

TS5205

150mA Low Noise LDO Voltage Regulator with Enable Function

Absolute Maximum Rating (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Input Supply Voltage	V_{IN}	-20~ +20	V
Enable Input Voltage	V_{CE}	-20~ +20	V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	P_D	Internal limited	
Thermal Resistance	Θ_{JA}	220	°C/W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_J	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (260°C)		5	S

Recommend Operating Rating (Note 2)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Input Supply Voltage	V_{IN}	+2.5 ~ +16	V
Enable Input Voltage	V_{CE}	0 ~ V_{IN}	V

Electrical Specification ($V_{IN}=V_O+1V$, $I_O=100\mu A$, $C_{OUT}=1\mu F$, $V_{CE}\geq 2V$, $T_J = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	$V_{IN}=V_O + 1V$	0.99 V_O	V_{OUT}	1.01 V_O	V
Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient	(Note 4)	--	40	--	ppm/°C
Line Regulation	$V_O+1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$	--	0.005	0.05	%
Load Regulation (Note 5)	$0.1mA \leq I_O \leq 150mA$	--	0.02	0.2	%
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	$I_O=100\mu A$	--	17	50	mV
	$I_O=50mA$	--	110	150	
	$I_O=120mA$	--	140	250	
	$I_O=150mA$	--	165	275	
Ground Pin Current (Note 7)	$I_O=100\mu A$	--	80	125	uA
	$I_O=50mA$	--	350	600	
	$I_O=120mA$	--	600	1000	
	$I_O=150mA$	--	1300	1900	
Quiescent Current	$V_{EN}\leq 0.4V$ (Shutdown)	--	0.01	1	uA
	$V_{EN}\leq 0.18V$ (Shutdown)	--	--	5	
Output Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$	--	300	500	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	At $f=100Hz$, $I_O=100\mu A$,	--	75	--	dB
Thermal Regulation (Note 8)		--	0.05	--	%/W
Output Noise	$I_O=50mA$, $C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$,	--	260	--	nV \sqrt{Hz}

Enable Function

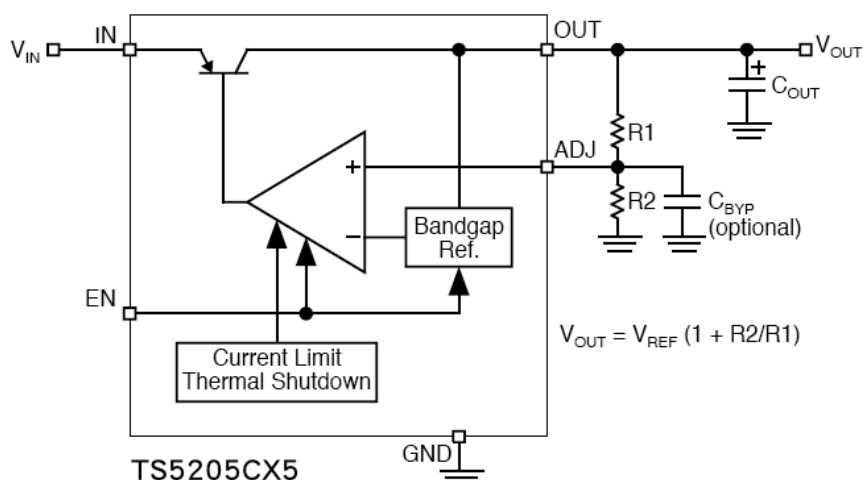
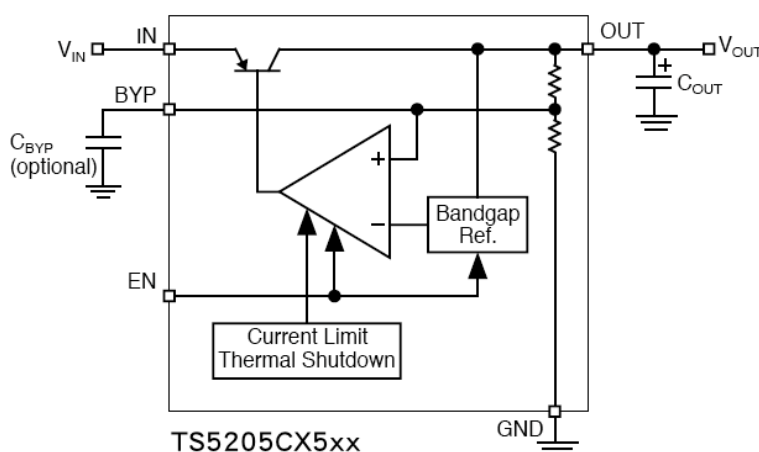
Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	Regulation shutdown	--	--	0.4	V
Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	Regulation enable	2.0	--	--	V
Enable input Current	$V_{IL}\leq 0.4V$	--	0.01	-1	uA
	$V_{IH}\geq 2.0V$	--	5	20	

Electrical Specification (Continue)

Note:

1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
2. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any T_a is $P_d(max) = [T_{J(MAX)} - T_a] \div \theta_{JA}$. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
3. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
4. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
5. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 1mA to 150mA (5V version) and 1mA to 120mA ($V_{OUT} < 5V$ version). Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential.
7. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current plus pass transistor base current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
8. Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time "t" after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 150mA load pulse at $V_{IN}=16V$ for $t=10mS$.

Block Diagrams



Application Information

Enable Input

TS5205 series feature an active-high (>2V) enable (EN) input that allows ON/OFF control of the regulator. Current drain reduces to “zero” when the device is shutdown, with only micro-amperes of leakage current. The EN is compatible with CMOS logic interfacing. EN may be directly tied to V_{IN} and pulled up to the maximum supply voltage.

Input Capacitor Requirement

An input capacitor of 0.1 μ F or greater is recommended when the device is more than 10” away from the bulk AC supply capacitance or when the supply is a battery.

Output Capacitor Requirement

The TS5205 series requires an output capacitor to maintain stability and improve transient response is necessary. 2.2 μ F minimum is recommended. Larger values improve the regulator’s transient response. The output capacitor value may be increased without limit. The output capacitor should have an ESR (effective series resistance) less than 5 Ω and a resonant frequency above 1MHz. Ultra low ESR capacitors can cause a low amplitude oscillation on the output and/or under damped transient response. Most of tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitors are adequate; film types will work. Since many aluminum electrolytic have electrolytes that freeze at about -30°C , solid tantalums are recommended for operation below -25°C . At lower values of output current, less output capacitance is required for output stability. The capacitor can be reduced to 0.47 μ F for current below 10mA or 0.33 μ F for currents below 1mA.

Reference Bypass Capacitor

Bypass is connected to the internal voltage reference. A 470pF capacitor (C_{BYPASS}) connected from Bypass to Ground quiets this reference, providing a significant reduction in output noise. C_{BYPASS} reduces the regulator phase margin; when using C_{BYPASS} , output capacitors of 2.2 μ F or greater are generally required to maintain stability.

The start up speed of the TS5205 is inversely proportional to the size of the reference bypass capacitor. Applications requiring a slow ramp up of output voltage should consider larger values of C_{BYPASS} . Likewise, if rapid turn on is necessary, consider omitting C_{BYPASS} . If output noise is not a major concern, omitted C_{BYPASS} and leave Bypass open.

No Load Stability

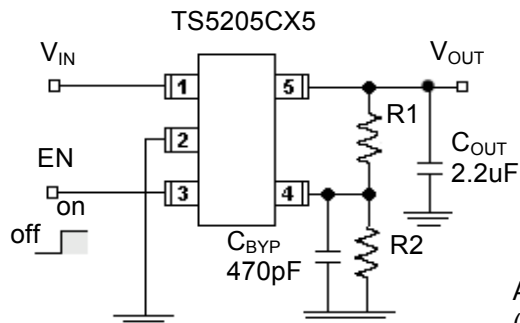
The TS5205 series will remain stable and in regulation with no load, unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep alive applications.

Adjustable Regulator Design

The adjustable regulator versions can be adjusted to a specific output voltage by using two external resistors to programming the output voltage anywhere between 1.25 and the 8V maximum operating rating of the family.

Two resistors are used. Resistors can be quite large up to 470k Ω , because of the very high input impedance and low bias current of the sense comparator, the resistor values are calculated by:

A capacitor from Adjust to Ground provides greatly improved noise performance.



Adjustable Version: $V_{OUT} = 1.24 (R1+R2)/R2$
(Adjustable output range up to 8V)

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Application Information (Continue)

Dual Supply Operation

When used in dual supply systems where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

Thermal Characteristics

TS5205 series is designed to provide 150mA (5V version) of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power dissipation of the package, use the junction-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = [T_{J(MAX)} - T_A] / \theta_{JA}$$

$T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C), and T_A is the ambient operating temperature. θ_{JA} is layout dependent, the actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) * I_{OUT} + V_{IN} * I_{GND}$$

Substituting $P_{D(max)}$ for P_D and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. For example, when operating the TS5205CX33 at room temperature with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum input voltage for a set output current can be determined as follows:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}\text{C} - 25^{\circ}\text{C}) / 220^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

$$P_{D(MAX)} = 455\text{mW}$$

The junction to ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 220°C/W, the maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation. Using the output voltage of 3.3V and an output current of 120mA, the maximum input voltage can be determined. From the electrical characteristics table, the maximum ground current for 120mA output current is 2.5mA.

$$445\text{mW} = (V_{IN} - 3.3\text{V}) * 150\text{mA} + V_{IN} * 2.5\text{mA}$$

$$445\text{mW} = V_{IN} * 150\text{mA} - 3.3 * 150\text{mA} + V_{IN} * 2.5\text{mA}$$

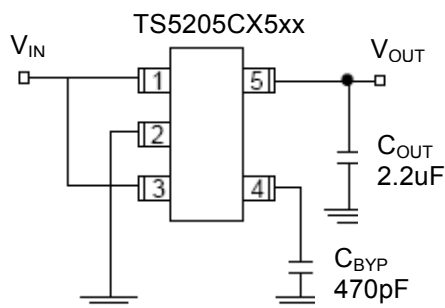
$$445\text{mW} = V_{IN} * 150\text{mA} - 495\text{mW} + V_{IN} * 2.5\text{mA}$$

$$950\text{mW} = V_{IN} * 152.5\text{mA}$$

$$V_{IN(max)} = 6.23\text{V}$$

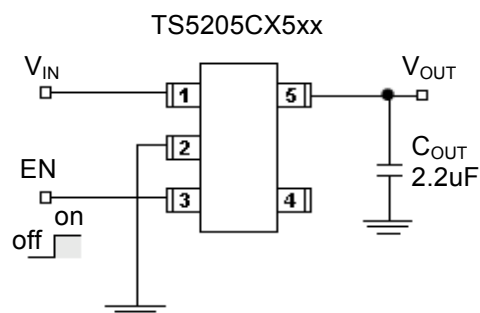
Therefore, a 3.3V application at 150mA of output current can accept a maximum input voltage of 6.23V in a SOT-25 package.

Fixed Output Regulator Design



Ultra Low Noise Fixed Voltage Application

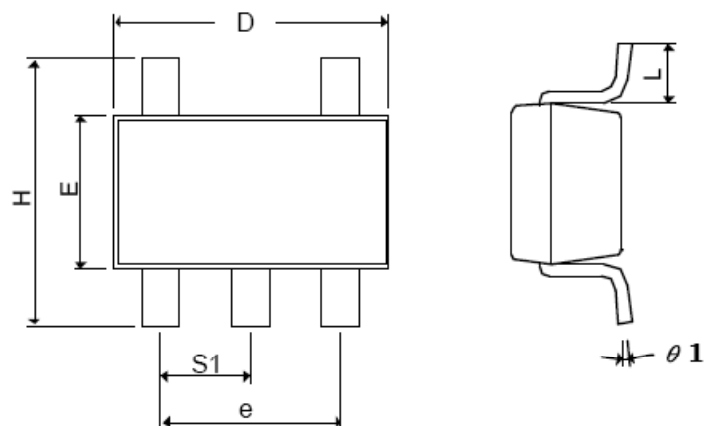
Includes a 470pF capacitor for low noise operation and shows EN connected to IN for an application where enable/shutdown is not required. $C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu\text{F}$ minimum.



Low Noise Fixed Voltage Application

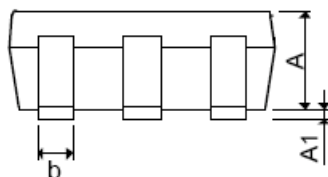
An example of a low noise configuration where bypass is not required. $C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu\text{F}$ minimum

SOT-25 Mechanical Drawing

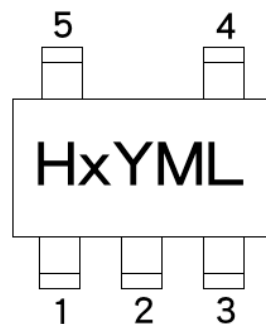


SOT-25 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.
A+A1	0.09	1.25	0.0354	0.0492
B	0.30	0.50	0.0118	0.0197
C	0.09	0.25	0.0035	0.0098
D	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220
E	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709
e	1.90 BSC		0.0748 BSC	
H	2.40	3.00	0.09449	0.1181
L	0.35 BSC		0.0138 BSC	
Θ1	0°	10°	0°	10°
S1	0.95 BSC		0.0374 BSC	

Front View



Marking Diagram



H = Device Code

X = Voltage Code

(**5** = 5.0V, **S** = 3.3V, **P** = 3.0V, **O** = 2.9V, **N** = 2.8V, **K** = 2.5V, **12** = 1.24V, **0** = Adj)

Y = Year Code

M = Month Code

(**A**=Jan, **B**=Feb, **C**=Mar, **D**=Apr, **E**=May, **F**=Jun, **G**=Jul, **H**=Aug, **I**=Sep, **J**=Oct, **K**=Nov, **L**=Dec)

L = Lot Code

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