

**Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑨ ⑩	—	0.65	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) ⑨	—	40	

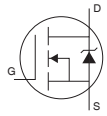
**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.035	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1.0mA$ ②
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	1.0	1.3	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 100A$ ⑤
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.2	—	3.9	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 150\mu A$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	1.0	μA	$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	150		$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
$R_G$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.2	—	Ω	

**Dynamic @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

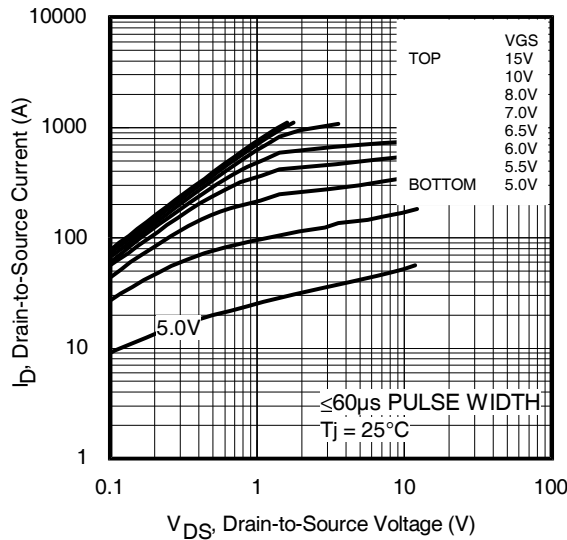
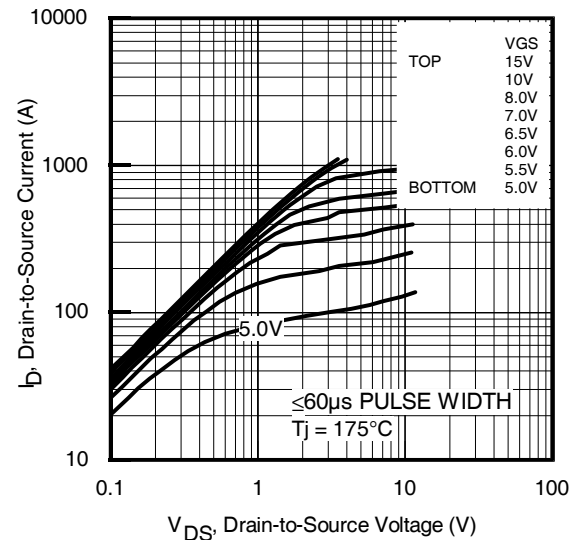
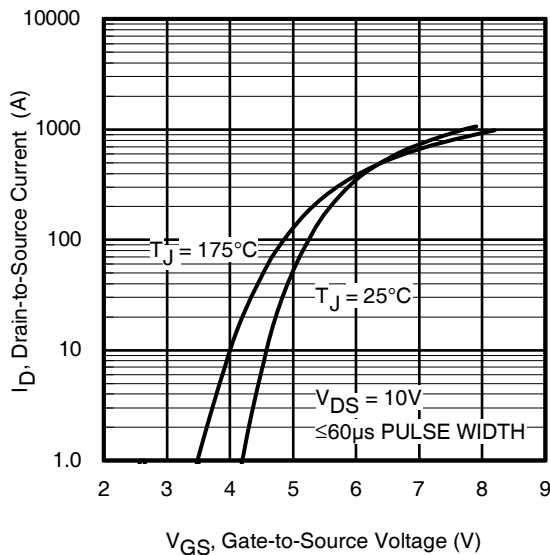
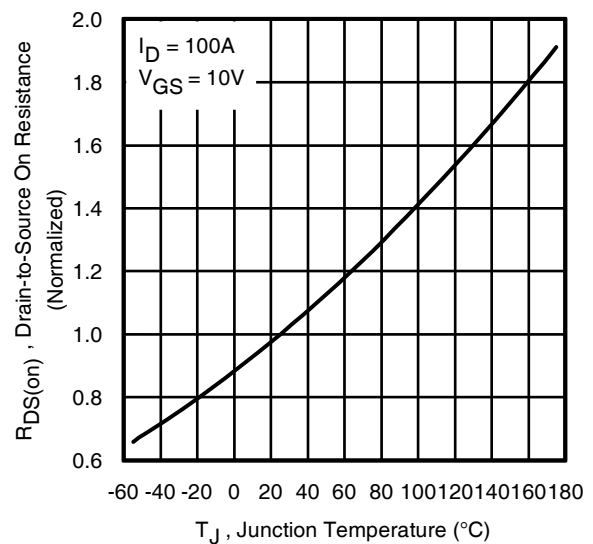
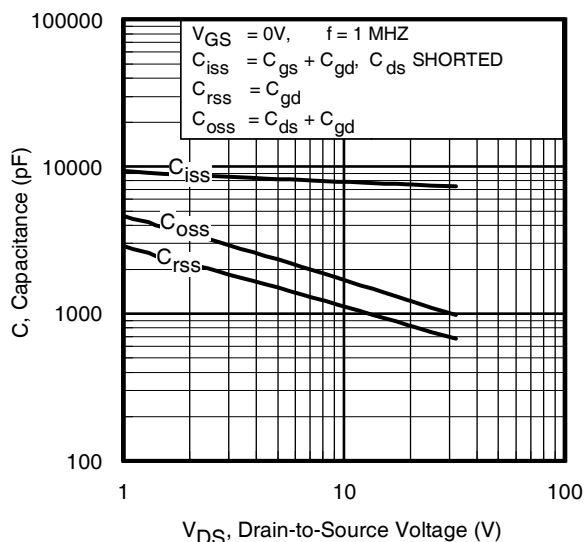
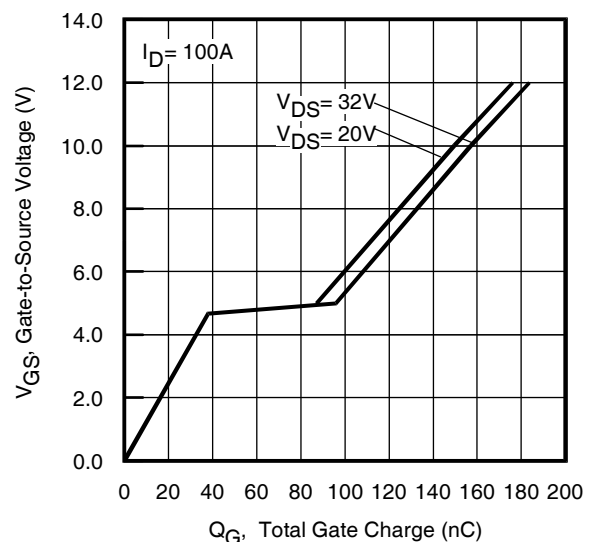
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	122	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 100A$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	150	225	nC	$I_D = 100A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	41	—		$V_{DS} = 20V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	51	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$Q_{sync}$	Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )	—	99	—		$I_D = 100A, V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	18	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 20V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	62	—		$I_D = 30A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	78	—		$R_G = 2.7\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	51	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	7437	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	1097	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	748	—		$f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$
$C_{oss\text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	1314	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V\text{ to }32V$ ⑦
$C_{oss\text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1735	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V\text{ to }32V$ ⑥

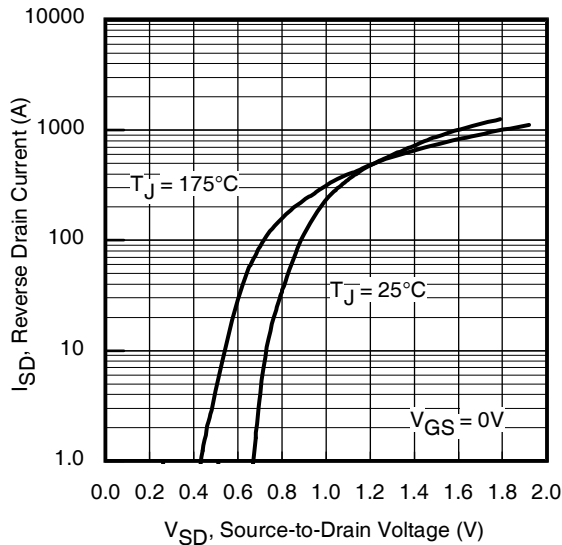
**Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	306 ①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	1040		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	1.0	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 100A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery ④	—	3.5	—	V/ns	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 100A, V_{DS} = 40V$
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	37	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	38	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	34	—	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	36	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{RRM}$	Reverse Recovery Current	—	1.8	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

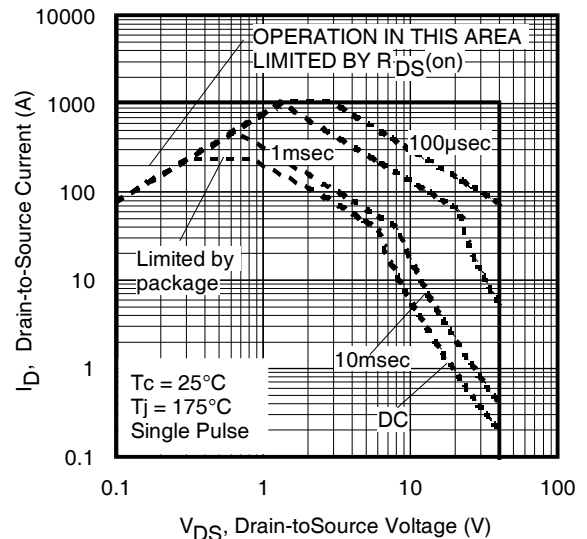
**Notes:**

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 240A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.069mH$ ,  $R_G = 50\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 100A$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10V$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ④  $I_{SD} \leq 100A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 1288A/\mu s$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑥  $C_{oss\text{ eff. (TR)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦  $C_{oss\text{ eff. (ER)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ⑨  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑩  $R_{\theta JC}$  value shown is at time zero.

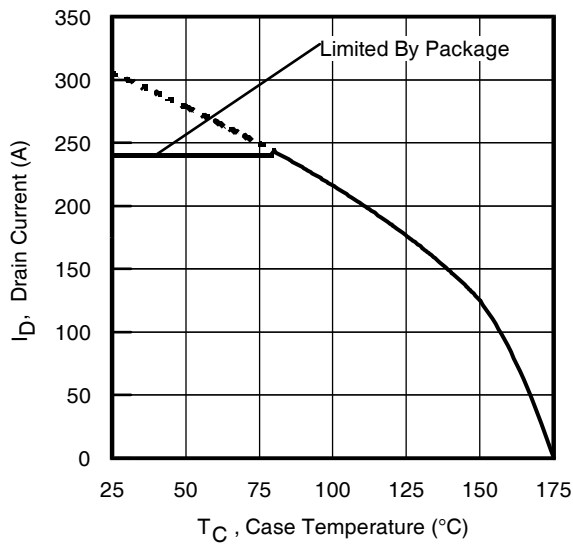

**Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature**

**Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage**

**Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage**



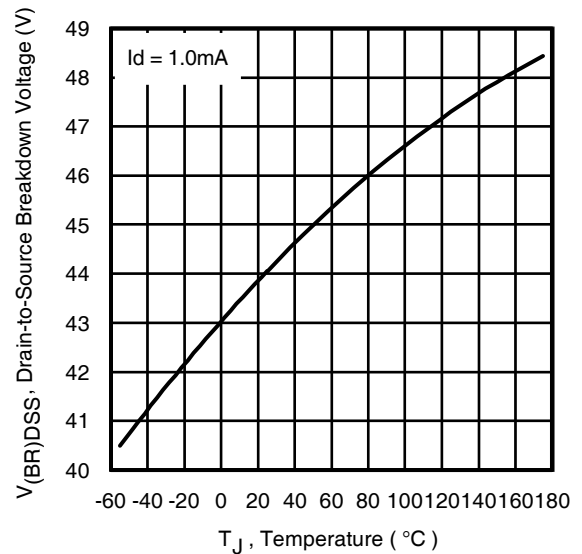
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



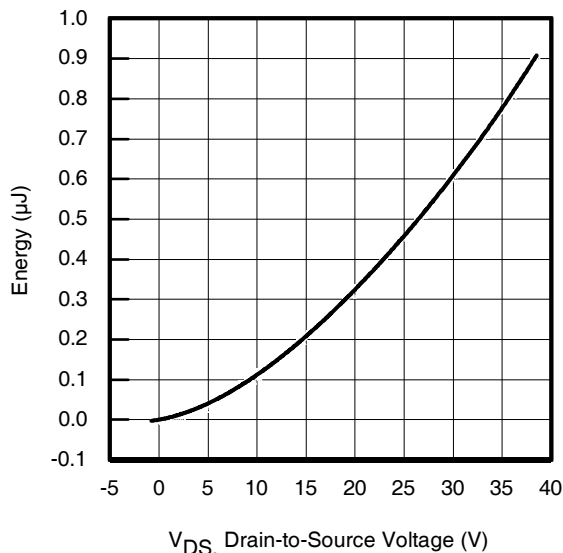
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



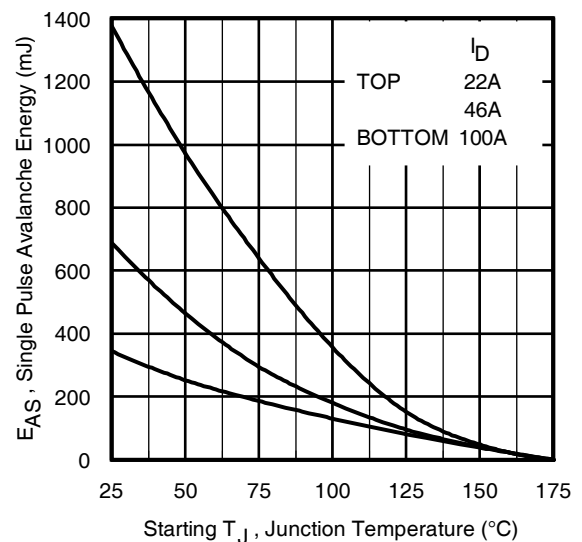
**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



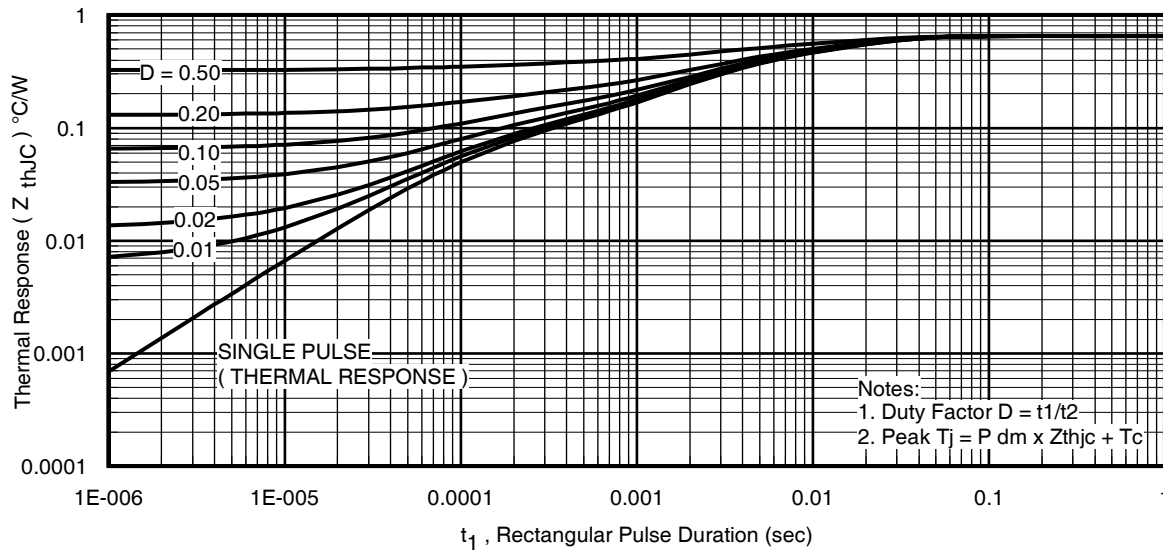
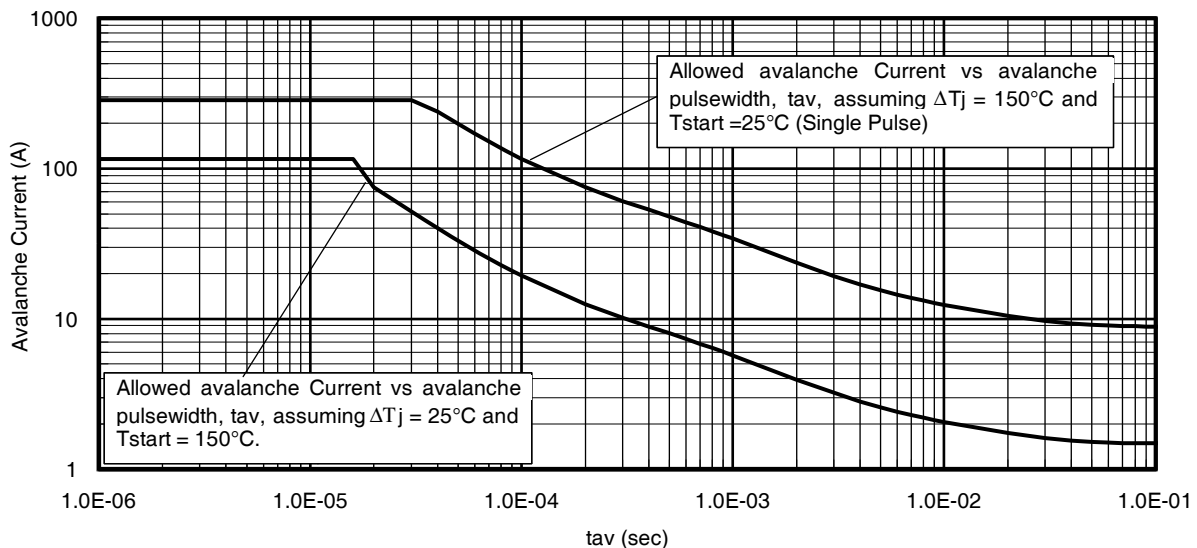
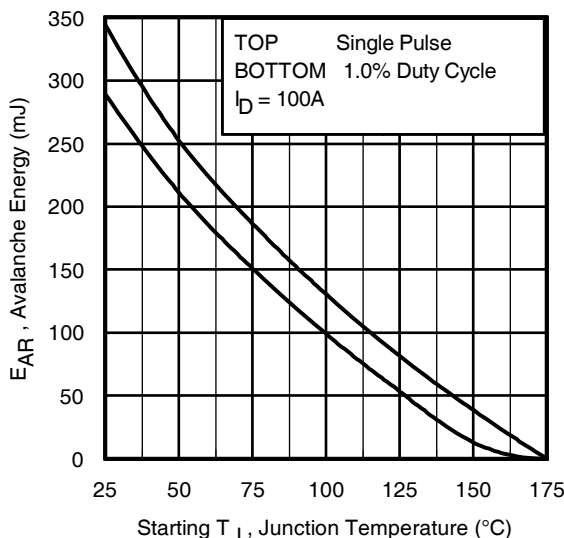
**Fig 10.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage



**Fig 11.** Typical  $C_{OSS}$  Stored Energy



**Fig 12.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current


**Fig 13.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

**Fig 14.** Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth

**Fig 15.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

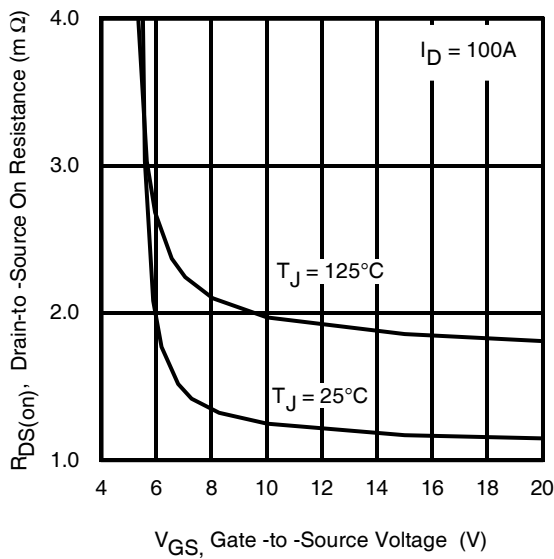
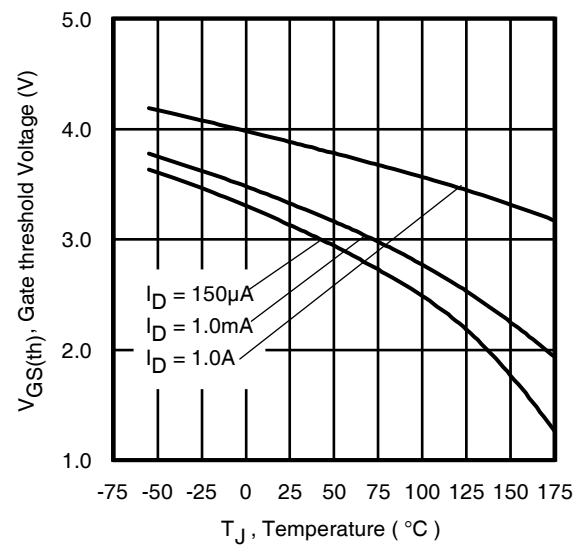
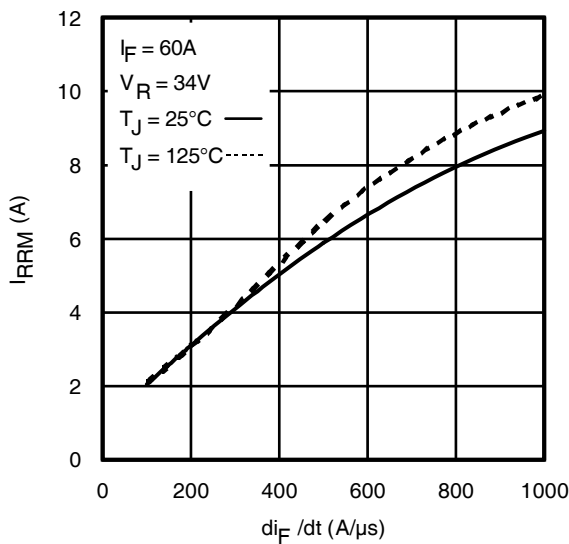
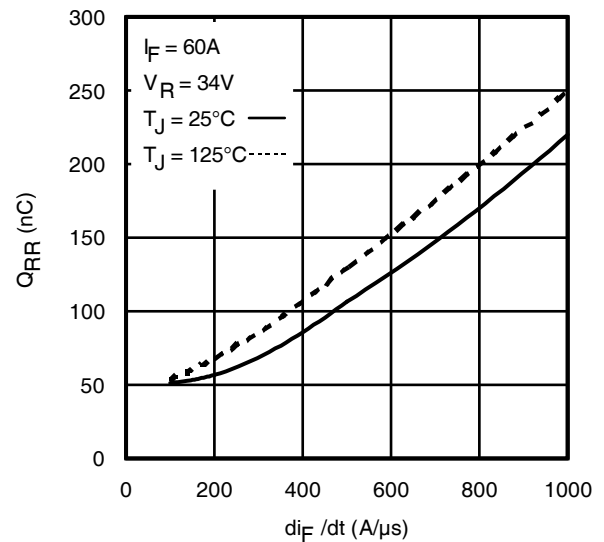
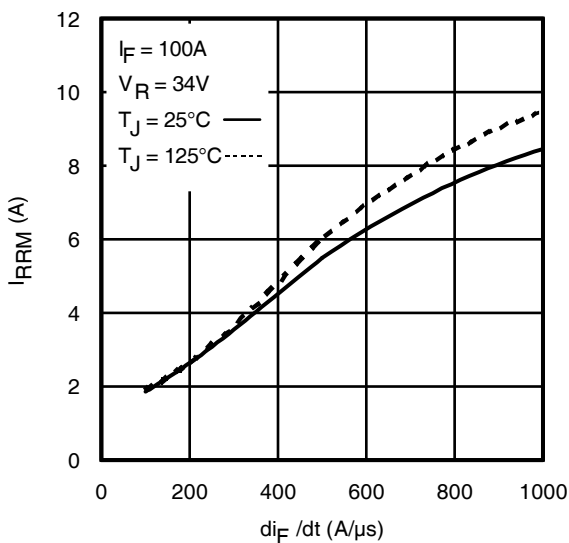
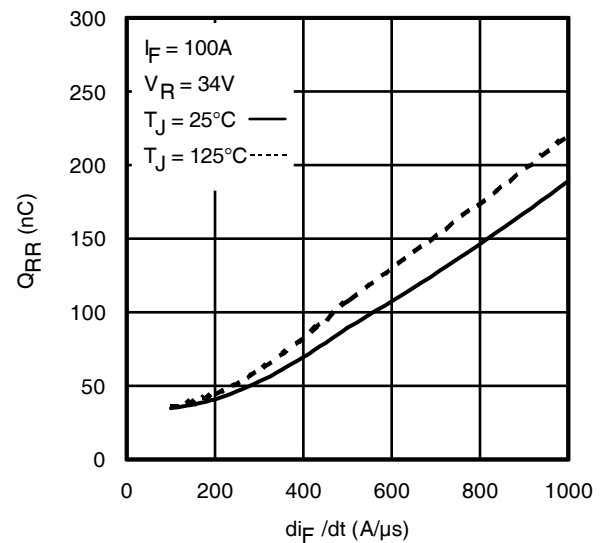
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))**

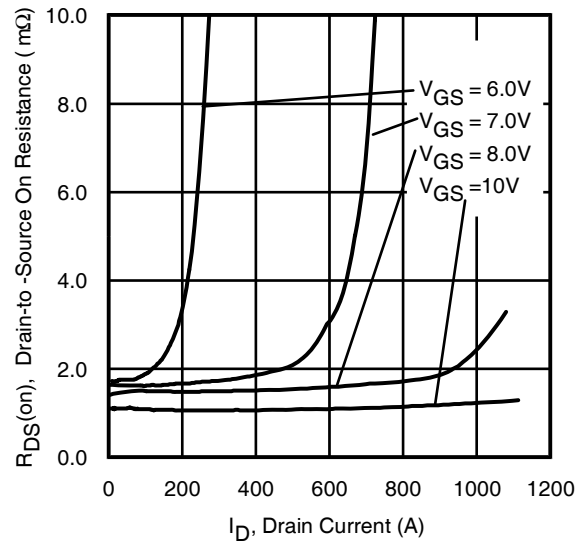
1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 24a, 24b.
4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

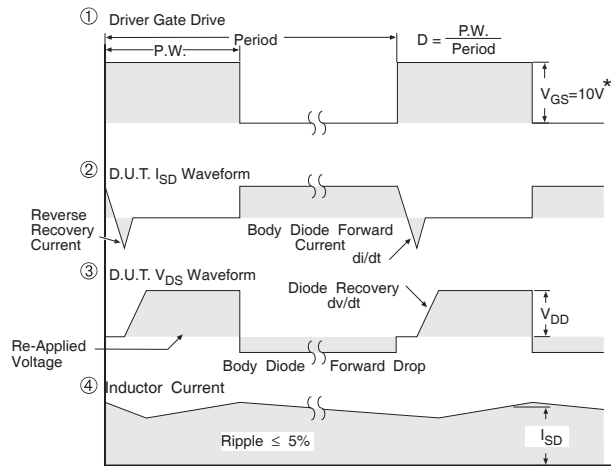
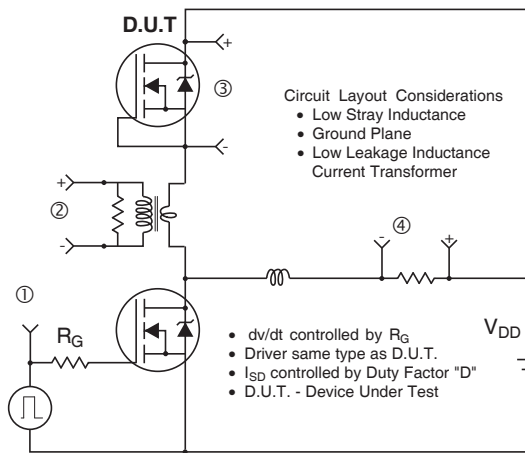
$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{thJC}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$


**Fig 16.** On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

**Fig 17.** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

**Fig. 18** - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_T/dt$ 

**Fig. 19** - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_T/dt$ 

**Fig. 20** - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_T/dt$ 

**Fig. 21** - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_T/dt$

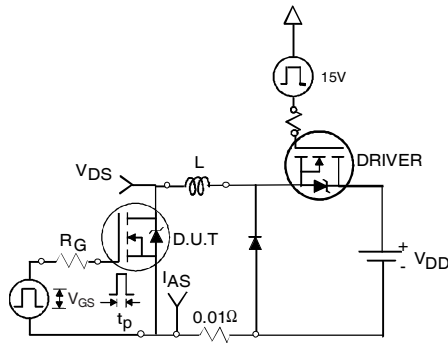


**Fig 22.** Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

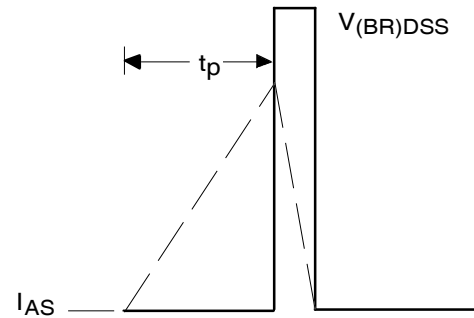


\*  $V_{GS} = 5V$  for Logic Level Devices

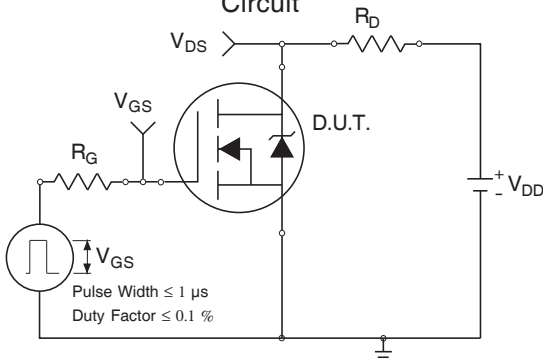
**Fig 23.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



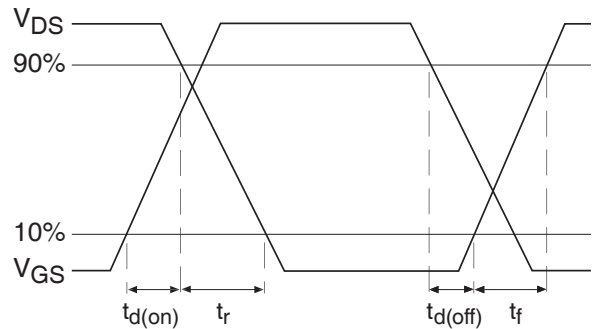
**Fig 24a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



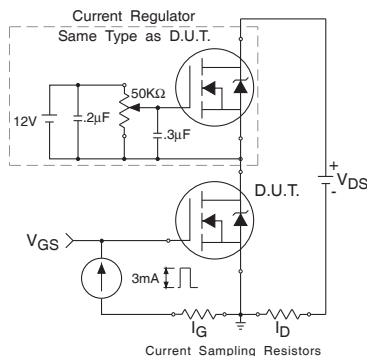
**Fig 24b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



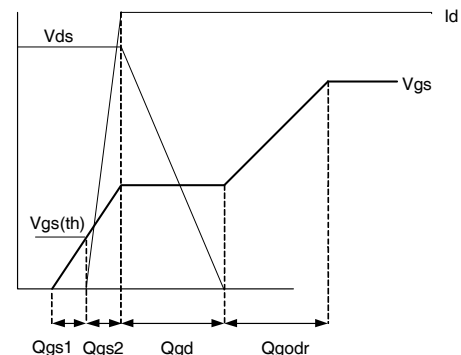
**Fig 25a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 25b.** Switching Time Waveforms



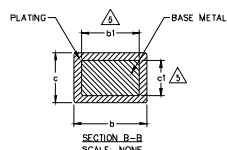
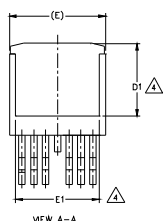
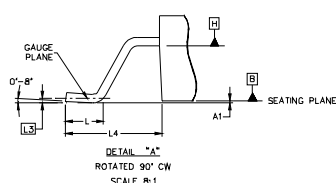
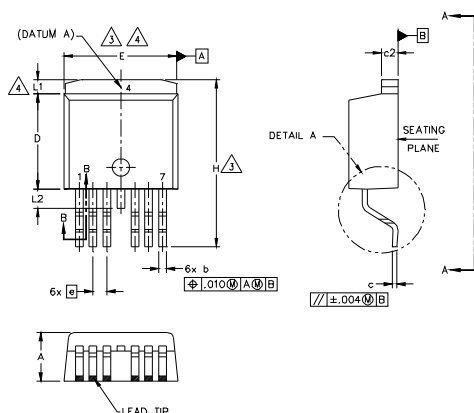
**Fig 26a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



**Fig 26b.** Gate Charge Waveform

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak - 7 Pin Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

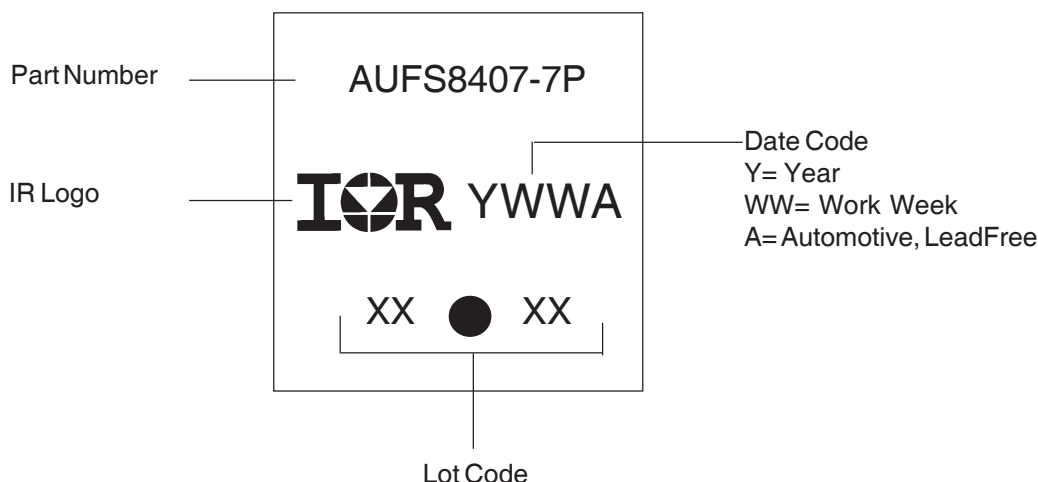


S Y M B O L	DIMENSIONS				N O T E S
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	5
A1	—	0.254	—	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.036	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.032	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	5
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3
D1	6.86	—	.270	—	4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	—	.245	—	4
e	1.27 BSC		.050 BSC		4
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	—	1.68	—	.066	
L2	—	1.78	—	.070	4
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
5. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
7. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263CB.

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak - 7 Pin Part Marking Information



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

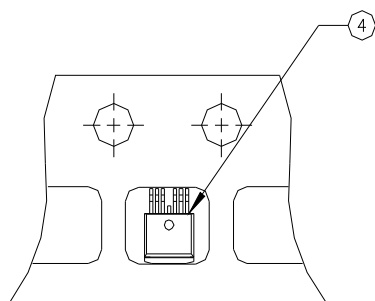


## D<sup>2</sup>Pak - 7 Pin Tape and Reel

### NOTES, TAPE & REEL, LABELLING:

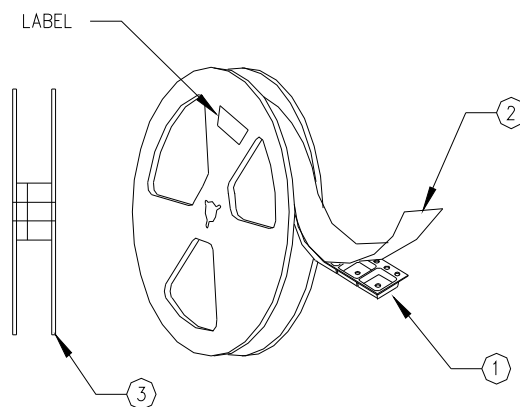
#### 1. TAPE AND REEL.

- 1.1 REEL SIZE 13 INCH DIAMETER.
- 1.2 EACH REEL CONTAINING 800 DEVICES.
- 1.3 THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 42 SEALED POCKETS CONTAINED IN THE LEADER AND A MINIMUM OF 15 SEALED POCKETS IN THE TRAILER.
- 1.4 PEEL STRENGTH MUST CONFORM TO THE SPEC. NO. 71-9667.
- 1.5 PART ORIENTATION SHALL BE AS SHOWN BELOW.
- 1.6 REEL MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF TWO UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS.  
REWORKED REELS MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF THREE UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS.  
HOWEVER, THE LOT CODES AND DATE CODES WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE QUANTITIES SHALL APPEAR ON THE BAR CODE LABEL FOR THE AFFECTED REEL.



#### 2. LABELLING (REEL AND SHIPPING BAG).

- 2.1 CUST. PART NUMBER (BAR CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
- 2.2 CUST. PART NUMBER (TEXT CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
- 2.3 I.R. PART NUMBER: IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
- 2.4 QUANTITY:
- 2.5 VENDOR CODE: IR
- 2.6 LOT CODE:
- 2.7 DATE CODE:



# Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>

Qualification Level		Automotive (per AEC-Q101)	
		Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification. IR's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.	
		D <sup>2</sup> PAK 7 Pin	MSL1
ESD	Machine Model	Class M3 (+/- 400V) <sup>††</sup> AEC-Q101-002	
	Human Body Model	Class H2 (+/- 4000V) <sup>††</sup> AEC-Q101-001	
	Charged Device Model	Class C5 (+/- 2000V) <sup>††</sup> AEC-Q101-005	
RoHS Compliant		Yes	

<sup>†</sup> Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/>

<sup>††</sup> Highest passing voltage.

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