

# IGP03N120H2 IGW03N120H2

### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance,	$R_{thJC}$		2.0	K/W
junction – case				
Thermal resistance,	$R_{thJA}$	PG-TO-220-3-1	62	
junction – ambient		PG-TO-247-3	40	

# **Electrical Characteristic**, at $T_j$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Doromotor	Cumbal	Conditions	Value			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	Тур.	max.	Unit
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 0  \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 300  \mu \text{A}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 3 \text{A}$				1
		T <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	2.2	2.8	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	2.5	-	
		$V_{\rm GE} = 10  \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 3  \text{A},$				
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	2.4	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\rm GE(th)}$	$I_{\rm C}$ =90 $\mu$ A, $V_{\rm CE}$ = $V_{\rm GE}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =1200V, V <sub>GE</sub> =0V				μА
		T <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	-	20	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	-	80	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>GE</sub> =20V	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	V <sub>CE</sub> =20V, I <sub>C</sub> =3A	-	2	-	S
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>CE</sub> =25V,	-	205	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	V <sub>GE</sub> =0V,	-	24	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	Crss	f=1MHz	-	7	-	
Gate charge	Q <sub>Gate</sub>	$V_{\rm CC}$ =960V, $I_{\rm C}$ =3A	-	22	-	nC
		V <sub>GE</sub> =15V				
Internal emitter inductance	L <sub>E</sub>	PG-TO-220-3-1	-	7	_	nH
measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case		PG-TO-247-3	-	13	-	



# Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j$ =25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
raiametei	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Oill
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T <sub>j</sub> =25°C,	-	9.2	-	ns
Rise time	$t_{r}$	$V_{\rm CC}$ =800V, $I_{\rm C}$ =3A,	-	5.2	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{\rm GE}$ =15V/0V,	-	281	-	
Fall time	$t_{f}$	$R_{\rm G}$ =82 $\Omega$ ,	-	29	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon	L <sub>σ</sub> <sup>2)</sup> =180nH, C <sub>σ</sub> <sup>2)</sup> =40pF	-	0.14	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$	Energy losses include	-	0.15	-	
Total switching energy	E <sub>ts</sub>	"tail" and diode <sup>3)</sup> reverse recovery.	-	0.29	-	

## Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_i$ =150 °C

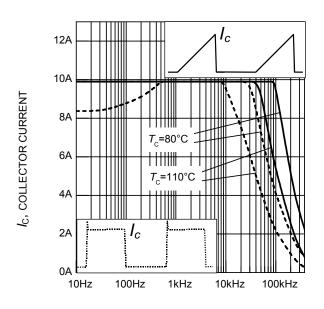
Parameter	Cymbal	Conditions	Value			I Imit
rarameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	9.4	-	ns
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =800V,	-	6.7	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$I_{\rm C}$ =3A,	-	340	-	
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	$V_{\rm GE}$ =15V/0V,	-	63	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon	$R_{\rm G}$ =82 $\Omega$ , $L_{\rm G}^{2)}$ =180nH,	-	0.22	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	$C_{\sigma}^{2)}$ =40pF	-	0.26	-	
Total switching energy	E <sub>ts</sub>	Energy losses include "tail" and diode <sup>3)</sup> reverse recovery.	-	0.48	-	

## Switching Energy ZVT, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
raiailletei	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Ullit
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =800V,				mJ
		$I_{\rm C}$ =3A,				
		V <sub>CC</sub> =800V, I <sub>C</sub> =3A, V <sub>GE</sub> =15V/0V,				
		$R_{\rm G}$ =82 $\Omega$ ,				
		$R_G=82\Omega$ , $C_r^{2)}=4nF$				
			-	0.05	-	
		$T_j$ =25°C $T_j$ =150°C	-	0.09	-	

 $<sup>^{2)}</sup>$  Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  and stray capacity  $C_{\sigma}$  due to dynamic test circuit in figure E  $^{3)}$  Commutation diode from device IKP03N120H2

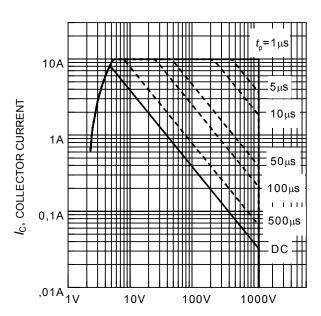




f, SWITCHING FREQUENCY

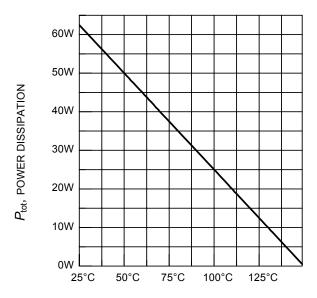
Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency

 $(T_j \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{\text{CE}} = 800\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}} = +15\text{V/OV}, R_{\text{G}} = 82\Omega)$ 



 $V_{\text{CE}}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

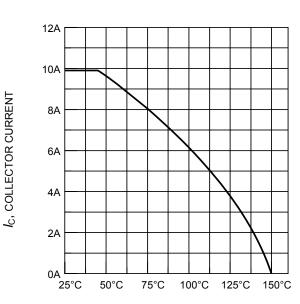
Figure 2. Safe operating area  $(D = 0, T_C = 25^{\circ}C, T_i \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 



 $T_{\rm C}$ , CASE TEMPERATURE

Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature

 $(T_j \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 

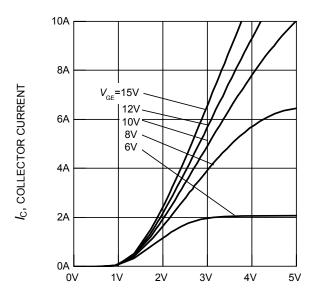


 $T_{\rm C}$ , case temperature

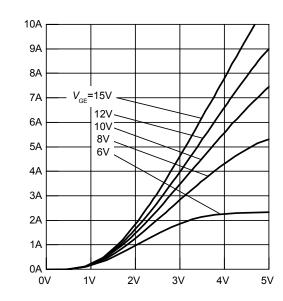
Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature

 $(V_{GE} \le 15V, T_{i} \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 



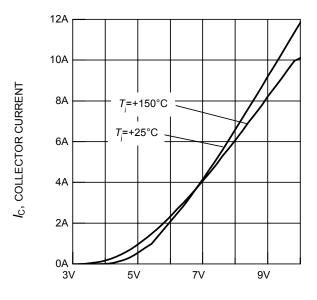


 $V_{\rm CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 5. Typical output characteristics ( $T_{\rm i}$  = 25°C)

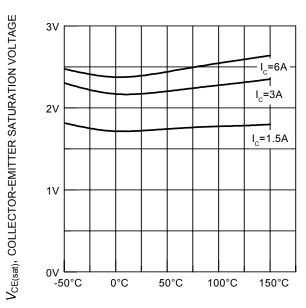


Ic, COLLECTOR CURRENT

 $V_{\rm CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 6. Typical output characteristics ( $T_{\rm j}$  = 150°C)



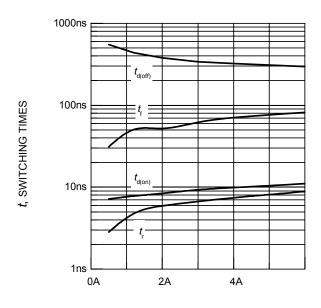
 $V_{\rm GE}$ , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics ( $V_{\rm CE}$  = 20V)



 $T_{\rm j}$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature ( $V_{\rm GE}$  = 15V)

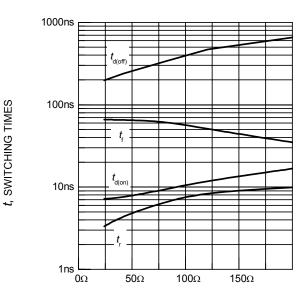
Power Semiconductors 5 Rev. 2.6 Febr. 08





 $I_{\rm C}$ , COLLECTOR CURRENT

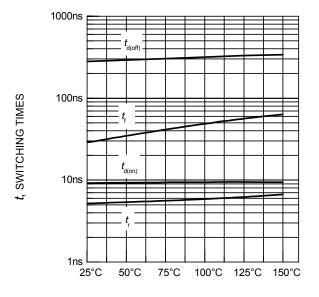
Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_{\rm j}$  = 150°C,  $V_{\rm CE}$  = 800V,  $V_{\rm GE}$  = +15V/0V,  $R_{\rm G}$  = 82 $\Omega$ , dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)



R<sub>G</sub>, GATE RESISTOR

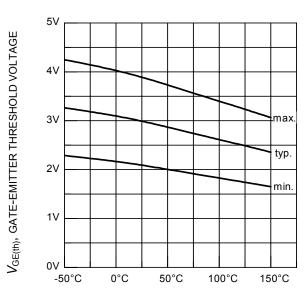
Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load,  $T_j$  = 150°C,  $V_{CE}$  = 800V,  $V_{GE}$  = +15V/0V,  $I_C$  = 3A, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)



 $T_{\rm j}$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

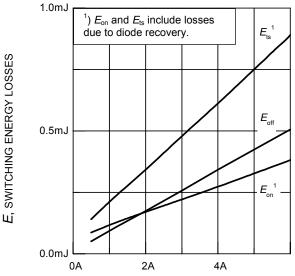
Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load,  $V_{CE} = 800V$ ,  $V_{GE} = +15V/0V$ ,  $I_{C} = 3A$ ,  $R_{G} = 82\Omega$ , dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)



 $T_{\rm i}$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature ( $I_C = 0.09 \text{mA}$ )



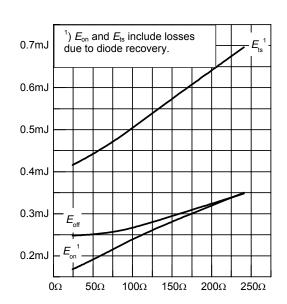


 $I_{\rm C}$ , COLLECTOR CURRENT

Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_{\rm j}$  = 150°C,  $V_{\rm CE}$  = 800V,  $V_{\rm GE}$  = +15V/0V,  $R_{\rm G}$  = 82 $\Omega$ , dynamic test circuit in Fig.E )



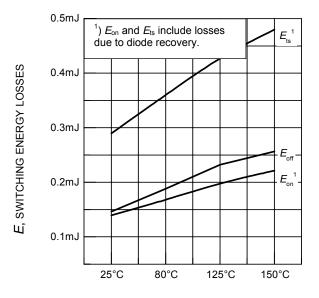
SWITCHING ENERGY LOSSES



R<sub>G</sub>, GATE RESISTOR

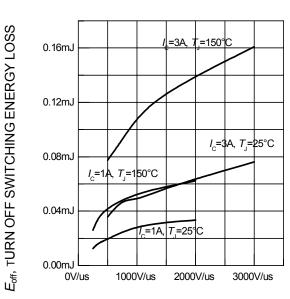
Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load,  $T_j$  = 150°C,  $V_{CE}$  = 800V,  $V_{GE}$  = +15V/0V,  $I_C$  = 3A, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E )



 $T_{\rm i}$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load,  $V_{\text{CE}} = 800\text{V}$ ,  $V_{\text{GE}} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_{\text{C}} = 3\text{A}$ ,  $R_{\text{G}} = 82\Omega$ , dynamic test circuit in Fig.E )

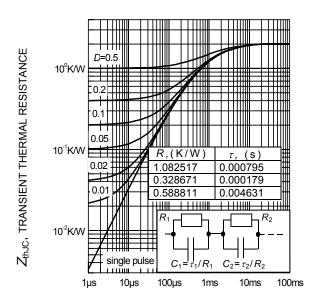


dv/dt, VOLTAGE SLOPE

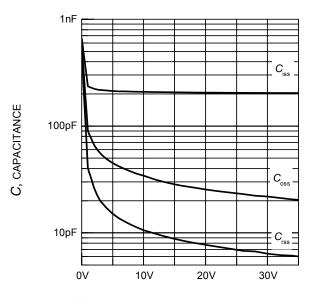
Figure 16. Typical turn off switching energy loss for soft switching

(dynamic test circuit in Fig. E)

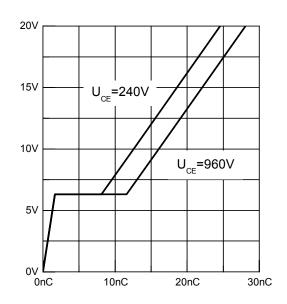




 $Q_{\rm GE}$ , GATE CHARGE Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal resistance  $(D=t_{\rm o}\ /\ T)$ 



 $V_{\rm CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{\rm GE}$  = 0V, f = 1MHz)



V<sub>GE</sub>, GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

V<sub>CE</sub>, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

 $Q_{\rm GE},~{\rm GATE~CHARGE}$  Figure 17. Typical gate charge ( $I_{\rm C}=3{\rm A}$ )

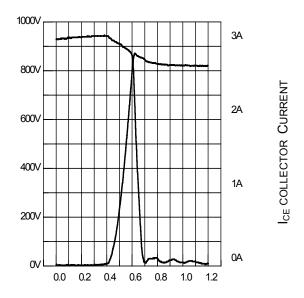
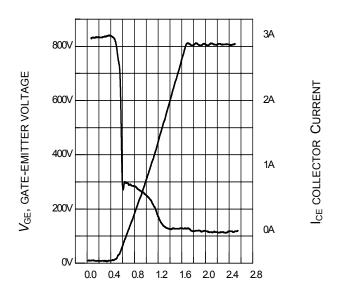


Figure 20. Typical turn off behavior, hard switching ( $V_{GE}$ =15/0V,  $R_{G}$ =82 $\Omega$ ,  $T_{j}$  = 150°C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

 $t_{
m p}$ , PULSE WIDTH



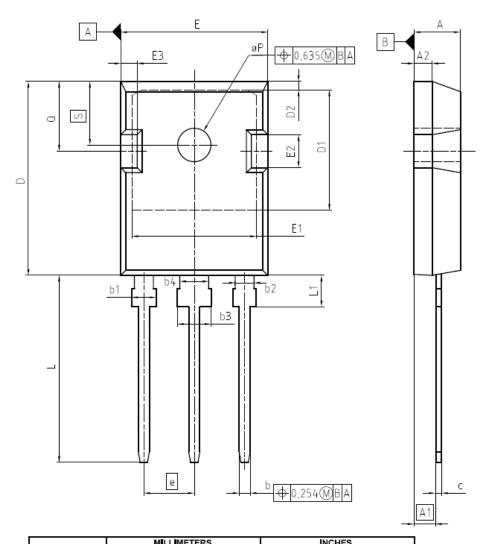


 $t_{\rm p}$ , PULSE WIDTH Figure 21. Typical turn off behavior, soft switching

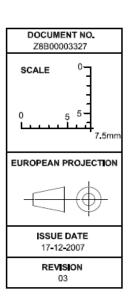
 $(V_{GE}=15/0V, R_{G}=82Ω, T_{j}=150$ °C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



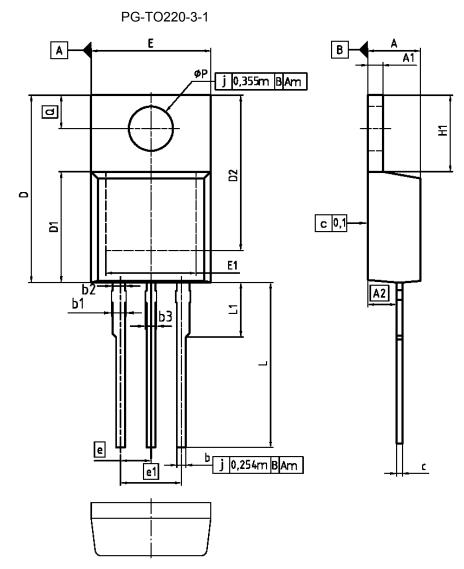
## PG-TO247-3



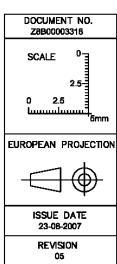
D <b>I</b> M	MILLIM	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	4.90	5.16	0.193	0.203	
A1	2.27	2.53	0.089	0.099	
A2	1.85	2.11	0.073	0.083	
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052	
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095	
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085	
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133	
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123	
С	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027	
D	20.82	21.10	0.820	0.831	
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695	
D2	1.05	1.35	0.041	0.053	
E	15.70	16.03	0.618	0.631	
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557	
E2	3,68	5.10	0.145	0,201	
E3	1.68	2.60	0.066	0.102	
е	5.	44	0.2	214	
N		3		3	
L	19.80	20.31	0.780	0.799	
L1	4.17	4.47	0.164	0.176	
øΡ	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146	
Q	5,49	6.00	0,216	0,236	
s	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248	



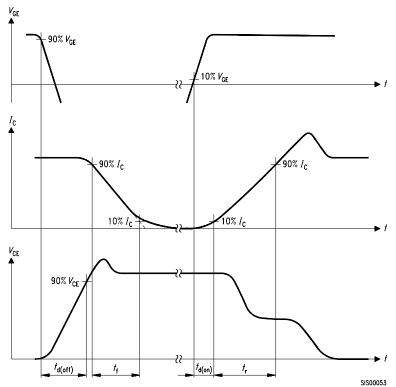




DIM	DIM MILLIMETERS			IES
UIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
Ь	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.055
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
С	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516
Е	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
е	2.5	54	0.1	00
e1	5.0	28	0.2	00
N		3		3
H1	5.90	6.90 0.232		0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.80	-	0.189
øP	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118







i, v  $di_{F}/dt$   $C_{rr} = C_{S} + C_{F}$   $C_{rr} = Q_{S} + Q_{F}$   $C_{rr} = Q_{S} + Q_{F}$ 

Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

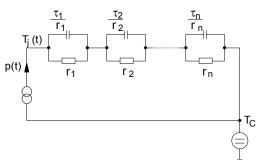


Figure A. Definition of switching times

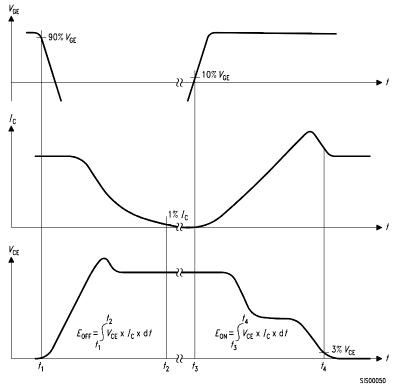


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

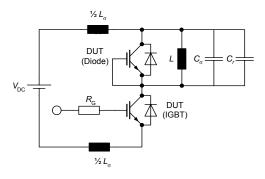


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$ = 180nH, Stray capacitor  $C_{\sigma}$  = 40pF, Relief capacitor  $C_{r}$  = 4nF (only for ZVT switching)

Figure B. Definition of switching losses



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