimensions I	In Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
A3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
b	0.180	0.300	0.007	0.012	
D	2.950	3.050	0.116	0.120	
D2	2.300	2.650	0.091	0.104	
Е	2.950	3.050	0.116	0.120	
E2	1.500	1.750	0.059	0.069	
е	0.5	500	0.0)20	
L	0.350	0.450	0.014	0.018	

W-Type 10L DFN 3x3 Package

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