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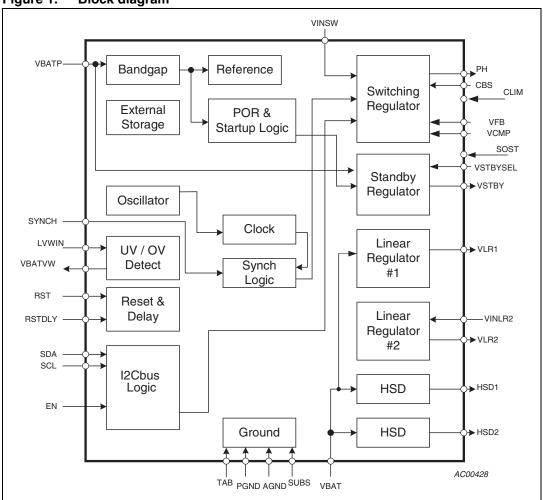
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1 Block and application diagram





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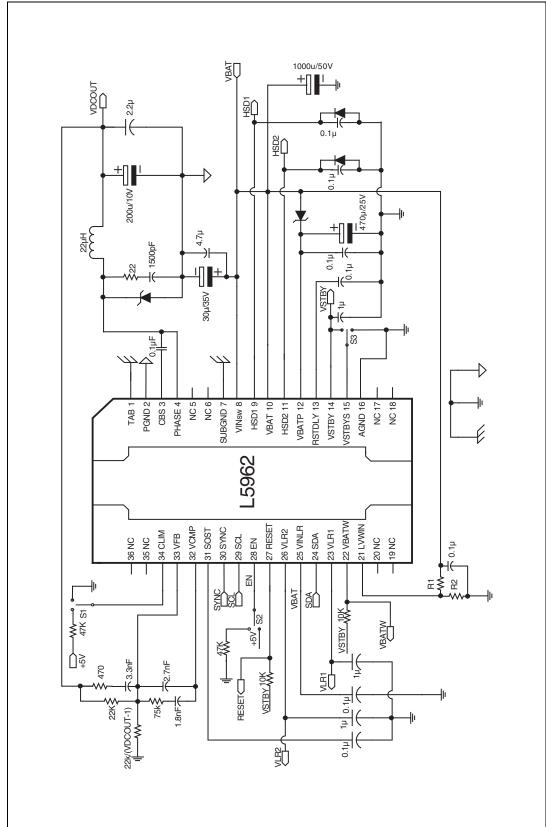


Figure 2. Application diagram

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L5962 Pin description

2 Pin description

Figure 3. Pin connection (top view)

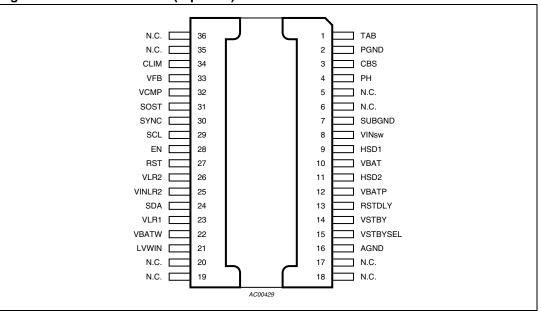


Table 2. Pin description

Pin #	Pad name	Function	Description
1	TAB		This pin must be connected to GND
2	PGND	Switching regulator ground	It is the power ground reference
3	CBS	Bootstrap for switching regulator	Bootstrap capacitor Input for the switching regulator
4	PH	Switching stage output	Phase output. It is the switching output of the switching regulator. It also provides phase reference for bootstrap drive.
5	N.C.	Not connected	-
6	N.C.	Not connected	-
7	SUBGND	Substrate ground	Substrate ground
8	VINsw	Switching regulator supply voltage	Battery voltage for the switching regulator
9	HSD1	High side driver 1	Output of the 1 st high side driver
10	VBAT	VLR1/HSD1/HSD2 supply voltage	Voltage input for linear regulator #1 high side driver and battery warnings
11	HSD2	High side driver 2	Output of the 2 nd high side driver
12	VBATP	Standby regulator supply voltage	Protected battery input for bias, bandgap, oscillator, and VSTBY regulator
13	RSTDLY	Reset delay function	Input
14	VSTBY	Standby regulator output	Output of the standby regulator

Pin description L5962

Table 2. Pin description (continued)

Pin #	Pad name	Function	Description
15	VSTBYSEL	Standby regulator selector	Selection input for standby regulator output (3.3 V or 5 V)
16	AGND	Analog ground	Analog voltage reference
17	N.C.	Not connected	-
18	N.C.	Not connected	-
19	N.C.	Not connected	-
20	N.C.	Not connected	-
21	LVWIN	Battery detector adjustment input	Low-voltage warning input
22	VBATW	Battery detector output (open-drain)	Battery voltage warning output
23	VLR1	Switched linear regulator 1	Output of the 1 st linear regulator
24	SDA	I ² C bus data	I ² C data line
25	VINLR2	VLR2 supply voltage	Battery supply for the 2 nd linear regulator
26	VLR2	Switched linear regulator 2	Output of the 2 nd linear regulator
27	RST	Reset	Output
28	EN	Enable	Active mode enable input. Active high
29	SCL	I ² C bus clock	I ² C clock source supplied by the master device
30	SYNC	Switching regulator SYNC function	Synchronization Input
31	SOST	Switching regulator soft-start	Soft start external capacitor
32	VCMP	Switching regulator compensation	Feedback compensation input.
33	VFB	Switching regulator feedback	Regulated output voltage sense
34	CLIM	Switching regulator current limit selector	Choose between two current limits
35	N.C.	Not connected	-
36	N.C.	Not connected	-

3 Electrical specification

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings

Pin name/Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs _{MAX}	Operating supply voltage (VBAT, VBATP, VINSW, VINLR2)	-0.3 to 27	V
	Transient supply voltage (VBAT, VBATP, VINSW, VINLR2)	-0.3 to 50	V
Vpin _{MAX}	Input pin voltage (EN, RSTDLY, VSTBYSEL, SYNCH, SCL, SDA, VCMP, VFB, CLIM, SOST)	-0.3 to 6	V
AGND, PGND, SUBGND, TAB	Ground pin voltage	-0.3 to +0.3	V
T _{op}	Operating temperature range	-40 to 85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-55 to 150	°C

3.2 Thermal data

Table 4. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{th j-case}	Thermal resistance junction-to-case (max)	2	°C/W

3.3 Electrical characteristics

VBAT= VINSW = VINLR2 = 14.4 V, T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified.

Table 5. Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Input supplies								
V _{min}	VBATP operating voltage	-	4.1	-	-	V		
Iq	Total quiescent current	EN = 0; I _{VSTBY} =100 μA @ T = -40 °C @ 25 °C < T < 85 °C	-	-	90 75	μΑ		
V _{OV}	Overvoltage shut-down	VBAT rising	27	29	31	V		
HYS _{OV}	Hysteresis on V _{OV}	-	-	400	-	mV		
V _{UV}	VBAT undervoltage threshold	VBAT falling; VBATVW transition to 0 V	7	7.5	8	V		



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Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
HYS _{UV}	Hysteresis on V _{UV}	-	-	1	-	V
VSTBY (3.3 V)						
Vout _{VSTBY3}	Output voltage	0 < I _{load} < 150 mA	3.2	3.3	3.4	V
LnR _{VSTBY3}	Line regulation	4.1 <vbatp<18v I_{load}=150mA</vbatp<18v 	-10	-	+50	mV
LdR _{VSTBY3}	Load regulation	0 <i<sub>load<150mA</i<sub>	-	-	20	mV
Vdo _{VSTBY3}	Drop out voltage	I _{load} =150mA	-	-	600	mV
Ishort _{VSTBY3}	Short circuit current limit	-	250	-	450	mA
OS/US _{VSTBY3}	Overshoot/Undershoot	I_{load} 0 \leftrightarrow 150 mA, t > 50 μ s C = 1 μ F ceramic	-	-	±5	%
PSRR _{VSTBY3}	Power supply rejection ratio	$I_{load} = 50 \text{ mA}$ $120 \text{ Hz} < f < 10 \text{ kHz}$ $VBATP_{ac} = 1 \text{ Vpp}$	70	-	-	dB
n _{VSTBY3}	Output noise	A-weighted filter 20 Hz < f < 20 kHz I _{load} = 5 mA	-	-	200	μV
TS _{VSTBY3}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS-VSTBY3}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
ESR _{VSTBY3}	External filtering capacitor ESR	C > 0.5 µF	-	-	0.2	Ω
VSTBY (5 V)						
Vout _{VSTBY5}	Output voltage	0 < I _{load} < 150 mA	4.80	5	5.15	V
LnR _{VSTBY5}	Line regulation	6 <vbatp<18v i<sub="">load=150mA</vbatp<18v>	-10	-	+60	mV
LdR _{VSTBY5}	Load regulation	0 < I _{load} < 150 mA	-	-	25	mV
Vdo _{VSTBY5}	Drop out voltage	I _{load} = 150 mA	-	-	600	mV
Ishort _{VSTBY5}	Short circuit current limit	-	250	-	450	mA
OS/US _{VSTBY5}	Overshoot/Undershoot	I_{load} 0 \leftrightarrow 150 mA, t > 50 μ s C = 1 μ F ceramic	-	-	±5	%
PSRR _{VSTBY5}	Power supply rejection ratio	I _{load} = 50 mA 120 Hz < f < 10 kHz VBATP _{ac} =1 Vpp	70	-	-	dB
n _{VSTBY5}	Output noise	A-weighted filter 20 Hz < f < 20 kHz I _{load} = 5 mA	-	-	200	μV
TS _{VSTBY5}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS} . VSTBY5	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
ESR _{VSTBY5}	External filtering capacitor ESR	C > 0.5 µF	-	-	0.2	Ω



Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VLR1 (5 V)						
Vout _{VLR1-5}	Output voltage	0 < I _{load} < 350 mA	4.85	5	5.15	V
LnR _{VLR1-5}	Line regulation	6 <vbat<18 i<sub="" v="">load =350 mA</vbat<18>	-25	-	+25	mV
LdR _{VLR1-5}	Load regulation	0 < I _{load} < 350 mA	-90	-	-	mV
Vdo _{VLR1-5}	Drop out voltage	I _{load} = 350 mA	-	-	650	mV
Ishort _{VLR1-5}	Short circuit current limit	-	500	650	850	mA
OS/US _{VLR1-5}	Overshoot/Undershoot	I_{load} 0 \leftrightarrow 350 mA, t > 50 μ s C = 1 μ F ceramic	-	-	±3	%
PSRR _{VLR1-5}	Power supply rejection ratio	I_{load} = 170 mA 120 Hz < f < 10 kHz VBAT _{ac} =1 Vpp	60	-	-	dB
n _{VLR1-5}	Output noise	A-weighted filter 20 Hz < f < 20 kHz I _{load} = 5 mA	-	-	350	μV
TS _{VLR1-5}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS-VLR1-5}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
ESR _{VLR1-5}	External filtering capacitor ESR	C > 0.5 µF	-	-	0.2	Ω
VLR1 (8.5 V)						
Vout _{VLR1-8}	Output voltage	0 < I _{load} < 350 mA	8.3	8.5	8.7	V
LnR _{VLR1-8}	Line regulation	9.6 <vbat<18vi<sub>load=350mA</vbat<18vi<sub>	-25	-	+25	mV
LdR _{VLR1-8}	Load regulation	0 < I _{load} < 350 mA	-90	-	-	mV
Vdo _{VLR1-8}	Drop out voltage	I _{load} = 350 mA	-	-	650	mV
Ishort _{VLR1-8}	Short circuit current limit	-	500	650	850	mA
OS/US _{VLR1-8}	Overshoot / undershoot	I_{load} 0 \leftrightarrow 350 mA, t > 50 μ s C = 1 μ F ceramic	-	-	±3	%
PSRR _{VLR1-8}	Power supply rejection ratio	I _{load} = 170 mA 120 Hz < f < 10 kHz VBAT _{ac} =1 Vpp	60	-	-	dB
n _{VLR1-8}	Output noise	A-weighted filter 20 Hz < f < 20 kHz I _{load} = 5 mA	-	-	350	μV
TS _{VLR1-8}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS-VLR1-8}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
ESR _{VLR1-8}	External filtering capacitor ESR	C > 0.5 µF	-	-	0.2	Ω



Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VLR2 (3.3 V)						
Vout _{VLR2-3}	Output voltage	0 < I _{load} < 1 A	3.2	3.3	3.4	V
LnR _{VLR2-3}	Line regulation	4.5 < VINLR2 < 18 V I _{load} = 1 A	-20	-	+20	mV
LdR _{VLR2-3}	Load regulation	0 < I _{load} < 1 A	-70	-	-	mV
Vdo _{VLR2-3}	Drop out voltage	I _{load} = 1 A	-	1	1.2	V
Ishort _{VLR2-3}	Short circuit current limit		1.5	ı	2.5	Α
OS/US _{VLR2-3}	Overshoot / undershoot	I_{load} 0 \leftrightarrow 1A, t > 50 μ s C = 1 μ F ceramic	-	1	±3	%
PSRR _{VLR2-3}	Power supply rejection ratio	I_{load} = 500 mA 120 Hz < f < 10 kHz VINLR2 _{ac} =1 Vpp	60	ı	ı	dB
n _{VLR2-3}	Output noise	A-weighted filter 20Hz <f<20khz I_{load}=5mA</f<20khz 	-	-	350	μV
TS _{VLR2-3}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	1	190	°C
HYS _{TS-VLR2-3}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	ı	15	°C
ESR _{VLR2-3}	External filtering capacitor ESR	C>0.5µF	-	ı	0.2	Ω
VLR2 (10 V)						
Vout _{VLR2-10}	Output voltage	0 <i<sub>load<1 A</i<sub>	9.7	10	10.3	V
LnR _{VLR2-10}	Line regulation	11.4 <vbat<18 v<br="">I_{load}=1 A</vbat<18>	-25	-	+25	mV
LdR _{VLR2-10}	Load regulation	0 <i<sub>load<1 A</i<sub>	-70	-	-	mV
Vdo _{VLR2-10}	Drop out voltage	I _{load} =1 A	-	1	0.75	V
Ishort _{VLR2-10}	Short circuit current limit		1.5	-	2.5	Α
OS/US _{VLR2-10}	Overshoot / undershoot	I_{load} 0 \leftrightarrow 1 A, t > 50 μ s C = 1 μ F ceramic	-	-	±3	%
PSRR _{VLR2-10}	Power supply rejection ratio	I_{load} = 500 mA 120 Hz <f<10 khz<br="">VINLR2_{ac}=1 Vpp</f<10>	60	-	-	dB
n _{VLR2-10}	Output noise	A-weighted filter 20 Hz < f < 20 kHz I_{load} = 5 mA	-	-	350	μV
TS _{VLR2-10}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS-VLR2-10}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
ESR _{VLR2-10}	External filtering capacitor ESR	C > 0.5 µF	-	-	0.2	Ω



Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
HSD1					•	
Vdrop _{HSD1}	Output saturation	I _{load} = 0.5 A	-	-	500	mV
lleak _{HSD1}	Leakage current	HSD off output shorted to GND	-	-	10	μΑ
Ishort _{HSD1}	Short circuit current limit	-	0.75	-	1.5	Α
TS _{HSD1}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS-HSD1}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
HSD2						
Vdrop _{HSD2}	Output saturation	I _{load} = 0.5 A	-	-	500	mV
lleak _{HSD2}	Leakage current	HSD off output shorted to GND	-	-	10	μΑ
Ishort _{HSD2}	Short circuit current limit	-	0.75	-	1.5	Α
TS _{HSD2}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{TS-HSD2}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C
Switching reg	ulator		•		•	
Vout _{SW}	Output voltage	Selectable through external resistor divider	1.2	-	8	٧
I _{LOADmaxSW}	Load current limitation	V _{outSW} decreasing of 100 mV ⁽¹⁾ CLIM = 0 V CLIM = 5 V	1.2 2.5	-	3 6	А
f _{sw}	Free-run switching frequency	-	150	180	210	kHz
V_{FB}	FB voltage	-	970	-	1030	mV
Vdrop _{SW}	Dropout voltage	$Vout_{SW} = 8 \text{ V}$ $Iload_{SW} = 2.5 \text{ A}^{(1)}$	-	-	1.2	V
f _{SYNC}	Switching frequency selectable through SYNC pin	-	220	-	400	kHz
η	Efficiency	free run frequency ⁽¹⁾ V _{outSW} = 8 V; I _{load} = 2.5 A	85	-	-	%
SR _{SS}	Soft-start pin slew rate	C _{SOST} = 10 nF ⁽¹⁾	-	-	10	V/ms
TS _{SW}	Thermal shut-down temperature	Temperature rising	150	-	190	°C
HYS _{SW}	Hysteresis on thermal shut- down temperature	-	5	-	15	°C

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Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Reset functio	n			•	•	•
THR _{RST}	Reset threshold on VSTBY VSTBY = 3.3 V		93	-	98	%
HYS _{RST}	Hysteresis on RST	-	30	-	150	mV
Vsat _{RST}	RST pin saturation voltage	I _{RST} = 0.5 mA	-	-	0.4	V
DLY _{RST}	RST delay time	C = 100 pF on RSTDLY pin	25	-	75	μs
Tfall _{RST}	RST fall time	R = 47 kΩ C = 50 pF	-	-	1	μs
Tglitch _{RST}	Glitch filter time for RST	-	5	-	20	μs
THR _{RSTDLY}	RSTDLY pin threshold	RST falling	3	-	3.7	V
I _{RSTDLY}	RSTDLY output current	RSTDLY = Off	7	-	13	μΑ
Controls			•		•	
THR _{EN}	EN minimum level recognized as high	-	2	-	-	V
	EN maximum level recognized as low	-		-	0.8	V
HYS _{EN}	Hysteresis on EN	-	150	-	-	mV
leak _{EN}	EN pin leakage current	-	-1	-	1	μΑ
THD	CLIM pin threshold	-	0.8	-	-	V
THR _{CLIM}	OLIM pin unesnoid	-		-	2	
leak _{CLIM}	CLIM pin leakage current	-	-1	-	1	μΑ
THR _{LVWIN}	LVWIN threshold	-	1.225	-	1.275	V
HYST _{LVWIN}	LVWIN hysteresis	-	100	-	200	mV
I ² C bus						
THR _{SCL}	CLOCK minimum level recognized as High	-	2.2	-	-	V
	CLOCK maximum level recognized as low	-	-	-	0.8	V
THR _{SDA}	DATA minimum level recognized as High	-	2.2	-	-	V
	DATA maximum level recognized as low	-	-	-	0.8	V
f _{SCL}	Clock frequency	-	-	-	400	kHz

^{1.} by bench characterization

L5962 Device description

4 Device description

The IC includes one standby regulator, always active to guarantee the standby functions; two switched linear regulators, managed by the I²C bus and a step-down switching voltage regulator with selectable current limit.

4.1 Regulators

The VSTBY regulator is always active when the IC is supplied.

The other regulators can be enabled or disabled. Their outputs are automatically disabled whenever the VBAT voltage exceeds the over-voltage shutdown threshold. Upon return from over-voltage shutdown, the outputs recover without intervention from the system.

4.1.1 Linear regulators

VSTBY (3.3 V / 5.0 V standby)

VSTBY is a linearly regulated 3.3/5 V output. This output is enabled on battery connect. It is supplied from the protected battery input (VBATP).

In order to select the 3.3 V output, the VSTBYSEL pin must be connected to ground.

In order to select the 5.0 V output, the VSTBYSEL pin must be connected to 5 V.

When the dropout voltage of the regulator cannot be maintained, the output shall track the VBATP input voltage less the saturation voltage of the regulator pass element.

This regulator has a short circuit protection consisting of current limit, and thermal shutdown. If the local die temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown detection threshold, the output is disabled. The thermal shutdown circuitry has hysteresis such that the output is enabled only after the die temperature falls below the thermal shutdown disable threshold. Thermal shutdown on this output doesn't directly disable any other circuitry.

RST provides an indication that VSTBY is in regulation. It is an open drain output used to indicate that VSTBY is in regulation (below the low-voltage threshold). RST remains low until VSTBY achieves regulation and the RSTDLY input has charged to its threshold. For instance, RST remains low during battery connect and disconnect and under low-voltage battery lockout. The transition from standby mode to active mode (and vice versa) does not cause the RST output to be triggered.

RSTDLY provides a means to delay the releasing of RST once VSTBY has achieved regulation. It is used to delay the release of RST when VSTBY achieves regulation. This input has a current source to charge an external capacitor and an internal pull-down to discharge the external capacitor. The voltage on this capacitor is used to control the operation of the RST output.

The RSTDLY pull-down is activated when a loss of regulation is detected. The input remains low until VSTBY once again achieves regulation.

When the RSTDLY is released the current source charges the external capacitor. When the voltage exceeds the pin's threshold, RST pin is also released, disabling its pull-down.



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VLR1 (5.0 V /8.5 V) and VLR2 (3.3 V, 5.0 V, 5.5 V, 6.0 V, 7.0 V, 7.5 V, 8.0 V, 10.0 V)

The output of these two regulators can be selected through the I²C bus.

When the dropout voltage of the regulator cannot be maintained, the output tracks the VBAT input voltage less the saturation voltage of the regulator pass element.

This regulator has a short circuit protection consisting of current limit and thermal shutdown. If the local die temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown detection threshold, the output is disabled. The thermal shutdown circuitry has hysteresis such that the output is enabled only after the die temperature falls below the thermal shutdown disable threshold. Thermal shutdown on this output doesn't directly disable any other circuitry.

VLR2 has its own power supply (VINLR2) because of its high current capability.

4.1.2 Switching regulator

The IC contains an independent, step-down, synchronous switching regulator, which is used to produce an output voltage that is adjustable in the system by means of an external resistor divider.

The switching regulator functionality is guaranteed in the 1.2-8.0 V output voltage range. The switching frequency is externally synchronizable. The switcher has its own supply input pin (VINSW) and is enabled by the EN input.

The regulator contains soft-start control to protect external devices from excessive in-rush currents. This control is independent of the presence of a synchronizing signal on the SYNCH input.

The switching cycle is synchronized to the internal oscillator unless a signal is present on the SYNC input. The signal present on the SYNCH input overrides the internal oscillator to control the switching of the regulator if its frequency gets inside the allowed range (220-400 kHz). The IC detects a small number of edges (e.g. 2-5) prior to recognize a valid input signal and synchronizing internal operation to the external signal.

It is designed to operate in continuous conduction mode (CCM), where the inductor current remains continuous throughout the entire load range of the output. It can also work in DCM mode.

This regulator has short circuit protection consisting of cycle-by-cycle duty-cycle limitation.

Upon return from over-voltage shutdown this regulator employs the soft-start.

An external bootstrap capacitor must be connected between the output (PH, phase output pin) and the CBS pin.

The switching regulator output slew rate can be controlled with an external capacitor on the SOST (soft start) pin. This protects the device against excessive dV/dt transients, lowering the stress of the internal components. A maximum slews rate of 10 V/ms is suggested.

Two separate current limits for the switching regulator can be chosen in order to guarantee a proper protection for the device at the desired load current rating. The CLIM pin should be tied to ground for the low limit (max 3 A) or to 5.0 V for the high limit (max 6 A).

The VFB pin is the voltage feedback from the regulated output for the switching regulator; the VCMP one is the compensation feedback for the switching regulator.

L5962 Device description

4.2 High side drivers

The device embeds fully-protected high-side drivers for use outside of the car-radio module.

HSD1, HSD2

These high side driver outputs have short circuit protections consisting of current limit and independent thermal shutdown. If the local die temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown detection threshold, the output is disabled. The thermal shutdown circuitry has hysteresis such that the output is enabled only after the die temperature falls below the thermal shutdown disable threshold. Thermal shutdown on any one output doesn't directly disable any other circuitry.

HSD1 and HSD2 are protected from shorts to ground and shorts to battery (0-18 V) during a loss of car-radio module battery.

Operating mode L5962

5 Operating mode

When a power source is connected to the IC, the internal circuitry begins to establish internal bias, the bandgap reference voltage, and other related functions. The standby (VSTBY) regulator and battery detection are functional.

The standby mode is activated when the enable (EN) input is asserted low.

When the enable (EN) input is set high (EN =1: active mode.), the IC exits the standby mode and enters the active mode.

During active mode, I2C interface is activated and all functions are operational. The IC remains in active mode until either the standby regulator falls out of regulation (where the IC enters the low-voltage reset state) or until the enable (EN) input is brought back to 0 V (where the IC enters the standby state).

5.1 Battery detection

The operating voltage for VLR1, high side drivers and battery warnings is provided by VBAT pin. This input is also used as reference to detect an over-voltage or an under-voltage condition. When such condition is detected, the VBATVW output is pulled down. The overvoltage detection circuit has hysteresis for noise rejection.

Two external resistors (Rext1, Rext2), whose values are lower than 100 kohm, are connected to the LWIN (low warning input) pin to give the possibility to trim the threshold at which the low voltage warning comparator triggers. When LVWIN voltage is below the input voltage threshold (1.25 V typ), the VBATW (battery voltage warning) output is pulled down and a low-voltage warning is indicated. When no external resistor network is connected to LVWIN, the detector sets the threshold to a nominal 7.5 V.

No external interaction is required to reset the output state, because it is automatically reset when the fault condition is removed.

Figure 4 shows an high level block diagram of the low-voltage warning circuit. VBAT is divided by two internal resistors (Rint1, Rint2) and two external programming resistors (Rext1, Rext2). When VBAT decreases so that LVWIN voltage gets lower than the internal reference (VBG), VBATW is pulled down to ground.

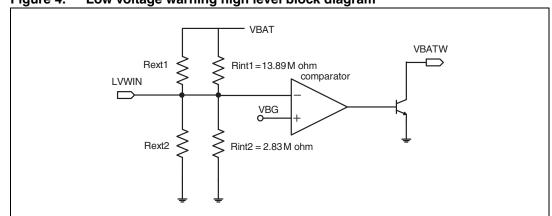


Figure 4. Low voltage warning high level block diagram

L5962 I²C bus interface

6 I²C bus interface

Data transmission from microprocessor to the L5962 and viceversa takes place through the 2 wires I²C bus interface, consisting of the two lines SDA and SCL (pull-up resistors to positive supply voltage must be connected).

6.1 Data validity

As shown by *Figure 5*, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

6.2 Start and stop conditions

As shown by *Figure 6* a start condition is a HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH.

6.3 Byte format

Every byte transferred to the SDA line must contain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

6.4 Acknowledge

The transmitter* puts a resistive HIGH level on the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see *Figure 6*). The receiver** the acknowledges has to pull-down (LOW) the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse, so that the SDAline is stable LOW during this clock pulse.

* Transmitter

- master (µP) when it writes an address to the L5962
- slave (L5962) when the μP reads a data byte from L5962

** Receiver

- slave (L5962) when the μP writes an address to the L5962
- master (µP) when it reads a data byte from L5962

Figure 5. Data validity on the I²C bus

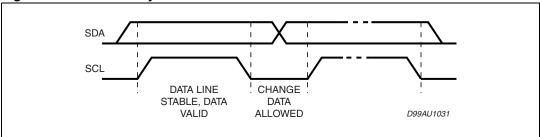


Figure 6. Timing diagram on the I²C bus

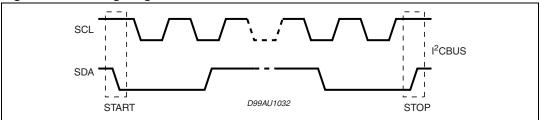
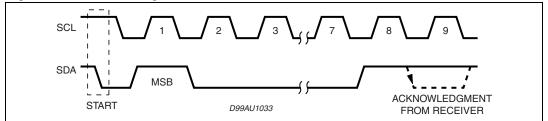


Figure 7. Acknowledge on the I²C bus



7 Software specifications

Table 6. Chip address

D7 (MSB) D0 (LSE						D0 (LSB)		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	R/W	10 Hex

IC functions can be driven sending one data byte IB1

Table 7. IB1 data byte

Bit position	Bit name	Function description
D7	VLR2EN	VLR2 enable
D6	VLR2SEL2	VLR2 selection
D5	VLR2SEL1	
D4	VLR2SEL0	
D3	VLR1EN	VLR1 enable
D2	VLR1SEL	VLR1 selection
D1	HSD2EN	HSD2 enable
D0	HSD1EN	HSD1 enable

Bits D6-D4 are used to select VLR2 output voltage according to the following table

Table 8. VLR2 output level selection

VLR2SEL2	VLR2SEL1	VLR2SEL0	VLR2 output voltage
0	0	0	3.3V
0	0	1	5.0V
0	1	0	5.5V
0	1	1	6.0V
1	0	0	7.0V
1	0	1	7.5V
1	1	0	8.0V
1	1	1	10.0V

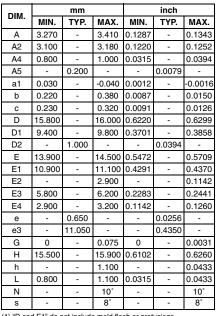
Package information L5962

8 Package information

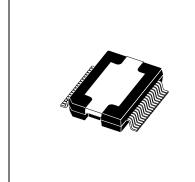
In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.

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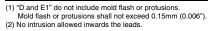
Figure 8. PowerSO36 (slug-up) mechanical data and package dimensions

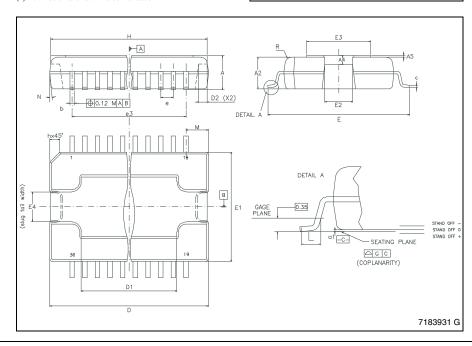


OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



PowerSO36 (SLUG UP)





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L5962 Revision history

9 Revision history

Table 9. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
24-Nov-2009	1	Initial release.
10-Dec-2009	2	Updated Figure 8: PowerSO36 (slug-up) mechanical data and package dimensions on page 22.
18-Sep-2013	3	Updated Disclaimer.

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