

ORDERING INFORMATION				
Part Number	Package			
SiC769CD-T1-E3	PowerPAK MLP66-40			
SiC769DB	Reference board			

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	- 0.3	20	
Switch Node Voltage (DC)	V _{SW}	- 0.3	20	
Drive Input Voltage	V _{DRV}	- 0.3	7	
Control Input Voltage	V _{CIN}	- 0.3	7	
Logic Pins	V _{PWM} , V _{DSBL#} , V _{THDN} , V _{SMOD}	- 0.3	V _{CIN} + 0.3	٧
Boot Voltage DC (referenced to C _{GND})	V _{BS}	- 0.3	27	
Boot Voltage < 200 ns Transient (referenced to C _{GND})	V BS	- 0.3	29	
Boot to Phase Voltage DC	V	- 0.3	7	
Boot to Phase Voltage < 200 ns	V _{BS_PH}	- 0.3	9	
Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	- 40	125	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _J		150	
Storage Junction Temperature	T _{STG}	- 65	150	°C
Soldering Peak Temperature			260	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating/conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	3	12	16		
Control Input Voltage	V _{CIN}	4.5		5.5	V	
Drive Input Voltage	V _{DRV}	4.5		5.5	V	
Switch Node	V _{SW_DC}		12	16		

Note:

a. Recommended operating conditions are specified over the entire temperature range, and all voltages referenced to $P_{\mathsf{GND}} = C_{\mathsf{GND}}$ unless otherwise noted.

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter	Symbol	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Maximum Power Dissipation at T _{PCB} = 25 °C	P _{D_25C}		25	W		
Maximum Power Dissipation at T _{PCB} = 100 °C	P _{D_100C}		10	VV		
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Top	R _{th_J_TOP}		15	°C/W		
Thermal Resistance from Junction to PCB	R _{th_J_PCB}		5	C/VV		

a. T_A = 25 °C and all voltages referenced to P_{GND} = C_{GND} unless otherwise noted.





ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION	NS					
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Specified $V_{DSBL\#} = V_{SMOD} = 5 \text{ V,}$ $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V, } V_{VDRV} = V_{VCIN} \text{ 5 V,}$ $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	Min.	Typ. ^a	Max.	Unit
Power Supplies		**			L	L
		V _{DSBL#} = 0 V, no switching		20		
V _{CIN} Control Input Current	I _{VCIN}	V _{DSBL#} = 5 V, no switching		400		μΑ
		$V_{DSBL\#} = 5 \text{ V, f}_{s} = 300 \text{ kHz, D} = 0.1$		600		
Daire Innet Comment (Description)		f _s = 300 kHz, D = 0.1		11	16	A
Drive Input Current (Dynamic)	I _{VDRV}	f _s = 1000 kHz, D = 0.1		40	54	mA
Bootstrap Supply						
Bootstrap Switch Forward Voltage	V _{BS Diode}	V _{VCIN} = 5 V, forward bias current 2 mA		0.60	0.75	V
Control Inputs (PWM, DSBL#, SMOD)						
PWM Rising Threshold	V _{th_pwm_r}		3.5	3.8	4.2	
PWM Falling Threshold	V _{th_pwm_f}		0.8	1.0	1.2	V mV
PWM Tristate Rising Threshold	V _{th_tri_r}		0.9	1.3	1.8	
PWM Tristate Falling Threshold	V _{th_tri_f}		3.4	3.7	4.0	
PWM Tristate Rising Threshold Hysteresis	V _{hys_tri_r}			200		m\/
PWM Tristate Falling Threshold Hysteresis	V _{hys_tri_f}			300		1111
Tristate Hold-Off Time ^b	t _{TSHO}			150		ns
PWM Input Current	1	V _{PWM} = 5 V		250	7 4.0 00 m 00 ns	
r www imput Guirent	I _{PWM}	$V_{PWM} = 0 V$		- 250		μΑ
SMOD, DSBL# Logic Input Voltage	V_{LOGIC_LH}	Rising (low to high)	2			V
SWOD, DODE# Logic Input Voltage	V _{LOGIC_LH}	Falling (high to low)			0.8	V
Pull Down Impedance	R _{THDN}	5 kΩ resistor pull-up to V_{CIN}		40		Ω
THDN Output Low	V_{THDNL}	3 K22 resistor pair up to VCIN		0.04		V
Protection						
Thermal Warning Flag Set				150		
Thermal Warning Flag Clear				135		°C
Thermal Warning Flag Hysteresis				15		
Under Voltage Lockout	V _{UVLO}	Rising, on threshold		3.3	3.9	V
Under Voltage Lockout	VUVLO	Falling, off threshold	2.5	2.9		v
Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	V _{UVLO_HYST}			400		mV
High Side Gate Discharge Resistor ^b	R _{HS_DSCRG}	$V_{VDRV} = V_{VCIN} = 0 V; V_{IN} = 12 V$		20.2		kΩ

Notes:

a. Typical limits are established by characterization and are not production tested.

b. Guaranteed by design.



MOSFET SPECIFICATIONS						
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Specified $V_{VCIN} = V_{DSBL\#} = 5 \text{ V},$ $V_{VIN} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$	Min.	Typ. ^a	Max.	Unit
	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0$, $I_{DS} = 250 \mu A$	20			V
High Side	R _{DS(on)_H}	V _{GH} = 5 V, resistance measured at package pins		6		mΩ
	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0$, $I_{DS} = 250 \mu A$	20			V
Low Side	R _{DS(on)_L}	V _{GL} = 5 V, resistance measured at package pins		1.7		mΩ

Note:

a. Typical MOSFET Parameters are provided as a design guide.

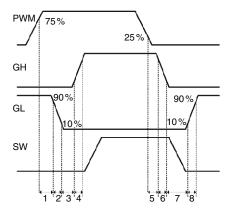
TIMING SPECIFICATIONS								
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Specified $V_{VDRV} = V_{VCIN} = V_{DSBL\#} = 5 \text{ V},$ $V_{VIN} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Turn Off Propagation Delay High Side ^a	t _{d_on_HS}	25 % of PWM to 90 % of GH	10	20	30			
Rise Time High Side	t _{r HS}	10 % to 90 % of GH		8				
Fall Time High Side	t _{f HS}	90 % to 10 % of GH		8				
Turn Off Propagation Delay Low Side ^a	t _{d_off_LS}	75 % of PWM to 90 % of GL	10	20	30	ns		
Rise Time Low Side	t _{r_LS}	10 % to 90 % of GL		8				
Fall Time Low Side	t _{f_LS}	90 % to 10 % of GL		8				
Dead Time Rising	t _{dead_on}	10 % of GL to 10 % of GH		15				
Dead Time Falling	t _{dead_off}	10 % of GH to 10 % of GL		15				

Note:

a. Min. and Max. are not 100 % production tested.



TIMING DEFINITIONS

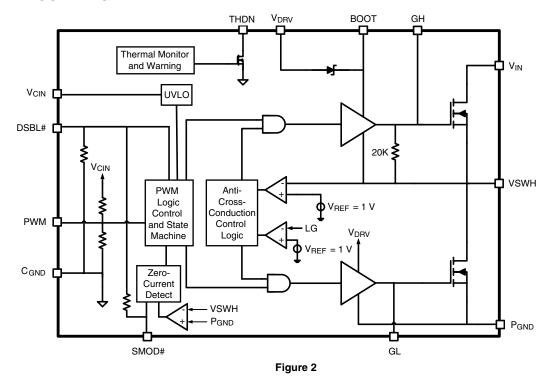


Region	Definition	Symbol
1	Turn off propagation delay LS	t _{d_off_LS}
2	Fall time LS	t _{f_LS}
3	Dead time rising	t _{dead_on}
4	Rise time HS	t _{r_HS}
5	Turn off propagation delay HS	t _{d_off_HS}
6	Fall time HS	t _{f_HS}
7	Dead time falling	t _{dead_off}
8	Rise time LS	t _{r_LS}

Note:

GH is referenced to the high side source. GL is referenced to the low side source.

SiC769CD BLOCK DIAGRAM



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DETAILED OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

PWM Input with Tristate Function

The PWM input receives the PWM control signal from the V_B controller IC. The PWM input is designed to be compatible with standard controllers using two state logic (H and L) and advanced controllers that incorporate Tristate logic (H, L and Tristate) on the PWM output. For two state logic, the PWM input operates as follows. When PWM is driven above $V_{th\ pwm\ r}$ the low side is turned off and the high side is turned on. When PWM input is driven below $V_{th_pwm_f}$ the high side turns off and the Low side turns on. For Tristate logic, the PWM input operates as above for driving the MOSFETs. However, there is an third state that is entered into as the PWM output of Tristate compatible controller enters its high impedance state during shut-down. The high impedance state of the controller's PWM output allows the SiC769CD to pull the PWM input into the Tristate region (see the Tristate Voltage Threshold Diagram below). If the PWM input stays in this region for the Tristate Hold-Off Period, t_{TSHO}, both high side and low side MOSFETs are turned off. This function allows the V_R phase to be disabled without negative output voltage swing caused by inductor ringing and saves a Schottky diode clamp. The PWM and Tristate regions are separated by hysteresis to prevent false triggering. The SiC769CD incorporates PWM voltage thresholds that are compatible with 5 V logic.

Disable (DSBL#)

In the low state, the DSBL# pin shuts down the driver IC and disables both high-side and low-side MOSFET. In this state, the standby current is minimized. If DSBL# is left unconnected an internal pull-down resistor will pull the pin down to C_{GND} and shut down the IC.

Diode Emulation Mode (SMOD) Skip Mode

When SMOD pin is low the diode emulation mode is enabled. This is a non-synchronous conversion mode that improves light load efficiency by reducing switching losses. Conducted losses that occur in synchronous buck regulators when inductor current is negative are also reduced. Circuitry in the gate drive IC detects the inductor valley current when inductor current crosses zero and automatically stops switching the low side MOSFET. See SMOD Operation Diagram for additional details. This function can be also be used for a pre-biased output voltage. If SMOD is left unconnected, an internal pull up resistor will pull the pin up to V_{CIN} (Logic High) to disable the SMOD function.

Thermal Shutdown Warning (THDN)

The THDN pin is an open drain signal that flags the presence of excessive junction temperature. Connect a maximum of 20 k Ω to pull this pin up to V_{CIN} . An internal temperature sensor detects the junction temperature. The temperature threshold is 150 °C. When this junction temperature is exceeded the THDN flag is set. When the junction temperature drops below 135 °C the device will clear the THDN signal. The SiC769CD does not stop operation when the flag is set. The decision to shutdown must be made by an external thermal control function.

Voltage Input (V_{IN})

This is the power input to the drain of the high-side Power MOSFET. This pin is connected to the high power intermediate BUS rail.

Switch Node (V_{SWH} and PHASE)

The Switch node V_{SWH} is the circuit PWM regulated output. This is the output applied to the filter circuit to deliver the regulated high output for the buck converter. The PHASE pin is internally connected to the switch node V_{SWH}. This pin is to be used exclusively as the return pin for the BOOT capacitor. A 20.2 k Ω resistor is connected between GH and PHASE to provide a discharge path for the HS MOSFET in the event that V_{CIN} goes to zero while V_{IN} is still applied.

Ground connections (C_{GND} and P_{GND})

PGND (power ground) should be externally connected to C_{GND} (control signal ground). The layout of the Printed Circuit Board should be such that the inductance separating the $C_{\mbox{\footnotesize GND}}$ and $P_{\mbox{\footnotesize GND}}$ should be a minimum. Transient differences due to inductance effects between these two pins should not exceed 0.5 V.

Control and Drive Supply Voltage Input (V_{DRV},V_{CIN})

 V_{CIN} is the bias supply for the gate drive control IC. V_{DRV} is the bias supply for the gate drivers. It is recommended to separate these pins through a resistor. This creates a low pass filtering effect to avoid coupling of high frequency gate drive noise into the IC.

Bootstrap Circuit (BOOT)

The internal bootstrap switch and an external bootstrap capacitor form a charge pump that supplies voltage to the BOOT pin. An integrated bootstrap diode is incorporated so that only an external capacitor is necessary to complete the bootstrap circuit. Connect a boot strap capacitor with one leg tied to BOOT pin and the other tied to PHASE pin.

Shoot-Through Protection and Adaptive Dead Time

The SiC769CD has an internal adaptive logic to avoid shoot through and optimize dead time. The shoot through protection ensures that both high-side and low-side MOSFET are not turned on the same time. The adaptive dead time control operates as follows. When PWM input goes high the LS gate starts to go low after a few ns. When this signal crosses through 1.7 V the logic to switch the HS gate on is activated. When PWM goes low the HS gate goes low. When the HS gate-to-source drive signal crosses through 1.7 V the logic to turn on the LS gate is activated. This feature helps to adjust dead time as gate transitions change with respect to output current and temperature.

Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

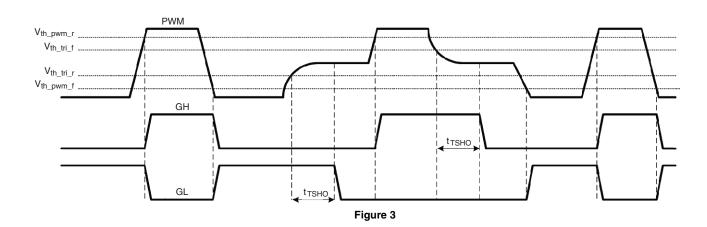
During the start up cycle, the UVLO disables the gate drive holding high-side and low-side MOSFET gate low until the input voltage rail has reached a point at which the logic circuitry can be safely activated. The SiC769CD also incorporates logic to clamp the gate drive signals to zero when the UVLO falling edge triggers the shutdown of the device. As an added precaution, a 20.2 k Ω resistor is connected between GH and PHASE to provide a discharge path for the HS MOSFET.

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DEVICE TRUTH TABLE						
DSBL#	SMOD	PWM	GH	GL		
Open	X	X	L	L		
L	Х	X	L	L		
Н	L	L	L	$H(I_{L} > 0), L(I_{L} \le 0)$		
Н	L	Н	Н	L		
Н	Н	Н	Н	L		
Н	Н	L	L	Н		

TRISTATE PWM VOLTAGE THRESHOLD DIAGRAM



SMOD OPERATION DIAGRAM

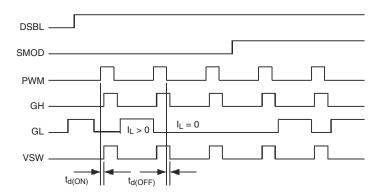


Figure 4



PIN CONFIGURATION

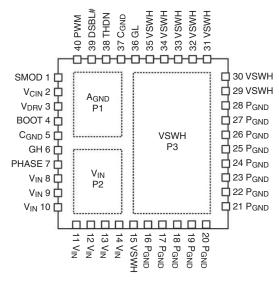
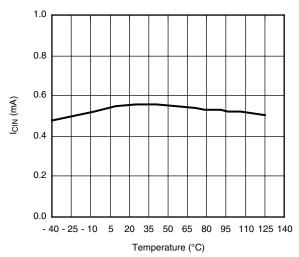


Figure 5 - PowerPAK MLP 6 x 6 40P Pin Out - Top View

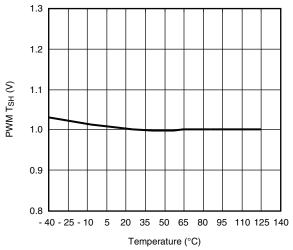
PIN DESCR	RIPTION	
Pin Number	Symbol	Description
1	SMOD	Disable low side gate operation. Active low.
2	V _{CIN}	This will be the bias supply input for control IC (5 V).
3	V _{DRV}	IC bias supply and gate drive supply voltage (5 V).
4	BOOT	High side driver bootstrap voltage pin for external bootstrap capacitor.
5, 37, PAD1	C _{GND}	Control signal ground. It should be connected to P _{GND} externally. All pins internally connected.
6	GH	Gate signal output pin for high side MOSFET. Pin for monitoring.
7	PHASE	Return pin for the HS bootstrap capacitor. Connect a 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor from this pin to the boot pin (4).
8 to 14, PAD2	V_{IN}	Input voltage for power stage. It is the drain of the high-side MOSFET.
15, 29 to 35, PAD3	VSWH	It is the phase node between high side MOSFET source and low side MOSFET drain. It should be connected to an output inductor. All pins internally connected.
16 to 28	P_{GND}	Power ground.
36	GL	Gate signal output pin for low side MOSFET. Pin for monitoring.
38	THDN	Thermal shutdown open drain output. Use a 10K pull up resistor to V _{CIN} .
39	DSBL#	Disable pin. Active low.
40	PWM	PWM input logic signal. Compatible with Tristate controller function.



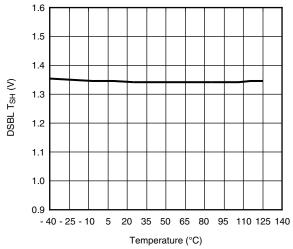




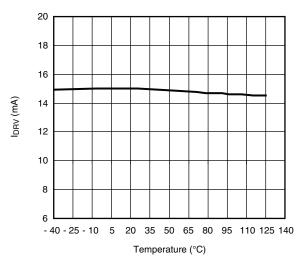
 I_{CIN} (mA) vs. Temperature at Frequency = 300 kHz $D = 10 \%, V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$



PWM Falling Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$

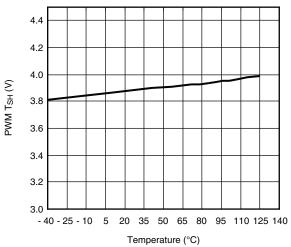


DSBL Falling Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$

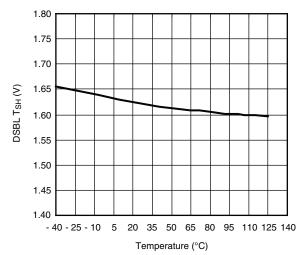


I_{DRV} (mA) vs. Temperature at Frequency = 300 kHz $D = 10 \%, V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$

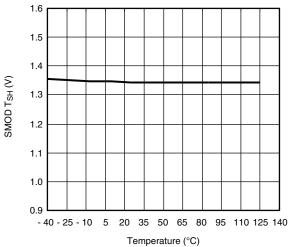




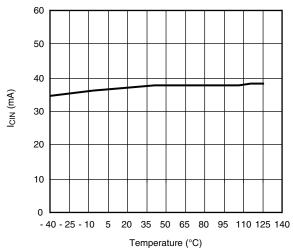
PWM Rising Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$



DSBL Rising Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$



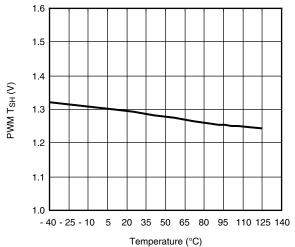
SMOD Falling Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$



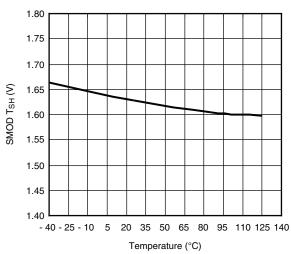
I_{CIN} + I_{DRV} (mA) vs. Temperature at Frequency = 1 MHz $D = 10 \%, V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V$



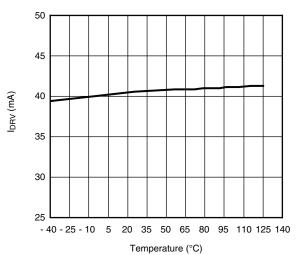




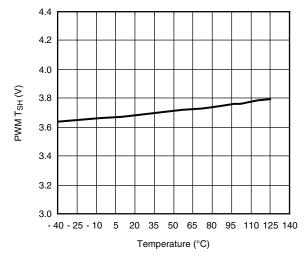
PWM Falling Tristate (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 \text{ V}$



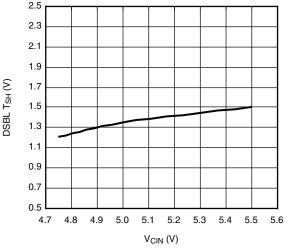
SMOD Rising Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 \text{ V}$



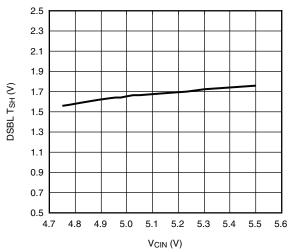
 I_{DRV} (mA) vs. Temperature at Frequency = 1 MHz D = 10 %, V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 V



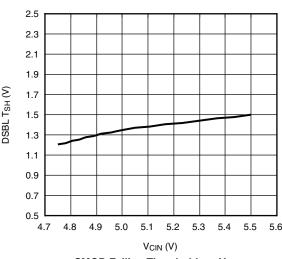
PWM Rising Tristate Threshold (V) vs. Temperature (°C) $V_{CIN} = V_{DRV} = 5 \text{ V}$



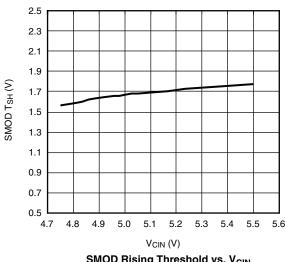
DSBL Falling Threshold vs. V_{CIN}



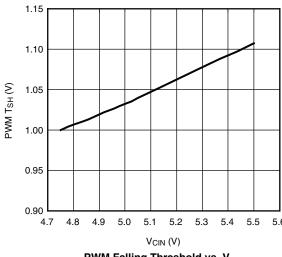
DSBL Rising Threshold vs. V_{CIN}



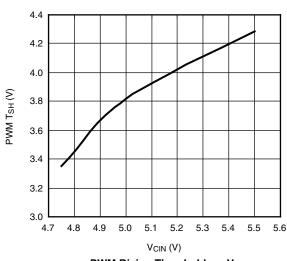
SMOD Falling Threshold vs. V_{CIN}



SMOD Rising Threshold vs. V_{CIN}



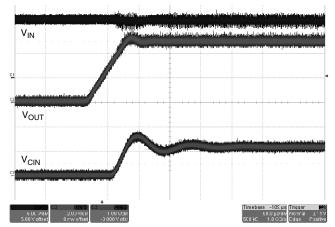
PWM Falling Threshold vs. V_{CIN}



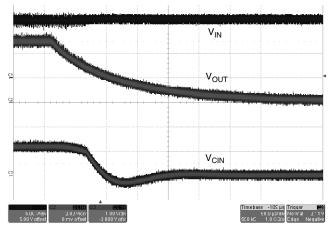
PWM Rising Threshold vs. V_{CIN}



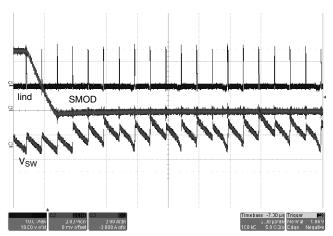




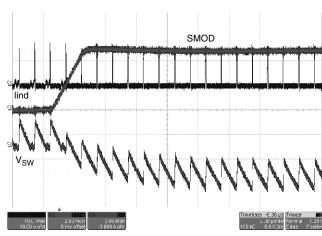
 $\begin{aligned} \text{Startup at V}_{\text{IN}} &= 12 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{OUT}} = 1.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{F}_{\text{S}} &= 1 \text{ MHz}, \text{I}_{\text{OUT}} = 30 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$



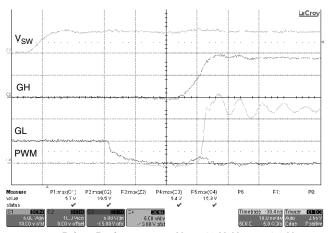
Power Off at V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V, F_S = 1 MHz, I_{OUT} = 30 A



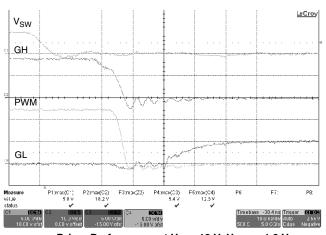
Disable SMOD at V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V, F_{S} = 1 MHz



Enable SMOD at V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V, F_{S} = 1 MHz



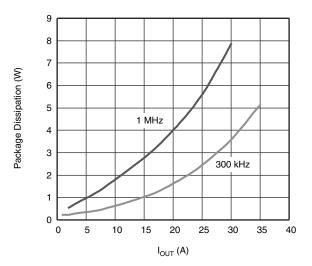
Driver Performance at V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V, F_S = 1 MHz, I_{OUT} = 10 A



Driver Performance at V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V, F_S = 1 MHz, I_{OUT} = 10 A



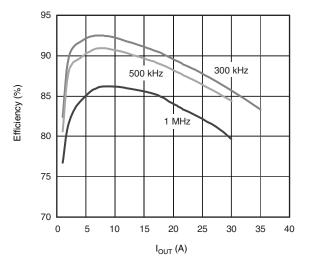
TYPICAL POWER LOSS IN SIC769CD PowerPAK MLP66-40 PACKAGE



$$\begin{split} \text{V}_{\text{IN}} = 12 \text{ V, V}_{\text{OUT}} = 1.2 \text{ V, V}_{\text{DRV}} = \text{V}_{\text{CIN}} = 5 \text{ V; No Air Flow} \\ \text{IHLP5050EZ-01 Inductor: 1 MHz} = 220 \text{ nH; 300 kHz} = 470 \text{ nH} \\ \text{P}_{\text{LOSS_PKG}} = \text{P}_{\text{VCIN}} + \text{P}_{\text{VDRV}} + \text{P}_{\text{VIN}} - \text{P}_{\text{OUT_VSW}} \end{split}$$

Figure 6 - SiC769CD PowerPAK MLP66-40 Package

TYPICAL EFFICIENCY CURVES



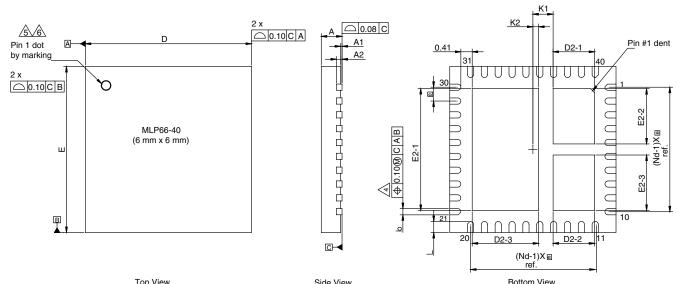
$$\begin{split} &V_{\text{IN}} = 12 \text{ V, } V_{\text{OUT}} = 1.2 \text{ V, } V_{\text{DRV}} = V_{\text{CIN}} = 5 \text{ V; No Air Flow} \\ &IHLP5050EZ-01 \text{ Inductor: } 1 \text{ MHz} = 220 \text{ nH, } 0.8 \text{ m}\Omega; \\ &500 \text{ kHz} = 330 \text{ nH, } 1.1 \text{ m}\Omega; 300 \text{ kHz} = 470 \text{ nH, } 1.3 \text{ m}\Omega \\ &Efficiency \% = 100 \text{ x } P_{\text{VOUT}} / (P_{\text{VCIN}} + P_{\text{VDRV}} + P_{\text{VIN}}) \end{split}$$

Figure 7





PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



rop view		Side view		Bottom view	
	MILLIMETERS			INCHES	
Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
0.70	0.75	0.80	0.027	0.029	0.031
0.00	-	0.05	0.000	-	0.002
	0.20 ref.			0.008 ref.	
0.20	0.25	0.30	0.078	0.098	0.011
	6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC	
	0.50 BSC			0.019 BSC	
	6.00 BSC		0.236 BSC		
0.35	0.40	0.45	0.013	0.015	0.017
	40		40		
	10		10		
	10		10		
1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061
1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061
2.35	2.40	2.45	0.095	0.094	0.096
4.35	4.40	4.45	0.171	0.173	0.175
1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080
1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080
	0.73 BSC	-	0.028 BSC		
	0.21 BSC			0.008 BSC	
	0.70 0.00 0.20 0.35 1.45 1.45 2.35 4.35 1.95	Min. Nom. 0.70 0.75 0.00 - 0.20 ref. 0.25 6.00 BSC 0.50 BSC 6.00 BSC 0.40 40 10 10 1.45 1.45 1.50 2.35 2.40 4.35 4.40 1.95 2.00 0.73 BSC	Min. Nom. Max. 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.00 - 0.05 0.20 ref. 0.25 0.30 6.00 BSC 0.50 BSC 6.00 BSC 0.40 0.45 40 10 10 1.55 1.45 1.50 1.55 1.45 1.50 1.55 2.35 2.40 2.45 4.35 4.40 4.45 1.95 2.00 2.05 0.73 BSC 0.73 BSC	Min. Nom. Max. Min. 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.027 0.00 - 0.05 0.000 0.20 ref. 0.20 ref. 0.30 0.078 6.00 BSC 0.50 BSC 0.50 BSC 6.00 BSC 0.013 0.013 40 10 0.013 10 1.55 0.057 1.45 1.50 1.55 0.057 2.35 2.40 2.45 0.095 4.35 4.40 4.45 0.171 1.95 2.00 2.05 0.076 0.73 BSC	Min. Nom. Max. Min. Nom. 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.027 0.029 0.00 - 0.05 0.000 - 0.20 ref. 0.20 ref. 0.008 ref. 0.008 ref. 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.078 0.098 6.00 BSC 0.50 BSC 0.019 BSC 0.236 BSC 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.013 0.015 40 40 40 40 10 10 10 10 1.45 1.50 1.55 0.057 0.059 1.45 1.50 1.55 0.057 0.059 2.35 2.40 2.45 0.095 0.094 4.35 4.40 4.45 0.171 0.173 1.95 2.00 2.05 0.076 0.078 1.95 2.00 2.05 0.076 0.078

- 1. Use millimeters as the primary measurement.
- Dimensioning and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- N is the number of terminals.
 - Nd is the number of terminals in X-direction and Ne is the number of terminals in Y-direction .
- 4. Dimension b applies to plated terminal and is measured between 0.20 mm and 0.25 mm from terminal tip.
- 5. The pin #1 identifier must be existed on the top surface of the package by using indentation mark or other feature of package body.
- Exact shape and size of this feature is optional.
- Package warpage max. 0.08 mm.
- 8. Applied only for terminals.

Figure 8 - PowerPAK MLP 66-40

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LAND PATTERN DIMENSIONS

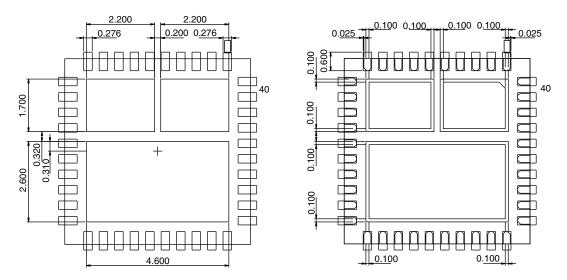
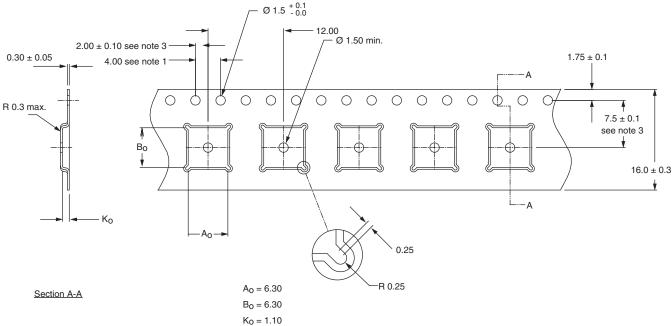


Figure 9 - PowerPAK MLP 66-40

TAPE AND REEL CARRIER TAPE DIMENSIONS



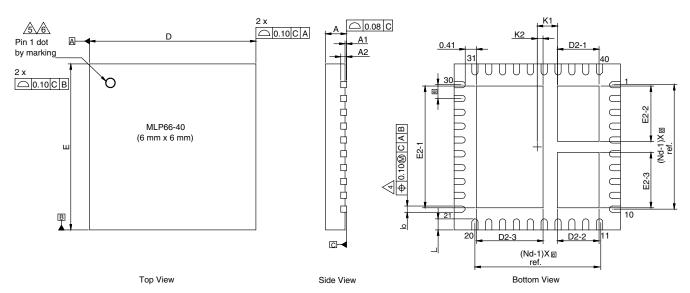
Notes:

- 1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance \pm 0.2.
- 2. Camber in compliance with EIA 481.
- 3. Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as true position of pocket, not pocket hole.

Figure 10 - PowerPAK MLP 66-40

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?64981.

PowerPAK® MLP66-40 Case Outline



DIM.		MILLIMETERS			INCHES	
DIIVI.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A ⁽⁸⁾	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.027	0.029	0.031
A1	0.00	-	0.05	0.000	-	0.002
A2		0.20 ref.			0.008 ref.	
b ⁽⁴⁾	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.078	0.098	0.011
D		6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC	
е		0.50 BSC			0.019 BSC	
E	6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC		
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.013	0.015	0.017
N ⁽³⁾		40	40			
Nd ⁽³⁾		10		10		
Ne ⁽³⁾		10		10		
D2-1	1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061
D2-2	1.45	1.50	1.55	0.057	0.059	0.061
D2-3	2.35	2.40	2.45	0.095	0.094	0.096
E2-1	4.35	4.40	4.45	0.171	0.173	0.175
E2-2	1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080
E2-3	1.95	2.00	2.05	0.076	0.078	0.080
K1		0.73 BSC		0.028 BSC		
K2		0.21 BSC		0.008 BSC		

ECN: T14-0826-Rev. B, 12-Jan-15

DWG: 5986

Notes

- 1. Use millimeters as the primary measurement
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M. 1994
- 3. N is the number of terminals. Nd is the number of terminals in X-direction and Ne is the number of terminals in Y-direction

 Δ Dimension b applies to plated terminal and is measured between 0.20 mm and 0.25 mm from terminal tip

The pin #1 identifier must be existed on the top surface of the package by using indentation mark or other feature of package body Exact shape and size of this feature is optional

7. Package warpage max. 0.08 mm

Applied only for terminals

Revision: 12-Jan-15 1 Document Number: 64846

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