

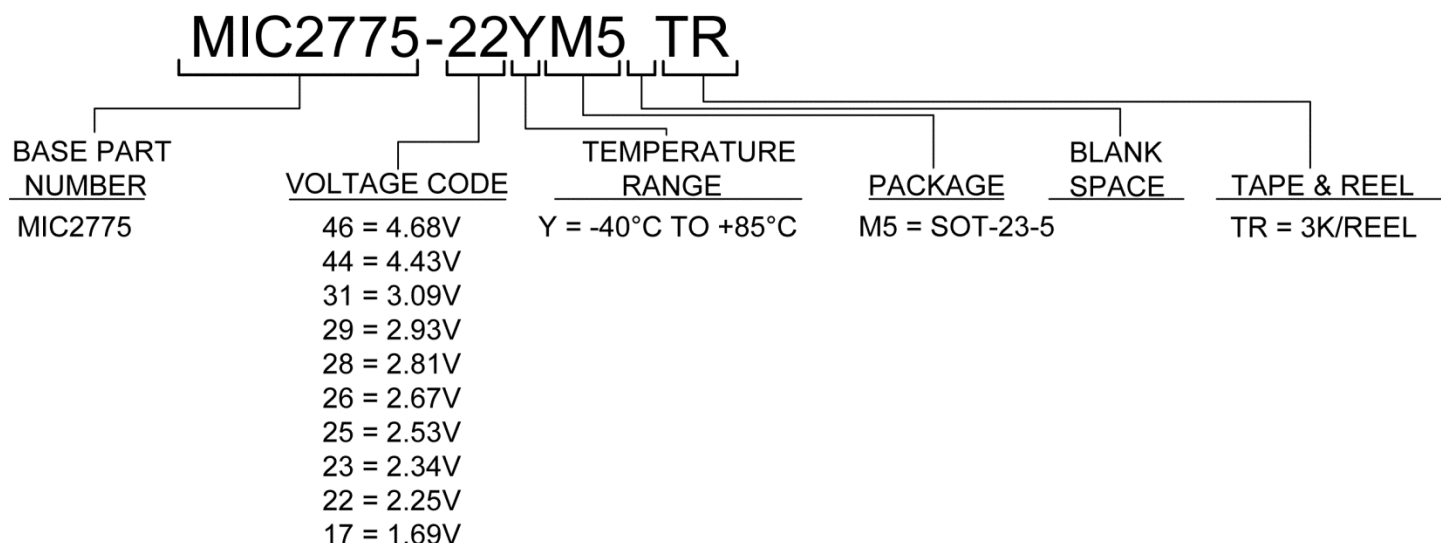
Ordering Information

Part Number ^(1,2)	Marking ^(1,3)	Junction Temperature Range	Package ⁽⁴⁾
MIC2775-XXYM5	<u>UJ</u> XX	-40°C to +85°C	SOT-23-5

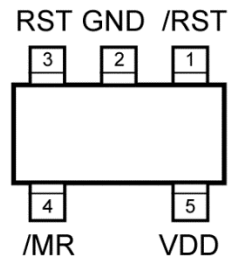
Note:

1. XX = Voltage Code, see [Part Numbering Conventions](#) below. There are ten standard versions available with an order increment of 3,000 pieces. Samples of standard versions are normally available from stock. Contact factory for information on non-standard versions. Available in tape-and-reel only.
2. Order entry part number add a space, then TR. Example: MIC2775-22YM5 TR.
3. Underbar () symbol may not be to scale.
4. Standard reel SOT-23: Reel diameter is 7 inches, hub diameter is 2 inches, width is 8mm.

Part Numbering Conventions



Pin Configuration



SOT-23-5 (M5)
(Top View)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	/RST	Digital (Output): Asserted low whenever V_{DD} falls below the reference voltage. It will remain asserted for no less than 140ms after V_{DD} returns above the threshold limit.
2	GND	Ground.
3	RST	Digital (Output): Asserted high whenever V_{DD} falls below the reference voltage. It will remain asserted for no less than 140ms after V_{DD} returns above the threshold limit.
4	/MR	Digital (Input): Driving this pin low initiates an immediate and unconditional reset. Assuming V_{DD} is above the threshold when /MR is released (returns high), the reset output will be de-asserted no less than 140ms later. /MR has an internal pull-up to V_{DD} and may be left open if unused.
5	VDD	Analog (Input): Power supply input and the voltage being monitored.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽⁵⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{DD})	–0.3V to +7.0V
Output Voltage ($V_{/MR}$)	–0.3V to +7.0V
RST, (/RST) Current	20mA
Storage Temperature (T_s)	–65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating ⁽⁷⁾	1.5kV

Operating Ratings⁽⁶⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{DD})	+1.5V to +5.5V
Input Voltage ($V_{/MR}$)	–0.3V to +6.0V
Ambient Temperature (T_A)	–40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	256°C/W

Electrical Characteristics⁽⁸⁾

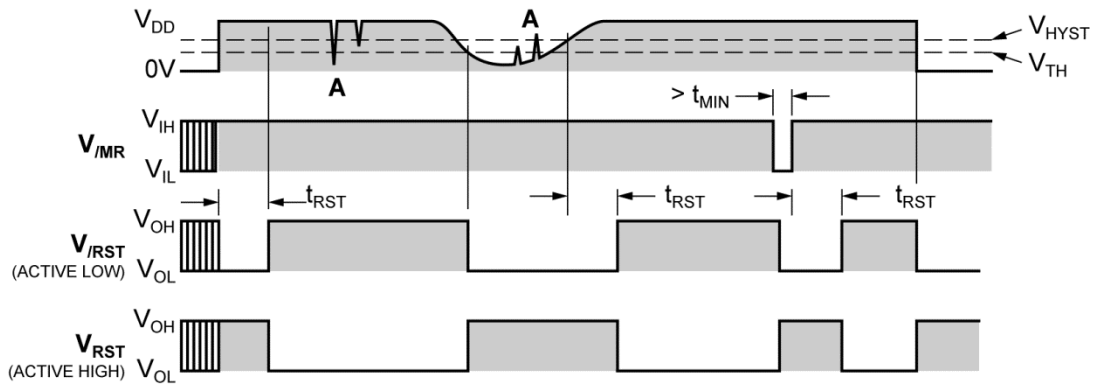
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, **bold** values indicate $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$, unless noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I _{DD}	Supply Current	V _{DD} = V _{TH} + 1.6%, /MR, RST, /RST open,		3.5		μA
VDD Voltage Threshold						
	Undervoltage Threshold on VDD		V _{TH} - 1.5%	V _{TH}	V _{TH} + 1.5%	V
V _{HYST}	Hysteresis Voltage			1		%
RST, /RST Outputs						
t _{PROP}	Propagation Delay	V _{DD} = V _{TH} + 1.5% + 100mV to V _{DD} = V _{TH} - 1.5% - 100mV		20		μs
t _{RST}	Reset Pulse Width		140		280	ms
V _{OL}	RST or /RST Output Voltage Low	I _{SINK} = 1.6mA; V _{DD} ≥ 1.6V			0.3	V
		I _{SINK} = 100μA; V _{DD} ≥ 1.2V; Note 9			0.3	V
V _{OH}	RST or /RST Output Voltage High	I _{SOURCE} = 500μA; V _{DD} ≥ 1.5V	0.8V _{DD}			V
		I _{SOURCE} = 10μA; V _{DD} ≥ 1.2V; Note 9	0.8V _{DD}			V
/MR Input						
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		0.7V _{DD}			V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage				0.3V _{DD}	V
t _{PROP}	Propagation Delay	From V _{/MR} < (V _{IL} - 100mV)		5		μs
t _{MIN}	Minimum Input Pulse Width	Reset occurs, V _{/MR} < V _{IL}		33		ns
I _{PU}	Internal Pull-up Current			100		nA
I _{IN}	Input Current, /MR	V _{/MR} < V _{IL}		100		nA

Notes:

- Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating ratings.
- Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions are recommended. Human body model, 1.5k Ω in series with 100pF.
- Specification for packaged product only.
- V_{DD} operating range is 1.5V to 5.5V. Output is guaranteed to be asserted down to $V_{DD} = 1.2\text{V}$.

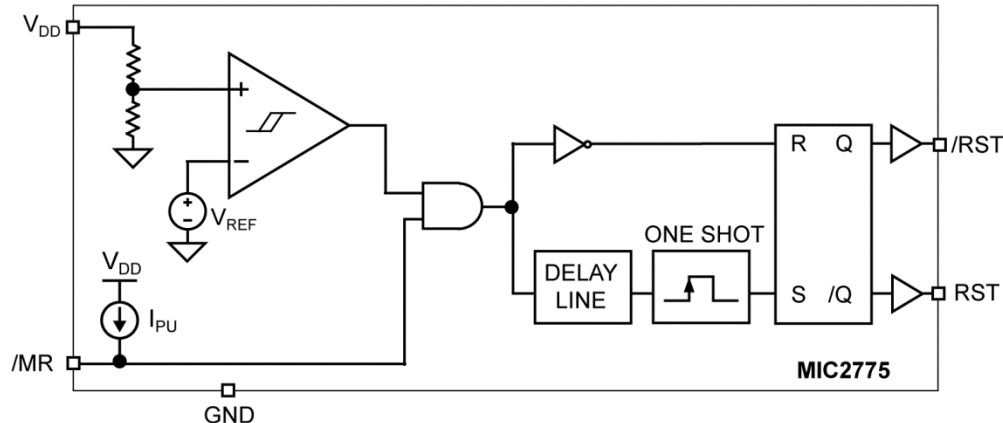
Timing Diagram



Note: Propagation delays not shown for clarity.

A = The MIC2775 ignores very brief transients. See the [Application Information](#) section for details.

Functional Diagram



Functional Description

VDD Input

The VDD pin is both the power supply terminal and a monitored input voltage. The voltage at this pin is continually compared against the internal reference. The trip-point at which a reset occurs is factory-programmed. A reset is triggered if and when V_{DD} falls below the trip-point. Hysteresis is employed to prevent chattering due to noise. The comparator on the VDD input is relatively immune to very brief negative-going transients.

RST, /RST Reset Outputs

Typically, the MIC2775 is used to monitor the power supply of intelligent circuits such as microcontrollers and microprocessors. By connecting the appropriate reset output of an MIC2775 to the reset input of a μC or μP , the processor will be properly reset at power-on, power-down, and brown-out conditions. In addition, asserting /MR, the manual reset input, will activate the reset function.

The reset outputs are asserted any time /MR is asserted or if V_{DD} drops below the threshold voltage. The reset outputs remain asserted for $t_{RST(min)}$ after V_{DD} subsequently returns above the threshold boundary and/or /MR is released. A reset pulse is also generated at power-on. Hysteresis is included in the comparator to prevent chattering of the outputs due to noise.

/MR, Manual Reset Input

The ability to initiate a reset via external logic or a manual switch is provided in addition to the MIC2775's automatic supervisory functions. Driving the /MR input to a logic-low causes an immediate and unconditional reset to occur. Assuming V_{DD} is within tolerance when /MR is released (returns high), the reset outputs will be de-asserted no less than t_{RST} later. /MR may be driven by a logic signal or mechanical switch. Typically, a momentary push-button switch is connected such that /MR is shorted to ground when the switch contact close. The switch may be connected directly between /MR and GND. /MR has an internal 100nA pull-up current to VDD and may be left open if unused.

Application Information

Ensuring Proper Operation at Low Supply

At V_{DD} levels below 1.2V, the MIC2775's $\overline{\text{RST}}$ output cannot turn on sufficiently to produce a valid logic-low on $\overline{\text{RST}}$. In this situation, circuits driven by $\overline{\text{RST}}$ could be allowed to float, causing undesired operation. In most cases, however, it is expected that the circuits driven by the MIC2775 will be similarly inoperative at $V_{DD} \leq 1.2\text{V}$.

If a given application requires that $\overline{\text{RST}}$ be valid below $V_{DD} = 1.2\text{V}$, this can be accomplished by adding a pull-down resistor to the $\overline{\text{RST}}$ output. A value of $100\text{k}\Omega$ is recommended as this is usually an acceptable compromise of quiescent current and pull-down current. The resistor's value is not critical, however. See Figure 1.

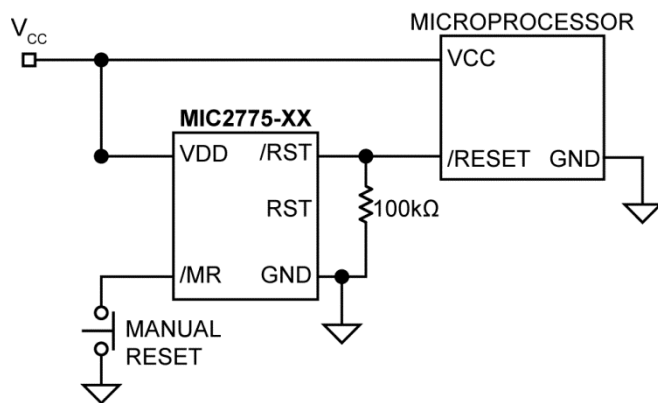


Figure 1. MIC2775 Valid $\overline{\text{RST}}$ Below 1.2V

The statements above also apply to the MIC2775's RST output. That is, to ensure valid RST signal levels when $V_{DD} < 1.2\text{V}$, a pull-up resistor (as opposed to a pull-down) should be added to the RST output. A value of $100\text{k}\Omega$ is typical for this application, as well. See Figure 2.

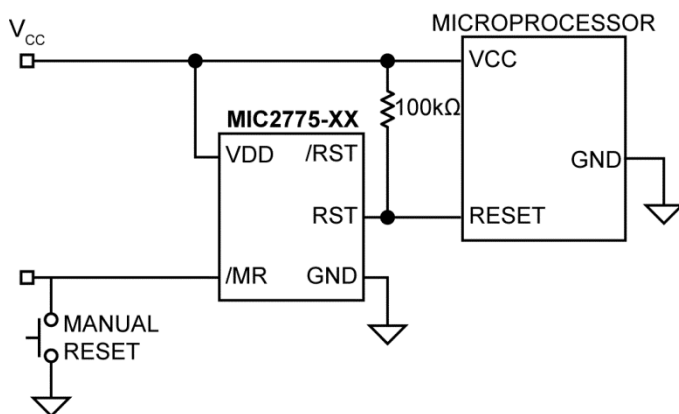


Figure 2. MIC2775 Valid RST Below 1.2V

Transient Response

The MIC2775 is inherently immune to very short negative-going glitches. Very brief transients may exceed the voltage threshold without tripping the output.

In general, as shown in Figure 3, the narrower the transient, the deeper the threshold overdrive that will be ignored by the MIC2775. The graph represents the typical allowable transient duration for a given amount of threshold overdrive that will not generate a reset.

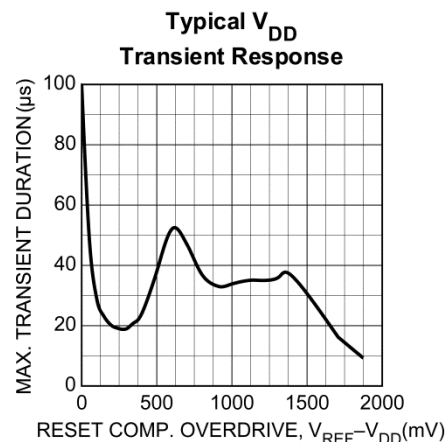
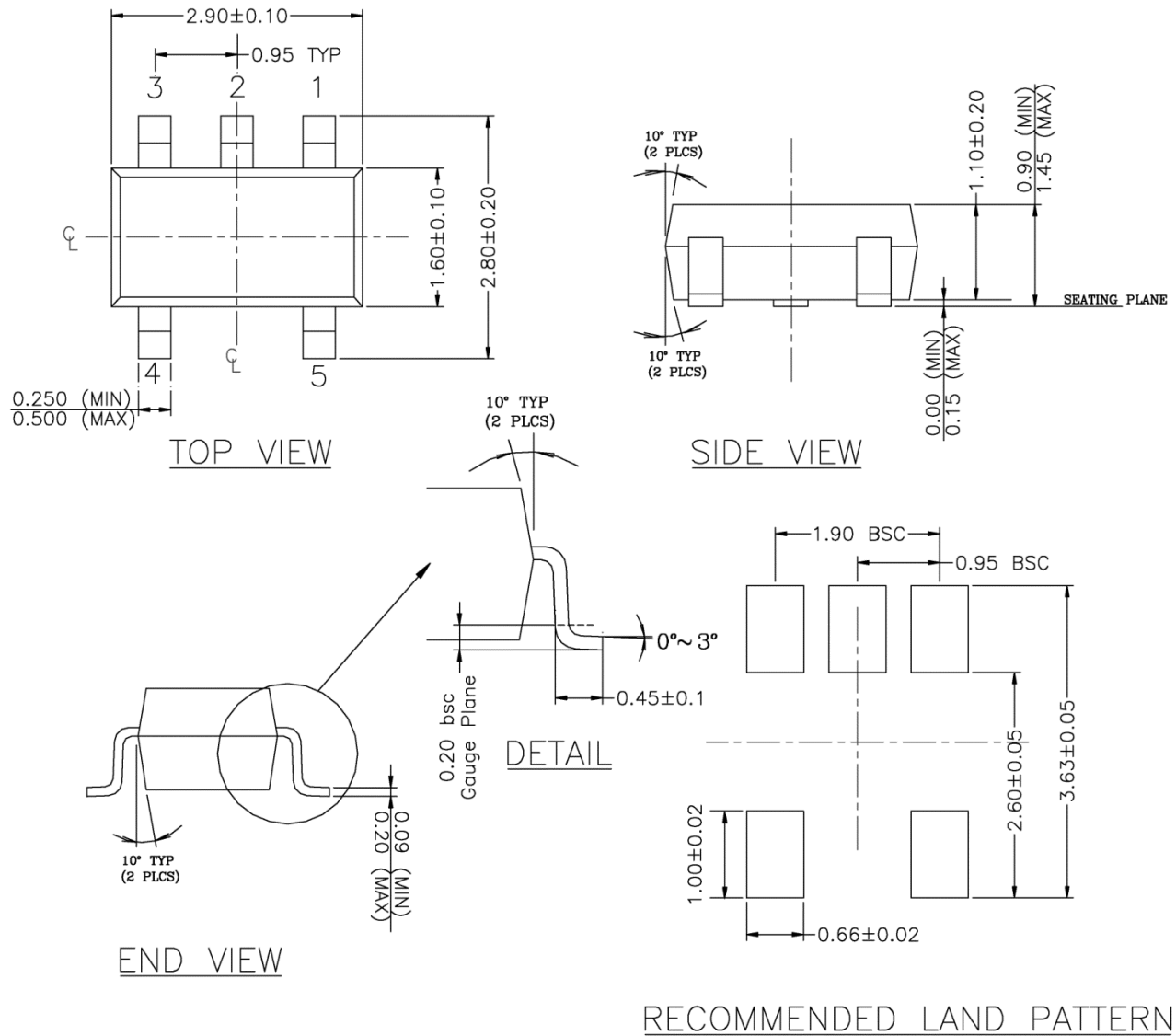


Figure 3. Typical V_{DD} Transient Response

Package Information and Recommended Landing Pattern⁽¹⁰⁾



NOTE:

1. PACKAGE OUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH & BURR.
2. PACKAGE OUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF SOLDER PLATING.
3. DIMENSION AND TOLERANCE PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
4. FOOT LENGTH MEASUREMENT BASED ON GAUGE PLANE METHOD.
5. DIE FACES UP FOR MOLD, AND FACES DOWN FOR TRIM/FORM.
6. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

SOT-23-5 (M5)

Note:

10. Package information is correct as of the publication date. For updates and most current information, go to www.micrel.com.

MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA
TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

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