1 Characteristics

Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings (Tamb = 25 °C)					
Symbol	Parar	Value	Unit		
Vpp	Peak pulse voltage IEC 61000-4-2: Contact discharge Air discharge		>30 >30	kV	
P _{PP}	Peak pulse power 8/20µs		4800	W	
IPP	Peak pulse current 8/20µs		160	А	
T _{stg}	Storage junction temperature	-55 to + 150	°C		
T _{op}	Operating junction temperate	-55 to + 150	C		

Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings ($T_{amb} = 25$ °C)

Figure 2: Electrical characteristics (definitions)

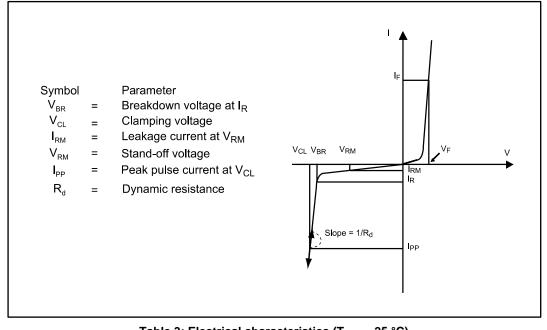
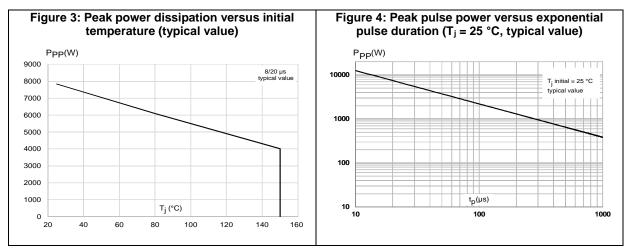


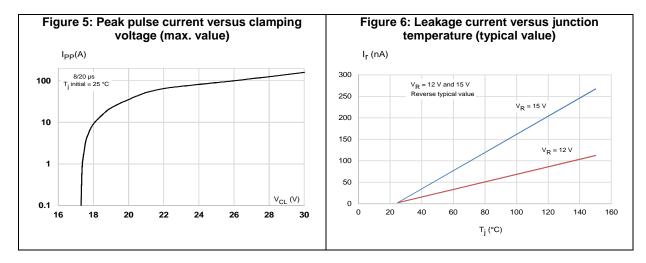
Table 3:	Electrical	characteristics	(Tamb = 25 °	C)
	E 1000110001			~,

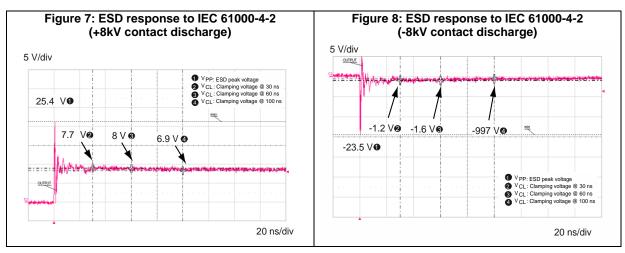
Symbol	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VBR	I _R = 1 mA	15.7	16.5	17.7	V
V _{RM}				15	V
Irm	V _{RM} = 12 V			100	nA
Irm	V _{RM} = 15 V			200	nA
Rd	8/20 µs		0.07		Ω
Vcl	I _{PP} = 100 A, 8/20 μs		24	26	V
Vcl	I _{PP} = 160 A, 8/20 μs		28	30	V
C _{BUS}	$V_{BUS} = 0 V$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{OSC} = 30 mV$		1200		pF



1.1 Curves







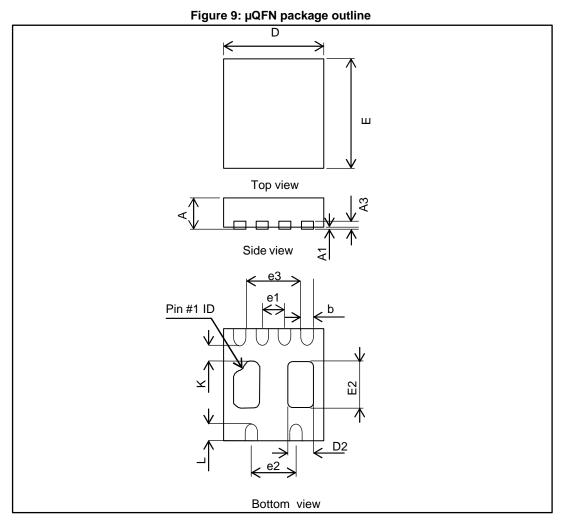
Doc030246 Rev 1

57

2 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: *www.st.com*. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

2.1 QFN1610



4/10

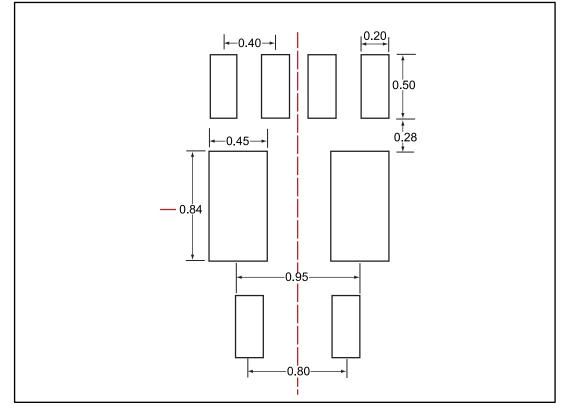


ESDA17P100-1U2M

Package information

	Table 4: μQFN package mechanical data						
		Dimensions					
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches	hes	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Α	0.51	0.55	0.60	0.0201	0.0217	0.0236	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.0000	0.0008	0.0020	
A3		0.15					
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.0059	0.0079	0.0098	
D	1.70	1.80	1.90	0.0669	0.0709	0.0748	
E	1.90	2.0	2.10	0.0748	0.0787	0.0827	
e1		0.4			0.0157		
e2		0.80			0.0315		
D2	0.30	0.45	0.55	0.0118	0.0177	0.0217	
E2	0.69	0.84	0.94	0.0272	0.0331	0.0370	
e3		0.95			0.0374		
k		0.28			0.0110		
L	0.20	0.030	0.40	0.0079	0.0118	0.0157	
Ν		6.00					

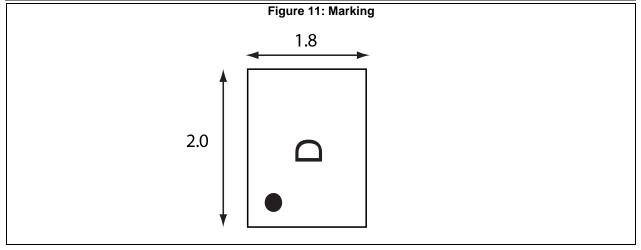
Figure 10: µQFN footprint



Doc030246 Rev 1

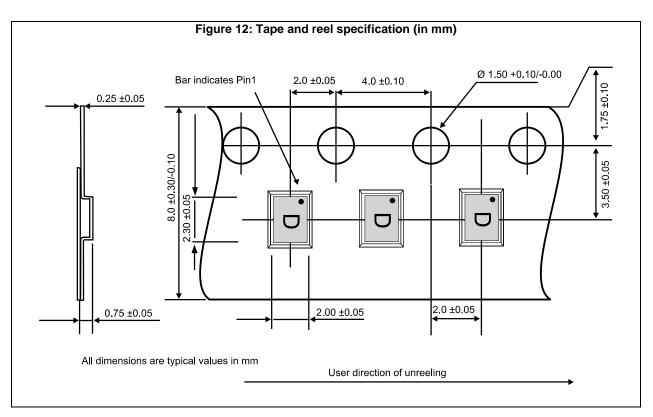
Package information

ESDA17P100-1U2M



3

Product marking may be rotated by multiples of 90° for assembly plant differentiation. In no case should this product marking be used to orient the component for its placement on a PCB. Only pin 1 mark is to be used for this purpose.

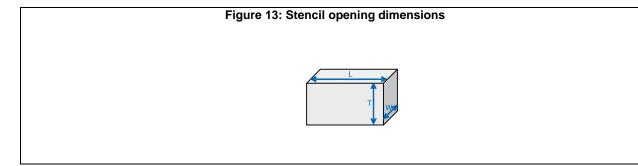


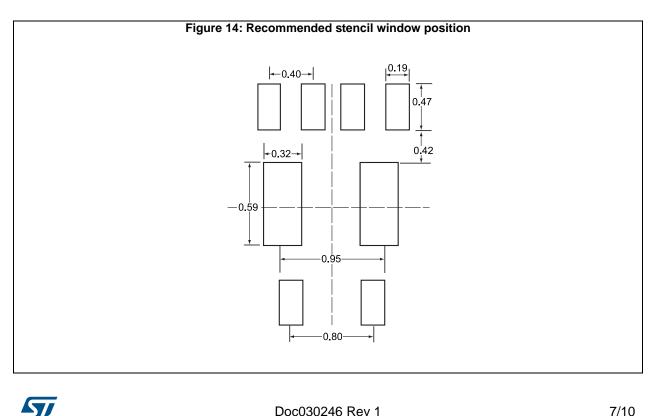


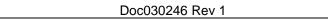
3 **Recommendation PCB**

Stencil opening 3.1

- 1. General recommendation on stencil opening design
 - Stencil opening dimensions: L (Length), W (Width), T (Thickness). a.
- 2. General design rule
 - Stencil thickness (T) = 75 ~ 125 μ m Aspect ratio = $\frac{W}{T} \ge 1.5$ a.
 - b.
 - Aspect area = $\frac{L \times W}{2T(L+W)} \ge 0.66$ c.
- Reference design 3.
 - Stencil opening thickness: 100 µm a.
 - Stencil opening for leads: Opening to footprint ratio is 90%. b.







7/10

3.2 Solder paste

- 1. Use halide-free flux, qualification ROL0 according to ANSI/J-STD-004.
- 2. "No clean" solder paste is recommended.
- 3. Offers a high tack force to resist component movement during PCB movement.
- 4. Solder paste with fine particles: powder particle size is $20-45 \ \mu m$.

3.3 Placement

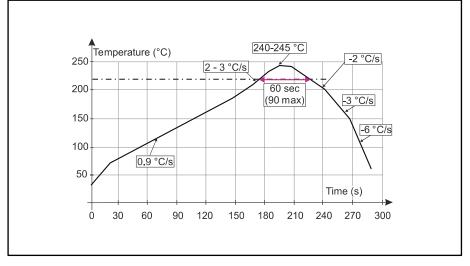
- 1. Manual positioning is not recommended.
- 2. It is recommended to use the lead recognition capabilities of the placement system, not the outline centering
- 3. Standard tolerance of ± 0.05 mm is recommended.
- 4. 3.5 N placement force is recommended. Too much placement force can lead to squeezed out solder paste and cause solder joints to short. Too low placement force can lead to insufficient contact between package and solder paste that could cause open solder joints or badly centered packages.
- 5. To improve the package placement accuracy, a bottom side optical control should be performed with a high resolution tool.
- 6. For assembly, a perfect supporting of the PCB (all the more on flexible PCB) is recommended during solder paste printing, pick and place and reflow soldering by using optimized tools.

3.4 PCB design preference

- 1. To control the solder paste amount, the closed via is recommended instead of open vias.
- 2. The position of tracks and open vias in the solder area should be well balanced. A symmetrical layout is recommended, to avoid any tilt phenomena caused by asymmetrical solder paste due to solder flow away.

3.5 Reflow







Minimize air convection currents in the reflow oven to avoid component movement.

Doc030246 Rev 1



8/10

4 Ordering information

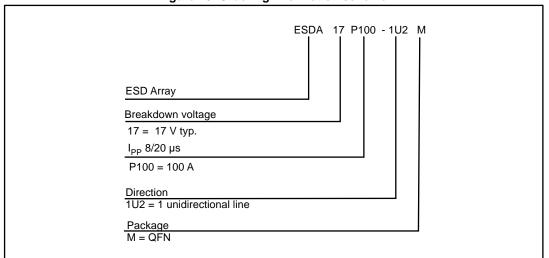


Figure 16: Ordering information scheme

Table 5: Ordering information

Order code	Marking ⁽¹⁾	Package	Weight	Base qty.	Delivery mode
ESDA17P100-1U2M	D	μQFN	6 mg	5000	Tape and reel

Notes:

 $^{(1)}\mbox{The}$ marking can be rotated by multiples of 90° to differentiate assembly location

5 Revision history

Table 6: Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
14-Mar-2017	1	Initial release.



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