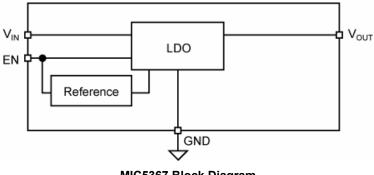
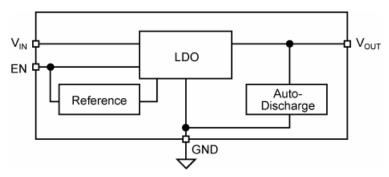
# **Block Diagram**



MIC5367 Block Diagram



MIC5368 Block Diagram

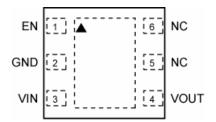
## **Ordering Information**

Part Number <sup>(1)</sup>	Marking Code	Output Voltage	Temperature Range	Package <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead Finish <sup>(3)</sup>
MIC5367-1.2YMT	674	1.2V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®	Pb-Free
MIC5367-1.5YMT	F67	1.5V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®	Pb-Free
MIC5367-3.3YMT	67S	3.3V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®	Pb-Free
MIC5368-1.2YMT*	684	1.2V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®	Pb-Free
MIC5368-1.5YMT*	F68	1.5V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®	Pb-Free
MIC5368-3.3YMT*	68S	3.3V	–40°C to +125°C	6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®	Pb-Free

#### Notes:

- 1. Other voltages available. Contact Micrel for details.
- 2. Thin MLF<sup>®</sup> ▲ = Pin 1 identifier.
- 3. Thin MLF® is a GREEN RoHS compliant package. Lead finish is NiPdAu. Mold compound is Halogen Free.
- \* MIC5368 offers Auto-Discharge function.

# **Pin Configuration**



6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF® (MT)

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function	
1	EN	Enable Input: Active High. High = ON; Low = OFF. Do not leave floating.	
2	GND	Ground.	
3	VIN	Supply Input.	
4	VOUT	Output Voltage.	
5	NC	No Connect (Not internally connected).	
6	NC	No Connect (Not internally connected).	
EP	HS Pad	Exposed Heatsink Pad.	

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(1)

Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	0V to 6V
Enable Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> ) Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )	Internally Limited <sup>(3)</sup>
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	
Storage Temperature (T <sub>s</sub> )	–65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating <sup>(4)</sup>	2kV

## Operating Ratings<sup>(2)</sup>

2.5V to 5.5V
0V to V <sub>IN</sub>
40°C to +125°C
92.4°C/W

### **Electrical Characteristics**(5)

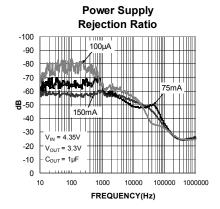
 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{OUT} + 1V; C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F; I_{OUT} = 100 \mu A; T_J = 25 ^{\circ}C, \ \textbf{bold} \ values \ indicate -40 ^{\circ}C \ to +125 ^{\circ}C, \ unless \ noted.$ 

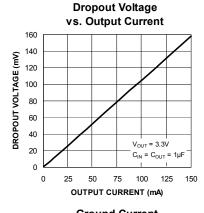
Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Voltage Accuracy	Variation from nominal V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2.0		+2.0	%
	Variation from nominal V <sub>OUT</sub> ; –40°C to +125°C	-3.0		+3.0	%
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V \text{ to } 5.5V; I_{OUT} = 100 \mu\text{A}$		0.02	0.3	%
Load Regulation <sup>(6)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100μA to 150mA		0.3	1	%
Dropout Voltage <sup>(7)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50mA		60	135	mV
	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA		180	380	mV
Ground Pin Current <sup>(8)</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA		29	39	μA
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	V <sub>EN</sub> ≤ 0.2V		0.05	1	μA
Ripple Rejection	f = up to 1kHz; C <sub>OUT</sub> = 1µF		65		dB
	$f = 1kHz - 10kHz$ ; $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$		55		dB
Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	200	325	550	mA
Output Voltage Noise	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 1μF, 10Hz to 100kHz		200		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Auto-Discharge NFET Resistance	MIC5368 Only; V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V; V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V; I <sub>OUT</sub> = -3mA		30		Ω
Enable Input					
Enable Input Voltage	Logic Low			0.2	V
	Logic High	1.2			V
Enable Input Current	V <sub>IL</sub> ≤ 0.2V		0.01	1	μΑ
	V <sub>IH</sub> ≥ 1.2V		0.01	1	μA
Turn-on Time	$C_{OUT} = 1\mu F; I_{OUT} = 150mA$		50	125	μs

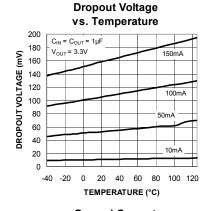
#### Notes:

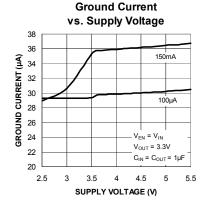
- 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T<sub>A</sub> (ambient temperature) is P<sub>D(max)</sub> = (T<sub>J(max)</sub> T<sub>A</sub>) / θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
- 4. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model, 1.5kΩ in series with 100pF.
- 5. Specification for packaged product only.
- 6. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing; changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 7. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential. For outputs below 2.5V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output differential with the minimum input voltage 2.5V.
- 8. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

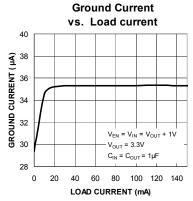
### **Typical Characteristics**

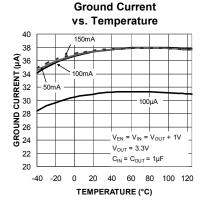


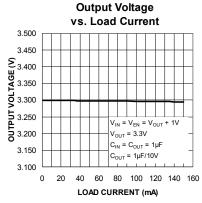


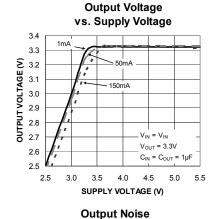


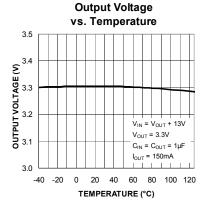


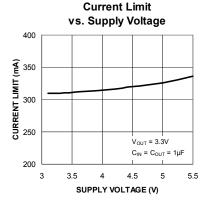


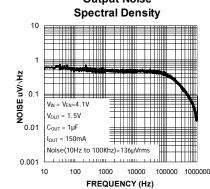




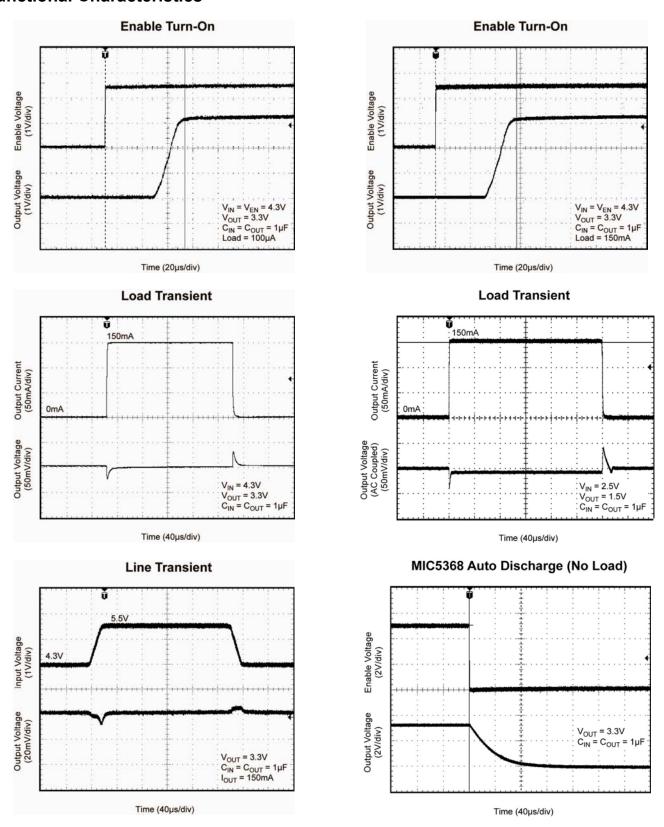








### **Functional Characteristics**



### **Application Information**

MIC5367 and MIC5368 are Low noise 150mA LDOs. The MIC5368 includes an auto-discharge circuit that is switched on when the regulator is disabled through the Enable pin. The MIC5367/8 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions, offering linear current limiting and thermal shutdown.

#### **Input Capacitor**

The MIC5367/8 is a high-performance, high bandwidth device. An input capacitor of  $1\mu F$  is required from the input to ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high-frequency capacitors, such as small-valued NPO dielectric-type capacitors, help filter out high-frequency noise and are good practice in any RF-based circuit. X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended for the input capacitor. Y5V dielectrics lose most of their capacitance over temperature and are therefore, not recommended.

#### **Output Capacitor**

The MIC5367/8 requires an output capacitor of  $1\mu F$  or greater to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High ESR capacitors are not recommended because they may cause high frequency oscillation. The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a  $1\mu F$  ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

#### **No-Load Stability**

Unlike many other voltage regulators, the MIC5367/8 will remain stable and in regulation with no load. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

#### Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5367/8 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into a "zero" off-mode-current state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. The active-high enable pin uses CMOS technology and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

#### **Thermal Considerations**

The MIC5367/8 is designed to provide 150mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum ambient operating temperature can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. For example if the input voltage is 3.3V, the output voltage is 1.5V, and the output current = 150mA. The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT1}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically  $<100\mu A$  over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is <1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

$$P_D = (3.3V - 1.5V) \times 150 \text{mA}$$

$$P_D = 0.27W$$

To determine the maximum ambient operating temperature of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}\right)$$

 $T_{J(max)}$  = 125°C, the maximum junction temperature of the die,  $\theta_{JA}$  thermal resistance = 92.4°C/W for the YMT package.

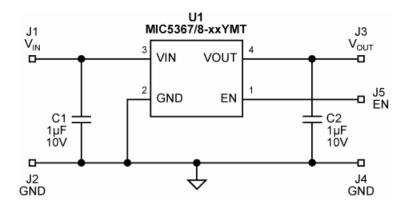
Substituting  $P_D$  for  $P_{D(max)}$  and solving for the ambient operating temperature will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 92.4°C/W.

The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation.

For example, when operating the MIC5367-1.5YMT at an input voltage of 3.3V and 150mA load with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum ambient operating temperature  $T_A$  can be determined as follows:

$$0.27W = (125^{\circ}C - T_{A})/(92.4^{\circ}C/W)$$
  
 $T_{A} = 100^{\circ}C$ 

Therefore the maximum ambient operating temperature of 100°C is allowed in a 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF® package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the "Regulator Thermals" section of *Micrel's Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook. This information can be found on Micrel's website at: http://www.micrel.com/ PDF/other/LDOBk ds.pdf



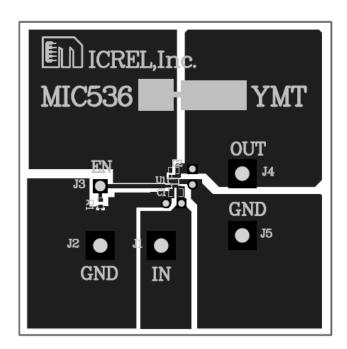
### **Bill of Materials**

Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C1, C2	GRM155R61A105KE15D	Murata <sup>(1)</sup>	Capacitor, 1µF Ceramic, 10V, X7R, Size 0402	2
U1	MIC5367/8-xxYMT	Micrel, Inc. <sup>(2)</sup>	High Performance Single 150mA LDO in 1.6x1.6 Thin MLF®	1

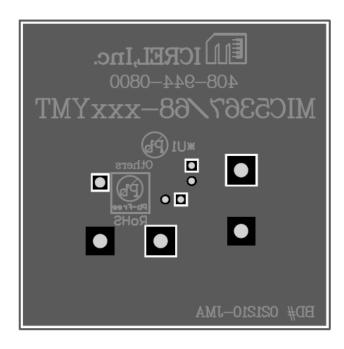
#### Notes:

Murata: www.murata.com
 Micrel, Inc.: www.micrel.com

# PCB Layout Recommendations (1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF®)

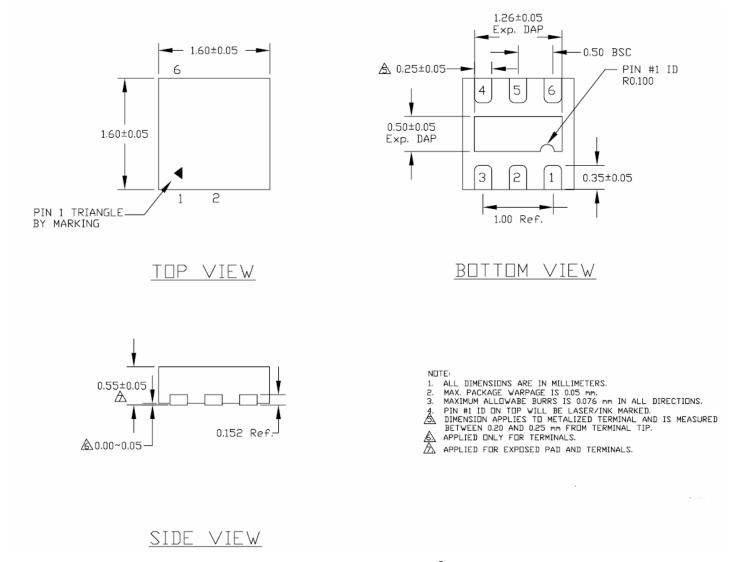


**Top Layer** 



**Bottom Layer** 

### **Package Information**



6-Pin 1.6mm x 1.6mm Thin MLF® (MT)

#### MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http://www.micrel.com

The information furnished by Micrel in this data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Micrel for its use. Micrel reserves the right to change circuitry and specifications at any time without notification to the customer.

Micrel Products are not designed or authorized for use as components in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of a product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems that (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A Purchaser's use or sale of Micrel Products for use in life support appliances, devices or systems is a Purchaser's own risk and Purchaser agrees to fully indemnify Micrel for any damages resulting from such use or sale.

© 2010 Micrel, Incorporated.