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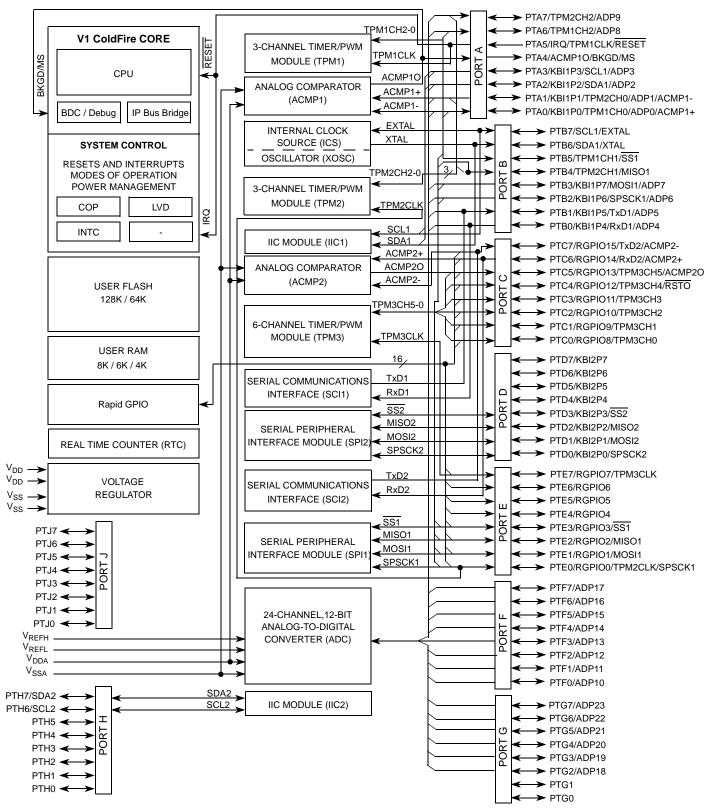


Figure 1. MCF51QE128 Series Block Diagram

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1 MCF51QE128 Series Comparison

The following table compares the various device derivatives available within the MCF51QE128 series.

Table 1. MCF51QE128 Series Features by MCU and Package

Feature	MCF51QE128 MCF51QE96		1QE96	MCF51QE64	MCF51QE32	
Flash size (bytes)	131	072	983	304	65536	32768
RAM size (bytes)	81	8192 8192			8192	8192
Pin quantity	80	64	80	64	64	64
Version 1 ColdFire core				ye	es	
ACMP1				ye	es	
ACMP2				ye	es	
ADC channels	24	20	24	20	20	20
DBG				ye	es	
ICS				ye	es	
IIC1				ye	es	
IIC2				ye	es	
KBI				1	6	
Port I/O ^{1, 2}	70	54	70	54	54	54
Rapid GPIO	yes					
RTC				yo	es	
SCI1				ye	es	
SCI2				yo	es	
SPI1				yo	es	
SPI2				yo	es	
External IRQ				yo	es	
TPM1 channels	3					
TPM2 channels	3					
TPM3 channels	6					
XOSC				y	es	

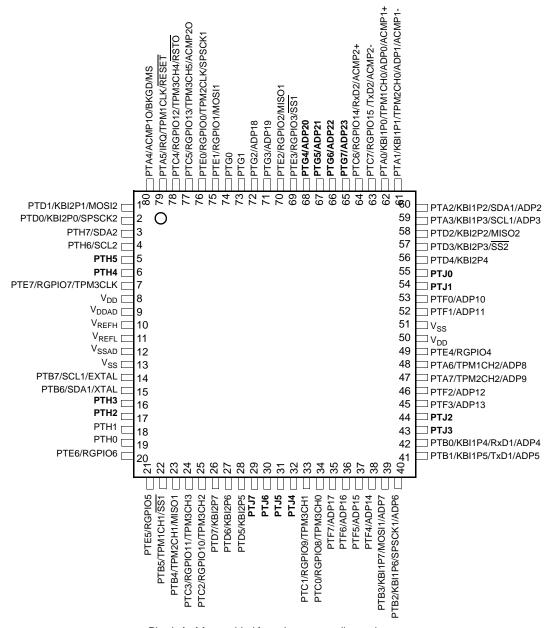
Port I/O count does not include the input-only PTA5/IRQ/TPM1CLK/RESET or the output-only PTA4/ACMP1O/BKGD/MS.

² 16 bits associated with Ports C and E are shadowed with ColdFire Rapid GPIO module.



2 Pin Assignments

This section describes the pin assignments for the available packages. See Table 1 for pin availability by package pin-count.



Pins in \boldsymbol{bold} are added from the next smaller package.

Figure 2. Pin Assignments in 80-Pin LQFP



Pin Assignments

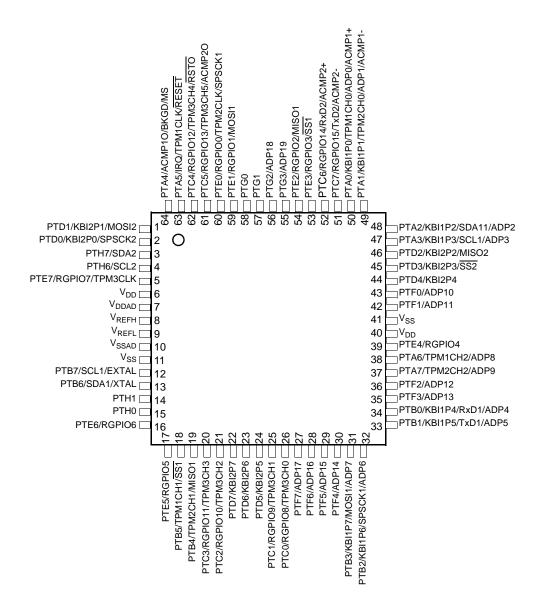


Figure 3. Pin Assignments in 64-Pin LQFP Package



Table 2. MCF51QE128 Series Pin Assignment by Package and Pin Sharing Priority

	in nber	Lowest		Priority	→	Highest
80	64	Port Pin	Alt 1	Alt 2	Alt 3	Alt 4
1	1	PTD1	KBI2P1	MOSI2		
2	2	PTD0	KBI2P0	SPSCK2		
3	3	PTH7	SDA2			
4	4	PTH6	SCL2			
5	_	PTH5				
6	_	PTH4				
7	5	PTE7	RGPI07	TPM3CLK		
8	6					V_{DD}
9	7					V_{DDAD}
10	8					V_{REFH}
11	9					V_{REFL}
12	10					V _{SSAD}
13	11					V_{SS}
14	12	PTB7	SCL1			EXTAL
15	13	PTB6	SDA1			XTAL
16	_	PTH3				
17	_	PTH2				
18	14	PTH1				
19	15	PTH0				
20	16	PTE6	RGPIO6			
21	17	PTE5	RGPIO5			
22	18	PTB5	TPM1CH1	SS1		
23	19	PTB4	TPM2CH1	MISO1		
24	20	PTC3	RGPIO11	ТРМ3СН3		
25	21	PTC2	RGPIO10	TPM3CH2		
26	22	PTD7	KBI2P7			
27	23	PTD6	KBI2P6			
28	24	PTD5	KBI2P5			
29	_	PTJ7				
30	_	PTJ6				
31	_	PTJ5				
32	_	PTJ4				
33	25	PTC1	RGPIO9	TPM3CH1		
34	26	PTC0	RGPIO8	TPM3CH0		
35	27	PTF7				ADP17
36	28	PTF6				ADP16
37	29	PTF5				ADP15
38	30	PTF4				ADP14
39	31	PTB3	KBI1P7	MOSI1 ¹		ADP7
40	32	PTB2	KBI1P6	SPSCK1		ADP6



Pin Assignments

Table 2. MCF51QE128 Series Pin Assignment by Package and Pin Sharing Priority (continued)

	in nber	Lowest		Priority	\longrightarrow	Highest
80	64	Port Pin	Alt 1	Alt 2	Alt 3	Alt 4
41	33	PTB1	KBI1P5	TxD1		ADP5
42	34	PTB0	KBI1P4	RxD1		ADP4
43	_	PTJ3				
44	_	PTJ2				
45	35	PTF3				ADP13
46	36	PTF2				ADP12
47	37	PTA7	TPM2CH2			ADP9
48	38	PTA6	TPM1CH2			ADP8
49	39	PTE4	RGPIO4			
50	40					V_{DD}
51	41					V _{SS}
52	42	PTF1				ADP11
53	43	PTF0				ADP10
54	_	PTJ1				
55	_	PTJ0				
56	44	PTD4	KBI2P4			
57	45	PTD3	KBI2P3	SS2		
58	46	PTD2	KBI2P2	MISO2		
59	47	PTA3	KBI1P3	SCL1 ²		ADP3
60	48	PTA2	KBI1P2	SDA1		ADP2
61	49	PTA1	KBI1P1	TPM2CH0	ADP1	ACMP1-
62	50	PTA0	KBI1P0	TPM1CH0	ADP0	ACMP1+
63	51	PTC7	RGPIO15	TxD2		ACMP2-
64	52	PTC6	RGPIO14	RxD2		ACMP2+
65	_	PTG7				ADP23
66	_	PTG6				ADP22
67	_	PTG5				ADP21
68	_	PTG4				ADP20
69	53	PTE3	RGPIO3	SS1		
70	54	PTE2	RGPIO2	MISO1		
71	55	PTG3				ADP19
72	56	PTG2				ADP18
73	57	PTG1				
74	58	PTG0				
75	59	PTE1	RGPIO1	MOSI1		
76	60	PTE0	RGPI00	TPM2CLK	SPSCK1	
77	61	PTC5	RGPIO13	TPM3CH5		ACMP2O
78	62	PTC4	RGPIO12	TPM3CH4	RSTO	
79	63	PTA5	IRQ	TPM1CLK	RESET	
80	64	PTA4 ³	ACMP1O	BKGD	MS	

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- SPI1 pins (SS1, MISO1, MOSI1, and SPSCK2) can be repositioned using SPI1PS in SOPT2. Default locations are PTB5, PTB4, PTB3, and PTB2.
- ² IIC1 pins (SCL1 and SDA1) can be repositioned using IIC1PS in SOPT2. Default locations are PTA3 and PTA2, respectively.
- ³ The PTA4/ACMP1O/BKGD/MS is limited to output only for the port I/O function.

3.1 Introduction

This section contains electrical and timing specifications for the MCF51QE128 series of microcontrollers available at the time of publication.

3.2 Parameter Classification

The electrical parameters shown in this supplement are guaranteed by various methods. To give the customer a better understanding the following classification is used and the parameters are tagged accordingly in the tables where appropriate:

Table 3. Parameter Classifications

Р	Those parameters are guaranteed during production testing on each individual device.
С	Those parameters are achieved by the design characterization by measuring a statistically relevant sample size across process variations.
Т	Those parameters are achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted. All values shown in the typical column are within this category.
D	Those parameters are derived mainly from simulations.

NOTE

The classification is shown in the column labeled "C" in the parameter tables where appropriate.

3.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maxima is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in Table 4 may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the remaining tables in this section.

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for instance, either V_{SS} or V_{DD}) or the programmable pull-up resistor associated with the pin is enabled.



Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3 to +3.8	V
Maximum current into V _{DD}	I _{DD}	120	mA
Digital input voltage	V _{In}	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Instantaneous maximum current Single pin limit (applies to all port pins) ^{1, 2, 3}	I _D	± 25	mA
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-55 to 150	°C

Input must be current limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive (V_{DD}) and negative (V_{SS}) clamp voltages, then use the larger of the two resistance values.

3.4 Thermal Characteristics

This section provides information about operating temperature range, power dissipation, and package thermal resistance. Power dissipation on I/O pins is usually small compared to the power dissipation in on-chip logic and voltage regulator circuits, and it is user-determined rather than being controlled by the MCU design. To take $P_{I/O}$ into account in power calculations, determine the difference between actual pin voltage and V_{SS} or V_{DD} and multiply by the pin current for each I/O pin. Except in cases of unusually high pin current (heavy loads), the difference between pin voltage and V_{SS} or V_{DD} will be very small.

Table 5. Thermal Characteristics

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Operating temperature range (packaged):				
MCF51QE64, MCF51QE96, and MCF51QE128:	T _A	-40 to 85	°C	
MCF51QE32:	'A	0 to 70	C	
Maximum junction temperature	T_JM	95	°C	
Thermal resistance Single-layer board				
64-pin LQFP	Δ	69	°C/W	
80-pin LQFP	$\theta_{\sf JA}$	60	C/VV	
Thermal resistance Four-layer board				
64-pin LQFP	$\theta_{\sf JA}$	50	°C/W	
80-pin LQFP	^O JA	47	C/ V V	

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 $^{^2}$ $\,$ All functional non-supply pins are internally clamped to $\rm V_{SS}$ and $\rm V_{DD}.$

Power supply must maintain regulation within operating V_{DD} range during instantaneous and operating maximum current conditions. If positive injection current (V_{In} > V_{DD}) is greater than I_{DD}, the injection current may flow out of V_{DD} and could result in external power supply going out of regulation. Ensure external V_{DD} load will shunt current greater than maximum injection current. This will be the greatest risk when the MCU is not consuming power. Examples are: if no system clock is present, or if the clock rate is very low (which would reduce overall power consumption).



The average chip-junction temperature (T_I) in °C can be obtained from:

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + (P_{D} \times \theta_{JA})$$
 Eqn. 1

where:

 $T_A = Ambient temperature, °C$

 θ_{JA} = Package thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient, °C/W

 $P_{D} = P_{int} + P_{I/O}$

 $P_{int} = I_{DD} \times V_{DD}$, Watts — chip internal power

 $P_{I/O}$ = Power dissipation on input and output pins — user determined

For most applications, $P_{I/O} \ll P_{int}$ and can be neglected. An approximate relationship between P_D and T_J (if $P_{I/O}$ is neglected) is:

$$P_D = K \div (T_J + 273^{\circ}C)$$
 Eqn. 2

Solving Equation 1 and Equation 2 for K gives:

$$K = P_D \times (T_A + 273^{\circ}C) + \theta_{JA} \times (P_D)^2$$
 Eqn. 3

where K is a constant pertaining to the particular part. K can be determined from equation 3 by measuring P_D (at equilibrium) for a known T_A . Using this value of K, the values of P_D and T_J can be obtained by solving Equation 1 and Equation 2 iteratively for any value of T_A .

3.5 ESD Protection and Latch-Up Immunity

Although damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD) is much less common on these devices than on early CMOS circuits, normal handling precautions should be used to avoid exposure to static discharge. Qualification tests are performed to ensure that these devices can withstand exposure to reasonable levels of static without suffering any permanent damage.

All ESD testing is in conformity with AEC-Q100 Stress Test Qualification for Automotive Grade Integrated Circuits. During the device qualification ESD stresses were performed for the human body model (HBM), the machine model (MM) and the charge device model (CDM).

A device is defined as a failure if after exposure to ESD pulses the device no longer meets the device specification. Complete DC parametric and functional testing is performed per the applicable device specification at room temperature followed by hot temperature, unless specified otherwise in the device specification.

Table 6. ESD and Latch-up Test Conditions

Model	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
	Series resistance	R1	1500	Ω
Human Body	Storage capacitance	С	100	pF
,	Number of pulses per pin	_	3	
	Series resistance	R1	0	Ω
Machine	Storage capacitance	С	200	pF
	Number of pulses per pin	_	3	
Latch-up	Minimum input voltage limit		- 2.5	V
Laterrup	Maximum input voltage limit		7.5	V

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Table 7. ESD and Latch-Up Protection Characteristics

No.	Rating ¹	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	Human body model (HBM)	V _{HBM}	± 2000	_	V
2	Machine model (MM)	V _{MM}	± 200	_	V
3	Charge device model (CDM)	V _{CDM}	± 500	_	V
4	Latch-up current at T _A = 85°C	I _{LAT}	± 100	_	mA

Parameter is achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted.

3.6 DC Characteristics

This section includes information about power supply requirements and I/O pin characteristics.

Table 8. DC Characteristics

Num	С	Char	racteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
1		Operating Voltage				1.8 ²		3.6	V
	С	Output high voltage	All I/O pins, low-drive strength		1.8 V, I _{Load} = -2 mA	V _{DD} - 0.5	_	_	
2	Р	_	All I/O pins,	V _{OH}	$2.7 \text{ V}, I_{Load} = -10 \text{ mA}$	V _{DD} – 0.5	_	_	V
	Τ		high-drive strength		$2.3 \text{ V}, I_{\text{Load}} = -6 \text{ mA}$	V _{DD} – 0.5	-	_	
	O				1.8V, $I_{Load} = -3 \text{ mA}$	V _{DD} – 0.5	1		
3	D	Output high current	Max total I _{OH} for all ports	I _{OHT}			-	100	mA
	С	Output low voltage	All I/O pins, low-drive strength		1.8 V, I _{Load} = 2 mA		_	0.5	
4	Р	_	All I/O pins,	V_{OL}	2.7 V, I _{Load} = 10 mA	_		0.5	V
	Т		high-drive strength		2.3 V, I _{Load} = 6 mA	_	_	0.5	
	C				1.8 V, $I_{Load} = 3 \text{ mA}$	_	1	0.5	
5	D	Output low current	Max total I _{OL} for all ports	I _{OLT}		_	_	100	mA
6	Р	Input high	all digital inputs	V _{IH}	V _{DD} > 2.7 V	0.70 x V _{DD}	_	_	
	С	voltage		V IH	V _{DD} > 1.8 V	0.85 x V _{DD}	_	_	V
7	Р	Input low voltage	all digital inputs	V _{IL}	$V_{DD} > 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	1	0.35 x V _{DD}	v
,	C			VIL.	V _{DD} >1.8 V	_	1	0.30 x V _{DD}	
8	C	Input hysteresis	all digital inputs	V _{hys}		$0.06 \times V_{DD}$	1	_	mV
9	Р	Input leakage current	all input only pins (Per pin)	I _{In}	$V_{In} = V_{DD}$ or V_{SS}		-	1	μΑ
10	Р	Hi-Z (off-state) leakage current	all input/output (per pin)	I _{OZ}	$V_{In} = V_{DD}$ or V_{SS}	_	_	1	μА
11	Р	Pull-up resistors	all digital inputs, when enabled	R _{PU}		17.5	_	52.5	kΩ

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Table 8. DC Characteristics (continued)

Num	С	Ch	aracteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
		DC injection	Single pin limit			-0.2	_	0.2	mA
12	D	current 3, 4, 5	Total MCU limit, includes sum of all stressed pins		$V_{IN} < V_{SS}, V_{IN} > V_{DD}$	-5	_	5	mA
13	С	Input Capacitano	e, all pins	C _{In}		_	_	8	pF
14	С	RAM retention vo	oltage	V_{RAM}		_	0.6	1.0	V
15	С	POR re-arm volta	age ⁶	V _{POR}		0.9	1.4	1.79	V
16	D	POR re-arm time)	t _{POR}		10	_	_	μS
17	Р	Low-voltage dete high range ⁷	ection threshold —	V _{LVDH} ⁸	V _{DD} falling V _{DD} rising	2.11 2.16	2.16 2.21	2.22 2.27	V
18	Р	Low-voltage determined low range ⁷	ection threshold —	V _{LVDL}	V _{DD} falling V _{DD} rising	1.80 1.86	1.82 1.90	1.91 1.99	V
19	Р	Low-voltage war high range ⁷	ning threshold —	V _{LVWH}	V _{DD} falling V _{DD} rising	2.36 2.36	2.46 2.46	2.56 2.56	V
20	Р	Low-voltage war	ning threshold —	V _{LVWL}	V _{DD} falling V _{DD} rising	2.11 2.16	2.16 2.21	2.22 2.27	V
21	С	Low-voltage inhil hysteresis ⁷	bit reset/recover	V _{hys}		_	50	_	mV
22	Р	Bandgap Voltage	e Reference ⁹	V_{BG}		1.15	1.17	1.18	V

¹ Typical values are measured at 25°C. Characterized, not tested

² As the supply voltage rises, the LVD circuit will hold the MCU in reset until the supply has risen above V_{LVDL}.

 $^{^3}$ All functional non-supply pins are internally clamped to V_{SS} and V_{DD} .

⁴ Input must be current limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive and negative clamp voltages, then use the larger of the two values.

Power supply must maintain regulation within operating V_{DD} range during instantaneous and operating maximum current conditions. If positive injection current (V_{In} > V_{DD}) is greater than I_{DD}, the injection current may flow out of V_{DD} and could result in external power supply going out of regulation. Ensure external V_{DD} load will shunt current greater than maximum injection current. This will be the greatest risk when the MCU is not consuming power. Examples are: if no system clock is present, or if clock rate is very low (which would reduce overall power consumption).

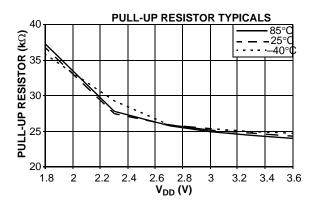
⁶ Maximum is highest voltage that POR is guaranteed.

⁷ Low voltage detection and warning limits measured at 1 MHz bus frequency.

⁸ Run at 1 MHz bus frequency

⁹ Factory trimmed at $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, Temp = 25°C





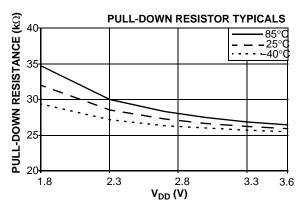
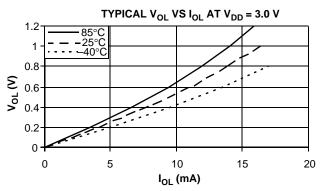


Figure 4. Pull-up and Pull-down Typical Resistor Values



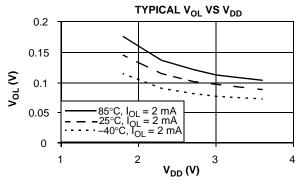
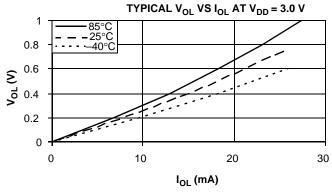


Figure 5. Typical Low-Side Driver (Sink) Characteristics — Low Drive (PTxDSn = 0)



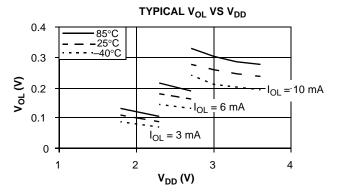


Figure 6. Typical Low-Side Driver (Sink) Characteristics — High Drive (PTxDSn = 1)



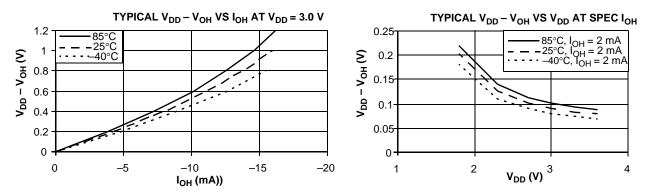


Figure 7. Typical High-Side (Source) Characteristics — Low Drive (PTxDSn = 0)

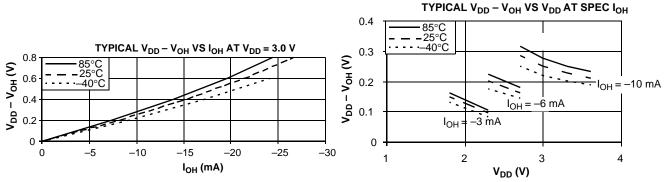


Figure 8. Typical High-Side (Source) Characteristics — High Drive (PTxDSn = 1)

3.7 Supply Current Characteristics

This section includes information about power supply current in various operating modes.

Table 9. Supply Current Characteristics

Num	С	Parameter	Symbol	Bus Freq	V _{DD} (V)	Typ ¹	Max	Unit	Temp (°C)
	Р			25.165 MHz		32	35		-40 to 25
	Р		25.105 1411 12		32	35		85	
1	Т		RI _{DD}	20 MHz	3	28.0	_	mA	
	Т			8 MHz		13.2	_		-40 to 85
	Т			1 MHz		2.4	_		
	С	Run supply current		25.165 MHz		28.1	29.6		
2	Т	FEI mode, all modules off	RI _{DD}	20 MHz	3	22.9	_	mA	-40 to 85
	Т		KIDD	8 MHz		11.3	_		70 10 00
	Т			1 MHz		2.0	_		



Table 9. Supply Current Characteristics (continued)

Num	С	Parameter	Symbol	Bus Freq	V _{DD} (V)	Typ ¹	Max	Unit	Temp (°C)
3	Т	Run supply current LPS=0, all modules off	RI _{DD}	16 kHz FBILP	3	203	_	μА	-40 to 85
3	Т		MDD	16 kHz FBELP	3	154	_	μΛ	-40 to 65
4	Т	Run supply current LPS=1, all modules off, running from Flash	RI _{DD}	16 kHz FBELP	3	50	_	μА	-40 to 85
	С	Wait mode supply current		25.165 MHz		11	13.7		
5	Т	FEI mode, all modules off	WI _{DD}	20 MHz	3	4.57	_	mA	40 to 85
5	Т		VVIDD	8 MHz	3	2	_	IIIA	40 10 65
	Т			1 MHz		0.73	_		
	Р	Stop2 mode supply current				0.6	0.8		-40 to 25
	С				3	3.0	11		70
6	Р		S2I _{DD}	n/a		8.0	20	μΑ	85
O	С		DD	11/a		0.6	0.8	μΛ	-40 to 25
	С				2	2.5	10		70
	С					6.0	12		85
	Р	Stop3 mode supply current				0.8	1.3		-40 to 25
	С	No clocks active			3	6.0	18		70
7	Р		S3I _{DD}	n/a		18.0	28	μΑ	85
,	С		DD	11/4		0.8	1.3	μΛ	-40 to 25
	С				2	5.0	16		70
	С					12.0	20		85

Table 10. Stop Mode Adders

Nives	•	C Parameter	Condition		1	l lusita		
Num		Parameter	Condition	-40	25	70	85	Units
1	Т	LPO		50	75	100	150	nA
2	Т	ERREFSTEN	RANGE = HGO = 0	1000	1000	1100	1500	nA
3	Т	IREFSTEN ¹		63	70	77	81	uA
4	Т	RTC	does not include clock source current	50	75	100	150	nA
5	Т	LVD ¹	LVDSE = 1	90	100	110	115	uA
6	Т	ACMP ¹	not using the bandgap (BGBE = 0)	18	20	22	23	uA
7	Т	ADC ¹	ADLPC = ADLSMP = 1 not using the bandgap (BGBE = 0)	95	106	114	120	uA

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¹ Not available in stop2 mode.

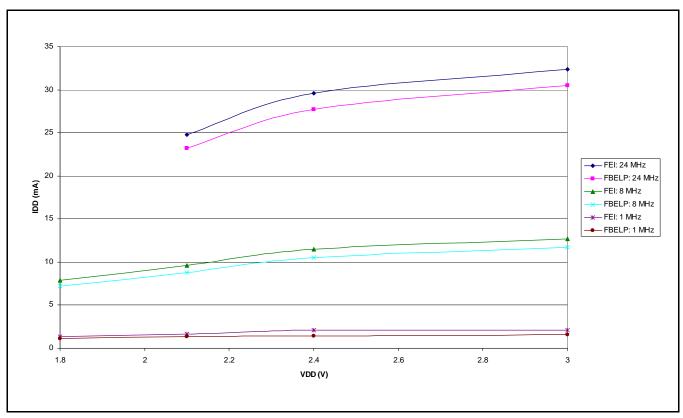


Figure 9. Typical Run I_{DD} for FBE and FEI, I_{DD} vs. V_{DD} (ADC off, All Other Modules Enabled)



3.8 External Oscillator (XOSC) Characteristics

Reference Figure 10 and Figure 11 for crystal or resonator circuits.

Table 11. XOSC and ICS Specifications (Temperature Range = −40 to 85°C Ambient)

Num	С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
1	С	Oscillator crystal or resonator (EREFS = 1, ERCLKEN = 1) Low range (RANGE = 0) High range (RANGE = 1), high gain (HGO = 1) High range (RANGE = 1), low power (HGO = 0)	f _{lo} f _{hi} f _{hi}	32 1 1	_ _ _	38.4 16 8	kHz MHz MHz
2	D	Load capacitors Low range (RANGE=0), low power (HGO=0) Other oscillator settings	C _{1,} C ₂		See N		
3	D	Feedback resistor Low range, low power (RANGE=0, HGO=0) ² Low range, High Gain (RANGE=0, HGO=1) High range (RANGE=1, HGO=X)	R _F	_ _ _	_ 10 1	_ _ _	ΜΩ
4	D	Series resistor — Low range, low power (RANGE = 0, HGO = 0) ² Low range, high gain (RANGE = 0, HGO = 1) High range, low power (RANGE = 1, HGO = 0) High range, high gain (RANGE = 1, HGO = 1) ≥ 8 MHz 4 MHz 1 MHz	R _S		 0 100 0 0		kΩ
5	С	Crystal start-up time ⁴ Low range, low power Low range, high power High range, low power High range, high power	t CSTL t CSTH		200 400 5 15	_ _ _ _	ms
6	D	Square wave input clock frequency (EREFS = 0, ERCLKEN = 1) FEE or FBE mode FBELP mode	f _{extal}	0.03125 0	_	40.0 50.33	MHz MHz

¹ Data in Typical column was characterized at 3.0 V, 25°C or is typical recommended value.

² Load capacitors (C₁,C₂), feedback resistor (R_F) and series resistor (R_S) are incorporated internally when RANGE=HGO=0.

³ See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation.

⁴ Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.



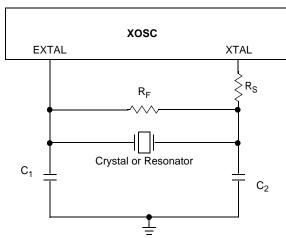


Figure 10. Typical Crystal or Resonator Circuit: High Range and Low Range/High Gain

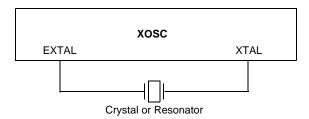


Figure 11. Typical Crystal or Resonator Circuit: Low Range/Low Gain

3.9 Internal Clock Source (ICS) Characteristics

Table 12. ICS Frequency Specifications (Temperature Range = −40 to 85°C Ambient)

Num	С	Charac	teristic	Symbol	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
1	Р	Average internal reference frequency at V _{DD} = 3.6 V and temperatu	f _{int_ft}	_	32.768	_	kHz	
2	Р	Internal reference frequency — u	user trimmed	f _{int_ut}	31.25	_	39.06	kHz
3	Т	Internal reference start-up time		t _{IRST}	_	60	100	μS
	Р	DOO	Low range (DRS=00)		16	_	20	
4	Р	DCO output frequency range —	Mid range (DRS=01)	f _{dco_u}	32	_	40	MHz
	Р		High range (DRS=10)		48	_	60	
	Р	DCO output frequency ²	Low range (DRS=00)		_	19.92	_	
5	Р	Reference = 32768 Hz	Mid range (DRS=01)	f _{dco_DMX32}		39.85	_	MHz
	Р	DMX32 = 1	High range (DRS=10)		_	59.77	_	
6	С	Resolution of trimmed DCO outp temperature (using FTRIM)	ut frequency at fixed voltage and	$\Delta f_{dco_res_t}$	_	± 0.1	± 0.2	%f _{dco}
7	С	Resolution of trimmed DCO outp temperature (not using FTRIM)	$\Delta f_{dco_res_t}$		± 0.2	± 0.4	%f _{dco}	



Table 12. ICS Frequency Specifications (Temperature Range = −40 to 85°C Ambient) (continued)

Num	С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
8	С	Total deviation of trimmed DCO output frequency over voltage and temperature	Δf_{dco_t}	_	+ 0.5 -1.0	± 2	%f _{dco}
9	С	Total deviation of trimmed DCO output frequency over fixed voltage and temperature range of 0°C to 70 °C	Δf_{dco_t}	_	± 0.5	± 1	%f _{dco}
10	С	FLL acquisition time ³	t _{Acquire}	_		1	ms
11	С	Long term jitter of DCO output clock (averaged over 2-ms interval) ⁴	C _{Jitter}	_	0.02	0.2	%f _{dco}

Data in Typical column was characterized at 3.0 V, 25°C or is typical recommended value.

Jitter is the average deviation from the programmed frequency measured over the specified interval at maximum f_{Bus}. Measurements are made with the device powered by filtered supplies and clocked by a stable external clock signal. Noise injected into the FLL circuitry via V_{DD} and V_{SS} and variation in crystal oscillator frequency increase the C_{Jitter} percentage for a given interval.

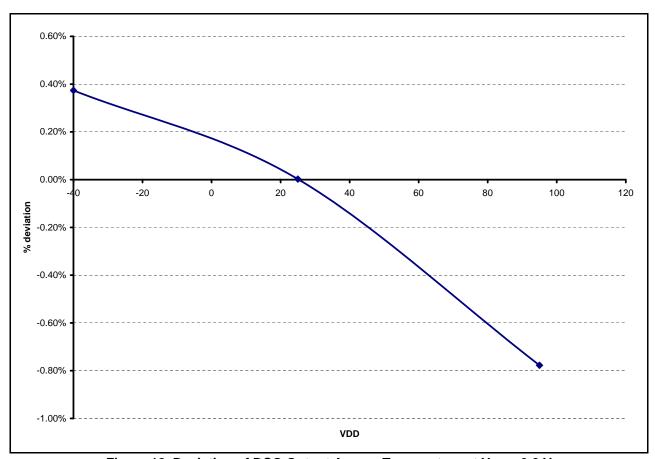


Figure 12. Deviation of DCO Output Across Temperature at V_{DD} = 3.0 V

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² The resulting bus clock frequency should not exceed the maximum specified bus clock frequency of the device.

This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value changed or changing from FLL disabled (FBELP, FBILP) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.



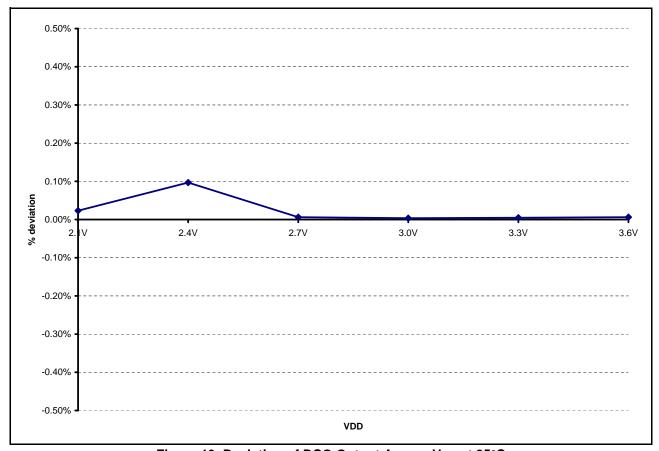


Figure 13. Deviation of DCO Output Across V_{DD} at 25°C

3.10 AC Characteristics

This section describes timing characteristics for each peripheral system.

3.10.1 Control Timing

Table 13. Control Timing

Num	С	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
1	D	Bus frequency ($t_{cyc} = 1/f_{Bus}$) $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$ $V_{DD} > 2.1V$ $V_{DD} > 2.4V$	f _{Bus}	dc	_ _ _	10 20 25.165	MHz
2	D	Internal low power oscillator period	t _{LPO}	700	_	1300	μS
3	D	External reset pulse width ²	t _{extrst}	100	_	_	ns
4	D	Reset low drive	t _{rstdrv}	34 x t _{cyc}	_	_	ns
5	D	BKGD/MS setup time after issuing background debug force reset to enter user or BDM modes	t _{MSSU}	500	_	_	ns
6	D	BKGD/MS hold time after issuing background debug force reset to enter user or BDM modes ³	t _{MSH}	100	_	_	μЅ

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Table 13. Control Timing (continued)

Num	С	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
7	D	IRQ pulse width Asynchronous path ² Synchronous path ⁴	t _{ILIH} , t _{IHIL}	100 2 x t _{cyc}		_	ns
8	D	Keyboard interrupt pulse width Asynchronous path ² Synchronous path ⁴	t _{ILIH} , t _{IHIL}	100 2 x t _{cyc}		_	ns
9	С	Port rise and fall time — Low output drive (PTxDS = 0) (load = 50 pF) ⁵ Slew rate control disabled (PTxSE = 0) Slew rate control enabled (PTxSE = 1)	t _{Rise} , t _{Fall}	_	8 31		ns
		Port rise and fall time — High output drive (PTxDS = 1) (load = 50 pF) Slew rate control disabled (PTxSE = 0) Slew rate control enabled (PTxSE = 1)	t _{Rise} , t _{Fall}		7 24		ns
10		Voltage regulator recovery time	t _{VRR}	_	4	_	μS

Typical values are based on characterization data at V_{DD} = 3.0V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

 $^{^5}$ Timing is shown with respect to 20% $\rm V_{DD}$ and 80% $\rm V_{DD}$ levels. Temperature range $-40^{\circ}\rm C$ to 85°C.

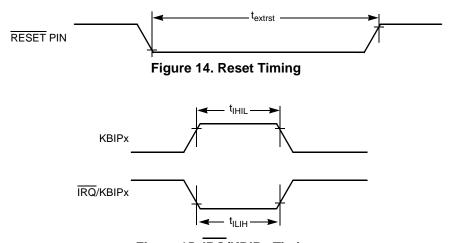


Figure 15. IRQ/KBIPx Timing

² This is the shortest pulse that is guaranteed to be recognized as a reset or interrupt pin request. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to override reset requests from internal sources.

To enter BDM mode following a POR, BKGD/MS should be held low during the power-up and for a hold time of t_{MSH} after V_{DD} rises above V_{LVD}.

⁴ This is the minimum assertion time in which the interrupt **may** be recognized. The correct protocol is to assert the interrupt request until it is explicitly negated by the interrupt service routine.



3.10.2 TPM Module Timing

Synchronizer circuits determine the shortest input pulses that can be recognized or the fastest clock that can be used as the optional external source to the timer counter. These synchronizers operate from the current bus rate clock.

Table 14. TPM Input Timing

No.	С	Function	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	D	External clock frequency	f _{TCLK}	0	f _{Bus} /4	Hz
2	D	External clock period	t _{TCLK}	4	_	t _{cyc}
3	D	External clock high time	t _{clkh}	1.5	_	t _{cyc}
4	D	External clock low time	t _{clkl}	1.5	_	t _{cyc}
5	D	Input capture pulse width	t _{ICPW}	1.5	_	t _{cyc}

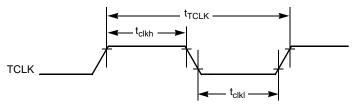


Figure 16. Timer External Clock

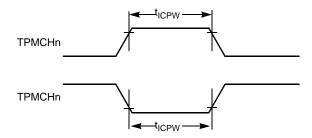


Figure 17. Timer Input Capture Pulse



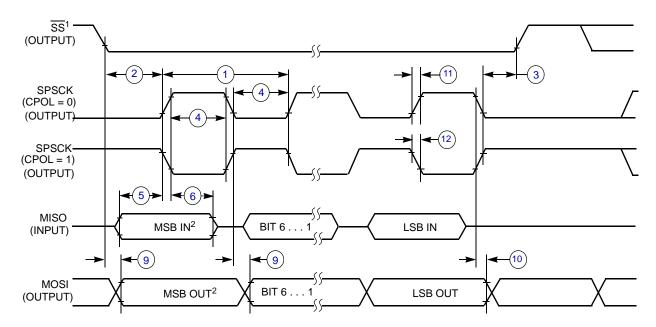
3.10.3 SPI Timing

Table 15 and Figure 18 through Figure 21 describe the timing requirements for the SPI system.

Table 15. SPI Timing

No.	С	Function	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
_	D	Operating frequency Master Slave	f _{op}	f _{Bus} /2048 0	f _{Bus} /2 f _{Bus} /4	Hz Hz
1	D	SPSCK period Master Slave	t _{SPSCK}	2 4	2048 —	t _{cyc} t _{cyc}
2	D	Enable lead time Master Slave	t _{Lead}	1/2 1		t _{SPSCK}
3	D	Enable lag time Master Slave	t _{Lag}	1/2 1		t _{SPSCK}
4	D	Clock (SPSCK) high or low time Master Slave	twspsck	t _{cyc} - 30 t _{cyc} - 30	1024 t _{cyc}	ns ns
5	D	Data setup time (inputs) Master Slave	t _{SU}	15 15	_	ns ns
6	D	Data hold time (inputs) Master Slave	t _{HI}	0 25		ns ns
7	D	Slave access time	t _a	_	1	t _{cyc}
8	D	Slave MISO disable time	t _{dis}	_	1	t _{cyc}
9	D	Data valid (after SPSCK edge) Master Slave	t _v	_	25 25	ns ns
10	D	Data hold time (outputs) Master Slave	t _{HO}	0 0		ns ns
11	D	Rise time Input Output	t _{RI}	_	t _{cyc} – 25 25	ns ns
12	D	Fall time Input Output	t _{FI}	_	t _{cyc} – 25 25	ns ns

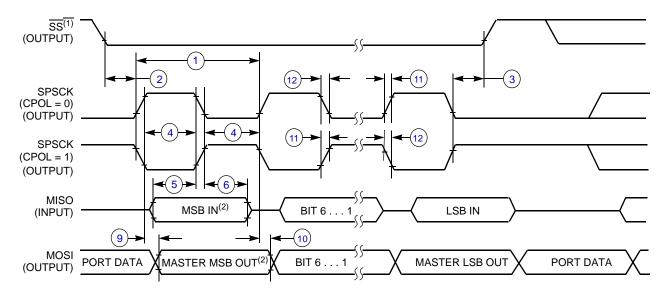




NOTES:

- 1. \overline{SS} output mode (DDS7 = 1, SSOE = 1).
- 2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

Figure 18. SPI Master Timing (CPHA = 0)

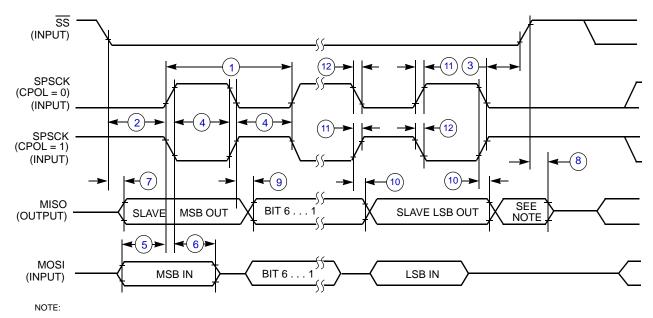


NOTES:

- 1. \overline{SS} output mode (DDS7 = 1, SSOE = 1).
- 2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

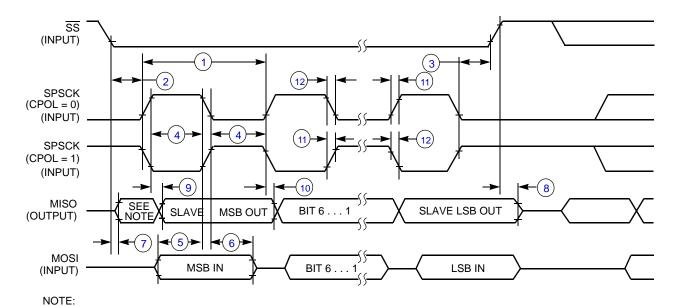
Figure 19. SPI Master Timing (CPHA =1)





1. Not defined but normally MSB of character just received

Figure 20. SPI Slave Timing (CPHA = 0)



1. Not defined but normally LSB of character just received

Figure 21. SPI Slave Timing (CPHA = 1)



3.11 Analog Comparator (ACMP) Electricals

Table 16. Analog Comparator Electrical Specifications

С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
D	Supply voltage	V_{DD}	1.80	_	3.6	V
С	Supply current (active)	I _{DDAC}	_	20	35	μΑ
D	Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$		V_{DD}	V
С	Analog input offset voltage	V_{AIO}		20	40	mV
С	Analog comparator hysteresis	V_{H}	3.0	9.0	15.0	mV
Р	Analog input leakage current	I _{ALKG}	_	_	1.0	μΑ
С	Analog comparator initialization delay	t _{AINIT}	_	_	1.0	μS

3.12 ADC Characteristics

Table 17. 12-bit ADC Operating Conditions

С	Characteristic	Conditions	Symb	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit	Comment
D	Supply voltage	Absolute	V_{DDAD}	1.8	_	3.6	V	
		Delta to V _{DD} (V _{DD} -V _{DDAD}) ²	ΔV_{DDAD}	-100	0	+100	mV	
D	Ground voltage	Delta to V _{SS} (V _{SS} -V _{SSAD}) ²	ΔV_{SSAD}	-100	0	+100	mV	
D	Ref Voltage High		V_{REFH}	1.8	V_{DDAD}	V_{DDAD}	V	
D	Ref Voltage Low		V _{REFL}	V _{SSAD}	V _{SSAD}	V _{SSAD}	V	
D	Input Voltage		V_{ADIN}	V _{REFL}	_	V _{REFH}	V	
С	Input Capacitance		C _{ADIN}	_	4.5	5.5	pF	
С	Input Resistance		R _{ADIN}	_	5	7	kΩ	
	Analog Source Resistance	12 bit mode f _{ADCK} > 4MHz f _{ADCK} < 4MHz	R _{AS}	_	_	2 5		External to MCU
С		10 bit mode f _{ADCK} > 4MHz f _{ADCK} < 4MHz		_	_	5 10	kΩ	
		8 bit mode (all valid f _{ADCK})		_	_	10		
D		High Speed (ADLPC=0)	f _{ADCK}	0.4	_	8.0	MHz	
	Clock Freq.	Low Power (ADLPC=1)		0.4	_	4.0	1711 12	

Typical values assume V_{DDAD} = 3.0V, Temp = 25°C, f_{ADCK}=1.0MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.

² DC potential difference.



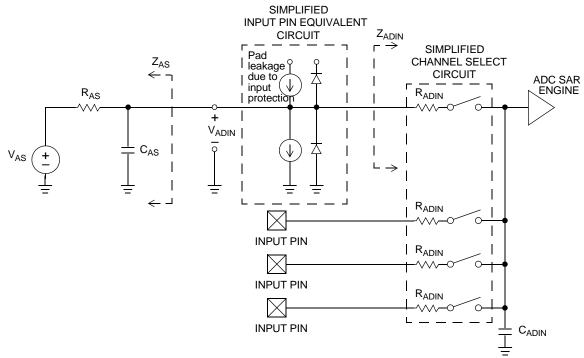


Figure 22. ADC Input Impedance Equivalency Diagram

Table 18. 12-bit ADC Characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDAD}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSAD}$)

Characteristic	Conditions	С	Symb	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit	Comment
Supply Current ADLPC=1 ADLSMP=1 ADCO=1		Т	I _{DDAD}	_	120	_	μА	
Supply Current ADLPC=1 ADLSMP=0 ADCO=1		Т	I _{DDAD}	_	202		μА	
Supply Current ADLPC=0 ADLSMP=1 ADCO=1		Т	I _{DDAD}	_	288	_	μА	
Supply Current ADLPC=0 ADLSMP=0 ADCO=1		D	I _{DDAD}	_	0.532	1	mA	
Supply Current	Stop, Reset, Module Off	Т	I _{DDAD}	_	0.007	0.8	μА	
ADC	High Speed (ADLPC=0)	Р	f _{ADACK}	2	3.3	5	NAL I—	$t_{ADACK} = 1/f_{ADACK}$
Asynchronous Clock Source	Low Power (ADLPC=1)	Р		1.25	2	3.3	MHz	

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Table 18. 12-bit ADC Characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDAD}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSAD}$) (continued)

Characteristic	Conditions	С	Symb	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit	Comment	
	Short Sample (ADLSMP=0)	Р	t _{ADC}	_	20	_	ADCK cycles	See the ADC	
(Including sample time)	Long Sample (ADLSMP=1)	С		_	40	_		chapter in the MCF51QE128	
Sample Time	Short Sample (ADLSMP=0)	Р	t _{ADS}	_	3.5	_	ADCK	Reference Manual for conversion time	
	Long Sample (ADLSMP=1)	С		_	23.5	_	cycles	variances	
Total Unadjusted	12 bit mode	Т	E _{TUE}	_	±3.0	_	LSB ²	Includes Quantization	
Error	10 bit mode	Р		_	±1	±2.5	1		
	8 bit mode	Т		_	±0.5	±1.0	1		
Differential	12 bit mode	Т	DNL	_	±1.75	_	LSB ²		
Non-Linearity	10 bit mode ³	Р		_	±0.5	±1.0	1		
	8 bit mode ³	Т	-	_	±0.3	±0.5			
Integral	12 bit mode	Т	INL	_	±1.5	_	LSB ²		
Non-Linearity	10 bit mode	Т		_	±0.5	±1.0	1		
	8 bit mode	Т	-	_	±0.3	±0.5			
Zero-Scale Error	12 bit mode	Т	E _{ZS}	_	±1.5	_	LSB ²	V _{ADIN} = V _{SSAD}	
	10 bit mode	Р		_	±0.5	±1.5			
	8 bit mode	Т		_	±0.5	±0.5	1		
Full-Scale Error	12 bit mode	Т	E _{FS}	_	±1.0	_	LSB ²	$V_{ADIN} = V_{DDAD}$	
	10 bit mode	Р		_	±0.5	±1			
	8 bit mode	Т		_	±0.5	±0.5	1		
Quantization	12 bit mode	D	EQ	_	-1 to 0	_	LSB ²		
Error	10 bit mode			_	_	±0.5			
	8 bit mode			_	_	±0.5			
Input Leakage Error	12 bit mode	D	E _{IL}	_	±2	_	LSB ²	Pad leakage ⁴ * R _{AS}	
	10 bit mode			_	±0.2	±4			
	8 bit mode			_	±0.1	±1.2			
Temp Sensor Slope	-40°C to 25°C	D	m	_	1.646	_	mV/°C		
	25°C to 85°C			_	1.769	_			
Temp Sensor Voltage	25°C	D	V _{TEMP25}	_	701.2	_	mV		

Typical values assume V_{DDAD} = 3.0V, Temp = 25°C, f_{ADCK}=1.0MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.

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LSB = (V_{REFH} - V_{REFL})/2^N
 Monotonicity and No-Missing-Codes guaranteed in 10 bit and 8 bit modes

⁴ Based on input pad leakage current. Refer to pad electricals.



3.13 Flash Specifications

This section provides details about program/erase times and program-erase endurance for the flash memory.

Program and erase operations do not require any special power sources other than the normal V_{DD} supply. For more detailed information about program/erase operations, see the Memory section of the MCF51QE128 Reference Manual.

Table 19. Flash Characteristics

С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min Typical Max		Max	Unit
D	Supply voltage for program/erase -40°C to 85°C	V _{prog/erase}	1.8		3.6	V
D	Supply voltage for read operation	V _{Read}	1.8		3.6	V
D	Internal FCLK frequency ¹	f _{FCLK}	150 200			kHz
D	Internal FCLK period (1/FCLK)	t _{Fcyc}	5 6.67			μS
Р	Longword program time (random location) ⁽²⁾	t _{prog}	9			t _{Fcyc}
Р	Longword program time (burst mode) ⁽²⁾	t _{Burst}	4			t _{Fcyc}
Р	Page erase time ²	t _{Page}	4000			t _{Fcyc}
Р	Mass erase time ⁽²⁾	t _{Mass}	20,000			t _{Fcyc}
	Longword program current ³	R _{IDDBP}	— 9.7 —		mA	
	Page erase current ³	R _{IDDPE}	— 7.6 —		mA	
С	Program/erase endurance ⁴ T_L to $T_H = -40^{\circ}C$ to + 85°C $T = 25^{\circ}C$		10,000 — — — — 100,000 —		cycles	
С	Data retention ⁵	t _{D_ret}	15 100 —		years	

The frequency of this clock is controlled by a software setting.

These values are hardware state machine controlled. User code does not need to count cycles. This information supplied for calculating approximate time to program and erase.

³ The program and erase currents are additional to the standard run I_{DD} . These values are measured at room temperatures with $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, bus frequency = 4.0 MHz.

Typical endurance for flash was evaluated for this product family on the HC9S12Dx64. For additional information on how Freescale defines typical endurance, please refer to Engineering Bulletin EB619, Typical Endurance for Nonvolatile Memory.

Typical data retention values are based on intrinsic capability of the technology measured at high temperature and de-rated to 25°C using the Arrhenius equation. For additional information on how Freescale defines typical data retention, please refer to Engineering Bulletin EB618, Typical Data Retention for Nonvolatile Memory.



4 Ordering Information

This section contains ordering information for MCF51QE128MCF51QE96, and MCF51QE64 devices.

Table 20. Ordering Information

Freescale Part Number ¹	Memory		Temperature range (°C)	Package ²	
Freescale Fait Number	Flash	RAM	- remperature range (C)	i ackage	
MCF51QE128CLK	128K 8K		-40 to +85	80 LQFP	
MCF51QE128CLH	128K	8K	-40 to +85	64 LQFP	
MCF51QE96CLK	96K	8K	-40 to +85	80 LQFP	
MCF51QE96CLH	9013		-40 to +85	64 LQFP	
MCF51QE64CLH	64K	8K	-40 to +85	64 LQFP	
MCF51QE32CLH	32K	8K	-40 to +85	64 LQFP	
MCF51QE32LH	32K 8K		0 to +70	64 LQFP	

See the reference manual, MCF51QE128RM, for a complete description of modules included on each device.

5 Package Information

The below table details the various packages available.

Table 21. Package Descriptions

Pin Count	Package Type	Abbreviation	Designator	Case No.	Document No.
80	Low Quad Flat Package	LQFP	LK	917A	98ASS23237W
64	64 Low Quad Flat Package		LH	840F	98ASS23234W

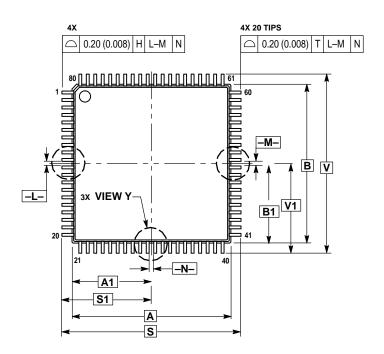
5.1 Mechanical Drawings

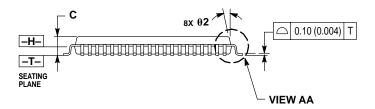
The following pages are mechanical drawings for the packages described in Table 21. For the latest available drawings please visit our web site (http://www.freescale.com) and enter the package's document number into the keyword search box.

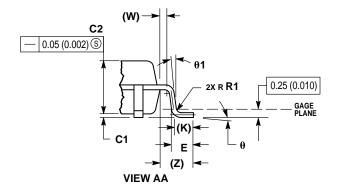
² See Table 21 for package information.



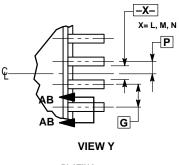
Package Information

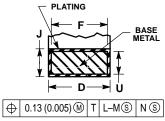






DATE 09/21/95 CASE 917A-02 ISSUE C





SECTION AB-AB ROTATED 90 ° CLOCKWISE

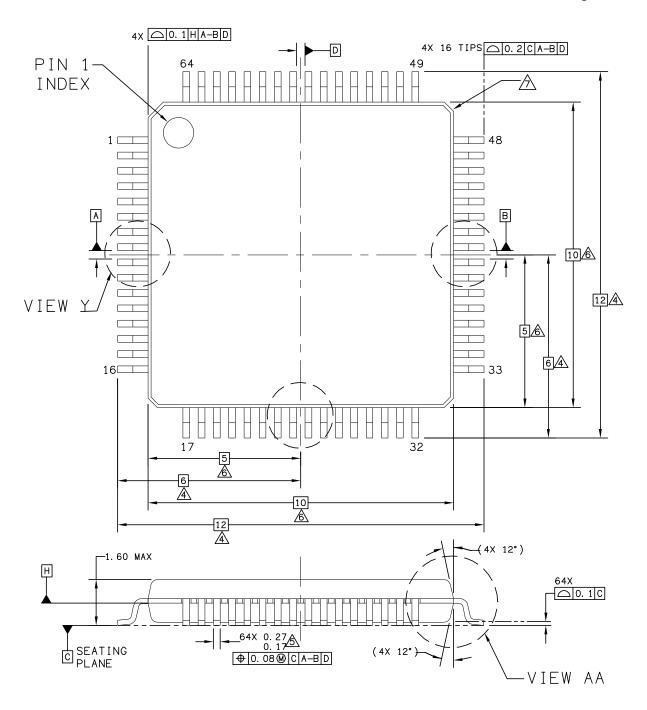
- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
 - Y14.5M, 1982. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DATUM PLANE -H- IS LOCATED AT BOTTOM OF LEAD AND IS COINCIDENT WITH THE LEAD WHERE THE LEAD EXITS THE PLASTIC BODY AT
- THE BOTTOM OF THE PARTING LINE.
 DATUMS -L-, -M- AND -N- TO BE DETERMINED
 AT DATUM PLANE -H-.
- DIMENSIONS S AND V TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE -T-.
 6. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD
- PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.250 (0.010) PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -H-.
- DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR
 PROTRUSION. DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED 0.460 (0.018) MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD OR PROTRUSION 0.07 (0.003).

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	14.00	BSC	0.551 BSC		
A1	7.00	BSC	0.276 BSC		
В	14.00	BSC	0.551 BSC		
B1	7.00	BSC	0.276 BSC		
С		1.60		0.063	
C1	0.04	0.24	0.002	0.009	
C2	1.30	1.50	0.051	0.059	
D	0.22	0.38	0.009	0.015	
Е	0.40	0.75	0.016	0.030	
F	0.17 0.33		0.007	0.013	
G	0.65 BSC		0.026 BSC		
J	0.09	0.27	0.004	0.011	
K	0.50	REF	0.020	REF	
Р	0.325 BSC		0.013 REF		
R1	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008	
S	16.00 BSC		0.630 BSC		
S1	8.00	BSC	0.315 BSC		
U	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006	
٧	16.00 BSC		0.630 BSC		
V1	8.00 BSC		0.315 BSC		
W	0.20 REF		0.008 REF		
Z	1.00 REF			REF	
0	0 °	10°	0 °	10°	
01	0°		0°		
02	9°	14°	9°	14°	

Figure 23. 80-pin LQFP Package Drawing (Case 917A, Doc #98ASS23237W)

MCF51QE128 Series Data Sheet, Rev. 7





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TITLE: 64LD LQFP,	DOCUMENT NO): 98ASS23234W	REV: D	
10 X 10 X 1.4 P	CASE NUMBER: 840F-02 06 APR 2005			
0.5 PITCH, CASE OU	STANDARD: JE	DEC MS-026 BCD		

Figure 24. 64-pin LQFP Package Drawing (Case 840F, Doc #98ASS23234W), Sheet 1 of 3

MCF51QE128 Series Data Sheet, Rev. 7



Package Information

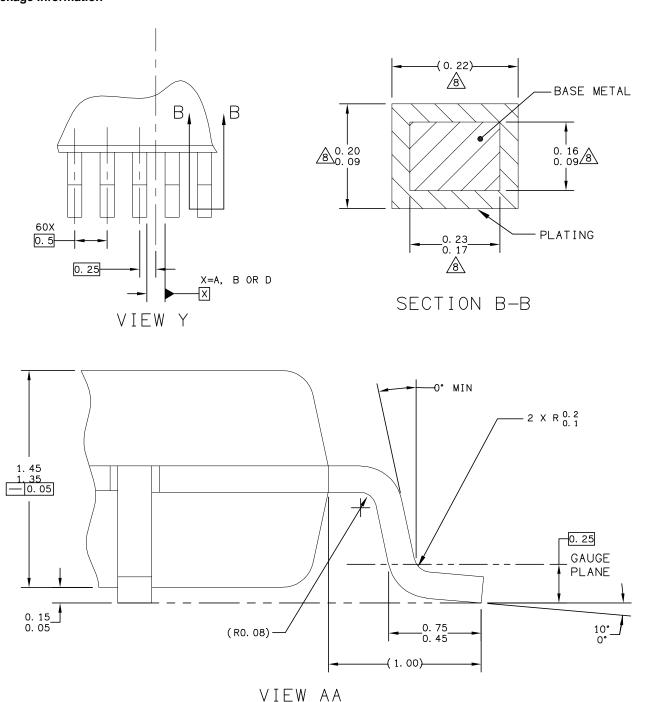




Figure 25. 64-pin LQFP Package Drawing (Case 840F, Doc #98ASS23234W), Sheet 2 of 3

MCF51QE128 Series Data Sheet, Rev. 7



NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. DATUMS A, B AND D TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- A. DIMENSIONS TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE C.
- THIS DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED THE UPPER LIMIT BY MORE THAN 0.08 mm AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 0.07 mm.
- THIS DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.25 mm PER SIDE. THIS DIMENSION IS MAXIMUM PLASTIC BODY SIZE DIMENSION INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH.
- A. EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER IS OPTIONAL.
- THESE DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.1 mm AND 0.25 mm FROM THE LEAD TIP.

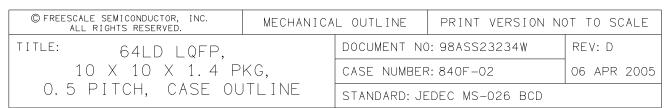


Figure 26. 64-pin LQFP Package Drawing (Case 840F, Doc #98ASS23234W), Sheet 3 of 3

MCF51QE128 Series Data Sheet, Rev. 7



Product Documentation

6 Product Documentation

Find the most current versions of all documents at: http://www.freescale.com

Reference Manual (MCF51QE128RM)

Contains extensive product information including modes of operation, memory, resets and interrupts, register definition, port pins, CPU, and all module information.

7 Revision History

To provide the most up-to-date information, the revision of our documents on the World Wide Web are the most current. Your printed copy may be an earlier revision. To verify you have the latest information available, refer to:

http://www.freescale.com

The following revision history table summarizes changes contained in this document.

Table 22. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description of Changes
3	25 Jun 2007	Table 8: Changed Condition entires in specs #6 (V_{IH}) and #7 (V_{IL}) from $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} > 2.7V$ and $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} > 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} > 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} > 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \ge 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$. Table 8: Changed $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$ to $V_{DD} \le 1.8V$.
4	17 Sep 2007	Added information about the MCF51QE32 device. Changed the SRAM size for the MCF51QE64 device (was 4 Kbytes, is 8 Kbytes). Corrected the number of ADC channels for the MCF51QE64 device (was 22, is 20). Corrected the number of ADC channels for the 64-pin package of the MCF51QE64 device (was 22, is 20).
		Changed ACMP electricals, V _{AIO} specification's test category from P to C.
5	28 May 2008	Updated the tables Thermal Characteristics, DC Characteristics, Supply Current Characteristics, XOSC and ICS Specifications (Temperature Range = -40 to 85°C Ambient), ICS Frequency Specifications (Temperature Range = -40 to 85°C Ambient), Control Timing, and Analog Comparator Electrical Specifications, 12-bit ADC Characteristics (VREFH = VDDAD, VREFL = VSSAD) Updated the figures Typical Run IDD for FBE and FEI, IDD vs. VDD (ACMP and ADC off, All Other Modules Enabled), Deviation of DCO Output from Trimmed Frequency (50.33 MHz, 3.0 V), and Deviation of DCO Output from Trimmed Frequency (50.33 MHz, 25°C)
6	24 Jun 2008	Updated the table Thermal Characteristics Updated the row corresponding to Num 18 in the table DC Characteristics Updated the tables MCF51QE128 Series Features by MCU and Package, DC Characteristics, Supply Current Characteristics, Thermal Characteristics, Control Timing, and Ordering Information Updated the figures Typical Run IDD for FBE and FEI, IDD vs. VDD (ADC off, All Other Modules Enabled), Deviation of DCO Output Across Temperature at VDD = 3.0 V, and Deviation of DCO Output Across VDD at 25×C
7	14 Oct 2008	Updated the Stop2 and Stop3 mode supply current in the Supply Current Characteristics table. Replaced the stop mode adders section from the Supply Current Characteristics with its own Stop Mode Adders table with new specifications.

MCF51QE128 Series Data Sheet, Rev. 7





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Document Number: MCF51QE128

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