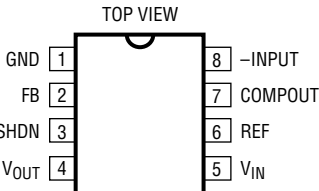
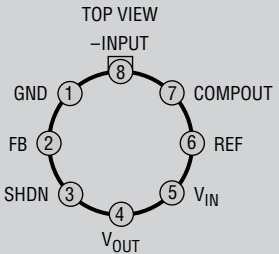


LT1120

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Input Voltage	36V	Operating Temperature Range	
NPN Collector Voltage	36V	LT1120C	0°C to 100°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Indefinite	LT1120I	–40 to 100°C
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited	Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

 N8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PDIP T_{JMAX} = 110°C, θ_{JA} = 130°C/W (N) T_{JMAX} = 110°C, θ_{JA} = 150°C/W (S) S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC SO T_{JMAX} = 110°C, θ_{JA} = 130°C/W (N) T_{JMAX} = 110°C, θ_{JA} = 150°C/W (S)	ORDER PART NUMBER	 H PACKAGE 8-LEAD TO-5 METAL CAN T_{JMAX} = 150°C, θ_{JA} = 150°C/W, θ_{JC} = 45°C/W	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LT1120CN8 LT1120CS8 LT1120IN8 LT1120IS8		LT1120CH
	S8 PART MARKING		
	1120 1120I		
J8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD CERDIP T_{JMAX} = 150°C, θ_{JA} = 100°C/W (J)	ORDER PART NUMBER	OBSOLETE PACKAGES Consider the N8 and S8 Packages for Alternate Source	
	LT1120CJ8		

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. T_J = 25°C.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Reference					
Reference Voltage	4.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 36V	2.46	2.50	2.54	V
Line Regulation	4.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 36V		0.01	0.015	%/V
Load Regulation	–2mA ≤ I _{REF} ≤ 2mA, V _{IN} = 12V		0.3	0.6	%
Output Source Current	V _{IN} = 5V	2	4		mA
Output Sink Current	V _{IN} = 5V	2	4		mA
Temperature Stability			1		%
Regulator					
Supply Current	V _{IN} = 6V, I _{OUT} ≤ 100μA		45	80	μA
	V _{IN} = 36V, I _{OUT} ≤ 100μA		75	100	μA
	V _{IN} = 12V, I _{OUT} = 125mA		11	20	mA
Output Current	(V _{IN} – V _{OUT}) ≥ 1V, V _{IN} ≥ 6V	125			mA
Load Regulation	(V _{IN} – V _{OUT}) ≥ 1V, V _{IN} ≥ 6V		0.2	0.5	%
Line Regulation	6V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 36V		0.01	0.015	%/V
Dropout Voltage	I _{OUT} = 100μA		0.02	0.05	V
	I _{OUT} = 125mA		0.4	0.65	V

1120fd

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Feedback Sense Voltage	$V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$	2.44	2.5	2.56	V
Shutdown Pin Voltage	Normal			0.4	V
	$V_{OUT} \leq 0.5\text{V}$ Shutdown	2.2	1.4		V
Shutdown Pin Current	$V_{IN} = 1.4\text{V}$		25		μA
Feedback Bias Current			15	40	nA
Minimum Load Current	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$		1	5	μA
Short-Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$		300	400	mA

Comparator

Offset Voltage	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$		3	7	mV
Bias Current	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$ (Note 2)		15	40	nA
Gain	$\Delta V_{OUT} = 29\text{V}$, $R_L = 20\text{k}$	2000	10000		V/V
Power Supply Rejection	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_S \leq 36\text{V}$	80	96		dB
Output Sink Current	$V_{IN} = 4.5\text{V}$	10	18		mA
Saturation Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{mA}$		0.4	0.6	V
Input Voltage Range		0		$V_{IN} - 1$	V
Response Time			5		μs
Leakage Current				2	μA

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Reference						
Reference Voltage	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 36\text{V}$	●	2.40	2.50	2.55	V
Line Regulation	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 36\text{V}$	●		0.01	0.02	%/V
Load Regulation	$-2\text{mA} \leq I_{REF} \leq 2\text{mA}$, $V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$	●		0.4	0.8	%
Output Source Current	$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$	●	2			mA
Output Sink Current	$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$	●	2			mA

Regulator

Supply Current	$V_{IN} = 6\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} \leq 100\mu\text{A}$	●		65	95	μA
	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} \leq 100\mu\text{A}$	●		85	100	μA
	$V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 125\text{mA}$	●		11	20	mA
Output Current	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \geq 1\text{V}$, $V_{IN} \geq 6\text{V}$	●	125			mA
Load Regulation	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \geq 1\text{V}$, $V_{IN} \geq 6\text{V}$	●			1	%
Line Regulation	$6\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 36\text{V}$	●			0.02	%/V
Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 100\mu\text{A}$	●			0.06	V
	$I_{OUT} = 125\text{mA}$	●			0.85	V
Feedback Sense Voltage	$V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$	●	2.38	2.5	2.57	V
Feedback Bias Current		●			50	nA
Minimum Load Current	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$	●			50	μA
Short-Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 36\text{V}$	●		300	400	mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C.

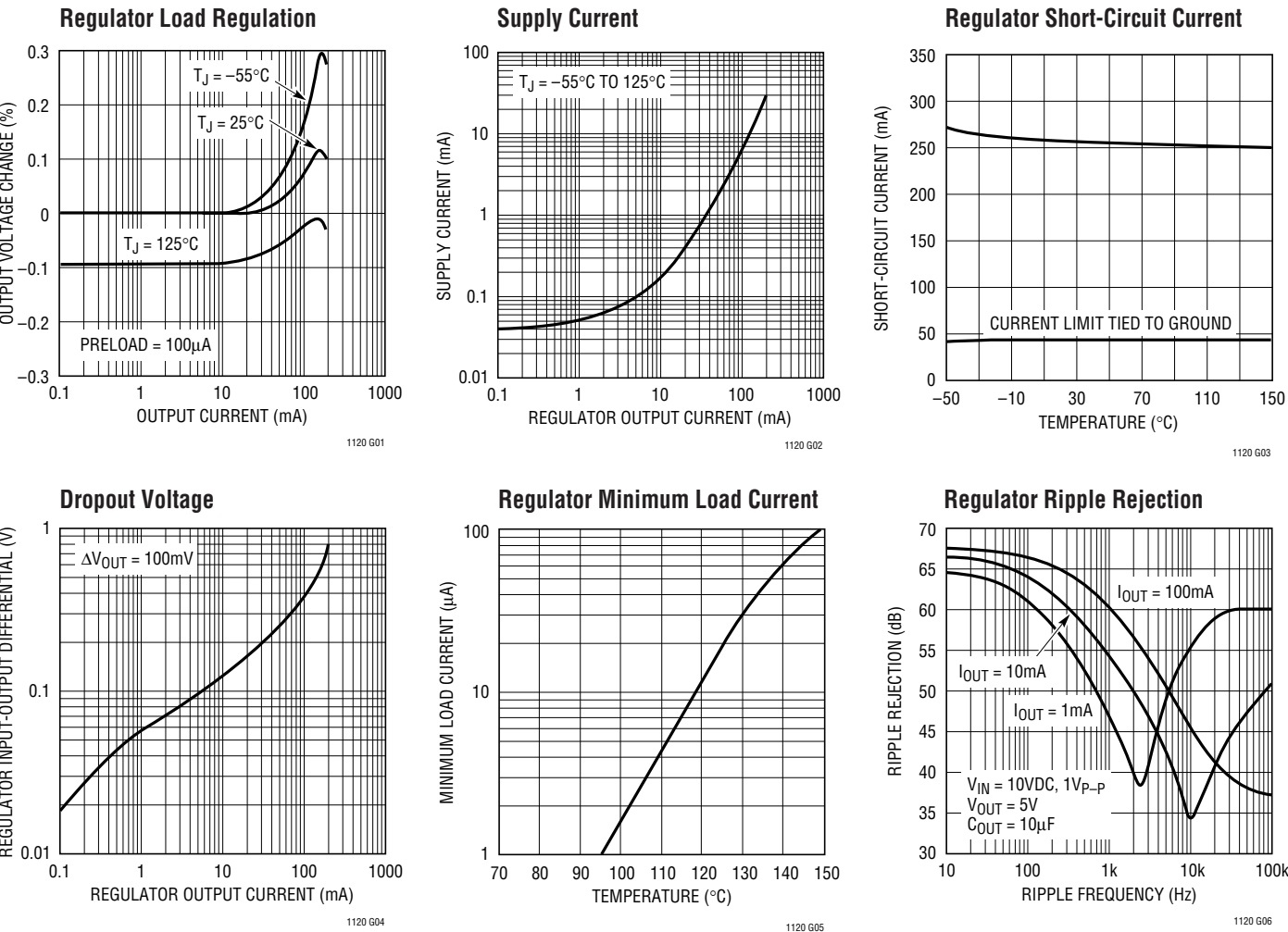
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Comparator					
Offset Voltage		●		10	mV
Bias Current	V _{IN} = 36V (Note 2)	●	15	60	nA
Gain	ΔV _{OUT} = 29V, R _L = 20k	●	1000		V/V
Output Sink Current	V _{IN} = 4.5V (Note 3)	●	5	10	mA
Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 36V	●		8	μA

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

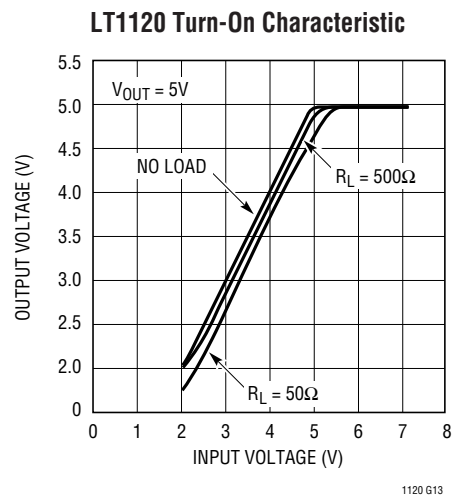
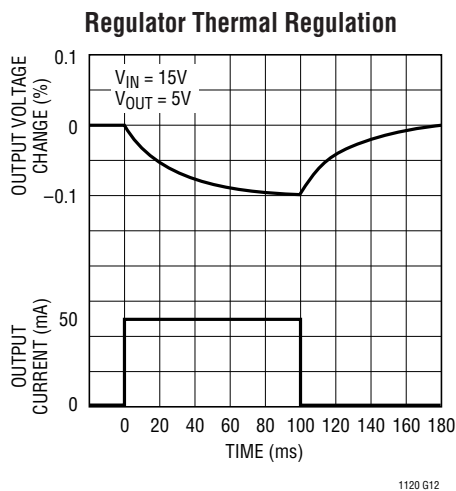
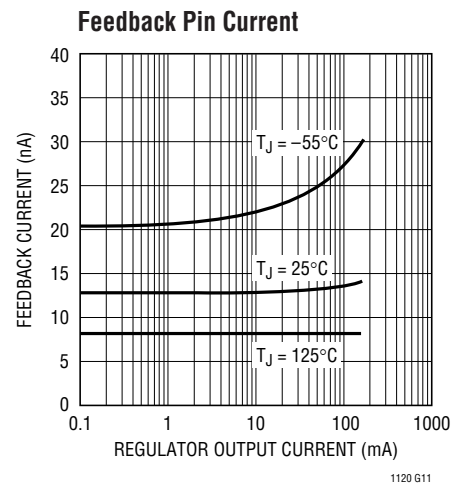
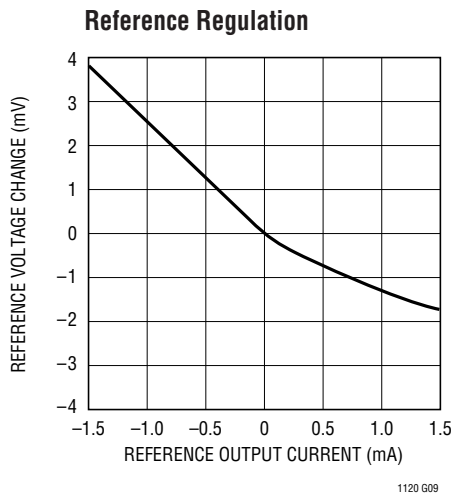
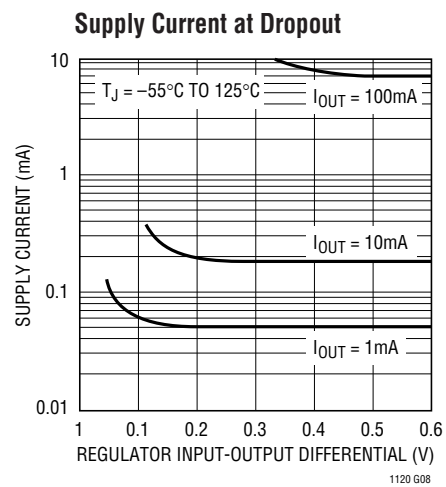
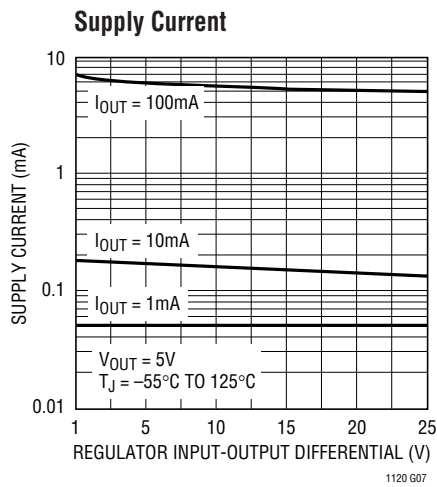
Note 2: T_A > 85°C, I bias maximum is 100nA.

Note 3: For T_A ≤ -40°C output current sink drops to 2.5mA.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



PIN FUNCTIONS

GND (Pin 1): Ground.

FB (Pin 2): Feedback. This is the feedback point of the regulator. When operating, it is nominally at 2.5V. Optimum source resistance is 200k to 500k. The feedback pin should not be driven below ground or more positive than 5V.

SHDN (Pin 3): Shutdown. A logic 1 shuts off the main regulator. Caution: noise or leakage into the shutdown pin can affect output voltage.

V_{OUT} (Pin 4): Regulator Output. Main output, requires a 10 μ F output capacitor. Can be shorted to V_{IN} or ground without damaging the device.

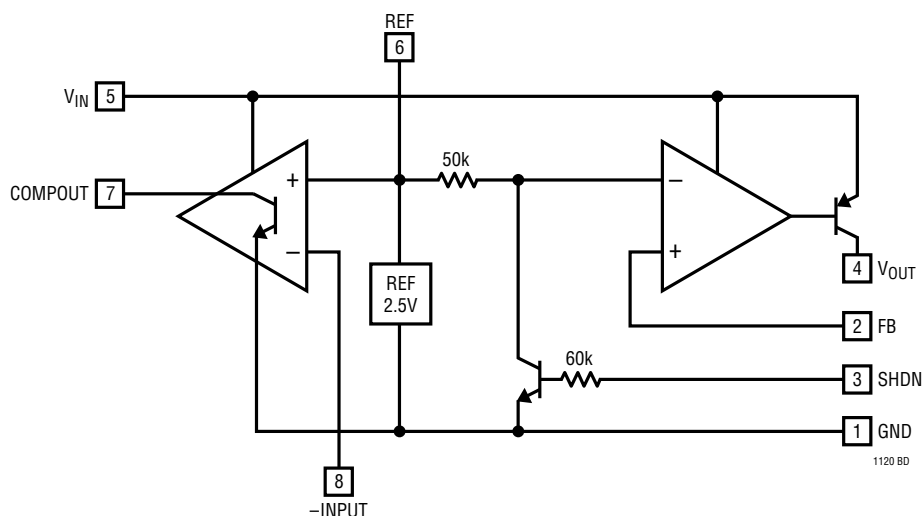
V_{IN} (Pin 5): Input Supply. Bypass with a 10 μ F capacitor. Must always be more positive than ground.

REF (Pin 6): Reference. 2.5V can source or sink current. May be shorted to ground or up to 5V. Voltages in excess of 5V can damage the device.

COMPOUT (Pin 7): Comparator Output. Open Collector NPN Output. May be connected to any voltage from ground to 36V more positive than ground (operates above V_{IN}). Short-circuit protected.

–INPUT (Pin 8): Comparator Input. Inverting comparator input.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The LT1120 is especially suited for micropower system applications. For example, the comparator section of the LT1120 may be used as a battery checker to provide an indication of low battery. Another type of system application for the LT1120 would be to generate the equivalent of split supplies off of a single power input. The regulator section provides regulated output voltage and the reference, which can both source and sink current, is then an artificial system ground providing a split supply for the system.

For many applications the comparator can be frequency compensated to operate as an amplifier. Compensation values for various gains are given in the data sheet. The comparator gain is purposely low to make it easier to frequency compensate as an amplifier. The NPN output is capable of sinking 10mA and can drive loads connected to voltages in excess of the positive power supply. This is useful for driving switches or linear regulators off of a higher input voltage.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Reference

Internal to the LT1120 is a 2.5V trimmed class B output reference. The reference was designed to be able to source or sink current so it could be used in supply splitting applications as well as a general purpose reference for external circuitry. The design of the reference allows it to source typically 4mA or 5mA and sink 2mA. The available source and sink current decreases as temperature increases. It is sometimes desirable to decrease the AC output impedance by placing an output capacitor on them. The reference in the LT1120 becomes unstable with large capacitive loads placed directly on it. When using an output capacitor, about 20Ω should be used to isolate the capacitor from the reference pin. This 20Ω resistor can be placed directly in series with the capacitor or alternatively the reference line can have 20Ω placed in series with it and then a capacitor to ground. This is shown in Figure 1. Other than placing large capacitive loads on the reference, no other precautions are necessary and the reference is stable with nominal stray capacitances.

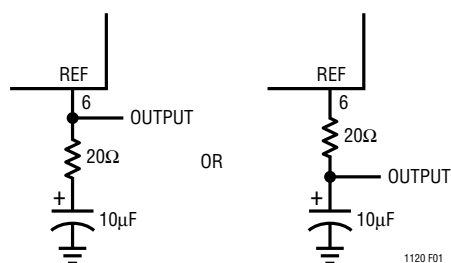


Figure 1. Bypassing Reference

Overload Protection

The main regulator in the LT1120 is current limited at approximately 250mA. The current limit is stable with both input voltage and temperature.

Like most other IC regulators, a minimum load is required on the output of the LT1120 to maintain regulation. For most standard regulators this is normally specified at 5mA. Of course, for a micropower regulator this would be a tremendously large current. The output must be large enough to absorb all the leakage current of the pass transistor at the maximum operating temperature. It also effects the transient response; low output currents have long recovery times from load transients. At high operating temperatures the minimum load current increases and having too low of a load current may cause the output to go unregulated. Devices are tested for minimum load current at high temperature. The output voltage setting resistors to the feedback terminal can usually be used to provide the minimum load current.

Frequency Compensation

The LT1120 is frequency compensated by a dominant pole on the output. An output capacitor of $10\mu\text{F}$ is usually large enough to provide good stability. Increasing the output capacitor above $10\mu\text{F}$ further improves stability. In order to ensure stability, a feedback capacitor is needed between the output pin and the feedback pin. This is because stray capacitance can form another pole with the large value of feedback resistors used with the LT1120. Also, a feedback capacitor minimizes noise pickup and improves ripple rejection.

With the large dynamic operating range of the output current, 10000:1, frequency response changes widely. Low AC impedance capacitors are needed to insure stability. While solid tantalum are best, aluminum electrolytics can be used but larger capacitor values may be needed.

LOGIC OUTPUT GOES LOW WHEN V_{OUT} DROPS BY 100mV

1120 TA03

AT $A_v = 100$,
SLEW RATE = $+0.05\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
 $-6\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

1120 TA04

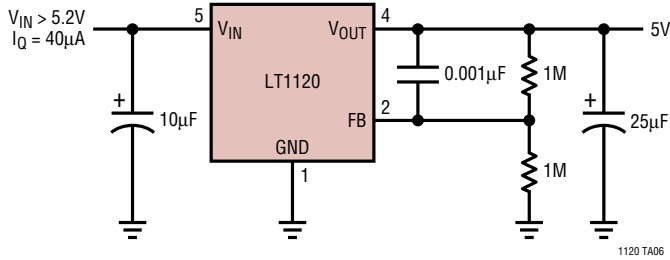
Av	R1	C1	C2	R2
1	33Ω	0.1μF	0.001μF	—
10	100Ω	0.047μF	—	100k
100	10k	0.002μF	—	10k

* FOR CURRENT LIMIT $\approx 1.5A$

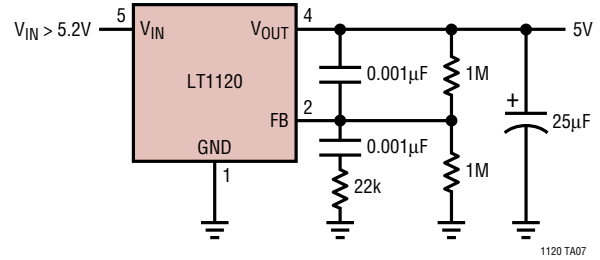
† MUST HAVE LOW ESR. SEVERAL 100μF CAPACITORS CAN BE PARALLELED.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

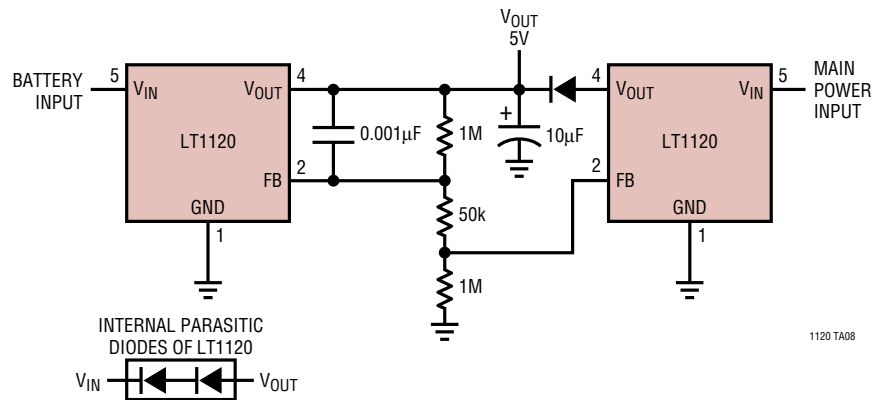
5V Regulator



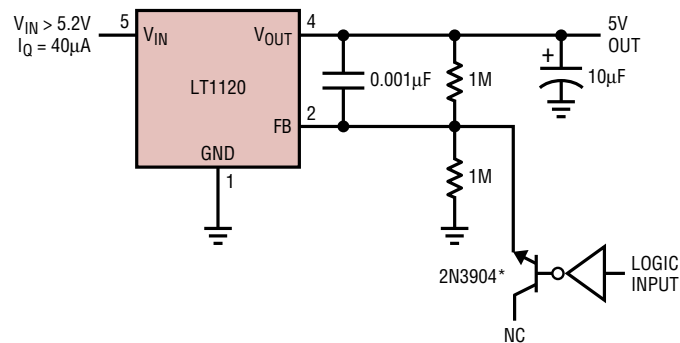
Regulator with Improved Transient Response



Battery-Backup Regulator

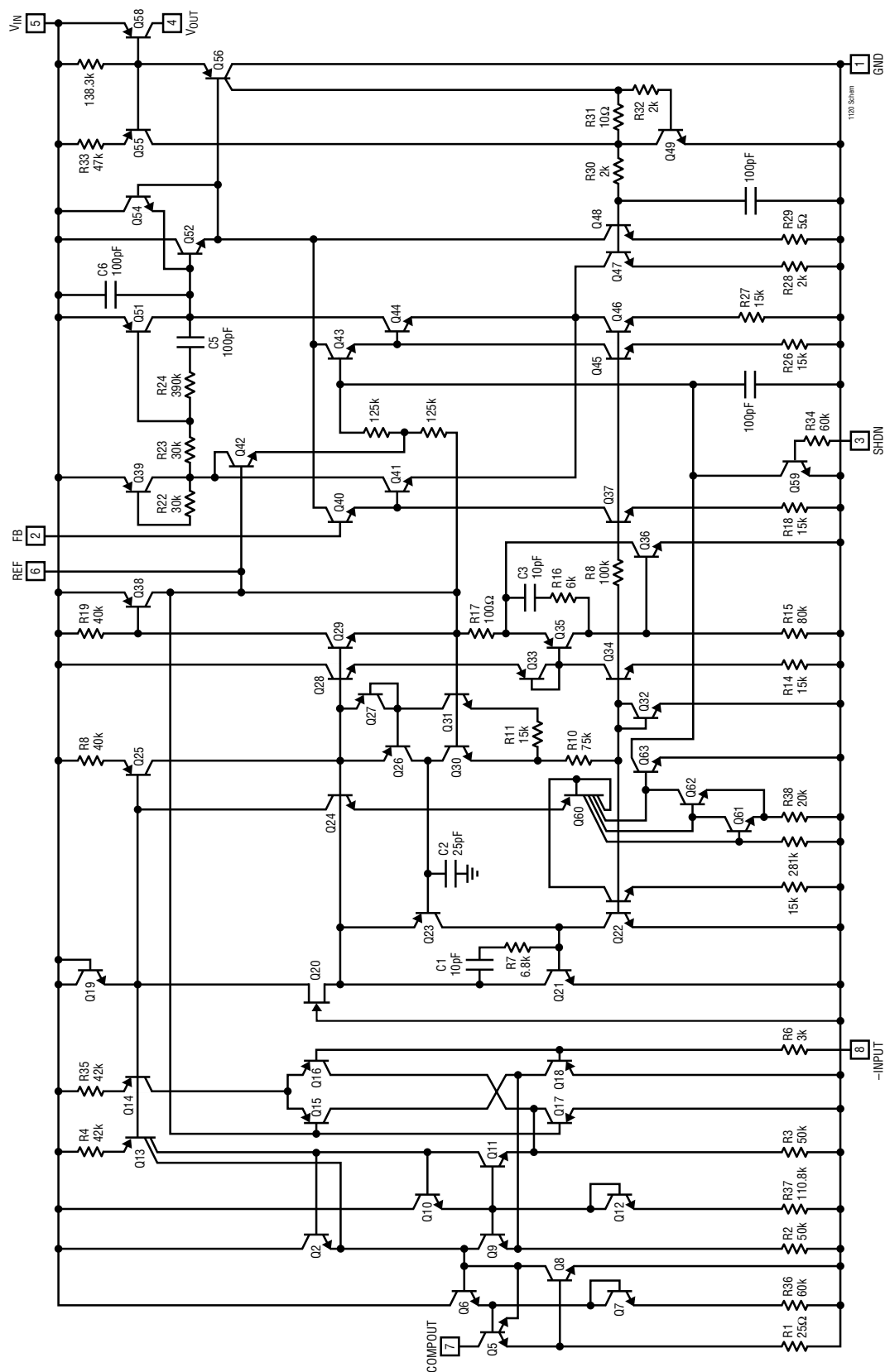


5V Regulator with Feedback Shutdown



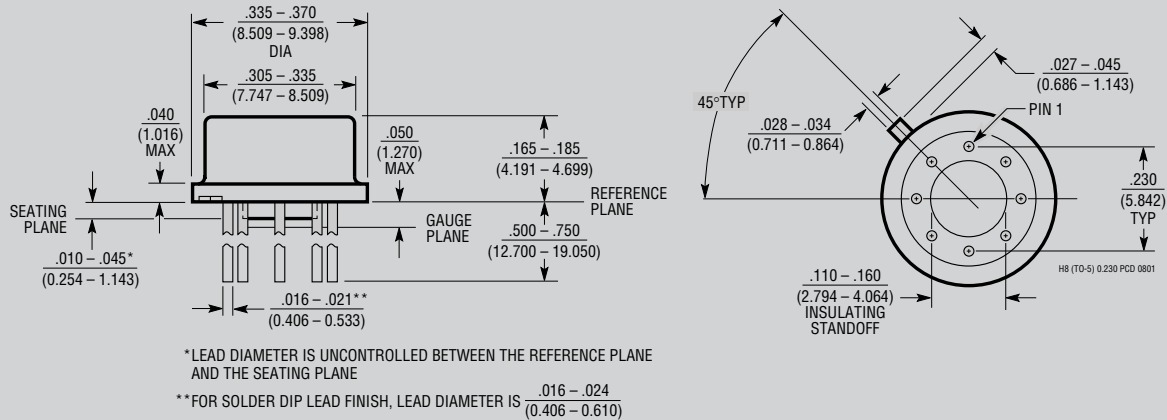
* TRANSISTOR USED BECAUSE OF LOW LEAKAGE CHARACTERISTICS. TO TURN OFF THE OUTPUT OF THE LT1120 FORCE FB (PIN 2) > 2.5V.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

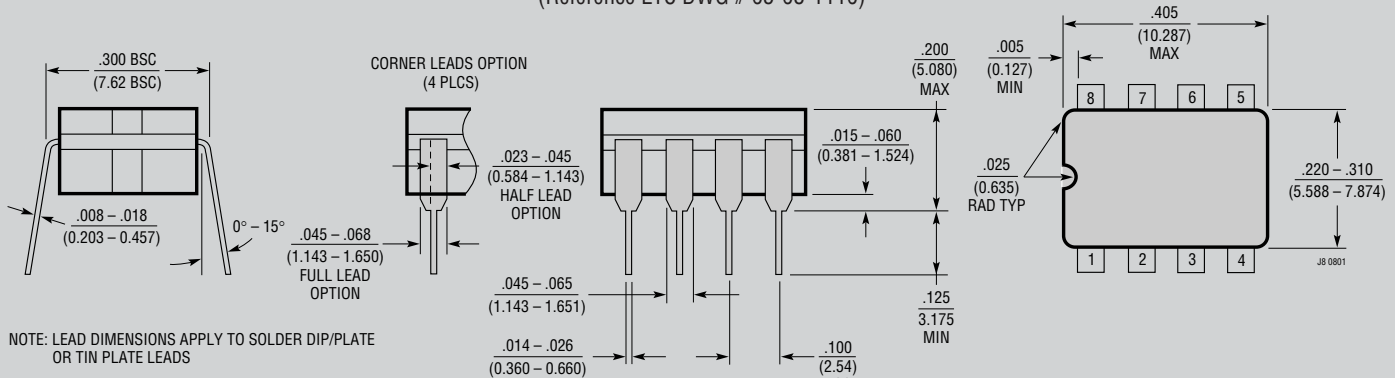


PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

H Package 8-Lead TO-5 Metal Can (.230 Inch PCD) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1321)

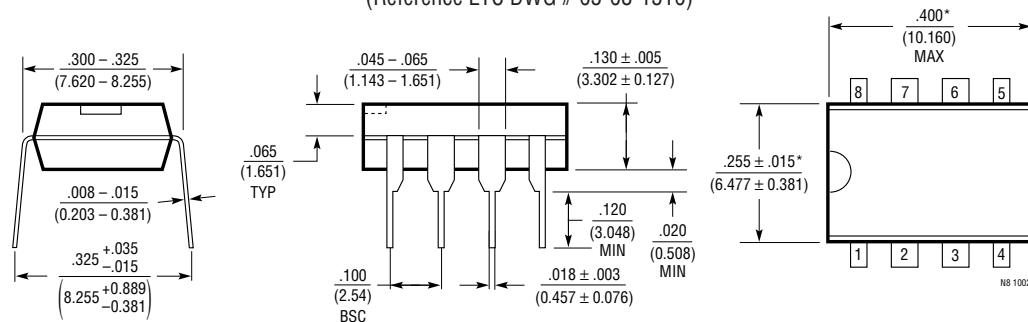


J8 Package 8-Lead CERPDP (Narrow .300 Inch, Hermetic) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1110)

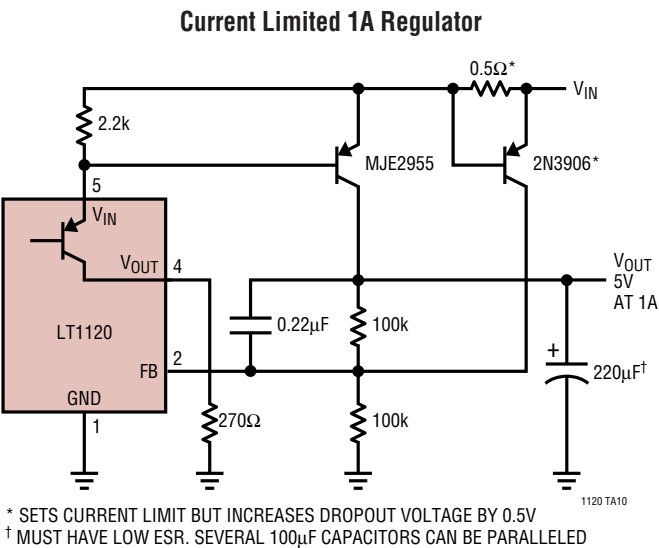


OBsolete PACKAGES

N8 Package 8-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)

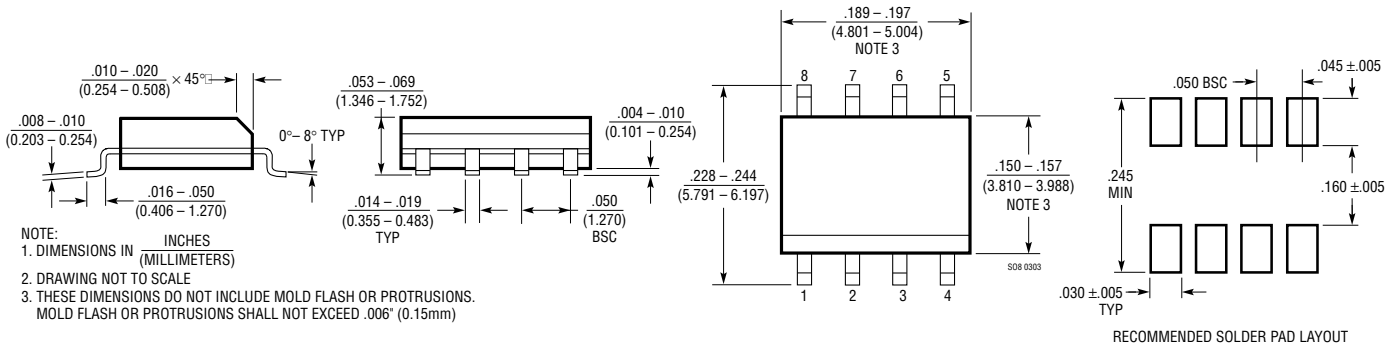


TYPICAL APPLICATION



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

S8 Package
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1121	150mA Micropower Low Dropout Regulator	0.4V Dropout Voltage, Includes Shutdown, SOT-223, S8 Packages
LT1521	300mA Micropower Low Dropout Regulator	Lowest I _Q Low Dropout Regulator, SOT-223, S8, MS8 Packages
LT1761	100mA Micropower Low Noise, Low Dropout Regulator	SOT-23, 20μV _{RMS} Noise, 20μA I _Q , ThinSOT Package