FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS
DATA SHEET

DS07-12531-4E

8-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

CMOS

F²MC-8L MB89630R Series

MB89635R/636R/637R/P637/PV630

■ OUTLINE

The MB89630R series has been developed as a general-purpose version of the F²MC*-8L family consisting of proprietary 8-bit, single-chip microcontrollers.

In addition to a compact instruction set, the microcontrollers contain a variety of peripheral functions such as dual-clock control system, five operating speed control stages, a UART, timers, a PWM timer, a serial interface, an A/D converter, an external interrupt, and a watch prescaler.

* : F²MC is the abbreviation for Fujitsu Flexible Microcontroller.

■ FEATURES

- High-speed operating capability at low voltage
- Minimum execution time: 0.4 µs@3.5 V, 0.8 µs@2.7 V
- F²MC-8L family CPU core

  Instruction set optimized for controllers
  - Multiplication and division instructions
  - 16-bit arithmetic operations
  - Test and branch instructions
  - Bit manipulation instructions, etc.

- Five types of timers
  8-bit PWM timer: 2 channels (Also usable as a reload timer)
  8-bit pulse-width count timer (Continuous measurement capable, applicable to remote control, etc.)
  16-bit timer/counter
  21-bit timebase timer

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For the information for microcontroller supports, see the following web site.

http://edevice.fujitsu.com/micom/en-support/

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- UART
  CLK-synchronous/CLK-asynchronous data transfer capable (6, 7, and 8 bits)
- Serial interface
  Switchable transfer direction to allows communication with various equipment.
- 10-bit A/D converter
  Start by an external input capable
- External interrupt: 4 channels
  Four channels are independent and capable of wake-up from low-power consumption modes (with an edge detection function).
- Low-power consumption modes
  Stop mode (Oscillation stops to minimize the current consumption.)
  Sleep mode (The CPU stops to reduce the current consumption to approx. 1/3 of normal.)
  Subclock mode
  Watch mode
- Bus interface function
  With hold and ready function

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

Part number / Item	MB89635R	MB89636R	MB89637R	MB89P637	MB89PV630
Classification	Mass-produced products (mask ROM products)			One-time PROM product	Piggyback/ evaluation product (for evaluation and development)
ROM size	16 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM)	24 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM)	32 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM)	32 K × 8 bits (Internal PROM, to be programmed with general-purpose EPROM programmer)	32 K × 8 bits (external ROM)
RAM size	512 × 8 bits	768 × 8 bits	1024 × 8 bits	1024 × 8 bits	1024 × 8 bits
CPU functions	The number of instructions: 136 Instruction bit length: 8 bits Instruction length: 1 to 3 bytes Data bit length: 1, 8, 16 bits Minimum execution time: 0.4 µs/10 MHz, 61 µs@32.768 kHz Interrupt processing time: 3.6 to 57.6 µs/10 MHz, 562.5 µs@32.768 kHz				
Ports	Input ports: 5 (All also serve as peripherals.) Output ports (N-ch open-drain): 8 (All also serve as peripherals.) I/O ports (N-ch open-drain): 4 (All also serve as peripherals.) Output ports (CMOS): 8 (All also serve as bus control.) I/O ports (CMOS): 28 (27 ports also serve as bus pins and peripherals.) Total: 53				
Watch timer	21 bits × 1 (in main clock)/15 bits × 1 (at 32.768 kHz)				
8-bit PWM timer	8-bit reload timer operation (toggled output capable, operating clock cycle: 0.4 µs to 3.3 ms) × 2 channels 7/8-bit resolution PWM operation (conversion cycle: 51.2 µs to 839 ms) × 2 channels				
8-bit pulse width count timer	8-bit timer operation (overflow output capable, operating clock cycle: 0.4 to 12.8 µs) 8-bit reload timer operation (toggled output capable, operating clock cycle: 0.4 to 12.8 µs) 8-bit pulse width measurement operation (capable of continuous measurement, and measurement of “H” pulse width/ “L” pulse width/ from ↑ to ↑/from ↓ to ↓)				
16-bit timer/ counter	16-bit timer operation (operating clock cycle: 0.4 µs) 16-bit event counter operation (rising edge/falling edge/both edge selectable)				
8-bit serial I/O	8 bits LSB first/MSB first selectable One clock selectable from four transfer clocks (one external shift clock, three internal shift clocks: 0.8 µs, 3.2 µs, 12.8 µs)				
UART	Capable of switching two I/O systems by software Transfer data length (6, 7, and 8 bits) Transfer rate (300 to 62500 bps. at 10 MHz oscillation)				
10-bit A/D converter	10-bit resolution × 8 channels A/D conversion mode (conversion time: 13.2 µs) Sense mode (conversion time: 7.2 µs) Capable of continuous activation by an external activation or an internal timer				

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Item \ Part number	MB89635R	MB89636R	MB89637R	MB89P637	MB89PV630
External interrupt input	4 independent channels (edge selection, interrupt vector, source flag). Rising edge/falling edge selectable Used also for wake-up from stop/sleep mode. (Edge detection is also permitted in stop mode.)				
Standby mode	Sleep mode, stop mode, watch mode, and subclock mode				
Process	CMOS				
Operating voltage*	2.2 V to 6.0 V			2.7 V to 6.0 V	
EPROM for use					MBM27C256A-20CZ MBM27C256A-20TV

* : Varies with conditions such as the operating frequency. (See section "■ Electrical Characteristics.")
In the case of the MB89PV630, the voltage varies with the restrictions of the EPROM for use.

■ PACKAGE AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

Package	MB89635R	MB89636R MB89637R	MB89P637	MB89PV630
DIP-64P-M01	○	○	○	×
FPT-64P-M06	○	○	○	×
FPT-64P-M23	○	○	×	×
MQP-64C-P01	×	×	×	○
MDP-64C-P02	×	×	×	○

○ : Available × : Not available

Note: For more information about each package, see section "■ Package Dimensions."

■ DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS

1. Memory Size

Before evaluating using the piggyback product, verify its differences from the product that will actually be used. Take particular care on the following points:

- On the MB89P637, the program area starts from address 8007H but on the MB89PV630 and MB89637R starts from 8000H.

  (On the MB89P637, addresses 8000H to 8006H comprise the option setting area, option settings can be read by reading these addresses. On the MB89PV630/MB89637R, addresses 8000H to 8006H could also be used as a program ROM. However, do not use these addresses in order to maintain compatibility of the MB89P637.)
- The stack area, etc., is set at the upper limit of the RAM.
- The external area is used.

2. Current Consumption

- In the case of the MB89PV630, add the current consumed by the EPROM which connected to the top socket.
- When operated at low speed, the product with an OTPROM (one-time PROM) or an EPROM will consume more current than the product with a mask ROM. However, the current consumption in sleep/stop modes is the same. (For more information, see sections “■ Electrical Characteristics” and “■ Example Characteristics”.)

3. Mask Options

Functions that can be selected as options and how to designate these options vary by the product.

Before using options check section “■ Mask Options”.

Take particular care on the following points:

- A pull-up resistor cannot be set for P50 to P53 on the MB89P637.
- Options are fixed on the MB89PV630.

4. Differences between the MB89630 and MB89630R Series

- Memory access area
  There are no difference between the access area of MB89635/MB89635R, and that of MB89637/MB89637R.
  The access area of MB89636 is different from that of the MB89636R when using in external bus mode.

Address	Memory area	
	MB89636	MB89636R
0000H to 007FH	I/O area	I/O area
0080H to 037FH	RAM area	RAM area
0380H to 047FH	External area	Access prohibited
0480H to 7FFFH		External area
8000H to 9FFFH		Access prohibited
A000H to FFFFH	ROM area	ROM area

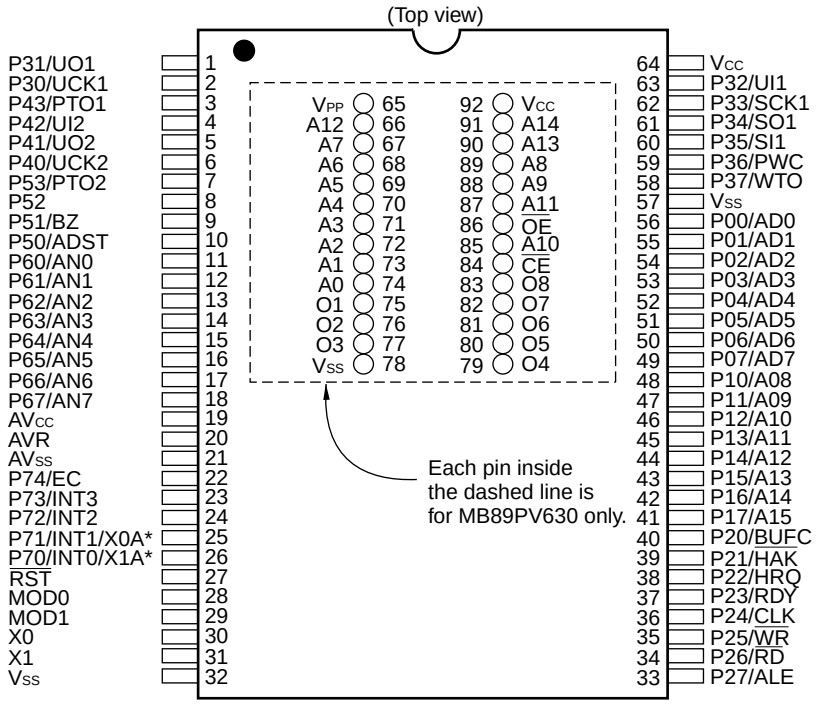
- Other specifications
  Both MB89630 series and MB89635R/636R/637R is the same.
- Electrical specifications/electrical characteristics
  Electrical specifications of the MB89635R/636R/637R series are the same as that of the MB89630 series.
  Electrical characteristics of both the series are much the same.

■ CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE MB89630 AND MB89630R SERIES

- The MB89630R series is the reduction version of the MB89630 series.
- The the MB89630 and MB89630R series consist of the following products:

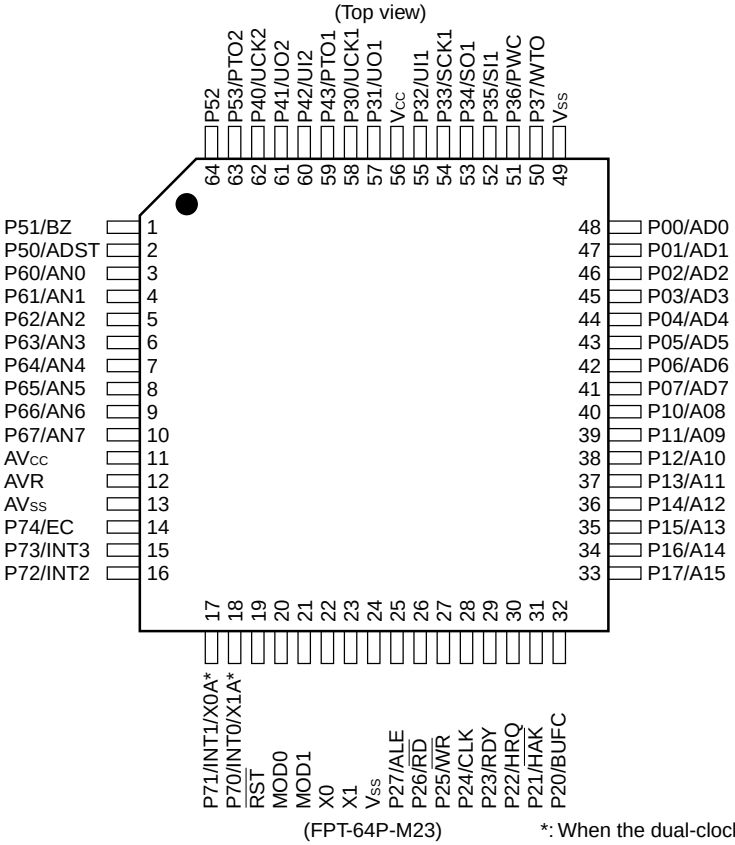
MB89630 series	MB89635	MB89636	MB89637	MB89P637	MB89PV630
MB89630R series	MB89635R	MB89636R	MB89637R		

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



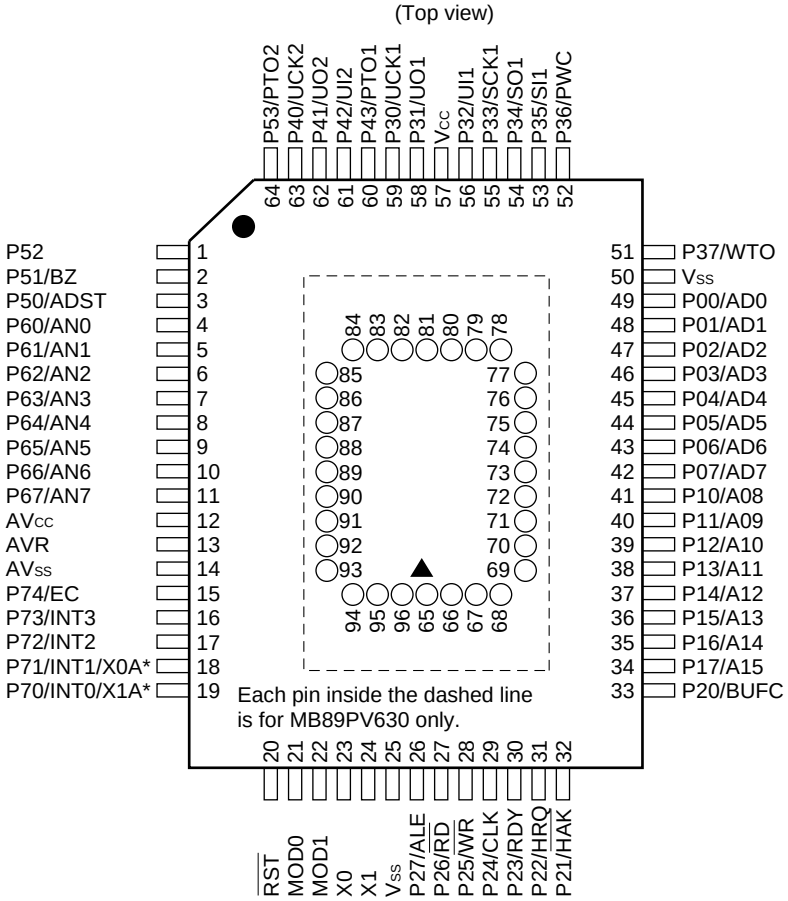
(DIP-64P-M01)
(MDP-64C-P02)

*: When the dual-clock system is selected.



(FPT-64P-M23)

*: When the dual-clock system is selected.



(FPT-64P-M06)
(MQP-64C-P01)

*: When the dual-clock system is selected.

- **Pin assignment on package top (MB89PV630 only)**

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name
65	N.C.	73	A2	81	N.C.	89	$\overline{OE}$
66	V_{PP}	74	A1	82	O4	90	N.C.
67	A12	75	A0	83	O5	91	A11
68	A7	76	N.C.	84	O6	92	A9
69	A6	77	O1	85	O7	93	A8
70	A5	78	O2	86	O8	94	A13
71	A4	79	O3	87	$\overline{CE}$	95	A14
72	A3	80	V_{SS}	88	A10	96	V_{CC}

N.C.: Internally connected. Do not use.

■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no.			Pin name	Circuit type	Function
SH-DIP*1 MDIP*2	QFP2*3	QFP1*4 MQFP*5			
30	22	23	X0	A	Main clock crystal oscillator pins
31	23	24	X1		
28	20	21	MOD0	D	Operating mode selection pins Connect directly to V_{CC} or V_{SS}.
29	21	22	MOD1		
27	19	20	$\overline{RST}$	C	Reset I/O pin This pin is an N-ch open-drain output type with a pull-up resistor, and a hysteresis input type. "L" is output from this pin by an internal reset source. The internal circuit is initialized by the input of "L".
56 to 49	48 to 41	49 to 42	P00/AD0 to P07/AD7	F	General-purpose I/O ports When an external bus is used, these ports function as the multiplex pins of the lower address output and the data I/O.
48 to 41	40 to 33	41 to 34	P10/A08 to P17/A157	F	General-purpose I/O ports When an external bus is used, these ports function as an upper address output.
40	32	33	P20/BUFC	H	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port can also be used as a buffer control output by setting the BCTR.
39	31	32	P21/$\overline{HAK}$	H	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port can also be used as a hold acknowledge by setting the BCTR.
38	30	31	P22/HRQ	F	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port can also be used as a hold request input by setting the BCTR.
37	29	30	P23/RDY	F	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a ready input.
36	28	29	P24/CLK	H	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a clock output.
35	27	28	P25/$\overline{WR}$	H	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a write signal output.
34	26	27	P26/$\overline{RD}$	H	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port functions as a read signal output.

*1: DIP-64P-M01
*2: MDP-64C-P02
*3: FPT-64P-M23
*4: FPT-64P-M06
*5: MQP-M64C-P01

(Continued)

Pin no.			Pin name	Circuit type	Function
SH-DIP*1 MDIP*2	QFP2*3	QFP1*4 MQFP*5			
33	25	26	P27/ALE	H	General-purpose output port When an external bus is used, this port functions as an address latch signal output.
2	58	59	P30/UCK1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the clock I/O 1 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
1	57	58	P31/UO1	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data output 1 for the UART.
63	55	56	P32/UI1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input 1 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
62	54	55	P33/SCK1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input for the 8-bit serial I/O. This port is a hysteresis input type.
61	53	54	P34/SO1	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data output for the 8-bit serial I/O.
60	52	53	P35/SI1	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input for the 8-bit serial I/O. This port is a hysteresis input type.
59	51	52	P36/PWC	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the measured pulse input for the 8-bit pulse width counter. This port is a hysteresis input type.
58	50	51	P37/WTO	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the toggle output for the 8-bit pulse width counter.
6	62	63	P40/UCK2	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the clock I/O 2 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
5	61	62	P41/UO2	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data output 2 for the UART.
4	60	61	P42/UI2	G	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the data input 2 for the UART. This port is a hysteresis input type.
3	59	60	P43/PTO1	F	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the toggle output for the 8-bit PWM timer.
10	2	3	P50/ADST	K	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as an A/D converter external activation. This port is a hysteresis input type.

*1: DIP-64P-M01
*2: MDP-64C-P02
*3: FPT-64P-M23
*4: FPT-64P-M06
*5: MQP-M64C-P01

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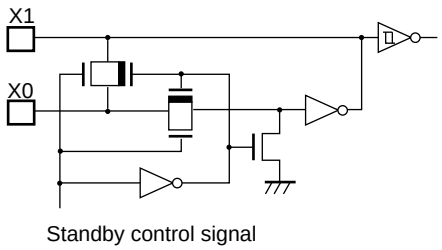
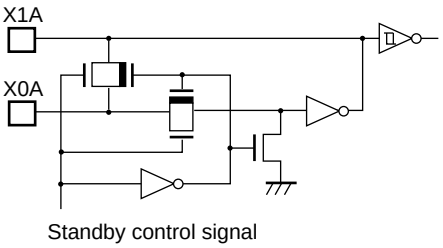
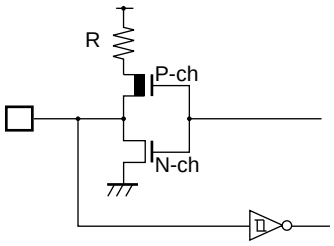
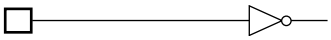
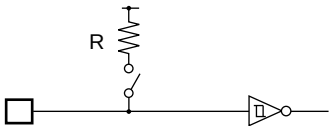
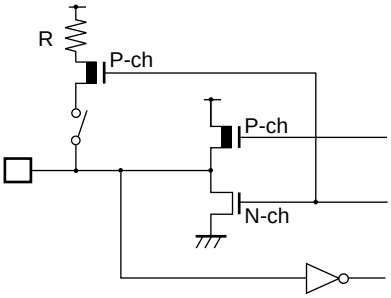
Pin no.			Pin name	Circuit type	Function
SH-DIP*1 MDIP*2	QFP2*3	QFP1*4 MQFP*5			
9	1	2	P51/BZ	J	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as a buzzer output.
8	64	1	P52	J	General-purpose I/O port
7	63	64	P53/PTO2	J	General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the toggle output for the 8-bit PWM timer.
11 to 18	3 to 10	4 to 11	P60/AN0 to P67/AN7	I	N-ch open-drain output ports Also serve as an A/D converter analog input.
26, 25	18, 17	19, 18	P70/INT0/X1A, P71/INT1/X0A	B/E	Input-only ports These ports are a hysteresis input type. Also serve as an external interrupt input (at single-clock operation). Subclock crystal oscillator pins (at dual-clock operation)
24, 23	16, 15	17, 16	P72/INT2, P73/INT3	E	Input-only ports Also serve as an external interrupt input. These ports are a hysteresis input type.
22	14	15	P74/EC	E	General-purpose input port Also serves as the external clock input for the 16-bit timer/counter. This port is a hysteresis input type.
64	56	57	V_{CC}	—	Power supply pin
32, 57	24,49	25, 50	V_{SS}	—	Power supply (GND) pin
19	11	12	AV_{CC}	—	A/D converter power supply pin
20	12	13	AVR	—	A/D converter reference voltage input pin
21	13	14	AV_{SS}	—	A/D converter power supply pin Use this pin at the same voltage as V_{SS}.

*1: DIP-64P-M01
*2: MDP-64C-P02
*3: FPT-64P-M23
*4: FPT-64P-M06
*5: MQP-M64C-P01

- **External EPROM pins (MB89PV630 only)**

Pin no.		Pin name	I/O	Function
MDIP	MQFP			
65	66	V_{PP}	O	“H” level output pin
66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	A12 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	O	Address output pins
75 76 77	77 78 79	O1 O2 O3	I	Data input pins
78	80	V_{SS}	O	Power supply (GND) pin
79 80 81 82 83	82 83 84 85 86	O4 O5 O6 O7 O8	I	Data input pins
84	87	$\overline{CE}$	O	ROM chip enable pin Outputs “H” during standby.
85	88	A10	O	Address output pin
86	89	$\overline{OE}$	O	ROM output enable pin Outputs “L” at all times.
87 88 89	91 92 93	A11 A9 A8	O	Address output pins
90	94	A13	O	
91	95	A14	O	
92	96	V_{CC}	O	EPROM power supply pin
—	65 76 81 90	N.C.	—	Internally connected pins Be sure to leave them open.

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

Type	Circuit	Remarks
A		• Crystal or ceramic oscillation type (main clock) External clock input selection versions of MB89PV630, MB89P637, MB89635R, MB89636R, and MB89637R At an oscillation feedback resistor of approximately 1 MΩ@5.0 V
B		• Crystal or ceramic oscillation type (subclock) MB89PV630, MB89P637, MB89635R, MB89636R, and MB89637R with dual-clock system At an oscillation feedback resistor of approximately 4.5 MΩ@5.0 V
C		• At an output pull-up resistor (P-ch) of approximately 50 kΩ@5.0 V • Hysteresis input
D		
E		• Hysteresis input • Pull-up resistor optional (except P70 and P71)
F		• CMOS output • CMOS input • Pull-up resistor optional (except P22 and P23)

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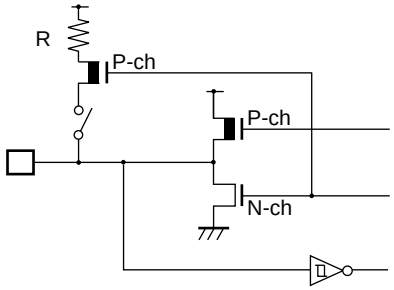
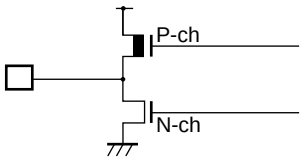
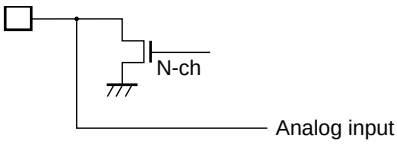
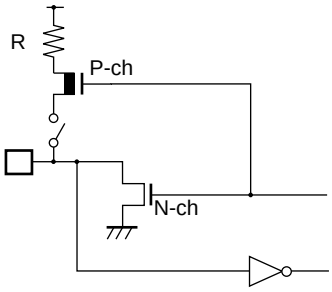
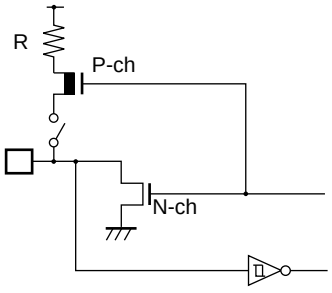
Type	Circuit	Remarks
G		• CMOS output • Hysteresis input • Pull-up resistor optional
H		CMOS output
I		Analog input
J		• CMOS input • Pull-up resistor optional
K		• Hysteresis input • Pull-up resistor optional

■ HANDLING DEVICES

1. Preventing Latchup

Latchup may occur on CMOS ICs if voltage higher than V_{CC} or lower than V_{SS} is applied to input and output pins other than medium- and high-voltage pins or if higher than the voltage which shows on “1. Absolute Maximum Ratings” in section “■ Electrical Characteristics” is applied between V_{CC} and V_{SS}.

When latchup occurs, power supply current increases rapidly and might thermally damage elements. When using, take great care not to exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

Also, take care to prevent the analog power supply (AV_{CC} and AVR) and analog input from exceeding the digital power supply (V_{CC}) when the analog system power supply is turned on and off.

2. Treatment of Unused Input Pins

Leaving unused input pins open could cause malfunctions. They should be connected to a pull-up or pull-down resistor.

3. Treatment of Power Supply Pins on Microcontrollers with A/D and D/A Converters

Connect to be AV_{CC} = DAVC = V_{CC} and AV_{SS} = AVR = V_{SS} even if the A/D and D/A converters are not in use.

4. Treatment of N.C. Pins

Be sure to leave (internally connected) N.C. pins open.

5. Power Supply Voltage Fluctuations

Although V_{CC} power supply voltage is assured to operate within the rated range, a rapid fluctuation of the voltage could cause malfunctions, even if it occurs within the rated range. Stabilizing voltage supplied to the IC is therefore important. As stabilization guidelines, it is recommended to control power so that V_{CC} ripple fluctuations (P-P value) will be less than 10% of the standard V_{CC} value at the commercial frequency (50 Hz to 60 Hz) and the transient fluctuation rate will be less than 0.1 V/ms at the time of a momentary fluctuation such as when power is switched.

6. Precautions when Using an External Clock

When an external clock is used, oscillation stabilization time is required even for power-on reset (option selection) and wake-up from stop mode.

■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM ON THE MB89P637

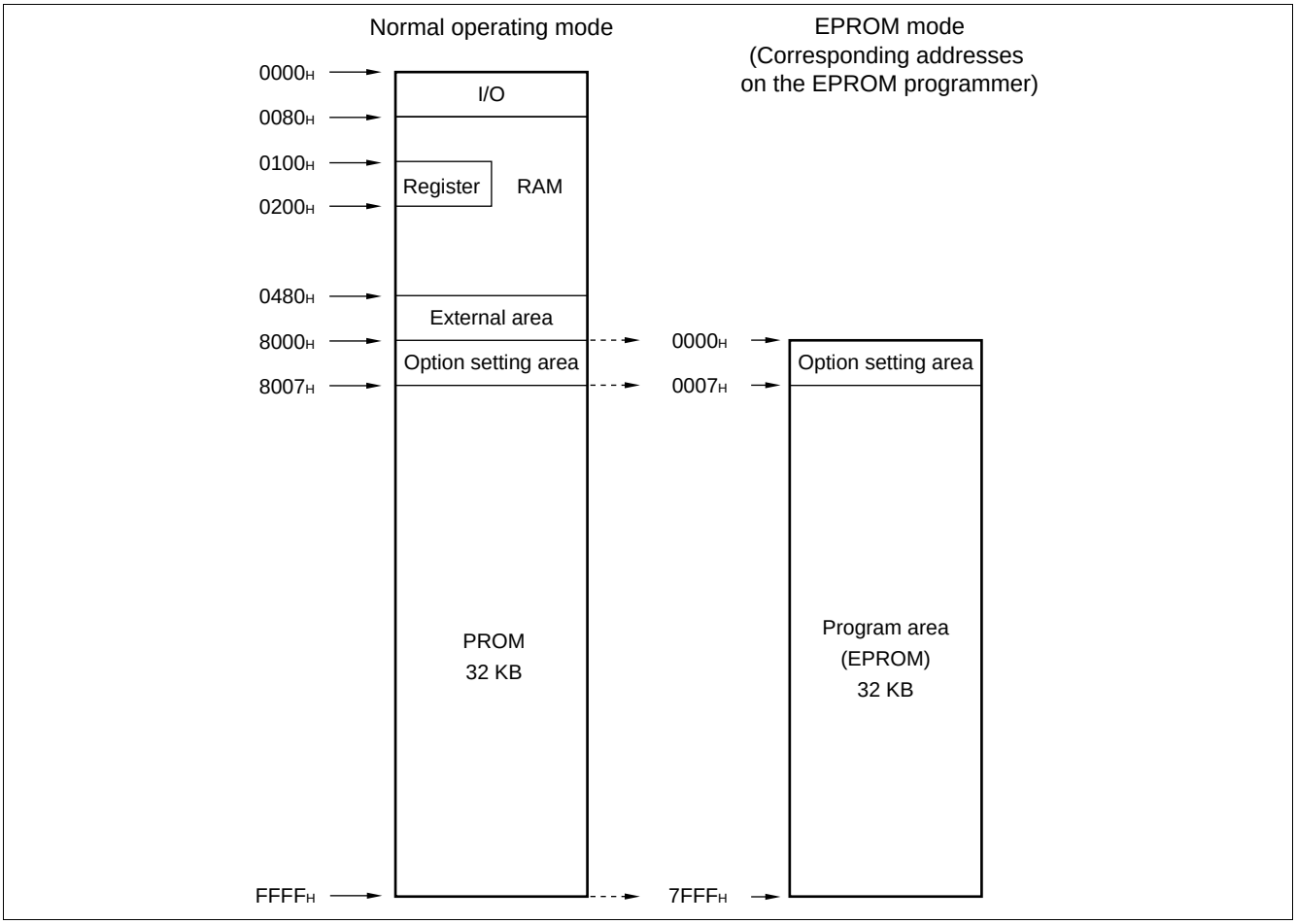
The MB89P637 is an OTPROM version of the MB89630 series.

1. Features

- 32-Kbytes PROM on chip
- Options can be set using the EPROM programmer.
- Equivalency to the MBM27C256A in EPROM mode (when programmed with the EPROM programmer)

2. Memory Space

Memory space in each mode is illustrated below.



3. Programming to the EPPROM

In EPROM mode, the MB89P637 functions equivalent to the MBM27C256A. This allows the PROM to be programmed with a general-purpose EPROM programmer by using the dedicated socket adapter.

However, the electronic signature mode cannot be used.

When the operating ROM area for a single chip is 32 Kbytes (8007H to FFFFH) the EPROM can be programmed as follows:

- **Programming procedure**

(1) Set the EPROM programmer to the MBM27C256A.

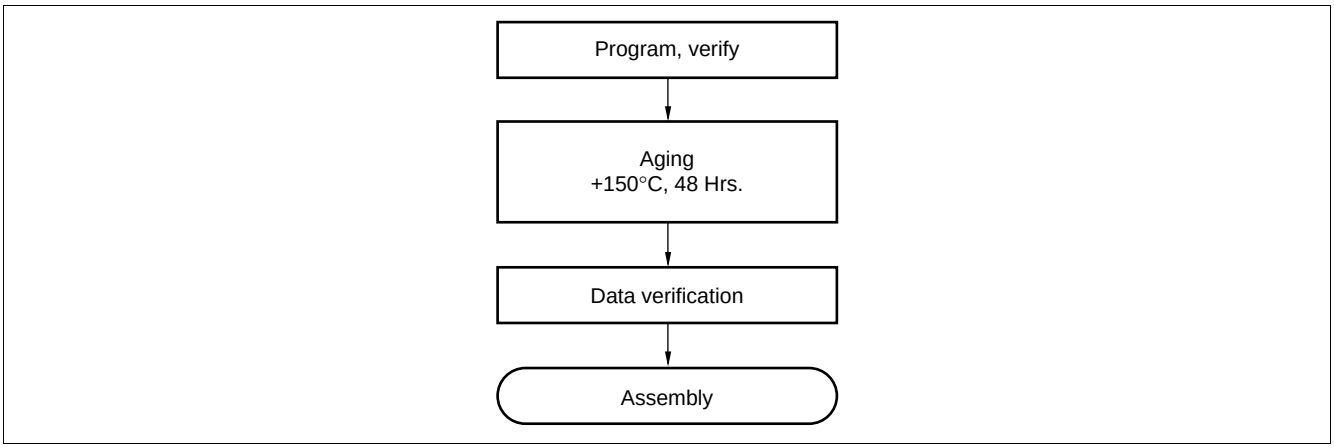
(2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 0007_H to $7FFF_H$. (Note that addresses 8000_H to $FFFF_H$ in the operating mode assign to 0000_H to $7FFF_H$ in EPROM mode).

(3) Load option data into addresses 0000_H to 0006_H of the EPROM programmer.
(For information about each corresponding option, see “8. OTPROM Option Bit Map”.)

(4) Program with the EPROM programmer.

4. Recommended Screening Conditions

High-temperature aging is recommended as the pre-assembly screening procedure for a product with a blanked OTPROM microcomputer program.



5. Programming Yield

All bits cannot be programmed at Fujitsu shipping test to a blanked OTPROM microcomputer, due to its nature. For this reason, a programming yield of 100% cannot be assured at all times.

6. OTPROM Option Bit Map

Address	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0000_H	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Single/dual-clock system 1: Dual clock 0: Single clock	Reset pin output 1: Yes 0: No	Power-on reset 1: Yes 0: No	Oscillation stabilization ($/F_{CH}$) 11:$2^{18}/F_{CH}$ 01:$2^{17}/F_{CH}$ 10:$2^{14}/F_{CH}$ 00:$2^4/F_{CH}$	
0001_H	P07 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P06 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P05 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P04 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P03 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P02 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P01 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P00 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0002_H	P17 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P16 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P15 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P14 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P13 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P12 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P11 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P10 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0003_H	P37 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P36 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P35 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P34 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P33 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P32 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P31 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P30 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0004_H	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	P43 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P42 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P41 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P40 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes
0005_H	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	P74 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P73 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	P72 Pull-up 1: No 0: Yes	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable
0006_H	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Vacancy Readable and writable	Reserved bit Readable and writable

Note: Each bit is set to '1' as the initialized value.

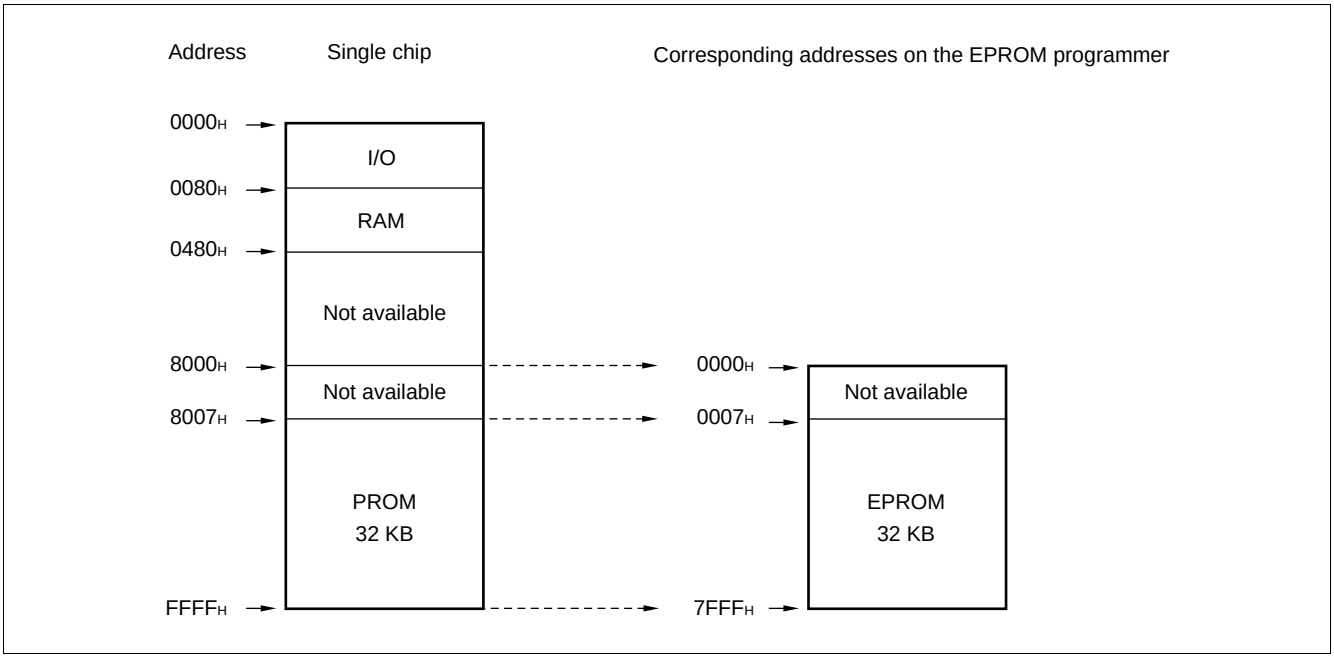
■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM WITH PIGGYBACK/EVALUATION DEVICE

1. EPROM for Use

MBM27C256A-20CZ, MBM27C256A-20TV

2. Memory Space

Memory space in each mode, such as 32-Kbyte PROM, option area is diagrammed below.



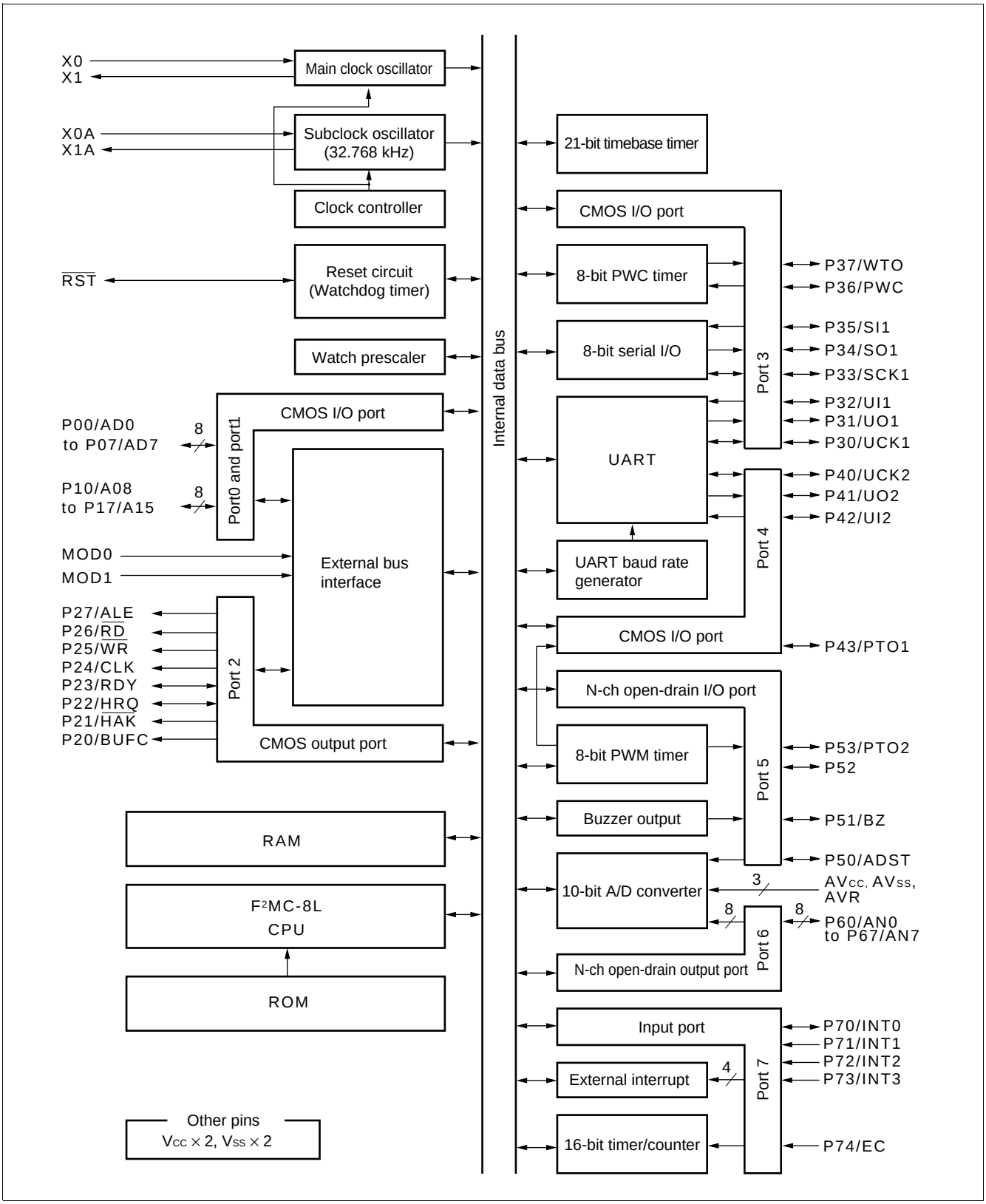
3. Programming to the EPROM

(1) Set the EPROM programmer to the MBM27C256A.

(2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 0007_H to $7FFF_H$.

(3) Program to 0000_H to $7FFF_H$ with the EPROM programmer.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM

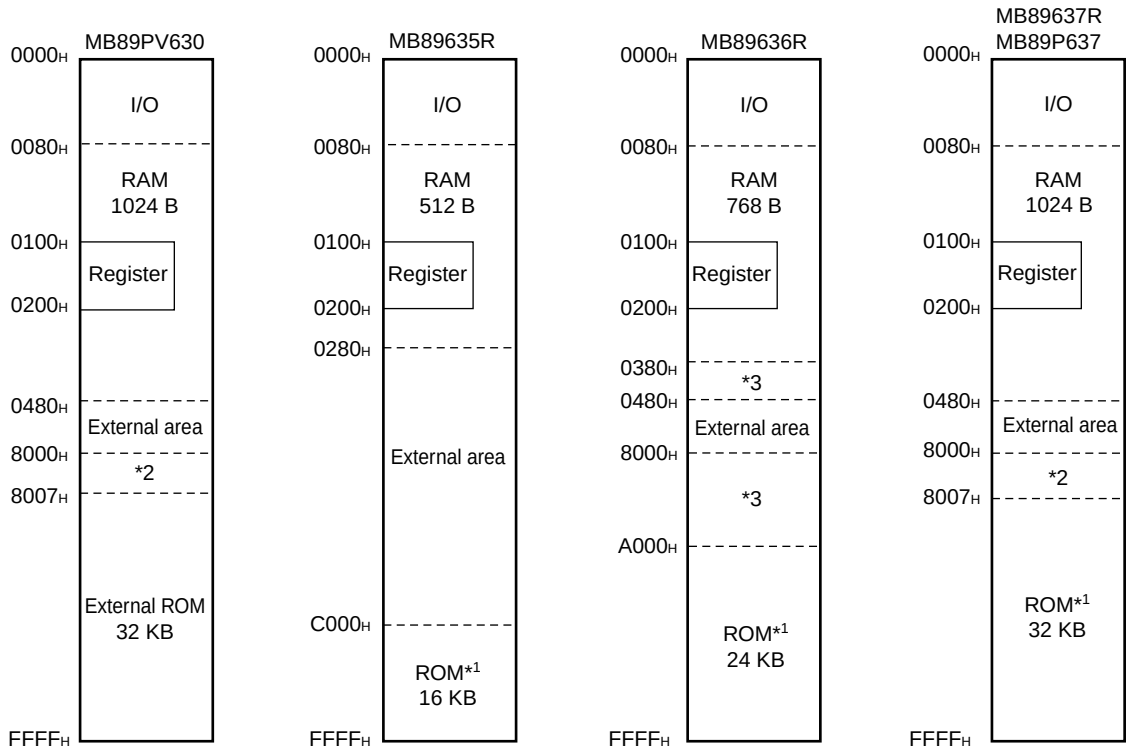


■ CPU CORE

1. Memory Space

The microcontrollers of the MB89630R series offer 64 Kbytes of memory for storing all of I/O, data, and program areas. The I/O area is located at the lowest address. The data area is provided immediately above the I/O area. The data area can be divided into register, stack, and direct areas according to the application. The program area is located at exactly the opposite end of I/O area, that is, near the highest address. Provide the tables of interrupt reset vectors and vector call instructions toward the highest address within the program area. The memory space of the MB89630R series is structured as illustrated below.

• Memory space



*1: The ROM area is an external area depending on the mode.

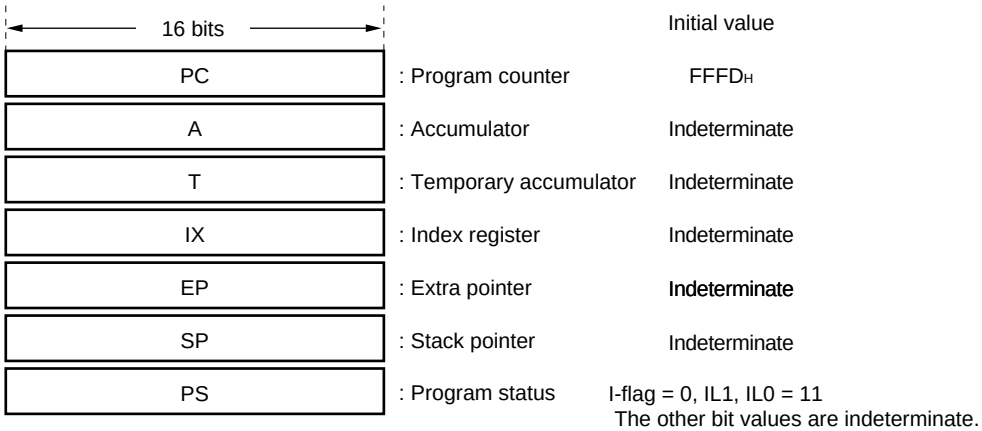
*2: Addresses 8000H to 8006H for the MB89P637 comprise an option area, do not use this area for the MB89PV630 and MB89637R.

*3: The access is forbidden in the external bus mode.

2. Registers

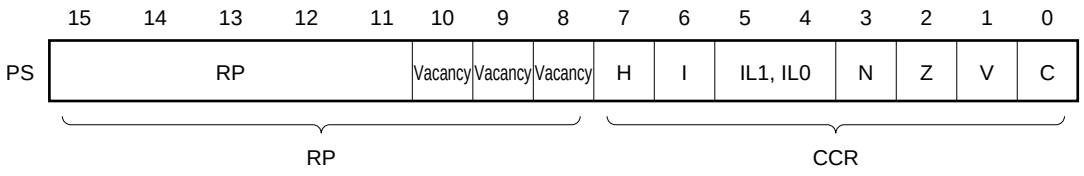
The F²MC-8L family has two types of registers; dedicated registers in the CPU and general-purpose registers in the memory. The following dedicated registers are provided:

Program counter (PC):	A 16-bit register for indicating the instruction storage positions
Accumulator (A):	A 16-bit temporary register for storing arithmetic operations, etc. When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used.
Temporary accumulator (T):	A16-bit register which performs arithmetic operations with the accumulator When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used.
Index register (IX):	A16-bit register for index modification
Extra pointer (EP):	A16-bit pointer for indicating a memory address
Stack pointer (SP):	A16-bit register for indicating a stack area
Program status (PS):	A16-bit register for storing a register pointer, a condition code



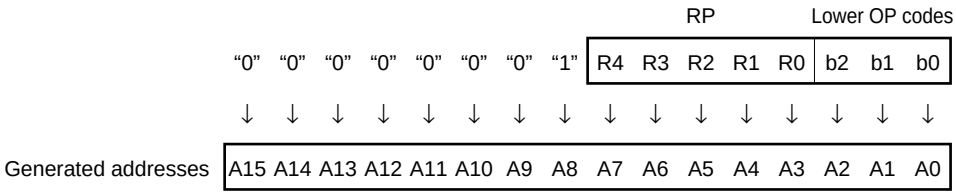
The PS can further be divided into higher 8 bits for use as a register bank pointer (RP) and the lower 8 bits for use as a condition code register (CCR). (See the diagram below.)

• Structure of the program status register



The RP indicates the address of the register bank currently in use. The relationship between the pointer contents and the actual address is based on the conversion rule illustrated below.

• Rule for conversion of actual addresses of the general-purpose register area



The CCR consists of bits indicating the results of arithmetic operations and the contents of transfer data and bits for control of CPU operations at the time of an interrupt.

H-flag: Set to '1' when a carry or a borrow from bit 3 to bit 4 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise. This flag is for decimal adjustment instructions.

I-flag: Interrupt is enabled when this flag is set to '1'. Interrupt is disabled when the flag is cleared to '0'. Cleared to '0' at the reset.

IL1, IL0: Indicates the level of the interrupt currently allowed. Processes an interrupt only if its request level is higher than the value indicated by this bit.

IL1	IL0	Interrupt level	High-low
0	0	1	High
0	1		
1	0	2	
1	1	3	Low

N-flag: Set to '1' if the MSB becomes to '1' as the result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' when the bit is cleared to '0'.

Z-flag: Set to '1' when an arithmetic operation results in 0. Cleared to '0' otherwise.

V-flag: Set to '1' if the complement on 2 overflows as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' if the overflow does not occur.

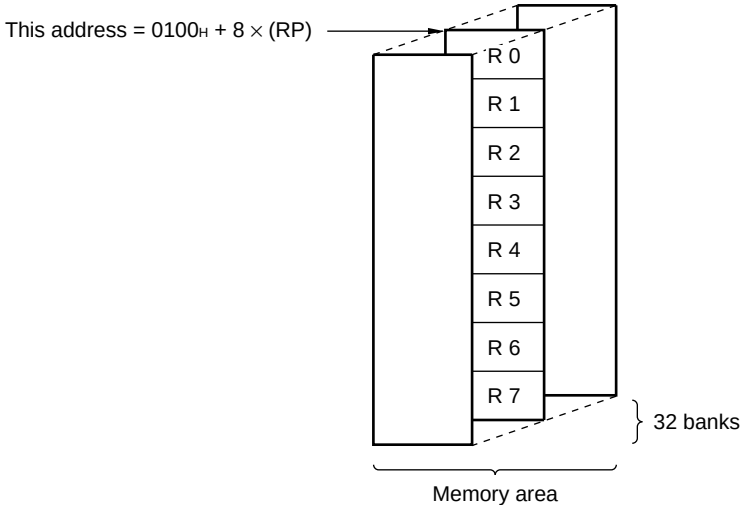
C-flag: Set to '1' when a carry or a borrow from bit 7 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise.
Set to the shift-out value in the case of a shift instruction.

The following general-purpose registers are provided:

General-purpose registers: An 8-bit register for storing data

The general-purpose registers are 8 bits and located in the register banks of the memory. One bank contains eight registers and up to a total of 32 banks can be used on the MB89630R series. The bank currently in use is indicated by the register bank pointer (RP).

• Register bank configuration



■ I/O MAP

Address	Read/write	Register name	Register description
00H	(R/W)	PDR0	Port 0 data register
01H	(W)	DDR0	Port 0 data direction register
02H	(R/W)	PDR1	Port 1 data register
03H	(W)	DDR1	Port 1 data direction register
04H	(R/W)	PDR2	Port 2 data register
05H	(W)	BCTR	External bus pin control register
06H	Vacancy		
07H	(R/W)	SYCC	System clock control register
08H	(R/W)	STBC	System clock control register
09H	(R/W)	WDTE	Watchdog timer control register
0AH	(R/W)	TBCR	Timebase timer control register
0BH	(R/W)	WPCR	Watch prescaler control register
0CH	(R/W)	CHG3	Port 3 switching register
0DH	(R/W)	PDR3	Port 3 data register
0EH	(W)	DDR3	Port 3 data direction register
0FH	(R/W)	PDR4	Port 4 data register
10H	(W)	DDR4	Port 4 data direction register
11H	(R/W)	BUZR	Buzzer register
12H	(R/W)	PDR5	Port 5 data register
13H	(R/W)	PDR6	Port 6 data register
14H	(R)	PDR7	Port 7 data register
15H	(R/W)	PCR1	PWC pulse width control register 1
16H	(R/W)	PCR2	PWC pulse width control register 2
17H	(R/W)	RLBR	PWC reload buffer register
18H	(R/W)	TMCR	16-bit timer control register
19H	(R/W)	TCHR	16-bit timer count register (H)
1AH	(R/W)	TCLR	16-bit timer count register (L)
1BH	Vacancy		
1CH	(R/W)	SMR1	Serial mode register
1DH	(R/W)	SDR1	Serial data register
1EH	Vacancy		
1FH	Vacancy		

(Continued)

(Continued)

Address	Read/write	Register name	Register description
20H	(R/W)	ADC1	A/D converter control register 1
21H	(R/W)	ADC2	A/D converter control register 2
22H	(R/W)	ADDH	A/D converter data register (H)
23H	(R/W)	ADDL	A/D converter data register (L)
24H	(R/W)	EIC1	External interrupt control register 1
25H	(R/W)	EIC2	External interrupt control register 2
26H	Vacancy		
27H	Vacancy		
28H	(R/W)	CNTR1	PWM timer control register 1
29H	(R/W)	CNTR2	PWM timer control register 2
2AH	(R/W)	CNTR3	PWM timer control register 3
2BH	(W)	COMR1	PWM timer compare register 1
2CH	(W)	COMR2	PWM timer compare register 2
2DH	(R/W)	SMC	UART serial mode control register
2EH	(R/W)	SRC	UART serial rate control register
2FH	(R/W)	SSD	UART serial status/data register
30H	(R) (W)	SIDR SODR	UART serial input data control register UART serial output data control register
31H to 7BH	Vacancy		
7CH	(W)	ILR1	Interrupt level setting register 1
7DH	(W)	ILR2	Interrupt level setting register 2
7EH	(W)	ILR3	Interrupt level setting register 3
7FH	Vacancy		

Note: Do not use vacancies.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

($AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0$ V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min.	Max.		
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 7.0$	V	*
	AV_{CC}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 7.0$	V	*
A/D converter reference input voltage	AVR	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 7.0$	V	AVR must not exceed "AV_{CC} + 0.3 V".
Input voltage	V_I	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	Except P50 to P53
	V_{I2}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 7.0$	V	P50 to P53
Output voltage	V_O	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	Except P50 to P53
	V_{O2}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 7.0$	V	P50 to P53
"L" level maximum output current	I_{OL}	—	20	mA	
"L" level average output current	I_{OLAV}	—	4	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
"L" level total maximum output current	ΣI_{OL}	—	100	mA	
"L" level total average output current	ΣI_{OLAV}	—	40	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
"H" level maximum output current	I_{OH}	—	–20	mA	
"H" level average output current	I_{OHAV}	—	–4	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
"H" level total maximum output current	ΣI_{OH}	—	–50	mA	
"H" level total average output current	ΣI_{OHAV}	—	–20	mA	Average value (operating current × operating rate)
Power consumption	P_D	—	500	mW	
Operating temperature	T_A	–40	+85	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	–55	+150	°C	

* : Use AV_{CC} and V_{CC} set at the same voltage.
Take care so that AV_{CC} does not exceed V_{CC}, such as when power is turned on.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

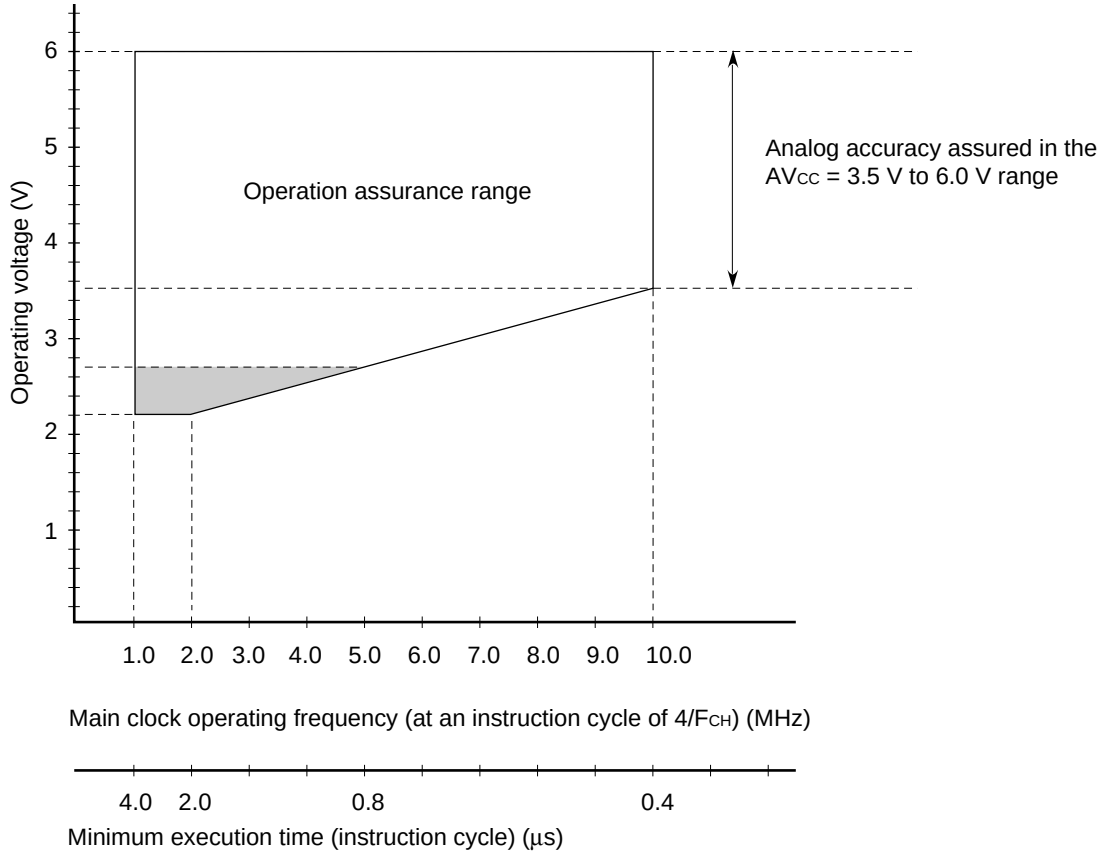
2. Recommended Operating Conditions

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min.	Max		
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	2.2*	6.0*	V	Normal operation assurance range* MB89635R/636R/637R
		2.7*	6.0*	V	Normal operation assurance range* MB89PV630/P637
	AV_{CC}	1.5	6.0	V	Retains the RAM state in stop mode
A/D converter reference input voltage	AVR	3.0	AV_{CC}	V	
Operating temperature	T_A	–40	+85	°C	

* : These values vary with the operating frequency, instruction cycle, and analog assurance range. See Figure 1 and “5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics”.

Figure 1 Operating Voltage vs. Main Clock Operating Frequency



Note: The shaded area is assured only for the MB89635R/636R/637R.

Figure 1 indicates the operating frequency of the external oscillator at an instruction cycle of 4/F_{CH}.
Since the operating voltage range is dependent on the instruction cycle, see minimum execution time if the operating speed is switched using a gear.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

3. DC Characteristics

($AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0$ V, $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0$ V, $T_A = -40°C$ to $+85°C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
"H" level input voltage	V_{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22, P23, P31, P34, P37, P41, P43, P51 to P53	—	0.7 V_{CC}	—	V_{CC} + 0.3	V	P51 to P53 with pull-up resistor
	V_{IH2}	P51 to P53		0.7 V_{CC}	—	V_{SS} + 6.0	V	Without pull-up resistor
	V_{IHS}	$\overline{RST}$, MOD0, MOD1, P30, P32, P33, P35, P36, P40, P42,P50, P72 to P74		0.8 V_{CC}	—	V_{CC} + 0.3	V	P50 with pull-up resistor
	V_{IHS2}	P50, P70, P71		0.8 V_{CC}	—	V_{SS} + 6.0	V	Without pull-up resistor
"L" level input voltage	V_{IL}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P22, P23, P31, P34, P37, P41, P43		V_{SS} – 0.3	—	0.3 V_{CC}	V	
	V_{ILS}	P30, P32, P33, P35, P36, P40, P42, P50 to P53, P70 to P74, $\overline{RST}$, MOD0, MOD1		V_{SS} – 0.3	—	0.2 V_{CC}	V	
Open-drain output pin application voltage	V_D	P50 to P53		V_{SS} – 0.3	—	V_{SS} + 6.0	V	
"H" level output voltage	V_{OH}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P43	$I_{OH} = -2.0$ mA	4.0	—	—	V	
"L" level output voltage	V_{OL}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P60 to P67, $\overline{RST}$	$I_{OL} = 4.0$ mA	—	—	0.4	V	
Input leakage current (Hi-z output leakage current)	I_{LI}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P23, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P70 to P74, MOD0, MOD1	0.0 V < V_I < V_{CC}	—	—	±5	µA	Without pull-up resistor

(Continued)

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Pull-up resistance	R_{PULL}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P72 to P74	V_I = 0.0 V	25	50	100	kΩ	With pull-up resistor
Power supply current*1	I_{CC1}	V_{CC}	F_{CH} = 10 MHz, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, t_{inst}*2 = 0.4 µs	—	12	20	mA	
	I_{CC2}		F_{CH} = 10 MHz, V_{CC} = 3.0 V, t_{inst}*2 = 6.4 µs	—	1.0	2	mA	MB89635R/ 636R/637R/ PV630
				—	1.5	2.5	mA	MB89P637
	I_{CCS1}		Sleep mode: F_{CH} = 10 MHz, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, t_{inst}*2 = 0.4 µs	—	3	7	mA	
	I_{CCS2}		Sleep mode: F_{CH} = 10 MHz, V_{CC} = 3.0 V, t_{inst}*2 = 6.4 µs	—	0.5	1.5	mA	
	I_{CCL}		F_{CL} = 32.768 kHz, V_{CC} = 3.0 V, Subclock mode	—	50	100	µA	MB89635R/ 636R/637R/ PV630
				—	500	700	µA	MB89P637
	I_{CCLS}		F_{CL} = 32.768 kHz, V_{CC} = 3.0 V, Subclock sleep mode	—	25	50	µA	
	I_{CCT}		F_{CL} = 32.768 kHz, V_{CC} = 3.0 V • Watch mode • Main clock stop mode at dual-clock system	—	3	15	µA	
	I_{CCH}		T_A = +25°C • Subclock stop mode • Main clock stop mode at single-clock system	—	—	1	µA	

(Continued)

(Continued)

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power supply current*1	I_A	AV_{CC}	F_{CH} = 10 MHz, when A/D conversion operates.	—	6	—	mA	
	I_{AH}		F_{CH} = 10 MHz, T_A = +25°C, when A/D conversion in a stop.	—	—	1	µA	
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	Other than AV_{CC}, AV_{SS}, V_{CC}, and V_{SS}	f = 1 MHz	—	10	—	pF	

*1: The power supply current is measured at the external clock.

In the case of the MB89PV630, the current consumed by the connected EPROM and ICE is not counted.

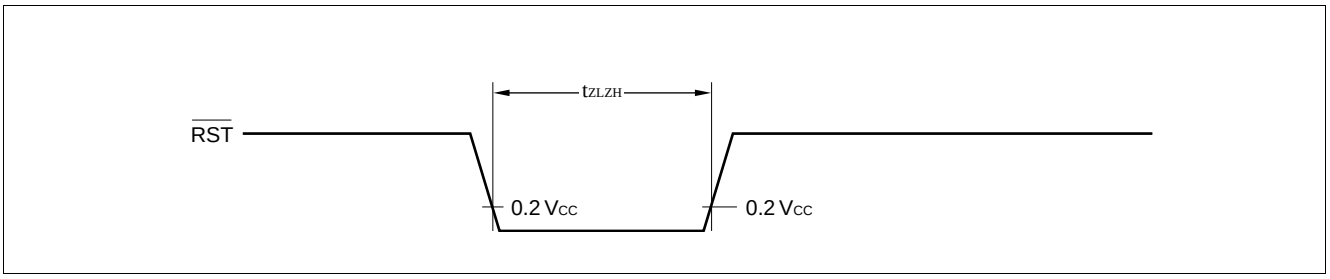
*2: For information on t_{inst}, see “(4) Instruction Cycle” in “4. AC Characteristics”.

4. AC Characteristics

(1) Reset Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
$\overline{RST}$ “L” pulse width	t_{ZLZH}	—	48 t_{HCYL}	—	ns	

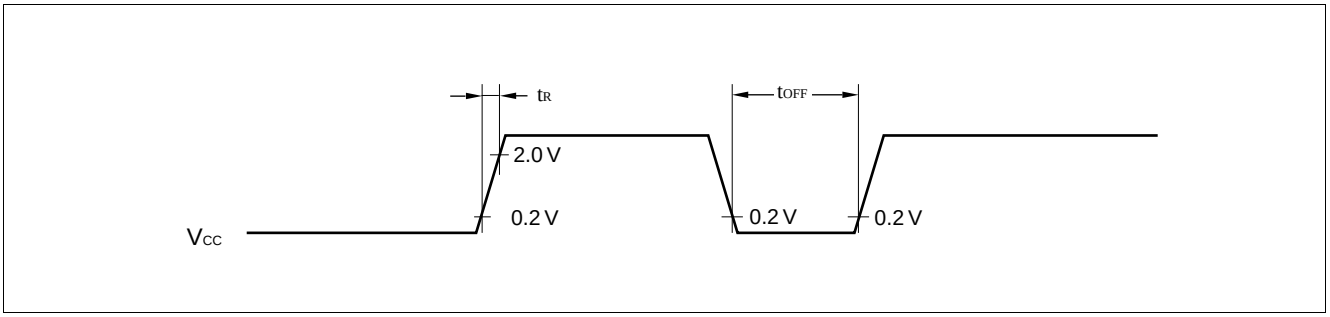


(2) Specification for Power-on Reset

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
Power supply rising time	t_R	—	—	50	ms	Power-on reset function only
Power supply cut-off time	t_{OFF}		1	—	ms	Min. interval time for the next power-on reset

Note: Make sure that power supply rises within the selected oscillation stabilization time.
If power supply voltage needs to be varied in the course of operation, a smooth voltage rise is recommended.

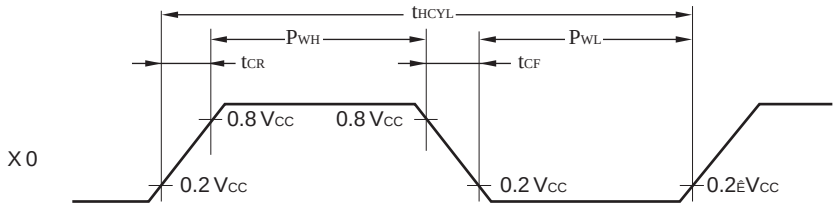


(3) Clock Timing

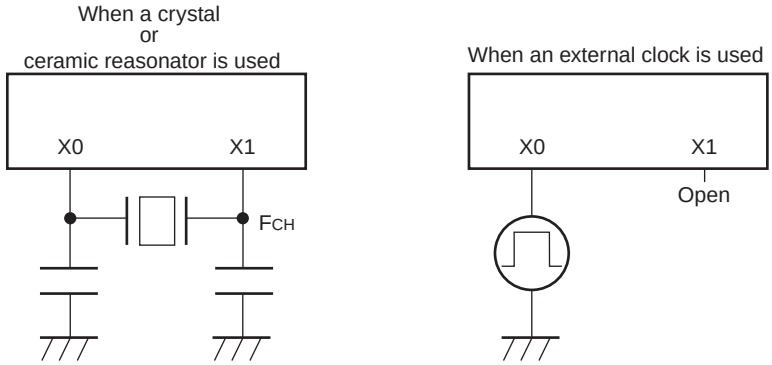
(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Clock frequency	F_{CH}	X0, X1	—	1	—	10	MHz	
	F_{CL}	X0A, X1A		—	32.768	—	kHz	
Clock cycle time	t_{HCYL}	X0, X1		100	—	1000	ns	
	t_{LCYL}	X0A, X1A		—	30.5	—	µs	
Input clock pulse width	P_{WH} P_{WL}	X0		20	—	—	ns	External clock
	P_{WLH} P_{WLL}	X0A		—	15.2	—	µs	External clock
Input clock rising/ falling time	t_{CR} t_{CF}	X0		—	—	10	ns	External clock

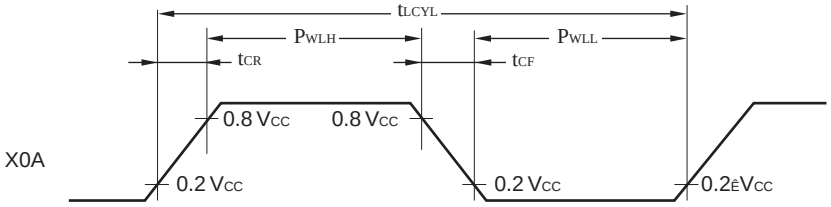
• **Main clock timing condition**



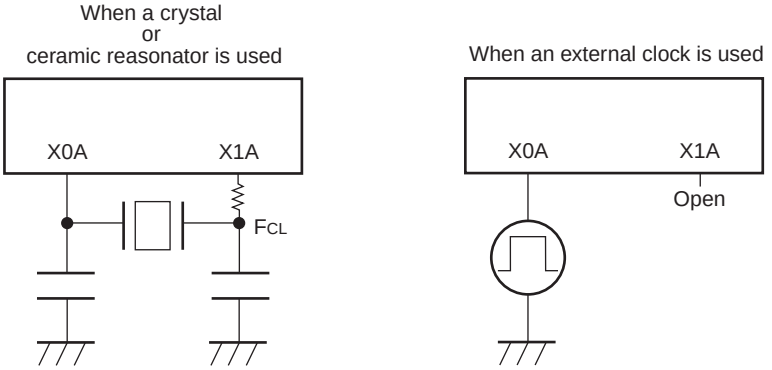
• **Main clock configurations**



• **Subclock timing condition**



• **Subclock configurations**



(4) Instruction Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	Value (typical)	Unit	Remarks
Instruction cycle (minimum execution time)	t_{inst}	$4/F_{CH}$, $8/F_{CH}$, $16/F_{CH}$, $64/F_{CH}$	µs	$(4/F_{CH})$ t_{inst} = 0.4 µs, operating at F_{CH} = 10 MHz
		$2/F_{CL}$	µs	t_{inst} = 61.036 µs, operating at F_{CL} = 32.768 kHz

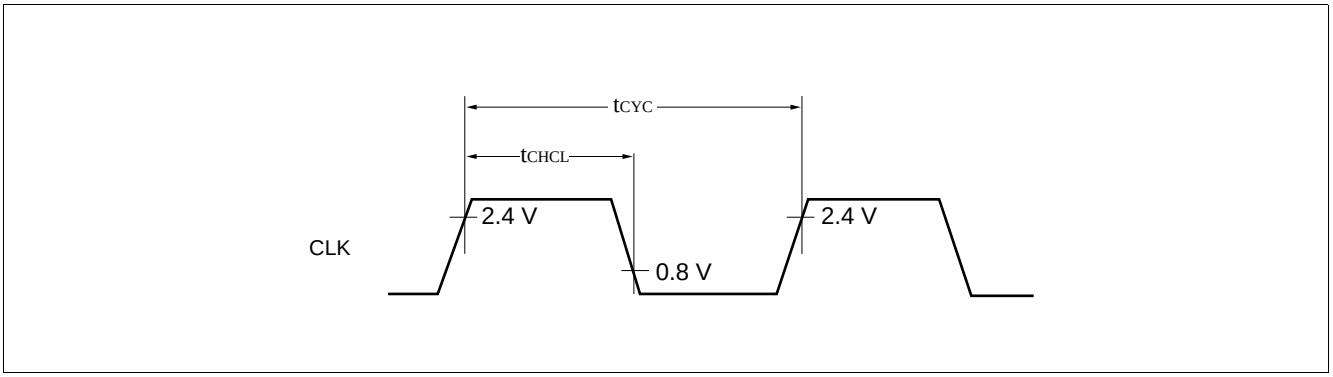
Note: Operating at 10 MHz, the cycle varies with the set execution time.

(5) Clock Output Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
Cycle time	t_{CYC}	CLK	—	1/2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
CLK ↑ → CLK ↓	t_{CHCL}	CLK		1/4 t_{inst}* – 70 ns	1/4 t_{inst}*	µs	

* : For information on t_{inst}, see “(4) Instruction Cycle”.

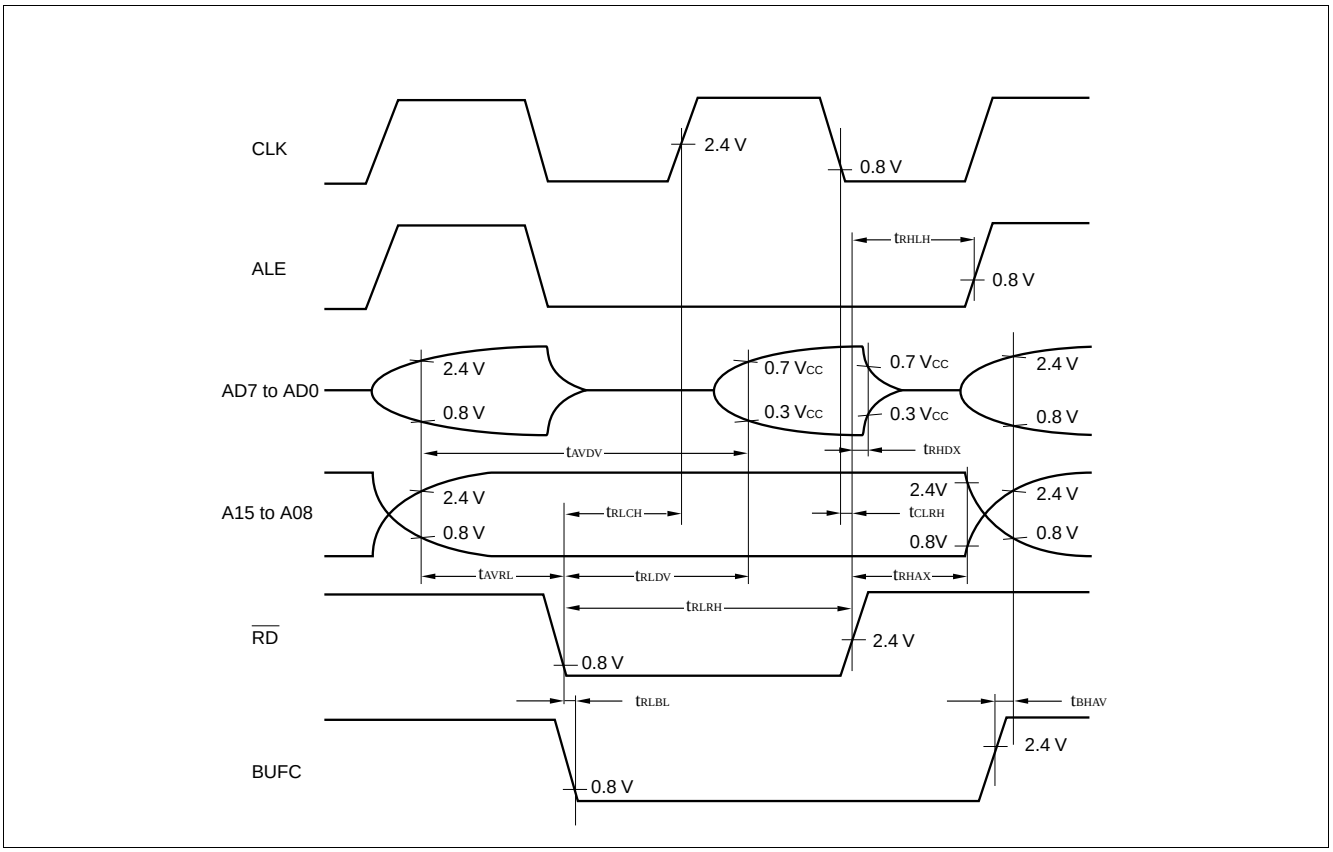


(6) Bus Read Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, 10 MHz, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
Valid address → $\overline{RD}$ ↓ time	t_{AVRL}	$\overline{RD}$, A15 to A08, AD7 to AD0	—	1/4 t_{inst}*– 64 ns	—	µs	
$\overline{RD}$ pulse width	t_{RLRH}	$\overline{RD}$		1/2 t_{inst}*– 20 ns	—	µs	
Valid address → data read time	t_{AVDV}	AD7 to AD0, A15 to A08		1/2 t_{inst}*	200	µs	No wait
$\overline{RD}$ ↓ → data read time	t_{RLDV}	$\overline{RD}$, AD7 to AD0		1/2 t_{inst}*– 80 ns	120	µs	No wait
$\overline{RD}$ ↑ → data hold time	t_{RHDX}	AD7 to AD0, $\overline{RD}$		0	—	µs	
$\overline{RD}$ ↑ → ALE ↑ time	t_{RHLH}	$\overline{RD}$, ALE		1/4 t_{inst}*– 40 ns	—	µs	
$\overline{RD}$ ↑ → address loss time	t_{RHAX}	$\overline{RD}$, A15 to A08		1/4 t_{inst}*– 40 ns	—	µs	
$\overline{RD}$ ↓ → CLK ↑ time	t_{RLCH}	$\overline{RD}$, CLK		1/4 t_{inst}*– 40 ns	—	µs	
CLK ↓ → $\overline{RD}$ ↑ time	t_{CLRH}			0	—	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ ↓ → BUFC ↓ time	t_{RLBL}	$\overline{RD}$, BUFC		–5	—	µs	
BUFC ↑ → valid address time	t_{BHAV}	A15 to A08, AD7 to AD0, BUFC		5	—	µs	

* : For information on t_{inst}, see “(4) Instruction Cycle”.



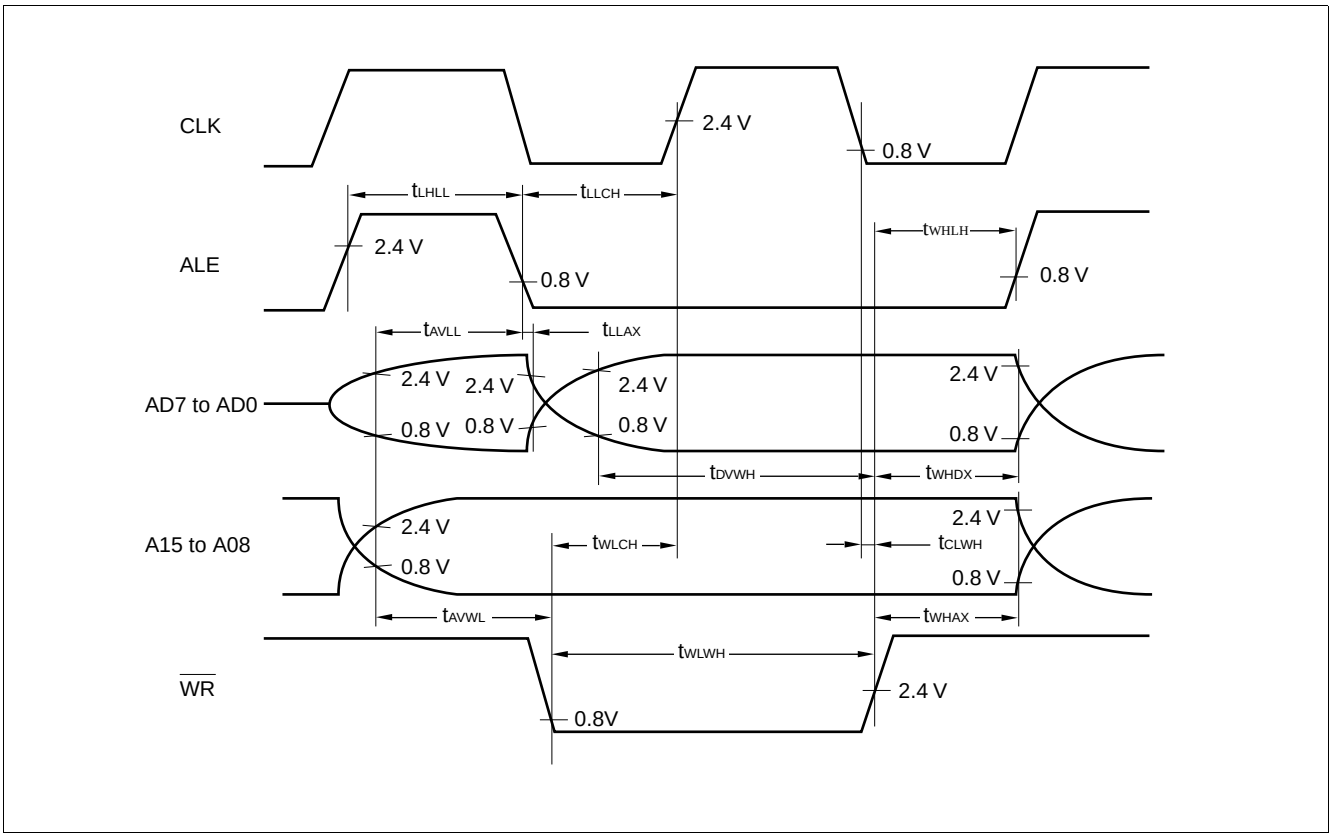
(7) Bus Write Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, F_{CH} = 10 MHz, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
Valid address → ALE ↓ time	t_{AVLL}	AD7 to AD0, ALE A15 to A08	—	1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 64 ns*2	—	µs	
ALE ↓ time → address loss time	t_{LLAX}			5	—	ns	
Valid address → $\overline{WR}$ ↓ time	t_{AVWL}	$\overline{WR}$, ALE		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 60 ns*2	—	µs	
$\overline{WR}$ pulse width	t_{WLWH}	$\overline{WR}$		1/2 t_{inst}*1 – 20 ns*2	—	µs	
Write data → $\overline{WR}$ ↑ time	t_{DVWH}	AD7 to AD0, $\overline{WR}$		1/2 t_{inst}*1 – 60 ns*2	—	µs	
$\overline{WR}$ ↑ → address loss time	t_{WHAX}	$\overline{WR}$, A15 to A08		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 40 ns*2	—	µs	
$\overline{WR}$ ↑ → data hold time	t_{WHDX}	AD7 to AD0, $\overline{WR}$		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 40 ns*2	—	µs	
$\overline{WR}$ ↑ → ALE ↑ time	t_{WHLH}	$\overline{WR}$, ALE		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 40 ns*2	—	µs	
$\overline{WR}$ ↓ → CLK ↑ time	t_{WLCH}	$\overline{WR}$, CLK		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 40 ns*2	—	µs	
CLK ↓ → $\overline{WR}$ ↑ time	t_{CLWH}			0	—	ns	
ALE pulse width	t_{LHLL}	ALE		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 35 ns*2	—	µs	
ALE ↓ → CLK ↑ time	t_{LLCH}	ALE,CLK		1/4 t_{inst}*1 – 30 ns*2	—	µs	

*1: For information on t_{inst}, see “(4) Instruction Cycle”.

*2: This characteristics are also applicable to the bus read timing.

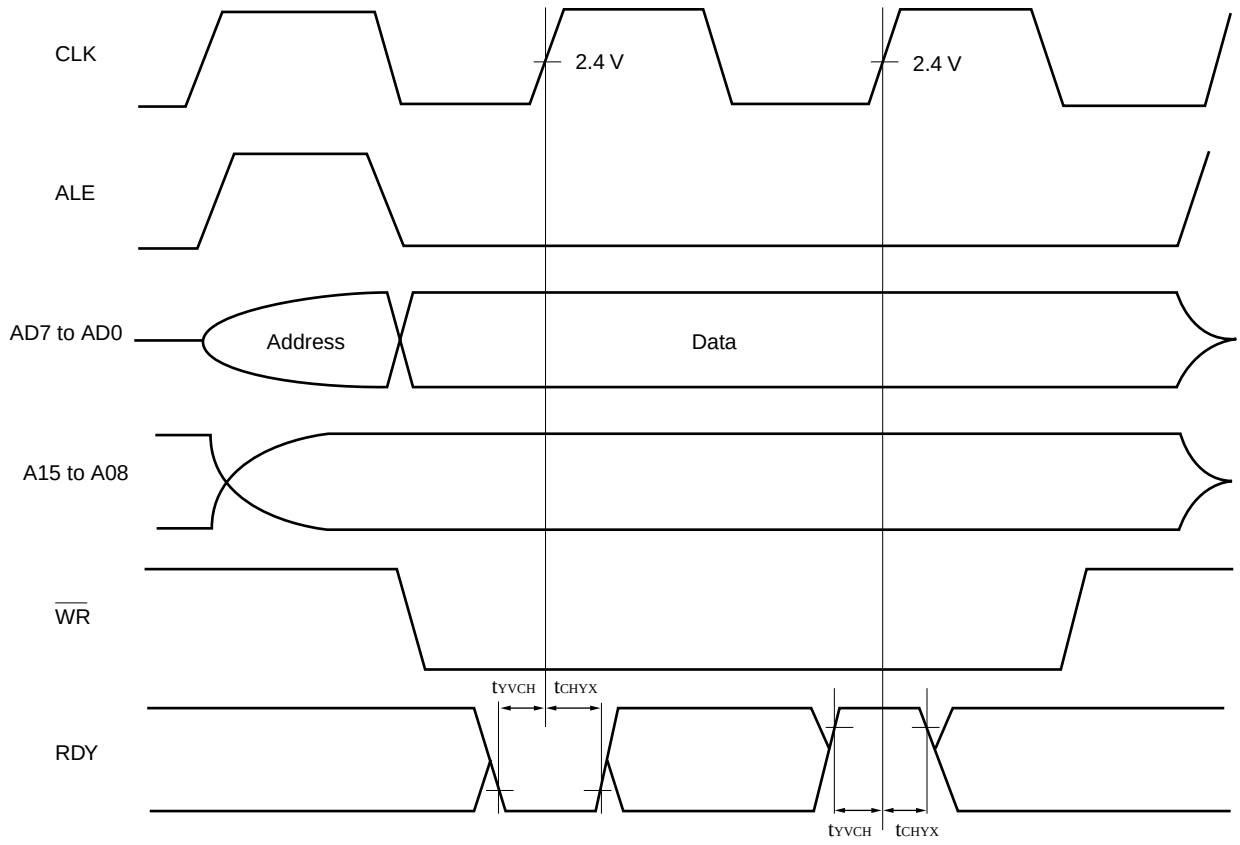


(8) Ready Input Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, F_{CH} = 10 MHz, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
RDY valid → CLK ↑ time	t_{YVCH}	RDY, CLK	—	60	—	ns	*
CLK ↑ → RDY loss time	t_{CHYX}			0	—	ns	*

* : This characteristics are also applicable to the read cycle.



Note: The bus cycle is also extended in the read cycle in the same manner.

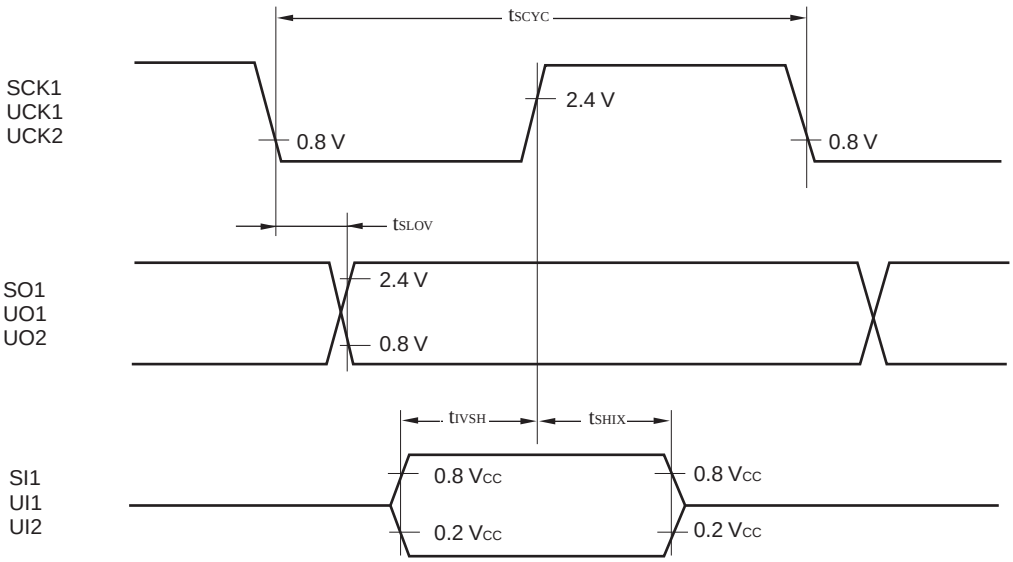
(9) Serial I/O Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, F_{CH} = 10 MHz, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

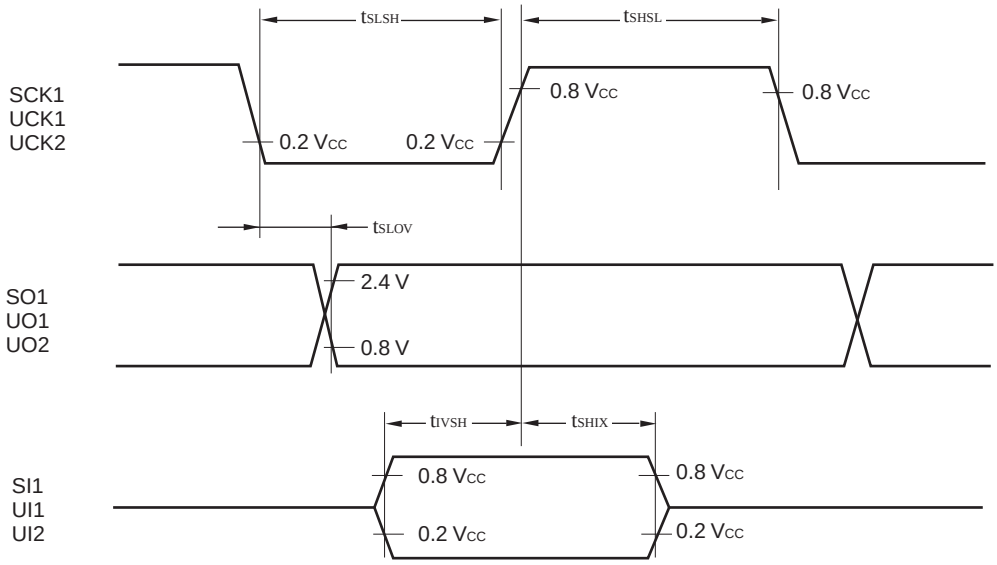
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min.	Max.		
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	SCK1, UCK1, UCK2	Internal shift clock mode	2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
SCK1 ↓ → SO1 time UCK1 ↓ → UO1 time UCK2 ↓ → UO2 time	t_{SLOV}	SCK1, SO1 UCK1, UO1 UCK2, UO2		–200	200	ns	
Valid SI1 → SCK1 ↑ Valid UI1 → UCK1 ↑ Valid UI2 → UCK2 ↑	t_{IVSH}	SI1, SCK1 UI1, UCK1 UI2, UCK2		1/2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
SCK1 ↑ → valid SI1 hold time UCK1 ↑ → valid UI1 hold time UCK2 ↑ → valid UI2 hold time	t_{SHIX}	SCK1, SI1 UCK1, UI1 UCK2, UI2		1/2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
Serial clock “H” pulse width	t_{SHSL}	SCK1, UCK1, UCK2	External shift clock mode	1 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
Serial clock “L” pulse width	t_{SLSH}	SCK1, UCK1, UCK2		1 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
SCK1 ↓ → SO1 time UCK1 ↓ → UO1 time UCK2 ↓ → UO2 time	t_{SLOV}	SCK1, SO1 UCK1, UO1 UCK2, UO2		0	200	ns	
Valid SI1 → SCK1 ↑ Valid UI1 → UCK1 ↑ Valid UI2 → UCK2 ↑	t_{IVSH}	SI1, SCK1 UI1, UCK1 UI2, UCK2		1/2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
SCK1 ↓ → valid SI1 hold time UCK1 ↓ → valid UI1 hold time UCK2 ↓ → valid UI2 hold time	t_{SHIX}	SCK1, SI1 UCK1, UI1 UCK2, UI2		1/2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	

* : For information on t_{inst}, see “(4) Instruction Cycle”.

• **Internal shift clock mode**



• **External shift clock mode**

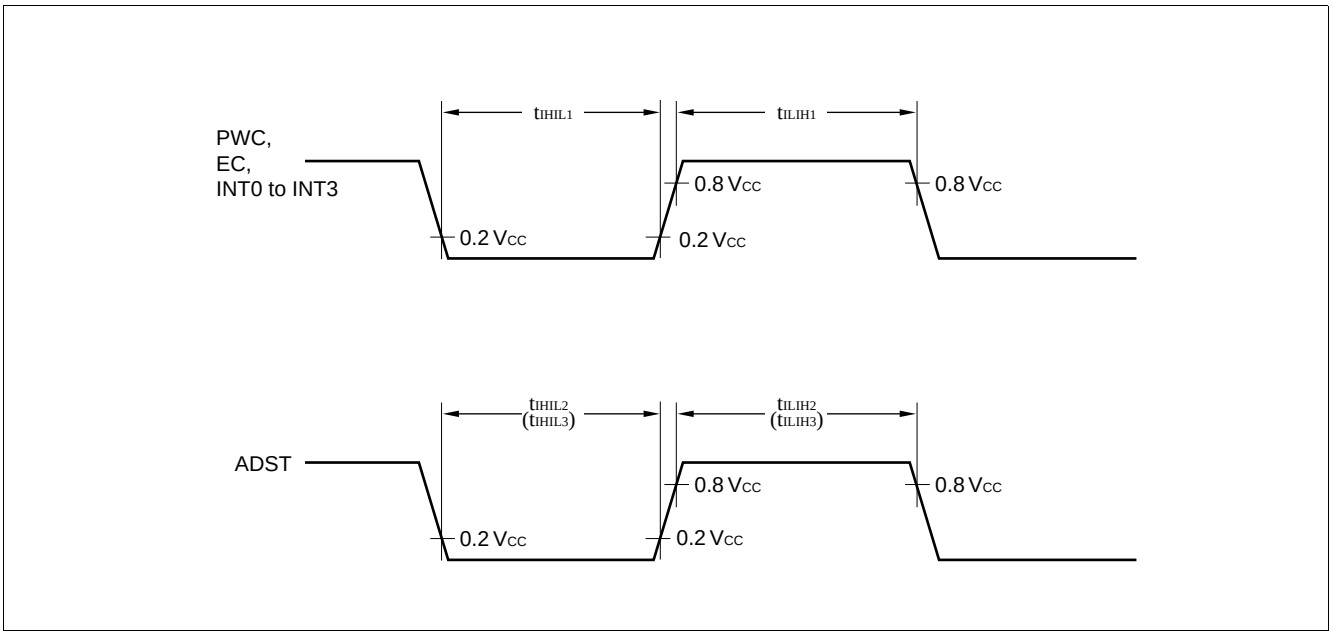


(10) Peripheral Input Timing

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
Peripheral input “H” pulse width 1	t_{ILIH1}	PWC, INT0 to INT3,EC	2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
Peripheral input “L” pulse width 1	t_{IHIL1}		2 t_{inst}*	—	µs	
Peripheral input “H” pulse width 2	t_{ILIH2}	ADST	2^8 t_{inst}*	—	µs	A/D mode
Peripheral input “L” pulse width 2	t_{IHIL2}		2^8 t_{inst}*	—	µs	A/D mode
Peripheral input “H” pulse width 3	t_{ILIH3}	ADST	2^8 t_{inst}*	—	µs	Sense mode
Peripheral input “L” pulse width 3	t_{IHIL3}		2^8 t_{inst}*	—	µs	Sense mode

* : For information on t_{inst}, see “(4) Instruction Cycle”.



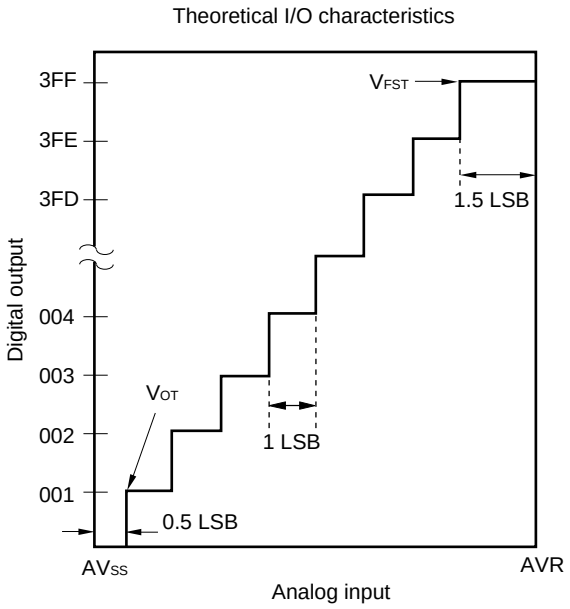
5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

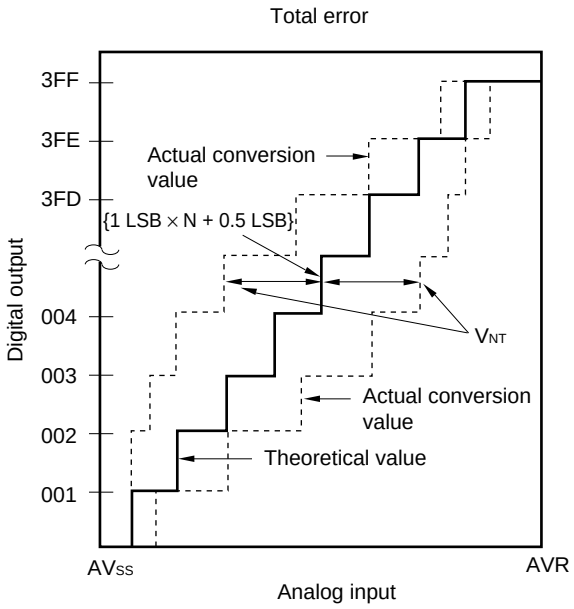
(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 3.5 V to 6.0 V, F_{CH} = 10 MHz, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Resolution	—	—	—	—	10	bit	At AV_{CC} = V_{CC}
Linearity error			—	—	±2.0	LSB	
Differential linearity error			—	—	±1.5	LSB	
Total error			—	—	±3.0	LSB	
Zero transition voltage	V_{OT}	AN0 to AN7	AV_{SS} – 1.5 LSB	AV_{SS} + 0.5 LSB	AV_{SS} + 2.5 LSB	V	
Full-scale transition voltage	V_{FST}		AVR – 3.5 LSB	AVR – 1.5 LSB	AVR + 0.5 LSB	V	
Interchannel disparity	—	—	—	—	4	LSB	
A/D mode conversion time			—	13.2	—	µs	At 10 MHz oscillation
Analog port input current	I_{AIN}	AN0 to AN7	—	—	10	µA	
Analog input voltage	—		0.0	—	AVR	V	
Reference voltage		—	0.0	—	AV_{CC}	V	
Reference voltage supply current	I_R		—	200	—	µA	AVR = 5.0 V

6. A/D Converter Glossary

- Resolution
  Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter
- Linearity error
  The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point (“00 0000 0000” ↔ “00 0000 0001”) with the full-scale transition point (“11 1111 1110” ↔ “11 1111 1111”) from actual conversion characteristics
- Differential linearity error
  The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value
- Total error (unit: LSB)
  The difference between theoretical and actual conversion values caused by the zero transition error, full-scale transition error, linearity error, quantization error, and noise





$$1\ \text{LSB} = \frac{V_{FST} - V_{OT}}{1022}\ (\text{V})$$

$$\text{Digital output N total error} = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1\ \text{LSB} \times N + 0.5\ \text{LSB}\}}{1\ \text{LSB}}$$

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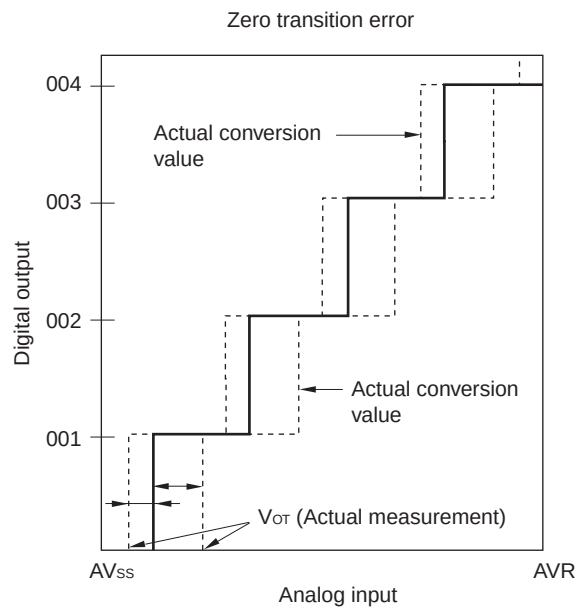
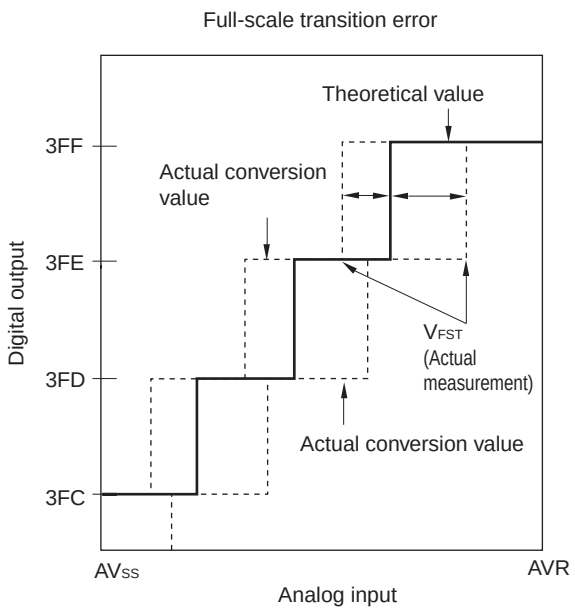
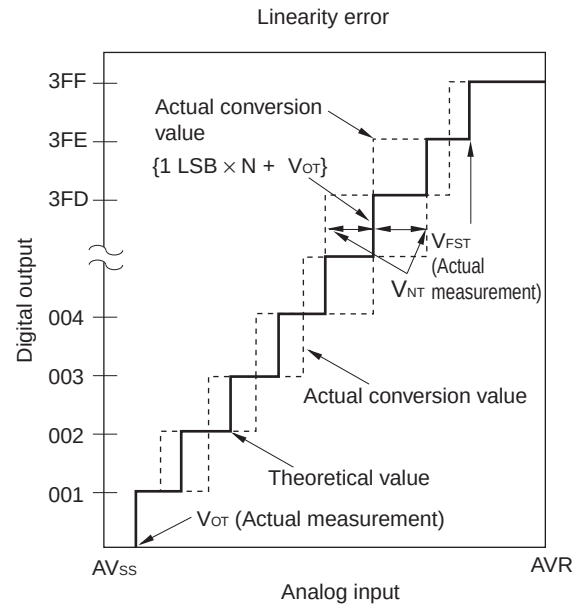
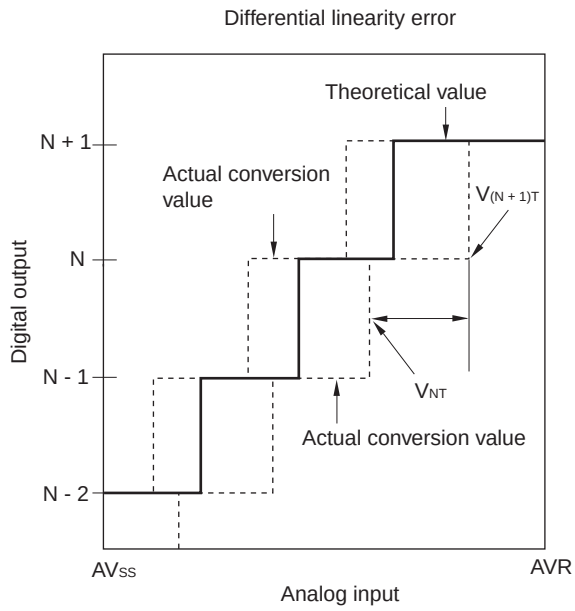








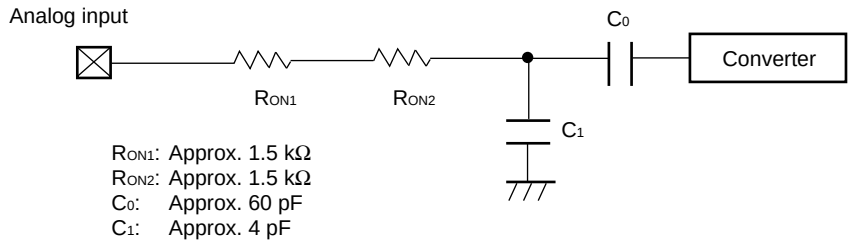
$$\text{Digital output N linearity error} = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1\ \text{LSB} \times N + V_{OT}\}}{1\ \text{LSB}}$$

$$\text{Digital output N differential linearity error} = \frac{V_{(N+1)T} - V_{NT}}{1\ \text{LSB}} - 1$$

7. Notes on Using A/D Converter

- **Input impedance of the analog input pins**
  The output impedance of the external circuit for the analog input must satisfy the following conditions.
  If the output impedance of the external circuit is too high, an analog voltage sampling time might be insufficient (sampling time = 6 µs at 10 MHz oscillation.) Therefore, it is recommended to keep the output impedance of the external circuit below 10 kΩ.

- **Analog input circuit model**



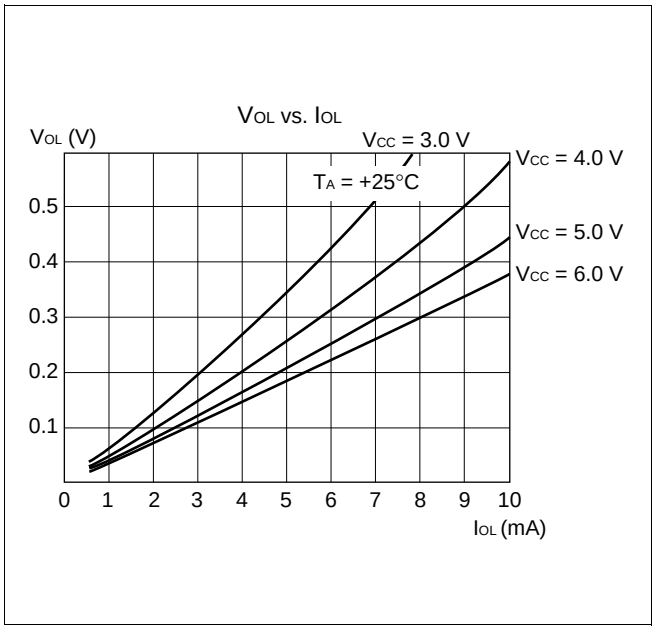
R_{ON1}: Approx. 1.5 kΩ
R_{ON2}: Approx. 1.5 kΩ
C_0: Approx. 60 pF
C_1: Approx. 4 pF

Note: The values mentioned here should be used as a guideline.

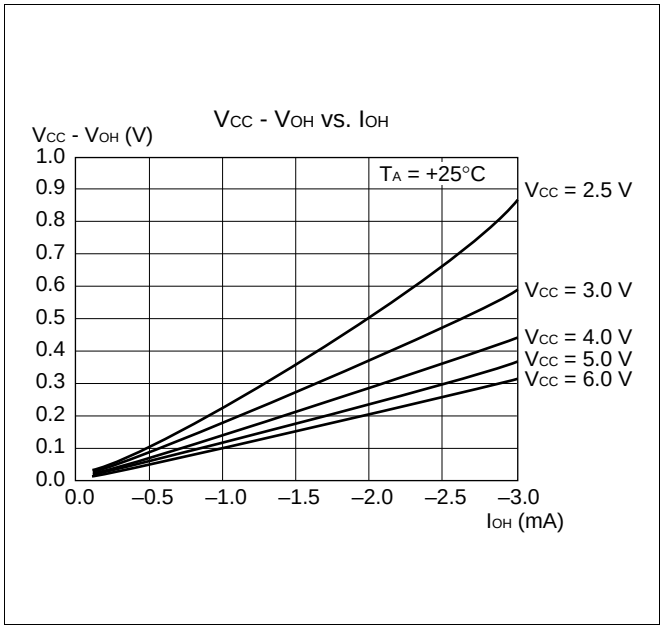
- **Error**
  The smaller the | AVR–AVss |, the greater the error would become relatively.

■ CHARACTERISTICS EXAMPLE

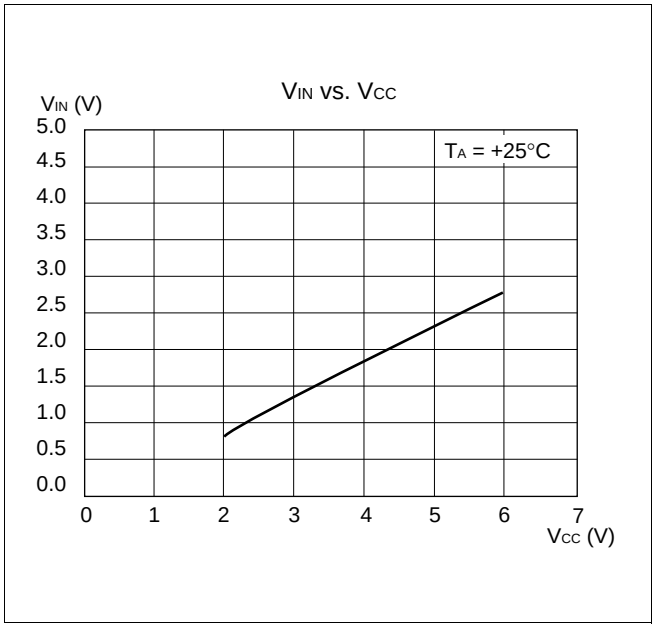
(1) “L” Level Output Voltage



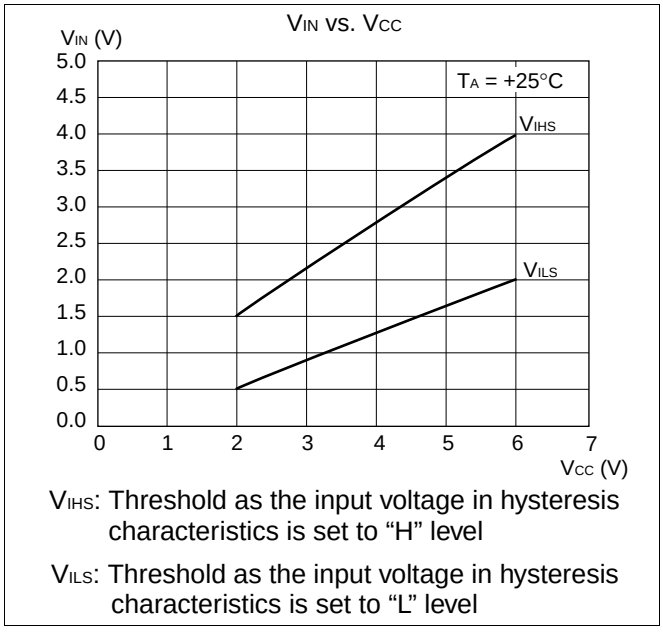
(2) “H” Level Output Voltage



(3) “H” Level Input Voltage/“L” Level Input Voltage (CMOS Input)



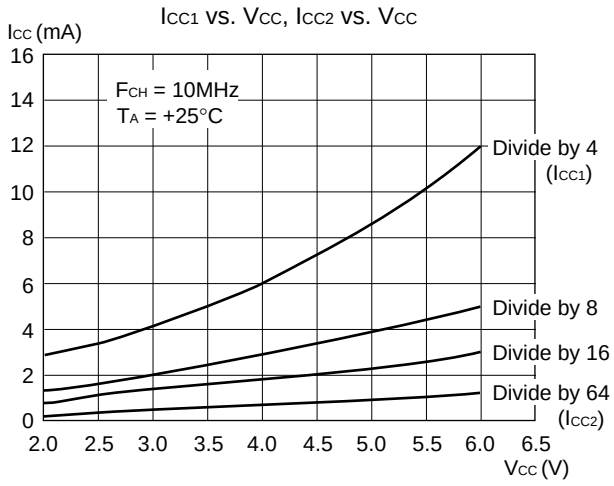
(4) “H” Level Input Voltage/“L” Level Input Voltage (Hysteresis Input)

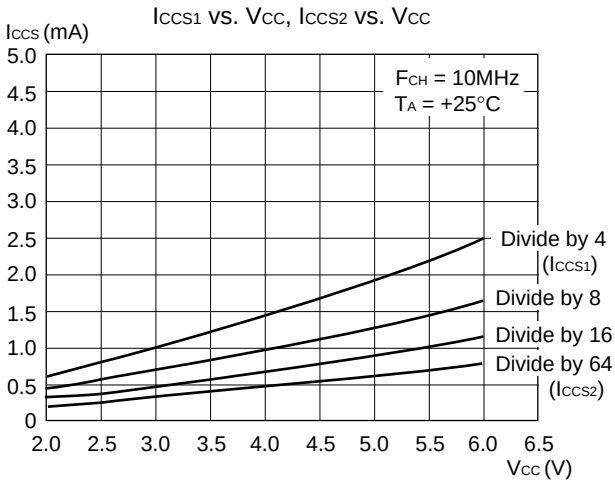


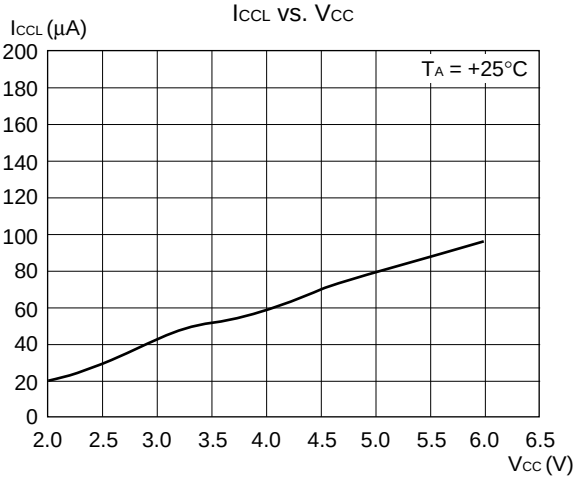
VIHS: Threshold as the input voltage in hysteresis characteristics is set to “H” level

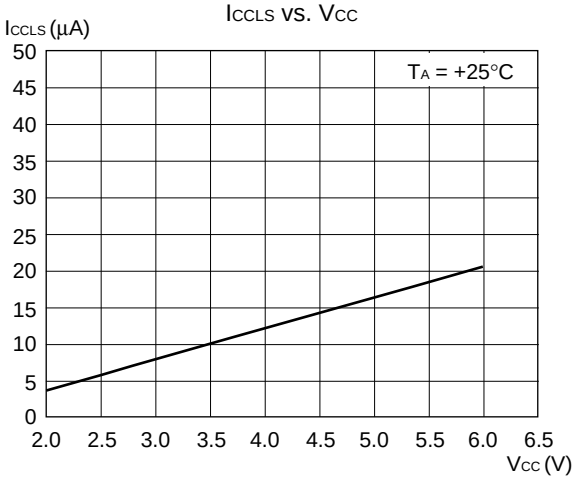
VILS: Threshold as the input voltage in hysteresis characteristics is set to “L” level

(5) Power Supply Current (External Clock)









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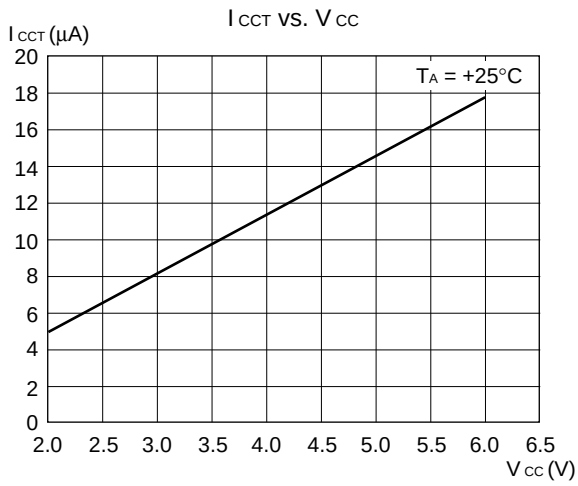
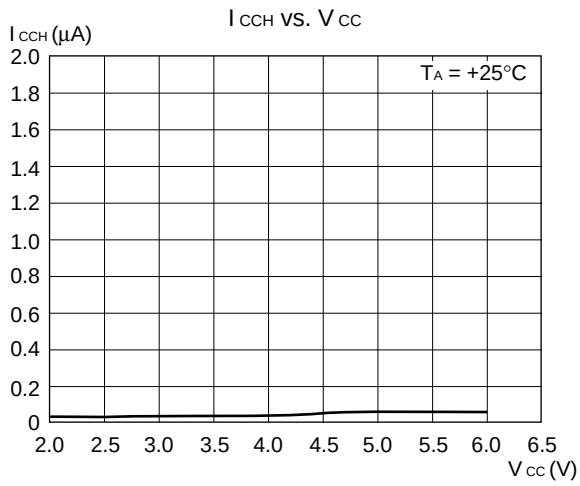
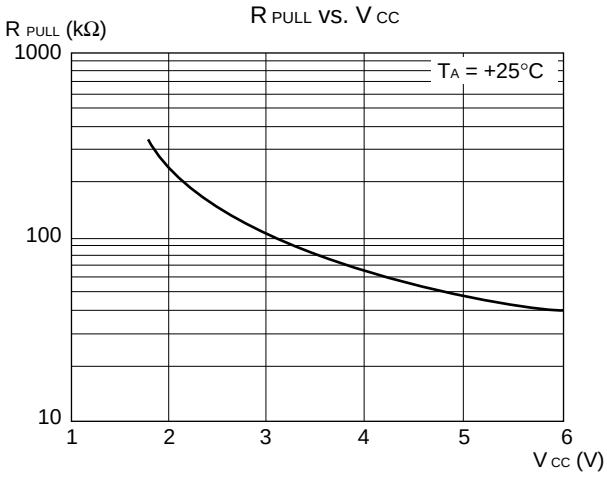




(6) Pull-up Resistance



■ MASK OPTIONS

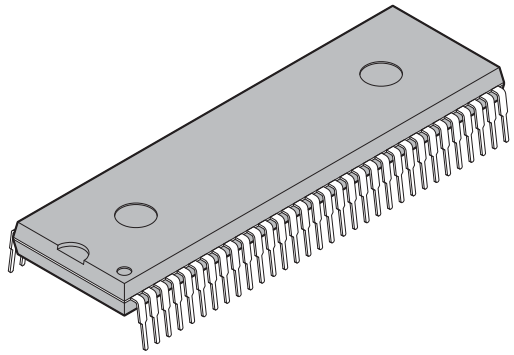
No.	Part number	MB89635R MB89636R MB89637R	MB89P637	MB89PV630
	Specifying procedure	**Specify when ordering masking**	**Set with EPROM programmer**	**Setting not possible**
1	Pull-up resistors P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P43, P50 to P53, P72 to P74	Selectable by pin	Can be set per pin*	Fixed to “without pull-up resistor”
2	Power-on reset selection With power-on reset Without power-on reset	Selectable	Setting possible	Fixed to “with power-on reset”
3	Selection of the main clock oscillation stabilization time (at 10 MHz) $2^{18}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 26.2 ms) $2^{17}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 13.1 ms) $2^{14}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 1.6 ms) $2^{4}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 1.6 µs) F_{CH} : Main clock frequency	Selectable	Setting possible	Fixed to $2^{18}/F_{CH}$ (Approx. 26.2 ms)
4	Reset pin output Reset output provided No reset output	Selectable	Setting possible	Fixed to “with reset output”
5	Single/dual-clock system option Single clock Dual clock	Selectable	Setting possible	MB89PV630-101 Single-clock system MB89PV630-102 Dual-clock systems

* : For P50 to P53, fixed to "Without pull-up resistor."

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

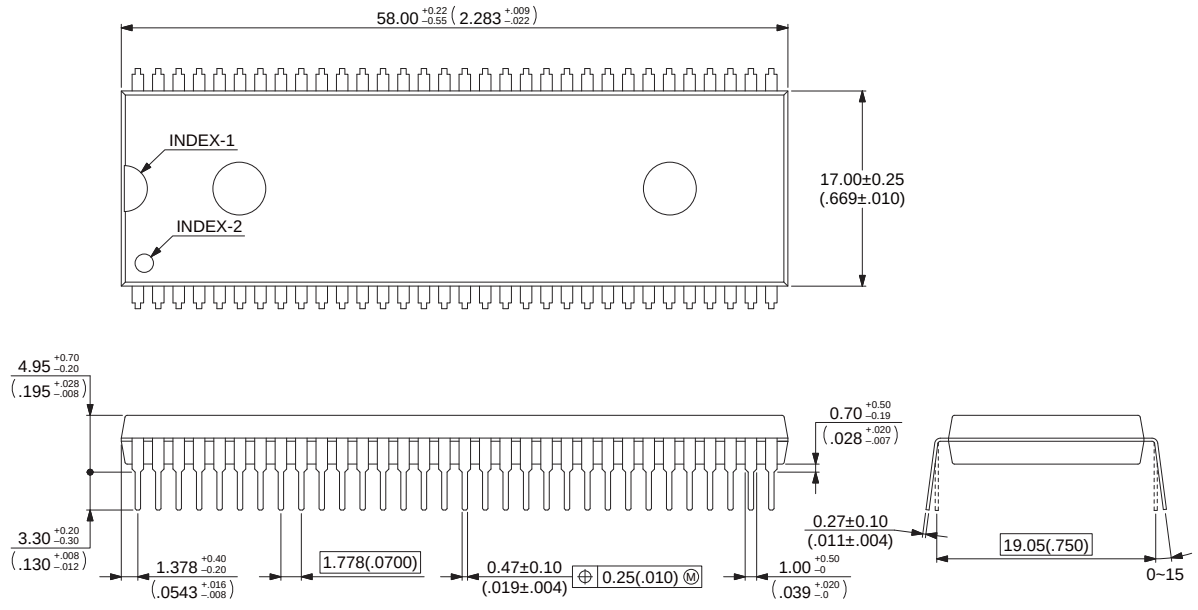
Part number	Package	Remarks
MB89635RP-SH MB89636RP-SH MB89637RP-SH MB89P637P-SH	64-pin Plastic SH-DIP (DIP-64P-M01)	
MB89635RPF MB89636RPF MB89637RPF MB89P637PF	64-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-64P-M06)	
MB89635RPMC MB89636RPMC MB89637RPMC	64-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-64P-M23)	
MB89PV630-101CF MB89PV630-102CF	64-pin Ceramic MQFP (MQP-64C-P01)	
MB89PV630-101C MB89PV630-102C	64-pin Ceramic MDIP (MDP-64C-P02)	

■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

64-pin plastic SH-DIP		
 (DIP-64P-M01)	Lead pitch	1.778mm(70mil)
	Package width × package length	17 × 58 mm
	Sealing method	Plastic mold
	Mounting height	5.65 mm MAX

64-pin plastic SH-DIP
(DIP-64P-M01)

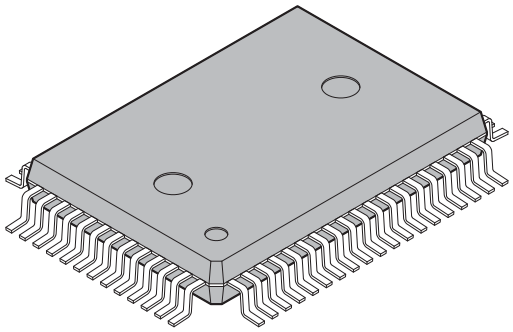
Note: Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.



Dimensions in mm (inches).
Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

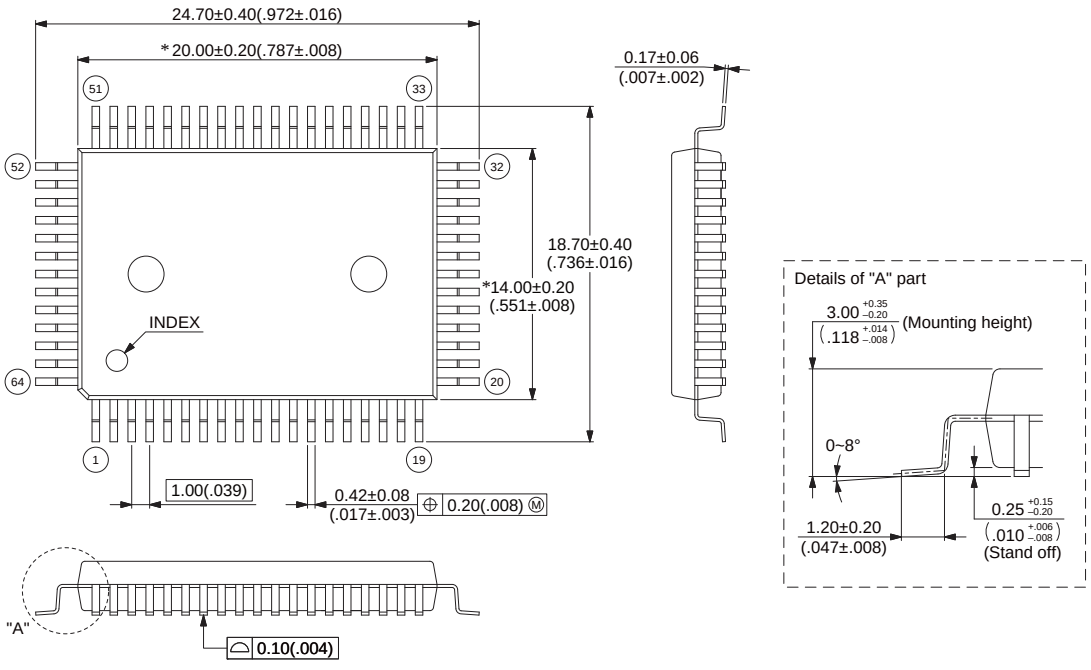
Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/

(Continued)

64-pin plastic QFP		
 (FPT-64P-M06)	Lead pitch	1.00 mm
	Package width × package length	14 × 20 mm
	Lead shape	Gullwing
	Sealing method	Plastic mold
	Mounting height	3.35 mm MAX
	Code (Reference)	P-QFP64-14×20-1.00

64-pin plastic QFP
(FPT-64P-M06)

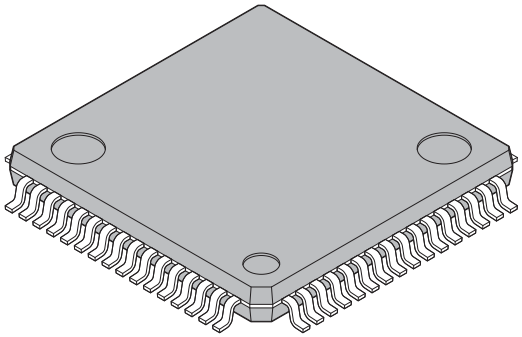
Note 1) * : These dimensions do not include resin protrusion.
Note 2) Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.
Note 3) Pins width do not include tie bar cutting remainder.



Dimensions in mm (inches).
Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

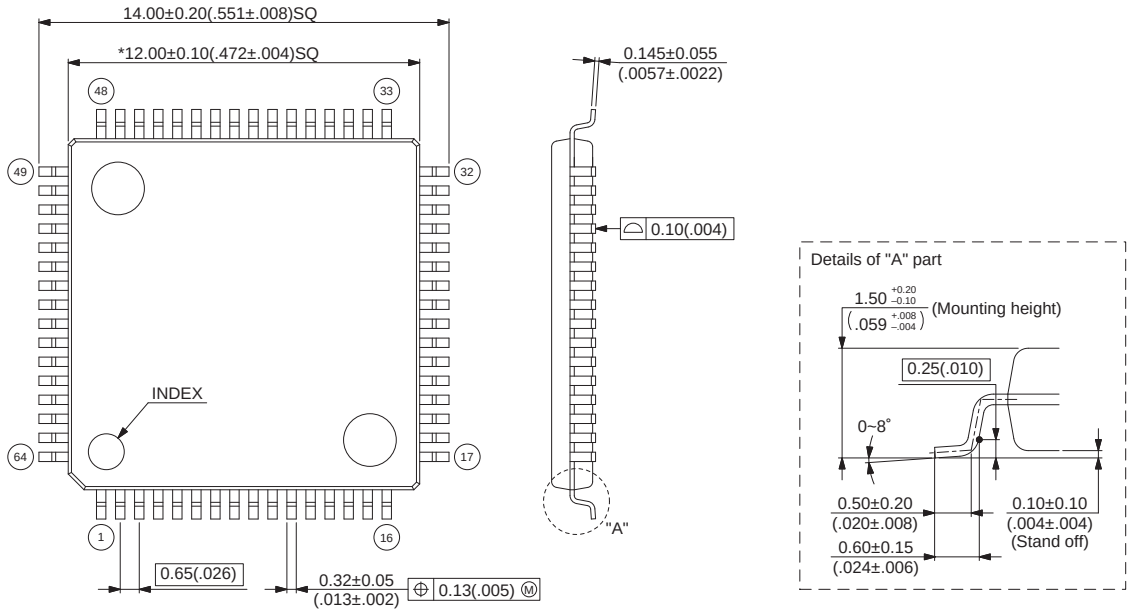
Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/

(Continued)

64-pin plastic LQFP		
 (FPT-64P-M23)	Lead pitch	0.65 mm
	Package width × package length	12.0 × 12.0 mm
	Lead shape	Gullwing
	Sealing method	Plastic mold
	Mounting height	1.70 mm MAX
	Code (Reference)	P-LFQFP64-12×12-0.65

64-pin plastic LQFP
(FPT-64P-M23)

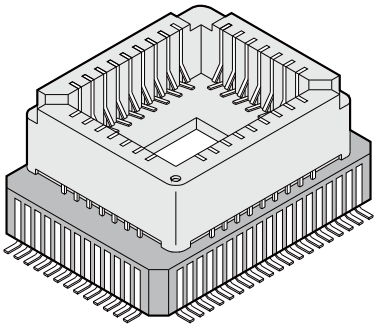
Note 1) * : These dimensions do not include resin protrusion.
Note 2) Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.
Note 3) Pins width do not include tie bar cutting remainder.



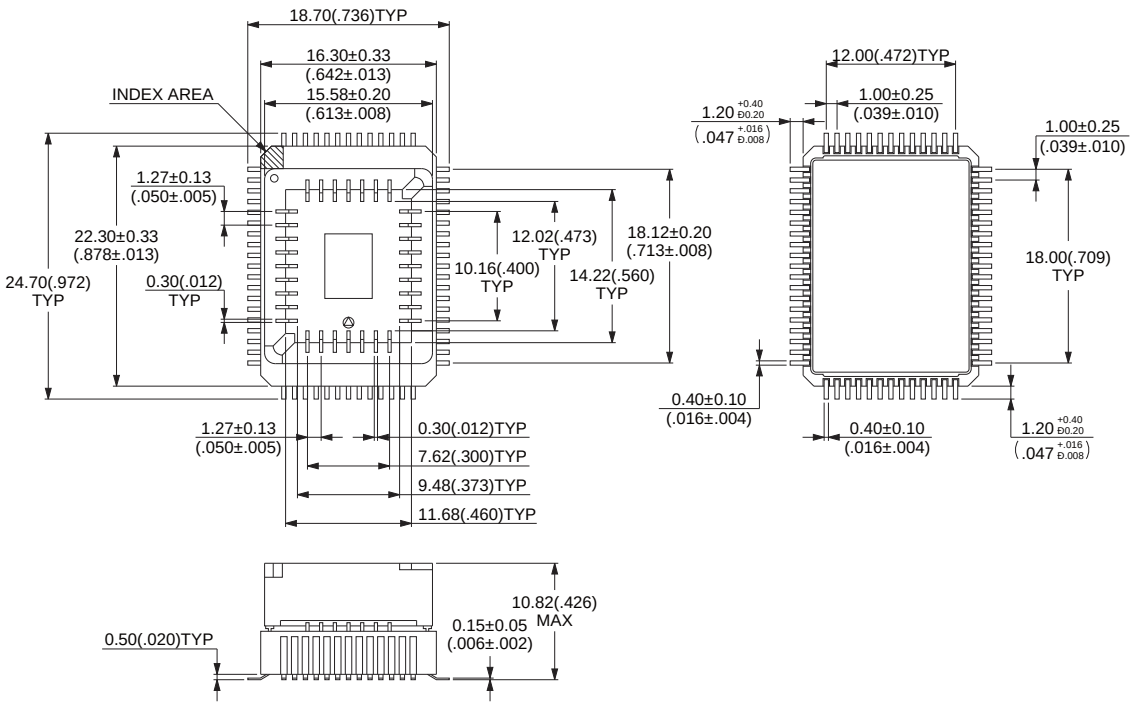
Dimensions in mm (inches).
Note: The values in parentheses are reference values

Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/

(Continued)

64-pin ceramic MQFP		
 (MQP-64C-P01)	Lead pitch	1.00 mm
	Lead shape	Straight
	Motherboard material	Ceramic
	Mounted package material	Plastic

64-pin ceramic MQFP
(MQP-64C-P01)



Dimensions in mm (inches).
Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/

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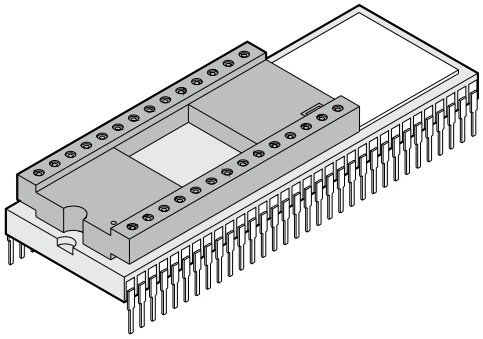
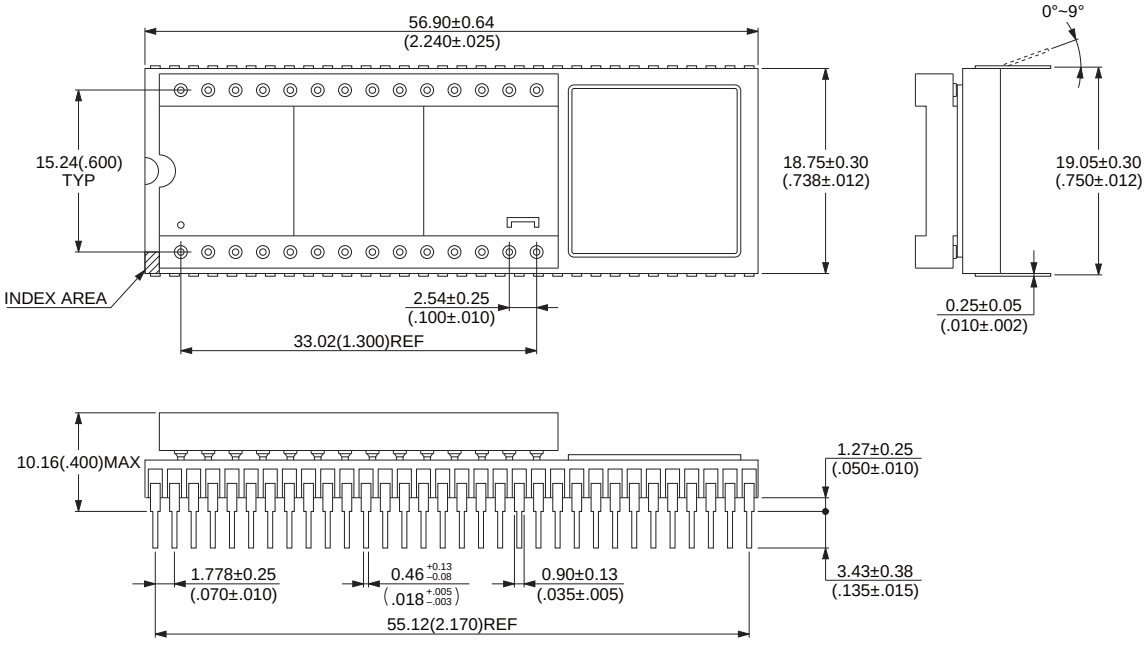
64-pin ceramic MDIP		
	Lead pitch	1.778mm (70mil)
	Row spacing	19.05mm (750mil)
	Motherboard material	Ceramic
	Mounted packing material	Plastic
(MDP-64C-P02)		

64-pin ceramic MDIP
(MDP-64C-P02)



Dimensions in mm (inches).
Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
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■ MAIN CHANGES IN THIS EDITION

Page	Section	Change Results
49	■ MASK OPTIONS	Changed the explanation for "*" in "■ MASK OPTIONS".

The vertical lines marked in the left side of the page show the changes.

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MB89630R Series

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