

January 7, 1998

CHARACTERISTICS (@ 25°C unless otherwise specified)

	Symbol	SM40	SM50	SM75	SM100	Unit
Average forward current (sine wave)						
- max. pcb mounted; $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	←	130	→		mA
- max. in unstirred oil	$I_{F(AV)}$	←	300	→		mA
I^2t for fusing ($t = 8.3\text{ms}$) max.	I^2t	←	2.6	→		A^2S
Forward voltage drop max. @ $I_F = 100\text{mA}$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	V_F	←	10.0	→		V
Reverse current max. @ V_{RWM} , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	I_R	←	1.0	→		μA
@ V_{RWM} , $T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_R	←	20	→		μA
Reverse recovery time max. 50mA I_F to 100mA I_R . Recover to 25mA I_{RR} .	t_{rr}	←	2.5	→		μS
Junction capacitance typ. @ $V_R = 5\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$	C_j	←	3.2	→		pF
Thermal resistance - junction to oil						
Unstirred @ 55°C	$R_{\theta JO}$	←	28	→		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Stirred @ 55°C	$R_{\theta JO}$	←	20	→		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal resistance - junction to amb. on 0.06" thick pcb. 1oz copper.	$R_{\theta JA}$	←	91	→		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

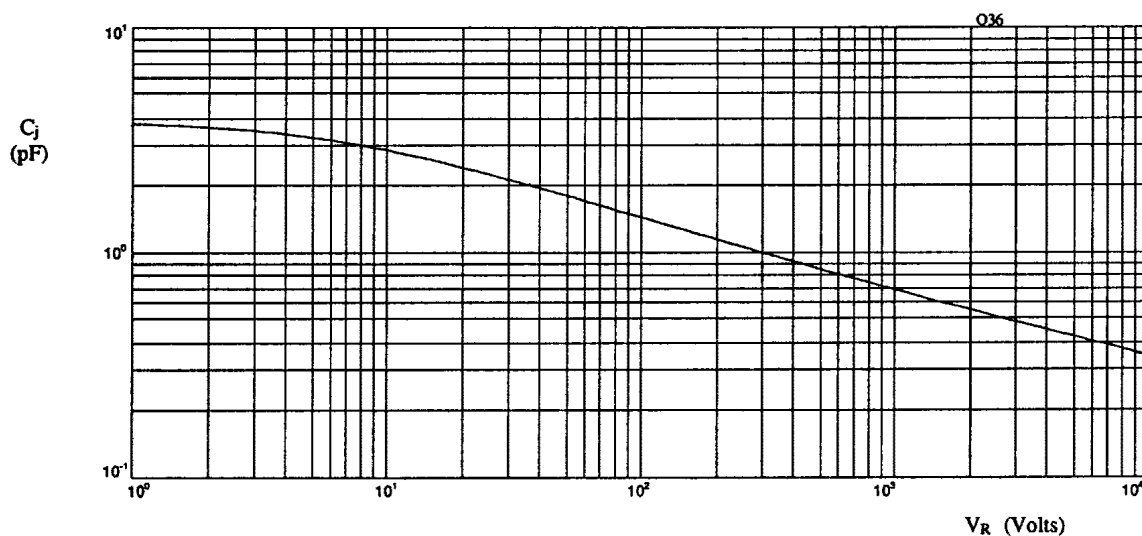


Fig 1. Typical junction capacitance as a function of reverse voltage.

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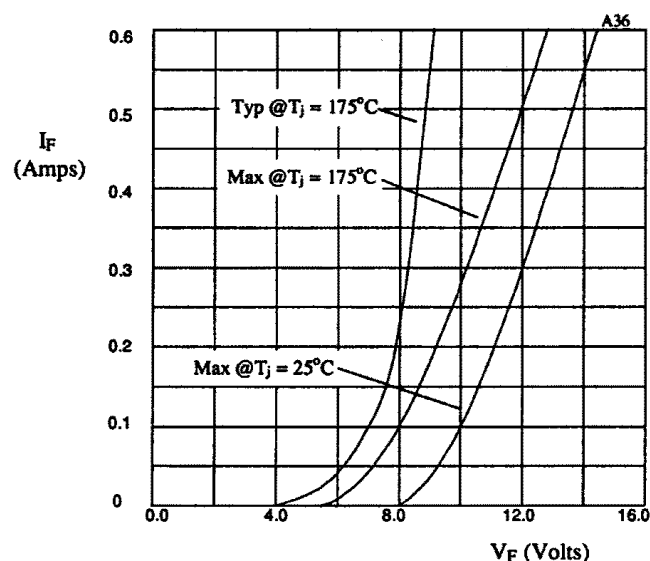


Fig 2. Forward voltage drop as a function of forward current.

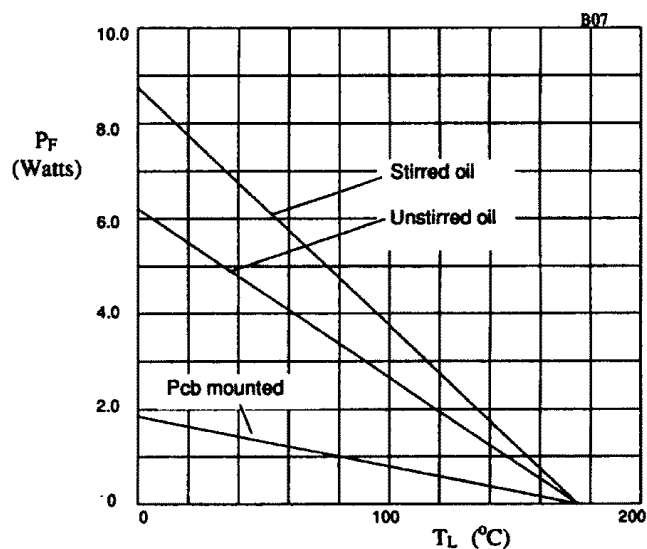


Fig 3. Power derating in air and oil.

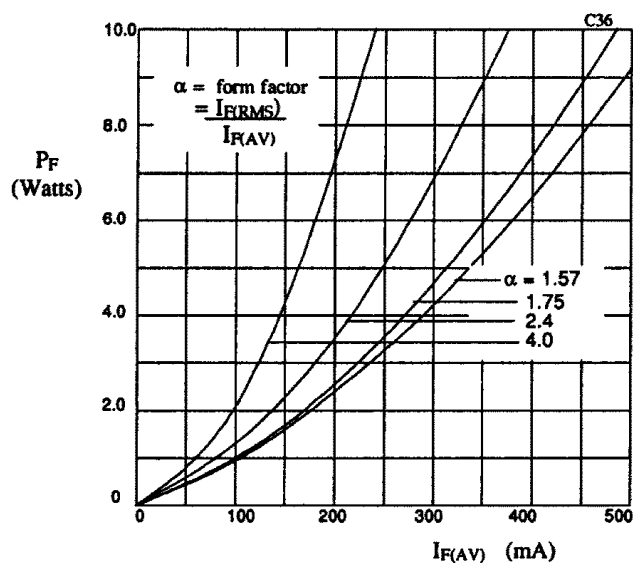


Fig 4. Forward power dissipation as a function of forward current, for sinusoidal operation.

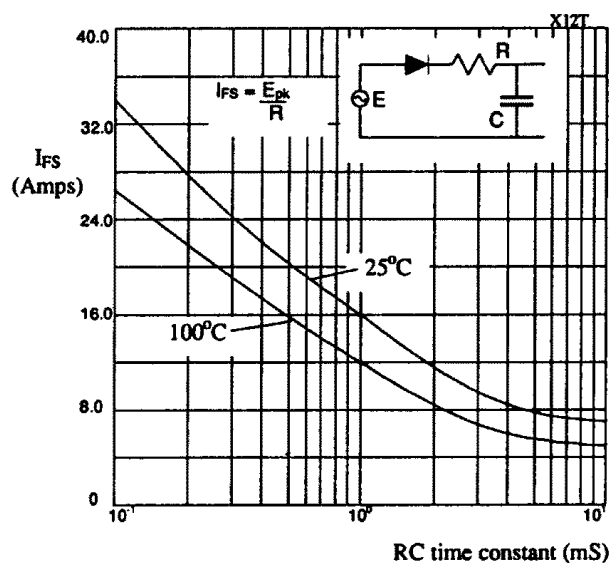


Fig 5. Maximum ratings for capacitive loads.