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## SPECIFICATIONS

### ADR390 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V to }15\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                         | Conditions                                                                                                       | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Unit                  |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE                   | $V_O$                          | A grade                                                                                                          | 2.042 | 2.048 | 2.054 | V                     |
|                                  | $V_O$                          | B grade                                                                                                          | 2.044 | 2.048 | 2.052 | V                     |
| INITIAL ACCURACY                 | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 6     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 0.29  | %                     |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 4     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 0.19  | %                     |
| TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT          | $TCV_O$                        | A grade: $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                          |       |       | 25    | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|                                  |                                | B grade: $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                          |       |       | 9     | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE HEADROOM          | $V_{IN} - V_O$                 |                                                                                                                  | 300   |       |       | mV                    |
| LINE REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$   | $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V to }15\text{ V}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                          |       | 10    | 25    | ppm/V                 |
| LOAD REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{LOAD}$ | $I_{LOAD} = 0\text{ mA to }5\text{ mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$  |       |       | 60    | ppm/mA                |
|                                  |                                | $I_{LOAD} = 0\text{ mA to }5\text{ mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$ |       |       | 140   | ppm/mA                |
| QUIESCENT CURRENT                | $I_{IN}$                       | No load                                                                                                          |       |       | 120   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
|                                  |                                | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                   |       |       | 140   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| VOLTAGE NOISE                    | $e_{n\text{-p}}$               | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz                                                                                                  |       | 5     |       | $\mu\text{V p-p}$     |
| TURN-ON SETTLING TIME            | $t_R$                          |                                                                                                                  |       | 20    |       | $\mu\text{s}$         |
| LONG-TERM STABILITY <sup>1</sup> | $\Delta V_O$                   | 1000 hours                                                                                                       |       | 50    |       | ppm                   |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE HYSTERESIS        | $\Delta V_{O\_HYS}$            |                                                                                                                  |       | 100   |       | ppm                   |
| RIPPLE REJECTION RATIO           | RRR                            | $f_{IN} = 60\text{ Hz}$                                                                                          |       | -80   |       | dB                    |
| SHORT CIRCUIT TO GND             | $I_{SC}$                       | $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$                                                                                            |       | 25    |       | mA                    |
|                                  |                                | $V_{IN} = 15\text{ V}$                                                                                           |       | 30    |       | mA                    |
| SHUTDOWN PIN                     |                                |                                                                                                                  |       |       |       |                       |
| Shutdown Supply Current          | $I_{SHDN}$                     |                                                                                                                  |       |       | 3     | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| Shutdown Logic Input Current     | $I_{LOGIC}$                    |                                                                                                                  |       |       | 500   | nA                    |
| Shutdown Logic Low               | $V_{INL}$                      |                                                                                                                  |       |       | 0.8   | V                     |
| Shutdown Logic High              | $V_{INH}$                      |                                                                                                                  | 2.4   |       |       | V                     |

<sup>1</sup> The long-term stability specification is noncumulative. The drift of subsequent 1000 hour periods is significantly lower than in the first 1000 hour period.

# ADR390

## ADR391 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 2.8 \text{ V to } 15 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                         | Conditions                                                                                                           | Min   | Typ | Max   | Unit                  |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|-----------------------|
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE                   | $V_O$                          | A grade                                                                                                              | 2.494 | 2.5 | 2.506 | V                     |
|                                  | $V_O$                          | B grade                                                                                                              | 2.496 | 2.5 | 2.504 | V                     |
| INITIAL ACCURACY                 | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                              |       |     | 6     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                              |       |     | 0.24  | %                     |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                              |       |     | 4     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                              |       |     | 0.16  | %                     |
| TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT          | $TCV_O$                        | A grade, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                              |       |     | 25    | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|                                  |                                | B grade, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                              |       |     | 9     | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE HEADROOM          | $V_{IN} - V_O$                 |                                                                                                                      | 300   |     |       | mV                    |
| LINE REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$   | $V_{IN} = 2.8 \text{ V to } 15 \text{ V}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                           |       | 10  | 25    | ppm/V                 |
| LOAD REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{LOAD}$ | $I_{LOAD} = 0 \text{ mA to } 5 \text{ mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN} = 3 \text{ V}$  |       |     | 60    | ppm/mA                |
|                                  |                                | $I_{LOAD} = 0 \text{ mA to } 5 \text{ mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN} = 3 \text{ V}$ |       |     | 140   | ppm/mA                |
| QUIESCENT CURRENT                | $I_{IN}$                       | No load                                                                                                              |       |     | 120   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
|                                  |                                | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                       |       |     | 140   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| VOLTAGE NOISE                    | $e_{np-p}$                     | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz                                                                                                      |       | 5   |       | $\mu\text{V p-p}$     |
| TURN-ON SETTLING TIME            | $t_R$                          |                                                                                                                      |       | 20  |       | $\mu\text{s}$         |
| LONG-TERM STABILITY <sup>1</sup> | $\Delta V_O$                   | 1000 hours                                                                                                           |       | 50  |       | ppm                   |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE HYSTERESIS        | $\Delta V_{O\_HYS}$            |                                                                                                                      |       | 100 |       | ppm                   |
| RIPPLE REJECTION RATIO           | RRR                            | $f_{IN} = 60 \text{ Hz}$                                                                                             |       | -80 |       | dB                    |
| SHORT CIRCUIT TO GND             | $I_{SC}$                       | $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$                                                                                               |       | 25  |       | mA                    |
|                                  |                                | $V_{IN} = 15 \text{ V}$                                                                                              |       | 30  |       | mA                    |
| SHUTDOWN PIN                     |                                |                                                                                                                      |       |     |       |                       |
| Shutdown Supply Current          | $I_{SHDN}$                     |                                                                                                                      |       |     | 3     | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| Shutdown Logic Input Current     | $I_{LOGIC}$                    |                                                                                                                      |       |     | 500   | nA                    |
| Shutdown Logic Low               | $V_{INL}$                      |                                                                                                                      |       |     | 0.8   | V                     |
| Shutdown Logic High              | $V_{INH}$                      |                                                                                                                      | 2.4   |     |       | V                     |

<sup>1</sup> The long-term stability specification is noncumulative. The drift of subsequent 1000 hour periods is significantly lower than in the first 1000 hour period.

# ADR392 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 4.3\text{ V to }15\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 4.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                         | Conditions                                                                                                       | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Unit                  |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE                   | $V_O$                          | A grade                                                                                                          | 4.090 | 4.096 | 4.102 | V                     |
|                                  | $V_O$                          | B grade                                                                                                          | 4.091 | 4.096 | 4.101 | V                     |
| INITIAL ACCURACY                 | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 6     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 0.15  | %                     |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 5     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                          |       |       | 0.12  | %                     |
| TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT          | $TCV_O$                        | A grade, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                          |       |       | 25    | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|                                  |                                | B grade, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                          |       |       | 9     | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE HEADROOM          | $V_{IN} - V_O$                 |                                                                                                                  | 300   |       |       | mV                    |
| LINE REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$   | $V_{IN} = 4.3\text{ V to }15\text{ V}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                          |       | 10    | 25    | ppm/V                 |
| LOAD REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{LOAD}$ | $I_{LOAD} = 0\text{ mA to }5\text{ mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ |       |       | 140   | ppm/mA                |
| QUIESCENT CURRENT                | $I_{IN}$                       | No load                                                                                                          |       |       | 120   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
|                                  |                                | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                   |       |       | 140   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| VOLTAGE NOISE                    | $e_{n-p}$                      | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz                                                                                                  |       | 7     |       | $\mu\text{V p-p}$     |
| TURN-ON SETTLING TIME            | $t_R$                          |                                                                                                                  |       | 20    |       | $\mu\text{s}$         |
| LONG-TERM STABILITY <sup>1</sup> | $\Delta V_O$                   | 1000 hours                                                                                                       |       | 50    |       | ppm                   |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE HYSTERESIS        | $\Delta V_{O\_HYS}$            |                                                                                                                  |       | 100   |       | ppm                   |
| RIPPLE REJECTION RATIO           | RRR                            | $f_{IN} = 60\text{ Hz}$                                                                                          |       | -80   |       | dB                    |
| SHORT CIRCUIT TO GND             | $I_{SC}$                       | $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$                                                                                            |       | 25    |       | mA                    |
|                                  |                                | $V_{IN} = 15\text{ V}$                                                                                           |       | 30    |       | mA                    |
| SHUTDOWN PIN                     |                                |                                                                                                                  |       |       |       |                       |
| Shutdown Supply Current          | $I_{SHDN}$                     |                                                                                                                  |       |       | 3     | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| Shutdown Logic Input Current     | $I_{LOGIC}$                    |                                                                                                                  |       |       | 500   | nA                    |
| Shutdown Logic Low               | $V_{INL}$                      |                                                                                                                  |       |       | 0.8   | V                     |
| Shutdown Logic High              | $V_{INH}$                      |                                                                                                                  | 2.4   |       |       | V                     |

<sup>1</sup> The long-term stability specification is noncumulative. The drift of subsequent 1000 hour periods is significantly lower than in the first 1000 hour period.

# ADR390

## ADR395 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V}$  to  $15 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Table 5.

| Parameter                        | Symbol                         | Conditions                                                                                                            | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Unit                  |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE                   | $V_O$                          | A grade                                                                                                               | 4.994 | 5.000 | 5.006 | V                     |
|                                  | $V_O$                          | B grade                                                                                                               | 4.995 | 5.000 | 5.005 | V                     |
| INITIAL ACCURACY                 | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                               |       |       | 6     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | A grade                                                                                                               |       |       | 0.12  | %                     |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                               |       |       | 5     | mV                    |
|                                  | $V_{OERR}$                     | B grade                                                                                                               |       |       | 0.10  | %                     |
| TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT          | $TCV_O$                        | A grade, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                               |       |       | 25    | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|                                  |                                | B grade, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                               |       |       | 9     | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE HEADROOM          | $V_{IN} - V_O$                 |                                                                                                                       | 300   |       |       | mV                    |
| LINE REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$   | $V_{IN} = 4.3 \text{ V}$ to $15 \text{ V}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                           |       | 10    | 25    | ppm/V                 |
| LOAD REGULATION                  | $\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{LOAD}$ | $I_{LOAD} = 0 \text{ mA}$ to $5 \text{ mA}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{IN} = 6 \text{ V}$ |       |       | 140   | ppm/mA                |
| QUIESCENT CURRENT                | $I_{IN}$                       | No load                                                                                                               |       |       | 120   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
|                                  |                                | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$                                                                        |       |       | 140   | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| VOLTAGE NOISE                    | $e_{np-p}$                     | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz                                                                                                       |       | 8     |       | $\mu\text{V p-p}$     |
| TURN-ON SETTLING TIME            | $t_R$                          |                                                                                                                       |       | 20    |       | $\mu\text{s}$         |
| LONG-TERM STABILITY <sup>1</sup> | $\Delta V_O$                   | 1000 hours                                                                                                            |       | 50    |       | ppm                   |
| OUTPUT VOLTAGE HYSTERESIS        | $\Delta V_{O\_HYS}$            |                                                                                                                       |       | 100   |       | ppm                   |
| RIPPLE REJECTION RATIO           | RRR                            | $f_{IN} = 60 \text{ Hz}$                                                                                              |       | -80   |       | dB                    |
| SHORT CIRCUIT TO GND             | $I_{SC}$                       | $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$                                                                                                |       | 25    |       | mA                    |
|                                  |                                | $V_{IN} = 15 \text{ V}$                                                                                               |       | 30    |       | mA                    |
| SHUTDOWN PIN                     |                                |                                                                                                                       |       |       |       |                       |
| Shutdown Supply Current          | $I_{SHDN}$                     |                                                                                                                       |       |       | 3     | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| Shutdown Logic Input Current     | $I_{LOGIC}$                    |                                                                                                                       |       |       | 500   | nA                    |
| Shutdown Logic Low               | $V_{INL}$                      |                                                                                                                       |       |       | 0.8   | V                     |
| Shutdown Logic High              | $V_{INH}$                      |                                                                                                                       | 2.4   |       |       | V                     |

<sup>1</sup> The long-term stability specification is noncumulative. The drift of subsequent 1000 hour periods is significantly lower than in the first 1000 hour period.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

At 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Table 6.

| Parameter                            | Rating              |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Supply Voltage                       | 18 V                |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND | See derating curves |
| Storage Temperature Range            | –65°C to +125°C     |
| Operating Temperature Range          | –40°C to +125°C     |
| Junction Temperature Range           | –65°C to +125°C     |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec) | 300°C               |

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

$\theta_{JA}$  is specified for the worst-case conditions, that is, for a device soldered in a circuit board for surface-mount packages.

Table 7.

| Package Type | $\theta_{JA}$ | $\theta_{JC}$ | Unit |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| TSOT (UJ-5)  | 230           | 146           | °C/W |

## ESD CAUTION



**ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.** Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

## TERMINOLOGY

### Temperature Coefficient

The change of output voltage with respect to operating temperature changes normalized by the output voltage at 25°C. This parameter is expressed in ppm/°C and can be determined by the following equation:

$$TCV_o[\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}] = \frac{V_o(T_2) - V_o(T_1)}{V_o(25^\circ\text{C}) \times (T_2 - T_1)} \times 10^6 \quad (1)$$

where:

$V_o(25^\circ\text{C})$  is  $V_o$  at 25°C.

$V_o(T_1)$  is  $V_o$  at Temperature 1.

$V_o(T_2)$  is  $V_o$  at Temperature 2.

### Line Regulation

The change in output voltage due to a specified change in input voltage. This parameter accounts for the effects of self-heating. Line regulation is expressed in either percent per volt, parts-per-million per volt, or microvolts per volt change in input voltage.

### Load Regulation

The change in output voltage due to a specified change in load current. This parameter accounts for the effects of self-heating. Load regulation is expressed in either microvolts per milli-ampere, parts-per-million per milliampere, or ohms of dc output resistance.

### Long-Term Stability

Typical shift of output voltage at 25°C on a sample of parts subjected to a test of 1000 hours at 25°C.

$$\Delta V_o = V_o(t_0) - V_o(t_1)$$

$$\Delta V_o[\text{ppm}] = \left( \frac{V_o(t_0) - V_o(t_1)}{V_o(t_0)} \times 10^6 \right) \quad (2)$$

where:

$V_o(t_0)$  is  $V_o$  at 25°C at Time 0.

$V_o(t_1)$  is  $V_o$  at 25°C after 1000 hours operation at 25°C.

### Thermal Hysteresis

The change of output voltage after the device is cycled through temperatures from +25°C to -40°C to +125°C and back to +25°C. This is a typical value from a sample of parts put through such a cycle.

$$V_{o\_HYS} = V_o(25^\circ\text{C}) - V_{o\_TC} \quad (3)$$

$$V_{o\_HYS}[\text{ppm}] = \frac{V_o(25^\circ\text{C}) - V_{o\_TC}}{V_o(25^\circ\text{C})} \times 10^6 \quad (4)$$

where:

$V_o(25^\circ\text{C})$  is  $V_o$  at 25°C

$V_{o\_TC}$  is  $V_o$  at 25°C after a temperature cycle from +25°C to -40°C to +125°C and back to +25°C

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

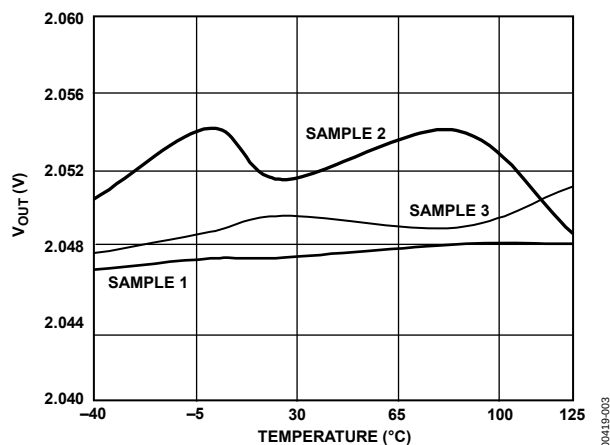


Figure 2. ADR390 Output Voltage vs. Temperature

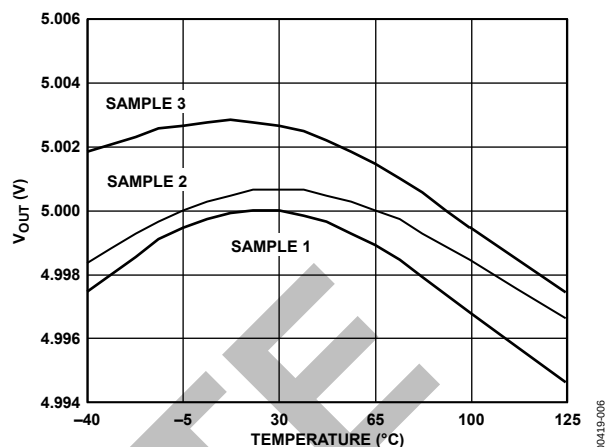


Figure 5. ADR395 Output Voltage vs. Temperature

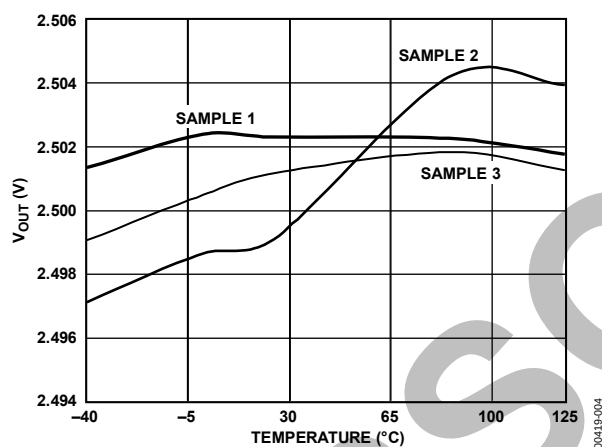


Figure 3. ADR391 Output Voltage vs. Temperature

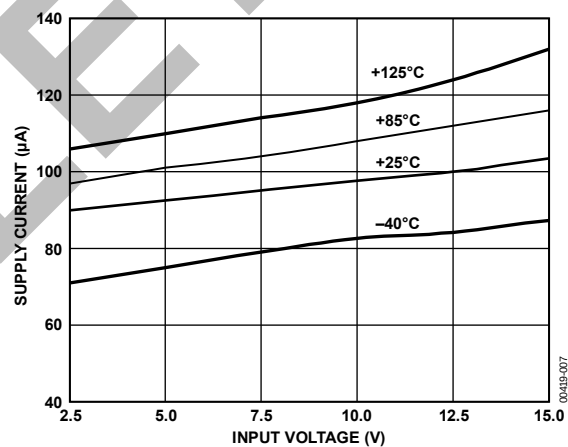


Figure 6. ADR390 Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

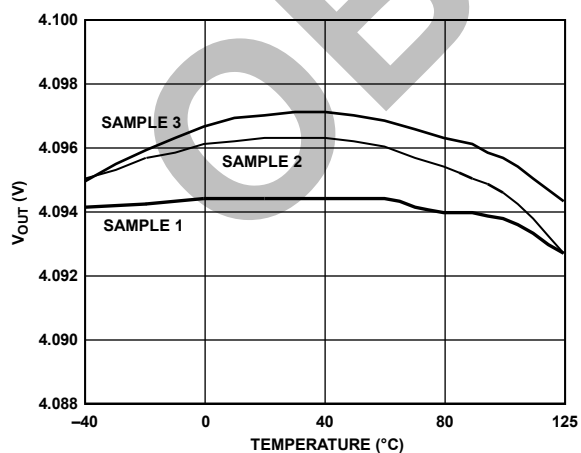


Figure 4. ADR392 Output Voltage vs. Temperature

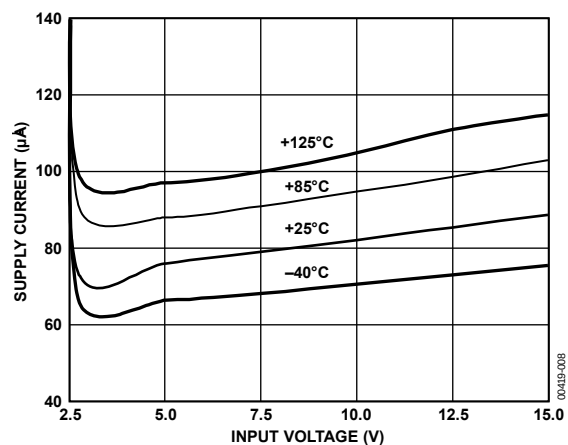


Figure 7. ADR391 Supply Current vs. Input Voltage



# ADR390

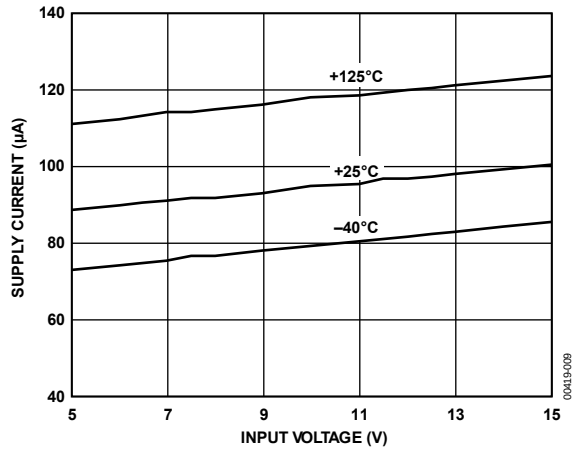


Figure 8. ADR392 Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

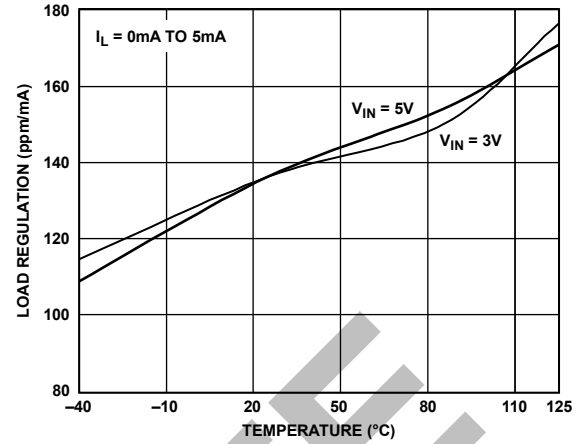


Figure 11. ADR391 Load Regulation vs. Temperature

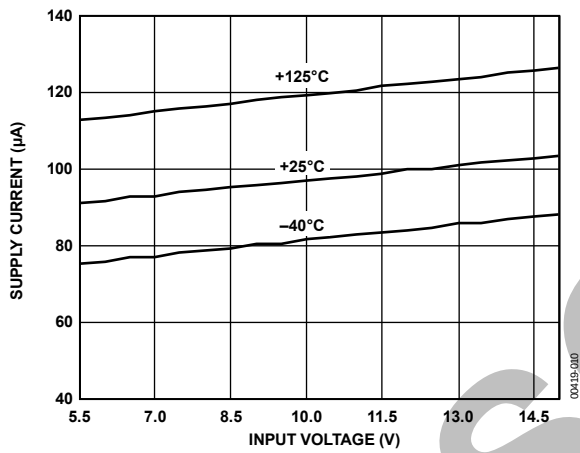


Figure 9. ADR395 Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

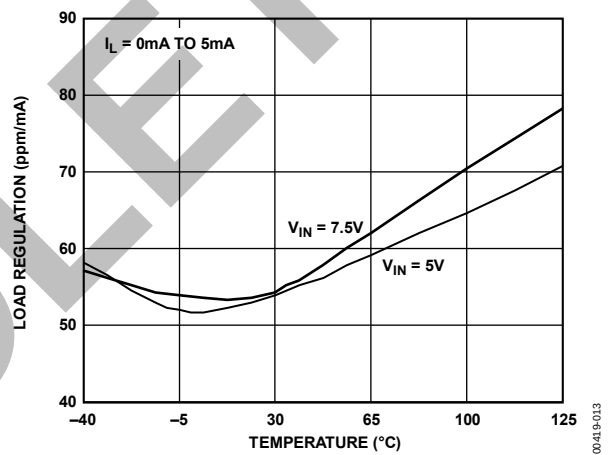


Figure 12. ADR392 Load Regulation vs. Temperature

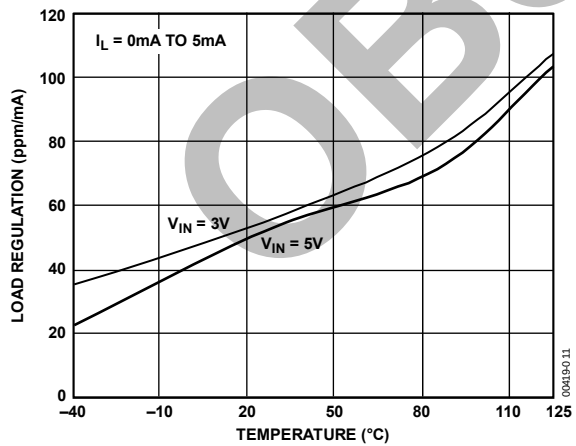


Figure 10. ADR390 Load Regulation vs. Temperature

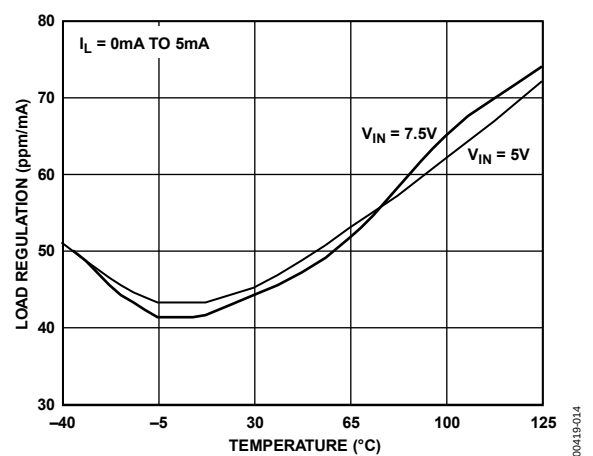


Figure 13. ADR395 Load Regulation vs. Temperature

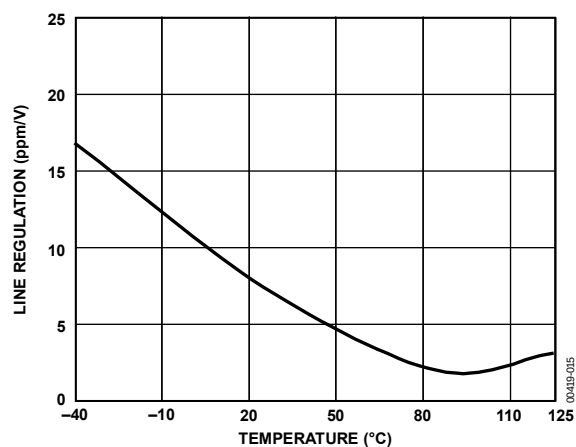


Figure 14. ADR390 Line Regulation vs. Temperature

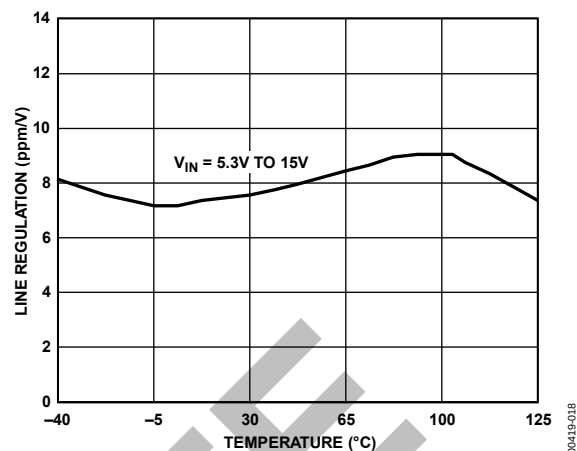


Figure 17. ADR395 Line Regulation vs. Temperature

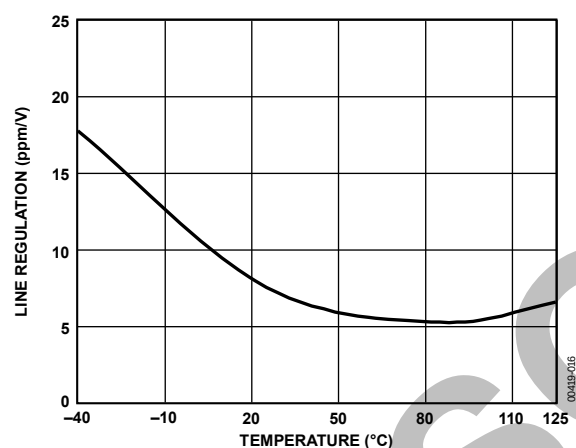


Figure 15. ADR391 Line Regulation vs. Temperature

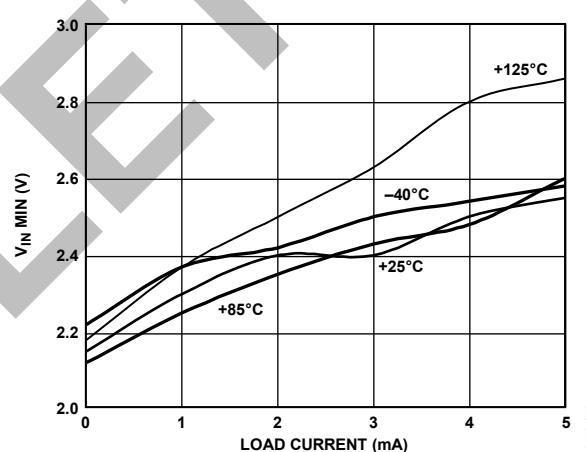


Figure 18. ADR390 Minimum Input Voltage vs. Load Current

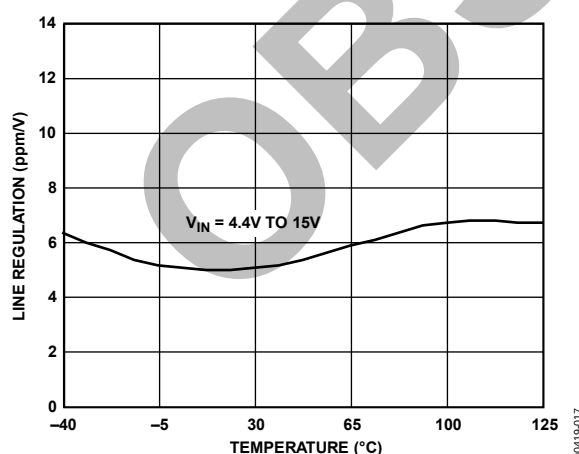


Figure 16. ADR392 Line Regulation vs. Temperature

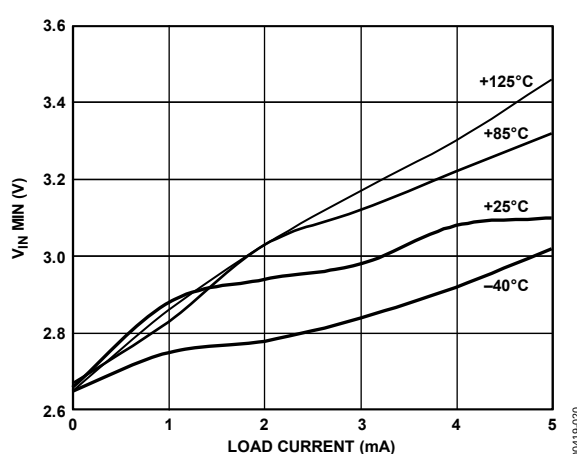


Figure 19. ADR391 Minimum Input Voltage vs. Load Current

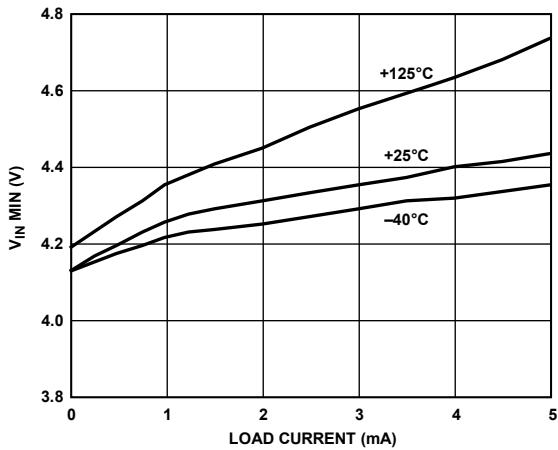


Figure 20. ADR392 Minimum Input Voltage vs. Load Current

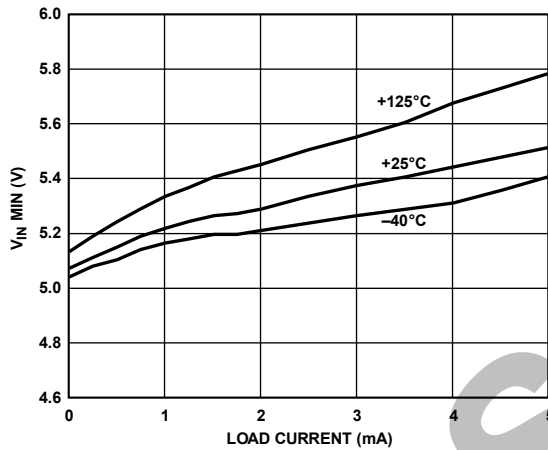


Figure 21. ADR395 Minimum Input Voltage vs. Load Current

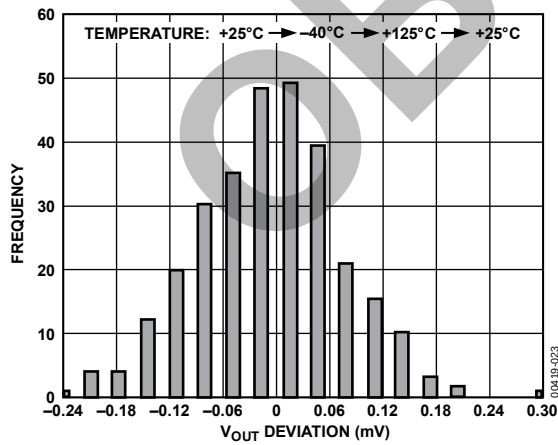


Figure 22. ADR390  $V_{OUT}$  Hysteresis Distribution

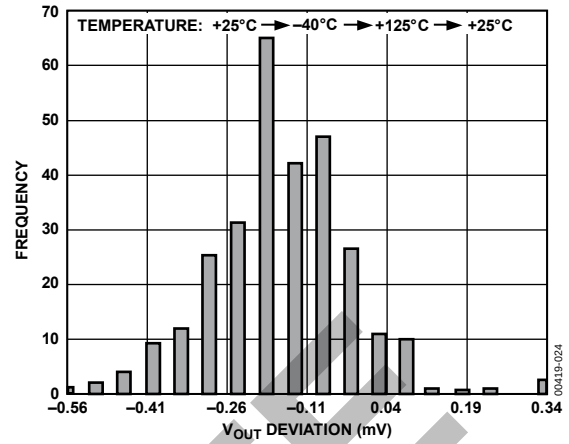


Figure 23. ADR391  $V_{OUT}$  Hysteresis Distribution

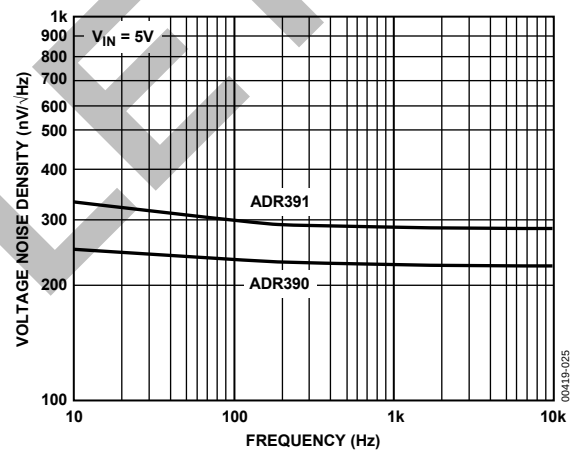


Figure 24. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

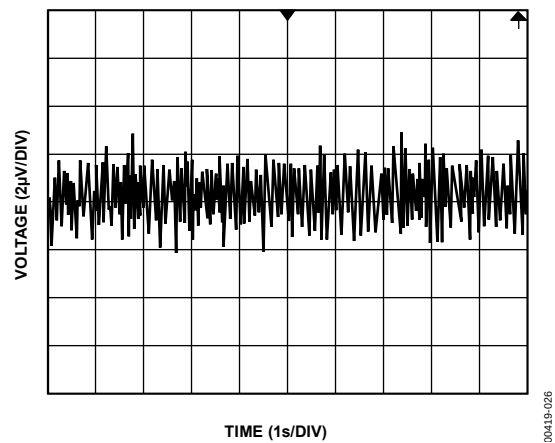


Figure 25. ADR391 Typical Voltage Noise 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz

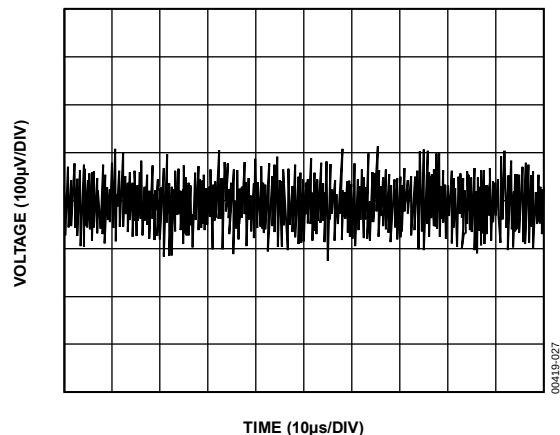


Figure 26. ADR391 Voltage Noise 10 Hz to 10 kHz

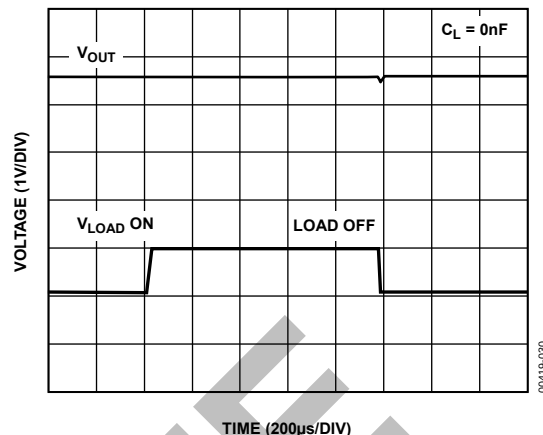


Figure 29. ADR391 Load Transient Response

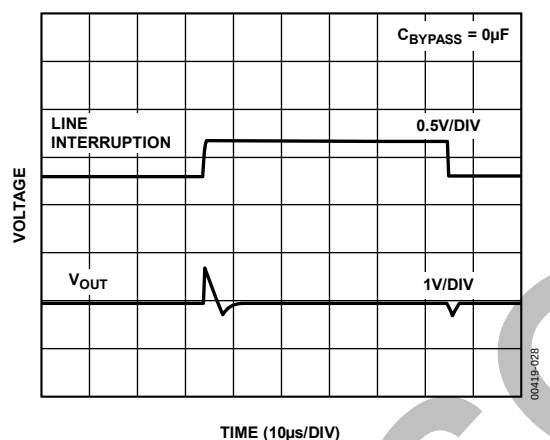


Figure 27. ADR391 Line Transient Response

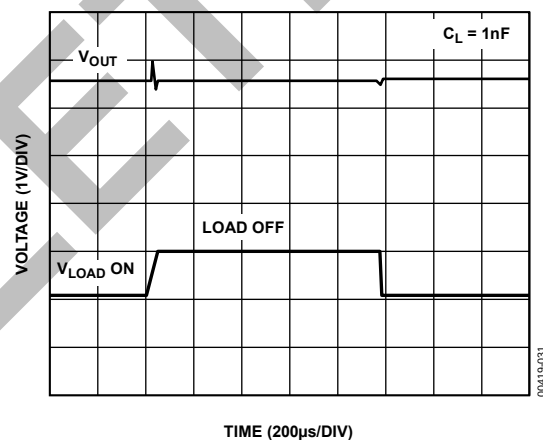


Figure 30. ADR391 Load Transient Response

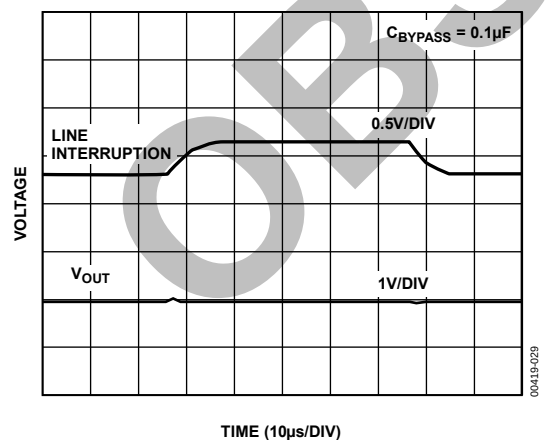


Figure 28. ADR391 Line Transient Response

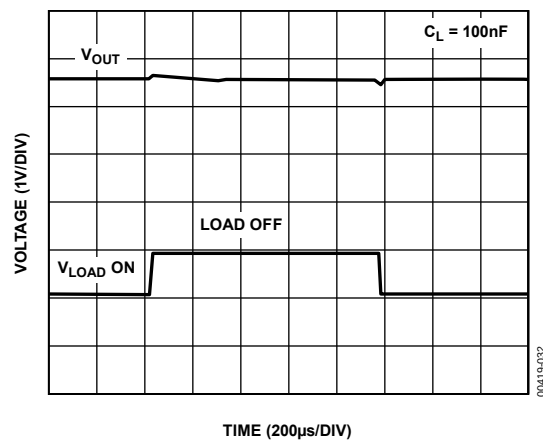


Figure 31. ADR391 Load Transient Response

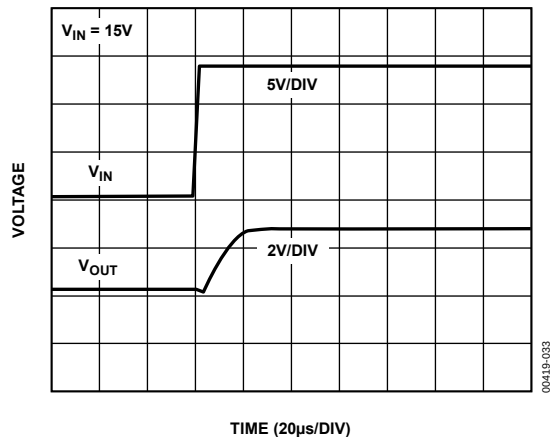


Figure 32. ADR391 Turn-On Response Time at 15 V

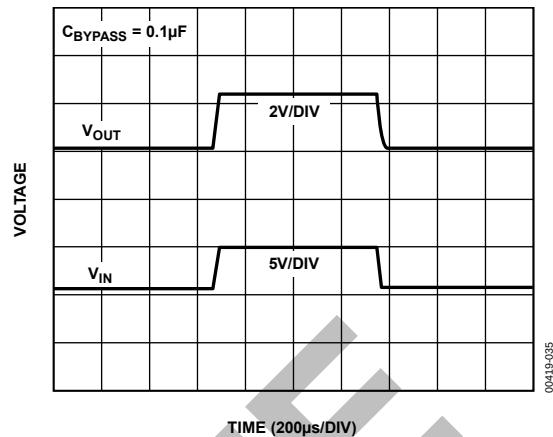


Figure 34. ADR391 Turn-On/Turn-Off Response at 5 V with Capacitance

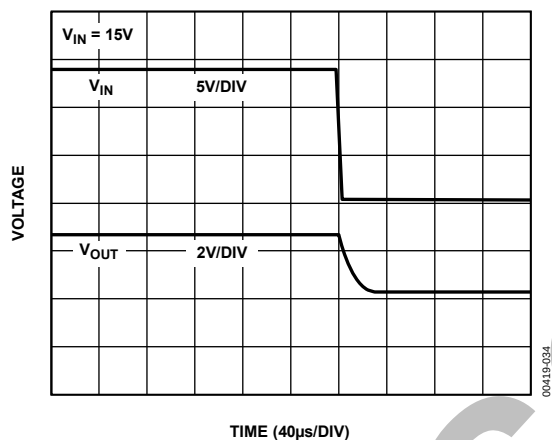


Figure 33. ADR391 Turn-Off Response at 15 V

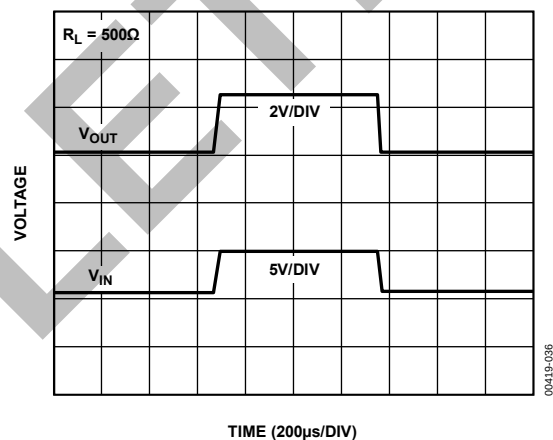


Figure 35. ADR391 Turn-On/Turn-Off Response at 5 V with Resistor Load

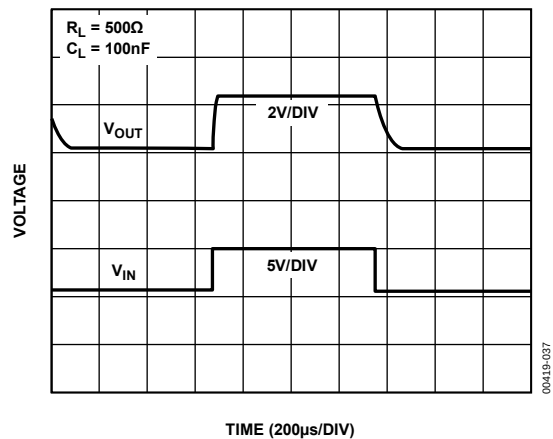


Figure 36. ADR391 Turn-On/Turn-Off Response at 5 V

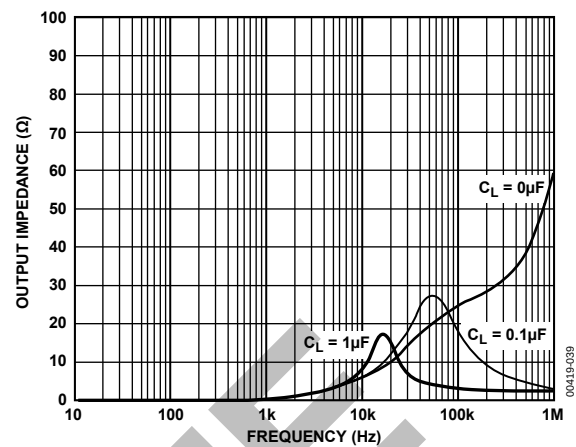


Figure 38. Output Impedance vs. Frequency

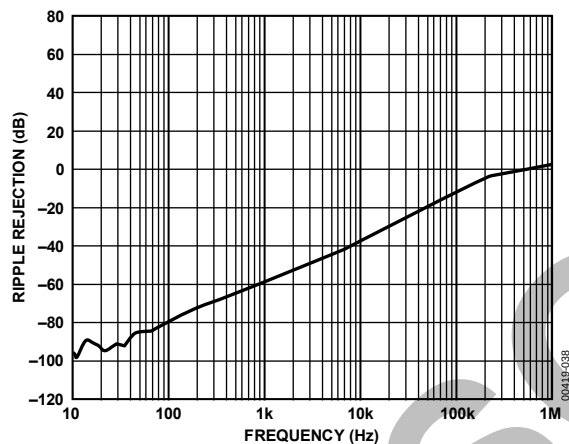


Figure 37. Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

## THEORY OF OPERATION

Band gap references are the high performance solution for low supply voltage and low power voltage reference applications, and the ADR390/ADR391/ADR392/ADR395 are no exception. The uniqueness of these devices lies in the architecture. As shown in Figure 39, the ideal zero TC band gap voltage is referenced to the output, not to ground. Therefore, if noise exists on the ground line, it is greatly attenuated on  $V_{OUT}$ . The band gap cell consists of the PNP pair, Q51 and Q52, running at unequal current densities. The difference in  $V_{BE}$  results in a voltage with a positive TC, which is amplified by a ratio of

$$2 \times \frac{R58}{R54}$$

This PTAT voltage, combined with  $V_{BE}$ s of Q51 and Q52, produces a stable band gap voltage.

Reduction in the band gap curvature is performed by the ratio of Resistors R44 and R59, one of which is linearly temperature dependent. Precision laser trimming and other patented circuit techniques are used to further enhance the drift performance.

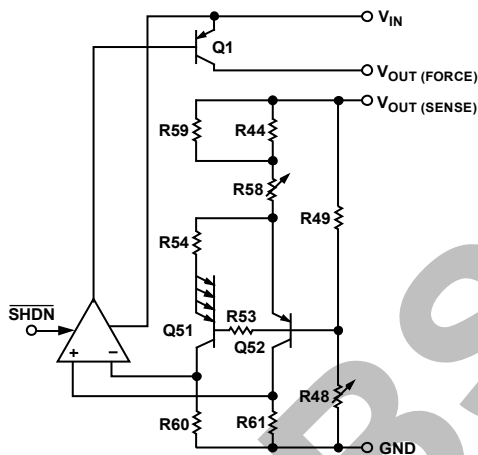


Figure 39. Simplified Schematic

## DEVICE POWER DISSIPATION CONSIDERATIONS

The ADR390/ADR391/ADR392/ADR395 are capable of delivering load currents to 5 mA, with an input voltage that ranges from 2.8 V (ADR391 only) to 15 V. When these devices are used in applications with large input voltages, care should be taken to avoid exceeding the specified maximum power dissipation or junction temperature because it could result in premature device failure. The following formula should be used to calculate the maximum junction temperature or dissipation of the device:

$$P_D = \frac{T_J - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \quad (5)$$

where:

$T_J$  and  $T_A$  are, respectively, the junction and ambient temperatures.

$P_D$  is the device power dissipation.

$\theta_{JA}$  is the device package thermal resistance.

## SHUTDOWN MODE OPERATION

The ADR390/ADR391/ADR392/ADR395 include a shutdown feature that is TTL/CMOS level compatible. A logic low or a zero volt condition on the SHDN pin is required to turn the devices off. During shutdown, the output of the reference becomes a high impedance state, where its potential would then be determined by external circuitry. If the shutdown feature is not used, the SHDN pin should be connected to  $V_{IN}$  (Pin 2).

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

## BASIC VOLTAGE REFERENCE CONNECTION

The circuit shown in Figure 40 illustrates the basic configuration for the ADR39x family. Decoupling capacitors are not required for circuit stability. The ADR39x family is capable of driving capacitive loads from 0  $\mu$ F to 10  $\mu$ F. However, a 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor is recommended to absorb and deliver the charge, as required by a dynamic load.

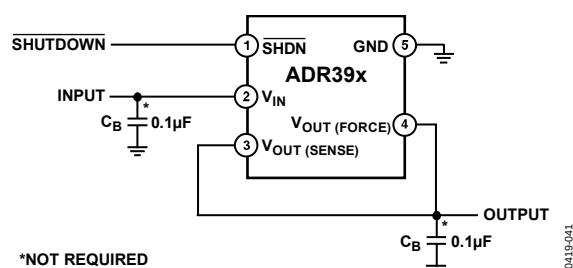


Figure 40. Basic Configuration for the ADR39x Family

## Stacking Reference ICs for Arbitrary Outputs

Some applications may require two reference voltage sources, which are a combined sum of standard outputs. Figure 41 shows how this stacked output reference can be implemented.

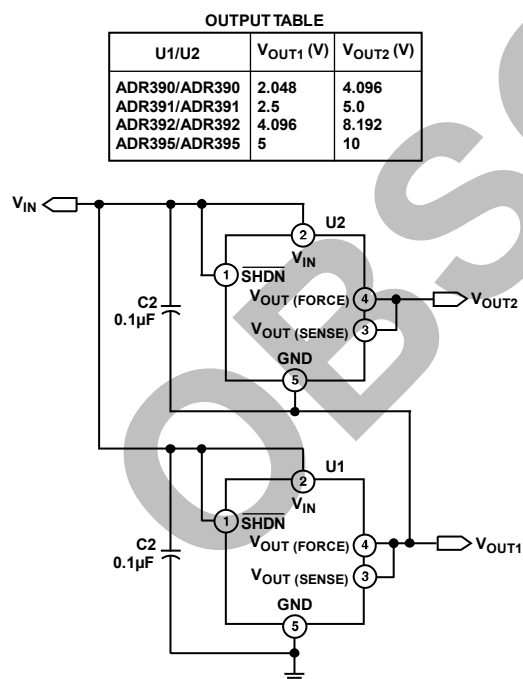


Figure 41. Stacking Voltage References with the ADR390/ADR391/ADR392/ADR395

Two reference ICs are used, fed from an unregulated input,  $V_{IN}$ . The outputs of the individual ICs are connected in series, which provide two output voltages,  $V_{OUT1}$  and  $V_{OUT2}$ .  $V_{OUT1}$  is the terminal voltage of U1, while  $V_{OUT2}$  is the sum of this voltage and the terminal voltage of U2. U1 and U2 are chosen for the two voltages that supply the required outputs (see the Output

Table in Figure 41). For example, if both U1 and U2 are ADR391s,  $V_{OUT1}$  is 2.5 V and  $V_{OUT2}$  is 5.0 V.

While this concept is simple, a precaution is required. Because the lower reference circuit must sink a small bias current from U2 plus the base current from the series PNP output transistor in U2, either the external load of U1 or an external resistor must provide a path for this current. If the U1 minimum load is not well defined, the external resistor should be used and set to a value that conservatively passes 600  $\mu$ A of current with the applicable  $V_{OUT1}$  across it. Note that the two U1 and U2 reference circuits are treated locally as macrocells; each has its own bypasses at input and output for best stability. Both U1 and U2 in this circuit can source dc currents up to their full rating. The minimum input voltage,  $V_{IN}$ , is determined by the sum of the outputs,  $V_{OUT2}$ , plus the dropout voltage of U2.

## A Negative Precision Reference without Precision Resistors

A negative reference can be easily generated by adding an A1 op amp and is configured as shown in Figure 42.  $V_{OUT}(\text{FORCE})$  and  $V_{OUT}(\text{SENSE})$  are at virtual ground and, therefore, the negative reference can be taken directly from the output of the op amp. The op amp must be dual-supply, low offset, and rail-to-rail if the negative supply voltage is close to the reference output.

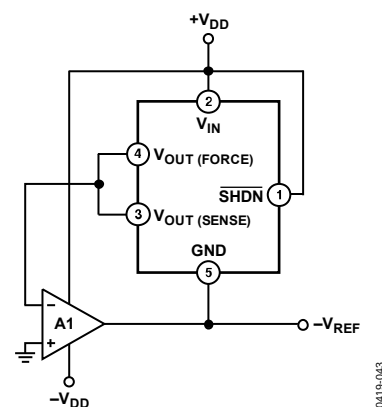


Figure 42. Negative Reference

## General-Purpose Current Source

Many times in low power applications, the need arises for a precision current source that can operate on low supply voltages. The ADR390/ADR391/ADR392/ADR395 can be configured as a precision current source. As shown in Figure 43, the circuit configuration is a floating current source with a grounded load. The reference output voltage is bootstrapped across  $R_{SET}$ , which sets the output current into the load. With this configuration, circuit precision is maintained for load currents in the range from the reference supply current, typically 90  $\mu$ A to approximately 5 mA.



# ADR390

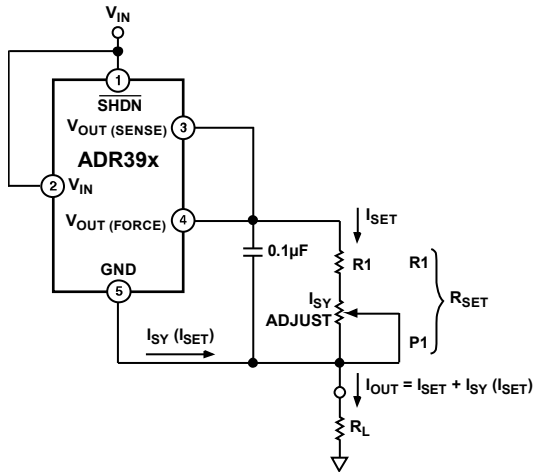


Figure 43. A General-Purpose Current Source

## High Power Performance with Current Limit

In some cases, the user may want higher output current delivered to a load and still achieve better than 0.5% accuracy out of the ADR39x. The accuracy for a reference is normally specified on the data sheet with no load. However, the output voltage changes with load current.

The circuit shown in Figure 44 provides high current without compromising the accuracy of the ADR39x. The series pass transistor, Q1, provides up to 1 A load current. The ADR39x delivers only the base drive to Q1 through the force pin. The sense pin of the ADR39x is a regulated output and is connected to the load.

The Transistor Q2 protects Q1 during short-circuit limit faults by robbing its base drive. The maximum current is

$$I_{LMAX} \approx 0.6 V/R_S \quad (6)$$

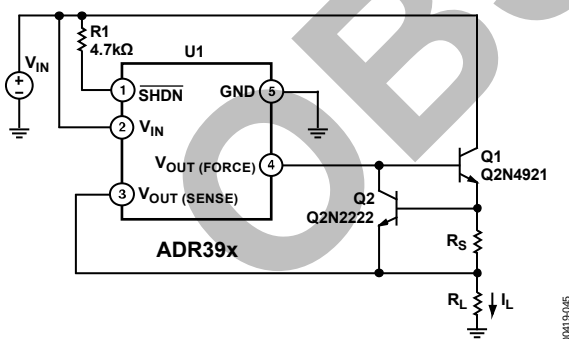


Figure 44. ADR39x for High Power Performance with Current Limit

A similar circuit function can also be achieved with the Darlington transistor configuration, as shown in Figure 45.

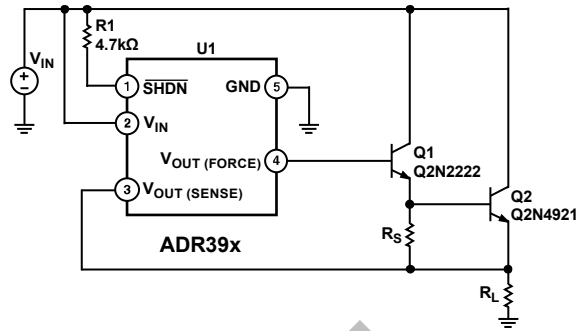


Figure 45. ADR39x for High Output Current with Darlington Drive Configuration

## CAPACITORS

### Input Capacitor

Input capacitors are not required on the ADR39x. There is no limit for the value of the capacitor used on the input, but a 1 µF to 10 µF capacitor on the input improves transient response in applications where the supply suddenly changes. An additional 0.1 µF in parallel also helps reduce noise from the supply.

### Output Capacitor

The ADR39x does not require output capacitors for stability under any load condition. An output capacitor, typically 0.1 µF, filters out any low level noise voltage and does not affect the operation of the part. On the other hand, the load transient response can improve with the addition of a 1 µF to 10 µF output capacitor in parallel. A capacitor here acts as a source of stored energy for a sudden increase in load current. The only parameter that degrades by adding an output capacitor is the turn-on time, and it depends on the size of the capacitor chosen.

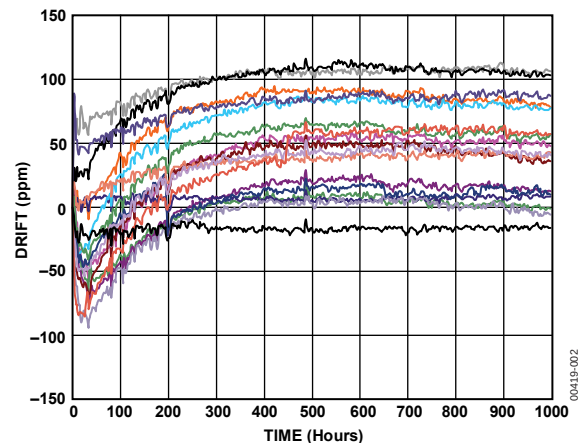
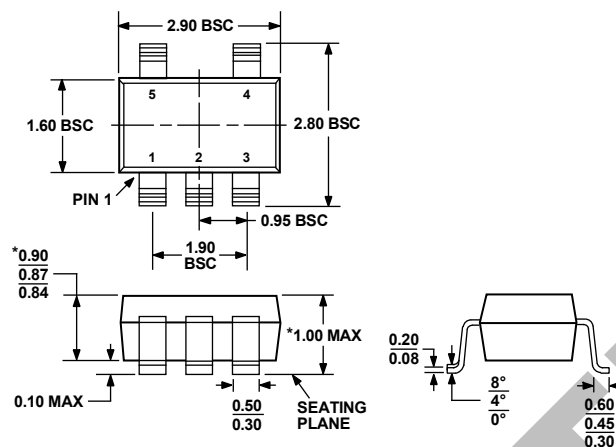


Figure 46. ADR391 Typical Long-Term Drift over 1000 Hours

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



\*COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-193-AB WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PACKAGE HEIGHT AND THICKNESS.

Figure 47. 5-Lead Thin Small Outline Transistor Package [TSOT] (UJ-5)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

## ORDERING GUIDE

| Models                        | Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> ) | Initial Accuracy (mV) (%) |      | Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C) | Package Description | Package Option | Branding | Number of Parts per Reel | Temperature Range |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| ADR390AUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 2.048                            | ±6                        | 0.29 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R0A      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR390AUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 2.048                            | ±6                        | 0.29 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R0A      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR390BUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 2.048                            | ±4                        | 0.19 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R0B      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR390BUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 2.048                            | ±4                        | 0.19 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R0B      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR391AUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 2.5                              | ±6                        | 0.24 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R1A      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR391AUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 2.5                              | ±6                        | 0.24 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R1A      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR391BUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 2.5                              | ±4                        | 0.16 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R1B      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR391BUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 2.5                              | ±4                        | 0.16 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | R1B      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR392AUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 4.096                            | ±6                        | 0.15 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RCA      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR392AUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 4.096                            | ±6                        | 0.15 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RCA      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR392BUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 4.096                            | ±5                        | 0.12 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RCB      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR392BUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 4.096                            | ±5                        | 0.12 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RCB      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR395AUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 5.0                              | ±6                        | 0.12 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RDA      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR395AUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 5.0                              | ±6                        | 0.12 | 25                               | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RDA      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR395BUJZ-REEL7 <sup>1</sup> | 5.0                              | ±5                        | 0.10 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RDB      | 3,000                    | −40°C to +125°C   |
| ADR395BUJZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>    | 5.0                              | ±5                        | 0.10 | 9                                | 5-Lead TSOT         | UJ-5           | RDB      | 250                      | −40°C to +125°C   |

<sup>1</sup> Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

**NOTES**

OBSOLETE