# TISP2290 DUAL SYMMETRICAL TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSORS

NOVEMBER 1986 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 1997

# absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Non-repetitive peak on-state pulse current (see Notes 1, 2 and 3)			
8/20 µs (ANSI C62.41, open-circuit voltage wave shape 1.2/50 µs)		150	
10/160 μs (FCC Part 68, open-circuit voltage wave shape 10/160 μs)		60	
5/200 μs (VDE 0433, open-circuit voltage wave shape 2 kV, 10/700 μs)		50	
0.2/310 μs (RLM 88, open-circuit voltage wave shape 1.5 kV, 0.5/700 μs)	I <sub>TSP</sub>	38	Α
5/310 μs (CCITT IX K17/K20, open-circuit voltage wave shape 2 kV, 10/700 μs)		50	
5/310 µs (FTZ R12, open-circuit voltage wave shape 2 kV, 10/700 µs)		50	
10/560 μs (FCC Part 68, open-circuit voltage wave shape 10/560 μs)		45	
10/1000 μs (REA PE-60, open-circuit voltage wave shape 10/1000 μs)		50	
Non-repetitive peak on-state current, 50 Hz, 2.5 s (see Notes 1 and 2)	I <sub>TSM</sub>	10	A rms
Initial rate of rise of on-state current, Linear current ramp, Maximum ramp value < 38 A	di <sub>T</sub> /dt	250	A/µs
Junction temperature	TJ	150	°C
Operating free - air temperature range		0 to 70	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +150	°C
Lead temperature 1.5 mm from case for 10 s	T <sub>lead</sub>	260	°C

- NOTES: 1. Above 70°C, derate linearly to zero at 150°C case temperature
  - 2. This value applies when the initial case temperature is at (or below) 70°C. The surge may be repeated after the device has returned to thermal equilibrium.
  - 3. Most PTT's quote an unloaded voltage waveform. In operation the TISP essentially shorts the generator output. The resulting loaded current waveform is specified.

# electrical characteristics for the A and B terminals, $T_J = 25$ °C

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITI	ONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Vz	Reference zener	$I_7 = \pm 1 \text{mA}$			± 200			V
٧Z	voltage	1Z = ± 1111A			1 200			V
	Off-state leakage	$V_{\rm D} = \pm 50 \text{ V}$					± 10	μА
'D	current	VD = ∓ 30 V					± 10	μΑ
C <sub>off</sub>	Off-state capacitance	$V_D = 0$	f = 1 kHz	(see Note 4)		40	100	pF

NOTE 4: These capacitance measurements employ a three terminal capacitance bridge incorporating a guard circuit. The third terminal is connected to the guard terminal of the bridge.

# electrical characteristics for the A and C or the B and C terminals, $T_J = 25$ °C

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_Z$	Reference zener	$I_7 = \pm 1 \text{mA}$			± 200			V
٧Z	voltage	1Z = ± 1111A			1 200			v
∝V <sub>Z</sub>	Temperature coefficient					0.1		%/°C
٧Z	of reference voltage					0.1		76/ C
V <sub>(BO)</sub>	Breakover voltage	(see Notes 5 and 6)					± 290	V
I <sub>(BO)</sub>	Breakover current	(see Note 5)			± 0.15		± 0.6	Α
V <sub>TM</sub>	Peak on-state voltage	I <sub>T</sub> = ± 5 A	(see Notes 5 and 6)			± 1.9	± 3	V
I <sub>H</sub>	Holding current	(see Note 5)			± 150			mA
dv/dt	Critical rate of rise of	(see Note 7)					± 5	kV/μs
uv/ut	off-state voltage	(See Note 1)					3	κν/μδ
I <sub>D</sub>	Off-state leakage	V <sub>D</sub> = ± 50 V					± 10	μА
םי	current	ν <sub>D</sub> – ± 30 ν					_ 10	μΛ
C <sub>off</sub>	Off-state capacitance	$V_D = 0$	f = 1 kHz	(see Note 4)		110	200	pF

NOTES: 5. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques,  $t_w = 100 \mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

- 6. These parameters are measured with voltage sensing contacts seperate from the current carrying contacts located within 3.2 mm (0.125 inch) from the device body.
- 7. Linear rate of rise, maximum voltage limited to 80 %  $V_Z$  (minimum)...

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

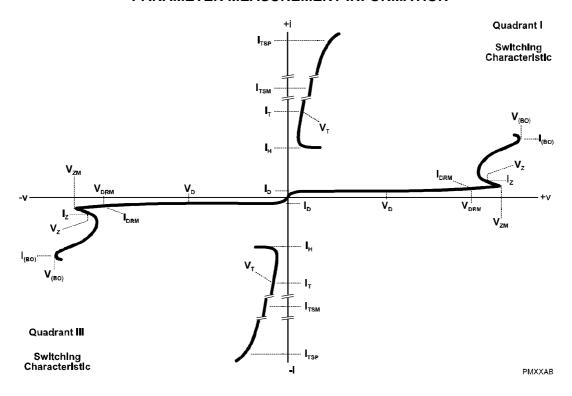


Figure 1. VOLTAGE-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC FOR ANY PAIR OF TERMINALS

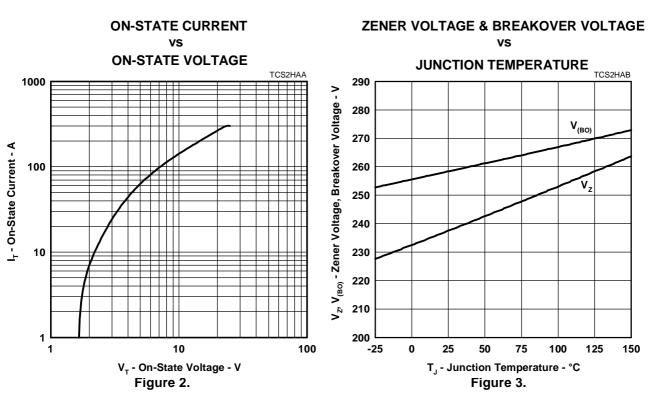
The high level characteristics for terminals A and B are not guaranteed.

# thermal characteristics

Ī	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	R <sub>0JA</sub> Junction to free air thermal resistance			62.5	°C/W



# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS A and C, or B and C terminals

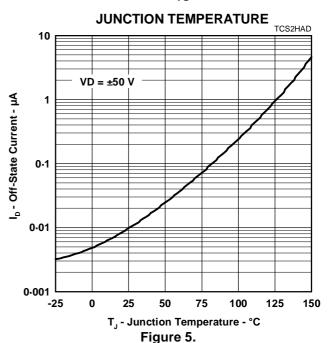


# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS A and C, or B and C terminals

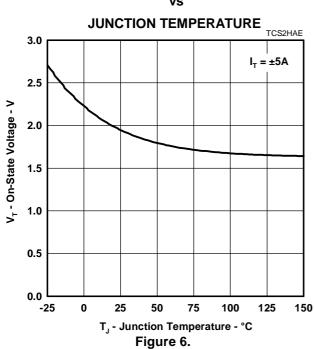
# HOLDING CURRENT & BREAKOVER CURRENT

# JUNCTION TEMPERATURE 1 I<sub>H</sub> , I<sub>(BO)</sub> - Holding Current, Breakover Current - A I<sub>(BO)</sub> 0-1 0.01 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 T<sub>.</sub> - Junction Temperature - °C Figure 4.

# OFF-STATE CURRENT vs

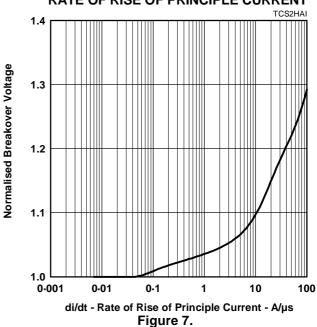


# ON-STATE VOLTAGE vs



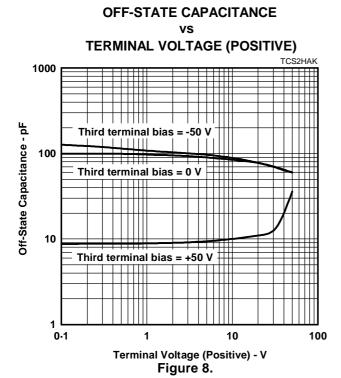
# NORMALISED BREAKOVER VOLTAGE

## RATE OF RISE OF PRINCIPLE CURRENT





# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS A and C, or B and C terminals



# TERMINAL VOLTAGE (NEGATIVE) TCS2HAL Third terminal bias = -50 V Third terminal bias = 0 V Third terminal bias = +50 V Third terminal bias = +50 V Terminal Voltage (Negative) - V Figure 9.

**OFF-STATE CAPACITANCE** 

# **SURGE CURRENT**

PECAY TIME

TCS2HAO

TCS2HAO

TCS2HAO

TOS2HAO

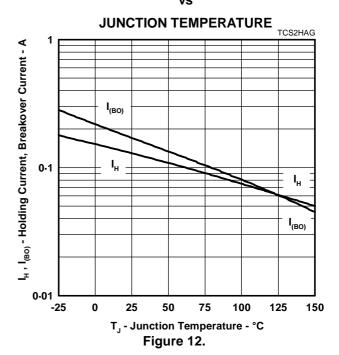
TOS3HAO

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS A and B terminals

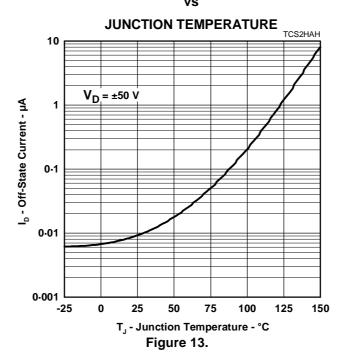
# ZENER VOLTAGE & BREAKOVER VOLTAGE vs

### JUNCTION TEMPERATURE 290 V<sub>z</sub>, V<sub>(BO)</sub> - Zener Voltage, Breakover Voltage - V 280 V<sub>(BO)</sub> 270 260 250 240 230 220 210 200 -25 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 T<sub>.</sub> - Junction Temperature - °C Figure 11.

# HOLDING CURRENT & BREAKOVER CURRENT

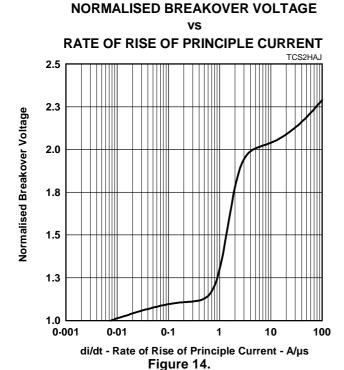


# OFF-STATE CURRENT vs





# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS A and B terminals

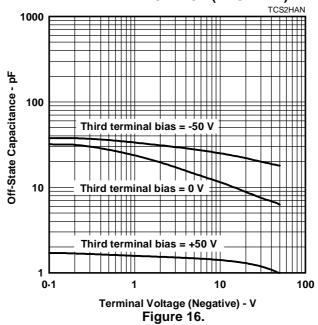


# TERMINAL VOLTAGE (POSITIVE) 1000 Tocsepham Tocsepham Third terminal bias = -50 V Third terminal bias = 0 V Third terminal bias = +50 V Third terminal bias = +50 V Terminal Voltage (Positive) - V

Figure 15.

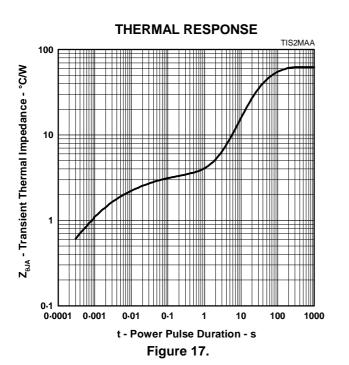
**OFF-STATE CAPACITANCE** 

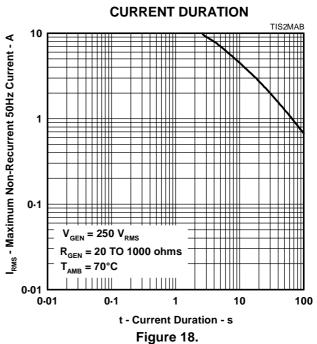
# OFF-STATE CAPACITANCE vs TERMINAL VOLTAGE (NEGATIVE)



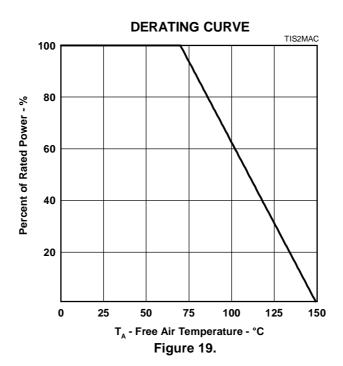
### THERMAL INFORMATION

## **MAXIMUM NON-RECURRENT 50Hz CURRENT**





### FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



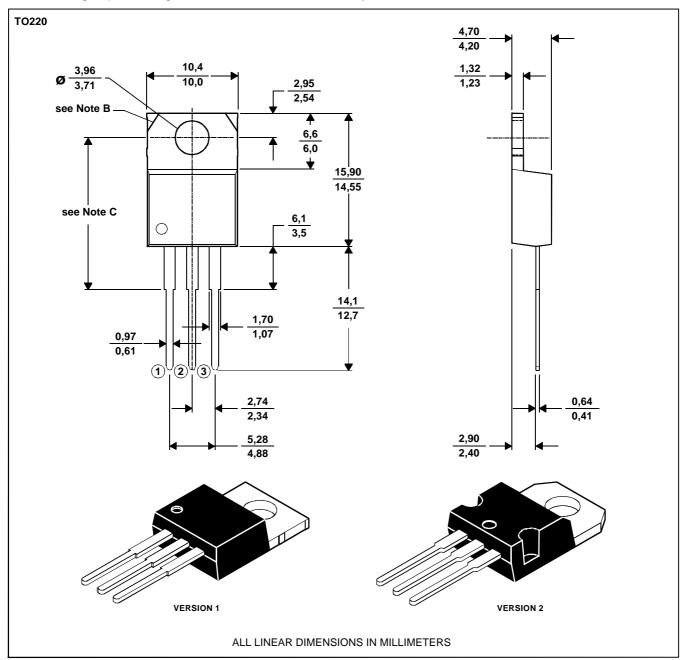
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### **MECHANICAL DATA**

### **TO-220**

## 3-pin plastic flange-mount package

This single-in-line package consists of a circuit mounted on a lead frame and encapsulated within a plastic compound. The compound will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation, and circuit performance characteristics will remain stable when operated in high humidity conditions. Leads require no additional cleaning or processing when used in soldered assembly.



NOTES: A. The centre pin is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.

B. Mounting tab corner profile according to package version.

C. Typical fixing hole centre stand off height according to package version. Version 1, 18.0 mm. Version 2, 17.6 mm. MDXXBE

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